

$$Y = \sqrt{(x+6)^2 + 25} + \sqrt{(x-6)^2 + 121}$$

The minimum of value of y must be zero. That is we now solve for x

$$\sqrt{(x+6)^2 + 25} = -\sqrt{(x-6)^2 + 121}$$

$$\Rightarrow (x+6)^2 + 25 = (x-6)^2 + 121$$

$$\Rightarrow \cancel{x^2} + 12x + \cancel{36} + 25 = \cancel{x^2} - 12x + \cancel{36} + 121$$

$$\Rightarrow 24x = 121 + 29$$

$$\Rightarrow 24x = 146$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{146}{24} = \frac{73}{12}$$

for $x = \frac{73}{12}$, y attains its minimum

value zero.