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package binarytree;
// Java program for printing vertical order of a given binary tree
import java.util.TreeMap;
import java.util.Vector;
import java.util.Map.Entry;
 class VerticalOrderBtree
    // Tree node
    static class Node
        int key;
        Node left;
        Node right;
        // Constructor
        Node(int data)
            key = data;
            left = null;
            right = null;
        }
    }
    // Utility function to store vertical order in map 'm'
    // 'hd' is horizontal distance of current node from root.
    // 'hd' is initially passed as 0
    static void getVerticalOrder (Node root, int hd,
                                  TreeMap<Integer, Vector<Integer>> m)
    {
        // Base case
        if(root == null)
            return;
        //get the vector list at 'hd'
        Vector<Integer> get = m.get(hd);
        // Store current node in map 'm'
        if(get == null)
        {
            get = new Vector<>();
            get.add(root.key);
        else
            get.add(root.key);
        m.put(hd, get);
        // Store nodes in left subtree
        getVerticalOrder(root.left, hd-1, m);
        // Store nodes in right subtree
        getVerticalOrder(root.right, hd+1, m);
    }
    // The main function to print vertical order of a binary tree
    // with the given root
    static void printVerticalOrder(Node root)
        // Create a map and store vertical order in map using
        // function getVerticalOrder()
        TreeMap<Integer, Vector<Integer>> m = new TreeMap<>();
        int hd =0;
        getVerticalOrder(root,hd,m);
```

```
// Traverse the map and print nodes at every horigontal
       // distance (hd)
       for (Entry<Integer, Vector<Integer>> entry : m.entrySet())
            System.out.println(entry.getValue());
    }
   // Driver program to test above functions
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       // TO DO Auto-generated method stub
       Node root = new Node(1);
       root.left = new Node(2);
       root.right = new Node(3);
       root.left.left = new Node(4);
       root.left.right = new Node(5);
       root.right.left = new Node(6);
       root.right.right = new Node(7);
       root.right.left.right = new Node(8);
       root.right.right = new Node(9);
       System.out.println("Vertical Order traversal is");
       printVerticalOrder(root);
   }
// This code is contributed by Sumit Ghosh
```