**1.** In this quiz, you will calculate the Hessian for some functions of 2 variables and functions of 3 variables.

1 / 1 punto

For the function  $f(x, y) = x^3y + x + 2y$ , calculate the Hessian matrix  $H = \begin{bmatrix} \partial_{x,x}f & \partial_{x,y}f \\ \partial_{y,x}f & \partial_{y,y}f \end{bmatrix}$ 

- $O \qquad H = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -3x^2 \\ -3x^2 & 6xy \end{bmatrix}$
- $O \qquad H = \begin{bmatrix} 6xy & -3x^2 \\ -3x^2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
- $O H = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3x^2 \\ 3x^2 & 6xy \end{bmatrix}$
- - ✓ Correcto
    Well done!
- **2.** For the function  $f(x,y) = e^x cos(y)$ , calculate the Hessian matrix.

1 / 1 punto

$$O H = \begin{bmatrix} -e^x \cos(y) & -e^x \sin(y) \\ -e^x \sin(y) & e^x \cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O H = \begin{bmatrix} -e^x \cos(y) & -e^x \sin(y) \\ e^x \sin(y) & -e^x \cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} e^x \cos(y) & -e^x \sin(y) \\ -e^x \sin(y) & -e^x \cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O H = \begin{bmatrix} -e^x \cos(y) & e^x \sin(y) \\ -e^x \sin(y) & -e^x \cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$



## (v) Correcto

Well done!

**3.** For the function  $f(x,y) = \frac{x^2}{2} + xy + \frac{y^2}{2}$ , calculate the Hessian matrix.

1 / 1 punto

Notice something interesting when you calculate  $\frac{1}{2}[x,y]H\begin{bmatrix}x\\y\end{bmatrix}!$ 

$$\bigcirc_{H=\begin{bmatrix}1 & -1\\ -1 & 1\end{bmatrix}}$$

$$\bigcirc_{H=\begin{bmatrix}1&0\\0&1\end{bmatrix}}$$

$$\bigcirc_{H=\begin{bmatrix}1&0\\-1&1\end{bmatrix}}$$

✓ Correcto

Well done! Not unlike a previous question with the Jacobian of linear functions, the Hessian can be used to succinctly write a quadratic equation in multiple variables.

**4.** For the function  $f(x, y, z) = x^2 e^{-y} cos(z)$ , calculate the Hessian matrix  $H = \begin{bmatrix} \partial_{x,x} f & \partial_{x,y} f & \partial_{x,z} f \\ \partial_{y,x} f & \partial_{y,y} f & \partial_{y,z} f \\ \partial_{z,x} f & \partial_{z,y} f & \partial_{z,z} f \end{bmatrix}$ 

1/1 punto

$$\bigcap_{H = \begin{bmatrix} 2xe^{-y}\cos(z) & -2e^{-y}\cos(z) & -2e^{-y}\sin(z) \\ -2e^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\sin(z) \\ -2x^2e^{-y}\sin(z) & x^2e^{-y}\sin(z) & -2xe^{-y}\cos(z) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bigcap_{H = \begin{bmatrix} 2e^{-y}\cos(z) & 2xe^{-y}\cos(z) & 2xe^{-y}\sin(z) \\ 2xe^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\sin(z) \\ 2xe^{-y}\sin(z) & x^2e^{-y}\sin(z) & x^2e^{-y}\cos(z) \end{bmatrix}}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 2e^{-y}\cos(z) & -2xe^{-y}\cos(z) & -2xe^{-y}\sin(z) \\ -2xe^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\sin(z) \\ -2xe^{-y}\sin(z) & x^2e^{-y}\sin(z) & -x^2e^{-y}\cos(z) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bigcap_{H = \begin{bmatrix} 2xe^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\cos(z) & 2xe^{-y}\sin(z) \\ 2xe^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}\cos(z) & x^2xe^{-y}\sin(z) \\ 2xe^{-y}\sin(z) & 2xe^{-y}\sin(z) & 2xe^{-y}\cos(z) \end{bmatrix}}$$

**⊘** Correcto

Well done!

**5.** For the function  $f(x, y, z) = xe^y + y^2 cos(z)$ , calculate the Hessian matrix.

1 / 1 punto

$$O = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^y & 0 \\ e^y & xe^y + 2sin(z) & -2ycos(z) \\ 0 & -2ycos(z) & -y^2sin(z) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^y & 0 \\ e^y & xe^y + 2sin(z) & 2ycos(z) \\ 0 & 2ycos(z) & y^2sin(z) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O_{H} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^{y} & 0 \\ e^{y} & xe^{y} + 2\cos(z) & 2y\sin(z) \\ 0 & 2y\sin(z) & y^{2}\cos(z) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^y & 0 \\ e^y & xe^y + 2\cos(z) & -2y\sin(z) \\ 0 & -2y\sin(z) & -y^2\cos(z) \end{bmatrix}$$

**⊘** Correcto

Well done!