**Chapter 25**

**Vocab:**

**lingua, linguae (f)** = language/tongue (derivative: linguistics)

**ferōx, gen. ferōcis** = fierce (derivative: ferocious)

**fidēlis, fidēle** = loyal (derivative: fidelity)

**geminus, gemina, geminum** = twin (derivative: Gemini)

**sápiēns, sapiéntis (m/f)** = wise (derivative: sapience)

**ultimus, ultima, ultimum** = final/extreme (derivative: ultimate)

**dehinc** = then/next

**hīc** = here

**āit, āiunt** = he/they say/assert

**crēdō, crēdere, crēdidī, crēditum** = to believe (derivative: credo)

**iaceō, iacēre, iacuī** = to lie/lie dead (derivative: adjacent)

**negō, negāre, negāvī, negātum** = to deny/say that ... not (derivative: negate)

**nésciō, nescīre, nescīvī, nescītum** = to be ignorant

**nūntiō, nūntiāre, nūntiāvī, nūntiātum** = to announce (derivative: pronounce)

**patefaciō, patefacere, patefēcī, patefactum** = to make open

**putō, putāre, putāvī, putātum** = to think (derivative: dispute)

**spērō, spērāre, spērāvī, spērātum** = to hope (derivative: despair)

**suscipiō, suscipere, suscēpī, susceptum** = to undertake (derivative: susceptible)

**Indirect Statements:**

* Reports indirectly what someone has said/thought/felt/etc.
* Subject is accusative
* The regular looking verb introduces the indirect statement, and is translated first follow by the word “that”

**Endings:**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Action | Passive |
| Present | -**āre, -ēre, -ere, -īre (2nd princ. Part)** | -**ārī, -ērī, -ī, -īrī (2nd princ. Part)** |
| Perfect | **3rd princ. Part – ī + -isse** | **Perfect passive participle + esse** |
| Future | **Future action participle + esse** | **4th princ. Part stem + -um + īrī** |

**Translations:**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Action | Passive |
| Present | **“to \_\_\_”** | **“to be \_\_\_”** |
| Perfect | **“to have \_\_\_”** | **“to have been \_\_\_”** |
| Future | **“to be going to \_\_\_”** | **“to be going to be \_\_\_”** |

**Sentence Translations:**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Action | Passive |
| Present | **Is/are** | **Was/were** |
| Perfect | **Has/have** | **Had** |
| Future | **Will** | **Would** |

**Verbs that can introduce indirect statements:**

* Saying: dicō, negō, ait, nuntiō, prōnuntiō, narrō, scribō, doceō, ostendō, dēmonstrō, moneō, petō
* Knowing: sciō, nesciō, intellegō, memoriā teneō, disco
* Thinking: cernō, cogitō, credō, habeō, putō, sperō
* Perceiving/feeling: audiō, videō, sentiō, gaudeō

**3 Quotes:**

* “infra dignitatem” = undignified
* “integer vitae” = blameless of life
* “ipso facto” = by that very fact
* “justitia omnibus” = justice for all
* “kyrie eleison” = Lord, have mercy
* “lapsus linguae” = a slip of the tongue
* “libra” = a pound
* “lingua franca” = a common language
* “locum tenens” = a substitute/deputy