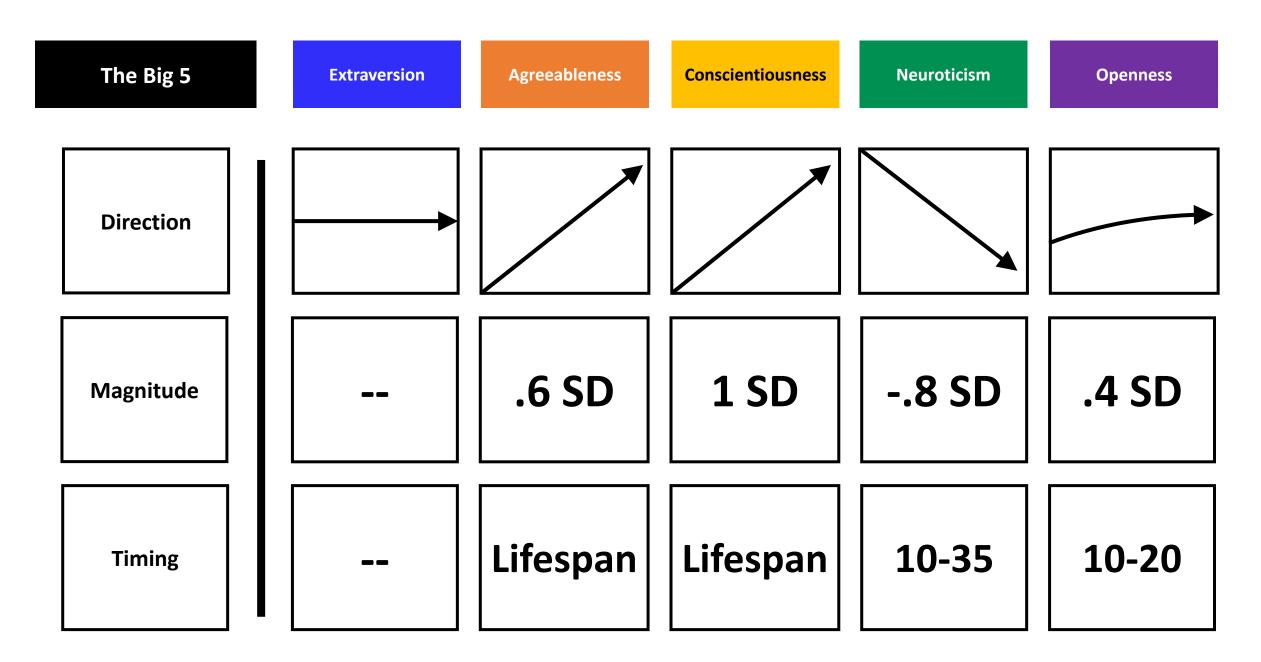
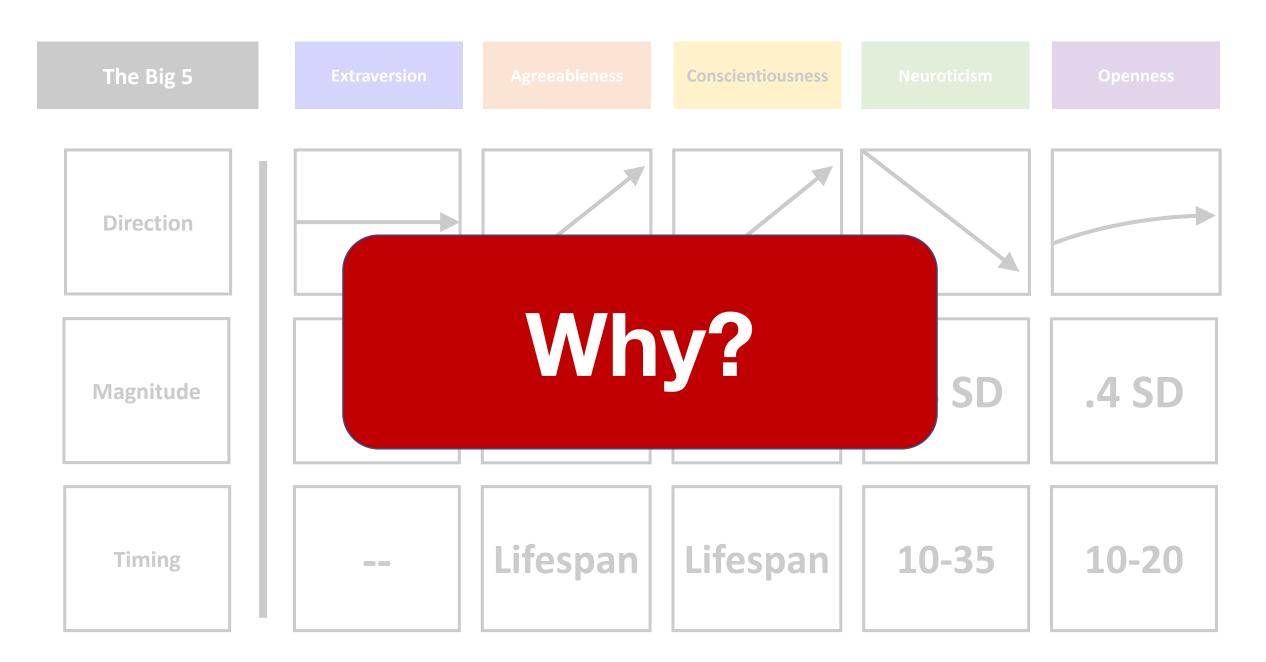
# Using Idiographic Features to Inform Between-Person Personality Change

Emorie D. Beck, PhD

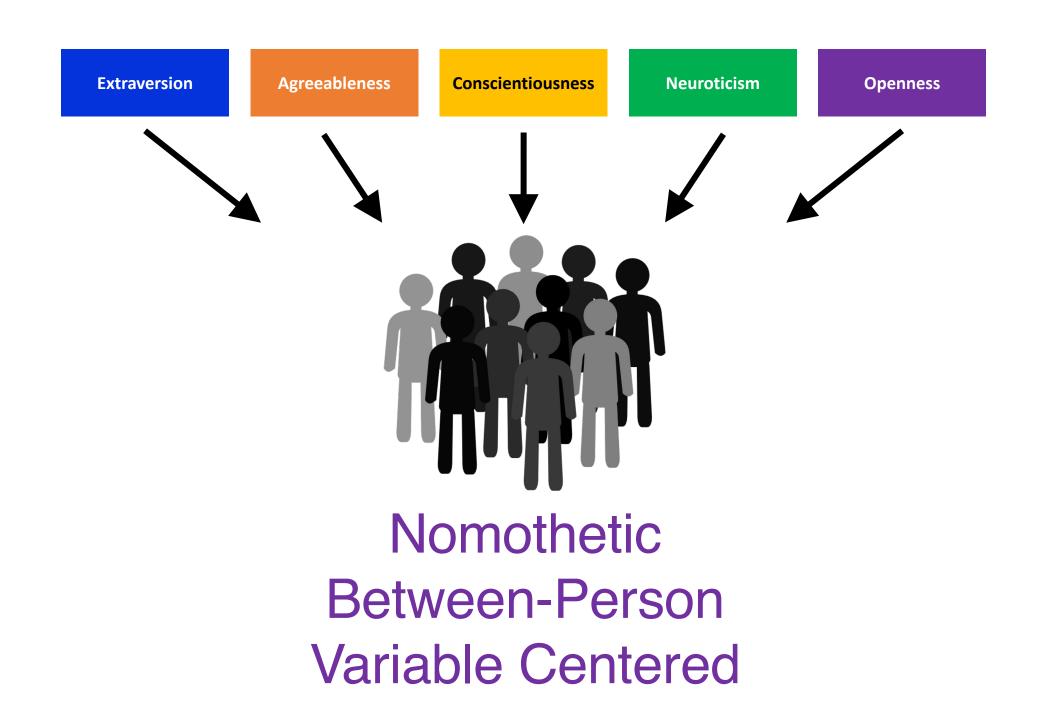


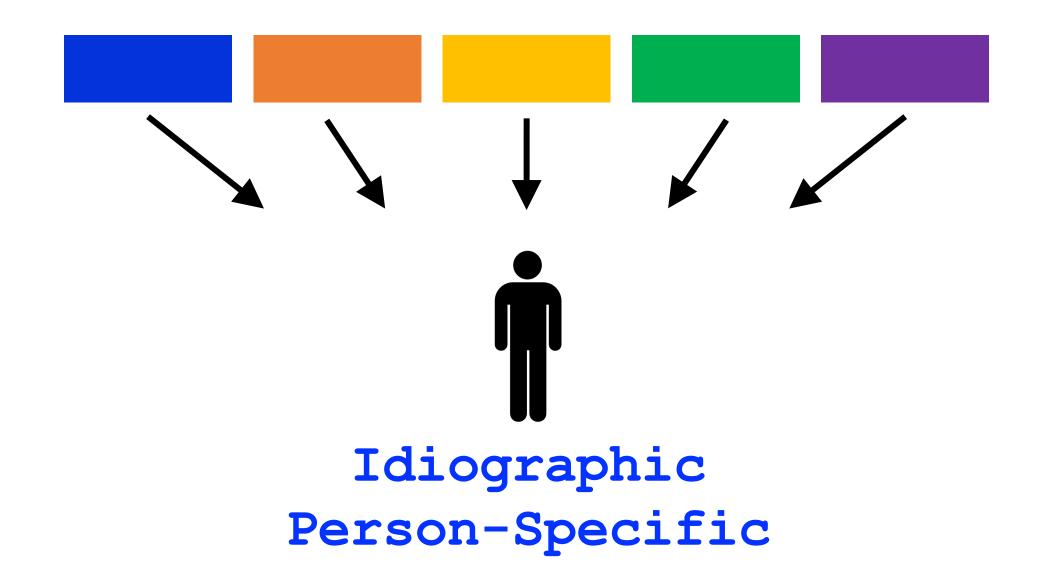
ECP20, Madrid, Spain July 14, 2022

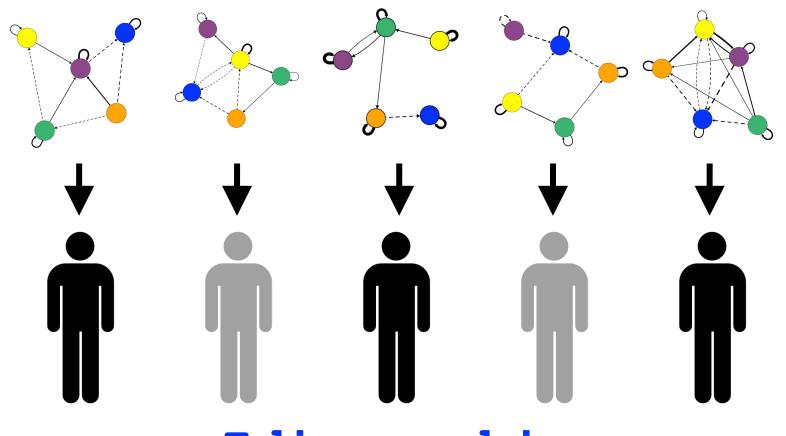




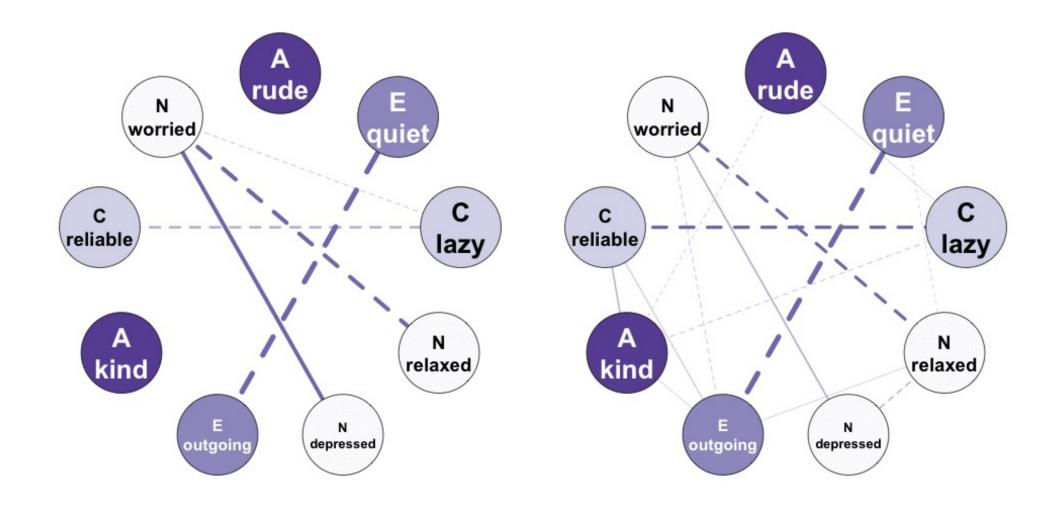
Roberts, Walton, & Viechtbauer, 2006

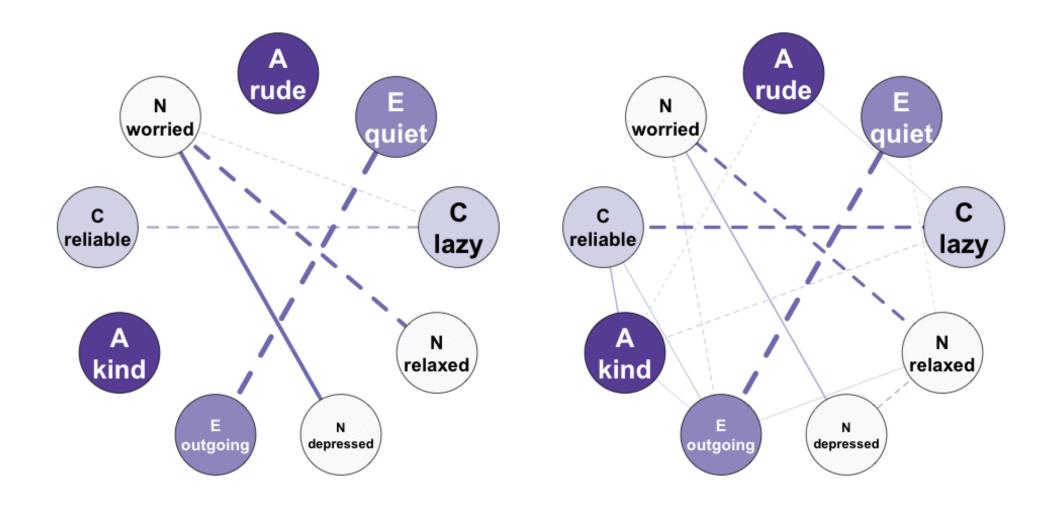


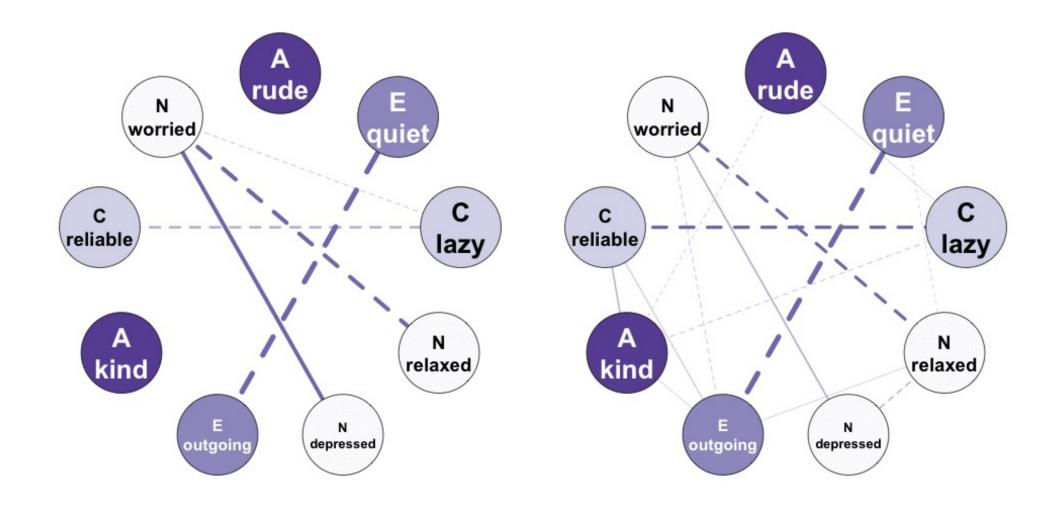




Idiographic Person-Specific

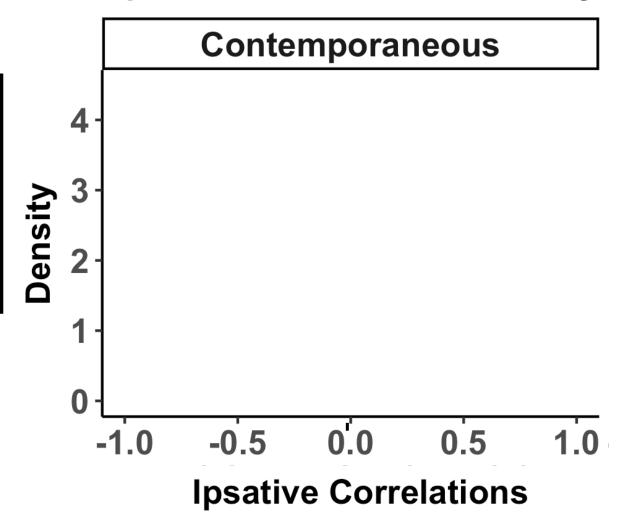






#### **Ipsative Network Consistency**

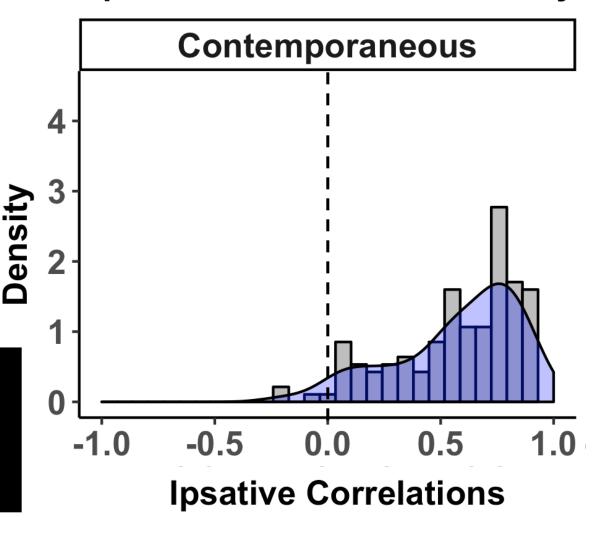
How consistent is idiographic personality across two years?



#### **Ipsative Network Consistency**

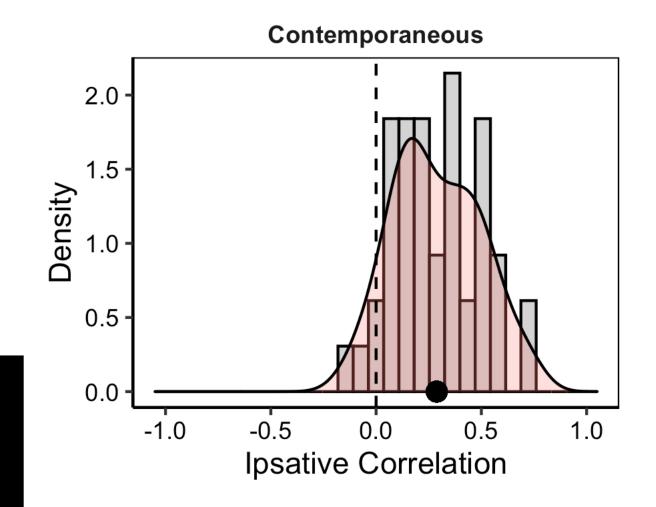
How consistent is idiographic personality across two years?

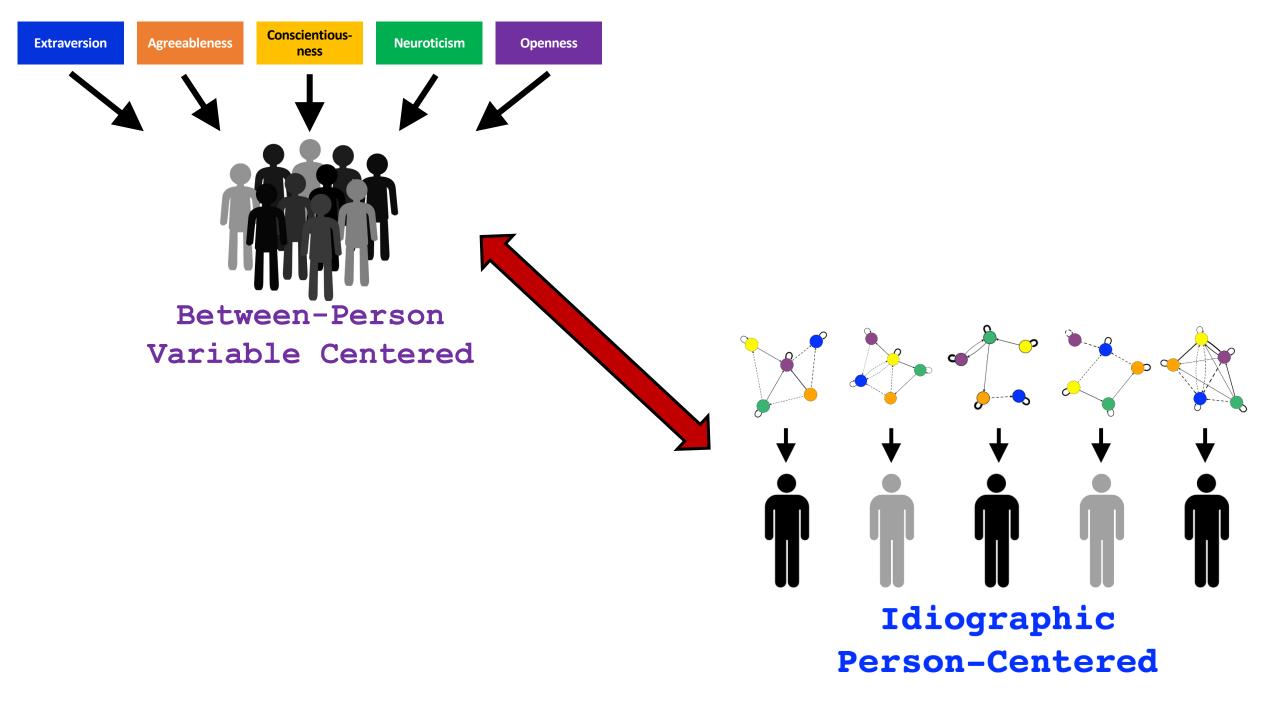
Idiographic Personality is consistent over two years.

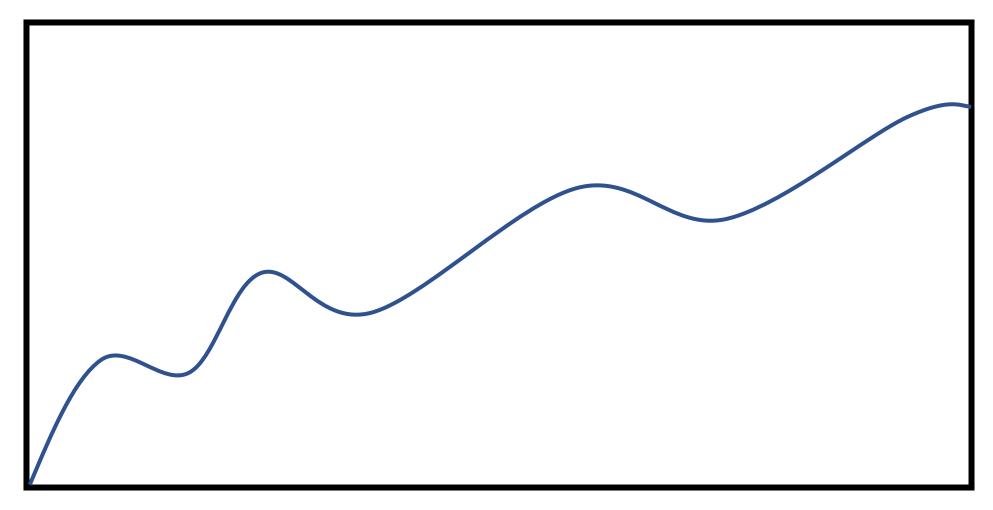


How consistent is idiographic personality across two years?

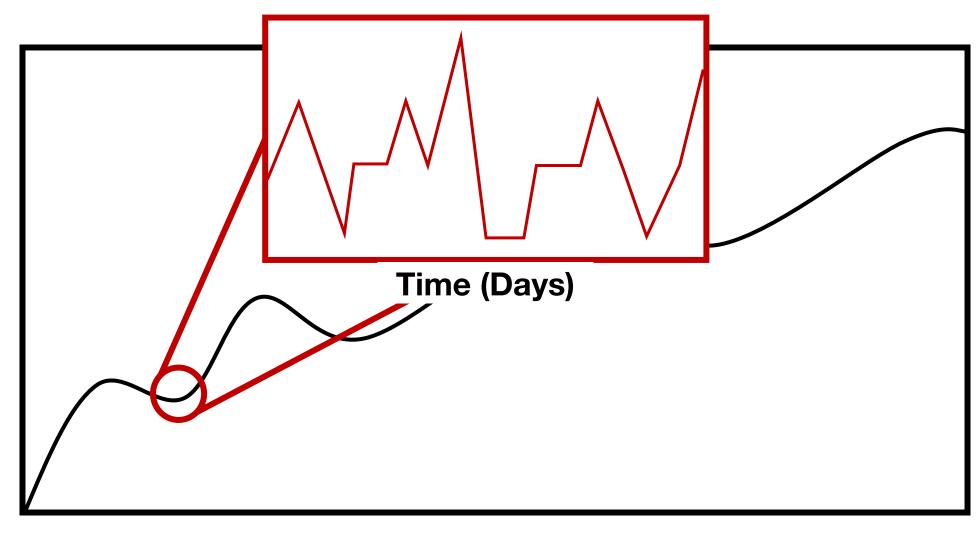
Idiographic Personality is consistent over two years AND global events.



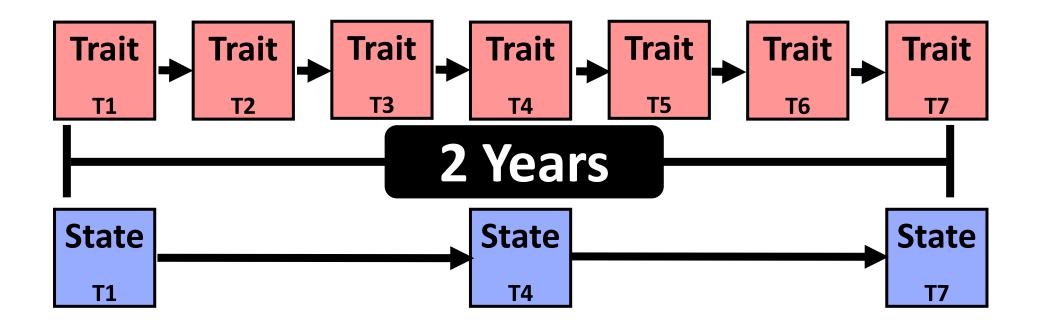


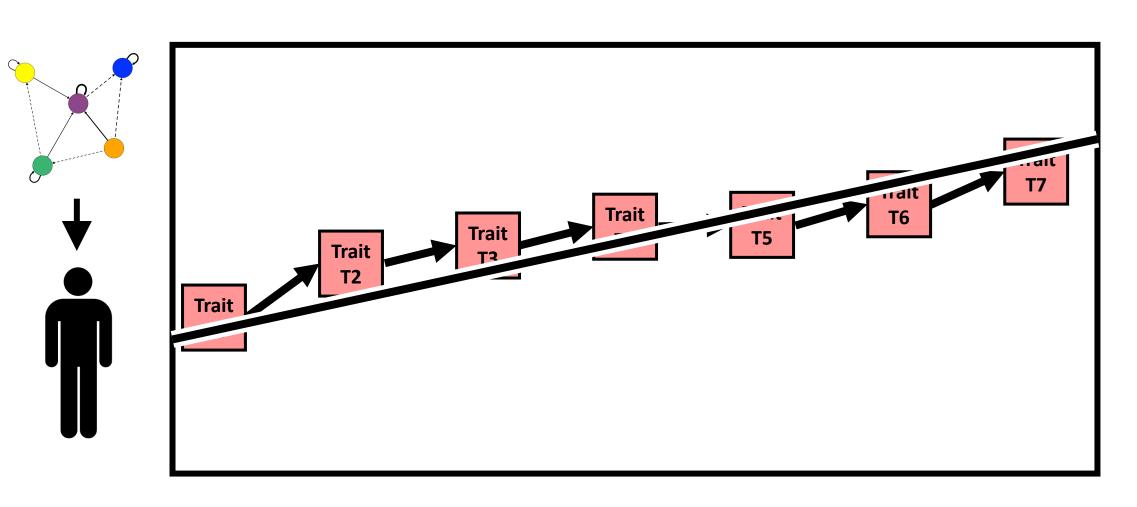


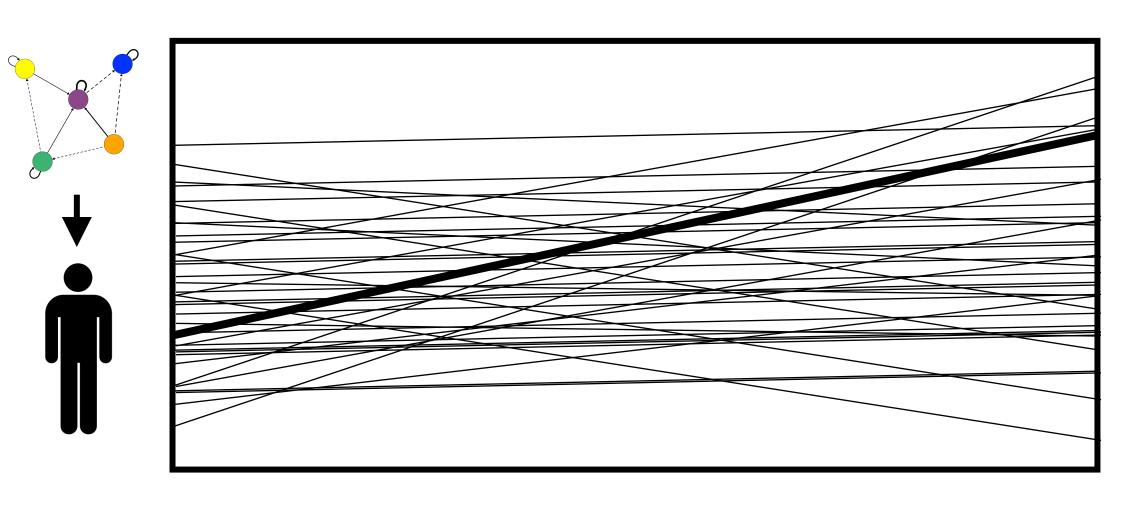
Time (Years)



Time (Years)







#### Research Framework

Trajectories of Mean-Level
Trait Change

Trajectories of Ipsative Trait

Consistency

Properties of Idiographic Personality Networks:

**Density** 

**Entropy** 

**Ipsative (network) consistency** 

**Total Correlation** 

NMI

#### **Methods**

3 waves of ESM responses and 7 waves of survey responses from the Personality and Interpersonal Roles Study (PAIRS)

N = 434 Washington University in St. Louis undergrads,

Total ESM assessments N = 18,463 (median = 31 responses)

Total survey assessments N = 1301 (median = 3 responses)

#### Measures

9 items from the Big Five Inventory (BFI)

#### **Procedure**

**State**: 4 assessments / day for 15 days at 3 time points, 1 year apart

**Trait**: 1 assessment at 7 time points, 3 months apart

Total Assessment Period: 2 years

#### **Basic Multilevel Growth Model**

#### Level 1:

$$Y_{it} = \beta_{0i} + \beta_{1i} * time_{it} + \varepsilon_{it}$$

#### Level 2:

$$\beta_{0i} = \gamma_{00} + u_{0i}$$
  
$$\beta_{1i} = \gamma_{10} + u_{1i}$$

This is what we want to predict with idiographic features!

$$\beta_{1i}$$
 = person-specific slope for individual *i*.

#### Level 1:

$$Y_{it} = \beta_{0i} + \beta_{1i} * time_{it} + \varepsilon_{it}$$

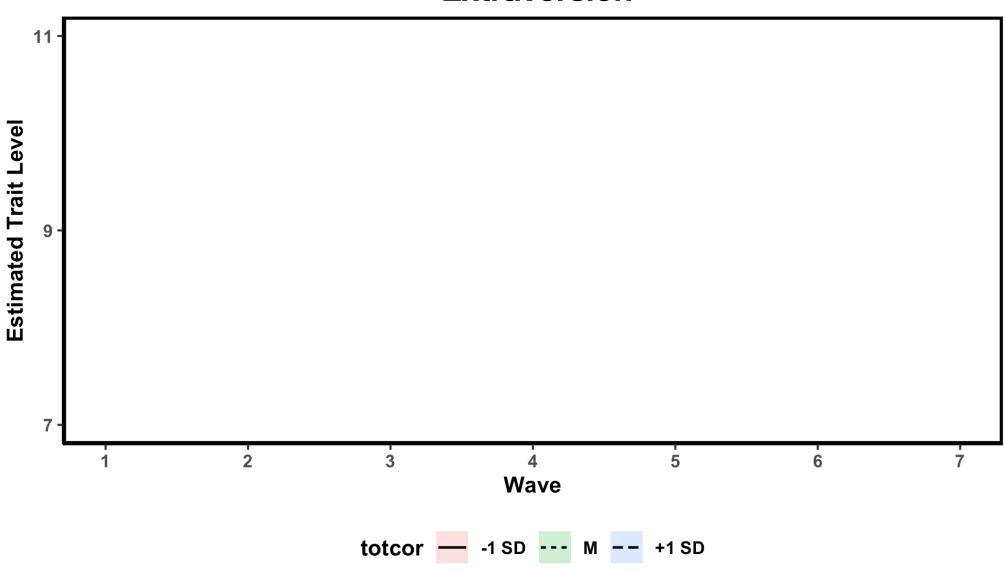
#### Level 2:

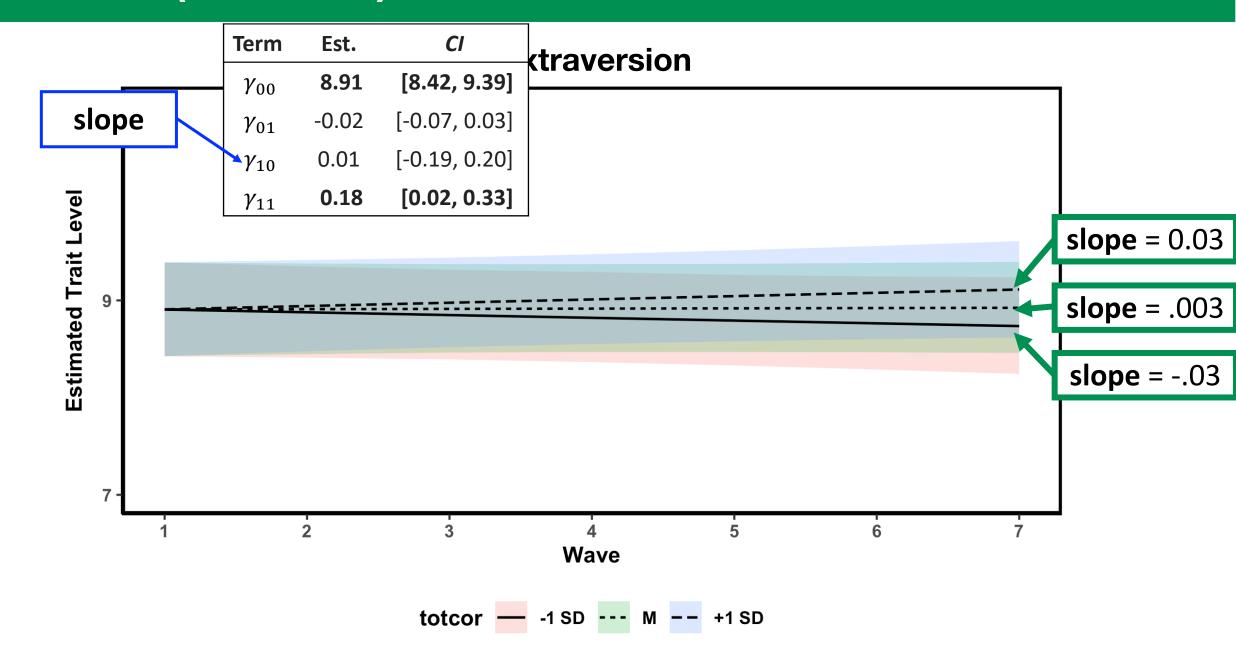
$$\beta_{0i} = \gamma_{00} + \gamma_{01} * X_i + u_{0i}$$
  
$$\beta_{1i} = \gamma_{10} + \gamma_{11} * X_i + u_{1i}$$

The idiographic features

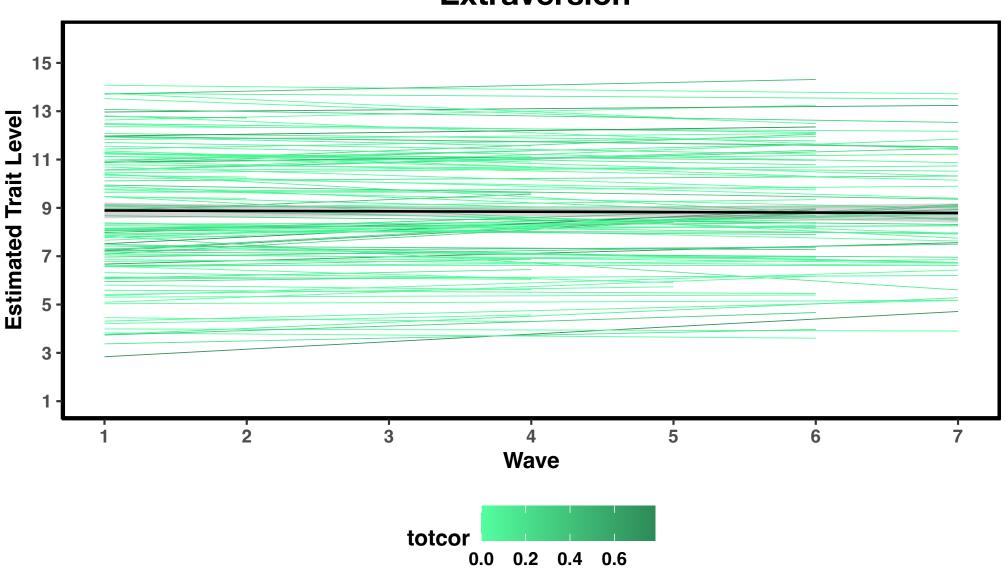
 $\beta_{1i}$  = person-specific slope for individual *i*.  $\gamma_{11}$  = average association between feature and slope.











#### Level 1:

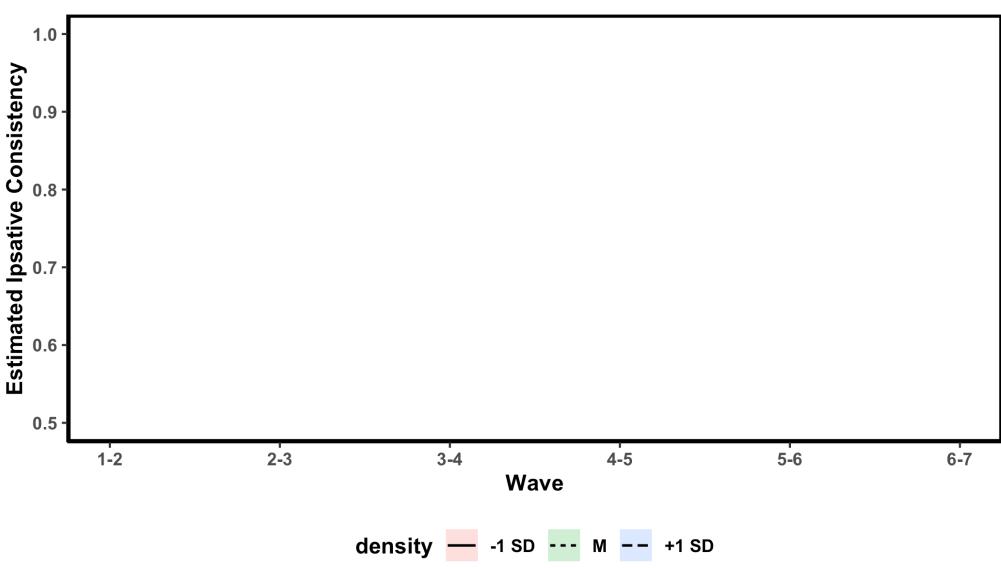
$$Q_{it} = a_i + (a_i - \beta_{0i}) * e^{(-\beta_{1i}*time_{it})} + \varepsilon_{it}$$

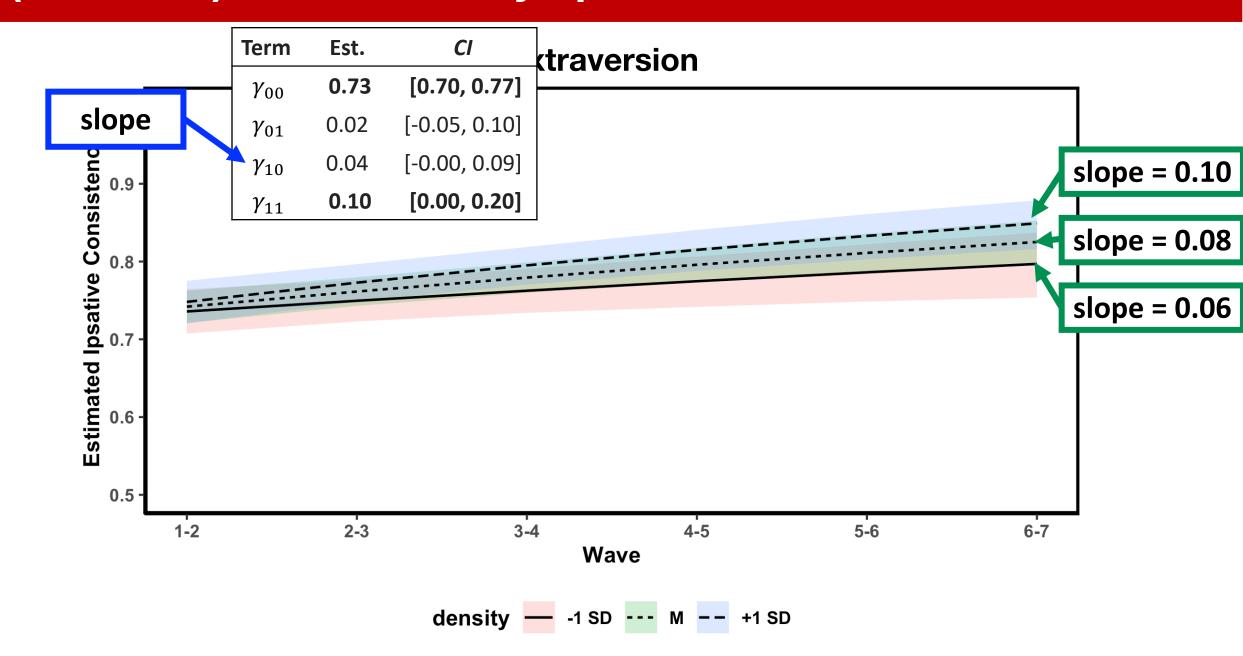
#### Level 2:

$$\beta_{0i} = \gamma_{00} + \gamma_{01} * X_i + u_{0i}$$
  
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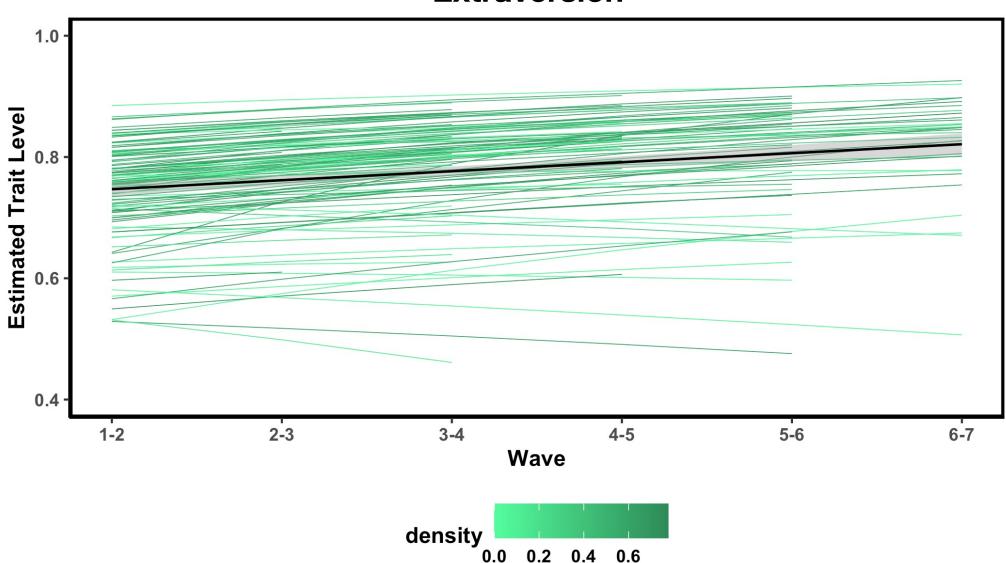
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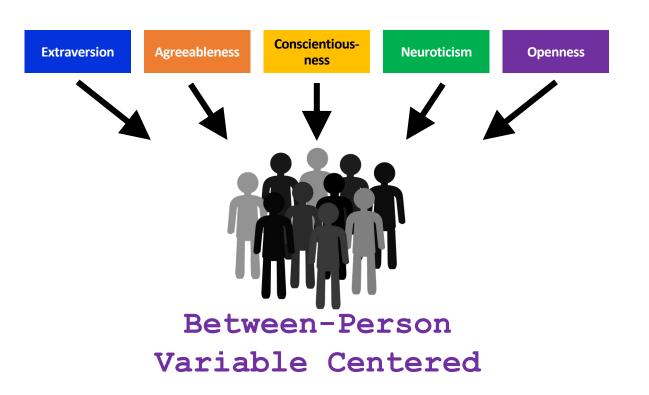


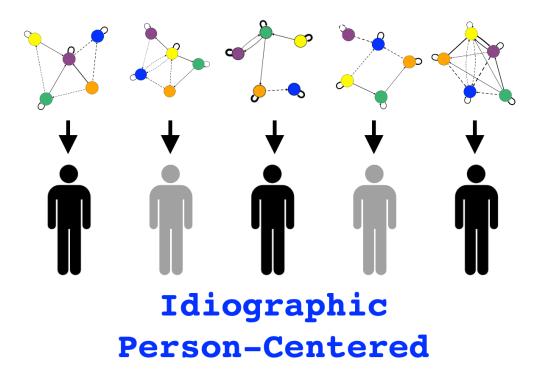




#### Wrapping Up: Some Goals and Takeaways

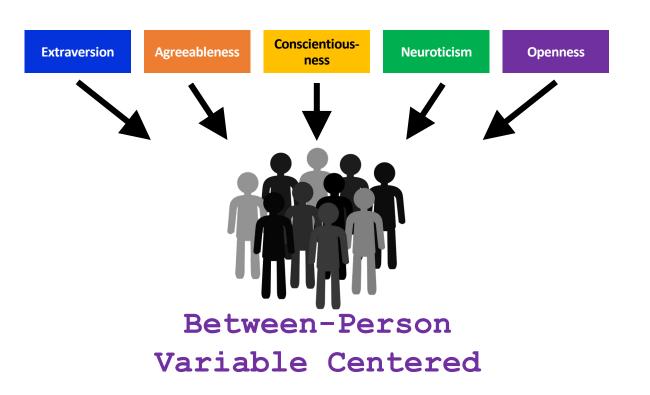
It's time to move beyond two sciences of personality.

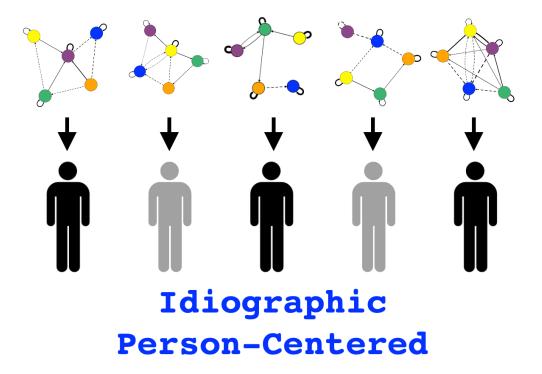




## Wrapping Up: Some Goals and Takeaways

Instead of growing impatient with the single case and hastening on to generalization, why should we not grow impatient with our generalizations and hasten to the internal pattern?" (Allport, 1961, p. 84)





#### Wrapping Up: Some Goals and Takeaways

Measurement

Longitudinal Designs

Experimental Designs

Qualitative Methods: Folk Theories of Change

Statistical Models

Ensuring measures are optimized to detect change

Longitudinal burst designs to for short- and long-term change

Tailored interventions

Open ended surveys and narrative methods (How do understand change?)

Examining changing dynamics, not just changing levels

### Thank you!

# Please send comments, questions, and concerns to:





@EmorieBeck

# Open data, materials, results, and slides:

```
https://github.com/emorie
beck/linking-change
```