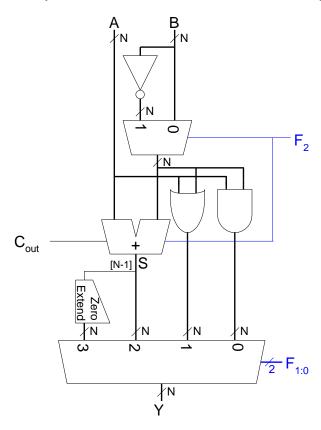
Hacettepe University	Department of Computer Engineering
BBM234 Computer Organization	Instructor:
Spring 2021	Prof. Dr. Suleyman TOSUN
Homework 1	
Assigned date: 28.03.2021	Submission deadline: 05.04.2021 at 13:59:59 via submit.cs.hacettepe.edu.tr

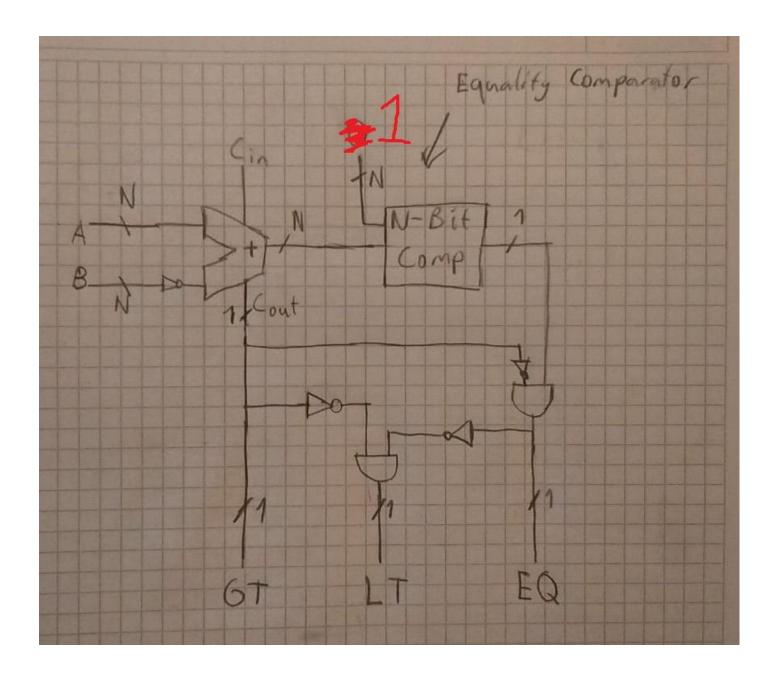
**Q1.** Consider the ALU given below. This ALU has N-bit A and B inputs and 3-bit F input to control the operation mode of the ALU. It outputs N-bit output Y based on the selected operation. We would like to add more functionality to this ALU.

[25 pts] Add three 1-bit outputs to the ALU: *LT* (it is 1 when A is less than B), *EQ* (it is 1 when A is equal to B), and *GT* (it is 1 when A is greater than B).

Show your additional circuits on the ALU and explain them for full credit.



$\mathbf{F}_{2:0}$	Function
000	A & B
001	A B
010	A + B
011	not used
100	A & ~B
101	A   ~B
110	A - B
111	SLT



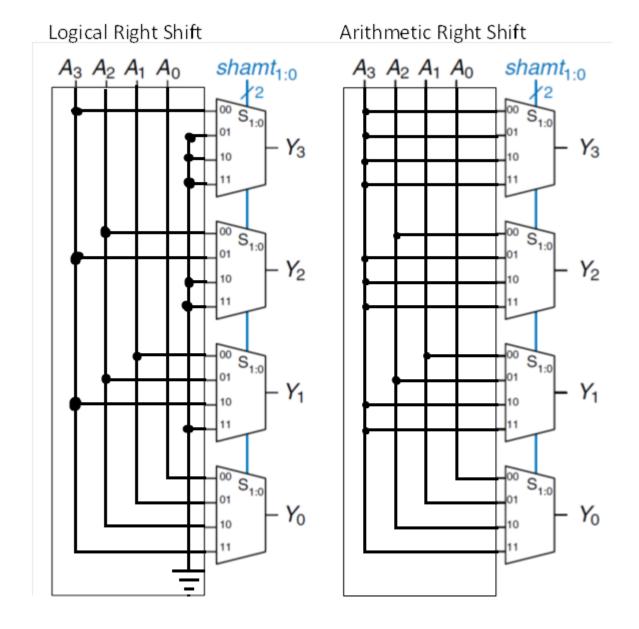
We first invert B and sum them up with A. If A and B are equal Cout will be 0 and the sum will be 1111 and N-bit equality comparator will check if the sum is 1111. If Cout is low and Equality Comp is high EQ will be high. If A is greater than B, Cout will always be 1 so GT will be 1. If both GT and EQ are low, LT will be high.

(a) [9 pts] For 8-bit signed integer x = 0xA2, do the following calculations. Write your results in decimal.

$$x >> 4 = \boxed{10}$$

$$x << 4 = \boxed{32}$$

(b) [16 pts] Below you will implement a logical and arithmetic shifter. The output Y will be the input A shifted by 0 to 3 bits depending on the value of the 2-bit shift amount  $shamt_{1:0}$ . For both shifters, when  $shamt_{1:0} = 00$ , Y = A.



**Q3.** [25 pts] Write the machine code for the instructions given in bold. Indicate their instruction type, fill the binary machine code by showing the corresponding fields, and write their hexadecimal values into the boxes.

Address	Instruction	Opcode or funct	Register numbers	
0x90 fact:	addi \$sp, \$sp, -8	_	-	
0x94	sw \$a0, 4(\$sp)	#opcode: 0x2B	a0: 4, sp: 29	
0x98	sw \$ra, 0(\$sp)	_	-	
0x9C	addi \$t0, \$0, 2			
0xA0	slt \$t0, \$a0, \$t0			
0xA4	beq \$t0, \$0, else	#opcode: 0x04	t0: 8	
0xA8	addi \$v0, \$0, 1			
0xAC	addi \$sp, \$sp, 8			
0xB0	jr \$ra	#funct: 0x08	ra: 31	
0xB4 else:	addi \$a0, \$a0, -1			
0xB8	jal fact	#opcode: 0x03		
0xBC	lw \$ra, 0(\$sp)			
0xC0	lw \$a0, 4(\$sp)			
0xC4	addi \$sp, \$sp, 8			
0xC8	mul \$v0, \$a0, \$v0			
0xCC	jr \$ra			
_	_	_		
Instruction	Type Oncor	la re rt	imm	Hay co

Instruction	Туре	Opcode	rs	rt	imm	Hex code
sw \$a0, 4(\$sp)	Ι	101011	11101	00100	000000000000100	0xAFA40004

Instruction	Type	Opcode	rs	rt	imm	Hex code
beq \$t0, \$0, else	I	000100	01000	00000	0000000000000011	0x1100003

Instruction	Type	Opcode	rs	rt	rd	shamt	funct	Hex code
jr \$ra	R	000000	11111	00000	00000	00000	001000	0x03E00008

Instruction	Type	Opcode	addr	Hex code
jal fact	J	000011	00000000000000000000100100	0x0C000024

**Q4.** [25 pts] You have four instructions stored in the memory as given in the following table:

Instructions	Address	Instruction
Inst1	0x00400000	0x3308FFF8
Inst2	0x00400004	0x12000002
Inst3	0x00400008	0x01098020
Inst4	0x0040000C	0x08100001
Inst5	0x00400010	

a) Write the binary values for each instruction. Clearly show which bits corresponds to which field in the instruction format (opcode, rs, rt, rd, etc.).

Instructions		Instruction format					
	Opcode		rs	rt		imm	
0x3308FFF8	001100	11000		01000	1111	1111111111000	
	Opcode		rs	rt		imm	
0x12000002	000100	00	0100	00000	0000	0000000000010	
	Oncodo				ala a sea t	format	
	Opcode	rs	rt	rd	shamt	funct	
0x01098020	000000	01000	01001	10000	00000	100000	
	01-				- 11		
	Opcode				addr		
0x08100001	000010			000001000	00000000000	000001	

b) Write down the corresponding MIPS assembly code below for each machine code.

Instructions	MIPS Code
Inst1	andi \$t0, \$t8, -8
Inst2	beq \$s0, \$0, 2
Inst3	add \$s0, \$t0, \$t1
Inst4	J Inst2

Name	Register
\$0	0
\$at	1
\$v0-\$v1	2-3
\$a0-\$a3	4-7
\$t0-\$t7	8-15
\$s0-\$s7	16-23
\$t8-\$t9	24-25
\$k0-\$k1	26-27
\$gp	28
\$sp	29
\$fp	30
\$ra	31

Instruction	Opcode
i	000010
jal	000011
beq	000100
bne	000101
addi	001000
slti	001010
andi	001100
ori	001101
xori	001110
lui	001111
lw	100011
sw	101011

Instruction	Funct	
sll	000000	
srl	000010	
sra	000011	
jr	001000	
div	011010	
add	100000	
sub	100010	
and	100100	
or	100101	
xor	100110	
nor	100111	
slt	101011	