Homework 3 Applied Mutlivariate Analysis

Emorie Beck

September 22, 2018

1 Workspace

1.1 Packages

```
library(car)
library(knitr)
library(psych)
library(kableExtra)
library(multcomp)
library(lme4)
library(plyr)
library(tidyverse)
library(MVN)
```

1.2 data

The file, Set_3.csv, contains the data from a study in which 500 high school students completed a measure of scholastic aptitude: Grammar, Paragraph Comprehension, Vocabulary, Sentence Completion, Geometry, Algebra, Numerical Puzzles, Series Completion, Practical Problem Solving, Symbol Manipulation, Analytical Ability, and Formal Logic.

```
wd <- "https://github.com/emoriebeck/homeworks/raw/master/multivariate/homeworks/homework3"
dat <- sprintf("%s/Set_3.csv", wd) %>%
 read.csv(., stringsAsFactors = F)
head(dat)
##
    ID
          Grammar Paragraph_Comprehension Vocabulary Sentence_Completion
## 1 1 2.0298794
                                0.7009379 0.9224983
                                                              0.7783650
## 2 2 1.8460110
                                0.8176540 1.6230497
                                                              0.5595109
## 3 3 -0.5514456
                                0.1155194 -0.2451959
                                                              1.2206362
## 4 4 -1.3804105
                                0.2193181 0.5195521
                                                              0.3530657
## 5 5 0.4384477
                               1.5177577 0.4692875
                                                              1.4074032
## 6 6 -0.5984267
                               -0.8757810 -0.9889196
                                                             -1.4836151
##
                   Algebra Numerical_Puzzles Series_Completion
      Geometry
                                   0.1797594
## 1 0.7169340 0.649042462
                                                   0.521331792
## 2 -1.4336680 0.008714271
                                   -0.2517458
                                                   0.000110179
## 3 -0.5504154 -0.776083508
                                   0.8131658
                                                  -0.802679845
## 4 1.7218792 1.076026142
                                    0.7711456
                                                  -0.381686114
```

```
## 5 0.7914582 1.541237112
                                      0.4042484
                                                      0.825899485
## 6 -0.5157728 -0.441559349
                                     -1.0049260
                                                     -2.612748945
    Practical_Problem_Solving Symbol_Manipulation Analytical_Ability
## 1
                     1.3030926
                                         1.3690616
                                                             1.5512126
## 2
                     0.9545397
                                         -0.9592880
                                                              1.4883905
## 3
                    -1.5259042
                                         -1.2038384
                                                             -0.7812775
## 4
                    -0.5231818
                                          0.1203525
                                                             -0.3958278
## 5
                     1.2598039
                                          2.6013012
                                                              0.9772288
## 6
                    -0.1936980
                                         -0.1956773
                                                             -0.2486582
##
    Formal_Logic
## 1
        0.7546186
## 2
       -0.3733971
## 3
       -1.1192996
## 4
        1.7353933
## 5
        3.0419200
      -0.8137567
```

Answer the following questions about these data:

2 Question 1

What evidence do you have that these data should be subjected to a principal components analysis?

```
R <- dat %>% select(-ID) %>% cor
(KMO1 \leftarrow KMO(R))
## Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin factor adequacy
## Call: KMO(r = R)
## Overall MSA = 0.82
  MSA for each item =
##
                                Paragraph_Comprehension
                      Grammar
##
                         0.83
                                                     0.84
##
                                     Sentence_Completion
                   Vocabulary
##
                         0.83
                                                     0.82
##
                     Geometry
                                                  Algebra
##
                                                     0.83
                         0.82
##
           Numerical_Puzzles
                                       Series_Completion
##
                         0.77
                                                     0.84
##
  Practical_Problem_Solving
                                     Symbol_Manipulation
##
                         0.84
                                                     0.81
##
                                            Formal_Logic
          Analytical_Ability
##
                         0.82
                                                     0.83
(CB_1 <- cortest.bartlett(R=R,n=nrow(dat)))
## $chisq
## [1] 1794.866
##
## $p.value
## [1] 0
##
## $df
## [1] 66
```

The overall MSA is .82, and all but one of the MSA values are .8 (1 (Numerical Puzzles) is .77), which indicates very strong evidence for conducting a PCA.

In addition, the χ^2 value of the Bartlett test ($\chi^2(66) = 1794.87$), which indicates that the correlation matrix departs significantly from from an identity matrix (independence among indicators).

3 Question 2

How many principal components should be extracted?

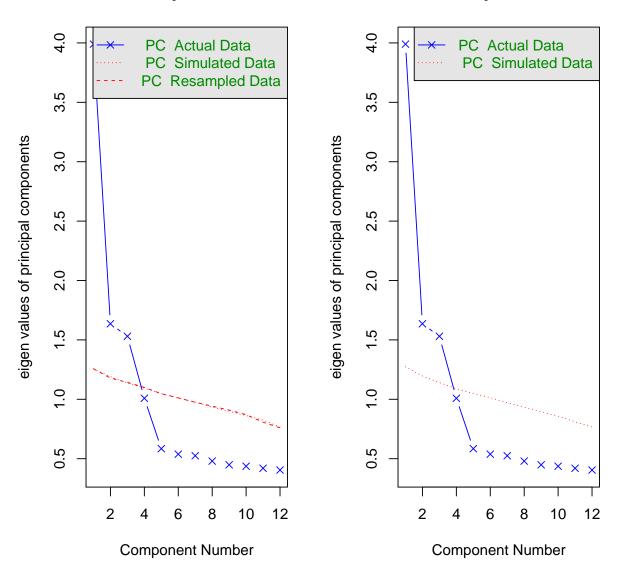
```
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
scree_1 <- fa.parallel(dat %>% select(-ID), fa="pc")

## Parallel analysis suggests that the number of factors = NA and the number of components = 3

scree_2 <- fa.parallel(R, fa = "pc", n.obs = nrow(dat))</pre>
```

Parallel Analysis Scree Plots

Parallel Analysis Scree Plots



Parallel analysis suggests that the number of factors = NA and the number of components = 3

Parallel analysis suggests that 3 factors should be extracted from the data.

4 Question 3

How much variance do these extracted components account for in the original data?

```
pca_1 <- principal(R, nfactors = 3, rotate = "none", n.obs = nrow(dat), residuals = T)

pca_1$Vaccounted %>% data.frame %>% mutate(m = rownames(.)) %>%
    mutate_at(vars(PC1:PC3), funs(round(.,2))) %>%
    select(m, everything()) %>%
```

kable(., "latex", booktabs = T, escape = F)

m	PC1	PC2	PC3
SS loadings	3.99	1.64	1.53
Proportion Var	0.33	0.14	0.13
Cumulative Var	0.33	0.47	0.60
Proportion Explained	0.56	0.23	0.21
Cumulative Proportion	0.56	0.79	1.00

The three extracted components account for all of the variance.

5 Question 4

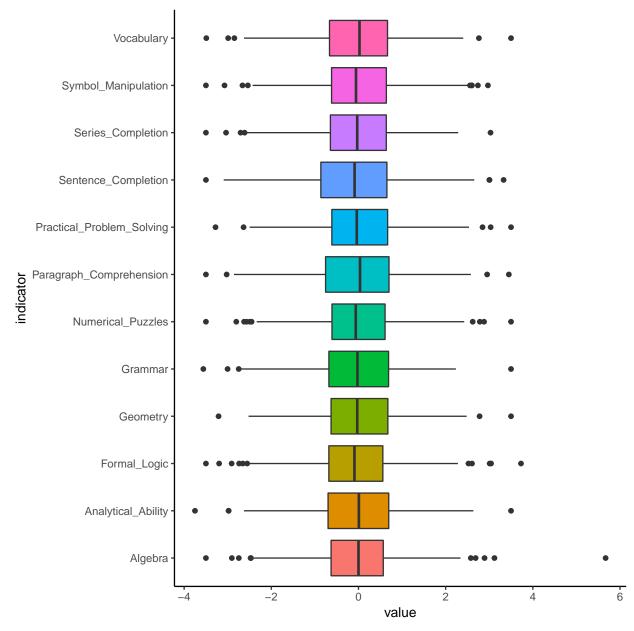
How much variance in the original Geometry variable is accounted for by these extracted components? The extracted components account for 57.85% of the variance in the original Geometry variable.

6 Question 5

Now screen the data for unusual cases and determine if your conclusions change when any such cases are excluded from the analysis.

If you believe there is more than one outlier in the data, follow a sequential approach to determining how many to exclude. This means that you will identify the worst offender, exclude that case, and then repeat your diagnostics to determine if other outliers are present. If so, again exclude the worst one, and repeat the diagnostics to determine if an additional outlier is present. Keep cycling through these steps until you are satisfied you have all outliers identified and excluded. Then conduct the principal components analysis. This iterative approach is necessary for multivariate diagnostics such as Mahalanobis distance because the presence of one outlier can influence the apparent presence of others via their joint influence on the covariance matrix. Removing them one at a time insures you dont miss any or mistakenly remove cases that are not really outliers.

```
dat %>%
  gather(indicator, value, -ID) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = indicator, y = value, fill = indicator)) +
    geom_boxplot() +
    coord_flip() +
    theme_classic() +
    theme(legend.position = "none")
```



Visual inspection of the boxplot suggests there is one outlier in the algebra indicator, but let's check multivariate normality before making a decision.

```
(pca_2 <- principal(
    dat %>% select(-ID)
, nfactors = ncol(dat)-1
, rotate = "none"
, residuals = T
, scores = TRUE)
)

## Principal Components Analysis
## Call: principal(r = dat %>% select(-ID), nfactors = ncol(dat) - 1,
## residuals = T, rotate = "none", scores = TRUE)
## Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
```

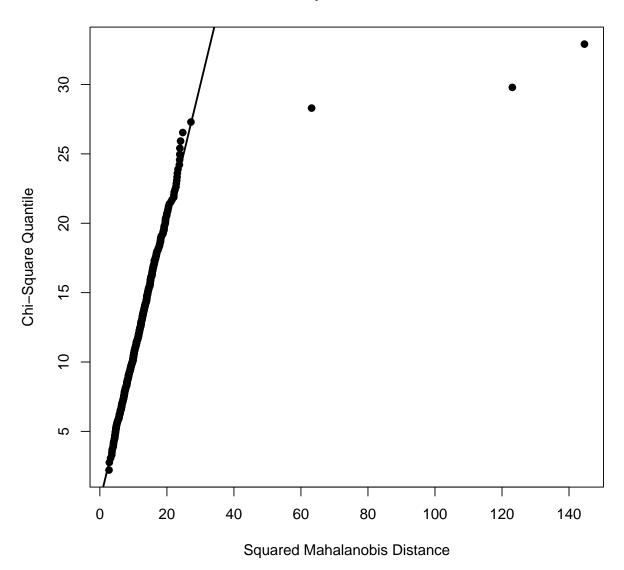
```
PC2 PC3
                                         PC4
                                              PC5
                                                    PC6
## Grammar
                          0.62 -0.16 -0.46 0.27 0.04 -0.07 0.32 -0.20
## Paragraph_Comprehension
                          0.61 -0.09 -0.48 -0.30 -0.01 -0.24 -0.10
## Vocabulary
                         0.60 -0.18 -0.44 0.30 -0.25 0.36 -0.05 -0.04
## Sentence_Completion
                         0.60 -0.14 -0.50 -0.27 0.21 -0.04 -0.14 0.02
## Geometry
                         0.51 0.55 0.09 0.23 0.39 0.34 -0.23
                                                               0.02
## Algebra
                         0.56  0.46  0.10  -0.38  -0.21  0.19  0.27  0.34
                          ## Numerical_Puzzles
## Series_Completion
                          ## Practical_Problem_Solving 0.59 -0.31 0.34 0.30 -0.31 -0.09 -0.31
## Symbol_Manipulation
                         0.55 -0.35   0.44 -0.28   0.10   0.18   0.25 -0.08
## Analytical_Ability
                         0.60 -0.32 0.38 0.32 0.07 -0.07 0.20 0.00
## Formal_Logic
                         ##
                           PC9 PC10 PC11 PC12 h2
## Grammar
                          -0.08 0.14 -0.04 -0.36 1 -1.3e-15 4.4
## Paragraph_Comprehension
                          0.22 -0.37 -0.14 -0.09
                                               1 3.3e-16 4.5
## Vocabulary
                          0.07 0.04 -0.20 0.29
                                               1 1.2e-15 4.9
                          -0.14 0.18 0.38 0.18
## Sentence_Completion
                                                1 1.3e-15 4.5
                          0.05 -0.12 0.02 -0.17
## Geometry
                                               1 -4.4e-16 4.8
## Algebra
                          -0.22 0.05 -0.03 -0.05 1 4.4e-16 5.4
                          0.18  0.19 -0.07  0.22  1 -4.4e-16  4.6
## Numerical_Puzzles
                         -0.02 -0.08 0.09 0.00
## Series_Completion
                                                1 1.1e-16 4.4
## Practical_Problem_Solving 0.05 0.14 0.15 -0.20 1 -2.2e-16 5.6
## Symbol_Manipulation
                          0.42 0.07 0.11 0.01 1 -2.2e-16 5.4
                          -0.25 -0.37 0.13 0.17
## Analytical_Ability
                                                1 -2.2e-16 5.1
## Formal_Logic
                         -0.21 0.17 -0.38 0.03 1 4.4e-16 5.0
##
                       PC1 PC2 PC3 PC4 PC5 PC6 PC7 PC8 PC9 PC10
##
                      3.99 1.64 1.53 1.01 0.58 0.54 0.52 0.48 0.45 0.44
## SS loadings
## Proportion Var
                      0.33 0.14 0.13 0.08 0.05 0.04 0.04 0.04 0.04 0.04
## Cumulative Var
                      0.33 0.47 0.60 0.68 0.73 0.77 0.82 0.86 0.89 0.93
## Proportion Explained 0.33 0.14 0.13 0.08 0.05 0.04 0.04 0.04 0.04 0.04
## Cumulative Proportion 0.33 0.47 0.60 0.68 0.73 0.77 0.82 0.86 0.89 0.93
##
                      PC11 PC12
## SS loadings
                      0.42 0.40
## Proportion Var
                      0.03 0.03
## Cumulative Var
                      0.97 1.00
## Proportion Explained 0.03 0.03
## Cumulative Proportion 0.97 1.00
## Mean item complexity = 4.9
## Test of the hypothesis that 12 components are sufficient.
## The root mean square of the residuals (RMSR) is 0
  with the empirical chi square 0 with prob < NA
##
## Fit based upon off diagonal values = 1
scores_2 <- pca_2$scores %>% data.frame
describe(scores_2)
             n mean sd median trimmed mad
                                          min max range skew
```

```
## PC2
          2 500
                   0 1
                          0.00
                                 -0.02 1.02 -2.93 3.00 5.93 0.15
          3 500
                                 -0.01 0.97 -3.06 3.10 6.16
## PC3
                   0
                      1
                          0.03
                                                               0.06
## PC4
          4 500
                         -0.04
                                 -0.01 0.67 -10.78 11.72 22.50 0.71
                   0
                      1
## PC5
          5 500
                          0.02
                                0.00 1.01 -4.09 2.68 6.77 -0.11
                   0
                     1
                          0.00
                                  0.02 0.96 -2.74 3.11
## PC6
          6 500
                   0
                      1
                                                          5.85 -0.14
                                                   3.17
## PC7
          7 500
                   0
                      1
                          0.05
                                  0.03 0.96 -3.22
                                                          6.39 -0.31
## PC8
          8 500
                   0 1
                         -0.04
                                 -0.01 0.98 -2.54 3.59
                                                          6.13 0.13
## PC9
          9 500
                          0.02
                                 -0.01 1.07
                                            -3.21 3.10 6.31 0.03
                   0 1
## PC10
         10 500
                   0
                         -0.03
                                  0.00 0.94
                                            -3.44
                                                   3.34
                                                         6.77 0.04
                      1
## PC11
         11 500
                   0
                          0.03
                                  0.02 0.98
                                             -3.00 3.33
                                                         6.33 -0.08
## PC12
         12 500
                   0
                      1
                          0.01
                                  0.01 1.00 -2.67 2.90 5.56 -0.03
##
       kurtosis
                  se
## PC1
          -0.26 0.04
## PC2
           0.01 0.04
## PC3
           0.14 0.04
## PC4
          62.60 0.04
## PC5
           0.17 0.04
## PC6
          -0.04 0.04
## PC7
           0.10 0.04
## PC8
           0.06 0.04
          -0.17 0.04
## PC9
## PC10
           0.27 0.04
## PC11
           0.09 0.04
## PC12
          -0.20 0.04
```

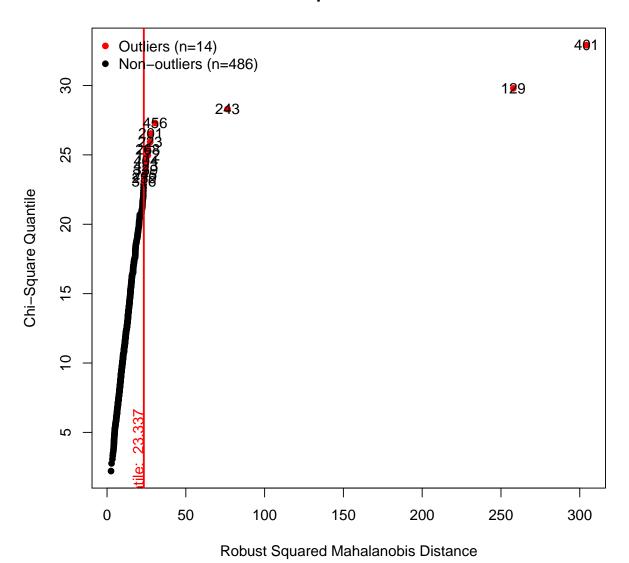
Checking the PCA suggests that there is a multivariate outlier in PCA 4 (Sentence_Completion) But let's check multivariate normality

```
dat2 <- dat %>% select(-ID) %>% data.frame
rownames(dat2) <- 1:nrow(dat2)
(mv <- mvn(dat2,mvnTest="mardia", multivariatePlot="qq",multivariateOutlierMethod="quan",showOutliers=T.</pre>
```

Chi-Square Q-Q Plot



Chi-Square Q-Q Plot



\$multivariateNormality Test Statistic p value Result ## 1 Mardia Skewness 468.99164354467 0.000162906731930752 NO ## 2 Mardia Kurtosis 37.8554992977048 0 NO ## 3 MVN <NA> <NA> NO ## ## \$univariateNormality Test Variable Statistic p value Normality ## 1 Shapiro-Wilk Grammar 0.9967 0.4074 YES Shapiro-Wilk Paragraph_Comprehension 0.9989 0.9922 YES ## 3 Shapiro-Wilk Vocabulary 0.9958 0.1996 YES Shapiro-Wilk Sentence_Completion 0.9981 0.8464 YES ## 5 Shapiro-Wilk Geometry 0.9978 0.7646 YES ## 6 Shapiro-Wilk Algebra 0.9835 < 0.001

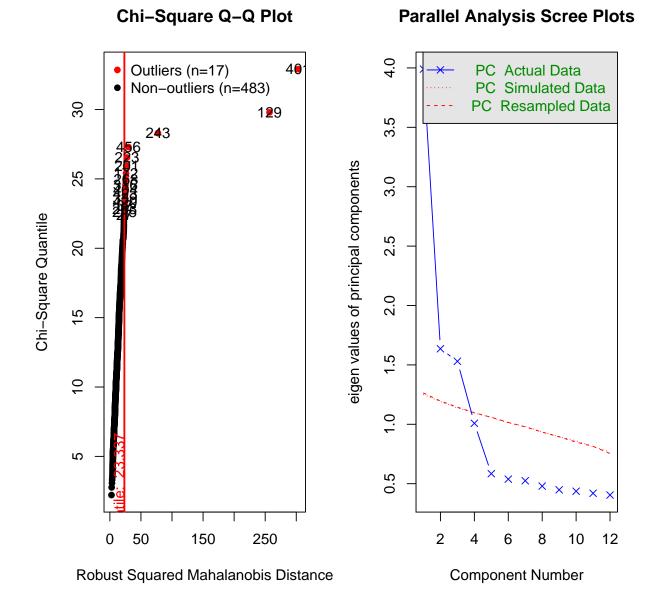
```
## 7 Shapiro-Wilk
                      Numerical_Puzzles
                                                0.9968 0.4251
                                                                    YES
                                                                    YES
## 8 Shapiro-Wilk
                       Series_Completion
                                                0.9971 0.5203
## 9 Shapiro-Wilk Practical_Problem_Solving
                                                0.9967 0.4047
                                                                    YES
                     Symbol_Manipulation
                                                                    YES
## 10 Shapiro-Wilk
                                                0.9956 0.1713
                      Analytical_Ability
## 11 Shapiro-Wilk
                                                0.9977 0.7187
                                                                    YES
## 12 Shapiro-Wilk
                         Formal_Logic
                                                0.9952 0.1221
                                                                    YES
##
## $Descriptives
##
                                                 Std.Dev
                                                                Median
                                          Mean
## Grammar
                             500 -0.0083641562 1.0016648 -0.0237048215
## Paragraph_Comprehension
                             500 -0.0070088967 1.0829739 0.0350785195
## Vocabulary
                             500 -0.0169538702 1.0169743 0.0232942325
## Sentence_Completion
                             500 -0.0903289108 1.1065777 -0.0893020655
## Geometry
                             500 0.0071552259 0.9973637 -0.0282354790
                             500 -0.0151778962 1.0149132 0.0003852515
## Algebra
## Numerical_Puzzles
                             500 -0.0153611723 1.0132508 -0.0624955155
## Series_Completion
                             500 -0.0077428597 0.9819436 -0.0291777090
## Practical_Problem_Solving 500 -0.0182512446 0.9584017 -0.0400207855
                             500 -0.0009142506 0.9922338 -0.0569430780
## Symbol_Manipulation
                             500 -0.0073984716 1.0009061 0.0090736190
## Analytical_Ability
## Formal_Logic
                             500 -0.0650934689 1.0367206 -0.0925315375
##
                                   Min
                                            Max
                                                      25th
## Grammar
                             -3.560000 3.500000 -0.6789687 0.6903545
## Paragraph_Comprehension
                             -3.500000 3.450000 -0.7551515 0.7002892
                             -3.491518 3.500000 -0.6651436 0.6660205
## Vocabulary
## Sentence_Completion
                             -3.500000 3.330000 -0.8637548 0.6525117
## Geometry
                             -3.210000 3.500000 -0.6294255 0.6737671
## Algebra
                             -3.500000 5.670000 -0.6288277 0.5685107
## Numerical_Puzzles
                             -3.500000 3.500000 -0.6082066 0.6101796
                             -3.500000 3.030000 -0.6444230 0.6380559
## Series_Completion
## Practical_Problem_Solving -3.280000 3.500000 -0.6115184 0.6685177
                             -3.500000 2.970000 -0.6179801 0.6397075
## Symbol_Manipulation
## Analytical_Ability
                             -3.751222 3.500000 -0.6981759 0.6938528
## Formal_Logic
                             -3.500000 3.728522 -0.6802409 0.5589411
##
                                    Skew
                                            Kurtosis
                             -0.05430769 0.13596613
## Grammar
## Paragraph_Comprehension
                             -0.08800734 0.02507948
## Vocabulary
                             -0.20788125 0.16156136
## Sentence_Completion
                             0.02093275 -0.07335932
## Geometry
                              0.11181433 0.10313111
## Algebra
                              0.23409531 1.98559538
## Numerical_Puzzles
                              0.01651535 0.33457069
                             -0.13807654 0.07180595
## Series_Completion
## Practical_Problem_Solving 0.13693839 0.33690319
## Symbol_Manipulation
                              0.05168770 0.34049898
## Analytical_Ability
                             -0.11832265 0.22344750
## Formal_Logic
                              0.03731202 0.57661676
## $multivariateOutliers
      Observation Mahalanobis Distance Outlier
## 401
              401
                                304.270
                                           TRUE
## 129
               129
                                257.852
                                           TRUE
## 243
               243
                                76.443
                                           TRUE
```

```
## 456
                456
                                   30.479
                                              TRUE
                201
                                   27.725
## 201
                                              TRUE
                223
                                   27.365
## 223
                                              TRUE
                                   25.908
## 268
                268
                                              TRUE
                                   25.869
## 172
                172
                                              TRUE
## 404
                404
                                   24.663
                                              TRUE
## 423
                423
                                   24.565
                                              TRUE
## 339
                                   24.532
                339
                                              TRUE
## 245
                245
                                   23.903
                                              TRUE
                239
## 239
                                   23.587
                                              TRUE
## 316
                316
                                   23.477
                                              TRUE
```

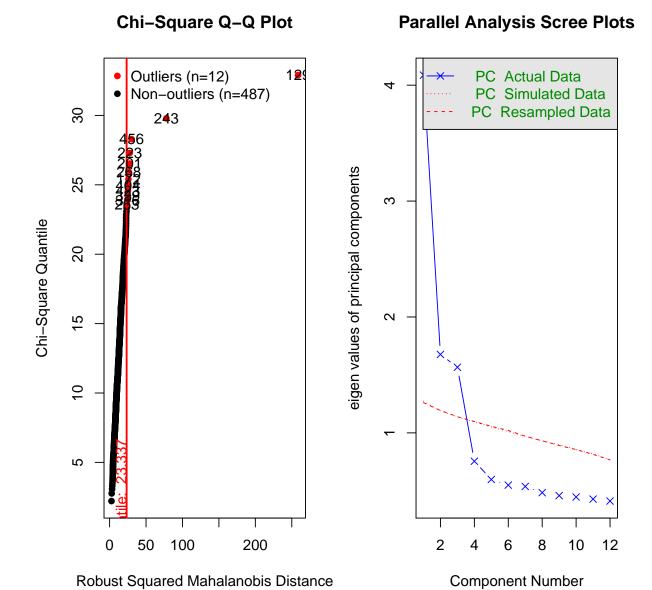
Based on the test of multivariate normality, there are 16(!) outliers. Let's remove the outlier and check again.

I'm going to use a while loop to do this rather than copying and pasting the code.

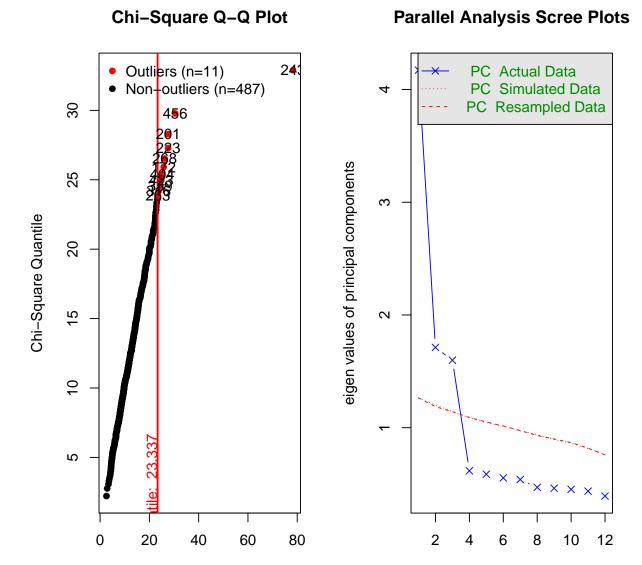
```
k <- 1
remove <- c()
par(mfrow = c(1,2))
while(nrow(mv$multivariateOutliers) > 0){
   if(k!=1){tmp <- dat2[-remove,]} else{tmp <- dat2}
   mv <- mvn(tmp, mvnTest="mardia", multivariatePlot="none",multivariateOutlierMethod="quan",showOutlier
   mv$multivariateOutliers
   remove <- c(remove, as.numeric(as.character(mv$multivariateOutliers$Observation[1])))
   sink("/dev/null")
   scree <- fa.parallel(tmp, fa="pc")
   sink()
   print(sprintf("Case %s removed. %s factors remain. This is the %s round", remove[k], scree$ncomp, k))
   if(nrow(mv$multivariateOutliers) == 0){break}
   k <- k + 1
}</pre>
```



[1] "Case 401 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 1 round"



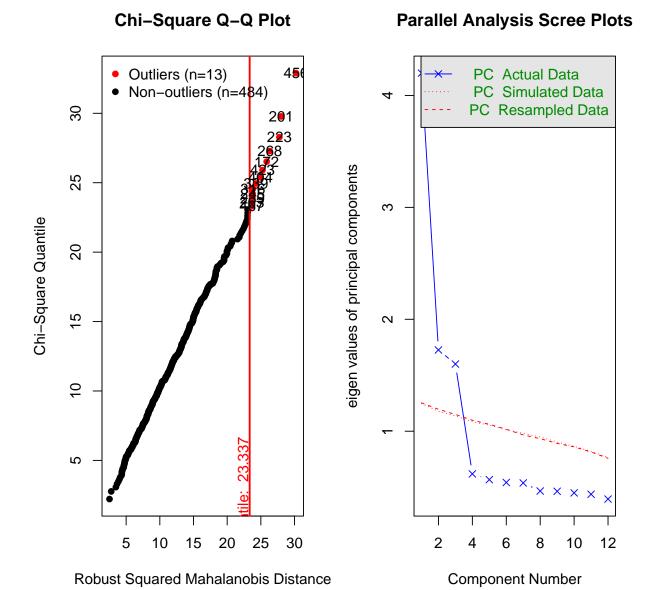
[1] "Case 129 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 2 round"



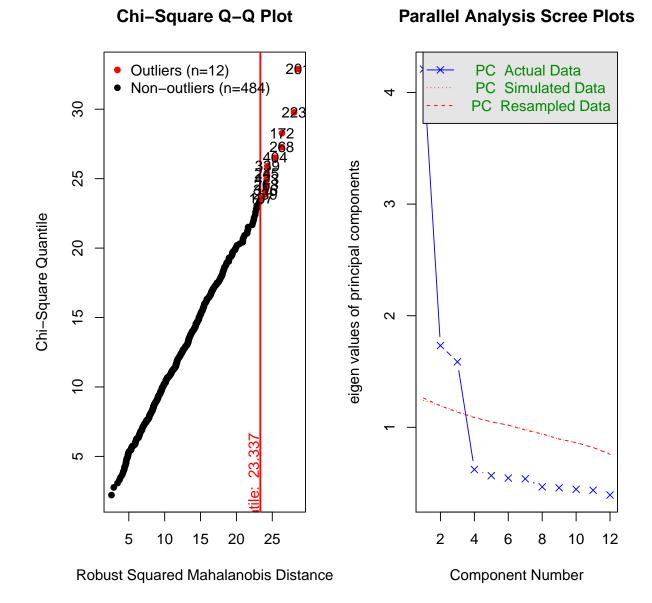
Component Number

[1] "Case 243 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 3 round"

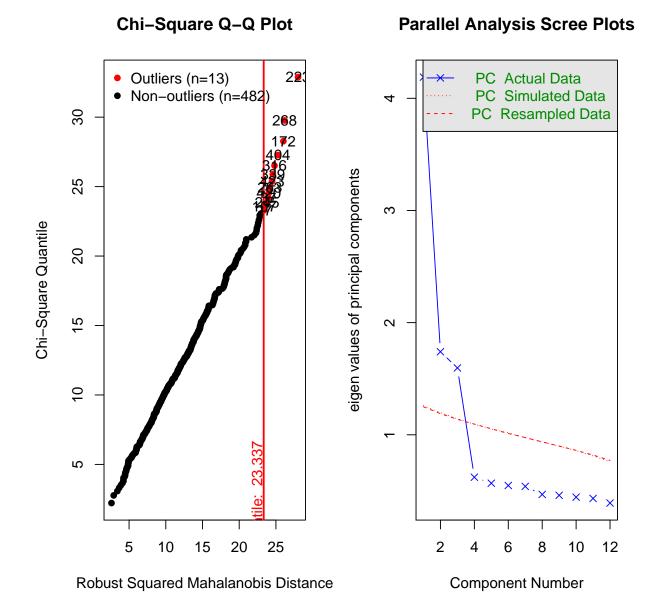
Robust Squared Mahalanobis Distance



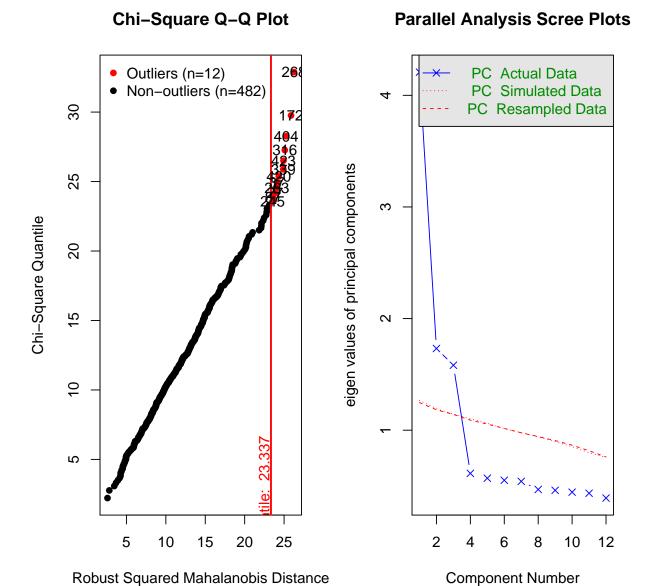
[1] "Case 456 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 4 round"



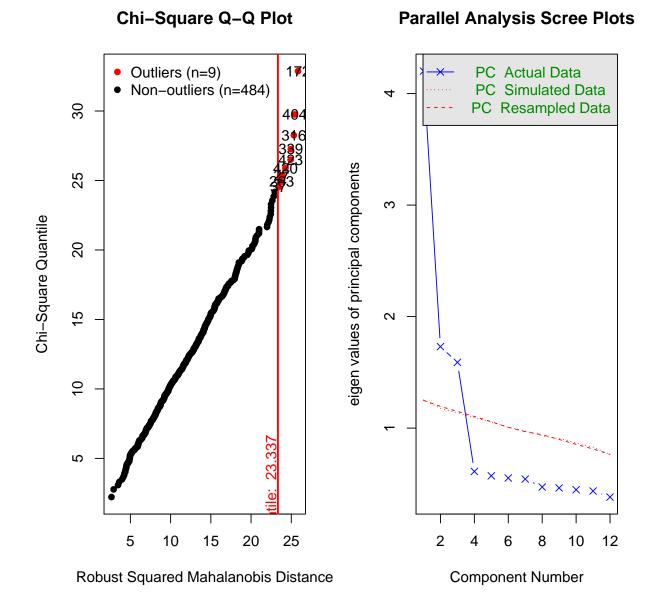
[1] "Case 201 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 5 round"



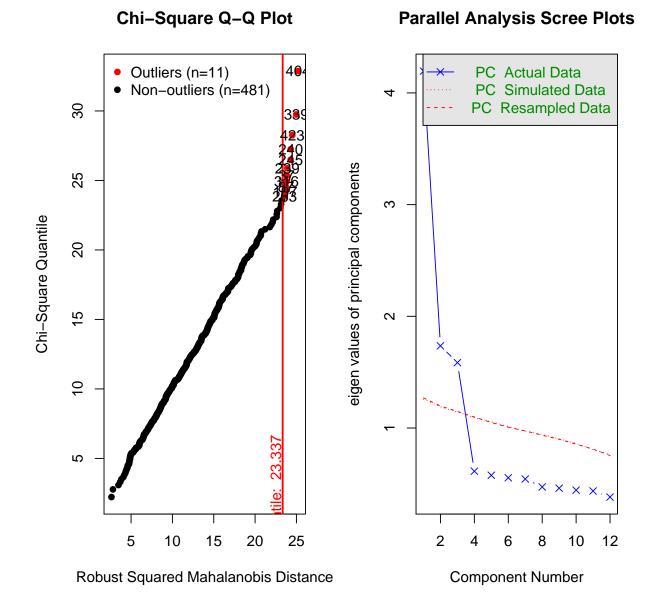
[1] "Case 223 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 6 round"



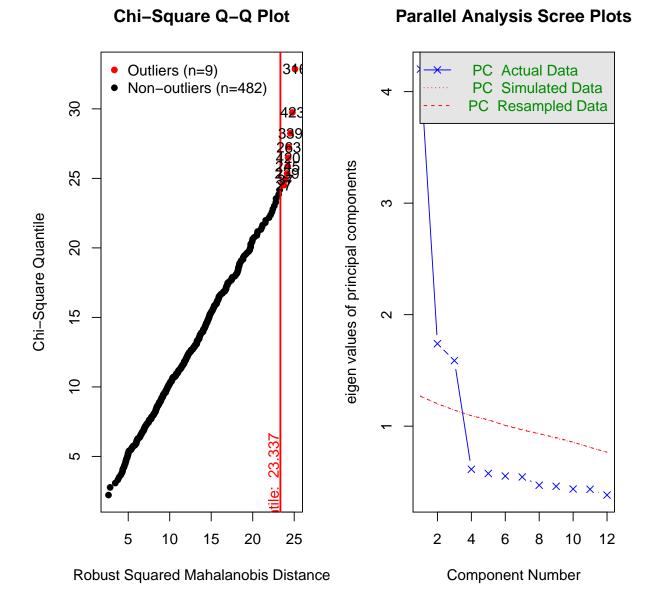
[1] "Case 268 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 7 round"



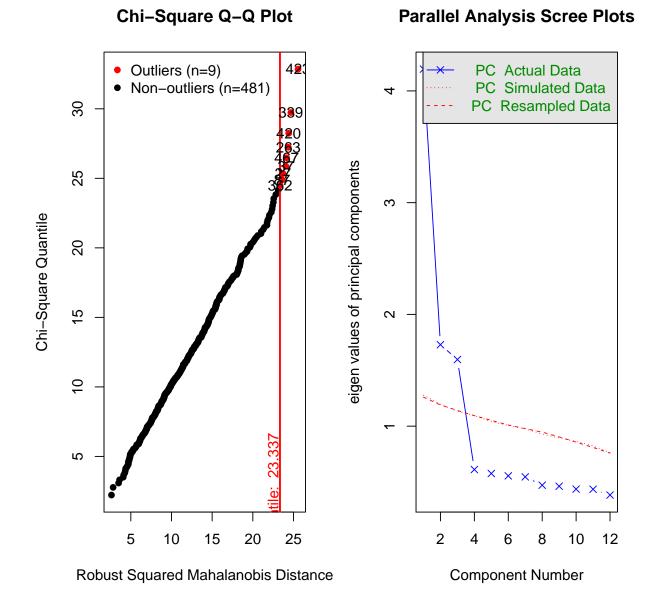
[1] "Case 172 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 8 round"



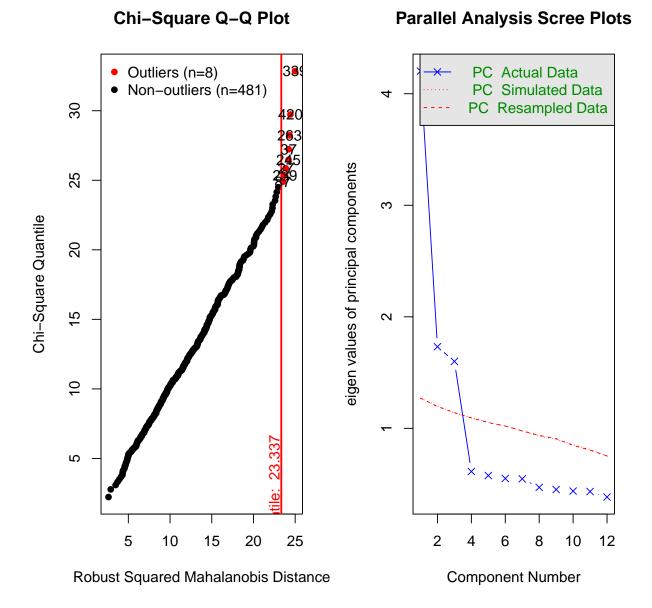
[1] "Case 404 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 9 round"



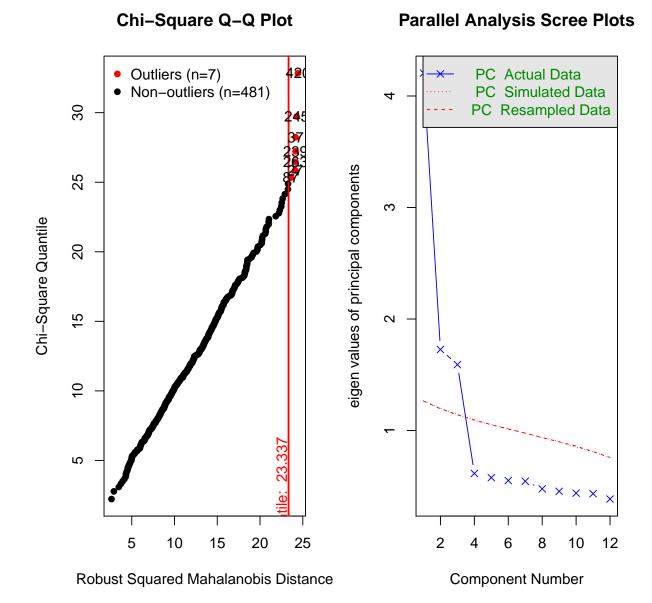
[1] "Case 316 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 10 round"



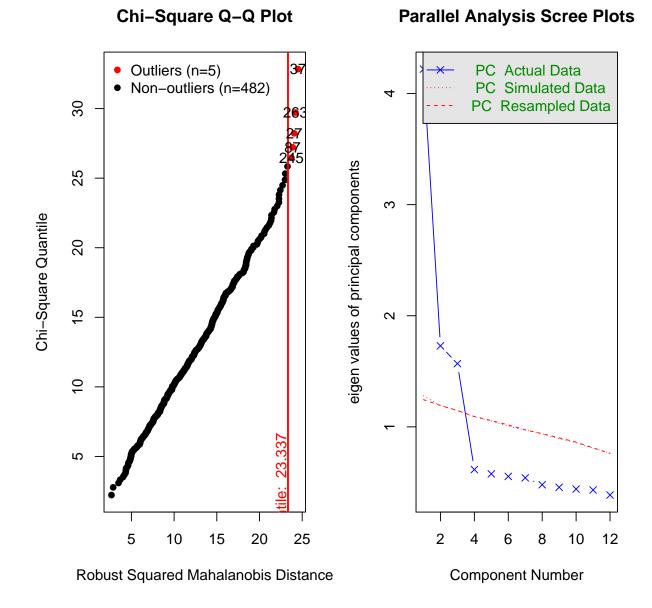
[1] "Case 423 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 11 round"



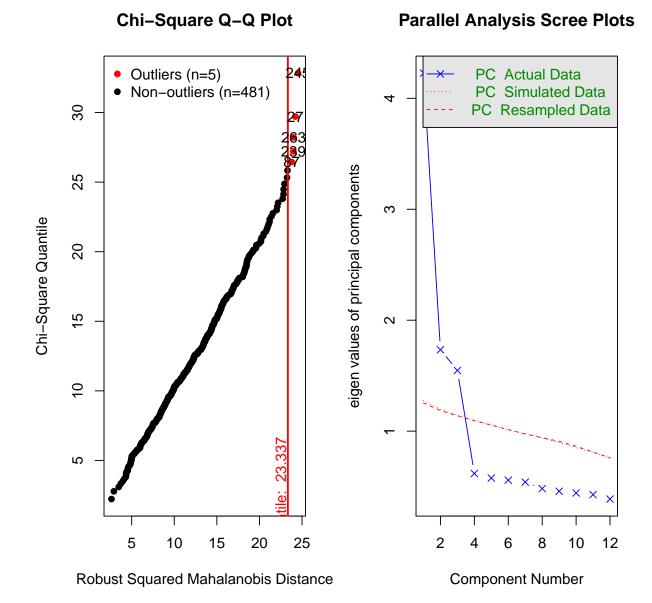
[1] "Case 339 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 12 round"



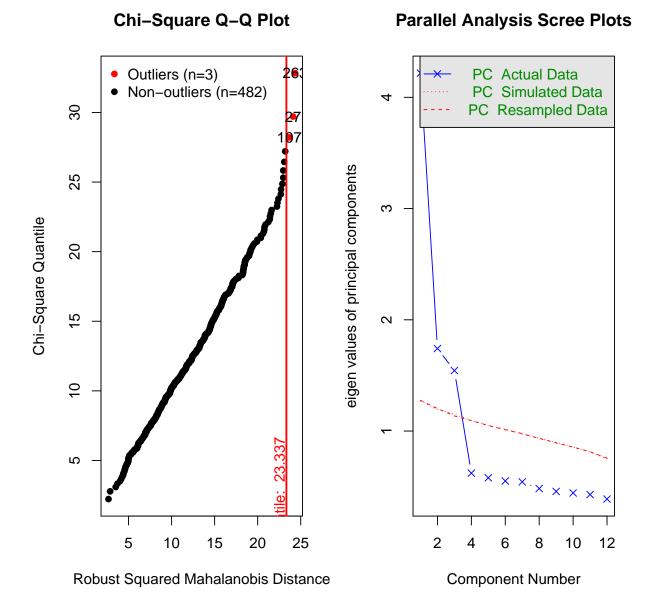
[1] "Case 420 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 13 round"



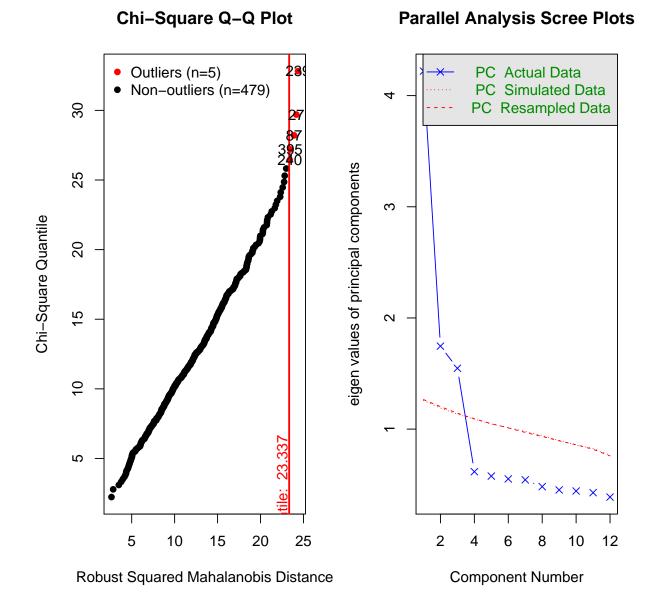
[1] "Case 37 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 14 round"



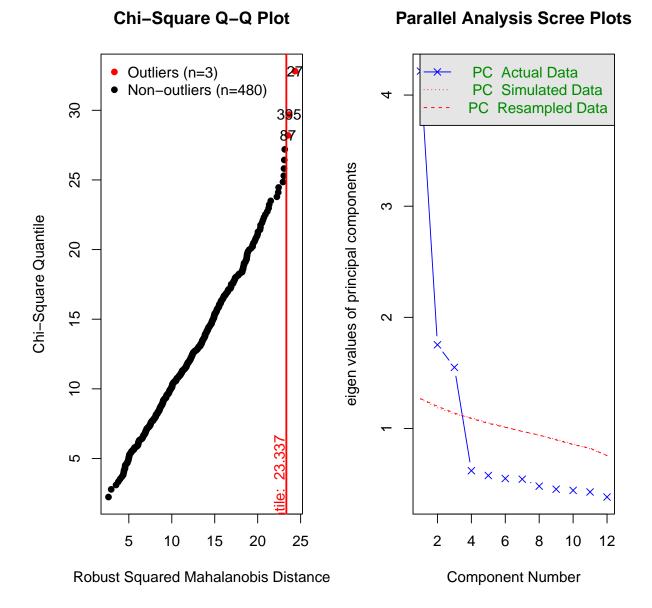
[1] "Case 245 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 15 round"



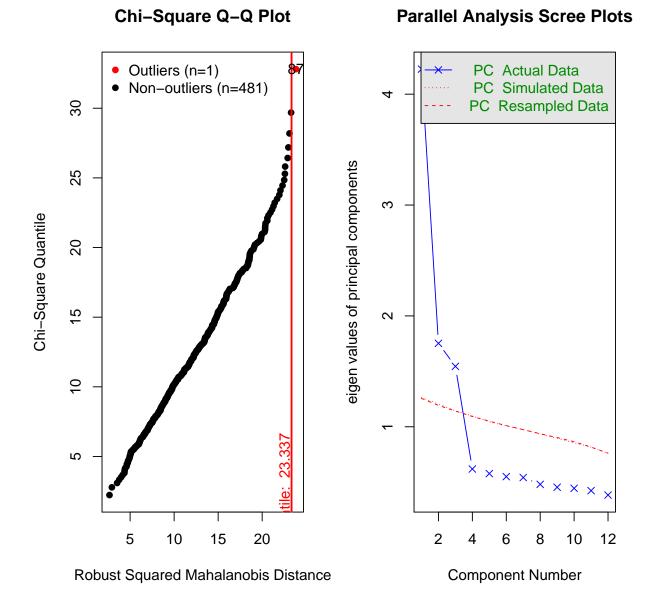
[1] "Case 263 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 16 round"



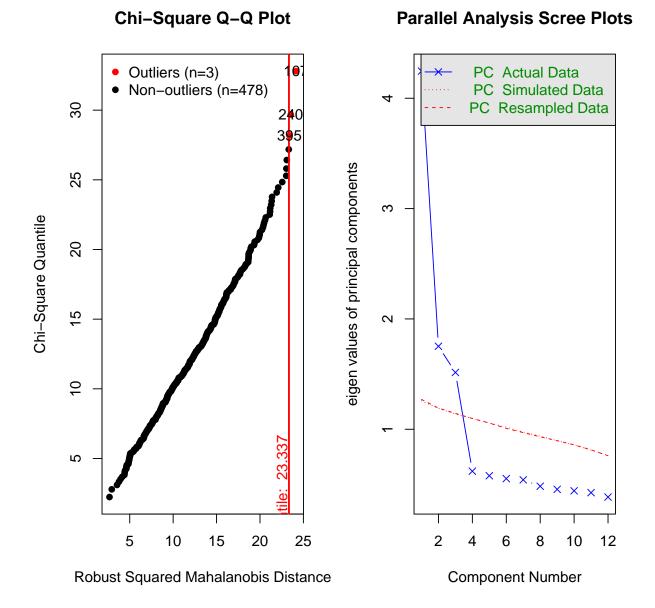
[1] "Case 239 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 17 round"



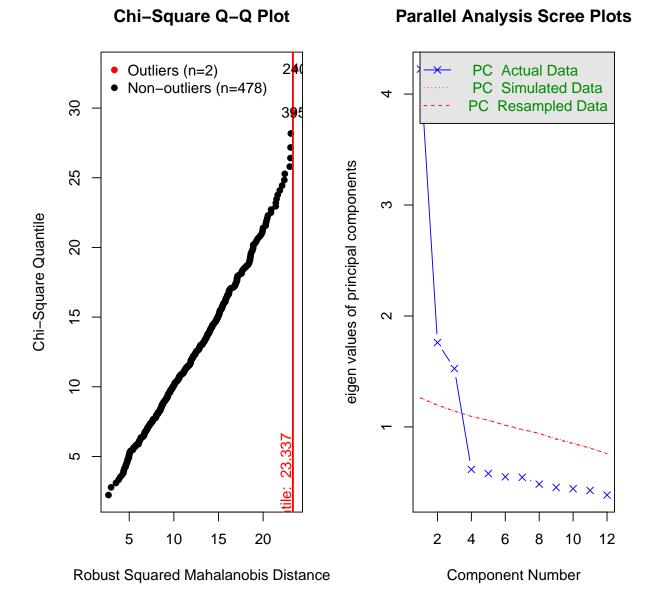
[1] "Case 27 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 18 round"



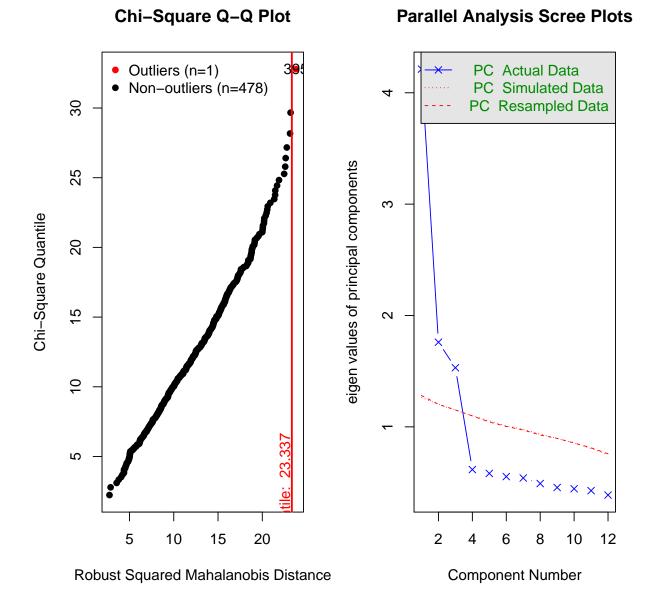
[1] "Case 87 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 19 round"



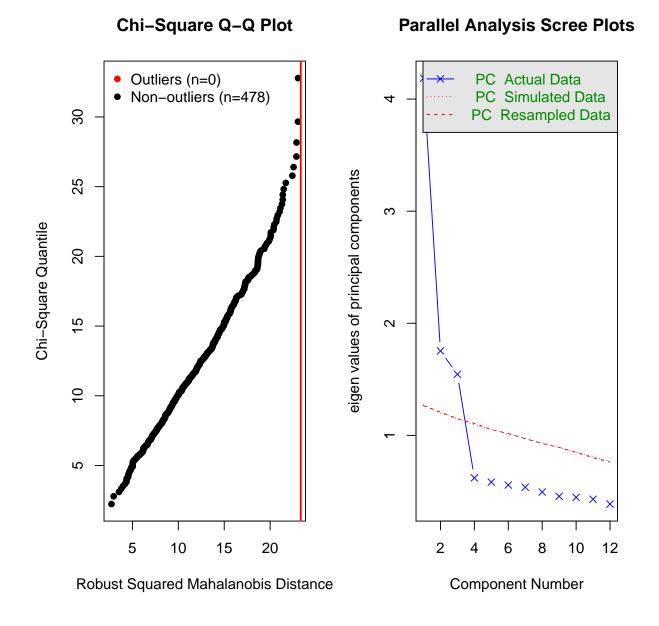
[1] "Case 107 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 20 round"



[1] "Case 240 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 21 round"



[1] "Case 395 removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 22 round"



[1] "Case NA removed. 3 factors remain. This is the 23 round"

In total, using the mardia test, it took 23 rounds to remove the following outliers: cases . Our conclusions do not change. We would still extract 3 components.