## Optimal Sizing of Microgrid: The Skagerak Stadium, Norway

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## The Skagerak Stadium, Norway

## Microgrid Details

## Objective Function



Power generation: Photovoltaic



**Energy Storage: Battery** 



PV + Battery is connected to the grid to export energy

 Minimizing the investment cost of energy production to supply the load demand of the stadium without importing energy from the grid

## Expected Optimization Output

## Methodology

- Number of PV panels
- Number of battery cells
- Initial state of charge of the battery
- Overall investment cost
- Yearly revenue (coming from selling excess electricity to the grid)
- Payback period



Data collection and cleaning



Variable definition



Constraint definition



Mathematical modeling of objective function

## Methodology

## Variable Definition

#### PV generator output:

$$P_{PV}(t) = N_{PV} \cdot \eta_{PV} \cdot P_{STC} \cdot \frac{GSR(t)}{G_{STC}} \cdot \left(1 - C_T \cdot (T(t) - T_{STC})\right)$$

- $N_{PV}$  is number of panels;  $\eta_{PV}$  is the panel efficiency
- P<sub>STC</sub> is the nominal power under standard test conditions
- G<sub>STC</sub> is Global solar radiation (1kW)
- C<sub>T</sub> is the temperature coefficient
- T<sub>STC</sub> is 25°C

#### Maximum number of PV panels:

$$N_{PV\ max} = \frac{(Total\ Available\ Surface\ area\ for\ PVs)}{Surface\ area\ for\ one\ PV\ panel}$$

## Variable Definition

#### Battery Cells

$$SOC(t + \Delta t) = SOC(t) - \eta_{Bat} \cdot \frac{P_{Bat}}{N_{Cell} \cdot C_{Cell}} \cdot \Delta t$$

- SOC is the state of charge
- $\eta_{Bat}$  is the battery efficiency
- P<sub>Bat</sub> is the battery power
- N<sub>Cell</sub> is the number of cells
- C<sub>Cell</sub> is the battery cell capacity

### Constraint

#### 1. Bounds on the variables:

- The maximum available area for PV panels:  $N_{PV \ max}$
- Battery cells size: 100 min and 25,900 cells max

#### 2. No unsupplied Load

 Always supply the load demand of the stadium either by supply from PV generation or battery capacity

#### 3. $SOC_{min} \leq SOC \leq SOC_{max}$

• State of charge: 5% - 95%

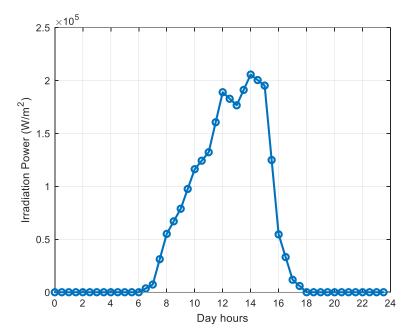
#### 4. SOC (end of day) ≥ SOC (beginning of day)

## Objective Function

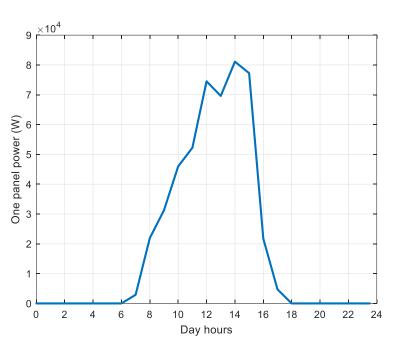
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\begin{aligned} & \min_{\mathbf{x}} \ Cost^{inv}(\mathbf{x}) \\ & \text{subjected to:} \quad \mathbf{x^l} \leq \mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{x^u} \\ & SOC_{min} \leq SOC(\mathbf{x}, t) \leq SOC_{max}, \ \forall \ t \in \mathsf{Day} \\ & P_{unsup}(\mathbf{x}, t) = 0, \ \forall \ t \in \mathsf{Day} \\ & SOC(\mathbf{x}, t_{final}) \geq SOC(\mathbf{x}, t_{start}) \end{aligned}
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Simulation Parameters	
Parameter	Value
Solar panels	
PV array rated power in standard test conditions (STC)	380 W
Solar radiation under STC	$1000 \frac{W}{m^2}$
Temperature coefficient	-0.34·10 <sup>-2</sup> /°C
Temperature STC	25 °C
Electrical Efficiency of PV Panels	0.95
Price of PV	7400 €/kW
Battery System Specification	S
Cell Capacity	30 Ah/3.6 V
Charging Efficiency	0.95
Minimum SOC	0.05
Maximum SOC	0.95
Minimum amount of cell	100
Maximum amount of cell	25900
DC/DC Efficiency	0.98
AC/DC Efficiency	0.95
Price of cell	470 €/kWh
Grid	
Export Price	0.04·10 <sup>-3</sup> €/kWh

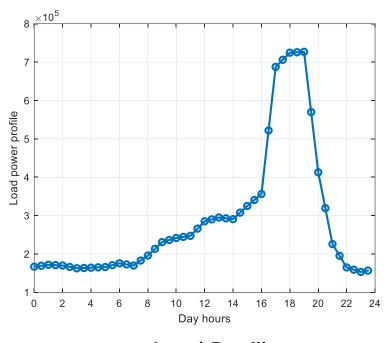
## Parameters of PV panel, Battery, Grid



Solar Irradiance



Power Generated by 1 PVPanel



**Load Profile** 

## Utilized data

All utilized data for 11 March 2018, date of the largest demand

#### **Algorithm – Cost Minimization**

SOC<sub>bat</sub>, Battery SOC in %

 $P_L$ , Load demand in kW

 $P_{PV}$ , PV generation in kW

 $P_{bat\_c}$  , Power stored in the battery system in kW

 $P_{bat\_d}$  , Power discharged from the battery system in kW

 $P_{lost}$ , Power generated but not used (subsequently sold to the grid) in kW

 $P_{unsupplied}$ , Unsupplied power in kW

$$P_{unsupplied} = P_L - P_{PV}$$

**for** t=1:number of solar generation data points **do** 

if 
$$P_{unsupplied} < 0$$
 and  $SOC_{bat} < 95$  then

$$P_{bat\_c} = -P_{unsupplied}$$

else if  $P_{unsupplied} < 0$  and  $SOC_{bat} = 95$  then

$$P_{lost} = -P_{unsupplied}$$

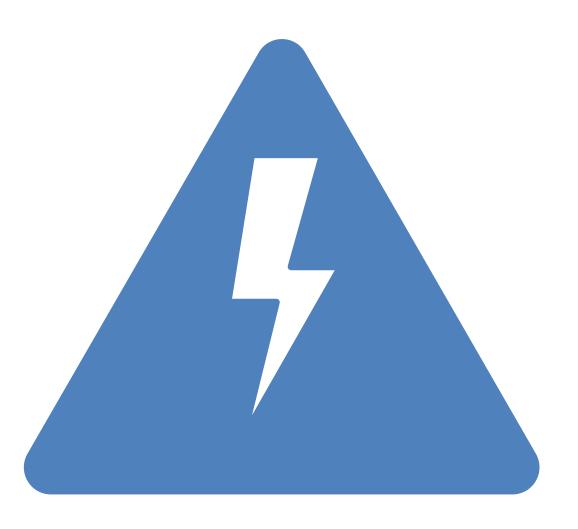
else if  $P_{unsupplied} > 0$  and  $SOC_{bat} > 0$  then

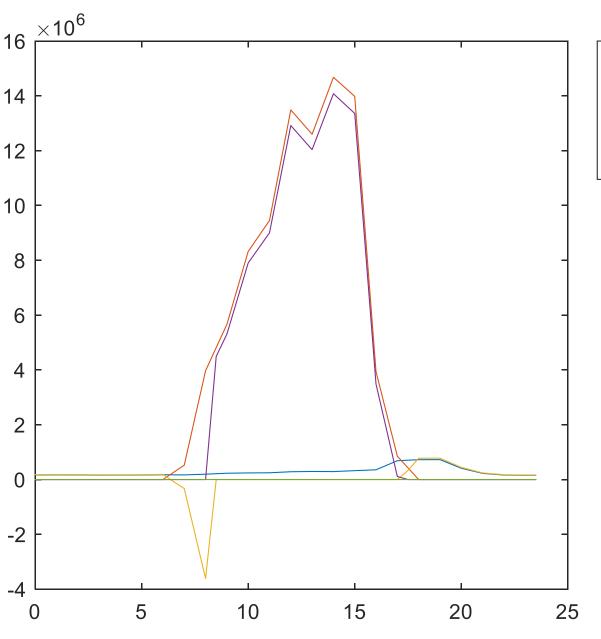
$$P_{bat\_d} = P_{unsupplied}$$

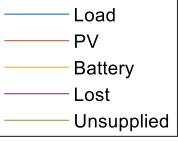
# Results & Discussion

## Optimal Design Result

- Number of PV panels: 181
- Number of battery cells: 2589
- Initial SOC of batter: 62%
- Total investment cost: € 1.82 million
- Yearly revenue: € 1.15 million
- Payback period: 19 months







# Power Projile (kW) of the optimizely sized microgrid



## Thank you for your attention