

Statistics

UNIVARIATE DISTRIBUTIONS

Normal distribution

Suppose $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$.

- $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x - \mu)^2\right)$
- $E(X) = \mu$ and $var(X) = \sigma^2$

t distribution

χ^2 distribution

Suppose $X \sim \chi_k^2$.

- Support:** $x \in (0, \infty)$ if $k = 1$ otherwise $x \in [0, \infty)$
- $E(X) = k$ and $var(X) = 2k$

- $\sum_{i=1}^k Z_i^2 \sim \chi_k^2$ where $Z_i \sim N(0, 1)$
- $\sum_{i=1}^k X_i^2 \sim \sigma^2 \chi_k^2$ where $X_i \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$
- $\sum_{i=1}^k (X_i - \hat{\mu})^2 \sim \sigma^2 \chi_{k-1}^2$ where $X_i \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$
- $\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^k (X_i - \hat{\mu})^2 \sim \frac{\sigma^2}{m} \chi_{k-1}^2$ where $X_i \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

F distribution

- $\frac{X_1/d_1}{X_2/d_2} \sim F_{d_1, d_2}$ where $X_1 \sim \chi_{d_1}^2$ and $X_2 \sim \chi_{d_2}^2$
- $\frac{S_1^2/d_1}{\sigma_1^2} / \frac{S_2^2/d_2}{\sigma_2^2} \sim F_{d_1, d_2}$
- If $X \sim t_n$ then $X^2 \sim F_{1, n}$ and $X^{-2} \sim F_{n, 1}$

MULTIVARIATE DISTRIBUTIONS

Normal Distribution

Suppose $\mathbf{X} \sim N(\boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma})$ with $|\mathbf{X}| = k$.

• $f(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^k |\boldsymbol{\Sigma}|}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{x} - \boldsymbol{\mu})^\top \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1}(\mathbf{x} - \boldsymbol{\mu})\right)$

Special Cases

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{X}_1 \\ \mathbf{X}_2 \end{bmatrix} \sim N\left(\begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{\mu}_1 \\ \boldsymbol{\mu}_2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{11} & \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{12} \\ \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{21} & \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{22} \end{bmatrix}\right)$$

- $E(\mathbf{X}_2 | \mathbf{X}_1 = \mathbf{x}_1) = \boldsymbol{\mu}_2 + \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{21} \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{11}^{-1}(\mathbf{x}_1 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1)$
- $var(\mathbf{X}_2 | \mathbf{X}_1 = \mathbf{x}_1) = \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{22} - \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{21} \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{11}^{-1} \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{12}$

UNIVARIATE TESTS

REFERENCES