WEEK 5 Temp Journal

Week 4

Concern that problems are due to high dimensionality. Focus this week: Filter to one Genus/family/something and repeat.

Start thinking/writing about motivations for needing/wanting to model everything at once instead of running separately.

What dataset to use? Prevalence filter first? Going to use the 10p filtered dataset and then pick a genus.

Also looking into R ways to resolve phylogenetic tree to genus level. Potentially group clade? https://yulab-smu.top/treedata-book/chapter6.html

(Needed to add phylogenetic tree to saved rds.)

Meeting notes

Found bug. Ugh. Variance term was incorrect. Check things now.

Try independence, Try fixed values. Look at residual matrix (convert to matrix?) Check that entries match.

Week 5

Found bug. (In variances). Also note that diriclet variances should be between 0 and 1.

Check with $\gamma = 1$.

Check with λ

Vocab

- γ : step size
- ρ : phylogenetic distance scaling
- ω : correlation weighting.
- β estimated parameter values/ coefficients
- λ : diagonal scalar to subtract from Hessian.

Tuesday: Noticed code was getting ugly and hard to navigate. Changed return values to initialize easier by just initilizeing one list that has sub lists inside it.

Note: changed difference (plus convergence criteria) to be sum of square differences between beta between loop.

Wednesday: Trying on 10p data (by accident oops). Still takes a long time. Does not have large gaps. Omega approaches 1.

When running on the flavo data, it 'converges' in only 2 iterations. Also check out.

Reminder:

• $\omega = 1$ means all weight is compositional structure. If this is the case it doesn't really matter what ρ is

WEEK 5 Temp Journal

- $\omega = 0$ means all weight is phylogenetic structure.
- ρ close to 0 means:
- ρ large means:

Working on a function that outputs all diagnostics plots. Done. Currently has phi, rho, omega, diffs. Need to add residuals information and beta information. how to visualize? Maybe a line plot with a line for each beta?

Trying 30p dataset which originally had decent values for omega and p. Quit in 2 iterations. Omega flipped.

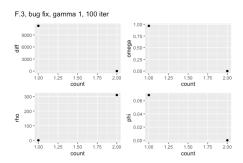


Figure 1:

Next step: step through function with 30p.

```
Browse[2] > beta
    32.6820041 -35.2771786
                        -9.3769864
                                   9.8059738
                                            -6.3851386
                                                       1.6309199
                                                                 -9.0146528
[8]
     5.1724875
              -7.5425704
                         2.6913815
                                   -9.4761818
                                             4.5570750
                                                      -7.8544924
                                                                 3.1674555
Browse[2]> as.vector(update)
[7] -8.706320e-39 -8.706320e-39 -1.811488e-39 -1.811488e-39 -1.424226e-39 -1.424226e-39
[13] -7.777419e-40 -7.777419e-40 -4.486093e-40 -4.486093e-40 -3.262656e-40 -3.262656e-40
```

Seems like the 'update' is essentially zero.

Which is because the hessian is essentially zero.

```
Browse[2] > as.vector(hess)
 [1]
      -1.000000e-02
                     -9.860304e-46
                                      1.007366e-76
                                                    -2.793269e-79
                                                                    -2.314020e-64
 [6]
      -2.492956e-64
                      3.834566e-57
                                                     -2.560319e-62
                                                                    -2.595960e-62
                                     -3.314361e-61
[11]
       1.079445e-60
                     -4.290110e-64
                                     -3.059416e-64
                                                     -3.316491e-64
                                                                     3.727629e-59
[16]
      -2.020623e-63
                     -6.455299e-63
                                     -6.567340e-63
                                                     -1.639493e-49
                                                                    -1.639493e-49
[21]
       1.620392e-65
                     -4.701085e-77
                                      1.780107e-59
                                                    -2.344796e-60
                                                                    -3.144451e-56
```

But estimating equations are also basically zero.

```
Browse[2] > summary(as.vector(esteq))
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
-1.253e-29 0.000e+00 0.000e+00 0.000e+00 1.253e-29
```

Wondering if this is a step thing? Try with gamma = .1 like before. Seems like a step thing. With gamma .1: Some WEIRD behavor with beta plot... Oh, this was some weird result of the beta plotting???? (Had X axis as descrete, but now it is not.)

WEEK 5 Meeting Temp Journal

Quick iteration seems to be a step problem. But betas are different For example on the dataset 30p, For gamma = 1 vs gamma = .1

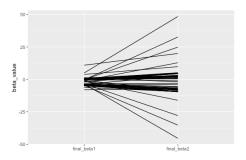


Figure 2:

.1 Independence design

Try setting R to be the identity matrix. Only need to change line in calculate_equations function.

Using values of gamma = .1, 100 iterations.

VERY DIFFERENT... Here final_beta2 is independence, final_beta1 is standard R.

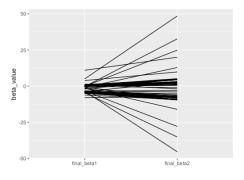


Figure 3:

Not sure what I do besides say: they are different!

Try to focus on one thing at once to be able to add git commits.

Shouldnt they be the same though? isnt idea that its just precision that changes? Am confused.

I think the important next step is to test independence design against pre-made functions? like geem. Can i actually use another package? Since family and link are weird. Look more into GEEM.

... Wait is my link wrong? Since isnt it logit? Or is it because I am linking alpha instead of mu?

Meeting

Bring up: What was the thing about the metabolomic data?

WEEK 5 Simulations Temp Journal

I explored model running performance after finding the bug. Found that the model "converges" after 2 iterations now, but if step size is reduced, does not. But gives different beta values.

Simulations

Start simulations

Idea that correlation matrix is redundant for dirichlet and we are making it not so