

ASV proportions response $\mathbf{y}_i = (y_{i1}, \dots, y_{ij}, \dots, y_{ip})_{(np \times 1)}^T \sim \text{Dirichlet}(\alpha_{i1}, \dots, \alpha_{ip})$

$$E(y_{ij}) = \mu_{ij} = \frac{\alpha_{ij}}{\alpha_{i1}}$$

where $\alpha_{i0} = \sum_{j=1}^p \alpha_{ij}$.

Indices:

- Number of Samples: $i = 1, \dots, n$.
- Number of OTUs: $j = 1, \dots, p$
- Number of covariates, $k = 1, \dots, q$

Define the design matrix $\mathbf{X}_{np \times (pq)}$ through the measurements for each sample \mathbf{x}_i the p rows for a given sample:

$$\mathbf{x}_i = \begin{pmatrix} x_{k=1} & \cdots & x_{k=q} & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ 0 & \cdots & 0 & x_1 & \cdots & x_q & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ \vdots & & & & & & & & \\ 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & x_1 & \cdots & x_q \end{pmatrix}_{p \times pq}$$

$$\boldsymbol{\beta} = \begin{pmatrix} \beta_{j=1,k=1} \\ \beta_{j=1,k=2} \\ \vdots \\ \beta_{j=1,k=q} \\ \beta_{j=2,k=1} \\ \beta_{j=2,k=2} \\ \vdots \\ \beta_{j=p,k=1} \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}_{pq \times 1}$$

For notation, consider \mathbf{x}_{ij} to denote the j th row of \mathbf{x}_i , but note that the nonzero values of each \mathbf{x}_{ij} are the same for all j

Link covarites to α 's:

$$\log(\alpha_{ij_{1 \times 1}}) = \mathbf{x}_{ij_{1 \times pq}} \boldsymbol{\beta}_{pq \times 1}$$

and

$$\alpha_{ij} = e^{\mathbf{x}_{ij} \boldsymbol{\beta}}$$

Where only the corresponding j elements of $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ will have corresponding non-zero elements of \mathbf{x}_{ij}

Then the GEE equations are

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\mu}_i}{\partial \boldsymbol{\beta}} \right)^T \mathbf{V}_i^{-1} (\mathbf{Y}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_i) = 0$$

Where $\mathbf{V}_i = A_i^{\frac{1}{2}} R_i A_i^{\frac{1}{2}}$
Then,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\mu}_i}{\partial \boldsymbol{\beta}} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \boldsymbol{\beta}} \frac{\boldsymbol{\alpha}_i}{\alpha_{i0}} \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \boldsymbol{\beta}} \frac{e^{\mathbf{x}_i \boldsymbol{\beta}}}{\sum_{j=1}^p e^{\mathbf{x}_{ij} \boldsymbol{\beta}}} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial \boldsymbol{\beta}_{j=1, k=1}} \frac{e^{\mathbf{x}_{i1} \boldsymbol{\beta}}}{\sum_{j=1}^p e^{\mathbf{x}_{ij} \boldsymbol{\beta}}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial}{\partial \boldsymbol{\beta}_{1,1}} \frac{e^{\mathbf{x}_{ip} \boldsymbol{\beta}}}{\sum_{j=1}^p e^{\mathbf{x}_{ij} \boldsymbol{\beta}}} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \boldsymbol{\beta}_{j=1, k=2}} \frac{e^{\mathbf{x}_{i1} \boldsymbol{\beta}}}{\sum_{j=1}^p e^{\mathbf{x}_{ij} \boldsymbol{\beta}}} & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \boldsymbol{\beta}_{j=p, k=q}} \frac{e^{\mathbf{x}_{i1} \boldsymbol{\beta}}}{\sum_{j=1}^p e^{\mathbf{x}_{ij} \boldsymbol{\beta}}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial}{\partial \boldsymbol{\beta}} \frac{e^{\mathbf{x}_{ip} \boldsymbol{\beta}_{p,q}}}{\sum_{j=1}^p e^{\mathbf{x}_{ij} \boldsymbol{\beta}}} \end{pmatrix}_{np \times p} \\ &= \frac{1}{\left(\sum_{j=1}^p e^{\mathbf{x}_{ij} \boldsymbol{\beta}} \right)^2} \begin{pmatrix} x_{i1} \alpha_{i1} \alpha_{i0} - x_{iq} \alpha_{i1} \alpha_{i1} & \cdots & -x_{i1} \alpha_{i1} \alpha_{ip} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ -x_{i1} \alpha_{i1} \alpha_{i2} & x_{i2} \alpha_{i0} \alpha_{i2} - x_{i2} \alpha_{i2} \alpha_{i2} & \cdots \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ -x_{i1} \alpha_{i1} \alpha_{ip} & \cdots & x_{iq} \alpha_{ip} \alpha_{i0} - x_{iq} \alpha_{ip} \alpha_{ip} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$