Question 1. Logistic Regression

(i) training set:
$$D = \{(X^{(1)}, t^{(1)}), ..., (X^{(W)}, t^{(W)})\}$$

input: $X^{(\overline{i})} = (X^{(\overline{i})}, ..., X_{p}^{(\overline{i})})$

assume:
$$p(t=1|X^{(t)}, W, W_0) = G(W^T X^{(t)} + W_0) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-\frac{P}{d=1}W_0 X_0^{(t)} - W_0)}$$

Gaussian Prior: PIW) = N(W10, Q-1)

Multivariate Normal Distribution:
$$P(W) = (2\pi)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu)' \sum_{i=1}^{2}(x-\mu)} \right]$$

(where k is dimension of data set (features in this case)

$$M = 0 \quad \Sigma = \alpha^{-1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{\frac{1}{2}} \alpha^{(-\frac{1}{2})}} \exp(-\frac{\alpha}{2} x^{2}) \quad x \text{ is weights in this case}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{\frac{1}{2}} \alpha^{(-\frac{1}{2})}} \exp(W^{T} I W)^{\frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

loss function: L(w) =
$$\frac{N}{\pi} P(t^{(i)} | X^{(i)}) \cdot P(w)$$

= $\frac{N}{1-1} P(t-1 | X^{(i)}) \cdot P(t-1 | X^{(i)}) \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{\frac{1}{2}} x^{(-\frac{1}{2})}} e^{x} P(w^{T} I w)^{\frac{-\alpha}{2}}$

$$-\log L(w) = -\frac{\mathcal{E}}{i=1}t^{(1)}\log (P(t=1|X^{(1)})) - \sum_{i=1}^{N} (1-t^{(2)})\log (P(t=0|X^{(i)})) - \sum_{i=1}^{N} (\log (\exp(w^T 1w))^{\frac{-\alpha}{2}} + \frac{k}{2}(\log (\frac{\alpha}{2\pi}))$$

where.
$$P(t=1|x^{(2)}) = \frac{1}{(t exp(-2))} P(t=0|x^{(1)}) = \frac{exp(-2)}{(t exp(-2))}$$

$$=-\frac{N}{\Sigma}t^{(1)}\log\left(\frac{1}{1+\exp(-\frac{1}{2})}\right)-\frac{N}{\Sigma}\left(1-t^{(1)}\right)\log\left(\frac{\exp(-\frac{1}{2})}{1+\exp(-\frac{1}{2})}\right)+\frac{N}{\Sigma}\frac{N}{N}\left(\frac{N}{2}\left(\frac{N}{2}\right)\right)-\frac{1}{N}\log\left(\frac{N}{2}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log \left(\frac{1 + \exp(-z)}{1 + \exp(-z)} \right) - \sum_{i=1}^{N} (1 - t^{(i)}) \log \left(\frac{1 + \exp(-z)}{1 + \exp(-z)} \right) + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log \left(\frac{1 + \exp(-z)}{1 + \exp(-z)} \right) - \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left[(-z - \log (1 + \exp(-z)) + t^{(i)}) + t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z)) + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z)) + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} \right] + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z)) + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)}} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)}} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)}} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} t^{(i)} \log (1 + \exp(-z))}{1 + \exp(-z)}}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{K} z + \log(1 + \exp(-z)) - t^{(i)}z + \sum_{i=1}^{K} (W^{T}W) - \sum_{i=1}^{K} \log(1 + \exp(-z))$$

Loss function =
$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} \log(1 + \exp(-z_i)) + 2(1-t^{(i)}) + \frac{1}{2}(W^T I W) - \frac{1}{2}\log\frac{1}{2\pi}$$

3. Gradient:

$$\frac{\partial loss}{\partial w_{\bar{j}}} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{e \times p(-\bar{z})}{1 + e \times p(-\bar{z})} (-X^{(\bar{i})}) + X^{(\bar{i})} (1 - t^{(\bar{i})}) + \alpha w_{\bar{i}} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} [X_{\bar{j}}^{(\bar{i})} (\frac{1}{1 + e \times p(-\bar{z})} - t^{(\bar{i})})] + \alpha w_{\bar{j}}$$

$$\frac{\partial loss}{\partial w_{\bar{i}}} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} [X_{\bar{j}}^{(\bar{i})} (\frac{1}{1 + e \times p(-\bar{z})} - t^{(\bar{i})})] + \alpha w_{\bar{j}}$$

$$\frac{\partial loss}{\partial W_0} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{exp(-z)}{1 + exp(-z)} (-1) + (1 - t^{(2)}) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} (\frac{1}{1 + exp(-z)} - t^{(2)})$$

$$\frac{\partial loss}{\partial w_0} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left(\frac{1}{1 + exp(-2)} - t^{(2)} \right)$$

3 Pseudocode:

7=learning rate n= number of iterations k= number of features

Wi: ith iteration W.

for \bar{i} in range n: $W_0^{\bar{i}+1} = W_0^{\bar{i}} - \lambda \frac{\partial Loss}{\partial W_0}$ for \bar{j} in range k: $W_{\bar{j}}^{\bar{i}+1} = W_{\bar{i}}^{\bar{i}} - \lambda \frac{\partial Loss}{\partial W_{\bar{i}}}$.

Question 2: Decision Tree:

Overcooked pasta.

\$\frac{2}{5}\tes\frac{1}{5}\tes\

 $IG(Y|X) = H(Y) - H(Y|X) = H(Y) - \Sigma P(X)H(Y|X=X)$ $H(Y) = -\sum_{x \in X} P(x) \log_2 P(x)$ $= -(\frac{2}{5} \log_2 \frac{2}{5} + \frac{2}{5} \log_2 \frac{2}{5}) = 0.97$

 $IG_{\text{overcooked}} = 0.97 - \frac{3}{5}x_1 - \frac{1}{5}\log_2\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{5}\log_2\frac{2}{3}) - \frac{2}{5}(-\log_2 1 - \log_2 0)$ = 0.97 - 0.55 = 0.42.

IGrude waiter = $0.97 - \frac{4}{5}(-\frac{1}{2}\log_2\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}(\log_2\frac{1}{2})$ = 0.97 - 0.8 = 0.17

waiting time.

Fixes, \frac{1}{2}No.

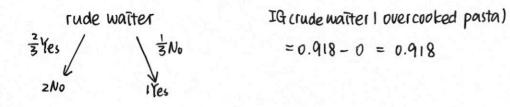
Fixes, \frac{1}{2}No.

IG waiting time = $0.97 - \frac{2}{5}(-\frac{2}{5}\log_{3}\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{5}\log_{3}\frac{1}{5}) - \frac{1}{5}(-\frac{1}{5}\log_{3}\frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{5}\log_{3}\frac{1}{5})$ = 0.97 - 0.55 - 0.4 = 0.02.

=> pick overcooked pasta as first node and split on overcooked pasta.

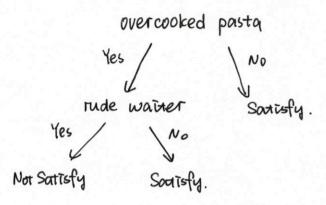
waiting time $\frac{2}{5}$ Yes $\frac{1}{2}$ No $\frac{1}{2}$ Yes, $\frac{1}{2}$ Ye

IG waiting time | overcooked = $-(\frac{2}{3}\log_2\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3}\log_2\frac{1}{3}) - \frac{2}{3}(-\frac{1}{3}\log_2\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\log_2\frac{1}{2}) = 0.918 - 0.667$ = 0.25



⇒ pick rude waiter as second node.

Construct the decision tree:



2. Prediction:

Persion	10	Sortisfied?
6		Yes
7		No
8		Yes.