

Name \_\_\_\_\_

*Psychology 516*  
*Applied Multivariate Analysis*  
Homework 1  
Due 9/11/2018

Assume the following table of means for four groups. Call this matrix **X**.

	Variable 1	Variable 2	Variable 3	Variable 4
Group 1	4	9	3	8
Group 2	6	7	2	1
Group 3	1	6	6	2
Group 4	3	8	7	4

The general matrix equation, **LXM**, describes how to create linear combinations of the groups (the **L** matrix) and variables (the **M** matrix) to test different hypotheses.

In words, describe what each of the following **L** vectors is trying to accomplish:

1.  $[1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1] = \mathbf{L}_1$

2.  $[1 \ 0 \ 0 \ -1] = \mathbf{L}_2$

3.  $[1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0] = \mathbf{L}_3$

4.  $[1 \ 1 \ -2 \ 0] = \mathbf{L}_4$

5.  $[1 \ 1 \ -1 \ -1] = \mathbf{L}_5$

Assume that you want to answer the following “variable” questions. Give the appropriate **M** vector or matrix.

6. The linear combination given by **L** should be performed separately on each of the variables (= **M<sub>1</sub>**).
7. Variable 3 is the only variable of interest (= **M<sub>2</sub>**).
8. The difference between Variables 1 and 4 is of interest (= **M<sub>3</sub>**).
9. The sum of all variables is of interest (= **M<sub>4</sub>**).
10. The difference between the first two variables and the difference between the second two variables is to be compared (= **M<sub>5</sub>**).

Carry out the following matrix multiplications, in R.

11. **L<sub>1</sub>XM<sub>2</sub>**
12. **L<sub>2</sub>XM<sub>5</sub>**
13. **L<sub>3</sub>XM<sub>3</sub>**
14. **L<sub>4</sub>XM<sub>4</sub>**
15. **L<sub>5</sub>XM<sub>1</sub>**