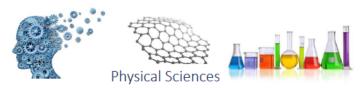
Europeean Materials Modelling Ontology

VERSION REFS/HEADS/1.0.0-ALPHA2

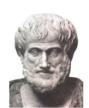
European Materials Modelling Counsil (EMMC)



March 22, 2020

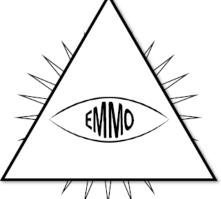


(e.g. physics, chemistry, material science, engineering)











Information and Communication Technologies (e.g. reasoners, platforms, formats)

Abstract

EMMO is an ontology that is created by the Europeean Materials Modelling Council (EMMC) to provide a formal way to describe the fundamental concepts of physics, chemistry and materials science. EMMO is designed to pave the road for semantic interoperability providing a generic common ground for describing materials, models and data that can be adapted by all domains.

It is a representational framework of predefined classes and axioms (ontology) provided by experts (EMMC) that enables end users (industry, research, academy) to represent real life physical entities (materials, devices), models and properties using ontological signs (individuals) in a standard way to facilitate interactions and exchanges (data, software, knowledge) between all involved material modelling and characterization communities and stakeholders.

Keywords: EMMO, materials science, modelling, characterisation, materials, ontology

Authors:

Emanuele Ghedini, University of Bologne Gerhard Goldbeck, Goldbeck Consulting Jesper Friis, SINTEF Adham Hashibon, Fraunhofer IWM Georg Schmitz, ACCESS

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Chapter 1

Introduction

EMMO is a multidisciplinary effort to develop a standard representational framework (the ontology) based on current materials modelling knowledge, including physical sciences, analytical philosophy and information and communication technologies. This multidisciplinarity is illustrated by the figure on the title page. It provides the connection between the physical world, materials characterisation world and materials modelling world.



Figure 1.1: EMMO provides the connection between the physical world, materials characterisation world and materials modelling world.

EMMO is based on and is consistent with the Review of Materials Modelling, CEN Workshop Agreement and MODA template. However, while these efforts are written for humans, EMMO is defined using the Web Ontology Language (OWL), which is machine readable and allows for machine reasoning. In terms of semantic representation, EMMO brings everything to a much higher level than these foundations.

As illustrated in the figure below, EMMO covers all aspects of materials modelling and characterisation, including:

- the material itself, which must be described in a rigorous way
- the observation process involving an observer that percieves the real world (characterisation)
- the **properties** that are measured or modelled
- the physics laws that describe the material behaviour
- the physical models that approximate the physics laws
- the **solver** including the numerical discretisation method that leads to a solvable mathematical representation under certain simplifying assumptions
- the numerical solver that performs the calculations
- the **post processing** of experimental or simulated data



Figure 1.2: The aspects of materials modelling and characterisation covered by EMMO.

EMMO is released under the Creative Commons license and is available at emmo.info/. The OWL2-DL sources are available in RDF/XML format.

What is an ontology

In short, an ontology is a specification of a conceptualization. The word ontology has a long history in philosophy, in which it refers to the subject of existence. The so-called ontological argument for the existence of God was proposed by Anselm of Canterbury in 1078. He defined God as "that than which nothing greater can be thought", and argued that "if the greatest possible being exists in the mind, it must also exist in reality. If it only exists in the mind, then an even greater being must be possible – one which exists both in the mind and in reality". Even though this example has little to do with todays use of ontologies in e.g. computer science, it illustrates the basic idea; the ontology defines some basic premises (concepts and relations between them) from which it is possible reason to gain new knowledge.

For a more elaborated and modern definition of the ontology we refer the reader to the one provided by Tom Gruber (2009). Another useful introduction to ontologies is the paper Ontology Development 101: A Guide to Creating Your First Ontology by Noy and McGuinness (2001), which is based on the Protege sortware, with which EMMO has been developed.

A taxonomy is a hierarchical representation of classes and subclasses connected via <code>is_a</code> relations. Hence, it is a subset of the ontology excluding all but the <code>is_a</code> relations. The main use of taxonomies is for the organisation of classifications. The figure shows a simple example of a taxonomy illustrating a categorisation of four classes into a hierarchy of more higher of levels of generality.



Figure 1.3: Example of a taxonomy.

In EMMO, the taxonomy is a rooted directed acyclic graph (DAG). This is important since many classification methods relies on this property, see e.g. Valentini (2014) and Robison et al (2015). Note, that EMMO is a DAG does not prevent some classes from having more than one parent. A Variable is for instance both a Mathematical and a Symbol. See appendix for the full EMMO taxonomy.

Primitive elements in EMMO



Figure 1.4: The primitive building blocks of EMMO.

Individuals

Individuals are the basic, "ground level" components of EMMO. They may include concrete objects such as cars, flowers, stars, persons and molecules, as well as abstract individuals such as a measured height, a specific equation and software programs.

Individuals possess attributes in form of axioms that are defined by the user (interpreter) upon declaration.

Classes

Classes represent concepts. They are the building blocks that we use to create an ontology as a representation of knowledge. We distinguish between *defined* and *non-defined* classes.

Defined classes are defined by the requirements for being a member of the class. In the graphical representations of EMMO, defined classes are orange. For instance, in the graph of the top-level entity branch below, The root EMMO and a defined class (defined to be the disjoint union of Item and Collection).

Non-defined classes are defined as an abstract group of objects, whose members are defined as belonging to the class. They are yellow in the graphical representations.

Axioms

Axioms are propositions in a logical framework that define the relations between the individuals and classes. They are used to categorise individuals in classes and to define the *defined* classes.

The simplest form of a class axiom is a class description that just states the existence of the class and gives it an unique identifier. In order to provide more knowledge about the class, class axioms typically contain additional components that state necessary and/or sufficient characteristics of the class. OWL contains three language constructs for combining class descriptions into class axioms:

- Subclass (rdfs:subClassOf) allows one to say that the class extension of a class description is a subset of the class extension of another class description.
- Equivalence (owl:equivalentClass) allows one to say that a class description has exactly the same class extension (i.e. the individuals associated with the class) as another class description.
- Distjointness (owl:disjointWith) allows one to say that the class extension of a class description has no members in common with the class extension of another class description.

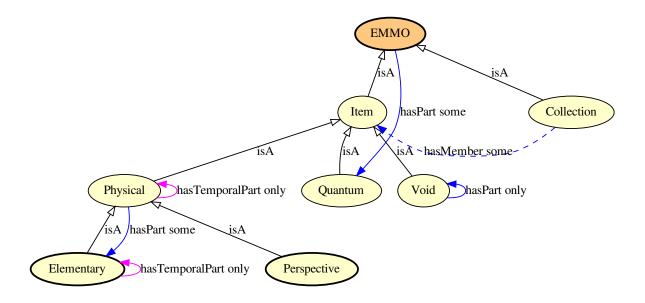


Figure 1.5: Example of the top-level branch of EMMO showing some classes and relationships between them.

See the section about Description logic for more information about these language constructs. Axioms are also used to define relations between relations. These are further detailed in the chapter on Relations.

Theoretical foundations

EMMO build upon several theoretical frameworks.

Semiotics

Semiotics is the study of meaning-making. It is the dicipline of formulating something that possibly can exist in a defined space and time in the real world.

Mereotopology

Mereotopology is the combination of **mereology** (science of parthood) and **topology** (mathematical study of the geometrical properties and conservation through deformations). It is introdused via the **Item** class and based on the **mereotopological** relations. Items in EMMO are always topologically connected in space and time. EMMO makes a strong distinction between membership and parthood relations. In contrast to collections, items can only have parts that are themselves items. For further information, see Casati and Varzi "Parts and Places" (1999).

Physics

EMMO is strongly based on physics, with the aim of being able to describe all aspects and all domains of physics, from quantum mechanics to continuum, engeneering, chemistry, etc. EMMO is compatible with both the De Broglie - Bohm and the Copenhagen interpretation of quantum mecanics (see Physical for more comments).

EMMO defines a physics-based parthood hierarchy under Physical by introducing the following concepts (illustrated in the figure below):

• Elementary is the fundamental, non-divisible constituent of entities. In EMMO, elementaries are based on the standard model of physics.

- State is a Physical whose parts does not change during its life time (at the chosen level of granularity). This is consistent with a state within e.g. thermodynamics.
- Existent is a succession of states.



Figure 1.6: Parthood hierarchy under Physical.

Metrology

Metrology is the science of measurements. It introduces units and links them to properties. The description of metrology in EMMO is based on the standards of International System of Quantities (ISQ) and International System of Units (SI).

Description logic

Description logic (DL) is a formal knowledge representation language in which the *axioms* are expressed. It is less expressive than first-order logic (FOL), but commonly used for providing the logical formalism for ontologies and semantic web. EMMO is expressed in the Web Ontology Language (OWL), which in turn is based on DL. This brings along features like reasoning.

Since it is essential to have a basic notion of OWL and DL, we include here a very brief overview. For a proper introduction to OWL and DL, we refer the reader to sources like Grau et.al. (2008), OWL2 Primer and OWL Reference.

OWL distinguishes between six types of class descriptions:

- 1. a class identifier (a IRI reference)
- 2. an exhaustive enumeration of individuals that together form the instances of a class (owl:oneOf)
- 3. a property restriction (owl:someValuesFrom, owl:allValuesFrom, owl:hasValue, owl:cardinality, owl:maxCardinality)
- 4. the intersection of two or more class descriptions (owl:intersectionOf)
- 5. the union of two or more class descriptions (owl:unionOf)
- 6. the complement of a class description (owl:complementOf)

Except for the first, all of these refer to defined classes. The table below shows the notation in OWL, DL and the Manchester OWL syntax, all commonly used for the definitions. The Manchester syntax is used by Protege and is designed to not use DL symbols and to be easy and quick to read and write. Several other syntaxes exist for DL. An interesting example is the pure Python syntax proposed by Lamy (2017), which is used in the open source Owlready2 Python package. The Python API for EMMO is also based on Owlready2.

Table 1.1: Notation for DL and Protege. A and B are classes, R is an active relation, S is an passive relation, a and b are individuals and n is a literal. Inspired by the Great table of Description Logics.

d Meaning	Python + Owlready2	Manchester	DL
A special class with every individual as an	Thing		au Constants
instance The empty class defined to be Class definition	Nothing		$egin{array}{l} \bot \\ \mathbf{Axioms} \\ A \doteq B \end{array}$
	rotining		

DL	Manchester	Python $+$ Owlready2	Read	Meaning
$A \sqsubseteq B$	A subclass_of B	class A(B): issubclass(A, B)	all A are B	Class inclusion Test for inclusion
$A \equiv B$	A equivalent_to B	A.equivalent_to.append	(BA) is equivalent to B	Class equivalence
		B in A.equivalent_to		Test for
a:A	a is_a A	a = A()	a is a A	equivalence Class assertion (instantiation)
		isinstance(a, A)		Test for instance of
(a,b):R	a object property	a.R.append(b)	a is R-related to b	Property assertion
(a,n):R	assertion b a data property assertion n	a.R.append(n)	a is R-related to n	Data assertion
Constructions				
$A \sqcap B$	A and B	A & B	A and B	Class $intersection$ $(conjunction)$
$A \sqcup B$	A or B	A B	A or B	Class $union$ $(disjunction)$
$\neg A$	not A	$\mathrm{Not}(\mathrm{A})$	not A	Class $complement$ $(negation)$
$ \begin{cases} a, b, \ldots \\ S \equiv R^- \end{aligned} $	{a, b,} S inverse_of R	OneOf([a, b,]) Inverse(R)	one of a, b, S is inverse of R	Class enumeration Property inverse
$\forall R.A$	R only A	S.inverse == R $R.only(A)$	all A with R	Test for inverse Universal restriction
$\exists R.A$	R some A	R.some(A)	some A with R	Existential restriction
= nR.A	R exactly n A	R.exactly(n, A)		Cardinality restriction
$\leq nR.A$	R min n A	R.min(n, A)		$Minimum \ cardinality$
$\geq nR.A$	R max n A	R.max(n, A)		restriction Minimum cardinality restriction
$\exists R\{a\}$ Decompositions	R value a	R.value(a)		Value restriction
$A \sqcup B \sqsubseteq \bot$	A disjoint with B	AllDisjoint([A,B])	A disjoint with B	Disjoint
		B in A.disjoints()		Test for disjointness
$\exists R. \top \sqsubseteq A$	R domain A	R.domain = [A]		Classes that the restriction applies to
$\top \sqsubseteq \forall R.B$	R range B	R.range = [B]		All classes that can be the value of the restriction

Examples

Here are some examples of different class descriptions using both the DL and Manchester notation.

Equivalence (owl:equivalentTo)

Equivalence (\equiv) defines necessary and sufficient conditions.

Parent is equivalent to mother or father

 \mathbf{DL} : parent \equiv mother \lor father

Manchester: parent equivalent_to mother or father

Inclusion (rdf:subclassOf)

Inclusion (\sqsubseteq) defines necessary conditions.

An employee is a person.

 \mathbf{DL} : employee \sqsubseteq person

Manchester: employee is_a person

Enumeration (owl:oneOf)

The color of a wine is either white, rose or red:

DL: wine_color \equiv {white, rose, red}

Manchester: wine_color equivalent_to {white, rose, red}

Existential restriction (owl:someValuesFrom)

A mother is a woman that has a child (some person):

 \mathbf{DL} : mother \equiv woman \sqcap \exists has_child.person

Manchester: mother equivalent_to woman and has_child some person

Universal restriction (owl:allValuesFrom)

All parents that only have daughters:

 $\mathbf{DL:} \ \mathtt{parents_with_only_daughters} \equiv \mathtt{person} \ \sqcap \ \forall \mathtt{has_child.woman}$

Manchester: parents_with_only_daughters equivalent_to person and has_child only woman

Value restriction (owl:hasValue)

The owl:hasValue restriction allows to define classes based on the existence of particular property values. There must be at least one matching property value.

All children of Mary:

DL: $Marys_children \equiv person \sqcap \exists has_parent.{Mary}$

Manchester: Marys_children equivalent_to person and has_parent value Mary

Property cardinality (owl:cardinality)

The owl:cardinality restrictions (\geq , \leq or \equiv) allow to define classes based on the maximum (owl:maxCardinality), minimum (owl:minCardinality) or exact (owl:cardinality) number of occurences.

A person with one parent:

 \mathbf{DL} : half_orphant \equiv person and =1has_parent.person

Manchester: half_orphant equivalent_to person and has_parent exactly 1 person

Intersection (owl:intersectionOf)

Individuals of the intersection (\sqcap) of two classes, are simultaneously instances of both classes.

A man is a person that is male:

 \mathbf{DL} : man \equiv person \sqcap male

Manchester: man equivalent_to person and male

Union (owl:unionOf)

Individuals of the union (\sqcup) of two classes, are either instances of one or both classes.

A person is a man or woman:

 \mathbf{DL} : person \equiv man \sqcup woman

Manchester: person equivalent_to man or woman

Complement (owl:complementOf)

Individuals of the complement (\neg) of a class, are all individuals that are not member of the class.

Not a man:

 \mathbf{DL} : female $\equiv \neg$ male

Manchester: female equivalent_to not male

The structure of EMMO

The EMMO ontology is structured in shells, expressed by specific ontology fragments, that extends from fundamental concepts to the application domains, following the dependency flow.

Top Level

The EMMO top level is the group of fundamental axioms that constitute the philosophical foundation of the EMMO. Adopting a physicalistic/nominalistic perspective, the EMMO defines real world objects as 4D objects that are always extended in space and time (i.e. real world objects cannot be spaceless nor timeless). For this reason abstract objects, i.e. objects that does not extend in space and time, are forbidden in the EMMO.

EMMO is strongly based on the analytical philosophy dicipline semiotic. The role of abstract objects are in EMMO fulfilled by semiotic objects, i.e. real world objects (e.g. symbol or sign) that stand for other real world objects that are to be interpreted by an agent. These symbols appear in actions (semiotic processes) meant to communicate meaning by establishing relationships between symbols (signs).

Another important building block of from analytical philosophy is atomistic mereology applied to 4D objects. The EMMO calls it 'quantum mereology', since the there is a epistemological limit to how fine we can resolve space and time due to the uncertanity principles.

The mereotopology module introduces the fundamental mereotopological concepts and their relations with the real world objects that they represent. The EMMO uses mereotopology as the ground for all the subsequent ontology modules. The concept of topological connection is used to define the first distinction between ontology entities namely the *Item* and *Collection* classes. Items are causally self-connected objects, while collections are causally disconnected. Quantum mereology is represented by the *Quantum* class. This module introduces also the fundamental mereotopological relations used to distinguish between space and time dimensions.

The physical module, defines the *Physical* objects and the concept of *Void* that plays a fundamental role in the description of multiscale objects and quantum systems. It also define the *Elementary* class, that restricts mereological atomism in space.

In EMMO, the only univocally defined real world object is the *Item* individual called **Universe** that stands for the universe. Every other real world object is a composition of elementaries up to the most comprehensive object; the **Universe**. Intermediate objects are not univocally defined, but their definition is provided according to some

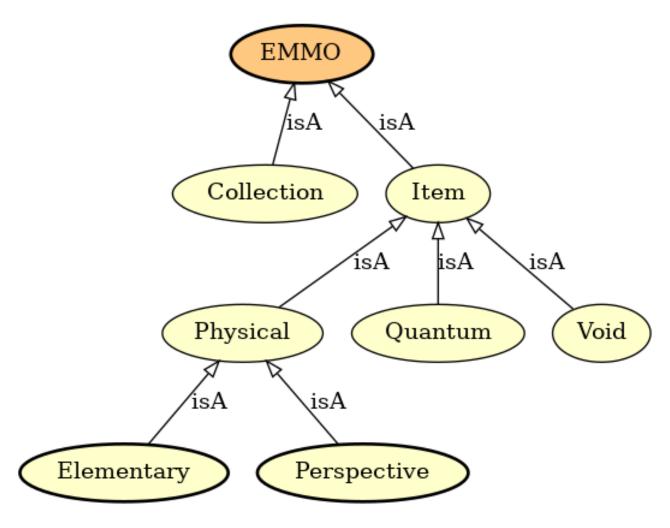


Figure 1.7: The EMMO top level.

specific philosophical perspectives. This is an expression of reductionism (i.e. objects are made of sub-objects) and epistemological pluralism (i.e. objects are always defined according to the perspective of an interpreter, or a class of interpreters).

The *Perspective* class collects the different ways to represent the objects that populate the conceptual region between the elementary and universe levels.

Middle Level

The middle level ontologies act as roots for extending the EMMO towards specific application domains.

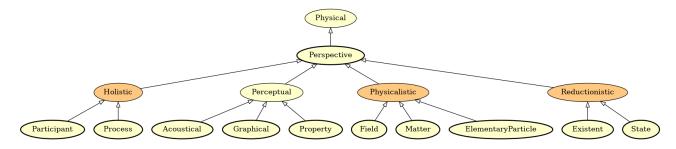


Figure 1.8: The EMMO perspectives.

The *Reductionistic* perspective class uses the fundamental non-transitive parthood relation, called direct parthood, to provide a powerful granularity description of multiscale real world objects. The EMMO can in principle represents the **Universe** with direct parthood relations as a direct rooted tree up to its elementary constituents.

The *Phenomenic* perspective class introduces the concept of real world objects that express of a recognisable pattern in space or time that impress the user. Under this class the EMMO categorises e.g. formal languages, pictures, geometry, mathematics and sounds. Phenomenic objects can be used in a semiotic process as signs.

The *Physicalistic* perspective class introduces the concept of real world objects that have a meaning for the under applied physics perspective.

The *Holistic* perspective class introduces the concept of real world objects that unfold in time in a way that has a meaning for the EMMO user, through the definition of the classes *Process* and *Participant*. The semiotics module introduces the concepts of semiotics and the *Semiosis* process that has a *Sign*, an *Object* and an *Interpreter* as participants. This forms the basis in EMMO to represent e.g. models, formal languages, theories, information and properties.

EMMO relations

All EMMO relations are subrelations of the relations found in the two roots: *mereotopological* and *semiotical*. The relation hierarchy extends more vertically (i.e. more subrelations) than horizontally (i.e. less sibling relations), facilitating the categorisation and inferencing of individuals. See also the chapter EMMO Relations.

Imposing all relations to fall under mereotopology or semiotics is how the EMMO force the developers to respect its perspectives. Two entities are related only by contact or parthood (mereotopology) or by standing one for another (semiosis): no other types of relation are possible within the EMMO.

A unique feature in EMMO, is the introduction of *direct parthood*. As illustrated in the figure below, it is a mereological relation that lacks transitivity. This makes it possible to entities made of parts at different levels of granularity and to go between granularity levels in a well-defined manner. This is paramount for cross scale interoperability. Every material in EMMO is placed on a granularity level and the ontology gives information about the direct upper and direct lower level classes using the non-transitive direct parthood relations.

Annotations

All entities and relations in EMMO have some attributes, called *annotations*. In some cases, only the required *International Resource Identifier* (IRI) and *relations* are provided. However, descriptive annotations, like *elucidation* and *comment*, are planned to be added for all classes and relations. Possible annotations are:

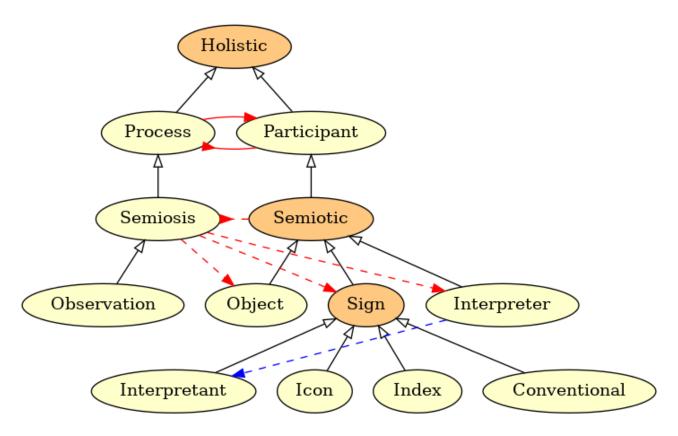


Figure 1.9: The semiotic level, showing both the taxonomy (open black arrows) and other relations as listed in the caption. The inverted arrows corresponds to inverse relations.

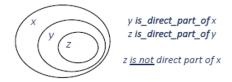


Figure 1.10: Direct parthood.

- Elucidation is a human readable explanation and clearification of the documented class or relation.
- Example clearifies the elucidation through an example. A class may have several examples, each addressing different aspects.
- Comment is a clearifying note complementing the definition and elucidation. A class may have several comments, each clearifying different aspects.
- IRI stands for *international resource identifier*. It is an identifier that uniquely identifies the class or relation. IRIs are similar to URIs, but are not restricted to the ASCII character set. In EMMO, the IRIs are now valid URLs pointing to the stable version of EMMO.
- Relations is a list of relations applying to the current class or relation. The relations for relations are special and will be elaborated on in the introduction to chapter [Relations]. Some of the listed relations are defined in the OWL sources, while other are inferred by the reasoner. The relations are expressed using the Manchester OWL syntax introduced in section Description logic.

Chapter 2

EMMO Relations

In the language of OWL, relations are called *properties*. However, since relations describe relations between classes and individuals and since properties has an other meaning in EMMO, we only call them *relations*.

Resource Description Framework (RDF) is a W3C standard that is widely used for describing informations on the web and is one of the standards that OWL builds on. RDF expresses information in form of *subject-predicate-object* triplets. The subject and object are resources (aka items to describe) and the predicate expresses a relationship between the subject and the object.

In OWL are the subject and object classes or individuals (or data) while the predicate is a relation. An example of an relationship is the statement *dog is_a animal*. Here dog is the subject, is_a the predicate and animal the object.

OWL distingues between *object properties*, that link classes or individuals to classes or individuals, and *data* properties that link individuals to data values. Since EMMO only deals with classes, we will only be discussing object properties. However, in actual simulation or characterisation applications build on EMMO, datatype propertyes will be important.

The characteristics of the different properties are described by the following property axioms:

- rdf:subPropertyOf is used to define that a property is a subproperty of some other property. For instance, in the figure below showing the relation branch, we see that active_relation is a subproperty or relation. The rdf:subPropertyOf axioms forms a taxonomy-like tree for relations.
- owl:equivalentProperty states that two properties have the same property extension.
- owl:inverseOf axioms relate active relations to their corresponding passive relations, and vice versa. The root relation relation is its own inverse.
- owl:FunctionalProperty is a property that can have only one (unique) value y for each instance x, i.e. there cannot be two distinct values y1 and y2 such that the pairs (x,y1) and (x,y2) are both instances of this property. Both object properties and datatype properties can be declared as "functional".
- $\bullet \quad {\tt owl:InverseFunctionalProperty}$
- owl: TransitiveProperty states that if a pair (x,y) is an instance of P, and the pair (y,z) is instance of P, then we can infer that the pair (x,z) is also an instance of P.
- owl:SymmetricProperty states that if the pair (x,y) is an instance of P, then the pair (y,x) is also an instance of P. A popular example of a symmetric property is the siblingOf relation.
- rdfs:domain specifies which classes the property applies to. Or said differently, the valid values of the subject in a subject-predicate-object triplet.
- rdfs:range specifies the property extension, i.e. the valid values of the *object* in a *subject-predicate-object* triplet.

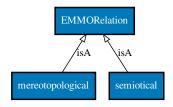


Figure 2.1: Top-level of the EMMO relation hierarchy.

Root of EMMO relations

EMMORelation

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_ec2472ae_cf4a_46a5_8555_1556f5a6c3c5$

Elucidation: The superclass of all relations used by the EMMO.

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:SymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a owl:topObjectProperty
- inverse_of EMMORelation
- domain EMMO
- range EMMO

Mereotopological branch

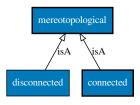


Figure 2.2: Mereotopological branch.

mereotopological

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_03212 \text{fd7_abfd_4828_9c8e_62c293052d4b}$

Elucidation: The superclass of all EMMO mereotopological relations.

Comment: Mereotopology merges mereological and topological concepts and provides relations between wholes, parts, boundaries, etc.

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is a owl:SymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a EMMORelation

- Inverse(mereotopology.EMMORelation)
- inverse_of mereotopological

disconnected

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_517 \\ \text{dfaf9}_4970_41 \\ \text{ac}_81 \\ \text{ee}_d031627 \\ \text{d}2c7 \\ \text{c}=200 \\ \text{c}=200$

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is a owl:SymmetricProperty
- is a mereotopological
- Inverse(mereotopology.mereotopological)
- inverse_of disconnected

Connected branch

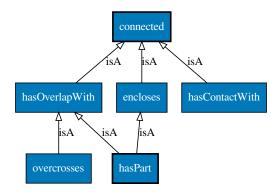


Figure 2.3: Connected branch.

encloses

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_8c898653_1118_4682_9bbf_6cc334d16a99$

Comment: Enclosure is reflexive and transitive.

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is a owl:TransitiveProperty
- \bullet is_a connected
- Inverse(mereotopology.connected)

overcrosses

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_9cb984ca_48ad_4864_b09e_50d3fff19420$

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:SymmetricProperty
- is_a hasOverlapWith
- Inverse(mereotopology.hasOverlapWith)
- \bullet inverse_of overcrosses

hasOverlapWith

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_d893d373_b579_4867_841e_1c2b31a8d2c6$

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:SymmetricProperty
- is_a connected
- Inverse(mereotopology.connected)
- inverse of hasOverlapWith

hasContactWith

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology#EMMO_4d6504f1_c470_4ce9_b941_bbbebc9ab05d

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:SymmetricProperty
- is_a connected
- Inverse(mereotopology.connected)
- inverse of hasContactWith

connected

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology#EMMO_6703954e_34c4_4a15_a9e7_f313760ae1a8

Comment: Causality is a topological property between connected items.

Comment: Items being connected means that there is a topological contact or "interaction" between them.

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ owl: Symmetric Property$
- is a mereotopological
- Inverse(mereotopology.mereotopological)
- inverse of connected

Has Part branch

hasSpatialDirectPart

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/reductionistic} \# EMMO_b2282816_b7a3_44c6_b2cb_3 \text{feff1ceb7fe}$

Relations:

- is a owl:ObjectProperty
- is a owl:InverseFunctionalProperty
- \bullet is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is a hasSpatialPart
- domain State

hasQuantityValue

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_8ef3cd6d_ae58_4a8d_9fc0_ad8f49015cd0

Comment: Relates a quantity to its reference unit through spatial direct parthood.

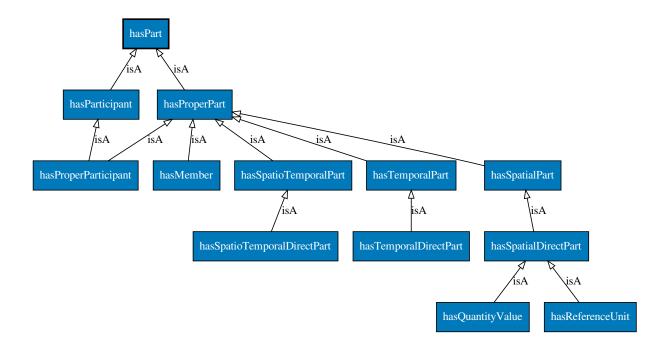


Figure 2.4: Has Part branch.

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:FunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:InverseFunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a hasSpatialDirectPart
- domain Quantity
- range Numerical

hasMember

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_6b7276a4_4b9d_440a_b577_0277539c0fc4$

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a hasProperPart
- domain Collection
- range Item

hasProperParticipant

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/holistic} \# EMMO_c5aae418_1622_4d02_93c5_21159e28e6c1$

- \bullet is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a hasParticipant
- is_a hasProperPart

hasParticipant

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/holistic} \# EMMO_ae2d1a96_bfa1_409a_a7d2_03d69e8a125a$

Elucidation: The relation between a process and an object participating to it.

Comment: Participation is a parthood relation: you must be part (and then be connected) of the process to contribute to it.

Comment: Participation is not under direct parthood since a process is not strictly related to reductionism, but it's a way to categorize temporal regions by the interpreters.

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is a hasPart
- domain Process
- range Participant

hasPart

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_17e27c22_37e1_468c_9dd7_95e137f73e7f$

Relations:

- is a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a encloses
- \bullet is_a hasOverlapWith
- Inverse(mereotopology.hasOverlapWith)

hasProperPart

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology#EMMO_9380ab64_0363_4804_b13f_3a8a94119a76

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is a hasPart

hasSpatioTemporalPart

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/physical#EMMO_6e046dd0_9634_4013_b2b1_9cc468087c83

Elucidation: A relation that isolates a proper part that extends itself in time through a portion of the lifetime whole.

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ owl: Transitive Property$
- is_a hasProperPart
- domain Item
- range Item

has Temporal Part

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/physical} \# EMMO_7afbed 84_7593_4a23_bd 88_9d 9c 6b 04e 8f6$

Elucidation: A relation that isolate a proper part that covers the total spatial extension of a whole within a time interval.

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is a hasProperPart
- domain Item
- range Item

has Spatio Temporal Direct Part

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/reductionistic} \# EMMO_663859e5_add3_4c9e_96fb_c99399de278d$

Relations:

- is a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:InverseFunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a hasSpatioTemporalPart

hasSpatialPart

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/physical} \# EMMO_f68030 be_94b8_4c61_a161_886468558054$

Elucidation: A relation that isolates a proper part that extends itself in time within the overall lifetime of the whole, without covering the full spatial extension of the 4D whole (i.e. is not a temporal part).

Relations:

- \bullet is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is a hasProperPart
- domain Item
- range Item

hasReferenceUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_67fc0a36_8dcb_4ffa_9a43_31074efa3296

Comment: Relates the physical quantity to its unit through spatial direct parthood.

Relations:

- is a owl:ObjectProperty
- \bullet is_a owl:FunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:InverseFunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is a hasSpatialDirectPart
- domain Quantity
- range ReferenceUnit

hasTemporalDirectPart

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/reductionistic#EMMO_65a2c5b8_e4d8_4a51_b2f8_e55effc0547d

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is a owl:InverseFunctionalProperty
- \bullet is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a hasTemporalPart
- domain Existent

• range State

Semiotical branch

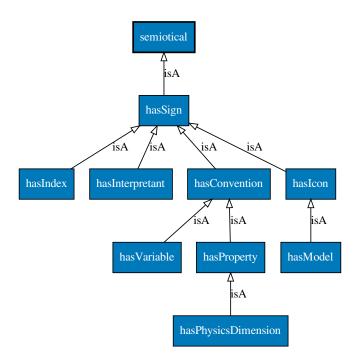


Figure 2.5: Semiotical branch.

hasIndex

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a hasSign
- range Index

hasInterpretant

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics\#EMMO_7fb7fe7e_bdf9_4eeb_adad_e384dd5285c6}$

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a hasSign
- range Interpretant

hasPhysicsDimension

 $\label{lem:lem:mo_info_emmo_middle_units} \textbf{IRI: } http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_bed1d005_b04e_4a90_94cf_02bc678a8569 \\ \textbf{Relations: }$

 \bullet is_a owl:ObjectProperty

- is_a hasProperty
- range PhysicsDimension

hasSign

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics} \# EMMO_60577 \\ \text{dea}_9019_4537_ac41_80 \\ \text{b}0fb563 \\ \text{d}411 \\$

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is a semiotical
- domain Object
- range Sign

hasConvention

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics#EMMO_eb3518bf_f799_4f9e_8c3e_ce59af11453b

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is a hasSign
- range Conventional

hasIcon

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics\#EMMO} \underline{39c3815d} \underline{8cae} \underline{4c8f} \underline{b2ff} \underline{eeba24bec455}$

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a hasSign
- range Icon

hasModel

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_24c71baf_6db6_48b9_86c8_8c70cf36db0c

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a hasIcon

hasVariable

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_3446e167_c576_49d6_846c_215bb8878a55

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a hasConvention
- domain Mathematical
- range Variable

hasProperty

Relations:

• is_a owl:ObjectProperty

- is_a hasConvention
- domain Object
- range Property

semiotical

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics} \# EMMO_2337e25c_3c60_43fc_a8f9_b11a3f974291$

Elucidation: The generic EMMO semiotical relation.

- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ owl: Object Property$
- is_a EMMORelation
- $\bullet \ \ Inverse (mereotopology. EMMOR elation)$

Chapter 3

EMMO Classes

emmo is a class representing the collection of all the individuals (signs) that are used in the ontology. Individuals are declared by the EMMO users when they want to apply the EMMO to represent the world.

EMMO branch

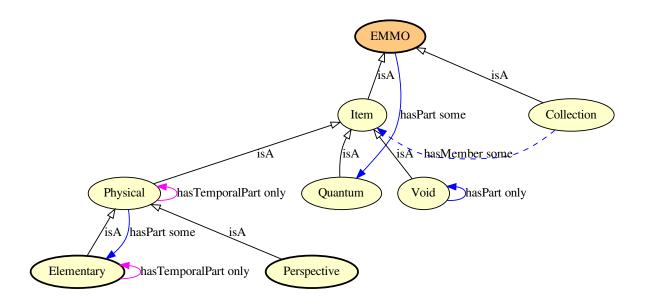


Figure 3.1: EMMO branch.

The root of all classes used to represent the world. It has two children; collection and item.

collection is the class representing the collection of all the individuals (signs) that represents a collection of non-connected real world objects.

item Is the class that collects all the individuals that are members of a set (it's the most comprehensive set individual). It is the branch of mereotopology.

Quantum

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology#EMMO_3f9ae00e_810c_4518_aec2_7200e424cf68

Elucidation: The class of 'EMMO' individuals that stand for real world objects that can't be further divided in time nor in space.

Example: For a physics based ontology the 'Quantum' can stand for the smallest identifiable portion of spacetime defined by the Planck limit in length (1.616e-35 m) and time (5.39e-44 s).

However, the quantum mereotopology approach is not restricted only to physics. For example, in a manpower management ontology, a 'Quantum' can stand for an hour (time) of a worker (space) activity.

Comment: A 'Quantum' is the most fundamental subclass of 'Item', since its individuals stand for the smallest possible self-connected 4D real world objects.

The quantum concept recalls the fact that there is lower epistemological limit to our knowledge of the universe, related to the uncertainty principle.

Comment: A 'Quantum' stands for a 4D real world object.

Comment: A quantum is the EMMO mereological 4D a-tomic entity.

To avoid confusion with the concept of atom coming from physics, we will use the expression quantum mereology, instead of a-tomistic mereology.

Comment: From Latin quantum (plural quanta) "as much as, so much as;", introduced in physics directly from Latin by Max Planck, 1900.

Relations:

- is a Item
- is_a EMMO
- hasProperPart only owl:Nothing
- disjoint_with Semiosis, System, Reductionistic, Manufacturing, PhysicsBasedModel, Collection, Interpreter

EMMO

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology#EMMO_802d3e92_8770_4f98_a289_ccaaab7fdddf

Elucidation: The class representing the collection of all the individuals declared in this ontology standing for real world objects.

Comment: 'EMMO' is the disjoint union of 'Item' and 'Collection' (covering axiom).

The union implies that 'EMMO' individuals can only be 'Item' individuals (standing for self-connected real world objects) or 'Collection' individuals (standing for a collection of disconnected items).

Disjointness means that a 'Collection' individual cannot be an 'Item' individual and viceversa, representing the fact that a real world object cannot be self-connected and non-self connected at the same time.

Comment: For the EMMO ontologist the whole universe is represented as a 4D path-connected topological manifold (i.e. the spacetime).

A real world object is then a 4D topological sub-region of the universe.

A universe sub-region is isolated and defined as a real world object by the ontologist. Then, through a semiotic process that occurs at meta-ontological level (i.e. outside the ontology). an EMMO ontology entity (e.g. an OWL individual) is assigned to represent that real world object.

The fundamental distinction between real world objects, upon which the EMMO is based, is self-connectedness: a real world object can be self-connected xor not self-connected.

Comment: In the EMMO we will refer to the universe as a Minkowski space, restricting the ontology to special relativity only. However, exension to general relativity, will adding more complexity, should not change the overall approach.

Comment: Mereotopology is the fundamental logical representation used by the EMMO ontologist to characterize the universe and to provide the definitions to connect real world objects to the EMMO concepts.

Parthood relations do not change dimensionality of the real world object referred by an 'EMMO' individual, i.e. every part of a real world object always retains its 4D dimensionality.

The smallest part of a real world object (i.e. a part that has no proper parts) is referred in the EMMO by a 'Quantum' individual.

It follows that, for the EMMO, real world objects of dimensionality lower than 4D (e.g. surfaces, lines) do not exist.

Relations:

- is a owl:Thing
- hasPart some Quantum
- equivalent to Inverse(hasPart) value Universe
- disjoint_with
- disjoint_union_of Collection, Item

Void

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/physical#EMMO_29072ec4_ffcb_42fb_bdc7_26f05a2e9873

Elucidation: A 'Item' that has no 'Physical' parts.

Comment: From Latin vacuus, "empty".

Relations:

- is a Item
- hasPart only Void
- disjoint with Collection, Physical

Item

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology#EMMO_eb3a768e_d53e_4be9_a23b_0714833c36de

Comment: A real world object is self-connected if any two parts that make up the whole are connected to each other (here the concept of connection is primitive).

Alternatively, using the primitive path-connectivity concept we can define a self-connected real world object as an object for which each couple of points is path-connected.

Comment: An 'Item' individual stands for a real world self-connected object which can be represented as a whole made of connected parts (e.g. a car made of components).

In the EMMO, connectivity is the topological foundation of causality.

All physical systems, i.e. systems whose behaviour is explained by physics laws, are represented only by 'Item'-s.

Members of a 'Collection' lack of causality connection, i.e. they do not constitute a physical system as a whole.

Comment: From Latin item, "likewise, just so, moreover".

Relations:

- is_a EMMO
- disjoint_with Collection
- disjoint_union_of Void, Physical

Collection

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_2d2ecd97_067f_4d0e_950c_d746b7700a31$

Elucidation: The class of all individuals that stand for a real world not self-connected object.

Comment: A 'Collection' individual stands for a non-self-connected real world object.

A 'Collection' individual is related to each 'Item' individuals of the collection (i.e. the members) through the membership relation.

An 'Item' individual stands for a real world self-connected object which can be represented as a whole made of connected parts (e.g. a car made of components).

Comment: Formally, 'Collection' is axiomatized as the class of individuals that has Member some 'Item'.

A 'Collection' cannot have as member another 'Collection'.

Comment: From Latin collectio, from colligere 'gather together'.

Comment: e.g. the collection of users of a particular software, the collection of atoms that have been part of that just dissociated molecule, or even the collection of atoms that are part of a molecule considered as single individual non-connected objects and not as a mereotopological self-connected fusion.

Relations:

- is a EMMO
- hasMember some Item
- disjoint with Item

Physical

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/physical#EMMO_c5ddfdba_c074_4aa4_ad6b_1ac4942d300d

Elucidation: A 'Item' that has part some 'Elementary' and whose temporal proper parts are only 'Physical'-s (i.e. it can be perceived without interruptions in time).

Comment: A 'Physical' is the class that contains all the individuals that stand for real world objects that interact physically with the ontologist, i.e. physical objects.

A physical object must be perceived through physical interaction by the ontologist. Then the ontologist can declare an individual standing for the physical object just perceived.

Perception is a subcategory of physical interactions. It is an interaction that stimulate a representation of the physical object within the ontologist (the agent).

Comment: A 'Physical' must include at least an 'Elementary' part, and can include 'Void' parts.

A 'Physical' may include as part also the 'Void' surrounding or enclosed by its 'Physical' sub parts.

There are no particular criteria for 'Physical'-s structure, except that is made of some 'Elementary'-s as proper parts and not only 'Void'.

This is done in order to take into account the quantum nature of physical systems, in which the actual position of sub-components (e.g. electrons in an atom) is not known except for its probability distribution function (according to the Copenhagen interpretation.)

e.g. a real world object that has spatial parts an atom and a cubic light year of void, extending for some time, can be a physical object.

Comment: A 'Physical' with dimensions other than 4D cannot exist, following the restriction of the parent 'EMMO' class.

It follows from the fact that perception is always unfolding in time.

e.g. you always have an aperture time when you take a picture or measure a property. Instantaneous perceptions are idealizations (abstractions) or a very small time measurement.

Comment: From Latin physica "study of nature" (and Ancient Greek φυσικός, "natural").

Here the word relates to things perceived through the senses as opposed to the mind; tangible or concrete.

Comment: In the EMMO there are no relations such as occupiesSpace, since 'Physical'-s are themselves the 4D regions.

Comment: The EMMO can be used to represent real world entities as 'Physical'-s that are easy to connect to classical or quantum mechanical based models.

Classical mechanics poses no representational issues, for the EMMO: the 4D representation of 'Physical'-s is consistent with classical physics systems.

However, the representation of 'Physical'-s that are typically analized through quantum mechanics (e.g. molecules, atoms, clusters), is not straightforward.

1) De Broglie - Bohm interpretation The most simple approach is to rely on Bohmian mechanics, in which each particle is supposed to exists in a specific position between measurements (hidden variables approach), while its trajectory is calculated using a Guiding Equation based on a quantum field calculated with the Schroedinger Equation.

While this approach is really easy to implement in an ontology, since each entity has its own well defined 4D region, its mathematical representation failed to receive large consensus due to the difficulties to include relativistic effects, to be extended to subnuclear scale and the strong non-locality assumtpion of the quantum field.

Nevertheless, the Bohmian mechanics is a numerical approach that is used in electronic models to reduce the computational effort of the solution of Schroedinger Equation.

In practice, an EMMO user can declare a 'physical' individual that stand for the whole quantum system to be described, and at the same time all sub-parts individuals can be declared, having them a well defined position in time, according to De Broglie - Bohm interpretation. The Hamiltonian can be calculated by considering the sub-part individuals.

'physical'-s are then made of 'physical' parts and 'void' parts that stand for the space between 'physical'-s (e.g. the void between electrons and nucleus in an atom).

2) Copenhagen interpretation In this interpretation the properties (e.g. energy level, position, spin) of a particle are not defined in the interval between two measurements and the quantum system is entangled (i.e. properties of particles in the sysyem are correlated) and described by a global wavefunction obtained solving the Schroedinger Equation.

Upon measurement, the wavefunction collapses to a combination of close eigenstates that provide information about bservables of the system components (e.g. position, energy).

The EMMO can be used to represent 'physical'-s that can be related to Copenhagen based models. In practice, the user should follow these steps:

- a) define the quantum system as a 'physical' individual (e.g. an H2 molecule) under a specific class (e.g. 'h2_molecule'). This individual is the whole.
- b) define the axioms of the class that describe how many sub-parts are expected for the whole and their class types (e.g. 'h2_molecule' has axioms 'has_proper_part exactly 2 electron' and 'has_proper_part exactly 2 nucleus)
- c) the user can now connect the whole to a Schroedinger equation based model whose Hamiltonian is calculated trough the information coming only from the axioms. No individuals are declared for the subparts!
- d) a measurement done on the quantum system that provides information on the sub-part observables is interpreted as wavefunction collapse and leads to the end of the whole and the declaration of the subparts individuals which can be themselves other quantum systems

e.g. if the outer electron of the H2 molecule interacts with another entity defining its state, then the whole that stands for the entangled H2 molecule becomes a 'physical' made of an electron individual, a quantum system made of one electron and two nuclei and the void between them.

e.g. in the Born-Oppenheimer approximation the user represent the atom by un-entangling nucleus and electronic cloud. The un-entanglement comes in the form of declaration of individual as parts.

e.g. the double slit experiment can be represent in the EMMO as: a) before the slit: a 'physical' that extend in space and has parts 'electron' and 'void', called 'single_electron_wave_function'. 'electron' and 'void' are only in the axioms and not decalred individuals. b) during slit passage: a 'physical' made of one declared individual, the 'electron'. c) after the slit: again 'single_electron_wave_function' d) upon collision with the detector: 'physical' made of one declared individual, the 'electron'.

Comment: The purpose of the 'Physical' branch is to provide a representation of the real world objects, while the models used to name, explain or predict the behaviour of the real world objects lay under the 'Semiotic' branch.

More than one semiotic representation can be connected to the same 'Physical'.

e.g. Navier-Stokes or Euler equation applied to the same fluid are an example of mathematical model used to represent a physical object for some specific interpreter.

- is_a Item
- hasPart some Elementary
- hasTemporalPart only Physical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Individuals:

• Universe

Elementary branch

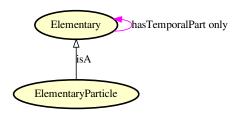


Figure 3.2: Elementary branch.

Elementary

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/physical#EMMO 0f795e3e c602 4577 9a43 d5a231aa1360

Elucidation: The basic constituent of 'item'-s that can be proper partitioned only in time up to quantum level.

Comment: According to mereology, this should be call 'a-tomistic' in the strict etimological sense of the word (from greek, a-tomos: un-divisible).

Mereology based on such items is called atomistic mereology.

However, in order not to confuse the lexicon between mereology and physics (in which an atom is a divisible physical entity) we prefer to call it 'elementary', recalling the concept of elementary particle coming from the standard particles model.

 $\textbf{Comment:} \ \ \text{From Latin elementarius ("elementary"), from elementum ("one of the four elements of antiquity; fundamentals")}$

Comment: While a 'Quantum' is a-tomistic in time and space, an 'elementary' is a-tomistic only in space, recalling the concept of elementary particle.

Relations:

- is a Physical
- hasTemporalPart only Elementary
- hasSpatialPart only owl:Nothing
- disjoint_with Interpreter, System, Reductionistic, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

Perspective branch

Perspective

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top#EMMO_49267eba_5548_4163_8f36_518d65b583f9

Elucidation: The class of individuals that stand for real world objects according to a specific representational perspective.

Comment: This class is the practical implementation of the EMMO pluralistic approach for which that only objective categorization is provide by the Universe individual and all the 'Elementary' individuals.

Between these two extremes, there are several subjective ways to categorize real world objects, each one provide under a 'Perspective' subclass.

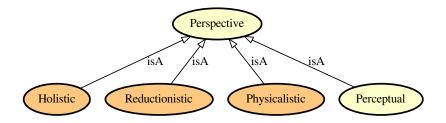


Figure 3.3: Perspective branch.

Relations:

- is a Physical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Holistic branch

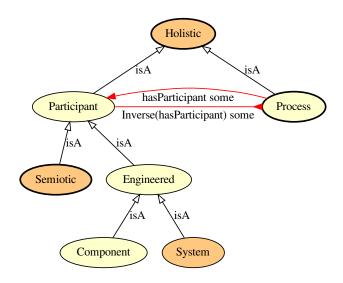


Figure 3.4: Holistic branch.

Holistic

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/holistic} \# EMMO_0277f24a_ea7f_4917_81b7_fb0406c8fc62$

Elucidation: A union of classes that categorize physicals under a holistic perspective, meaning that the interest is on the whole 4D object (process) and the role of its spatial parts (participants) without going further into its subparts.

Comment: An holistic perspective considers each part of the whole as equally important, without the need of a granularity hierarchy, assigning a role to the whole.

Meaning that a molecule of a body can have role in the body evolution, without caring if its part of a specific organ.

This class allows the picking of parts without necessarily going trough a rigid hierarchy of compositions (e.g. body -> organ -> cell -> molecule).

Comment: Holism (from Greek όλος holos "all, whole, entire")

Relations:

- is_a Perspective
- equivalent_to Process or Participant
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Component

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/manufacturing#EMMO 494b372c cfdf 47d3 a4de 5e037c540de8

Relations:

- is_a Engineered
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Participant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/holistic#EMMO_49804605_c0fe_4538_abda_f70ba1dc8a5d

Elucidation: A portion of a 'Process' that participates to the process with a specific role.

Comment: In the EMMO the relation of participation to a process falls under mereotopology.

Since topological connection means causality, then the only way for a real world object to participate to a process is to be a part of it.

Relations:

- is a Holistic
- is a Physical
- Inverse(hasParticipant) some Process
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

System

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/manufacturing#EMMO_e775e341_5687_4d45_b50c_379b098a8c26

Relations:

- is_a Engineered
- equivalent to hasSpatialPart some Component
- disjoint with Elementary, Collection, Quantum, Void

Engineered

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/manufacturing#EMMO_86ca9b93_1183_4b65_81b8_c0fcd3bba5ad

Elucidation: A 'physical' that stands for a real world object that has been manufactured for a particular purpose.

Example: Car, tire, composite material.

Comment: The 'Engineered' branch represents real world objects that show some level of complexity/heterogeneity in their composition, and are made for a specific use.

- is_a Participant
- Inverse(hasProperParticipant) some Manufacturing
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Semiotic branch

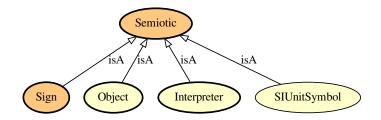


Figure 3.5: Semiotic branch.

SIUnitSymbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_32129fb5_df25_48fd_a29c_18a2f22a2dd5

Relations:

- is_a SICoherentUnit
- is a UnitSymbol
- is_a Semiotic
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta
- disjoint union of SIBaseUnit, SISpecialUnit

Semiotic

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics#EMMO_b803f122_4acb_4064_9d71_c1e5fd091fc9

Elucidation: The class of individuals that stands for semiotic objects, i.e. objects that take part on a semiotic process.

Comment: Semiotic subclasse are defined using Peirce's semiotic theory.

"Namely, a sign is something, A, which brings something, B, its interpretant sign determined or created by it, into the same sort of correspondence with something, C, its object, as that in which itself stands to C." (Peirce 1902, NEM 4, 20–21).

The triadic elements: - 'sign': the sign A (e.g. a name) - 'interpretant': the sign B as the effects of the sign A on the interpreter (e.g. the mental concept of what a name means) - 'object': the object C (e.g. the entity to which the sign A and B refer to)

This class includes also the 'interpeter' i.e. the entity that connects the 'sign' to the 'object'

- $\bullet\,\,$ is_a Participant
- Inverse(hasProperParticipant) some Semiosis
- equivalent_to Interpreter or Object or Sign
- ullet disjoint_with Collection, Void

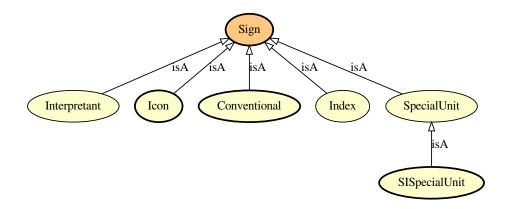


Figure 3.6: Sign branch.

Sign branch

SpecialUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_3ee80521_3c23_4dd1_935d_9d522614a3e2 }$

Elucidation: A unit symbol that stands for a derived unit.

Example: Pa stands for N/m2 J stands for N m

Comment: Special units are semiotic shortcuts to more complex composed symbolic objects.

Relations:

- is_a UnitSymbol
- is_a Sign
- Inverse(hasSign) some DerivedUnit
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, BaseUnit, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

Sign

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics#EMMO_b21a56ed_f969_4612_a6ec_cb7766f7f31d

Elucidation: An 'Physical' that is used as sign ("semeion" in greek) that stands for another 'Physical' through an semiotic process.

Example: A novel is made of chapters, paragraphs, sentences, words and characters (in a direct parthood mereological hierarchy).

Each of them are 'sign'-s.

A character can be the a-tomistic 'sign' for the class of texts.

The horizontal segment in the character "A" is direct part of "A" but it is not a 'sign' itself.

For plain text we can propose the ASCII symbols, for math the fundamental math symbols.

Comment: A 'Sign' can have temporal-direct-parts which are 'Sign' themselves.

A 'Sign' usually have 'sign' spatial direct parts only up to a certain elementary semiotic level, in which the part is only a 'Physical' and no more a 'Sign' (i.e. it stands for nothing). This elementary semiotic level is peculiar to each particular system of signs (e.g. text, painting).

Just like an 'Elementary' in the 'Physical' branch, each 'Sign' branch should have an a-tomistic mereological part.

Comment: According to Peirce, 'Sign' includes three subcategories: - symbols: that stand for an object through convention - indeces: that stand for an object due to causal continguity - icon: that stand for an object due to similitudes e.g. in shape or composition

Relations:

- is a Semiotic
- equivalent_to Index or Conventional or Icon
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Interpretant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics#EMMO_054af807_85cd_4a13_8eba_119dfdaaf38b

Relations:

- is a Sign
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Index

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics} \\ \# EMMO_0cd58641_824c_4851_907f_f4c3be76630c$

Elucidation: A 'Sign' that stands for an 'Object' due to causal continguity.

Example: Smoke stands for a combustion process (a fire). My facial expression stands for my emotional status.

Relations:

- is a Sign
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Interpreter branch

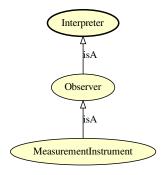


Figure 3.7: Interpreter branch.

MeasurementInstrument

- is a Observer
- disjoint_with Elementary, Collection, Quantum, Void

Interpreter

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics\#EMMO_0527413c_b286_4e9c_b2d0_03fb2a038dee}$

Elucidation: The entity (or agent, or observer, or cognitive entity) who connects 'Sign', 'Interpretant' and 'Object'.

Relations:

- is a Semiotic
- hasSpatialPart some Interpretant
- disjoint_with Elementary, Collection, Quantum, Void

Observer

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO 1b52ee70 121e 4d8d 8419 3f97cd0bd89c

Elucidation: An 'interpreter' that perceives another 'entity' (the 'object') through a specific perception mechanism and produces a 'property' (the 'sign') that stands for the result of that particular perception.

Relations:

- is a Interpreter
- Inverse(hasParticipant) some Observation
- disjoint_with Elementary, Collection, Quantum, Void

Object branch

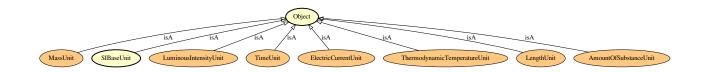


Figure 3.8: Object branch.

MassUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_8d9caab6_452d_420a_9d21_11baae773bf9

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- $\bullet \ \ Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) \ only \ Mass$
- equivalent to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M+1 I0 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Object

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics#EMMO_6f5af708_f825_4feb_a0d1_a8d813d3022b

Elucidation: The object, in Peirce semiotics.

Comment: Here is assumed that the concept of 'object' is always relative to a 'semiotic' process. An 'object' does not exists per se, but it's always part of an interpretation.

The EMMO relies on strong reductionism, i.e. everything real is a formless collection of elementary particles: we give a meaning to real world entities only by giving them boundaries and defining them using 'sign'-s.

In this way the 'sign'-ed entity become and 'object', and the 'object' is the basic entity needed in order to apply a logical formalism to the real world entities (i.e. we can speak of it through its sign, and use logics on it through its sign).

Relations:

- is a Semiotic
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Kilogram

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_9bfd6f1e_b0ce_459c_beb7_8f1f41708bba

Definition: The kilogram, symbol kg, is the SI unit of mass. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the Planck constant h to be $6.62607015 \times 10 - 34$ when expressed in the unit J s, which is equal to kg m² s-1, where the metre and the second are defined in terms of c and $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03391

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/KiloGM Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/KiloGM

Relations:

• is a MassUnit

- is_a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "kg"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Mole, Second, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Void

Second

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 314ba716 2d3d 4462 9a4f d3419ae1df43

Definition: The second, symbol s, is the SI unit of time. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the caesium frequency $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$, the unperturbed ground-state hyperfine transition frequency of the caesium 133 atom, to be 9192631770 when expressed in the unit Hz, which is equal to s-1.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05513

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SEC

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SEC

Relations:

- is a TimeUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "s"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Mole, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, Physics-BasedModel, Void

Kelvin

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_2e5e45fc_f52c_4294_bdc2_5ed7a06dfce7

Definition: The kelvin, symbol K, is the SI unit of thermodynamic temperature. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the Boltzmann constant k to be $1.380649 \times 10-23$ when expressed in the unit J K-1, which is equal to kg m² s-2 K-1, where the kilogram, metre and second are defined in terms of h, c and $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03374

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/K

Relations:

- is_a ThermodynamicTemperatureUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "K"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Mole, Second, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Void

Ampere

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_db5dd38d_ac79_4af6_8782_fee7e7150ae8$

Definition: The ampere, symbol A, is the SI unit of electric current. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the elementary charge e to be $1.602176634 \times 10 - 19$ when expressed in the unit C, which is equal to A s, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00300

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/A

Relations:

- \bullet is_a ElectricCurrentUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- is_a LatinCapitalLetterA
- hasSymbolData value "A"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Mole, Second, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, SpecialUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Void

Candela

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_8d00f093_3f45_4ea3_986c_b3545c3c2f4c

Definition: The candela, symbol cd, is the SI unit of luminous intensity in a given direction. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the luminous efficacy of monochromatic radiation of frequency 540×1012 Hz, Kcd, to be 683 when expressed in the unit lm W-1, which is equal to cd sr W-1, or cd sr kg-1 m-2 s3, where the kilogram, metre and second are defined in terms of h, c and $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C00787

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/CD

Relations:

- \bullet is_a LuminousIntensityUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "cd"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Mole, Second, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, Physics-BasedModel, Void

TimeUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO d69cb991 73c2 4381 bb92 982d702f624e

Relations:

• is a KindOfUnit

- is a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Time
- equivalent to has Physics Dimension some has Symbol Data value "T+1 L0 M0 I0 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

LuminousIntensityUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_b120c538_6320_470c_b9bd_c8d088694973

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- is a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only LuminousIntensity
- equivalent_to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M0 I0 H0 N0 J+1"
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

ElectricCurrentUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_24e3e31f_f233_4685_a19c_6f3ce0a3c477

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- is a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ElectricCurrent
- equivalent to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M0 I+1 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Metre

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_7 \\ \text{db11dbf} _a643_464a_9b56_07 \\ \text{eabcc3e9c5}$

Definition: The metre, symbol m, is the SI unit of length. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the speed of light in vacuum c to be 299792458 when expressed in the unit m s-1, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03884

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/M Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/M

Relations:

- is_a LengthUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- is a LatinSmallLetterM
- hasSymbolData value "m"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, Kilogram, Mole, Centi, Second, Candela, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

ThermodynamicTemperatureUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_f460af7c_9134_4b2f_8450_d54918a08f34

- is a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ThermodynamicTemperature

- equivalent to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M0 I0 H+1 N0 J0"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

LengthUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_0fa49646_0fe0_4253_999c_bb834019844f

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- is a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Length
- equivalent to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L+1 M0 I0 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

AmountOfSubstanceUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_32fb2db4_94f4_49b8_a374_ee5aa28a113e

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only AmountOfSubstance
- equivalent to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M0 I0 H0 N+1 J0"
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Mole

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_df6eeb01_1b41_4bd8_9257_a04fbd7cf000

Definition: The mole, symbol mol, is the SI unit of amount of substance. One mole contains exactly 6.022 140 76×1023 elementary entities. This number is the fixed numerical value of the Avogadro constant, NA, when expressed in the unit mol-1 and is called the Avogadro number. The amount of substance, symbol n, of a system is a measure of the number of specified elementary entities. An elementary entity may be an atom, a molecule, an ion, an electron, any other particle or specified group of particles.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03980

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/MOL Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/MOL

Relations:

- is a AmountOfSubstanceUnit
- \bullet is_a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "mol"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Second, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, Physics-BasedModel, Void

Conventional branch

Constant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO ae15fb4f 8e4d 41de a0f9 3997f89ba6a2

Elucidation: A 'varaible' that stand for a well known constant.

Example: π refers to the constant number ~3.14

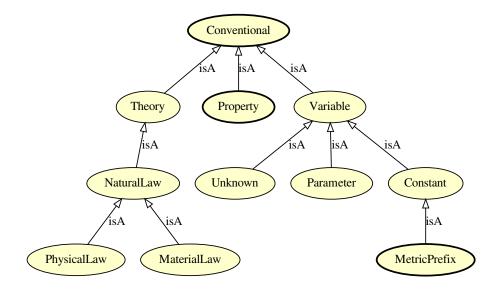


Figure 3.9: Conventional branch.

Relations:

- is a Variable
- Inverse(hasVariable) only Numerical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

PhysicalLaw

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_9c32fd69_f480_4130_83b3_fb25d9face14

Relations:

- $\bullet \;\; is_a \; Natural Law$
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Variable

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_1eed0732_e3f1_4b2c_a9c4_b4e75eeb5895$

Elucidation: A 'Variable' is a symbolic object that stands for a numerical defined 'Mathematical' object like e.g. a number, a vector, a matrix.

Example: x k

Relations:

- is a Mathematical
- is_a Conventional
- Inverse(hasVariable) some Mathematical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Unknown

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_fe7e56ce_118b_4243_9aad_20eb9f4f31f6}$

Elucidation: The dependent variable for which an equation has been written.

Example: Velocity, for the Navier-Stokes equation.

Relations:

- is a Variable
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

NaturalLaw

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO db9a009e f097 43f5 9520 6cbc07e7610b

Relations:

- is a Theory
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Conventional

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics} \# EMMO_35d2e130_6e01_41ed_94f7_00b333d46cf9$

Elucidation: A 'Sign' that stands for an 'Object' through convention, norm or habit, without any resemblance to it.

Comment: In Peirce semiotics this kind of sign category is called symbol. However, since symbol is also used in formal languages, the name is changed in conventional.

Relations:

- is_a Sign
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Parameter

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_d1d436e7_72fc_49cd_863b_7bfb4ba5276a}$

Example: viscosity in the Navier-Stokes equation

Comment: A 'variable' whose value is assumed to be known independently from the equation, but whose value is not explicitated in the equation.

Relations:

- is a Variable
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Theory

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models} \\ \# EMMO_8d2d9374_ef3a_47e6_8595_6bc208e07519$

Elucidation: A 'conventional' that stand for a 'physical'.

Comment: The 'theory' is e.g. a proposition, a book or a paper whose sub-symbols suggest in the mind of the interpreter an interpretant structure that can represent a 'physical'.

It is not an 'icon' (like a math equation), because it has no common resemblance or logical structure with the 'physical'.

In Peirce semiotics: legisign-symbol-argument

- is_a Conventional
- disjoint with Collection, Void

MaterialLaw

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_f19ff3b4_6bfe_4c41_a2b2_9affd39c140b

Relations:

- is a NaturalLaw
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Property branch

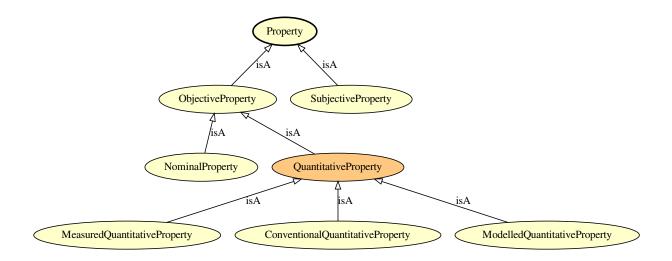


Figure 3.10: Property branch.

NominalProperty

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO_909415d1_7c43_4d5e_bbeb_7e1910159f66

Elucidation: An 'ObjectiveProperty' that cannot be quantified.

Example: CFC is a 'sign' that stands for the fact that the morphology of atoms composing the microstructure of an entity is predominantly Cubic Face Centered

Comment: "Property of a phenomenon, body, or substance, where the property has no magnitude."

"A nominal property has a value, which can be expressed in words, by alphanumerical codes, or by other means."

International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

Relations:

- is_a ObjectiveProperty
- disjoint_with Collection, Void, SubjectiveProperty

SubjectiveProperty

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO_251cfb4f_5c75_4778_91ed_6c8395212fd8

Elucidation: A 'Property' that cannot be univocally determined and depends on an agent (e.g. a human individual, a community) acting as black-box.

Example: The beauty of that girl. The style of your clothing.

Comment: The word subjective means that a non-well defined or an unknown procedure is used for the definition of the property.

This happens due to e.g. the complexity of the object, the lack of a underlying model for the representation of the object, the non-well specified meaning of the property symbols.

A 'SubjectiveProperty' cannot be used to univocally compare 'Object'-s.

e.g. you cannot evaluate the beauty of a person on objective basis.

Relations:

- is a Property
- disjoint_with ObjectiveProperty, Collection, Void

MeasuredQuantitativeProperty

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO 873b0ab3 88e6 4054 b901 5531e01f14a4

Relations:

- is a QuantitativeProperty
- disjoint with Elementary, Subjective Property, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

QuantitativeProperty

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO_dd4a7f3e_ef56_466c_ac1a_d2716b5f87ec

Elucidation: A 'Quantity' that can be quantified with respect to a standardized reference physical instance (e.g. the prototype meter bar, the kg prototype) or method (e.g. resilience) through a measurement process.

Comment: "A property of a phenomenon, body, or substance, where the property has a magnitude that can be expressed by means of a number and a reference" ISO 80000-1

"A reference can be a measurement unit, a measurement procedure, a reference material, or a combination of such." International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

Comment: A quantitative property is always expressed as a quantity (i.e. a number and a reference unit). For the EMMO, a nominalistic ontology, there is no property as abstract object.

A property is a sign that stands for an object according to a specific code shared by some observers.

For quantititative properties, one possible code that is shared between the scientific community (the observers) is the SI system of units.

Comment: Subclasses of 'QuantitativeProperty' classify objects according to the type semiosis that is used to connect the property to the object (e.g. by measurement, by convention, by modelling).

Relations:

- is a ObjectiveProperty
- is a Quantity
- $\bullet \ \ equivalent_to \ \ Measured Quantitative Property \ \ or \ \ Modelled Quantitative Property \ \ or \ \ Conventional Quantitative Property \ \ \ or \ \ Conventional Quantitative Property \ \ \ or \ \ Conventional Quantitative Property \ \ \ or \ \ Conventional Quantitative Property \ \ \ or \ or \ \ or \$
- disjoint_with Elementary, SubjectiveProperty, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ObjectiveProperty

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO_2a888cdf_ec4a_4ec5_af1c_0343372fc978

Elucidation: A 'Property' that is determined by each 'Observer' following a well defined 'Observation' procedure through a specific perception channel.

Comment: The word objective does not mean that each observation will provide the same results. It means that the observation followed a well defined procedure.

Comment: This class refers to what is commonly known as physical property, i.e. a measurable property of physical system, whether is quantifiable or not.

Relations:

- is a Property
- disjoint_with Collection, Void, SubjectiveProperty

ConventionalQuantitativeProperty

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO d8aa8e1f b650 416d 88a0 5118de945456

Elucidation: A quantitative property attributed by agreement to a quantity for a given purpose.

Example: The thermal conductivity of a copper sample in my laboratory can be assumed to be the conductivity that appears in the vendor specification. This value has been obtained by measurement of a sample which is not the one I have in my laboratory. This conductivity value is then a conventional quantitative property assigned to my sample through a semiotic process in which no actual measurement is done by my laboratory.

If I don't believe the vendor, then I can measure the actual thermal conductivity. I then perform a measurement process that semiotically assign another value for the conductivity, which is a measured property, since is part of a measurement process.

Then I have two different physical quantities that are properties thanks to two different semiotic processes.

Comment: A property that is associated to an object by convention, or assumption.

Relations:

- is_a QuantitativeProperty
- disjoint_with Elementary, SubjectiveProperty, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ModelledQuantitativeProperty

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties\#EMMO_d0200cf1_e4f4_45ae_873f_b9359daea3cd} \\$

Relations:

- is_a QuantitativeProperty
- disjoint with Elementary, Subjective Property, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Property

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO b7bcff25 ffc3 474e 9ab5 01b1664bd4ba

Elucidation: A 'Perceptual' referring to a specific code that is used as 'Conventional' sign to represent an 'Object' according to a specific interaction mechanism by an 'Observer'.

(A property is always a partial representation of an 'Object' since it reflects the 'Object' capability to be part of a specific 'Observation' process)

Example: Hardness is a subclass of properties.

Vickers hardness is a subclass of hardness that involves the procedures and instruments defined by the standard hardness test.

Example: Let's define the class 'colour' as the subclass of the properties that involve photon emission and an electromagnetic radiation sensible observer.

An individual C of this class 'colour' can be defined be declaring the process individual (e.g. daylight illumination) and the observer (e.g. my eyes)

Stating that an entity E has_property C, we mean that it can be observed by such setup of process + observer (i.e. observed by my eyes under daylight).

This definition can be generalized by using a generic human eye, so that the observer can be a generic human.

This can be used in material characterization, to define exactly the type of measurement done, including the instrument type.

Comment: A 'Property' is a sort of name or label that we put upon objects that interact with an observer in the same specific way.

e.g. "hot" objects are objects that interact with an observer through a perception mechanism aimed to perceive an heat source.

Comment: We know real world entities through observation/perception.

A non-perceivable real world entity does not exist (or it exists on a plane of existance that has no intersection with us and we can say nothing about it).

Perception/observation of a real wolrd entity occurs when the entity stimulate an observer in a peculiar way through a well defined perception channel.

For this reason each property is related to a specific observation process which involves a specific observer with its own perception mechanisms.

The observation process (e.g. a look, a photo shot, a measurement) is performed by an observer (e.g. you, a camera, an instrument) through a specific perception mechanism (e.g. retina impression, CMOS excitation, piezoelectric sensor activation) and involves an observed entity.

An observation is a semiotic process, since it stimulate an interpretant within the interpreter who can communicate the perception result to other interpreters through a sign which is the property.

Property subclasses are specializations that depend on the type of observation processes.

e.g. the property 'colour' is related to a process that involves emission or interaction of photon and an observer who can perceive electromagnetic radiation in the visible frequency range.

Properties usually relies on symbolic systems (e.g. for colour it can be palette or RGB).

Relations:

- is_a Perceptual
- is a Conventional
- Inverse(hasParticipant) some Observation
- Inverse(hasProperty) some Object
- disjoint with Collection, Void
- disjoint_union_of SubjectiveProperty, ObjectiveProperty

Icon branch

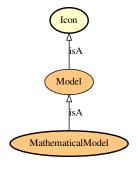


Figure 3.11: Icon branch.

Icon

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics} \# EMMO_d7788d1a_020d_4c78_85a1_13563fcec168$

Elucidation: A 'Sign' that stands for an 'Object' by resembling or imitating it, in shape or by sharing a similar logical structure.

Example: A picture that reproduces the aspect of a person.

An equation that reproduces the logical connection of the properties of a physical entity.

Comment: Three subtypes of icon are possible:

- (a) the image, which depends on a simple quality (e.g. picture)
- (b) the diagram, whose internal relations, mainly dyadic or so taken, represent by analogy the relations in something (e.g. math formula, geometric flowchart)
- (c) the metaphor, which represents the representative character of a sign by representing a parallelism in something else

[Wikipedia]

Relations:

- is a Sign
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Model

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_939483b1_0148_43d1_8b35_851d2cd5d939

Elucidation: A 'sign' that not only stands for a 'physical' or a 'process', but it is also a simplified representation, aimed to assist calculations for its description or for predictions of its behaviour.

A 'model' represents a 'physical' or a 'process' by direct similitude (e.g. small scale replica) or by capturing in a logical framework the relations between its properties (e.g. mathematical model).

Comment: A 'model' prediction is always a prediction of the properties of an entity, since an entity is known by an interpreter only through perception.

Relations:

- is_a Icon
- equivalent to Inverse(hasModel) some Physical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Process branch

Semiosis

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics#EMMO 008fd3b2 4013 451f 8827 52bceab11841

Elucidation: A 'Process', that has participant an 'Interpreter', that is aimed to produce a 'Sign' representing another participant, the 'Object'.

Example: Me looking a cat and saying loud: "Cat!" -> the semiosis process

me -> interpreter cat -> object (in Peirce semiotics) the cat perceived by my mind -> interpretant "Cat!" -> sign, the produced sign

- is_a Process
- hasProperParticipant some Interpreter
- hasProperParticipant some Object
- hasProperParticipant some Sign
- disjoint_with Collection, Quantum, Void

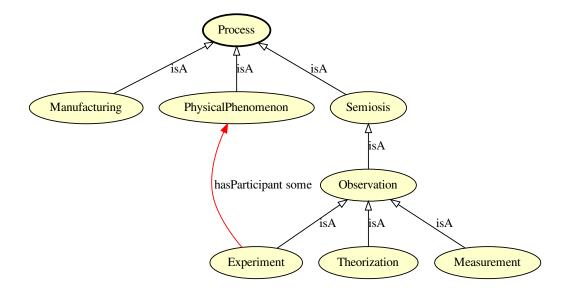


Figure 3.12: Process branch.

Process

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/holistic} \# EMMO_43e9a05d_98af_41b4_92f6_00f79a09bfce$

Elucidation: A temporal part of a 'physical' that identifies a particular type of evolution in time.

Comment: A 'Process' is always a 'Physical', since a 'Void' does not have elements that evolves in time.

Comment: A 'Process' is defined as a temporal part of a 'Physical' that is categorized according to an EMMO user that recognizes a particular type of evolution in time of the real world object.

Following the common definition of process, every 'Physical' should be a process, since every 4D object always has a time dimension.

However, in the EMMO we restrict the meaning of the word process to 'Physical'-s whose evolution in time have a particular meaning for the ontologist.

A 'Process' is not only something that unfolds in time (which is automatically represented in a 4D ontology), but something that has a meaning for the ontologist, i.e. that the ontologist can separate from the rest of the 4D physical for any reason.

Relations:

- is a Holistic
- is a Physical
- hasParticipant some Participant
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Manufacturing

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/manufacturing#EMMO_a4d66059_5dd3_4b90_b4cb_10960559441b

- is_a Process
- hasProperParticipant some Engineered
- disjoint with Collection, Quantum, Void

Theorization

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models\#EMMO_6c739b1a_a774_4416_bb31_1961486fa9ed}$

Elucidation: The 'semiosis' process of interpreting a 'physical' and provide a complex sign, 'theory' that stands for it and explain it to another interpreter.

Relations:

- is a Observation
- disjoint_with Collection, Quantum, Void

PhysicalPhenomenon

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_314d0bd5_67ed_437e_a609_36d46147cea7

Elucidation: A 'process' that is recognized by physical sciences and is catogrized accordingly.

Comment: While every 'process' in the EMMO involves physical objects, this class is devoted to represent real world objects that express a phenomena relevant for the ontologist.

Relations:

- is a Process
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Experiment

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_22522299_4091_4d1f_82a2_3890492df6db

Elucidation: An experiment is a process that is intended to replicate a physical phenomenon in a controlled environment.

Relations:

- is_a Observation
- hasParticipant some PhysicalPhenomenon
- disjoint with Collection, Quantum, Void

Measurement

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO_463bcfda_867b_41d9_a967_211d4d437cfb

Elucidation: An 'observation' that results in a quantitative comparison of a 'property' of an 'object' with a standard reference.

Relations:

- is_a Observation
- hasParticipant some MeasurementInstrument
- disjoint_with Collection, Quantum, Void

Observation

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO_10a5fd39_06aa_4648_9e70_f962a9cb2069

Elucidation: A 'Semiosis' that involves an 'Observer' that perceives another 'Physical' (the 'Object') through a specific perception mechanism and produces a 'Property' (the 'Sign') that stands for the result of that particular perception.

- is a Semiosis
- hasParticipant some Observer
- hasParticipant some Property

• disjoint_with Collection, Quantum, Void

Perceptual branch

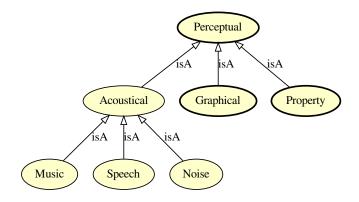


Figure 3.13: Perceptual branch.

Music

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_0d69f94a_f4fa_49d9_bf90_ace770eeab02

Elucidation: A 'acoustical' that can be categorized as music by the ontologist.

Comment: A music score is not a 'music' individual.

A music score is a 'graphical' that can stand for a 'music' (or vice versa) since it comes through a different perception mechanism.

The 'music' individual is the sound itself as produced and delivered by a source in the form of sound wave through a medium.

Relations:

- is a Acoustical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Speech

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO 660ef3b0 6692 4c51 8f69 763c7817b2e1

Relations:

- is_a Acoustical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Acoustical

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_4b3afb22_27cf_4ce3_88bc_492bfccb546b

Elucidation: An 'impression' which stands for a real world object whose spatiotemporal pattern makes it identifiable by an observer as a sound.

Comment: 'acoustical' refers to the perception mechanism of the observer that can occur through a microphone, a ear.

- is a Perceptual
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Noise

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO 91756568 8655 4060 8937 a1a906dad8c1

Relations:

- is a Acoustical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Perceptual

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual} \# EMMO_649bf97b_4397_4005_90d9_219755d92e34$

Elucidation: A 'Physical' which stands for a real world object that can stimulate a perception (e.g. a mental impression, the excitation of a sensor) to an interpreter (human or non-human).

Example: A line scratched on a surface. A sound. A smell. The word 'cat' and the sound of the word 'cat' (the first one is graphical and the second acoustical).

Example: The meta-semiotic process: I see a cloud in the sky. Since I'm an EMMO ontologist, I create an individual named Cloud under the 'Impression' class. This semiotic process occurs at meta-level: it's how I use the EMMO as tool for a direct representation of the world.

The semiotic process within EMMO: My friend looks at the same cloud and says: "It is an elephant". I use the EMMO to record this experience by declaring: - my friend as MyFriend individual, belonging to 'Interpreter' classes - the sound of the word "elephant" as an acoustical impression individual named ElephantWord, belonging to 'Impression' - a relation hasSign between Cloud and ElephantWord, that makes ElephantWord also belonging to 'Sign' class and Cloud belonging also to 'Object' class - a 'Semiosis' individual called MyFriendElephantCloud that hasParticipant: Cloud, ElephantWord and MyFriend, respectively as object, sign and interpreter.

Comment: 'Perceptual' includes real world objects that: - are part of a communication system (e.g. words, speech, alphabets) - are not part of a communication system, but can be identified and referred by an interpreter

Comment: A 'Perceptual' is a meta-object, meaning that is addressed by the ontologist (the meta-interpreter) in a meta-semiotic process occurring outside the EMMO.

A 'Perceptual' becomes an 'Object', when it is part of a 'Semiotic' process described by the ontologist through the EMMO.

Comment: From Latin perceptiō ("a receiving or collecting, perception, comprehension"), from perceptus ("perceived, observed").

Comment: This class is the most general superclass for the categorization of real world objects that are recognizable by an interpreter (agent).

A 'Perceptual' can stand for something else in a semiotic process (acting as sign or as object).

However, a perceptual is not necessarily a 'Sign' (e.g. a line sketched on a blackboard is a recognizable 'Perceptual' but it may stand for nothing).

Relations:

- is_a Perspective
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Graphical branch

Language

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_d8d2144e_5c8d_455d_a643_5caf4d8d9df8

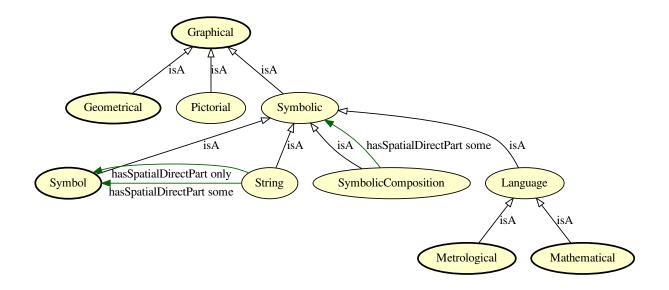


Figure 3.14: Graphical branch.

Elucidation: A language object is a symbolic object respecting a specific language syntactic rules (a well-formed formula).

Relations:

- is_a Symbolic
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Symbolic

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_057e7d57_aff0_49de_911a_8861d85cef40

Elucidation: An 'Graphical' that stands for a token or a composition of tokens from one or more alphabets, without necessarily respecting syntactic rules.

Example: fe780 emmo !5*a cat

Relations:

- is a Graphical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Pictorial

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_1da53c06_9577_4008_8652_272fa3b62be7

Elucidation: A 'Graphical' that stands for a real world object that shows a recognizable pictorial pattern without being necessarily associated to a symbolic language.

Example: A drawing of a cat. A circle on a paper sheet. The Mona Lisa.

Relations:

- is a Graphical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Symbolic Composition

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual} \# EMMO_89a0c87c_0804_4013_937a_6fe234d9499c$

Elucidation: A symbolic entity made of other symbolic entities according to a specific spatial configuration.

Relations:

- is_a Symbolic
- is a State
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Symbolic
- disjoint with Elementary, Collection, Quantum, Void

Graphical

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO c74da218 9147 4f03 92d1 8894abca55f3

Elucidation: A 'Phenomenic' which stands for a real world object whose spatial configuration shows a pattern identifiable by an observer.

Example: 'Graphical' objects include writings, pictures, sketches ...

Comment: From the Ancient Greek $\gamma\rho\alpha\phi\dot{\eta}$ (graphé) which means drawing, painting, writing, a writing, description, and from $\gamma\rho\dot{\alpha}\phi\omega$ (gráphō) which means scratch, carve.

Relations:

- is_a Perceptual
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

String

Elucidation: A physical made of more than one symbol sequentially arranged.

Example: The word "cat" considered as a collection of 'symbol'-s respecting the rules of english language.

In this example the 'symbolic' entity "cat" is not related to the real cat, but it is only a word (like it would be to an italian person that ignores the meaning of this english word).

If an 'interpreter' skilled in english language is involved in a 'semiotic' process with this word, that "cat" became also a 'sign' i.e. it became for the 'interpreter' a representation for a real cat.

Comment: A string is made of concatenated symbols whose arrangement is one-dimensional. Each symbol can have only one previous and one next neighborhood (bidirectional list).

Comment: A string is not requested to respect any syntactic rule: it's simply directly made of symbols.

Relations:

- is a Symbolic
- is_a State
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Symbol
- hasSpatialDirectPart only Symbol
- disjoint_with Elementary, Quantum, Void, PhysicsEquation, Collection, MaterialRelation

Geometrical branch

Sphere

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO d7bf784a db94 4dd9 861c 54f262846fbf

- is a 2-manifold
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

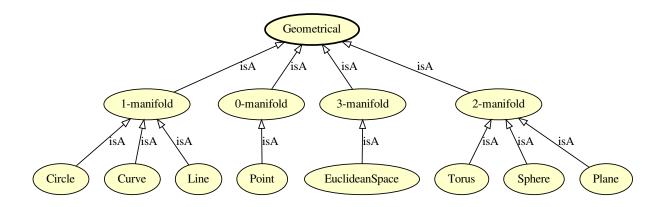


Figure 3.15: Geometrical branch.

Line

 $\label{lem:lem:moinfo} \textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual} \# EMMO_3e309118_e8b7_4021_80f4_642d2df65d94 \\ \textbf{Relations:}$

- is_a 1-manifold
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Circle

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_b2a234a8_579a_422c_9305_b8f7e72c76cd Relations:

- is a 1-manifold
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Point

 $\label{lem:lem:moinfo/emmo/middle/perceptual \#EMMO_39362460_2a97_4367_8f93_0418c2ac9a08 \\ \textbf{Relations:}$

- is a 0-manifold
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

1-manifold

 $\label{lem:lem:moinfo} \textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual} \\ \# EMMO_0c576e13_4ee7_4f3d_bfe9_1614243df018 \\ \textbf{Relations:}$

- \bullet is_a Geometrical
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Plane

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_25f5ca8e_8f7f_44d8_a392_bd3fe8894458 Relations:

• is_a 2-manifold

• disjoint with Collection, Void

Torus

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_86060335_31c2_4820_b433_27c64aea0366

Relations:

- is_a 2-manifold
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

0-manifold

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO 0ab0485c 9e5b 4257 a679 90a2dfba5c7c

Relations:

- is a Geometrical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

2-manifold

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_9268958f_7f54_48ab_a693_febe2645892b

Relations:

- is a Geometrical
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Geometrical

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_b5957cef_a287_442d_a3ce_fd39f20ba1cd

Elucidation: A 'graphical' aimed to represent a geometrical concept.

Comment: A 'geometrical' stands for real world objects that express a geometrical concept.

This can be achieved in many different ways. For example, a line can be expressed by: a) an equation like y=mx+q, which is both an 'equation' and a 'geometrical' b) a line drawn with a pencil on a paper, which is simply a 'graphical' object c) a set of axioms, when the properties of a line are inferred by the interpreter reading them, that are both 'graphical' and also 'formula'

The case a) is a geometrical and mathematical, b) is geometrical and pictorial, while c) is geometrical and a composition of idiomatic strings.

Relations:

- is a Graphical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

EuclideanSpace

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_5f278af9_8593_4e27_a717_ccc9e07a0ddf

- is a 3-manifold
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Curve

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual} \# EMMO_0 ef 4 ff 4 a_5458_4 f 2 a_b 51 f_4689 d 472 a 3 f 2 a_b 51 f_51 f_51 a_b 51 f_5$

Relations:

- \bullet is_a 1-manifold
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

3-manifold

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_46f0f8df_4dc6_418f_8036_10427a3a288e

Relations:

- is a Geometrical
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Symbol branch

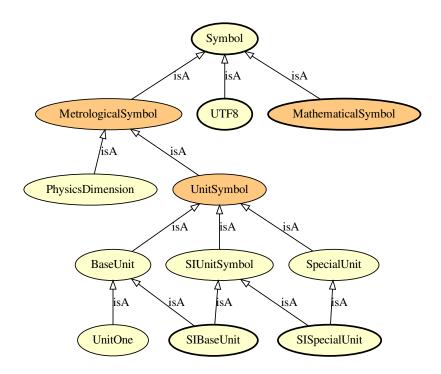


Figure 3.16: Symbol branch.

PhysicsDimension

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_9895a1b4_f0a5_4167_ac5e_97db40b8bfcc}$

Elucidation: A symbol that, following SI specifications, describe the physical dimensionality of a physical quantity.

Comment: Actually the expression used by the EMMO for expressin physical dimensions is recognized as a string at meta level (the ontologist level). However, since we don't want to make the EMMO a parser, we consider it as a set of symbols that follows this structure:

 ${\rm Ta~Lb~Mc~Id~He~Nf~Jg}$

where a, b, c, d, e, f and g are integers.

Examples of correspondance between base units and physical dimensions are: mol -> T0 L0 M0 I0 H0 N+1 J0 s -> T+1 L0 M0 I0 H0 N0 J0 A/m2 -> T0 L0 M-2 I+1 H0 N0 J0

As regex, the physical dimension symbol is: T([+-][1-9]|0) L([+-][1-9]|0) M([+-][1-9]|0) I([+-][1-9]|0) H([+-][1-9]|0) M([+-][1-9]|0) M([+-][1-9]|0)

Comment: All physical quantities, with the exception of counts, are derived quantities, which may be written in terms of base quantities according to the equations of physics. The dimensions of the derived quantities are written as products of powers of the dimensions of the base quantities using the equations that relate the derived quantities to the base quantities. In general the dimension of any quantity Q is written in the form of a dimensional product,

```
\dim Q = T^{\hat{}} \alpha L^{\hat{}} \beta M^{\hat{}} \gamma I^{\hat{}} \delta \Theta^{\hat{}} \epsilon N^{\hat{}} \zeta J^{\hat{}} \eta
```

where the exponents α , β , γ , δ , ϵ , ζ and η , which are generally small integers, which can be positive, negative, or zero, are called the dimensional exponents. (SI brochure)

Relations:

- is_a MetrologicalSymbol
- is_a Symbol
- is_a Metrological
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

MetrologicalSymbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_50a3552e_859a_4ff7_946d_76d537cabce6

Relations:

- is a Symbol
- is a Metrological
- hasProperPart only not Metrological
- equivalent_to Symbol and Metrological
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

Symbol

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual} \# EMMO_a1083d0a_c1fb_471f_8e20_a98f881ad527$

Elucidation: The class of individuals that stand for an elementary mark of a specific symbolic code (alphabet).

Example: The class of letter "A" is the symbol as idea and the letter A that you see on the screen is the mark.

Comment: Subclasses of 'Symbol' are alphabets, in formal languages terminology.

A 'Symbol' is atomic for that alphabet, i.e. it has no parts that are symbols for the same alphabet. e.g. a math symbol is not made of other math symbols

A Symbol may be a String in another language. e.g. "Bq" is the symbol for Becquerel units when dealing with metrology, or a string of "B" and "q" symbols when dealing with characters.

Comment: Symbols of a formal language need not be symbols of anything. For instance there are logical constants which do not refer to any idea, but rather serve as a form of punctuation in the language (e.g. parentheses).

Symbols of a formal language must be capable of being specified without any reference to any interpretation of them. (Wikipedia)

Comment: The class is the idea of the symbol, while the individual of that class stands for a specific mark (or token) of that idea.

- is_a Symbolic
- hasSymbolData exactly 1 type

• disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

UnitOne

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_5ebd5e01_0ed3_49a2_a30d_cd05cbe72978

Elucidation: Represents the number 1, used as an explicit unit to say something has no units.

Example: Refractive index or volume fraction.

Example: Typically used for ratios of two units whos dimensions cancels out.

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/UNITLESS

Relations:

• is a BaseUnit

• disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

SpecialUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_3ee80521_3c23_4dd1_935d_9d522614a3e2$

Elucidation: A unit symbol that stands for a derived unit.

Example: Pa stands for N/m2 J stands for N m

Comment: Special units are semiotic shortcuts to more complex composed symbolic objects.

Relations:

- is a UnitSymbol
- is a Sign
- Inverse(hasSign) some DerivedUnit
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, BaseUnit, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

BaseUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_db716151_6b73_45ff_910c_d182fdcbb4f5

Relations:

- is a UnitSymbol
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

SIUnitSymbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 32129fb5 df25 48fd a29c 18a2f22a2dd5

- is_a SICoherentUnit
- is_a UnitSymbol
- is a Semiotic
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta
- $\bullet \ \ disjoint_union_of \ SIBaseUnit, \ SISpecialUnit$

UnitSymbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_216f448e_cdbc_4aeb_a529_7a5fe7fc38bb

Relations:

- is_a MetrologicalSymbol
- is_a NonPrefixedUnit
- equivalent_to Symbol and MeasurementUnit
- disjoint with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection
- disjoint union of SpecialUnit, BaseUnit

Mathematical branch

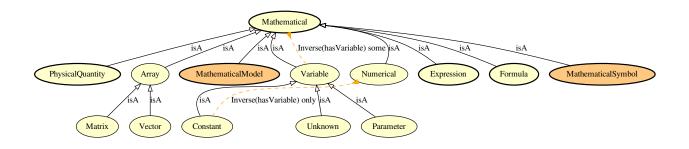


Figure 3.17: Mathematical branch.

Constant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_ae15fb4f_8e4d_41de_a0f9_3997f89ba6a2

Elucidation: A 'varaible' that stand for a well known constant.

Example: π refers to the constant number ~3.14

Relations:

- is_a Variable
- Inverse(hasVariable) only Numerical
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Array

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math\#EMMO_28fbea28_2204_4613_87ff_6d877b855fcd}$

Relations:

- is_a Mathematical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Variable

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_1eed0732_e3f1_4b2c_a9c4_b4e75eeb5895$

Elucidation: A 'Variable' is a symbolic object that stands for a numerical defined 'Mathematical' object like e.g. a number, a vector, a matrix.

Example: x k

- is a Mathematical
- is a Conventional
- Inverse(hasVariable) some Mathematical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Unknown

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_fe7e56ce_118b_4243_9aad_20eb9f4f31f6

Elucidation: The dependent variable for which an equation has been written.

Example: Velocity, for the Navier-Stokes equation.

Relations:

- is a Variable
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Parameter

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_d1d436e7_72fc_49cd_863b_7bfb4ba5276a

Example: viscosity in the Navier-Stokes equation

Comment: A 'variable' whose value is assumed to be known independently from the equation, but whose value is not explicitated in the equation.

Relations:

- is a Variable
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Matrix

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO_1cba0b27_15d0_4326_933f_379d0b3565b6

Relations:

- is_a Array
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Numerical

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math} \\ \# EMMO_4ce76d7f_03f8_45b6_9003_90052a79bfaa$

Elucidation: A 'Mathematical' that has no unknown value, i.e. all its 'Variable"-s parts refers to a 'Number' (for scalars that have a built-in datatype) or to another 'Numerical' (for complex numerical data structures that should rely on external implementations).

Relations:

- is_a Mathematical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Mathematical

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_54ee6b5e_5261_44a8_86eb_5717e7fdb9d0

Elucidation: The class of general mathematical symbolic objects respecting mathematical syntactic rules.

- is a Language
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Vector

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_06658d8d_dcde_4fc9_aae1_17f71c0bcdec

Relations:

- is_a Array
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Mathematical Symbol branch

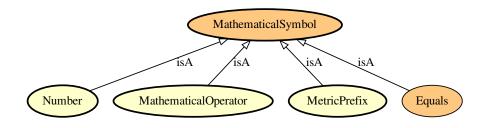


Figure 3.18: Mathematical Symbol branch.

Equals

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO_535d75a4_1972_40bc_88c6_ca566386934f

Elucidation: The equals symbol.

Relations:

- is_a MathematicalSymbol
- is_a Mathematical
- is_a Symbol
- equivalent to hasSymbolData value "="
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, LatinCapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, SIUnitSymbol, MicroUnit, Collection, GreekSmallLetterMu, Void, Space, LatinSmallLetterM

MathematicalSymbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_5be83f9c_a4ba_4b9a_be1a_5bfc6e891231

Relations:

- \bullet is_a Mathematical
- is_a Symbol
- hasProperPart only not Mathematical
- equivalent_to Mathematical and Symbol
- disjoint with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

Mathematical Model branch

ContinuumModel

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models} \\ \# EMMO_4456a5d2_16a6_4ee1_9a8e_5c75956b28ea$

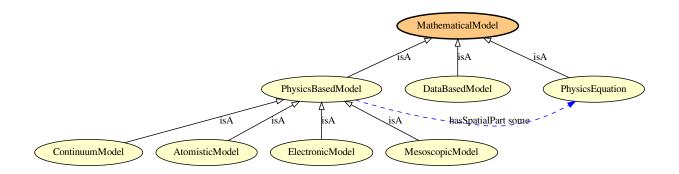


Figure 3.19: Mathematical Model branch.

Relations:

- is a PhysicsBasedModel
- disjoint_with Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

AtomisticModel

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_84cadc45_6758_46f2_ba2a_5ead65c70213

Relations:

- is a PhysicsBasedModel
- disjoint with Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

DataBasedModel

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models\#EMMO} \underline{a4b14b83} \underline{9392} \underline{4a5f} \underline{a2e8} \underline{b2b58793f59b}$

Elucidation: A computational model that uses data to create new insight into the behaviour of a system.

Relations:

- is a Mathematical Model
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

PhysicsBasedModel

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models\#EMMO_b29fd350_39aa_4af7_9459_3faa0544cba6}$

Elucidation: A solvable set of one Physics Equation and one or more Materials Relations.

Relations:

- is_a MathematicalModel
- hasSpatialPart some PhysicsEquation
- hasSpatialPart some MaterialRelation
- disjoint_with Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ElectronicModel

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO 6eca09be 17e9 445e abc9 000aa61b7a11

- is_a PhysicsBasedModel
- disjoint_with Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

PhysicsEquation

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models\#EMMO} \underline{27c5d8c6} \underline{8af7} \underline{4d63} \underline{beb1} \underline{ec37cd8b3fa3}$

Elucidation: An 'equation' that stands for a 'physical_law' by mathematically defining the relations between physics_quantities.

Comment: The Newton's equation of motion.

The Schrodinger equation.

The Navier-Stokes equation.

Relations:

- is a Equation
- is_a MathematicalModel
- hasSpatialDirectPart some PhysicalQuantity
- Inverse(hasModel) some PhysicalPhenomenon
- disjoint_with Elementary, PrefixedUnit, Symbol, String, Quantum, Void, Collection

MesoscopicModel

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO 53935db0 af45 4426 b9e9 244a0d77db00

Relations:

- is a PhysicsBasedModel
- disjoint_with Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

MathematicalModel

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_f7ed665b_c2e1_42bc_889b_6b42ed3a36f0

Relations:

- is a Mathematical
- is a Model
- equivalent_to Mathematical and Model
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Mathematical Operator branch

ArithmeticOperator

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_707f0cd1_941c_4b57_9f20_d0ba30cd6ff3$

Relations:

- is_a AlgebricOperator
- disjoint with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

Minus

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO_46d5643b_9706_4b67_8bea_ed77d6026539

- is_a ArithmeticOperator
- $\bullet \ \ disjoint_with \ Prefixed Unit, \ Equation, \ Derived Unit, \ Quantity, \ Physics Based Model, \ Void, \ Collection$

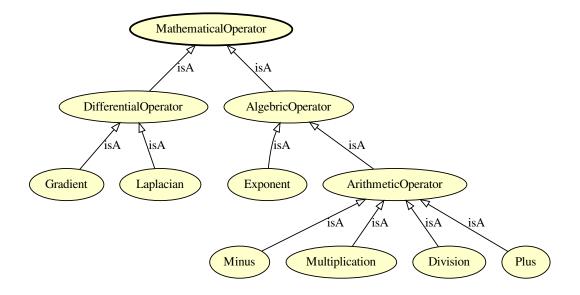


Figure 3.20: Mathematical Operator branch.

AlgebricOperator

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math\#EMMO}_3c424d37_cf62_41b1_ac9d_a316f8d113d6$

Relations:

- is_a MathematicalOperator
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

Multiplication

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math\#EMMO_2b1303e8_d4c3_453b_9918_76f1d009543f$

Relations:

- is_a ArithmeticOperator
- $\bullet \ \ disjoint_with \ Prefixed Unit, \ Equation, \ Derived Unit, \ Quantity, \ Physics Based Model, \ Void, \ Collection$

MathematicalOperator

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math\#EMMO_f6d0c26a_98b6_4cf8_8632_aa259131faaa}$

Relations:

- is a MathematicalSymbol
- is_a Mathematical
- is_a Symbol
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

Exponent

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO_223d9523_4169_4ecd_b8af_acad1215e1ff

- is_a AlgebricOperator
- disjoint with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

Gradient

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math\#EMMO_b5c58790_fb2d_42eb_b184_2a3f6ca60acb}$

Relations:

- is_a DifferentialOperator
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

Laplacian

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO 048a14e3 65fb 457d 8695 948965c89492

Relations:

- is a Differential Operator
- disjoint with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

Division

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math\#EMMO}_a365b3c1_7bde_41d7_a15b_2820762e85f4$

Relations:

- is a ArithmeticOperator
- disjoint with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

DifferentialOperator

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO_f8a2fe9f_458b_4771_9aba_a50e76afc52d

Relations:

- \bullet is_a MathematicalOperator
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

Plus

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math} \# EMMO_8 \\ \text{de} 14 \\ \text{a} 59_660 \\ \text{b}_454 \\ \text{f}_a \\ \text{ff8}_76 \\ \text{a} 07 \\ \text{ce} 185 \\ \text{f4}_2 \\ \text{ff8}_3 \\ \text{fe} 14 \\ \text{ff8}_4 \\ \text{ff8}_4$

Relations:

- is_a ArithmeticOperator
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

Metrological branch

PhysicsDimension

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_9895a1b4_f0a5_4167_ac5e_97db40b8bfcc}$

Elucidation: A symbol that, following SI specifications, describe the physical dimensionality of a physical quantity.

Comment: Actually the expression used by the EMMO for expressin physical dimensions is recognized as a string at meta level (the ontologist level). However, since we don't want to make the EMMO a parser, we consider it as a set of symbols that follows this structure:

Ta Lb Mc Id He Nf Jg

where $a,\,b,\,c,\,d,\,e,\,f$ and g are integers.

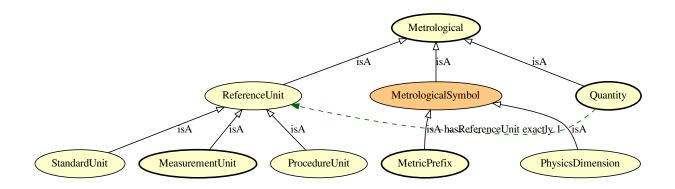


Figure 3.21: Metrological branch.

Examples of correspondance between base units and physical dimensions are: mol -> T0 L0 M0 I0 H0 N+1 J0 s -> T+1 L0 M0 I0 H0 N0 J0 A/m2 -> T0 L0 M-2 I+1 H0 N0 J0

As regex, the physical dimension symbol is: T([+-][1-9]|0) L([+-][1-9]|0) M([+-][1-9]|0) I([+-][1-9]|0) H([+-][1-9]|0) M([+-][1-9]|0) M([+-

Comment: All physical quantities, with the exception of counts, are derived quantities, which may be written in terms of base quantities according to the equations of physics. The dimensions of the derived quantities are written as products of powers of the dimensions of the base quantities using the equations that relate the derived quantities to the base quantities. In general the dimension of any quantity Q is written in the form of a dimensional product,

where the exponents α , β , γ , δ , ϵ , ζ and η , which are generally small integers, which can be positive, negative, or zero, are called the dimensional exponents. (SI brochure)

Relations:

- is a MetrologicalSymbol
- is a Symbol
- is_a Metrological
- disjoint with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

MetrologicalSymbol

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_50a3552e_859a_4ff7_946d_76d537cabce6}$

Relations:

- is a Symbol
- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ Metrological$
- hasProperPart only not Metrological
- equivalent_to Symbol and Metrological
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

ReferenceUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO 18ce5200 00f5 45bb 8c6f 6fb128cd41ae

Comment: A reference can be a measurement unit, a measurement procedure, a reference material, or a combination of such. International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

- is_a Metrological
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

SpecialUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_3ee80521_3c23_4dd1_935d_9d522614a3e2

Elucidation: A unit symbol that stands for a derived unit.

Example: Pa stands for N/m2 J stands for N m

Comment: Special units are semiotic shortcuts to more complex composed symbolic objects.

Relations:

- is_a UnitSymbol
- is_a Sign
- Inverse(hasSign) some DerivedUnit
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, BaseUnit, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

UnitOne

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_5ebd5e01_0ed3_49a2_a30d_cd05cbe72978}$

Elucidation: Represents the number 1, used as an explicit unit to say something has no units.

Example: Refractive index or volume fraction.

Example: Typically used for ratios of two units whos dimensions cancels out.

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/UNITLESS

Relations:

- is_a BaseUnit
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

BaseUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_db716151_6b73_45ff_910c_d182fdcbb4f5

Relations:

- is_a UnitSymbol
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

ProcedureUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_c9c8f824_9127_4f93_bc21_69fe78a7f6f2$

Elucidation: A reference unit provided by a measurement procedure.

Example: Rockwell C hardness of a given sample (150 kg load): 43.5HRC(150 kg)

Relations:

- \bullet is_a ReferenceUnit
- disjoint with Collection, Void

StandardUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_acd1a504_ca32_4f30_86ad_0b62cea5bc02

Elucidation: A reference unit provided by a reference material. International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

Example: Arbitrary amount-of-substance concentration of lutropin in a given sample of plasma (WHO international standard 80/552): 5.0 International Unit/l

Relations:

- is a ReferenceUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

SIUnitSymbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_32129fb5_df25_48fd_a29c_18a2f22a2dd5

Relations:

- is a SICoherentUnit
- is_a UnitSymbol
- is_a Semiotic
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta
- disjoint_union_of SIBaseUnit, SISpecialUnit

Metrological

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_985bec21_989f_4b9e_a4b3_735d88099c3c

Elucidation: A symbolic object used in metrology.

Comment: This language domain makes use of ISO 80000 concepts.

Relations:

- is a Language
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

UnitSymbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_216f448e_cdbc_4aeb_a529_7a5fe7fc38bb

Relations:

- is_a MetrologicalSymbol
- is_a NonPrefixedUnit
- equivalent to Symbol and MeasurementUnit
- disjoint with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection
- disjoint_union_of SpecialUnit, BaseUnit

Physical Quantity branch

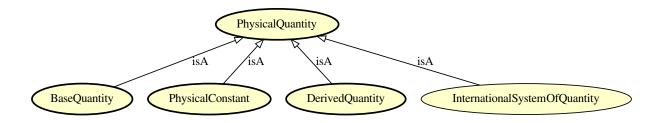


Figure 3.22: Physical Quantity branch.

LuminousFlux

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_e2ee1c98_497a_4f66_b4ed_5711496a848e

Elucidation: Perceived power of light.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Luminous_flux

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03646

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Mass

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_ed4af7ae_63a2_497e_bb88_2309619ea405$

Elucidation: Property of a physical body that express its resistance to acceleration (a change in its state of motion) when a force is applied.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Mass

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03709

Relations:

• is_a ISQBaseQuantity

• Inverse(hasProperty) only Matter

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Time, Symbol, Length, AmountOfSubstance, ElectricCurrent, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, ThermodynamicTemperature, Collection, LuminousIntensity

MagneticFluxDensity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_961d1aba_f75e_4411_aaa4_457f7516ed6b

Elucidation: Strength of the magnetic field.

Comment: Often denoted B.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Magnetic_field

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03686

Relations:

• is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ElectricResistance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_e88f75d6_9a17_4cfc_bdf7_43d7cea5a9a1

Elucidation: Measure of the difficulty to pass an electric current through a material.

Altlabel: Resistance

Comment: Inverse of 'ElectricalConductance'.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Electrical_resistance_and_conductance

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01936

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Length

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_cd2cd0de_e0cc_4ef1_b27e_2e88db027bac

Elucidation: Extend of a spatial dimension.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Length **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03498

Relations:

• is_a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, AmountOfSubstance, ElectricCurrent, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, ThermodynamicTemperature, Collection, LuminousIntensity

Radioactivity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_8d3da9ac_2265_4382_bee5_db72046722f8}$

Elucidation: Decays per unit time.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00114

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ThermodynamicTemperature

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO affe07e4 e9bc 4852 86c6 69e26182a17f

Elucidation: Thermodynamic temperature is the absolute measure of temperature. It is defined by the third law of thermodynamics in which the theoretically lowest temperature is the null or zero point.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Thermodynamic_temperature

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06321

Relations:

• is a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Electric-Current, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, Collection, LuminousIntensity

ElectricPotential

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_4f2d3939_91b1_4001_b8ab_7d19074bf845

Elucidation: Energy required to move a unit charge through an electric field from a reference point.

Altlabel: Voltage

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Voltage **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00424

Relations:

 \bullet is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ElementaryCharge

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_58a650f0_a638_4743_8439_535a325e5c4c$

Elucidation: The magnitude of the electric charge carried by a single electron.

Comment: The DBpedia definition (http://dbpedia.org/page/Elementary_charge) is outdated as May 20, 2019. It is now an exact quantity.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Elementary_charge

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E02032

Qudtmatch: http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/CODATA-Value_ElementaryCharge

Relations:

- is a ElectricCharge
- is a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BoltzmannConstant, BaseQuantity, Symbol, LuminousEfficacy, SpeedOfLightInVacuum, MeasuredConstant, AvogadroConstant, HyperfineTransitionFrequency-OfCs, PlanckConstant, Quantum, Void, Collection

ISQBaseQuantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_1a4c1a97_88a7_4d8e_b2f9_2ca58e92dde4

Relations:

- is a International System Of Quantity
- is a BaseQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, Collection
- disjoint_union_of LuminousIntensity, AmountOfSubstance, ThermodynamicTemperature, ElectricCurrent, Length, Time, Mass

MagneticFlux

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_3b931698_937e_49be_ab1b_36fa52d91181

Elucidation: Measure of magnetism, taking account of the strength and the extent of a magnetic field.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Magnetic_flux

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03684

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Inductance

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_04cc9451_5306_45d0_8554_22cee4d6e785$

Elucidation: A property of an electrical conductor by which a change in current through it induces an electromotive force in both the conductor itself and in any nearby conductors by mutual inductance.

Altlabel: ElectricInductance

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Inductance **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M04076

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

AmountOfSubstance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_8159c26a_494b_4fa0_9959_10888f152298

Elucidation: The number of elementary entities present.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Amount_of_substance

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00297

Relations:

• is_a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Length, ElectricCurrent, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, ThermodynamicTemperature, Collection, LuminousIntensity

Power

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_09b9021b_f97b_43eb_b83d_0a764b472bc2

Elucidation: Rate of transfer of energy per unit time.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Power_(physics)

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.P04792

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Force

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_1f087811_06cb_42d5_90fb_25d0e7e068ef

Elucidation: Any interaction that, when unopposed, will change the motion of an object.

 $\textbf{Dbpediamatch:}\ \text{http://dbpedia.org/page/Force}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.F02480

Relations:

• is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

 $\bullet \ \ disjoint_with \ Ordinal Quantity, \ Elementary, \ Base Quantity, \ Symbol, \ Quantum, \ Void, \ Collection$

PlaneAngle

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_f3dd74c0_f480_49e8_9764_33b78638c235

Elucidation: Ratio of circular arc length to radius.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Angle

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00346

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

CatalyticActivity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_bd67d149_24c2_4bc9_833a_c2bc26f98fd3$

Elucidation: Increase in the rate of reaction of a specified chemical reaction that an enzyme produces in a specific assay system.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C00881

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Frequency

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_852b4ab8_fc29_4749_a8c7_b92d4fca7d5a

Elucidation: Number of periods per time interval. **Dbpediamatch:** http://dbpedia.org/page/Frequency **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.FT07383

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

SolidAngle

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO e7c9f7fd e534 4441 88fe 1fec6cb20f26

Elucidation: Ratio of area on a sphere to its radius squared.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Solid_angle **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05732

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Physical Quantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_02c0621e_a527_4790_8a0f_2bb51973c819

Elucidation: A 'Mathematical' entity that is made of a 'Number' and a 'MeasurementUnit' defined by a physical law, connected to a physical entity through a model perspective. Measurement is done according to the same model.

Comment: Measured or simulated 'physical propertiy'-s are always defined by a physical law, connected to a physical entity through a model perspective and measurement is done according to the same model.

Systems of units suggests that this is the correct approach, since except for the fundamental units (length, time, charge) every other unit is derived by mathematical relations between these fundamental units, implying a physical laws or definitions.

- is a Mathematical
- is_a Quantity
- hasReferenceUnit only MeasurementUnit
- disjoint with Ordinal Quantity, Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection
- disjoint_union_of DerivedQuantity, BaseQuantity

Capacitance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_99dba333_0dbd_4f75_8841_8c0f97fd58e2

Elucidation: The derivative of the electric charge of a system with respect to the electric potential.

Altlabel: ElectricCapacitance

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Capacitance **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C00791

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint with Ordinal Quantity, Elementary, Base Quantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Time

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_d4f7d378_5e3b_468a_baa1_a7e98358cda7$

Elucidation: The indefinite continued progress of existence and events that occur in apparently irreversible succession from the past through the present to the future.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Time

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06375

Relations:

• is a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Mass, Symbol, Length, AmountOfSubstance, ElectricCurrent, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, ThermodynamicTemperature, Collection, LuminousIntensity

AbsorbedDose

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_8e5dd473_808b_4a8a_b7cd_63068c12ff57$

Comment: Energy imparted to matter by ionizing radiation in a suitable small element of volume divided by the mass of that element of volume.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Absorbed_dose

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00031

Relations:

• is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

InternationalSystemOfQuantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_f35cff4d_dc09_44cf_a729_22fb79e3bfb2

Elucidation: Quantities declared under the ISO 8000.

Relations:

• is a PhysicalQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ElectricCurrent

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_c995ae70_3b84_4ebb_bcfc_69e6a281bb88$

Elucidation: A flow of electric charge.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Electric_current

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01927

Relations:

• is_a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, ThermodynamicTemperature, Collection, LuminousIntensity

CelsiusTemperature

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_66bc9029_f473_45ff_bab9_c3509ff37a22}$

Elucidation: An objective comparative measure of hot or cold.

Temperature is a relative quantity that can be used to express temperature differences. Unlike ThermodynamicTemperature, it cannot express absolute temperatures.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Temperature

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06261

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Pressure

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO 50a44256 9dc5 434b bad4 74a4d9a29989

Elucidation: The force applied perpendicular to the surface of an object per unit area over which that force is distributed.

 $\textbf{Dbpediamatch:}\ \, \texttt{http://dbpedia.org/page/Pressure}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.P04819

Relations:

 \bullet is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

LuminousIntensity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_50bf79a6_a48b_424d_9d2c_813bd631231a

Elucidation: A measure of the wavelength-weighted power emitted by a light source in a particular direction per unit solid angle. It is based on the luminosity function, which is a standardized model of the sensitivity of the human eye.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Luminous_intensity

Relations:

• is a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Electric-Current, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, ThermodynamicTemperature, Collection

DoseEquivalent

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_3df10765_f6ff_4c9e_be3d_10b1809d78bd}$

Elucidation: A dose quantity used in the International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP) system of radiological protection.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Energy **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E02101

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Energy

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO}_31ec09ba_1713_42cb_83c7_b38bf6f9ced2$

Elucidation: A property of objects which can be transferred to other objects or converted into different forms.

Comment: Energy is often defined as "ability of a system to perform work", but it might be misleading since is not necessarily available to do work.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Energy **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E02101

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ElectricConductance

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_ffb73b1e_5786_43e4_a964_cb32ac7affb7$

Elucidation: Measure of the ease for electric current to pass through a material.

Altlabel: Conductance

Comment: Inverse of 'ElectricalResistance'.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Electrical_resistance_and_conductance

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01925

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint with Ordinal Quantity, Elementary, Base Quantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ISQDerivedQuantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_2946d40b_24a1_47fa_8176_e3f79bb45064

- is a International System Of Quantity
- is a DerivedQuantity
- disjoint with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_f96 feb3 f_4438_4e43_aa44_7458c4d87 fc2$

Elucidation: The frequency standard in the SI system in which the photon absorption by transitions between the two hyperfine ground states of caesium-133 atoms are used to control the output frequency.

Relations:

- is_a Frequency
- is a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BoltzmannConstant, BaseQuantity, Symbol, LuminousEfficacy, SpeedOfLightInVacuum, MeasuredConstant, AvogadroConstant, PlanckConstant, Quantum, Void, Collection, ElementaryCharge

ElectricCharge

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_1604f495_328a_4f28_9962_f4cc210739dd}$

Elucidation: The physical property of matter that causes it to experience a force when placed in an electromagnetic field.

Altlabel: Charge

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Electric_charge

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01923

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Illuminance

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_b51fbd00_a857_4132_9711_0ef70e7bdd20 } \\$

Definition: The total luminous flux incident on a surface, per unit area.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Illuminance **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.I02941

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Number branch

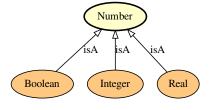


Figure 3.23: Number branch.

Boolean

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_54dc83cb_06e1_4739_9e45_bc09cead7f48}$

Relations:

- is a Number
- hasNumericalData only type
- hasNumericalData exactly 1 type
- equivalent to hasNumericalData some type
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, Real, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection, Integer

Number

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_21f56795_ee72_4858_b571_11cfaa59c1a8

Elucidation: A numerical data value.

Comment: A number is actually a string (e.g. 1.4, 1e-8) of numerical digits and other symbols. However, in order not to increase complexity of the taxonomy and relations, here we take a number as an "atomic" object (i.e. we do not include digits in the EMMO as alphabet for numbers).

A 'Number' individual provide the link between the ontology and the actual data, through the data property has Numerical Value.

Relations:

- is_a Numerical
- is a MathematicalSymbol
- is a Symbol
- disjoint with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

Integer

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_f8bd64d5_5d3e_4ad4_a46e_c30714fecb7f

Relations:

- is a Number
- hasNumericalData only type
- has Numerical Data exactly 1 type
- equivalent to hasNumericalData some type
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Boolean, Quantity, Real, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

Real

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_18d180e4_5e3e_42f7_820c_e08951223486

- is a Number
- hasNumericalData only type
- has Numerical Data exactly 1 type
- equivalent_to hasNumericalData some type
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Boolean, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection, Integer

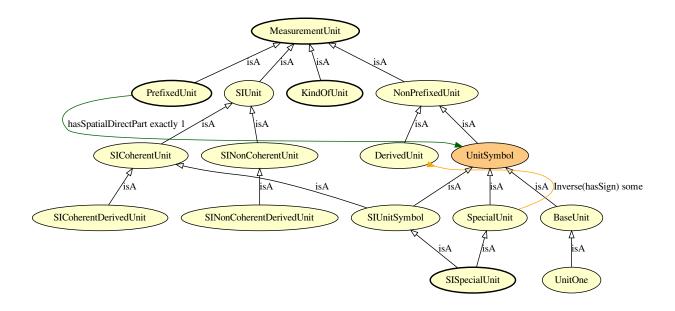


Figure 3.24: Measurement Unit branch.

Measurement Unit branch

SICoherentDerivedUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_1273eb34_de48_43a9_925f_104110469dd2$

Elucidation: A SI derived unit whos numerical factor in front of the product of SI base units is one.

Example: m/s kg/m³

Comment: This class collects all units that are products or powers of SI base or SI special units only.

Relations:

- is a SICoherentUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, SIUnitSymbol, Void, SINonCoherentUnit

SICoherentUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_707c6032_e272_4a20_98b5_d35c4f67be68

Comment: Derived units are defined as products of powers of the base units. When the numerical factor of this product is one, the derived units are called coherent derived units. The base and coherent derived units of the SI form a coherent set, designated the set of coherent SI units.

Relations:

- is a SIUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, Void, SINonCoherentUnit
- disjoint_union_of SICoherentDerivedUnit, SIBaseUnit, SISpecialUnit

SINonCoherentUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_8246541a_f1f6_4d03_8bd7_fc6b76d17375

- is_a SIUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, SICoherentUnit, Void

• disjoint_union_of SINonCoherentDerivedUnit, SIPrefixedUnit

SIUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_feb03a8a_bbb6_4918_a891_46713ef557f4

Elucidation: The set of units provided by the SI referring to the ISQ.

Comment: The complete set of SI units includes both the coherent set and the multiples and sub-multiples formed by using the SI prefixes.

Relations:

- is_a MeasurementUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, Void
- disjoint_union_of SICoherentDerivedUnit, SIBaseUnit, SINonCoherentDerivedUnit, SIPrefixedUnit, SIS-pecialUnit

UnitOne

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_5ebd5e01_0ed3_49a2_a30d_cd05cbe72978

Elucidation: Represents the number 1, used as an explicit unit to say something has no units.

Example: Refractive index or volume fraction.

Example: Typically used for ratios of two units whos dimensions cancels out.

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/UNITLESS

Relations:

- is a BaseUnit
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

SpecialUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_3ee80521_3c23_4dd1_935d_9d522614a3e2$

Elucidation: A unit symbol that stands for a derived unit.

Example: Pa stands for N/m2 J stands for N m

Comment: Special units are semiotic shortcuts to more complex composed symbolic objects.

Relations:

- is_a UnitSymbol
- is_a Sign
- \bullet Inverse(hasSign) some DerivedUnit
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, BaseUnit, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

DerivedUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_08b308d4_31cd_4779_a784_aa92fc730f39

- is a NonPrefixedUnit
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Symbol, Collection, Void

BaseUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_db716151_6b73_45ff_910c_d182fdcbb4f5$

Relations:

- is_a UnitSymbol
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

SIUnitSymbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_32129fb5_df25_48fd_a29c_18a2f22a2dd5

Relations:

- is a SICoherentUnit
- is_a UnitSymbol
- is a Semiotic
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta
- disjoint_union_of SIBaseUnit, SISpecialUnit

MeasurementUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_b081b346_7279_46ef_9a3d_2c088fcd79f4

Elucidation: A 'Quantity' that stands for the standard reference magnitude of a specific class of measurement processes, defined and adopted by convention or by law.

The numerical quantity value of the 'MeasurementUnit' is conventionally 1 and does not appear.

Quantitative measurement results are expressed as a multiple of the 'MeasurementUnit'.

Comment: "Real scalar quantity, defined and adopted by convention, with which any other quantity of the same kind can be compared to express the ratio of the second quantity to the first one as a number" ISO 80000-1

Comment: "Unit symbols are mathematical entities and not abbreviations."

"Symbols for units are treated as mathematical entities. In expressing the value of a quantity as the product of a numerical value and a unit, both the numerical value and the unit may be treated by the ordinary rules of algebra."

https://www.bipm.org/utils/common/pdf/si-brochure/SI-Brochure-9-EN.pdf

Comment: While the SI brochure treats 'MeasurementUnit' as a 'PhysicalQuantity', in the EMMO this is not possible since the latter always has two direct parts, a 'Numerical' and a 'MeasurementUnit', while the former a single 'Symbol'.

SI distinguishes between a quantity (an abstract concept) and the quantity value (a number and a reference). The EMMO, following strict nominalism, considers a SI quantity as a SI quantity value, collapsing the two concepts into one: the 'Quantity'.

So, for the EMMO the symbol "kg" is not a physical quantity but a 'MeasurementUnit', while the string "1 kg" is 'Physical Quantity'.

- is_a ReferenceUnit
- disjoint with Collection, Void
- disjoint union of NonPrefixedUnit, PrefixedUnit

UnitSymbol

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_216f448e_cdbc_4aeb_a529_7a5fe7fc38bb}$

Relations:

- is_a MetrologicalSymbol
- is_a NonPrefixedUnit
- equivalent_to Symbol and MeasurementUnit
- disjoint with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection
- disjoint union of SpecialUnit, BaseUnit

SIPrefixedUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_d41ce84b_4317_41fb_a5d1_6cd281fca106

Elucidation: A SI base or special unit with a metric prefix.

Comment: The presence of the prefix makes this units non-coherent with SI system.

Relations:

- is a SINonCoherentUnit
- is a PrefixedUnit
- hasSpatialDirectPart exactly 1 SIUnitSymbol
- disjoint_with Elementary, SICoherentUnit, Symbol, ArithmeticExpression, Quantum, Void, PhysicsEquation, Collection, MaterialRelation, SINonCoherentDerivedUnit, NonPrefixedUnit

SIN on Coherent Derived Unit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_60b78cc3_6011_4134_95ab_956f56d4bdc1

Elucidation: A derived unit whos numerical factor in front of the product of base units is NOT equal to one.

Relations:

- is a SINonCoherentUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, SICoherentUnit, SIPrefixedUnit, Void

NonPrefixedUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO} \underline{868ae137}\underline{4d25}\underline{493e}\underline{b270}\underline{21ea3d94849e}$

Relations:

- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ MeasurementUnit$
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Collection, Void
- disjoint_union_of DerivedUnit, UnitSymbol

UTF8 branch

Atto

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 42955b2d b465 4666 86cc ea3c2d685753

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- is_a LatinSmallLetterA
- Inverse(hasVariable) only hasNumericalData value 1e-18
- hasSymbolData value "a"

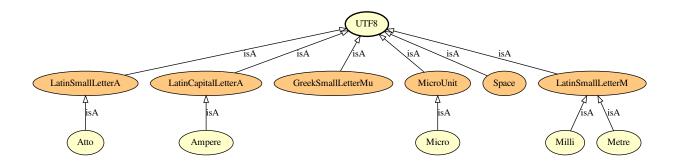


Figure 3.25: UTF8 branch.

• disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

LatinSmallLetterA

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO cfcf0f48 09ac 4770 a06a 684a42b4a14c

Altlabel: a Relations:

- is_a UTF8
- equivalent_to hasSymbolData value "a"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Ampere

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_db5dd38d_ac79_4af6_8782_fee7e7150ae8$

Definition: The ampere, symbol A, is the SI unit of electric current. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the elementary charge e to be $1.602176634 \times 10 - 19$ when expressed in the unit C, which is equal to A s, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00300

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/A

Relations:

- \bullet is_a ElectricCurrentUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- is_a LatinCapitalLetterA
- hasSymbolData value "A"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Mole, Second, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, SpecialUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Void

Milli

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO a3a701ed 6f7d 4a10 9aee dfa1961fc7b7

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- is_a LatinSmallLetterM
- hasSymbolData value "m"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, Kilogram, Mole, Centi, Second, Candela, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmall-LetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, SISpecialUnit, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Latin Capital Letter A

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_2125f2d0_5050_49e3_a579_4c74bc9fd02e

Altlabel: A Relations:

• is a UTF8

- equivalent_to hasSymbolData value "A"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Mole, Second, Candela, Collection, Space, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, SISpecialUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Void

Micro

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_9ff3bf8e_2168_406e_8251_1d158fc948ae}$

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- is_a MicroUnit
- hasSymbolData value "µ"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Metre

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_7db11dbf_a643_464a_9b56_07eabcc3e9c5

Definition: The metre, symbol m, is the SI unit of length. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the speed of light in vacuum c to be 299792458 when expressed in the unit m s-1, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03884

Qudtmatch:://qudt.org/vocab/unit/M

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/M

- is_a LengthUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- is_a LatinSmallLetterM
- hasSymbolData value "m"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, Kilogram, Mole, Centi, Second, Candela, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

GreekSmallLetterMu

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_1e9c2a4b_abb9_4b27_bd9c_e31aac337a04

Altlabel: μ

Relations:

- is_a UTF8
- equivalent to hasSymbolData value " "
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, LatinCapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, SIUnitSymbol, MicroUnit, Collection, Void, Space, LatinSmallLetterM, Equals

MicroUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_2cfdcca6_6231_48aa_81b5_388b464bfe80$

Altlabel: µ
Relations:

- is a UTF8
- equivalent to hasSymbolData value "μ"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Space

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_ea192c80_6029_4410_863c_8eed7ea52037

Altlabel:

Comment: U+0020

Relations:

- is a UTF8
- equivalent to hasSymbolData value " "
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, LatinCapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, SIUnitSymbol, MicroUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Void, Collection, LatinSmallLetterM, Equals

LatinSmallLetterM

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_aa0d5cde_cbdc_4815_b46d_2f76b00a6bde}$

Altlabel: m Relations:

- is a UTF8
- equivalent_to hasSymbolData value "m"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, Centi, Mole, Kilogram, Second, Candela, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, SISpecialUnit, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

UTF8

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_e13b2173_1dec_4b97_9ac1_1dc4b418612a}$

Relations:

- is a Symbol
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

SI Base Unit branch

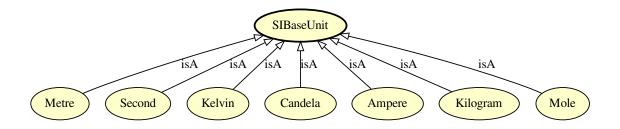


Figure 3.26: SI Base Unit branch.

Metre

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_7db11dbf_a643_464a_9b56_07eabcc3e9c5

Definition: The metre, symbol m, is the SI unit of length. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the speed of light in vacuum c to be 299792458 when expressed in the unit m s-1, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03884

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/M Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/M

Relations:

- is a LengthUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- is a LatinSmallLetterM
- hasSymbolData value "m"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, Kilogram, Mole, Centi, Second, Candela, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Second

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_314ba716_2d3d_4462_9a4f_d3419ae1df43$

Definition: The second, symbol s, is the SI unit of time. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the caesium frequency $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$, the unperturbed ground-state hyperfine transition frequency of the caesium 133 atom, to be 9192631770 when expressed in the unit Hz, which is equal to s-1.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05513

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SEC

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SEC

Relations:

- is_a TimeUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "s"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Mole, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, Physics-BasedModel, Void

Kelvin

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_2e5e45fc_f52c_4294_bdc2_5ed7a06dfce7

Definition: The kelvin, symbol K, is the SI unit of thermodynamic temperature. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the Boltzmann constant k to be $1.380649 \times 10 - 23$ when expressed in the unit J K-1, which is equal to kg m² s-2 K-1, where the kilogram, metre and second are defined in terms of h, c and $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03374

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/K

Relations:

- is a ThermodynamicTemperatureUnit
- $\bullet \;$ is_a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "K"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Mole, Second, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Void

Candela

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_8d00f093_3f45_4ea3_986c_b3545c3c2f4c}$

Definition: The candela, symbol cd, is the SI unit of luminous intensity in a given direction. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the luminous efficacy of monochromatic radiation of frequency 540×1012 Hz, Kcd, to be 683 when expressed in the unit lm W-1, which is equal to cd sr W-1, or cd sr kg-1 m-2 s3, where the kilogram, metre and second are defined in terms of h, c and $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C00787

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/CD

Relations:

- is a LuminousIntensityUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "cd"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Mole, Second, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, Physics-BasedModel, Void

Ampere

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO db5dd38d ac79 4af6 8782 fee7e7150ae8

Definition: The ampere, symbol A, is the SI unit of electric current. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the elementary charge e to be $1.602176634 \times 10 - 19$ when expressed in the unit C, which is equal to A s, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00300

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/A

Relations:

- is a ElectricCurrentUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- is_a LatinCapitalLetterA
- hasSymbolData value "A"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Mole, Second, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, SpecialUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Void

SIBaseUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 3a185e6c 9e19 4776 b583 19c978156aa0

Seealso: https://www.bipm.org/utils/common/pdf/si-brochure/SI-Brochure-9-EN.pdf

Relations:

- is a SIUnitSymbol
- is a KindOfUnit
- is a BaseUnit
- is a Object
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, SpecialUnit, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta
- disjoint_union_of Kelvin, Second, Metre, Candela, Kilogram, Ampere, Mole

Kilogram

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 9bfd6f1e b0ce 459c beb7 8f1f41708bba

Definition: The kilogram, symbol kg, is the SI unit of mass. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the Planck constant h to be $6.62607015 \times 10 - 34$ when expressed in the unit J s, which is equal to kg m² s-1, where the metre and the second are defined in terms of c and $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03391

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/KiloGM Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/KiloGM

Relations:

- is a MassUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "kg"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Mole, Second, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Void

Mole

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO df6eeb01 1b41 4bd8 9257 a04fbd7cf000

Definition: The mole, symbol mol, is the SI unit of amount of substance. One mole contains exactly 6.022 $140~76 \times 1023$ elementary entities. This number is the fixed numerical value of the Avogadro constant, NA, when expressed in the unit mol-1 and is called the Avogadro number. The amount of substance, symbol n, of

a system is a measure of the number of specified elementary entities. An elementary entity may be an atom, a molecule, an ion, an electron, any other particle or specified group of particles.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03980

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/MOL Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/MOL

Relations:

- is a AmountOfSubstanceUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "mol"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Second, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, Physics-BasedModel, Void

SI Special Unit branch

Weber

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_d7f11b34_a121_4519_87c0_aa754f1c4737

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.W06666

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/WB

Relations:

- is_a MagneticFluxUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Wb"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Hertz

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO e75f580e 52bf 4dd5 af70 df409cec08fd

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.H02785

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/HZ

Relations:

- is_a FrequencyUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Hz"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Radian

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_a121bb1d_5225_4c78_809b_0268c3012208}$

Elucidation: Measure of plane angle.

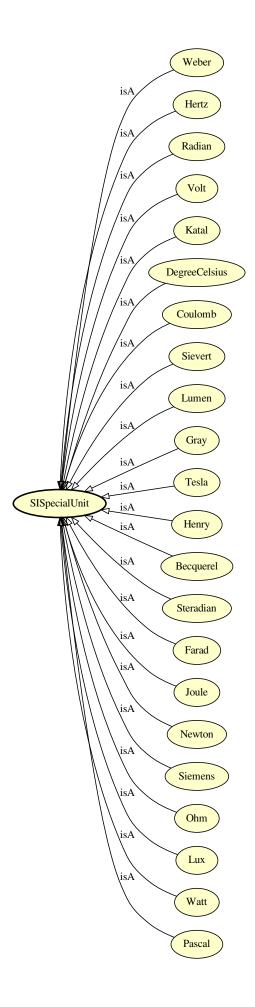


Figure 3.27: SI Special Unit branch. $^{90}_{90}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.R05036

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/RAD

Relations:

• is_a SISpecialUnit

• hasSymbolData value "rad"

• disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Newton, Joule, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Volt

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_e2207e91_02b0_4a8a_b13e_61d2a2a839f1$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.V06634

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/V

Relations:

• is a ElectricPotentialUnit

• is a SISpecialUnit

• hasSymbolData value "V"

• disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Katal

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_33b67e69_3645_4c73_b100_5ea6759221b4$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03372

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/KAT

Relations:

- is a CataliticActivityUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "kat"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

DegreeCelsius

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO b20be325 8bfd 4237 bee7 201ab0fd9c75

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.D01561 Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/DEG_C

Relations:

• is a SISpecialUnit

• hasSymbolData value "°C"

• disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Coulomb

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_696 \text{ed} 548_9477_45 \text{ea}_993 \text{c}_688 \text{f} 5271914 \text{a}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C01365

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/C

Relations:

- is a ElectricChargeUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "C"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Sievert

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_dc232f53_8ed8_4ddd_9f41_cc057985eadb$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05658

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SV

Relations:

- is a EquivalentDoseUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Sv"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Lumen

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO d7b7fd1e 645a 42cb 8f40 85f0d034d3ae

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03639

 ${\bf Qudtmatch:\ http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/LM}$

- is_a LuminousFluxUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "lm"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Gray

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_00199e76_69dc_45b6_a9c6_98cc90cdc0f5

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.G02696

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/GRAY

Relations:

- is a AbsorbedDoseUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Gy"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Tesla

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO acb50123 87a2 4753 b36c f87114ad4de2

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06283

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/T

Relations:

- is_a MagneticFluxDensityUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "T"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Peta, Pico, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Femto, Katal, Centi, Coulomb, Lumen, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Mega, Steradian, Hecto, Yocto, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Deci, Lux, Space, Collection, Zepto, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Exa, Deka, Siemens, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Giga, Watt, Yotta

Henry

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_fab003c8_f7a6_4346_9988_7161325ed7a3$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.H02782

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/H

Relations:

- is a ElectricalInductanceUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "H"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Becquerel

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO b71e4ba5 8f73 4199 8c96 7ea7f94d9e2a

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.B00624

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/BQ

Relations:

- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Bq"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

SISpecialUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_e9ffc696_5228_4ff9_8a60_0f5e05e9931b

Elucidation: The 22 derived units that are given a special name in the SI system that stands for units derived by SI base units.

Comment: These units are SI coherent by definition.

Wikipediaentry: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/International_System_of_Units#Derived_units

Relations:

- is a SIUnitSymbol
- is_a SpecialUnit
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta
- disjoint_union_of Gray, Watt, Katal, Ohm, Coulomb, Joule, Radian, Pascal, Farad, Newton, Tesla, DegreeCelsius, Becquerel, Steradian, Lumen, Weber, Lux, Sievert, Volt, Hertz, Siemens, Henry

Steradian

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_cf3dd6cc_c5d6_4b3d_aef4_82f3b7a361af}$

Elucidation: Measure of solid angle.

 $\textbf{Iupacdoi:}\ \text{https://doi.org/} 10.1351/goldbook.S05971$

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SR

Relations:

- \bullet is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "sr"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Farad

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO a9201b2f e6de 442a b3a6 d291.0.0-alphaa582

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.F02320 Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/FARAD

- is a ElectricalCapacitanceUnit
- \bullet is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "F"

• disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Newton, Joule, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Joule

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_8a70dea4_d6ab_4260_b931_a3e990982416}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.J03363

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/J

Relations:

- is a EnergyUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "J"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Newton

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_a979c531_f9fa_4a6e_93c1.0.0-alpha960241ca6

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.N04135

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/N

Relations:

- is_a ForceUnit
- hasSymbolData value "N"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Siemens

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO f2523820 04a6 44ab bb67 8237dda2b0c2

- is a ElectricConductanceUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "S"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Ohm

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_59c10c5c_47bd_4348_ba39_38836607dfa1

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.O04280

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/OHM

Relations:

- is a ElectricalResistanceUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- has Symbol
Data value " Ω "
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Lux

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_da1dd4a7_c611_4ad4_bef6_7646f28aa598

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03651

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/LUX

Relations:

- is a IlluminanceUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "lx"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Watt

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_080052a1_f295_44be_a60f_1326ce13f1ba}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.W06656

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/W

Relations:

- is a PowerUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "W"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Pascal

Pascal

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO a80dc6f5 b1aa 41a7 a3a8 cd5040da2162

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.P04442

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/PA

- is a PressureUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Pa"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Newton, Joule, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Kind Of Unit branch

Kelvin

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_2e5e45fc_f52c_4294_bdc2_5ed7a06dfce7

Definition: The kelvin, symbol K, is the SI unit of thermodynamic temperature. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the Boltzmann constant k to be $1.380649 \times 10-23$ when expressed in the unit J K-1, which is equal to kg m² s-2 K-1, where the kilogram, metre and second are defined in terms of h, c and $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03374

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/K

Relations:

- is_a ThermodynamicTemperatureUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "K"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Mole, Second, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Void

FrequencyUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_12c39388_9f81_4908_98a9_9fe5f78ae468

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Frequency
- disjoint with Collection, Void

AbsorbedDoseUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_882966a9_1757_4384_b223_0f690d7906c8

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only AbsorbedDose
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

ElectricPotentialUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_ef52f94e_e50d_4149_8d95_0e2960bf85a3

- is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ElectricPotential
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

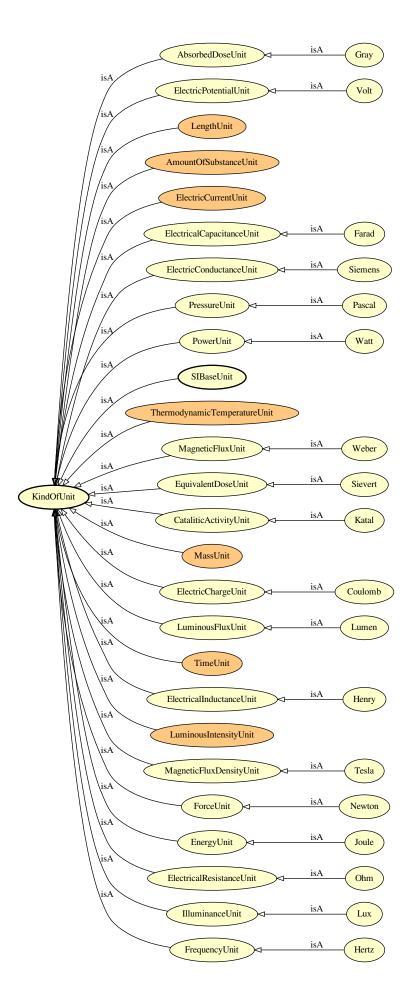


Figure 3.28: Kind Of Unit branch. 98

Pascal

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_a80dc6f5_b1aa_41a7_a3a8_cd5040da2162

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.P04442

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/PA

Relations:

- is a PressureUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Pa"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Newton, Joule, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

LengthUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO 0fa49646 0fe0 4253 999c bb834019844f

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Length
- equivalent to has Physics Dimension some has Symbol Data value "T0 L+1 M0 I0 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Katal

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_33b67e69_3645_4c73_b100_5ea6759221b4

 $\textbf{Iupacdoi:}\ \, \texttt{https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03372}$

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/KAT

Relations:

- is_a CataliticActivityUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "kat"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

AmountOfSubstanceUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_32fb2db4_94f4_49b8_a374_ee5aa28a113e

- is a KindOfUnit
- is a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only AmountOfSubstance
- equivalent to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M0 I0 H0 N+1 J0"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Mole

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_df6eeb01_1b41_4bd8_9257_a04fbd7cf000$

Definition: The mole, symbol mol, is the SI unit of amount of substance. One mole contains exactly 6.022 $140 76 \times 1023$ elementary entities. This number is the fixed numerical value of the Avogadro constant, NA, when expressed in the unit mol-1 and is called the Avogadro number. The amount of substance, symbol n, of a system is a measure of the number of specified elementary entities. An elementary entity may be an atom, a molecule, an ion, an electron, any other particle or specified group of particles.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03980

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/MOL Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/MOL

Relations:

- is a AmountOfSubstanceUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "mol"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Second, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, Physics-BasedModel, Void

Kilogram

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_9bfd6f1e_b0ce_459c_beb7_8f1f41708bba$

Definition: The kilogram, symbol kg, is the SI unit of mass. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the Planck constant h to be $6.62607015 \times 10 - 34$ when expressed in the unit J s, which is equal to kg m² s⁻¹, where the metre and the second are defined in terms of c and $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03391

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/KiloGM Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/KiloGM

Relations:

- is a MassUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "kg"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Mole, Second, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Void

Coulomb

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_696ed548_9477_45ea_993c_6a8f5271914a

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C01365

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/C

- \bullet is_a ElectricChargeUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "C"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm,

Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Lumen

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_d7b7fd1e_645a_42cb_8f40_85f0d034d3ae$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03639

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/LM

Relations:

- is_a LuminousFluxUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "lm"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Second

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_314ba716_2d3d_4462_9a4f_d3419ae1df43$

Definition: The second, symbol s, is the SI unit of time. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the caesium frequency $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$, the unperturbed ground-state hyperfine transition frequency of the caesium 133 atom, to be 9192631770 when expressed in the unit Hz, which is equal to s-1.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05513

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SEC

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SEC

Relations:

- is a TimeUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "s"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Mole, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, Physics-BasedModel, Void

Henry

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_fab003c8_f7a6_4346_9988_7161325ed7a3$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.H02782

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/H

- \bullet is_a ElectricalInductanceUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "H"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Ampere

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_db5dd38d_ac79_4af6_8782_fee7e7150ae8$

Definition: The ampere, symbol A, is the SI unit of electric current. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the elementary charge e to be $1.602176634 \times 10 - 19$ when expressed in the unit C, which is equal to A s, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00300

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/A

Relations:

- is_a ElectricCurrentUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- is_a LatinCapitalLetterA
- hasSymbolData value "A"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Mole, Second, Candela, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, SpecialUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Void

Gray

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_00199e76_69dc_45b6_a9c6_98cc90cdc0f5

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.G02696

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/GRAY

Relations:

- is a AbsorbedDoseUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Gy"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Candela

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 8d00f093 3f45 4ea3 986c b3545c3c2f4c

Definition: The candela, symbol cd, is the SI unit of luminous intensity in a given direction. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the luminous efficacy of monochromatic radiation of frequency 540×1012 Hz, Kcd, to be 683 when expressed in the unit lm W-1, which is equal to cd sr W-1, or cd sr kg-1 m-2 s3, where the kilogram, metre and second are defined in terms of h, c and $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C00787

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/CD

- \bullet is_a LuminousIntensityUnit
- \bullet is_a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "cd"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Kilogram, Mole, Second, Collection, Space, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, SIMetricPrefix, MicroUnit, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, Physics-BasedModel, Void

Tesla

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_acb50123_87a2_4753_b36c_f87114ad4de2

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06283

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/T

Relations:

• is a MagneticFluxDensityUnit

- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "T"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Peta, Pico, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Femto, Katal, Centi, Coulomb, Lumen, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Mega, Steradian, Hecto, Yocto, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Deci, Lux, Space, Collection, Zepto, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Exa, Deka, Siemens, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Giga, Watt, Yotta

ElectricCurrentUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO 24e3e31f f233 4685 a19c 6f3ce0a3c477

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ElectricCurrent
- equivalent_to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M0 I+1 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Newton

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_a979c531_f9 \\ fa_4a6e_93c1.0.0 - alpha960241ca6$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.N04135

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/N

Relations:

- is a ForceUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "N"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Joule

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO} \underline{8a70} \\ \text{dea4} \underline{_d6ab} \underline{_4260} \underline{_b931} \underline{_a3e990982416}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.J03363

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/J

- is a EnergyUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "J"

• disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Electrical Capacitance Unit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_588bee30_05aa_4029_9f13_97fe20188030}$

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Capacitance
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Ohm

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_59c10c5c_47bd_4348_ba39_38836607dfa1

 $\textbf{Iupacdoi:}\ \, \text{https://doi.org/} 10.1351/goldbook.O04280$

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/OHM

Relations:

- is a ElectricalResistanceUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value " Ω "
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Electric Conductance Unit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_636db399_fc4c_4b21_b7a4_e068083eb42d

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ElectricConductance
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Lux

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_da1dd4a7_c611_4ad4_bef6_7646f28aa598$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03651

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/LUX

- is_a IlluminanceUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "lx"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

PressureUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_247f53b1_afec_4373_acd8_ba071b355dfd

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Pressure
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Hertz

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_e75f580e_52bf_4dd5_af70_df409cec08fd

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.H02785

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/HZ

Relations:

- is_a FrequencyUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Hz"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

PowerUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_80527818_8929_47df_b59c_0c56e5259cef

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Power
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Weber

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \\ \# EMMO_d7f11b34_a121_4519_87c0_aa754f1c4737$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.W06666

 ${\bf Qudtmatch:}\ \, {\rm http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/WB}$

Relations:

- is a MagneticFluxUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Wb"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Volt

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO e2207e91 02b0 4a8a b13e 61d2a2a839f1

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.V06634

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/V

Relations:

- \bullet is_a ElectricPotentialUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "V"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Metre

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 7db11dbf a643 464a 9b56 07eabcc3e9c5

Definition: The metre, symbol m, is the SI unit of length. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the speed of light in vacuum c to be 299792458 when expressed in the unit m s-1, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03884

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/M Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/M

Relations:

- is a LengthUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- \bullet is_a LatinSmallLetterM
- hasSymbolData value "m"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, Kilogram, Mole, Centi, Second, Candela, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, SpecialUnit, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

KindOfUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_ba827fd2_91cc_4085_947a_0f47559b4441}$

Elucidation: The superclass the collects all subclasses that categorize units in terms of their physical dimensionality.

Example: kg and tonne pm and Mm mol and kmol mW and TW

Comment: In the SI the concept of kind of quantity is used instead of kind of unit.

However, since for the EMMO a quantity is a number and a reference unit, the only information carrier for physical dimension is the reference unit.

For this reason in the EMMO the concept of kind of quantities follows the concept of kind of unit.

Comment: Units belonging to the same class are said of the same kind and there is a conversion factor between their quantity values.

Relations:

- is a MeasurementUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

ThermodynamicTemperatureUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO f460af7c 9134 4b2f 8450 d54918a08f34

- is a KindOfUnit
- is a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ThermodynamicTemperature
- equivalent_to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M0 I0 H+1 N0 J0"
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

MagneticFluxUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_e06e0563_8014_42a1_be32_f2717a62b15f}$

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only MagneticFlux
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

EquivalentDoseUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_606db3fb_6f05_483c_87da_673afdd64a17

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only DoseEquivalent
- disjoint with Collection, Void

CataliticActivityUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_b5773f1e_2d8d_428b_b8a2_cf463be6f1ae

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only CatalyticActivity
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Sievert

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO dc232f53 8ed8 4ddd 9f41 cc057985eadb

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05658

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SV

Relations:

- is_a EquivalentDoseUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Sv"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

MassUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_8d9caab6_452d_420a_9d21_11baae773bf9

Relations:

• is a KindOfUnit

- is a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Mass
- equivalent_to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M+1 I0 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

ElectricChargeUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_797ad1c0_0197_4020_8c9a_4f808e5c5d42$

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ElectricCharge
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

LuminousFluxUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_0aa9cd85_a008_4f6a_b94b_585e54c18799

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only LuminousFlux
- disjoint with Collection, Void

TimeUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_d69cb991_73c2_4381_bb92_982d702f624e$

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Time
- equivalent_to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T+1 L0 M0 I0 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

ElectricalInductanceUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_244d0ad2_7392_41f3_af1f_c7f1a7ae8832

Relations:

- \bullet is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Inductance
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

LuminousIntensityUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_b120c538_6320_470c_b9bd_c8d088694973

- is_a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only LuminousIntensity
- equivalent_to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M0 I0 H0 N0 J+1"
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

MagneticFluxDensityUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_fd2aec9a_9d61_4a06_82d0_1c98b588ce4b}$

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only MagneticFluxDensity
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Farad

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_a9201b2f_e6de_442a_b3a6_d291.0.0-alphaa582}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.F02320 Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/FARAD

Relations:

- is_a ElectricalCapacitanceUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "F"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Newton, Joule, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

Siemens

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_f2523820_04a6_44ab_bb67_8237dda2b0c2

Relations:

- is a ElectricConductanceUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "S"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt

ForceUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_65f9c4d6_67ee_4f36_88bf_093a17ab5644}$

Relations:

- \bullet is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Force
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

EnergyUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO aa06d425 d3f0 4011 a848 f93fc9d5672f

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Energy
- disjoint with Collection, Void

ElectricalResistanceUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_7f559d7e_ebb0_47dc_951d_d55a50b942aa

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ElectricResistance
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Watt

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_080052a1_f295_44be_a60f_1326ce13f1ba}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.W06656

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/W

Relations:

- is a PowerUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "W"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Katal, Coulomb, Lumen, Tesla, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, SINonCoherentUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, SIMetricPrefix, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Pascal

IlluminanceUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_bca0c4de_62cf_4664_911b_00e49acba254

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Illuminance
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Prefixed Unit branch

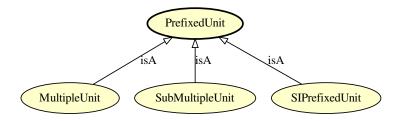


Figure 3.29: Prefixed Unit branch.

MultipleUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_62f0d847_3603_45b4_bfc4_dd4511355ff2}$

- is a PrefixedUnit
- disjoint_with SubMultipleUnit, Elementary, Symbol, ArithmeticExpression, Quantum, Void, PhysicsE-quation, Collection, MaterialRelation, NonPrefixedUnit

SubMultipleUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_a2f94f33_71fa_443c_a1fb_d1685fc537ec

Relations:

- is a PrefixedUnit
- disjoint_with Elementary, MultipleUnit, Symbol, ArithmeticExpression, Quantum, Void, PhysicsEquation, Collection, MaterialRelation, NonPrefixedUnit

PrefixedUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_c6d4a5e0_7e95_44df_a6db_84ee0a8bbc8e }$

Elucidation: A measurement unit that is made of a metric prefix and a unit symbol.

Relations:

- is a State
- is_a MeasurementUnit
- hasSpatialDirectPart only (UnitSymbol or MetricPrefix)
- hasSpatialDirectPart exactly 1 UnitSymbol
- hasSpatialDirectPart exactly 1 MetricPrefix
- disjoint_with Elementary, Symbol, ArithmeticExpression, Quantum, Void, PhysicsEquation, Collection, MaterialRelation, NonPrefixedUnit
- disjoint_union_of MultipleUnit, SubMultipleUnit

SIPrefixedUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_d41ce84b_4317_41fb_a5d1_6cd281fca106$

Elucidation: A SI base or special unit with a metric prefix.

Comment: The presence of the prefix makes this units non-coherent with SI system.

Relations:

- is a SINonCoherentUnit
- is a PrefixedUnit
- hasSpatialDirectPart exactly 1 SIUnitSymbol
- disjoint_with Elementary, SICoherentUnit, Symbol, ArithmeticExpression, Quantum, Void, PhysicsEquation, Collection, MaterialRelation, SINonCoherentDerivedUnit, NonPrefixedUnit

Metric Prefix branch

Atto

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_42955b2d_b465_4666_86cc_ea3c2d685753$

- is_a SIMetricPrefix
- is_a LatinSmallLetterA
- Inverse(hasVariable) only hasNumericalData value 1e-18
- hasSymbolData value "a"

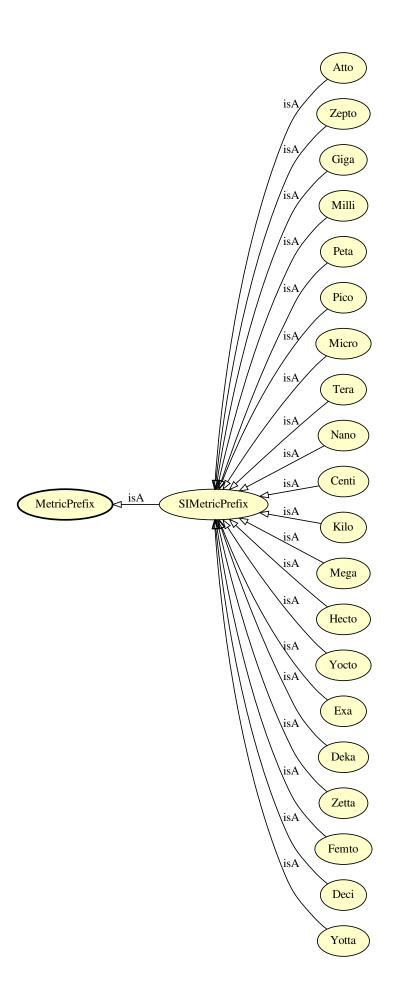


Figure 3.30: Metric Prefix branch. $112\,$

• disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Zepto

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_254472c6_3dbd_4f02_bc43_571389cd281f

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "z"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Giga

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO} \underline{a8eb4bbb}\underline{1bd3}\underline{4ad4}\underline{b114}\underline{2789bcbd2134}$

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "G"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Yotta

Milli

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_a3a701ed_6f7d_4a10_9aee_dfa1961fc7b7

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- is a LatinSmallLetterM
- hasSymbolData value "m"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Kelvin, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, Kilogram, Mole, Centi, Second, Candela, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmall-LetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, SISpecialUnit, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Peta

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_43a6b269_da31_4bb6_a537_c97df4fff32a

- is_a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "P"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Pico

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_068c4e58_2470_4b1c_8454_010dd4906100

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "p"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Micro

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_9ff3bf8e_2168_406e_8251_1d158fc948ae

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- is a MicroUnit
- hasSymbolData value "µ"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Tera

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_3a204900_2b33_47d1_b444_815cc4c8cffa

Relations:

- is_a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "T"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, Pascal, LatinSmallLetterM, Femto, Katal, Centi, Coulomb, Lumen, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Mega, Steradian, Hecto, Yocto, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Deci, Lux, Space, Collection, Zepto, Weber, Hertz, SIBaseUnit, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Exa, Deka, Siemens, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Giga, Watt, Yotta

SIMetricPrefix

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_471cb92b_edca_4cf9_bce8_a75084d876b8

Relations:

- is a MetricPrefix
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Kelvin, Equation, Quantity, Pascal, Katal, Kilogram, Mole, Coulomb, Second, Lumen, Candela, Gray, Henry, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, Collection, Weber, Hertz, Radian, Volt, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Sievert, Latin-CapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Watt
- disjoint_union_of Pico, Deci, Deka, Hecto, Femto, Zepto, Tera, Atto, Peta, Exa, Mega, Kilo, Micro, Milli, Giga, Centi, Zetta, Nano, Yotta, Yocto

Nano

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO e1981c25 7c55 4020 aa7a d2e14ced86d4

Relations:

• is a SIMetricPrefix

- hasSymbolData value "n"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

MetricPrefix

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_7d2afa66_ae9e_4095_a9bf_421d0be401b6}$

Comment: Dimensionless multiplicative unit prefix Seealso: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Metric_prefix

Relations:

- is_a MathematicalSymbol
- is_a Constant
- is_a MetrologicalSymbol
- is_a Metrological
- is_a Symbol
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, Quantity, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection

Centi

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO b55cd09a e54d 4eb1 81dd 03c29d1b878e

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "c"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Kilo

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 74931b1b c133 4e59 9a75 1bf0e1626201

Relations:

- is_a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "k"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmall-LetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Mega

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "M"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Hecto

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_21aaefc1_3f86_4208_b7db_a755f31f0f8c}$

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "h"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Yocto

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_f5769206_9257_4b08_bf7b_dad7868c6afc

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "v"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Exa

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_5cf9f86c_86f5_40c4_846d_60371f670e0a

Relations:

- is_a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "E"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Deka

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 1d8b370b c672 4d0c 964e eaafcbf2f51f

Relations:

- is_a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "da"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Zetta

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_daa9ee97_4c5f_42e5_918c_44d7523e8958

- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ SIMetricPrefix$
- hasSymbolData value "Z"

• disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Femto

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_23bfe79a_cade_48f1_9a8c_fd96e6bac8ba

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "f"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Giga, Yotta

Deci

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_1181c938_c8f0_4ad6_bc7a_2bfdc0903d29}$

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "d"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga, Yotta

Yotta

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_e79c62ff_10ad_4ec0_baba_c19ddd4eaa11}$

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "Y"
- disjoint_with PrefixedUnit, LatinSmallLetterA, Equation, Peta, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Centi, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, SIUnitSymbol, Deci, Space, Collection, Zepto, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, Kilo, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Femto, Giga

Quantity branch

Ordinal Quantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO c46f091c 0420 4c1a af30 0a2c8ebcf7d7

Elucidation: "Quantity, defined by a conventional measurement procedure, for which a total ordering relation can be established, according to magnitude, with other quantities of the same kind, but for which no algebraic operations among those quantities exist" International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

 $\textbf{Example:} \ \operatorname{Hardness} \ \operatorname{Resilience}$

Comment: "Ordinal quantities, such as Rockwell C hardness, are usually not considered to be part of a system of quantities because they are related to other quantities through empirical relations only." International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

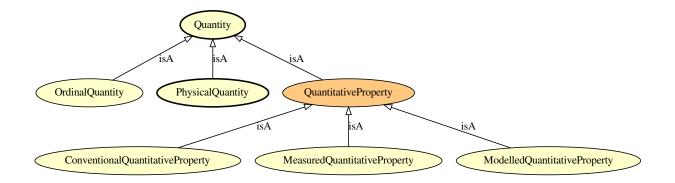


Figure 3.31: Quantity branch.

- is_a Quantity
- disjoint_with PhysicalQuantity, Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Quantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO f658c301 ce93 46cf 9639 4eace2c5d1d5

Elucidation: A symbolic that has parts a reference unit and a numerical object separated by a space expressing the value of a quantitative property (expressed as the product of the numerical and the unit).

Example: 6.8 m 0.9 km 8 K 6 MeV 43.5 HRC(150 kg)

Comment: A quantity is not necessarily a property, since it is possible to write "10 kg", without assigning this quantity to a specific object.

However, a quantitative property is always a quantity.

Comment: Referred as Quantity Value in International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

Comment: SI distinguishes between a quantity (an abstract concept) and the quantity value (a number and a reference).

The EMMO, following strict nominalism, denies the existence of abstract objects and then collapses the two concepts of SI quantity and SI quantity value into a single one: the 'Quantity'.

So, for the EMMO the symbol "kg" is not a physical quantity but simply a 'Symbolic' object categorized as a 'MeasurementUnit'.

While the string "1 kg" is a 'Physical Quantity'.

Relations:

- is_a State
- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ Metrological$
- hasReferenceUnit exactly 1 ReferenceUnit
- hasQuantityValue exactly 1 Numerical
- disjoint_with Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection
- disjoint_union_of PhysicalQuantity, OrdinalQuantity

ConventionalQuantitativeProperty

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties\#EMMO_d8aa8e1f_b650_416d_88a0_5118de945456}$

Elucidation: A quantitative property attributed by agreement to a quantity for a given purpose.

Example: The thermal conductivity of a copper sample in my laboratory can be assumed to be the conductivity that appears in the vendor specification. This value has been obtained by measurement of a sample which is not

the one I have in my laboratory. This conductivity value is then a conventional quantitiative property assigned to my sample through a semiotic process in which no actual measurement is done by my laboratory.

If I don't believe the vendor, then I can measure the actual thermal conductivity. I then perform a measurement process that semiotically assign another value for the conductivity, which is a measured property, since is part of a measurement process.

Then I have two different physical quantities that are properties thanks to two different semiotic processes.

Comment: A property that is associated to an object by convention, or assumption.

Relations:

- is a QuantitativeProperty
- disjoint_with Elementary, SubjectiveProperty, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

MeasuredQuantitativeProperty

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties} \# EMMO_873b0ab3_88e6_4054_b901_5531e01f14a4$

Relations:

- is a QuantitativeProperty
- disjoint_with Elementary, SubjectiveProperty, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ModelledQuantitativeProperty

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO_d0200cf1_e4f4_45ae_873f_b9359daea3cd

Relations:

- is a QuantitativeProperty
- disjoint with Elementary, Subjective Property, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

QuantitativeProperty

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO dd4a7f3e ef56 466c ac1a d2716b5f87ec

Elucidation: A 'Quantity' that can be quantified with respect to a standardized reference physical instance (e.g. the prototype meter bar, the kg prototype) or method (e.g. resilience) through a measurement process.

Comment: "A property of a phenomenon, body, or substance, where the property has a magnitude that can be expressed by means of a number and a reference" ISO 80000-1

"A reference can be a measurement unit, a measurement procedure, a reference material, or a combination of such." International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

Comment: A quantitative property is always expressed as a quantity (i.e. a number and a reference unit). For the EMMO, a nominalistic ontology, there is no property as abstract object.

A property is a sign that stands for an object according to a specific code shared by some observers.

For quantititative properties, one possible code that is shared between the scientific community (the observers) is the SI system of units.

Comment: Subclasses of 'QuantitativeProperty' classify objects according to the type semiosis that is used to connect the property to the object (e.g. by measurement, by convention, by modelling).

- is a ObjectiveProperty
- is_a Quantity
- equivalent_to MeasuredQuantitativeProperty or ModelledQuantitativeProperty or ConventionalQuantitativeProperty
- disjoint_with Elementary, SubjectiveProperty, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Base Quantity branch

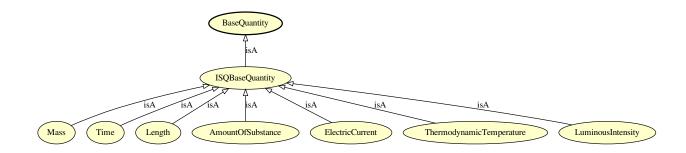


Figure 3.32: Base Quantity branch.

ISQBaseQuantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_1a4c1a97_88a7_4d8e_b2f9_2ca58e92dde4

Relations:

- is a International System Of Quantity
- is_a BaseQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, Collection
- disjoint_union_of LuminousIntensity, AmountOfSubstance, ThermodynamicTemperature, ElectricCurrent, Length, Time, Mass

Mass

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_ed4af7ae_63a2_497e_bb88_2309619ea405}$

Elucidation: Property of a physical body that express its resistance to acceleration (a change in its state of motion) when a force is applied.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Mass

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03709

Relations:

- \bullet is_a ISQBaseQuantity
- Inverse(hasProperty) only Matter
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Time, Symbol, Length, AmountOfSubstance, ElectricCurrent, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, ThermodynamicTemperature, Collection, LuminousIntensity

BaseQuantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO acaaa124 3dde 48b6 86e6 6ec6f364f408

Elucidation: "Quantity in a conventionally chosen subset of a given system of quantities, where no quantity in the subset can be expressed in terms of the other quantities within that subset" ISO 80000-1

- is_a PhysicalQuantity
- hasReferenceUnit only BaseUnit
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, Collection

Time

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_d4f7d378_5e3b_468a_baa1_a7e98358cda7 } \\$

Elucidation: The indefinite continued progress of existence and events that occur in apparently irreversible succession from the past through the present to the future.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Time **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06375

Relations:

• is_a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Mass, Symbol, Length, AmountOfSubstance, ElectricCurrent, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, ThermodynamicTemperature, Collection, LuminousIntensity

Length

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO cd2cd0de e0cc 4ef1 b27e 2e88db027bac

Elucidation: Extend of a spatial dimension.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Length **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03498

Relations:

• is_a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, AmountOfSubstance, ElectricCurrent, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, ThermodynamicTemperature, Collection, LuminousIntensity

AmountOfSubstance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_8159c26a_494b_4fa0_9959_10888f152298

 ${\bf Elucidation:}$ The number of elementary entities present.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Amount_of_substance

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00297

Relations:

• is a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Length, ElectricCurrent, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, ThermodynamicTemperature, Collection, LuminousIntensity

ElectricCurrent

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_c995ae70_3b84_4ebb_bcfc_69e6a281bb88

Elucidation: A flow of electric charge.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Electric_current

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01927

Relations:

• is a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, ThermodynamicTemperature, Collection, LuminousIntensity

ThermodynamicTemperature

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_affe07e4_e9bc_4852_86c6_69e26182a17f}$

Elucidation: Thermodynamic temperature is the absolute measure of temperature. It is defined by the third law of thermodynamics in which the theoretically lowest temperature is the null or zero point.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Thermodynamic_temperature

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06321

Relations:

- is_a ISQBaseQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Electric-Current, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, Collection, LuminousIntensity

LuminousIntensity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO 50bf79a6 a48b 424d 9d2c 813bd631231a

Elucidation: A measure of the wavelength-weighted power emitted by a light source in a particular direction per unit solid angle. It is based on the luminosity function, which is a standardized model of the sensitivity of the human eye.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Luminous_intensity

Relations:

- is a ISQBaseQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Electric-Current, Quantum, DerivedQuantity, Void, ThermodynamicTemperature, Collection

Derived Quantity branch

Capacitance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_99dba333_0dbd_4f75_8841_8c0f97fd58e2

Elucidation: The derivative of the electric charge of a system with respect to the electric potential.

Altlabel: ElectricCapacitance

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Capacitance **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C00791

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

LuminousFlux

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_e2ee1c98_497a_4f66_b4ed_5711496a848e}$

Elucidation: Perceived power of light.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Luminous flux

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03646

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint with Ordinal Quantity, Elementary, Base Quantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

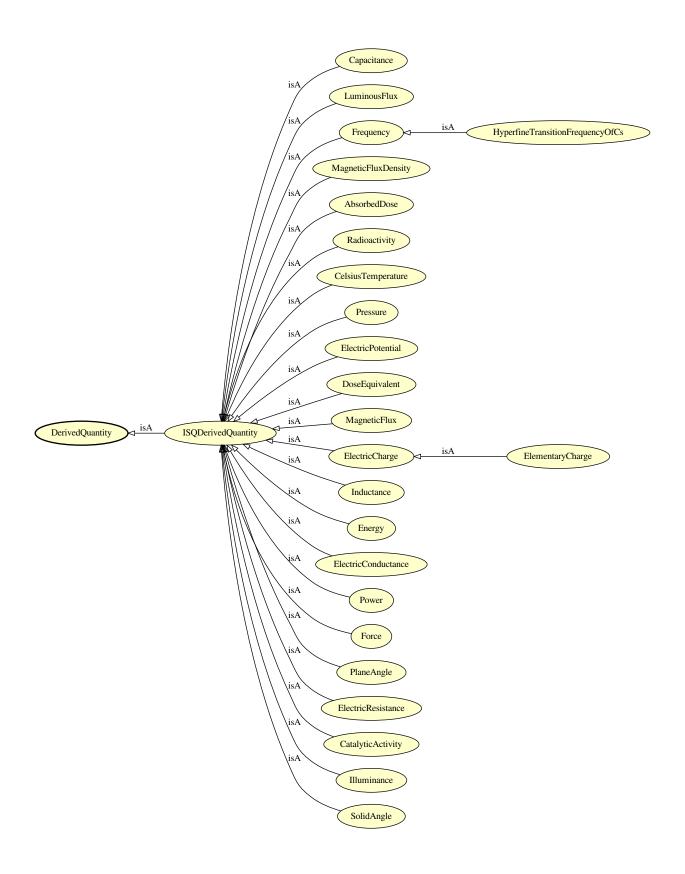


Figure 3.33: Derived Quantity branch.

Frequency

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO} \underline{852b4ab8} \underline{fc29} \underline{4749} \underline{a8c7} \underline{b92d4fca7d5a}$

Elucidation: Number of periods per time interval.

 ${\bf Dbpe diamatch:}\ \, {\rm http://dbpedia.org/page/Frequency}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.FT07383

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

MagneticFluxDensity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_961d1aba_f75e_4411_aaa4_457f7516ed6b}$

Elucidation: Strength of the magnetic field.

Comment: Often denoted B.

 $\textbf{Dbpediamatch:}\ \text{http://dbpedia.org/page/Magnetic_field}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03686

Relations:

• is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint with Ordinal Quantity, Elementary, Base Quantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

AbsorbedDose

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_8e5dd473_808b_4a8a_b7cd_63068c12ff57

Comment: Energy imparted to matter by ionizing radiation in a suitable small element of volume divided by the mass of that element of volume.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Absorbed_dose

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00031

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Radioactivity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_8d3da9ac_2265_4382_bee5_db72046722f8}$

Elucidation: Decays per unit time.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00114

Relations:

• is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

CelsiusTemperature

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_66bc9029_f473_45ff_bab9_c3509ff37a22

Elucidation: An objective comparative measure of hot or cold.

Temperature is a relative quantity that can be used to express temperature differences. Unlike ThermodynamicTemperature, it cannot express absolute temperatures.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Temperature

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06261

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint with Ordinal Quantity, Elementary, Base Quantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Pressure

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_50a44256_9dc5_434b_bad4_74a4d9a29989

Elucidation: The force applied perpendicular to the surface of an object per unit area over which that force

is distributed.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Pressure **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.P04819

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ElectricPotential

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_4f2d3939_91b1_4001_b8ab_7d19074bf845

Elucidation: Energy required to move a unit charge through an electric field from a reference point.

Altlabel: Voltage

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Voltage **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00424

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ElementaryCharge

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_58a650f0_a638_4743_8439_535a325e5c4c

Elucidation: The magnitude of the electric charge carried by a single electron.

Comment: The DBpedia definition (http://dbpedia.org/page/Elementary_charge) is outdated as May 20, 2019. It is now an exact quantity.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Elementary_charge

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E02032

Qudtmatch: http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/CODATA-Value_ElementaryCharge

- is_a ElectricCharge
- is a SIExactConstant

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BoltzmannConstant, BaseQuantity, Symbol, LuminousEfficacy, SpeedOfLightInVacuum, MeasuredConstant, AvogadroConstant, HyperfineTransitionFrequency-OfCs, PlanckConstant, Quantum, Void, Collection

DoseEquivalent

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO 3df10765 f6ff 4c9e be3d 10b1809d78bd

Elucidation: A dose quantity used in the International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP) system

of radiological protection.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Energy **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E02101

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

MagneticFlux

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_3b931698_937e_49be_ab1b_36fa52d91181

Elucidation: Measure of magnetism, taking account of the strength and the extent of a magnetic field.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Magnetic_flux

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03684

Relations:

• is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ElectricCharge

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO 1604f495 328a 4f28 9962 f4cc210739dd

Elucidation: The physical property of matter that causes it to experience a force when placed in an electro-

magnetic field.

Altlabel: Charge

 ${\bf Dbpe diamatch:\ http://dbpedia.org/page/Electric_charge}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01923

Relations:

• is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Inductance

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_04cc9451_5306_45d0_8554_22cee4d6e785$

Elucidation: A property of an electrical conductor by which a change in current through it induces an electromotive force in both the conductor itself and in any nearby conductors by mutual inductance.

Altlabel: ElectricInductance

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Inductance **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M04076

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Energy

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_31ec09ba_1713_42cb_83c7_b38bf6f9ced2

Elucidation: A property of objects which can be transferred to other objects or converted into different forms.

Comment: Energy is often defined as "ability of a system to perform work", but it might be misleading since

is not necessarily available to do work.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Energy **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E02101

Relations:

• is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ElectricConductance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO ffb73b1e 5786 43e4 a964 cb32ac7affb7

Elucidation: Measure of the ease for electric current to pass through a material.

Altlabel: Conductance

Comment: Inverse of 'ElectricalResistance'.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Electrical resistance and conductance

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01925

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ISQDerivedQuantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_2946d40b_24a1_47fa_8176_e3f79bb45064

Relations:

- is_a InternationalSystemOfQuantity
- is_a DerivedQuantity
- disjoint with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Power

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_09b9021b_f97b_43eb_b83d_0a764b472bc2

 ${\bf Elucidation:}\ {\bf Rate}\ {\bf of}\ {\bf transfer}\ {\bf of}\ {\bf energy}\ {\bf per}\ {\bf unit}\ {\bf time}.$

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Power_(physics)

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.P04792

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_f96feb3f_4438_4e43_aa44_7458c4d87fc2

Elucidation: The frequency standard in the SI system in which the photon absorption by transitions between the two hyperfine ground states of caesium-133 atoms are used to control the output frequency.

Relations:

- is_a Frequency
- is a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BoltzmannConstant, BaseQuantity, Symbol, LuminousEfficacy, SpeedOfLightInVacuum, MeasuredConstant, AvogadroConstant, PlanckConstant, Quantum, Void, Collection, ElementaryCharge

Force

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_1f087811_06cb_42d5_90fb_25d0e7e068ef}$

Elucidation: Any interaction that, when unopposed, will change the motion of an object.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Force **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.F02480

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

PlaneAngle

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_f3dd74c0_f480_49e8_9764_33b78638c235

Elucidation: Ratio of circular arc length to radius.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Angle

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00346

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

DerivedQuantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_71f6ab56_342c_484b_bbe0_de86b7367cb3

 $\textbf{Elucidation:} \ \ \text{``Quantity, in a system of quantities, defined in terms of the base quantities of that system"}$

Relations:

- is_a PhysicalQuantity
- disjoint with Ordinal Quantity, Elementary, Base Quantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ElectricResistance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_e88f75d6_9a17_4cfc_bdf7_43d7cea5a9a1

Elucidation: Measure of the difficulty to pass an electric current through a material.

Altlabel: Resistance

Comment: Inverse of 'ElectricalConductance'.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Electrical_resistance_and_conductance

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01936

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

CatalyticActivity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_bd67d149_24c2_4bc9_833a_c2bc26f98fd3$

Elucidation: Increase in the rate of reaction of a specified chemical reaction that an enzyme produces in a specific assay system.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C00881

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Illuminance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO b51fbd00 a857 4132 9711 0ef70e7bdd20

Definition: The total luminous flux incident on a surface, per unit area.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Illuminance **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.I02941

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

SolidAngle

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_e7c9f7fd_e534_4441_88fe_1fec6cb20f26

Elucidation: Ratio of area on a sphere to its radius squared.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Solid_angle

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05732

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Physical Constant branch

SIExactConstant

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_f2ca6dd0_0e5f_4392_a92d_cafdae6cfc95$

- is a ExactConstant
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Symbol, MeasuredConstant, Quantum, Void, Collection
- disjoint_union_of AvogadroConstant, LuminousEfficacy, ElementaryCharge, PlanckConstant, Speed-OfLightInVacuum, HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs, BoltzmannConstant

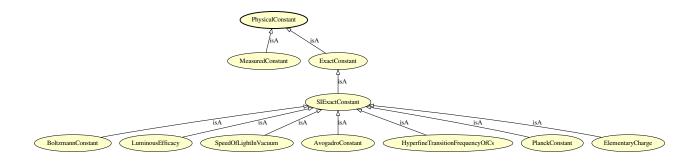


Figure 3.34: Physical Constant branch.

BoltzmannConstant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_ffc7735f_c177_46a4_98e9_a54440d29209

Elucidation: A physical constant relating energy at the individual particle level with temperature. It is the gas constant R divided by the Avogadro constant.

Comment: The DBpedia definition (http://dbpedia.org/page/Boltzmann_constant) is outdated as May 20, 2019. It is now an exact quantity.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Boltzmann_constant

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.B00695

Qudtmatch: http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/CODATA-Value BoltzmannConstant

Relations:

- is a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, Symbol, LuminousEfficacy, SpeedOfLightInVacuum, MeasuredConstant, AvogadroConstant, HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs, PlanckConstant, Quantum, Void, Collection, ElementaryCharge

ExactConstant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_89762966_8076_4f7c_b745_f718d653e8e2

Comment: Physical constant that by definition (after the latest revision of the SI system that was enforced May 2019) has a known exact numerical value when expressed in SI units.

Relations:

- is_a PhysicalConstant
- disjoint with Ordinal Quantity, Elementary, Symbol, Measured Constant, Quantum, Void, Collection

MeasuredConstant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_3f15d200_c97b_42c8_8ac0_d81d150361e2

Relations:

- is_a PhysicalConstant
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, ExactConstant, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

LuminousEfficacy

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 506f7823 52bc 40cb be07 b3b1e10cce13

Elucidation: The luminous efficacy of monochromatic radiation of frequency 540×10 12 Hz, K cd , is a technical constant that gives an exact numerical relationship between the purely physical characteristics of the

radiant power stimulating the human eye (W) and its photobiological response defined by the luminous flux due to the spectral responsivity of a standard observer (lm) at a frequency of $540 \times 10 12$ hertz.

Relations:

- is a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BoltzmannConstant, Symbol, MeasuredConstant, Speed-OfLightInVacuum, AvogadroConstant, HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs, PlanckConstant, Quantum, Void, Collection, ElementaryCharge

SpeedOfLightInVacuum

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_99296e55_53f7_4333_9e06_760ad175a1b9

Elucidation: The speed of light in vacuum.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Speed_of_light

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05854

Qudtmatch: http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/CODATA-Value_SpeedOfLightInVacuum

Relations:

- is a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BoltzmannConstant, Symbol, LuminousEfficacy, Measured-Constant, AvogadroConstant, HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs, PlanckConstant, Quantum, Void, Collection, ElementaryCharge

PhysicalConstant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO b953f2b1 c8d1 4dd9 b630 d3ef6580c2bb

Comment: Physical constants are categorised into "exact" and measured constants.

With "exact" constants, we refer to physical constants that have an exact numerical value after the revision of the SI system that was enforced May 2019.

Wikipediaentry: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_physical_constants

Relations:

- is_a PhysicalQuantity
- disjoint with Ordinal Quantity, Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection
- disjoint_union_of MeasuredConstant, ExactConstant

AvogadroConstant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 176cae33 b83e 4cd2 a6bc 281f42f0ccc8

Elucidation: The number of constituent particles, usually atoms or molecules, that are contained in the amount of substance given by one mole.

Comment: The DBpedia definition (http://dbpedia.org/page/Avogadro_constant) is outdated as May 20, 2019. It is now an exact quantity.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Avogadro_constant

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00543

Qudtmatch: http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/CODATA-Value_AvogadroConstant

- is a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BoltzmannConstant, Symbol, LuminousEfficacy, Speed-OfLightInVacuum, MeasuredConstant, HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs, PlanckConstant, Quantum, Void, Collection, ElementaryCharge

HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_f96feb3f_4438_4e43_aa44_7458c4d87fc2

Elucidation: The frequency standard in the SI system in which the photon absorption by transitions between the two hyperfine ground states of caesium-133 atoms are used to control the output frequency.

Relations:

- is_a Frequency
- is a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BoltzmannConstant, BaseQuantity, Symbol, LuminousEfficacy, SpeedOfLightInVacuum, MeasuredConstant, AvogadroConstant, PlanckConstant, Quantum, Void, Collection, ElementaryCharge

PlanckConstant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_76cc4efc_231e_42b4_be83_2547681caed6

Elucidation: The quantum of action.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Planck_constant

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.P04685

Qudtmatch: http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/CODATA-Value_PlankConstant

Relations:

- is a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BoltzmannConstant, Symbol, LuminousEfficacy, Speed-OfLightInVacuum, MeasuredConstant, AvogadroConstant, HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs, Quantum, Void, Collection, ElementaryCharge

ElementaryCharge

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_58a650f0_a638_4743_8439_535a325e5c4c

Elucidation: The magnitude of the electric charge carried by a single electron.

Comment: The DBpedia definition (http://dbpedia.org/page/Elementary_charge) is outdated as May 20, 2019. It is now an exact quantity.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Elementary_charge

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E02032

Qudtmatch: http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/CODATA-Value_ElementaryCharge

Relations:

- is a ElectricCharge
- is_a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with OrdinalQuantity, Elementary, BoltzmannConstant, BaseQuantity, Symbol, LuminousEfficacy, SpeedOfLightInVacuum, MeasuredConstant, AvogadroConstant, HyperfineTransitionFrequency-OfCs, PlanckConstant, Quantum, Void, Collection

Reductionistic branch

Existent

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/reductionistic} \# EMMO_52211e5e_d767_4812_845e_eb6b402c476a$

Elucidation: A 'Physical' which is a tessellation of 'State' temporal direct parts.

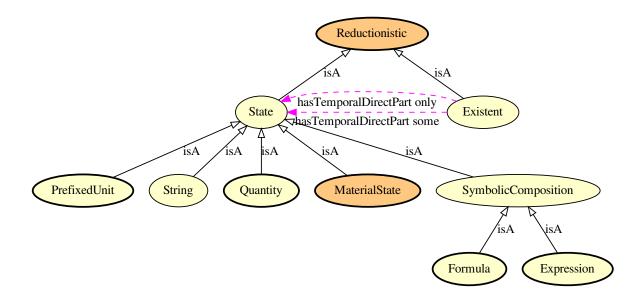


Figure 3.35: Reductionistic branch.

Comment: 'Existent' is the EMMO class to be used for representing real world physical objects under a reductionistic perspective (i.e. objects come from the composition of sub-part objects, both in time and space).

'Existent' class collects all individuals that stand for physical objects that can be structured in well defined temporal sub-parts called states, through the temporal direct parthood relation.

This class provides a first granularity hierarchy in time, and a way to axiomatize tessellation principles for a specific whole with a non-transitivity relation (direct parthood) that helps to retain the granularity levels.

e.g. a car, a supersaturated gas with nucleating nanoparticles, an atom that becomes ionized and then recombines with an electron.

Comment: An 'Existent' individual stands for a real world object for which the ontologist can provide univocal tessellation in time.

By definition, the tiles are represented by 'State'-s individual.

Tiles are related to the 'Existent' through temporal direct parthood, enforcing non-transitivity and inverse-functionality.

Comment: Being hasTemporalDirectPart a proper parthood relation, there cannot be 'Existent' made of a single 'State'.

Moreover, due to inverse functionality, a 'State' can be part of only one 'Existent', preventing overlapping between 'Existent'-s.

Comment: ex-sistere (latin): to stay (to persist through time) outside others of the same type (to be distinct from the rest).

Relations:

- is_a Reductionistic
- hasTemporalDirectPart some State
- hasTemporalDirectPart only State
- disjoint_with Elementary, Collection, Quantum, Void

SymbolicComposition

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual} \# EMMO_89a0c87c_0804_4013_937a_6fe234d9499c$

Elucidation: A symbolic entity made of other symbolic entities according to a specific spatial configuration.

Relations:

- is a Symbolic
- is_a State
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Symbolic
- disjoint_with Elementary, Collection, Quantum, Void

Reductionistic

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/reductionistic#EMMO 15db234d ecaf 4715 9838 4b4ec424fb13

Elucidation: A class devoted to categorize 'Physical'-s according to their granularity relations, first in terms of time evolution (Existent) and then in terms of their composition (State), up to the spatial a-tomistic element (Elementary).

Direct parthood is the relation used to build the class hierarchy (and the granularity hierarchy).

Relations:

- is a Perspective
- equivalent to State or Existent
- disjoint with Elementary, Collection, Quantum, Void

String

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_50ea1ec5_f157_41b0_b46b_a9032f17ca10

Elucidation: A physical made of more than one symbol sequentially arranged.

Example: The word "cat" considered as a collection of 'symbol'-s respecting the rules of english language.

In this example the 'symbolic' entity "cat" is not related to the real cat, but it is only a word (like it would be to an italian person that ignores the meaning of this english word).

If an 'interpreter' skilled in english language is involved in a 'semiotic' process with this word, that "cat" became also a 'sign' i.e. it became for the 'interpreter' a representation for a real cat.

Comment: A string is made of concatenated symbols whose arrangement is one-dimensional. Each symbol can have only one previous and one next neighborhood (bidirectional list).

Comment: A string is not requested to respect any syntactic rule: it's simply directly made of symbols.

Relations:

- is_a Symbolic
- is a State
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Symbol
- hasSpatialDirectPart only Symbol
- disjoint with Elementary, Quantum, Void, PhysicsEquation, Collection, MaterialRelation

State

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/reductionistic#EMMO_36c79456_e29c_400d_8bd3_0eedddb82652

Elucidation: A 'Physical' which is a tessellation of spatial direct parts.

Example: e.g. the existent in my glass is declared at $t = t_{start}$ as made of two direct parts: the ice and the water. It will continue to exists as state as long as the ice is completely melt at $t = t_{end}$. The new state will be completely made of water. Between t_{start} and t_{end} there is an exchange of molecules between the ice and the water, but this does not affect the existence of the two states.

If we partition the existent in my glass as ice surrounded by several molecules (we do not use the object water as direct part) then the appearance of a molecule coming from the ice will cause a state to end and another state to begin.

Comment: Direct partitions declaration is a choice of the ontologist that choses the classes to be used as direct parts, according to its own world view.

A 'State' can always be direct partitioned in 'Elementary'-s and 'Void' or 'Physical'.

e.g. the water in my glass can be seen as a single object without declaring direct parts, or as made of H2O molecules direct parts.

Comment: The definition of 'State' implies that its spatial direct parts (i.e. 'physicals') are not gained or lost during its temporal extension (they exist from the left to the right side of the time interval), so that the cardinality of spatial direct parts in a 'State' is constant.

This does not mean that there cannot be a change in the internal structure of the 'State' direct parts. It means only that this change must not affect the existence of the direct part itself.

There is no change in granularity or cardinality of direct parts of a 'State'.

The use of spatial direct parthood in 'State' definition means that a 'State' cannot overlap in space another 'State'.

Comment: The usefulness of 'State' is that it makes it possible to describe the evolution in time of an 'Existent' in terms of series of 'State'-s that can take into account the disappearance or appearance of parts within a 'Physical'.

A 'State' is a recognizable granularity level of matter, in the sense that its direct parts do not appear or disappear within its lifetime as it can be for a generic 'Existent'.

Comment: There is no change in granularity or cardinality of parts within a state.

The use of spatial direct parthood in state definition means that a state cannot overlap in space another state that is direct part of the same whole.

Relations:

- is a Reductionistic
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Physical
- disjoint_with Elementary, Collection, Quantum, Void

Expression branch

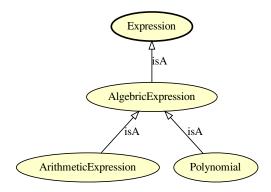


Figure 3.36: Expression branch.

ArithmeticExpression

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_89083bab_f69c_4d06_bf6d_62973b56cdc7

Example: 2+2

- \bullet is_a AlgebricExpression
- is_a not hasSpatialDirectPart some Variable

• disjoint_with Elementary, PrefixedUnit, Quantum, Void, Collection

Expression

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_f9bc8b52_85e9_4b53_b969_dd7724d5b8e4

Elucidation: A well-formed finite combination of mathematical symbols according to some specific rules.

Relations:

- is a Mathematical
- is a Symbolic Composition
- disjoint_with Elementary, Collection, Quantum, Void

AlgebricExpression

Example: 2x+3

Comment: An expression that has parts only integer constants, variables, and the algebraic operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division and exponentiation by an exponent that is a rational number)

Relations:

- is_a Expression
- disjoint_with Elementary, Collection, Quantum, Void

Polynomial

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO 91447ec0 fb55 49f2 85a5 3172dff6482c

Example: $2 * x^2 + x + 3$

Relations:

- is_a AlgebricExpression
- disjoint with Elementary, Collection, Quantum, Void

Formula branch

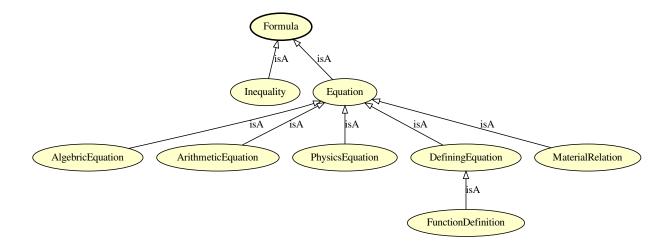


Figure 3.37: Formula branch.

Equation

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_e56ee3eb_7609_4ae1_8bed_51974f0960a6}$

Elucidation: The class of 'mathematical'-s that stand for a statement of equality between two mathematical expressions.

Example: $2+3 = 5 \text{ x}^2 + 3x = 5x \text{ dv/dt} = a \sin(x) = y$

Comment: An equation with variables can always be represented as:

$$f(v0, v1, ..., vn) = g(v0, v1, ..., vn)$$

where f is the left hand and g the right hand side expressions and v0, v1, ..., vn are the variables.

Relations:

- is a Formula
- is a Mathematical
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Expression
- disjoint_with Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Inequality

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO 0b6ebe5a 0026 4bef a1c1 5be00df9f98e

Relations:

- is_a Formula
- disjoint with Elementary, Collection, Quantum, Void

AlgebricEquation

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO_98d65021_4574_4890_b2fb_46430841077f

Example: 2 * a - b = c

Comment: An 'equation' that has parts two 'polynomial'-s

Relations:

- is_a Equation
- hasSpatialDirectPart some AlgebricExpression
- disjoint with Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

Formula

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_88470739_03d3_4c47_a03e_b30a1288d50c

Elucidation: A mathematica string that can be evaluated as true or false.

Relations:

- \bullet is_a Mathematical
- is a Symbolic Composition
- disjoint_with Elementary, Collection, Quantum, Void

Function Definition

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math\#EMMO_4bc29b0f_8fcc_4026_a291_f9774a66d9b8}$

Elucidation: A function defined using functional notation.

Example: y = f(x)

- is a DefiningEquation
- disjoint with Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

ArithmeticEquation

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO_a6138ba7_e365_4f2d_b6b4_fe5a5918d403

Example: 1 + 1 = 2

Relations:

- is a Equation
- disjoint_with Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

PhysicsEquation

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models\#EMMO} \underline{27c5d8c6} \underline{8af7} \underline{4d63} \underline{beb1} \underline{ec37cd8b3fa3}$

Elucidation: An 'equation' that stands for a 'physical_law' by mathematically defining the relations between physics_quantities.

Comment: The Newton's equation of motion.

The Schrodinger equation.

The Navier-Stokes equation.

Relations:

- is_a Equation
- is a MathematicalModel
- hasSpatialDirectPart some PhysicalQuantity
- Inverse(hasModel) some PhysicalPhenomenon
- disjoint_with Elementary, PrefixedUnit, Symbol, String, Quantum, Void, Collection

DefiningEquation

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math\#EMMO_29afdf54_90ae_4c98_8845_fa9ea3f143a8$

Elucidation: An equation that define a new variable in terms of other mathematical entities.

Example: The definition of velocity as v = dx/dt.

The definition of density as mass/volume.

y = f(x)

Relations:

- is_a Equation
- disjoint with Elementary, Symbol, Quantum, Void, Collection

MaterialRelation

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_e5438930_04e7_4d42_ade5_3700d4a52ab7

Elucidation: An 'equation' that stands for a physical assumption specific to a material, and provides an expression for a 'physics_quantity' (the dependent variable) as function of other variables, physics_quantity or data (independent variables).

Example: The Lennard-Jones potential.

A force field.

An Hamiltonian.

Comment: A material_relation can e.g. return a predefined number, return a database query, be an equation that depends on other physics_quantities.

Relations:

- is_a Equation
- hasSpatialDirectPart some PhysicalQuantity
- disjoint with Elementary, PrefixedUnit, Symbol, String, Quantum, Void, Collection

Physicalistic branch

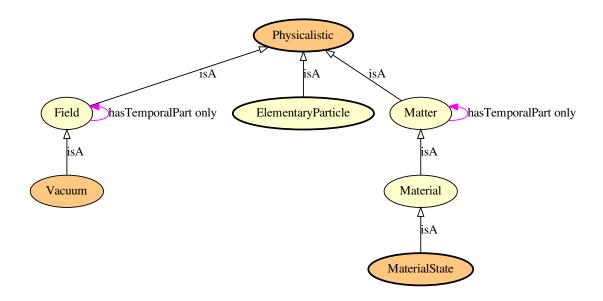


Figure 3.38: Physicalistic branch.

Matter

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO_5b2222df_4da6_442f_8244_96e9e45887d1

Elucidation: A 'Physical' that possesses some 'Massive' parts.

Relations:

- is_a Physicalistic
- is_a Physical
- hasPart some Massive
- hasTemporalPart only Matter
- disjoint_with Vacuum, Collection, Void

Field

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO 70dac51e bddd 48c2 8a98 7d8395e91fc2

Elucidation: A 'Physical' with 'Massless' parts that are mediators of interactions.

Comment: The concepts of matter and field for classical physics, upon which we can categorize physical entities, are replaced in quantum physics by the more general concepts of quantum field.

Here the class 'Field' refers to the quantum field of massless bosonic particles (i.e. photons, gluons), while the class 'Matter' refers to the quantum field of massive fermionic or bosonic particles (e.g. quarks, electrons).

Relations:

- is a Physicalistic
- is_a Physical
- hasPart some Massless
- hasTemporalPart only Field
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Vacuum

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO_3c218fbe_60c9_4597_8bcf_41eb1773af1f

Relations:

- is_a Field
- equivalent_to Field and not Matter
- disjoint with Matter, Collection, Void

Material

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO_4207e895_8b83_4318_996a_72cfb32acd94

Elucidation: A 'Physical' that stands for a real world object that represents an amount of a physical substance (or mixture of substances) that constitute (is part of) a more comprehensive real world object.

Comment: The definition states that a 'Material' is a portion of a real world object, being that a full functional device or component, or a sample made of that material (or the sample itself).

Relations:

- is a Matter
- disjoint_with Vacuum, Collection, Void

Physicalistic

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic} \# EMMO_98 ada9 d8_f1c8_4f13_99b5_d890f5354152$

Elucidation: The perspective for which physical objects are categorized only by concepts coming from physics.

Relations:

- is_a Perspective
- equivalent_to Matter or Field
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Elementary Particle branch

Graviton

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO eb3c61f0 3983 4346 a0c6 e7f6b90a67a8

Elucidation: The class of individuals that stand for gravitons elementary particles.

Comment: While this particle is only supposed to exist, the EMMO approach to classical and quantum systems represents fields as made of particles.

For this reason graviton is an useful concept to homogenize the approach between different fields.

- is a Massless
- is_a Elementary
- disjoint_with System, Reductionistic, Massive, Gluon, Photon, PhysicsBasedModel, Collection, Void, Interpreter

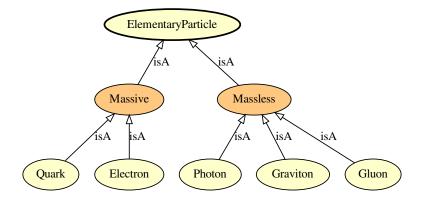


Figure 3.39: Elementary Particle branch.

Quark

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO_72d53756_7fb1_46ed_980f_83f47efbe105

Elucidation: The class of individuals that stand for quarks elementary particles.

Relations:

- is a Massive
- is a Elementary
- disjoint_with System, Reductionistic, Electron, PhysicsBasedModel, Collection, Void, Massless, Interpreter

Electron

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic} \# EMMO_8043d3c6_a4c1_4089_ba34_9744e28e5b3d$

Elucidation: The class of individuals that stand for electrons elemntary particles.

Relations:

- is a Massive
- is a Elementary
- disjoint_with System, Reductionistic, Quark, PhysicsBasedModel, Collection, Void, Massless, Interpreter

Massive

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO 385b8f6e 43ac 4596 ad76 ac322c68b7ca

Elucidation: The union of classes of elementary particles that possess mass.

Relations:

- is_a ElementaryParticle
- equivalent_to Quark or Electron
- disjoint_with System, Reductionistic, PhysicsBasedModel, Collection, Void, Massless, Interpreter

Gluon

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO_7db59e56_f68b_48b7_ae99_891c35ae5c3b

Elucidation: The class of individuals that stand for gluons elementary particles.

- is a Massless
- is a Elementary
- disjoint_with System, Graviton, Reductionistic, Massive, Photon, PhysicsBasedModel, Collection, Void, Interpreter

Photon

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO_25f8b804_9a0b_4387_a3e7_b35bce5365ee

Comment: The class of individuals that stand for photons elementary particles.

Relations:

- is a Massless
- is_a Elementary
- disjoint_with System, Graviton, Reductionistic, Massive, Gluon, PhysicsBasedModel, Collection, Void, Interpreter

Massless

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO_e5488299_8dab_4ebb_900a_26d2abed8396

Elucidation: The union of classes of elementary particles that do not possess mass.

Relations:

- is a ElementaryParticle
- equivalent to Photon or Gluon or Graviton
- disjoint with System, Reductionistic, Massive, PhysicsBasedModel, Collection, Void, Interpreter

ElementaryParticle

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO_c26a0340_d619_4928_b1a1_1a04e88bb89d

Elucidation: The union of all classes categorizing elementary particles according to the Standard Model.

Comment: Only a subset of elementary particles from the Standard Model are here included for the sake of simplicity.

Relations:

- is_a Physicalistic
- is a Elementary
- disjoint_with Interpreter, System, Reductionistic, PhysicsBasedModel, Void, Collection
- disjoint_union_of Photon, Quark, Gluon, Electron, Graviton

Material State branch

Atom

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO_eb77076b_a104_42ac_a065_798b2d2809ad

Elucidation: A standalone atom has direct part one 'nucleus' and one 'electron_cloud'.

An O 'atom' within an O2 'molecule' is an 'e-bonded_atom'.

In this material branch, H atom is a particular case, with respect to higher atomic number atoms, since as soon as it shares its electron it has no nucleus entangled electron cloud.

We cannot say that H2 molecule has direct part two H atoms, but has direct part two H nucleus.

Comment: An 'atom' is a 'nucleus' surrounded by an 'electron_cloud', i.e. a quantum system made of one or more bounded electrons.

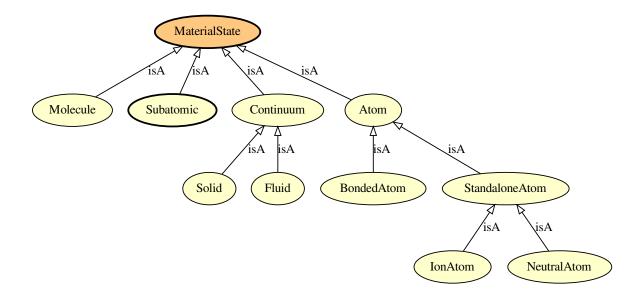


Figure 3.40: Material State branch.

Relations:

- is a MaterialState
- is a Material
- is a State
- hasSpatialDirectPart some ElectronCloud
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Nucleus
- disjoint_with Elementary, Vacuum, Quantum, Void, Collection

Solid

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO a2b006f2 bbfd 4dba bcaa 3fca20cd6be1

Elucidation: A continuum characterized by structural rigidity and resistance to changes of shape or volume, that retains its shape and density when not confined.

Relations:

- is_a Continuum
- disjoint with Elementary, Vacuum, Quantum, Void, Collection

Molecule

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials} \# EMMO_3397f270_dfc1_4500_8f6f_4d0d85ac5f71$

Elucidation: An atom_based state defined by an exact number of e-bonded atomic species and an electron cloud made of the shared electrons.

Example: H20, C6H12O6, CH4

Comment: An entity is called essential if removing one direct part will lead to a change in entity class.

An entity is called redundand if removing one direct part will not lead to a change in entity class.

Comment: This definition states that this object is a non-periodic set of atoms or a set with a finite periodicity.

Removing an atom from the state will result in another type of atom_based state.

e.g. you cannot remove H from H20 without changing the molecule type (essential). However, you can remove a C from a nanotube (redundant). C60 fullerene is a molecule, since it has a finite periodicity and is made of a well defined number of atoms (essential). A C nanotube is not a molecule, since it has an infinite periodicity (redundant).

Relations:

- is_a MaterialState
- \bullet is_a Material
- is a State
- disjoint with Elementary, Vacuum, Quantum, Void, Collection

Fluid

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials} \# EMMO_87ac88 \text{ff}_8379_4f5a_8c7b_424a8 \text{fff1ee8}$

Elucidation: A continuum that has no fixed shape and yields easily to external pressure.

Example: Gas, liquid, plasma,

Relations:

- is a Continuum
- disjoint with Elementary, Vacuum, Quantum, Void, Collection

Ion Atom

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO_db03061b_db31_4132_a47a_6a634846578b

Elucidation: A standalone atom with an unbalanced number of electrons with respect to its atomic number.

Comment: The ion_atom is the basic part of a pure ionic bonded compound i.e. without eclectron sharing,

Relations:

- is a StandaloneAtom
- disjoint with Elementary, Vacuum, Quantum, Void, Neutral Atom, Collection

Continuum

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO 8b0923ab b500 477b 9ce9 8b3a3e4dc4f2

Elucidation: A state that is a collection of sufficiently large number of other parts such that: - it is the bearer of qualities that can exists only by the fact that it is a sum of parts - the smallest partition dV of the state volume in which we are interested in, contains enough parts to be statistically consistent: $n \ [\#/m3] \ x \ dV \ [m3] >> 1$

Comment: A continuum is made of a sufficient number of parts that it continues to exists as continuum individual even after the loss of one of them i.e. a continuum is a redundant.

Comment: A continuum is not necessarily small (i.e. composed by the minimum amount of sates to fulfill the definition).

A single continuum individual can be the whole fluid in a pipe.

Comment: A continuum is the bearer of properties that are generated by the interactions of parts such as viscosity and thermal or electrical conductivity.

- is a MaterialState
- is_a Material
- is a State
- disjoint_with Elementary, Vacuum, Quantum, Void, Collection

MaterialState

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials} \# EMMO_20 \text{fff} 605_465 f_4034_8696_e53 \text{e}90 \text{e}c83 \text{f}40 \text{f} 60 \text{e}90 \text{e$

Elucidation: A union of the four base classes for the classification of materials according to the DG-RTD Review of Materials Modelling.

Seealso: https://op.europa.eu/en/publication-detail/-/publication/e0845ae1-1b60-11e7-aeb3-01aa75ed71a1

Relations:

- is a Material
- is a State
- equivalent_to Material and State
- disjoint with Elementary, Vacuum, Quantum, Void, Collection

NeutralAtom

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials} \# EMMO_4588526f_8553_4f4d_aa73_a483e88d599b$

Elucidation: A standalone atom that has no net charge.

Relations:

- is a StandaloneAtom
- disjoint_with Elementary, Vacuum, Quantum, IonAtom, Void, Collection

BondedAtom

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO_8303a247_f9d9_4616_bdcd_f5cbd7b298e3

Elucidation: An bonded atom that shares at least one electron to the atom-based entity of which is part of.

Comment: A real bond between atoms is always something hybrid between covalent, metallic and ionic.

In general, metallic and ionic bonds have atoms sharing electrons.

Comment: The bond types that are covered by this definition are the strong electonic bonds: covalent, metallic and ionic.

Comment: This class can be used to represent molecules as simplified quantum systems, in which outer molecule shared electrons are un-entangled with the inner shells of the atoms composing the molecule.

Relations:

- is a Atom
- disjoint_with Elementary, Vacuum, Quantum, Void, Collection

StandaloneAtom

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO 2fd3f574 5e93 47fe afca ed80b0a21ab4

Elucidation: An atom that does not share electrons with other atoms.

Comment: A standalone atom can be bonded with other atoms by intermolecular forces (i.e. dipole–dipole, London dispersion force, hydrogen bonding), since this bonds does not involve electron sharing.

- is_a Atom
- disjoint_with Elementary, Vacuum, Quantum, Void, Collection
- disjoint union of NeutralAtom, IonAtom

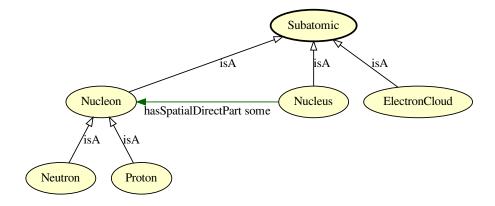


Figure 3.41: Subatomic branch.

Subatomic branch

Neutron

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials} \# EMMO_df808271_df91_4f27_ba59_fa423c51896c$

Relations:

- is a Nucleon
- disjoint_with Elementary, Proton, Vacuum, Quantum, Void, Collection

Subatomic

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO_7d66bde4_b68d_41cc_b5fc_6fd98c5e2ff0 Relations:

- \bullet is_a MaterialState
- is_a Material
- is_a State
- disjoint_with Elementary, Vacuum, Quantum, Void, Collection

Proton

 $\label{lem:lem:materials} \textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials} \\ \# EMMO_8f87e700_99a8_4427_8ffb_e493de05c217\\ \textbf{Relations:}$

- is_a Nucleon
- disjoint_with Neutron, Elementary, Vacuum, Quantum, Void, Collection

Nucleus

 $\label{lem:lem:moinfo} \textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials} \\ \# EMMO_f835f4d4_c665_403d_ab25_dca5cc74be52 \\ \textbf{Relations:}$

- is a Subatomic
- has Spatial
DirectPart some Nucleon
- disjoint with Elementary, Vacuum, Quantum, Void, Collection

Nucleon

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials\#EMMO_50781fd9_a9e4_46ad_b7be_4500371d188d}$

Relations:

- is_a Subatomic
- \bullet has SpatialDirectPart some Quark
- disjoint_with Elementary, Vacuum, Quantum, Void, Collection
- disjoint_union_of Proton, Neutron

ElectronCloud

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials} \# EMMO_1067b97a_84f8_4d22_8ace_b842b8ce355c$

Elucidation: A 'spacetime' that stands for a quantum system made of electrons.

- is a Subatomic
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Electron
- disjoint_with Elementary, Vacuum, Quantum, Void, Collection

Chapter 4

Individuals

Universe

• is_a Physical

Chapter 5

Appendix

The complete taxonomy of EMMO relations

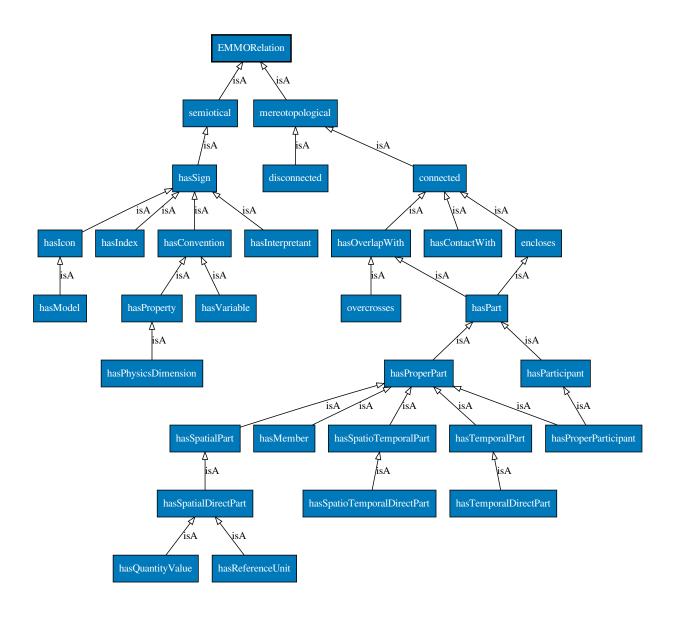


Figure 5.1: The complete taxonomy of EMMO relations.

The complete taxonomy of EMMO classes



Figure 5.2: The complete taxonomy of EMMO classes.