EXPRESS

Express is framework to help write webservers in NodeJS.

It is one of many, but is a commonly used one

STARTING

- 1. Make a directory for your new project: express-test
- 2. Inside express-test/, run npm init -y
 - Tells npm that this is a new package (your package)
 - Which includes the ability to install local packages/modules
- 3. install express: npm install express
 - LOCAL, not global
 - NOT with sudo
- 4. Examine package.json and node_modules/

PACKAGE.JSON

A JSON file that every npm-using package has

- It contains information about the package
 - including dependencies
- Use even if you aren't intending to share your package

PACKAGE.JSON PARTS INCLUDE

https://docs.npmjs.com/files/package.json

- package name
- version (in semver)
- dependencies list
 - lists version or minimum version
 - devDependencies (for those working on the package itself)
- Author/repo info
- License
- Scripts

SEMVER - SEMANTIC VERSIONING

https://semver.org/

- Not just JS or web-related
- X.Y.Z three numbers
- NOT like decimal
 - ".x" indicates "any", so 2.x means 2.(whatever)
 - 1.10.0 follows 1.9.x, but 2.0.0 is "later" than both
- MAJOR version is an API-breaking change
- MINOR version is a new feature
- PATCH version is a bugfix without breaking anything
- o.x.x means nothing is stable

PACKAGE.JSON DEPENDENCIES

When you run npm install where a package.json is present, npm will install all of the dependencies (recursively) into node_modules/

node_modules/ should not be put into version control

When you require() a file without a path, npm will look in node modules/

- x.y.z = exact version
- [^x.y.z] = latest of this major version
- [~x.y.z] = latest of this minor version

PACKAGE.JSON SCRIPTS

Lists any shell (command-line) commands that will run with npm run scriptname

• e.g. script key of "greet": "echo Hello" will echo "Hello" when you run npm run greet

A few pre-defined script names don't require "run"

• e.g. npm test is the same as npm run test

Scripts are very handy for collecting commands for users or building your package

With some effort scripts can run on many operating systems

CREATE YOUR STATIC ASSETS

Inside chat-mpa, create a public directory.

- This will hold **static** files and assets
- This will be the webserver root for static assets

Create an index.html inside public/ that says "Hello World"

BASIC EXPRESS WEBSERVER

```
const express = require('express');
const app = express();
app.use(express.static('./public'));
app.listen(3000, () => {
   console.log('listening on http://localhost.org:3000');
});
```

CONFIRM THE STATIC ASSETS

- run node server.js
- view http://localhost:3000 in browser
 - Note: **3000**, not 5000 like we used with serve
 - Why 3000? Just to distinguish from serve. No extra meaning.

ADDING A DYNAMIC ASSET

server.js before app.listen:

```
app.get('/dynamic.html', (request, response) => {
  response.send('This is not an actual file');
});
```

public/index.html:

```
<a href="dynamic.html">See a Dynamic page</a>
```

Restart node server.js

Confirm you can follow the link to the dynamic page

WHY RESTART?

Changes to the static assets **don't** require the server to restart Changes to the dynamic assets **do** require the server to restart Why?