Question 1 of 11: Set up a RapidMiner process using Read CSV and the GSP operator (Generalized Sequential Patterns - not the WEKA version W-GeneralizedSequentialPatterns). What should your customer id be?	
A) anonid	
B) obsnum	
C) behavior	
O) affect	
Question 2 of 11: What should your time attribute be?	
O A) anonid	7.
B) obsnum	
C) behavior	
O) affect	
Question 3 of 11: Set min support = 0.6, window size = 0.0, max gap = 5.0, min gap = 0.0, positive value = 1. Which of these association rules has the highest support?	
A) behavior-ontask → behavior-ontask	
<ul><li>B) behavior-offtask → behavior-offtask</li></ul>	
C) behavior-ontask → affect-concentrating	
<ul> <li>D) affect-concentrating → affect-concentrating → affect-concentrating → affect-concentrating</li> </ul>	
Question 4 of 11: If you set window size = 2.0, what is the association rule with the highest support that now is created (but was not created in question 3's settings)?	
<ul> <li>A) affect-concentrating → behavior-ontask → behavior-ontask AND affect-concentrating</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>B) affect-concentrating → behavior-ontask → affect-concentrating</li> </ul>	
$\bigcirc$ C) affect-concentrating $\rightarrow$ behavior-ontask $\rightarrow$ affect-concentrating $\rightarrow$ affect-	
<ul> <li>D) behavior-ontask → behavior-ontask → behavior-ontask AND affect-concentrating</li> </ul>	2
Question 5 of 11: Set window size back to 0.0. Set max gap to 1.0. Which is the rule with the most items?	
<ul> <li>A) behavior-ontask AND affect-concentrating → behavior-ontask AND affect-concentrating</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>B) affect-concentrating → behavior-ontask → affect-concentrating</li> </ul>	
$\bigcirc$ C) behavior-ontask $\rightarrow$ behavior-ontask $\rightarrow$ behavior-ontask AND affect-concentrating	

Question 6 of 11: Which of these is a reason why you might want to create a window size above 0?	
A) Related events may be linked but separated by a few seconds	
B) Unrelated events may be separated by a few seconds	
C) Related events may occur at exactly the same time	
D) Unrelated events may occur at exactly the same time	
Question 7 of 11: How many students had the sequential rule behavior-ontask → affect-concentrating at least once? (Hint: RapidMiner may not be the easiest tool to compute this with)	
Question 8 of 11: What is the confidence for sequential rule behavior-ontask → affect-concentrating? Give three digits after the decimal point, round to nearest number. (Hint: RapidMiner may not be the easiest tool to compute this with)	
0.726	
Question 9 of 11: What is the cosine for sequential rule behavior-ontask → affect-concentrating? Give three digits after the decimal point, round to nearest number. (Hint: RapidMiner may not be the easiest tool to compute this with)	
0.671	
Question 10 of 11: What is the lift for sequential rule behavior-ontask → affect-concentrating? Give three digits after the decimal point, round to nearest number. (Hint: RapidMiner may not be the easiest tool to compute this with)	
0.494	