# Chapter 7(Eighth Edition): 7.1, 7.2, 7.4, 7.13, 7.24, 7.25

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```
library(car)
library("gplots")
```

### 7.1

Consider the experiment described in Problem 6.1. Analyze this experiment assuming that each replicate represents a block of a single production shift.

```
# defining coded
coded=function(x) #a function to code variable x
{
  ifelse(x=="+", 1, -1)
}
# creating data table
factorA = rep(c("-","+","-","+","-","+","-","+"), times = 3)
factorB = rep(c("-","-","+","+","-","-","+","+"), times = 3)
factorC = rep(c("-","-","-","-","+","+","+","+"), times = 3)
Rep = rep(c("I", "II", "III"), each = 8)
yield = c(22,32,35,55,44,40,60,39,31,43,34,47,45,37,50,41,25,29,50,46,38,36,54,47)
#dataframe
cutting.speed.long = data.frame(factorA, factorB, factorC, Rep, yield)
cutting.aov = aov(yield~Rep+factorA*factorB*factorC, cutting.speed.long)
cutting.aov.og = aov(yield~factorA*factorB*factorC, cutting.speed.long)
summary(cutting.aov); summary(cutting.aov.og)
```

```
##
                         Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
## Rep
                                            0.008 0.991571
                               0.6
                                       0.3
## factorA
                               0.7
                                       0.7
                                             0.019 0.891320
                          1 770.7
                                     770.7 22.381 0.000322 ***
## factorB
## factorC
                          1 280.2
                                     280.2
                                            8.136 0.012789 *
                             16.7
## factorA:factorB
                                      16.7
                                           0.484 0.497998
                          1
## factorA:factorC
                          1 468.2
                                     468.2 13.596 0.002438 **
                          1 48.2
                                           1.399 0.256623
## factorB:factorC
                                      48.2
## factorA:factorB:factorC 1 28.2
                                      28.2
                                           0.818 0.381072
## Residuals
                         14 482.1
                                      34.4
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
                         Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                                    Pr(>F)
## factorA
                               0.7
                                       0.7
                                             0.022 0.883680
## factorB
                          1 770.7
                                     770.7 25.547 0.000117 ***
                          1 280.2
                                     280.2
## factorC
                                             9.287 0.007679 **
## factorA:factorB
                             16.7
                                      16.7
                                            0.552 0.468078
                          1
## factorA:factorC
                          1 468.2
                                     468.2 15.519 0.001172 **
```

```
## factorB:factorC
                               48.2
                                       48.2
                                              1.597 0.224475
                           1
## factorA:factorB:factorC 1
                               28.2
                                       28.2
                                            0.934 0.348282
## Residuals
                          16 482.7
                                       30.2
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
cutting.lm = lm(yield~Rep+factorA*factorB*factorC, cutting.speed.long)
cutting.lm.og = lm(yield~factorA*factorB*factorC, cutting.speed.long)
summary(cutting.lm); summary(cutting.lm.og)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = yield ~ Rep + factorA * factorB * factorC, data = cutting.speed.long)
## Residuals:
##
     Min
             10 Median
                           3Q
                                 Max
## -5.833 -3.542 -1.146 3.083 10.542
##
## Coefficients:
##
                             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                                 6.875 7.62e-06 ***
## (Intercept)
                               26.042
                                           3.788
## RepII
                                0.125
                                           2.934
                                                  0.043 0.96662
## RepIII
                               -0.250
                                           2.934 -0.085 0.93330
## factorA+
                                           4.791
                                                 1.809 0.09200 .
                                8.667
## factorB+
                               13.667
                                           4.791
                                                   2.852 0.01279 *
## factorC+
                                                   3.409 0.00424 **
                               16.333
                                           4.791
## factorA+:factorB+
                                1.000
                                           6.776
                                                 0.148 0.88478
## factorA+:factorC+
                              -13.333
                                          6.776 -1.968 0.06923 .
## factorB+:factorC+
                                          6.776 -0.197 0.84683
                               -1.333
## factorA+:factorB+:factorC+
                              -8.667
                                          9.583 -0.904 0.38107
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 5.868 on 14 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.7699, Adjusted R-squared: 0.622
## F-statistic: 5.206 on 9 and 14 DF, p-value: 0.003168
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = yield ~ factorA * factorB * factorC, data = cutting.speed.long)
##
## Residuals:
##
     Min
             1Q Median
                           3Q
## -5.667 -3.500 -1.167 3.167 10.333
##
## Coefficients:
##
                             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                               26.000
                                           3.171
                                                  8.199 4.02e-07 ***
                                                  1.933 0.07119 .
## factorA+
                                           4.485
                                8.667
                                           4.485
                                                   3.048 0.00768 **
## factorB+
                               13.667
## factorC+
                                           4.485
                                                   3.642 0.00219 **
                               16.333
## factorA+:factorB+
                                1.000
                                           6.342 0.158 0.87668
## factorA+:factorC+
                              -13.333
                                           6.342 -2.102 0.05171
## factorB+:factorC+
                               -1.333
                                           6.342 -0.210 0.83614
## factorA+:factorB+:factorC+
                             -8.667
                                          8.969 -0.966 0.34828
```

```
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 5.492 on 16 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.7696, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6689
## F-statistic: 7.637 on 7 and 16 DF, p-value: 0.0003977
```

We look at the analysis of variance we see that the block effect is insignificant because the p-value is small, but effect B, C, and AC are significant. We also make a comparison to the analysis of Variance without the blocking to see if there was a difference. In this case there is no difference at the coefficients of our effects.

#### 7.2

Consider the experiment described in Problem 6.5. Analyze this experiment assuming that each one of the four replicates represents a block.

```
# creating data table
A \leftarrow rep(c("-","+","-","+"), times = 4)
B \leftarrow rep(c("-","-","+","+"), times = 4)
Rep \leftarrow rep(c("I","II","III","IV"), each = 4)
Vibes <- c(18.2, 27.2, 15.9, 41.0, 18.9, 24.0, 14.5, 43.9, 12.9, 22.4, 15.1, 36.3, 14.4, 22.5, 14.2, 39
router.long <- data.frame(A, B, Rep, Vibes)</pre>
# defining coded
coded=function(x) #a function to code variable x
{
  ifelse(x=="+", 1, -1)
# coding A and B
for (j in 1:2)
  router.long[, j]=as.numeric(coded(router.long[, j]))
#######
#router.long$Block=router.long$A * router.long$B
\#router.lm = lm(Vibes \sim Block + A * B, router.long)
#router.lm.og = lm(Vibes ~ A * B, router.long)
#summary(router.lm); summary(router.lm.og)
router.aov = aov(Vibes ~ Rep + A * B, router.long)
router.aov.og = aov(Vibes ~ A * B, router.long)
summary(router.aov); summary(router.aov.og)
##
               Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                            Pr(>F)
## Rep
                    44.4
                            14.8
                                  4.864
                                             0.028 *
                1 1107.2 1107.2 364.211 1.37e-08 ***
## A
## B
                1 227.3
                           227.3 74.753 1.18e-05 ***
                           303.6 99.876 3.60e-06 ***
## A:B
                  303.6
## Residuals
                9
                    27.4
                             3.0
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
               Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
                1 1107.2 1107.2 185.25 1.17e-08 ***
## A
## B
                1 227.3
                          227.3 38.02 4.83e-05 ***
```

```
## A:B     1  303.6  303.6  50.80 1.20e-05 ***
## Residuals     12  71.7   6.0
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

After we analyze our variance we see that all main effects are significant including the Blocking effect because all p-values are small. Blocking the replicates will create a better model for our experiment.

#### 7.4

## A:C

-6.875

NA

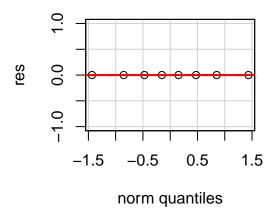
Consider the data from the first replicate of Problem 6.1. Suppose that these observations could not all be run using the same bar stock. Set up a design to run these observations in two blocks of four observations each with ABC confounded. Analyze the data.

```
# creating data table
A = rep(c("-","+","-","+","-","+","-","+"), times = 1)
B = rep(c("-","-","+","+","-","-","+","+"), times = 1)
C = rep(c("-","-","-","-","+","+","+","+"), times = 1)
Rep = rep(c("I"))
yield = c(22,32,35,55,44,40,60,39)
cutting.speed.short = data.frame(A, B, C, Rep, yield)
# defining coded
coded=function(x) #a function to code variable x
{
  ifelse(x=="+", 1, -1)
for (j in 1:3)
  cutting.speed.short[, j]=as.numeric(coded(cutting.speed.short[, j]))
cutting.speed.short$Block = cutting.speed.short$A * cutting.speed.short$B * cutting.speed.short$C
cutting.lm_7.4 = lm(yield ~ Block + A * B * C, cutting.speed.short) #blocking
cutting.lm_7.4.og = lm(yield ~ A * B * C, cutting.speed.short)#original
summary(cutting.lm_7.4); summary(cutting.lm_7.4.og) #comparing coefficients
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = yield ~ Block + A * B * C, data = cutting.speed.short)
##
## Residuals:
## ALL 8 residuals are 0: no residual degrees of freedom!
## Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                 40.875
                                NA
                                        NA
                                                  NΑ
## Block
                 -3.375
                                NA
                                        NA
                                                  NA
## A
                  0.625
                                NA
                                        NA
                                                  NA
## B
                  6.375
                                NA
                                        NA
                                                  NA
## C
                  4.875
                                NA
                                        NA
                                                  NΑ
                 -0.875
## A:B
                                NΑ
                                        NΑ
                                                  NΑ
```

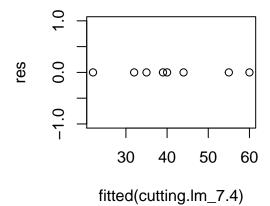
NA

NA

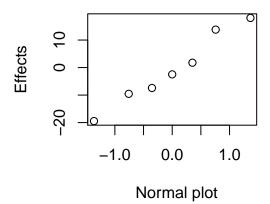
```
## B:C
                 -2.625
                                NA
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## A:B:C
                     NΑ
                                NΑ
                                         NΑ
                                                  NΑ
##
## Residual standard error: NaN on O degrees of freedom
                            1, Adjusted R-squared:
## Multiple R-squared:
## F-statistic: NaN on 7 and 0 DF, p-value: NA
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = yield ~ A * B * C, data = cutting.speed.short)
##
## Residuals:
## ALL 8 residuals are 0: no residual degrees of freedom!
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                 40.875
                                NA
                                         NA
## (Intercept)
                  0.625
                                         NA
## A
                                NA
                                                  NA
## B
                  6.375
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## C
                  4.875
                                        NA
                                                  NA
                                NA
## A:B
                 -0.875
                                NA
                                        NA
                                                  NA
                                        NA
## A:C
                 -6.875
                                NA
                                                  NA
## B:C
                 -2.625
                                NA
                                        NA
                                                  NA
## A:B:C
                 -3.375
                                NA
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## Residual standard error: NaN on O degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:
                            1, Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: NaN on 7 and 0 DF, p-value: NA
#residual analysis
res=cutting.speed.short$yield-fitted(cutting.lm_7.4)
qqPlot(res)
```



plot(fitted(cutting.lm\_7.4), res)#bad model

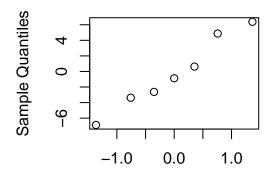


```
#Reduced Model using probability plot
qqnorm(aov(yield ~ Block + A*B*C, cutting.speed.short), full=T,label=T)
```



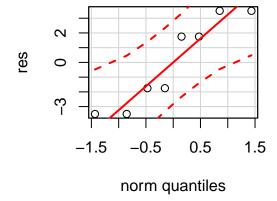
```
coef=cutting.lm_7.4$coefficients[-1]
variables=names(coef)
plot=qqnorm(coef)
variables[identify(plot)]# B C AC
```

# Normal Q-Q Plot

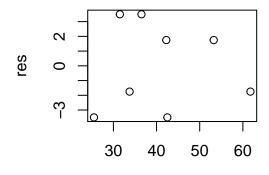


#### Theoretical Quantiles

```
## character(0)
#New model
cutting.lm_7.4_Re = lm(yield ~ Block + A + B + C + A*C, cutting.speed.short)
summary(cutting.lm_7.4_Re)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = yield ~ Block + A + B + C + A * C, data = cutting.speed.short)
##
## Residuals:
## -3.50 -1.75 3.50 1.75 1.75 3.50 -1.75 -3.50
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                 40.875
                            1.957
                                   20.891 0.00228 **
## Block
                 -3.375
                             1.957
                                   -1.725 0.22668
## A
                  0.625
                                    0.319 0.77967
                            1.957
## B
                  6.375
                            1.957
                                     3.258 0.08268 .
## C
                  4.875
                             1.957
                                     2.492 0.13032
## A:C
                 -6.875
                            1.957 -3.514 0.07232 .
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 5.534 on 2 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9416, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7956
## F-statistic: 6.45 on 5 and 2 DF, p-value: 0.1397
#New Model Residual Analysis
res=cutting.speed.short$yield-fitted(cutting.lm_7.4_Re)
qqPlot(res)
```



plot(fitted(cutting.lm\_7.4\_Re), res) #better model



fitted(cutting.lm\_7.4\_Re)

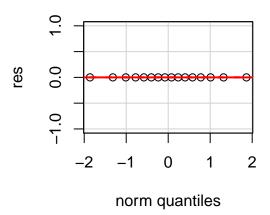
We begin by Blocing our main effects and we take a look at the coefficients of our model that includes blocking and the model that excludes blocking. Notice all coefficients are similar. To check if the model that includes the blocked data is a good model we quickly do a residual analysis and realize that our residuals are trending to a straight line, we do not have a good model, we must reduce it. Using the same method from chapter six, the probability plot, we have chosen main effects B, C, and interaction effects AC to be important effects. We apply this to a new model and check the residuals, no pattern and normality is well. The model with the Block Design data and main effects B, C, and interaction effect AC is a good model.

# 7.13

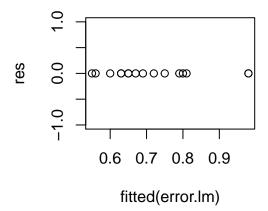
Using the data from the  $2^4$  design in Problem 6.22, construct and analyze a design in two blocks with ABCD confounded with blocks.

```
Standard.Order = c(8,10,12,9,7,15,2,6,16,13,5,14,1,3,4,11)
Run.Order = c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16)
A = Laser.Power = c(1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,-1)
B = Pulse.Freq = c(1,-1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,1)
C = Cell.Size = c(1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1)
UEC = c(0.8, 0.81, 0.79, 0.6, 0.65, 0.55, 0.98, 0.67, 0.69, 0.56, 0.63, 0.65, 0.75, 0.72, 0.98, 0.63)
error = data.frame(Standard.Order,Run.Order,A,B,C,D,UEC)
#Blocking#
error$Block=error$A * error$B * error$C * error$D
#Linear Model#
error.lm = lm(UEC ~ Block + A*B*C*D, error) #blocking
error.lm.og = lm(UEC ~ A*B*C*D, error)#regular
summary(error.lm); summary(error.lm.og)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = UEC \sim Block + A * B * C * D, data = error)
## Residuals:
## ALL 16 residuals are 0: no residual degrees of freedom!
## Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.71625
                               NA
                                       NA
                                                NA
## Block
              0.00125
                               NA
                                       NA
                                                NA
## A
              0.08000
                               NA
                                       NA
                                                NΔ
## B
               0.01000
                               NA
                                       NA
                                                NA
## C
                                       NA
              -0.06625
                               NA
                                                NA
## D
              -0.05625
                               NA
                                       NA
                                                NA
## A:B
              0.00875
                               NA
                                       NA
                                                NA
## A:C
              -0.02750
                               NA
                                       NA
                                                NA
## B:C
              0.01250
                               NA
                                       NA
                                                NΑ
## A:D
                                       NA
              -0.00500
                               NA
                                                NA
## B:D
              -0.00500
                               NA
                                       NA
                                                NA
## C:D
              0.01875
                               NA
                                       NA
                                                NA
## A:B:C
                               NA
                                       NA
              0.01125
                                                NA
## A:B:D
              -0.00875
                               NA
                                       NA
                                                NA
## A:C:D
               0.01000
                               NA
                                       NA
                                                NA
## B:C:D
              -0.01000
                               NA
                                       NA
                                                NA
## A:B:C:D
                               NA
                                       NA
                    NΑ
                                                NΑ
## Residual standard error: NaN on O degrees of freedom
                           1, Adjusted R-squared:
## Multiple R-squared:
## F-statistic: NaN on 15 and 0 DF, p-value: NA
##
## lm(formula = UEC \sim A * B * C * D, data = error)
## Residuals:
## ALL 16 residuals are 0: no residual degrees of freedom!
##
```

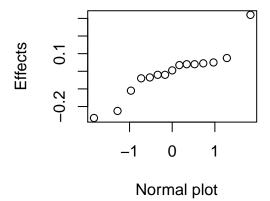
```
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.71625
                                 NA
                                         NA
## A
                0.08000
                                 NA
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## B
                0.01000
                                         NA
                                 NA
                                                  NA
## C
               -0.06625
                                 NA
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## D
               -0.05625
                                 NA
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## A:B
                0.00875
                                 NA
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## A:C
               -0.02750
                                 NA
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## B:C
                0.01250
                                 NA
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## A:D
               -0.00500
                                 NA
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## B:D
               -0.00500
                                         NA
                                 NA
                                                  NA
## C:D
                0.01875
                                 NA
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## A:B:C
                0.01125
                                 NA
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## A:B:D
               -0.00875
                                 NA
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## A:C:D
                0.01000
                                 NA
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## B:C:D
               -0.01000
                                 NA
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## A:B:C:D
                0.00125
                                 NA
                                         NA
                                                  NA
## Residual standard error: NaN on O degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:
                             1, Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: NaN on 15 and 0 DF, p-value: NA
#Residual Analysis
res=error$UEC-fitted(error.lm)
qqPlot(res)
```



plot(fitted(error.lm), res)#Bad Model

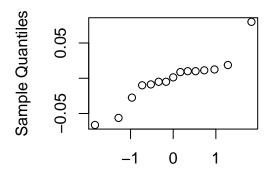


```
#Reduced Model Procedure
qqnorm(aov(UEC ~ Block + A*B*C*D, error), full=T,label=T)
```



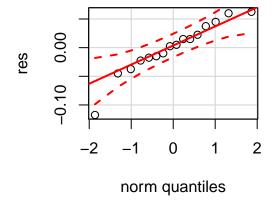
```
coef=error.lm$coefficients[-1]
variables=names(coef)
plot=qqnorm(coef)
variables[identify(plot)] # A C D
```

# Normal Q-Q Plot

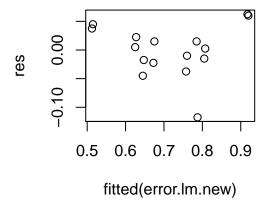


#### Theoretical Quantiles

```
## character(0)
#New Model
error.lm.new = lm(UEC \sim Block + A + C + D, error)
summary(error.lm.new)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = UEC ~ Block + A + C + D, data = error)
##
## Residuals:
       Min
                  1Q
                      Median
                                    ЗQ
                                            Max
## -0.11750 -0.01875 0.00375 0.02625 0.06250
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                           0.01312 54.588 9.61e-15 ***
## (Intercept) 0.71625
## Block
                0.00125
                           0.01312
                                     0.095 0.925816
## A
                0.08000
                           0.01312
                                     6.097 7.77e-05 ***
## C
               -0.06625
                           0.01312 -5.049 0.000373 ***
## D
              -0.05625
                           0.01312 -4.287 0.001283 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.05248 on 11 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8805, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8371
## F-statistic: 20.26 on 4 and 11 DF, p-value: 4.92e-05
#Residual Analysis on New Model
res=error$UEC-fitted(error.lm.new)
qqPlot(res)
```



plot(fitted(error.lm.new), res)#Better Model



We design our data into two blocks with the confounded effects ABCD. We construct two linear models one with and the other without the Block variable. To our results we notice both models share the same coefficients. We check the residual for the Block model to see if it is a good model, unfortunately it is not, we must reduce it. We use the probability plot method to pick out which main effects are important, our results were A, C, and D. Now we apply that to a new model with the Block design and check the residuals. From our residual analysis from out new model we can state that we have a good model with main effects A, C, and D in a block design.

## 7.24

Suppose that in Problem 6.1 we had confounded ABC in replicate I, AB in replicate II, and BC in replicate III. Calculate the factor effect estimates. Construct the analysis of variance table.

# 7.25

Repeat the analysis of Problem 6.1 assuming that ABC was confounded with blocks in each replicate.