

# ORES Preparation IV

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*Disclaimer: No guarantee for the correctness of information / explanations / sources is given.*

## Goals

1. Adjust crucial metrics list to match the damaging model metrics
2. Check out mail attachments
3. Check out new Confluence pages and goals
4. Research
  - Check out FAT Conference Docs
  - In what other cases than confusion matrices are those parameters explained?
  - Are there already visualizations of some of these parameters in any contexts?
  - Are there any applications, where I can filter for these parameters → visualizations or just about anything?

# 1 Crucial metrics: damaging-model

Metrics simple list:

!f1	✓
!precision	
!recall	
accuracy	
counts	
f1	
filter_rate	
fpr	
match_rate	
pr_auc	
precision	✓
rates	
recall	✓
roc_auc	

The metrics are the same for the damaging and itemquality models, but a few changes will be made to the explanatory parts to better fit the damaging model (TODO: ...right?). Also the structure of explanations will be changed to the following:

For each metric (if possible) there will be:

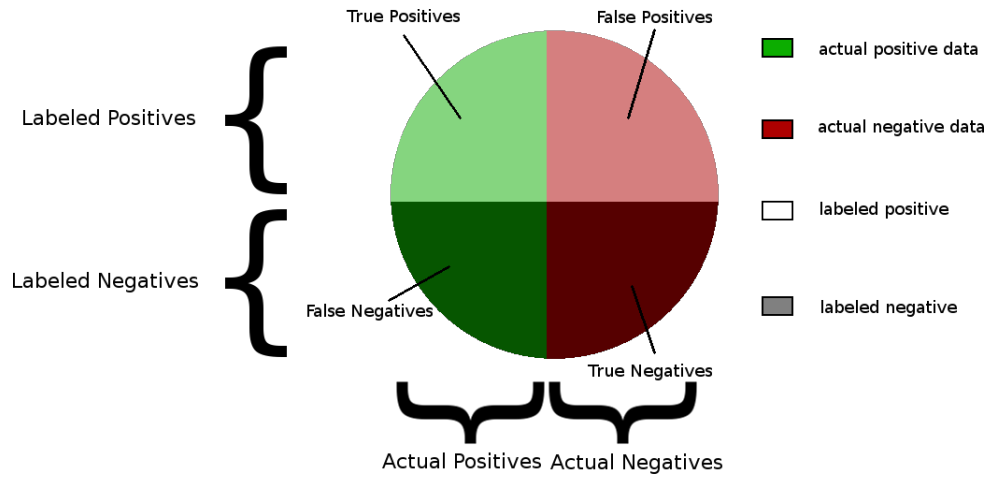
1. An intuitive explanation
2. The formula based on the **confusion matrix**
3. Its meaning based on the “**confusion circle**”
4. Its meaning based on the **loan threshold** representation by Google (Link)

## Explanations: References

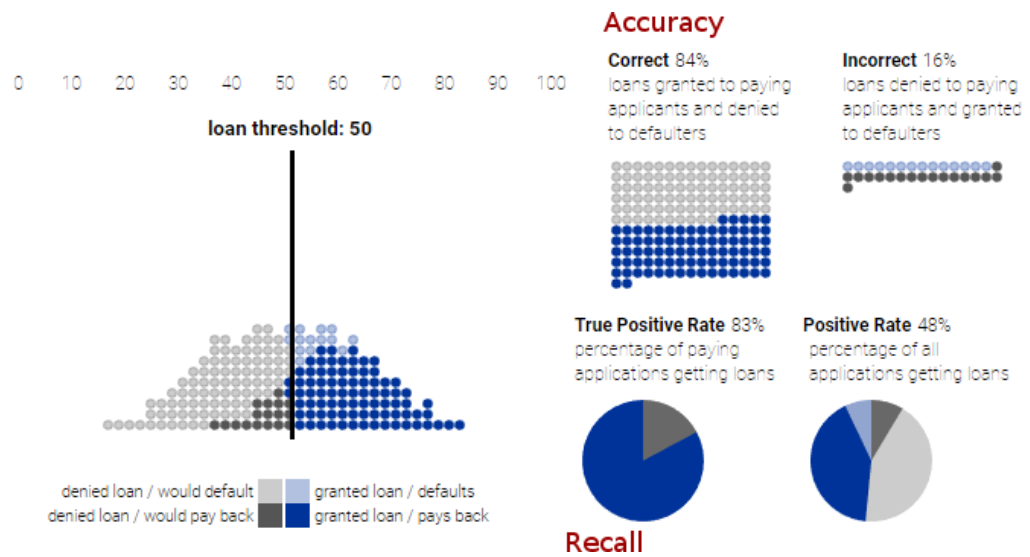
- Confusion Matrix

		Actual	
		Positive	Negative
Predicted	Positive	<b>True Positive</b>	<b>False Positive</b>
	Negative	<b>False Negative</b>	<b>True Negative</b>

- “Confusion Circle”

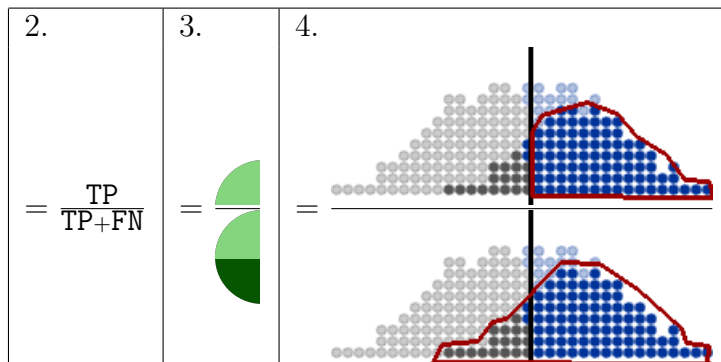


- Loan Threshold



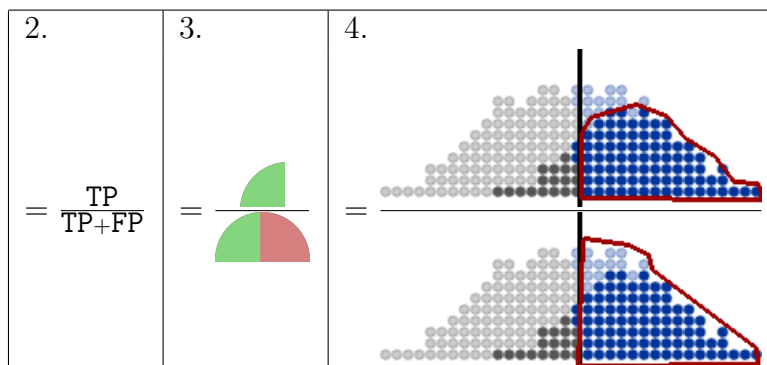
## 1.1 Recall

1. Recall ( $\equiv$  True Positive Rate) is defined as the ability of a model to find all relevant cases within the dataset.



## 1.2 Precision

1. Ability of the model to find only relevant cases within the dataset



## 1.3 F1

1. F1-Score, the harmonic mean of recall and precision, a metric from 0 (worst) to 1 (best), used to evaluate the accuracy of a model by taking recall and precision into account

2.	3.	4.
-	-	-

$$= 2 * \frac{\text{precision} * \text{recall}}{\text{precision} + \text{recall}}$$

Compared to the simple average (of recall and precision), the harmonic mean punishes extreme values (e.g. precision 1.0 and recall 0.0  $\rightarrow$  average 0.5, but F1 = 0)

## Questions

- **Q:** Should I ask Aaron how he would like us to work together? I'm not sure how he meant it.

**A:**

- **Q:** In what situations exactly do we want to optimize the threshold in the context of user centered threshold optimization?

**A:**

- **Q:** VPN recommendation?

**A:**