

# 4031 - Integer Transmission

#### Asia - Beijing - 2007/2008

You're transmitting an n-bits unsigned integer k through a simulated network. The i-th bit counting from left is transmitted at time i (e.g. 4-bit unsigned integer 5 is transmitted in this order: 0-1-0-1). The network delay is modeled as follows: if a bit is transmitted at time i, it may arrive at as early as i+1 and as late is i+d+1, where d represents the maximal network delay. If more than one bit arrived at the same time, they could be received in any order.

For example, if you're transmitting a 3-bit unsigned integer 2 (010) for d = 1, you may receive 010, 100 (first bit is delayed) or 001 (second bit is delayed).

Write a program to find the number of different integers that could be received, and the smallest/largest ones among them.

### Input

The input contains several test cases. Each case consists of three integers n, d, k ( $1 \le n \le 64$ ,  $0 \le d \le n$ ,  $0 \le k$ 

 $< 2^n)$ , the number of bits transmitted, the maximal network delay, and the integer transmitted. The last test case is followed by a single zero, which should not be processed.

### **Output**

For each test case, print the case number and the number of different integers that could be received, followed by the minimal and maximal one among them.

# Sample Input

# **Sample Output**

Case 1: 1 2 2 Case 2: 3 1 4 Case 3: 25 490 984 Case 4: 19 47 122

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**Problemsetter:** Rujia Liu **Tests-Setter:** Rujia Liu

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