#### **SECTION A**

## 1. Award up to [2 marks max].

Roles/activities of the users (eg permissions, security, partitions, collaborative work);

Resources (HW and SW equipment) appropriate for the organization;

Costs/budget limits;

Delivery time;

Compatibility with the old system (data);

(Other acceptable answers are possible, from the economic, operational and technical perspective.)

[2 marks]

Total: [25 marks]

# 2. Award up to [2 marks max].

Testing prior to product's full release / last stage of testing;

To see if it works properly / complete functionality / usability;

Performed by end users (not by designers);

[2 marks]

# 3. Award up to [4 marks max].

Award [1 mark] for the identification of an advantage and [1 mark] for explaining the advantage.

Award [1 mark] for the identification of a disadvantage and [1 mark] for explaining the disadvantage.

### Example Advantages:

Can highlight aspects that are not detected in questionnaires/interviews;

So the observer can help produce more detailed reports;

Observations may be more reliable than interviews;

Because they can reveal what people actually do instead of what they say they do;

## Example disadvantages:

Time consuming / expense;

The observer might need to observe a complete cycle *etc* which could last a significant amount of time;

If the observations are made by only one person, they may be biased;

Observations may be unreliable;

Because people act differently when they know they are being watched.

(Accept formulations that express similar or plausible ideas.)

[4 marks]

**4.** Award [1 mark] for identifying an issue and [1 mark] for an explanation.

Size of screen:

Therefore difficult to see / use (in poor light);

Size of keys;

Therefore difficult to access functions;

Battery life;

May need to recharge regularly;

Touch screen keys on tablets etc;

Lack of tactile feedback;

[2 marks]

5. Award up to [2 marks max].

Award [1 mark] for identifying two types of primary memory.

Award [1 mark] for the use of each type of the memory identified ×2.

RAM stores data and instructions currently in use

ROM stores permanent instructions

Cache stores frequently used instructions

(Award [1 mark] if only general scheme of CPU is given.)

[2 marks]

**6.** Initially compare with node pointed to by the head;

(If not correct place) move through list using pointers until correct alphabetical position is found;

Adjust pointers accordingly;

(Drawings are acceptable, but award marks only if they clearly show how pointers are correctly rearranged, following the three guidelines above.)

[3 marks]

7. A colour will be split into three components (Accept RGB as an example);

Each component will be assigned a certain number of bytes;

[2 marks]

8. Award up to [2 marks max].

Examples of features:

No central server;

Resources are more widely available (storage, bandwidth, computing power);

Redundancy/recovery;

Supports file sharing for collaborative work;

[2 marks]

## 9. Award up to [2 marks max].

It is used in the formation of virtual memory / use of secondary memory;

To increase the amount of primary memory;

Memory divided into (tagged) "pages";

Which are then transferred in and out as required;

[2 marks]

# **10.** Award [1 mark] for a feature and [1 mark] for a description, for two features, up to [4 marks max].

Feature: Autonomy;

Description:

Agents activate alone for a task and are not invoked for a task;

Agents can *select the task* themselves (based on priorities or goal-directed search) without human intervention;

Feature: Reactive behavior;

Description:

Agent senses the environment in which it is, and decides what to do reacting on its perceptions;

Feature: Concurrency/sociality;

Description:

Agents can interact with other agents through communication, in different modes: coordination, cooperation, competition;

Feature: Persistence;

Description:

The code describing an agent runs continuously like a process, and is not executed on demand; [4 marks]

SECTION B Total: [75 marks]

## 11. (a) Award up to [2 marks max].

Elderly;

Disabled;

Commuters:

Accept other reasonable answers.

[2 marks]

# (b) Award [1 mark] for advantage and [1 mark] for explanation, for two items, up to [4 marks max].

Improved convenience;

One can better control times of functioning, hence costs;

## Improved comfort;

One can program the functions according to their specific needs;

## Energy efficiency;

One can program/plan the functions based on the surrounding environment and reduce energy waste (interconnected systems);

## Safety;

Programmed in a way to avoid electric overload and faults;

Accept other reasonable answers.

[4 marks]

#### (c) Award up to [6 marks max].

Award up to [3 marks max] for each of the two ways.

Award [1 mark] for the way of access and up to [2 marks] for two additional points, which could be advantages or disadvantages.

Examples include fixed/non-fixed installations, digital/analogue.

### Computer based/TV-based control;

The user always knows where the control is;

Because the device may not be portable;

Inconvenient if computer/TV already being used by someone else;

### Touch screen/keypads in fixed installation;

Ergonomic gadget/small dimensions/cheap device;

Wide range of different designs to fit different locations in a house;

Difficult to lose:

Inconvenient to operate some devices by having to go to a fixed panel/not suitable for extended use to operate TVs etc;

#### Smartphone;

Portable/useful for some groups of users (limited mobility);

Can be easily extended to include other devices;

Could be lost or misplaced;

Requires internet/Wi-Fi/signal to operate;

Accept other suitable answers.

[6 marks]

## Question 11 continued

## (d) Award up to [3 marks max].

Transmission: integrated wiring or internet or wireless;

Requires: extended/dedicated network and hw/sw for protocols/transmissions and sensors/actuators;

Use: The farmer can vary the parameters/environmental conditions from home at any time and better concentrate on other activities (eg trade with KFC); [3 marks]

Total: [15 marks]

# **12.** (a) Data is in the cloud/computing infrastructure;

SW necessary for the activities is in the cloud;

Access to SW is with thin client (terminal/computers) by web browsing (on the extranet);

[3 marks]

# (b) Award up to [6 marks max].

Security in storage;

Data is stored in the server of the service provider;

The organization has no direct control of its data;

Legislation in the country of the provider may be weaker than in the user's country;

Cases of provider's corruption/bankruptcy/data loss are a risk to the organization;

### Security in transmission;

Applications running in-site may require data in SaaS;

Hence longer transmission times and higher risk of

failure/attack/interception;

[6 marks]

### (c) Award up to [2 marks max].

An external extension to a company's local network;

Limited access;

Uses internet protocols;

[2 marks]

[4 marks]

### (d) VPN authenticates the sender before (establishing the tunnel);

VPN access is always encrypted, whereas extranet has limited encryption;

VPN transmission is always encrypted;

VPN users have access to everything whereas extranet users only have access to (enabled) specific services;

Total: [15 marks]

13. (a) 90.2 [1 mark]

(b) Frequencies less than 100 take a 0 on the left (eg 88.7 becomes 088.7);
Convert each digit into a char to get a string;
Allow the "dot" to be omitted in the interpretation. There is always only one decimal in the example.

[2 marks]

(c) Award up to [6 marks max].

```
Example answer (searches for the min and max, and then the range is calculated)
Award [1 mark] for each of the following
Initialization;
Loop:
Correct if statement (min);
Correct if statement (max);
Compute the range;
Output the range;
MIN = Radio[0]
MAX = Radio[0]
K=1
loop while K<=5
      if Radio[K]<MIN then
            MIN=Radio[K]
      else if Radio[K]>MAX then
            MAX=Radio[K]
      endif
      K=K+1
endloop
RANGE=MAX-MIN
```

**Example answer** (sorts the array Radio, and then the range is calculated, any sorting algorithm is acceptable)

Award [1 mark] for each of the following

Idea of nested loops;

One correct loop;

output RANGE

Correct comparison;

Correct exchange;

Compute the range;

Output the range;

```
loop for K=0 to 4
    loop for J=0 to 4
    if Radio[J]> Radio[J+1]
        then
        swap Radio[J]and Radio[J+1]
    endif
    endloop
endloop
RANGE= Radio[5]- Radio[0]
output RANGE
```

[6 marks]

## Question 13 continued

# (d) Award up to [6 marks max].

Possible solution below, marks to be awarded following the comments in code (there are 7 marks at least).

**−10 −** 

Total: [15 marks]

# 14. (a) Award up to [3 marks max].

Award [1 mark] for a loop (while).

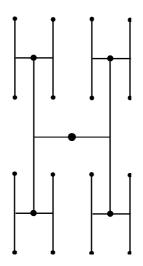
Award [1 mark] for correct condition/logical expression.

Award [1 mark] for correct operations.

loop while NOT POINTS1.isEmpty()
 CENTRE = POINTS1.pop()
 drawH(CENTRE, SIZE)

end loop [3 marks]

(b) Award [1 mark] for correct number and placement of H's; Award [1 mark] for reasonable attempt to show reduced size of successive H's;



[2 marks]

continued ...

## Question 14 continued

(c) Award up to [6 marks max] as follows:

[1 mark] for the idea that there needs to be a loop that executes once for each generation, with an additional [1 mark] if it is implemented correctly, for [2 marks max].

**– 12 –** 

[1 mark] for the idea that the endpoints returned while drawing one generation must be stored for use in drawing the subsequent generation, with an additional [1 mark] if correctly implemented, for [2 marks max]. Note: Any valid storage mechanism is permissible ie it does not have to be a stack.

[1 mark] for correctly drawing a generation of H's.

[1 mark] for correctly scaling the size for each generation.

```
Example answer:
SIZE = 20
                                     //do not award marks
CENTRE = the middle of the user's display
POINTS1 is a stack, initially empty \protect\ensuremath{\text{//for this part of the}}
ENDPOINTS = drawH( CENTRE, SIZE )
                                    // of the algorithm
loop COUNT from 0 to 3
    POINTS1.push(ENDPOINTS[COUNT]) // it is given
end loop
SIZE = SIZE / 2
                                    // in the question paper
POINTS2 is a stack, initially empty
loop GENERATION from 1 to 3
    loop while NOT POINTS1.isEmpty()
        CENTRE = POINTS1.pop()
        ENDPOINTS = drawH(CENTRE, SIZE)
        loop COUNT from 0 to 3
             POINTS2.push( ENDPOINTS[COUNT] )
        end loop
    end loop
    POINTS1 = POINTS2
    empty the POINTS2 stack
    SIZE = SIZE / 2
                                                               [6 marks]
end loop
```

(d) Accept any expression appearing in the following equivalences

$$4*4*4*4 = 4^4 = 256;$$
 [1 mark]

continued ...

# (e) Award up to [3 marks max] for:

identifying that the recursive algorithm proceeds downwards (showing on one parameter will suffice);

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base case of recursion;

recursive call;

The recursive algorithm would use the parameters centre, size, generation counting down (not up);

When the generation reached is 0 no drawing is done;

Otherwise draws an H and calls recursively itself on the endpoints of a lower generation;

Total: [15 marks]

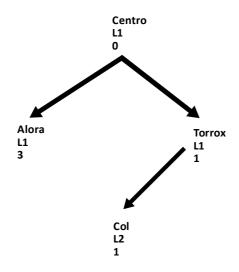
[3 marks]

**15.** (a) 8; [1 mark]

## (b) Centro as root;

Station names in correct position;

All 3 items of data for each node;



[3 marks]

(c) David; [1 mark]

(d) 5.00 (Euros); *Accept 5*.

[1 mark]

continued ...

## Question 15 continued

- (e) Award [1 mark] for each of the following 11 points, up to [9 marks max].
  - use of nested loops;
  - use of nested loops with indices that avoid repeating calculations (as shown); (Note: outer loop can be to 11 if repeat calculations are avoided, with an IF statement)
  - correct values retrieved from tree;
  - check for same line;
  - check if one of the stations is "Centro";
  - check and change if negative/use of absolute value;
  - correct calculation for same line/one station is "Centro";
  - correct calculation for different line;
  - assign value to array;
  - assign mirror value;
  - assign value to diagonal;

```
loop N from 0 to 10
  STATION1 = STATION[N]
  AZ = TREE.getZone[STATION1]
  AL = TREE.getLine[STATION1]
  loop M from N+1 to 11 //start index changed so as not to repeat
                          //code
    STATION2 = STATION[M]
    BZ = TREE.getZone[STATION2]
    BL = TREE.getLine[STATION2]
    if AL = BL or STATION1 = "Centro" or STATION2 = "Centro"
            n //on same line or passing through "Centro" X = AZ - BZ //number of zones where the travel takes
        t.hen
                         //place can be negative
            if X<0 then //allow use of absolute X = -X //or equivalent,e.g. X = abs(AZ-BZ)
            endif
           X = X+1
         else //on different lines
         X = AZ+BZ+1
    endif
    FARES[N][M]=X //assigns value to 2D array
    FARES[M][N]=X //assigns mirror value
  endloop
  FARES[N][N]=0 //leading diagonal
endloop
                                                                       [9 marks]
FARES[11][11]=0 //final entry
```

Total: [15 marks]