

# Identifying Movement with HAR Devices

## Executive Summary

In this study, we are looking at human activity recognition data to determine what type of activity is being performed based off the data values that are presented. We focus primarily on the *classe* variable, which is described by the following:

Classe: A-exactly according to specification, B-Elbows to the front, C-lifting halfway, D-lowering halfway, E-throwing hips to the front

If the data are categorized correctly, we will be able to tell whether the exercises are being performed properly or incorrectly.

## Loading the Data

Before we get started, we first load the data and libraries into R.

```
library(caret)

## Loading required package: lattice
## Loading required package: ggplot2

library(ggplot2)
library(randomForest)

## randomForest 4.6-12
## Type rfNews() to see new features/changes/bug fixes.
##
## Attaching package: 'randomForest'
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##     margin

library(rpart)
library(rattle)

## Rattle: A free graphical interface for data mining with R.
## Version 4.1.0 Copyright (c) 2006-2015 Togaware Pty Ltd.
## Type 'rattle()' to shake, rattle, and roll your data.

set.seed(323)

urlTrain<-"https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/predmachlearn/pml-training.csv"
urlTest<-"https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/predmachlearn/pml-testing.csv"

training<-read.csv(urlTrain,header=TRUE,na.strings = c("NA", ""),sep=",")
testing<-read.csv(urlTest,header=TRUE,na.strings = c("NA", ""),sep=",")
```

## Cleaning the Data

We look at the data:

```
str(training)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 19622 obs. of 160 variables:
## $ X : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ user_name : Factor w/ 6 levels "adelmo","carlitos",...: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ raw_timestamp_part_1 : int 1323084231 1323084231 1323084231 1323084232 1323084232 1323084232 ...
## $ raw_timestamp_part_2 : int 788290 808298 820366 120339 196328 304277 368296 440390 484323 484 ...
## $ cvtd_timestamp : Factor w/ 20 levels "02/12/2011 13:32",...: 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 ...
## $ new_window : Factor w/ 2 levels "no","yes": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ num_window : int 11 11 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 ...
## $ roll_belt : num 1.41 1.41 1.42 1.48 1.48 1.45 1.42 1.42 1.43 1.45 ...
## $ pitch_belt : num 8.07 8.07 8.07 8.05 8.07 8.06 8.09 8.13 8.16 8.17 ...
## $ yaw_belt : num -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 ...
## $ total_accel_belt : int 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ kurtosis_roll_belt : Factor w/ 396 levels "-0.016850","-0.021024",...: NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ kurtosis_pitch_belt : Factor w/ 316 levels "-0.021887","-0.060755",...: NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ kurtosis_yaw_belt : Factor w/ 1 level "#DIV/0!": NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ skewness_roll_belt : Factor w/ 394 levels "-0.003095","-0.010002",...: NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ skewness_roll_belt.1 : Factor w/ 337 levels "-0.005928","-0.005960",...: NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ skewness_yaw_belt : Factor w/ 1 level "#DIV/0!": NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ max_roll_belt : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ max_pitch_belt : int NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ max_yaw_belt : Factor w/ 67 levels "-0.1","-0.2",...: NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ min_roll_belt : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ min_pitch_belt : int NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ min_yaw_belt : Factor w/ 67 levels "-0.1","-0.2",...: NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ amplitude_roll_belt : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ amplitude_pitch_belt : int NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ amplitude_yaw_belt : Factor w/ 3 levels "#DIV/0!","0.00",...: NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ var_total_accel_belt : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ avg_roll_belt : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ stddev_roll_belt : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ var_roll_belt : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ avg_pitch_belt : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ stddev_pitch_belt : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ var_pitch_belt : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ avg_yaw_belt : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ stddev_yaw_belt : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ var_yaw_belt : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ gyros_belt_x : num 0 0.02 0 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.03 ...
## $ gyros_belt_y : num 0 0 0 0 0.02 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ gyros_belt_z : num -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 -0.03 -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 0 ...
## $ accel_belt_x : int -21 -22 -20 -22 -21 -21 -22 -22 -20 -21 ...
## $ accel_belt_y : int 4 4 5 3 2 4 3 4 2 4 ...
## $ accel_belt_z : int 22 22 23 21 24 21 21 21 24 22 ...
## $ magnet_belt_x : int -3 -7 -2 -6 -6 0 -4 -2 1 -3 ...
## $ magnet_belt_y : int 599 608 600 604 600 603 599 603 602 609 ...
## $ magnet_belt_z : int -313 -311 -305 -310 -302 -312 -311 -313 -312 -308 ...
## $ roll_arm : num -128 -128 -128 -128 -128 -128 -128 -128 -128 -128 ...
## $ pitch_arm : num 22.5 22.5 22.5 22.1 22.1 22 21.9 21.8 21.7 21.6 ...
## $ yaw_arm : num -161 -161 -161 -161 -161 -161 -161 -161 -161 -161 ...
## $ total_accel_arm : int 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 ...
## $ var_accel_arm : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ avg_roll_arm : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
```

```

## $ stddev_roll_arm      : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ var_roll_arm         : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ avg_pitch_arm        : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ stddev_pitch_arm     : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ var_pitch_arm        : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ avg_yaw_arm          : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ stddev_yaw_arm       : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ var_yaw_arm          : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ gyros_arm_x          : num  0 0.02 0.02 0.02 0 0.02 0 0.02 0.02 0.02 ...
## $ gyros_arm_y          : num  0 -0.02 -0.02 -0.03 -0.03 -0.03 -0.03 -0.02 -0.03 -0.03 ...
## $ gyros_arm_z          : num  -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 0.02 0 0 0 0 -0.02 -0.02 ...
## $ accel_arm_x          : int   -288 -290 -289 -289 -289 -289 -289 -289 -288 -288 ...
## $ accel_arm_y          : int   109 110 110 111 111 111 111 111 109 110 ...
## $ accel_arm_z          : int   -123 -125 -126 -123 -123 -122 -125 -124 -122 -124 ...
## $ magnet_arm_x         : int   -368 -369 -368 -372 -374 -369 -373 -372 -369 -376 ...
## $ magnet_arm_y         : int   337 337 344 344 337 342 336 338 341 334 ...
## $ magnet_arm_z         : int   516 513 513 512 506 513 509 510 518 516 ...
## $ kurtosis_roll_arm    : Factor w/ 329 levels "-0.02438",-0.04190,... NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ kurtosis_pitch_arm   : Factor w/ 327 levels "-0.00484",-0.01311,... NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ kurtosis_yaw_arm     : Factor w/ 394 levels "-0.01548",-0.01749,... NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ skewness_roll_arm    : Factor w/ 330 levels "-0.00051",-0.00696,... NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ skewness_pitch_arm   : Factor w/ 327 levels "-0.00184",-0.01185,... NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ skewness_yaw_arm     : Factor w/ 394 levels "-0.00311",-0.00562,... NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ max_roll_arm         : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ max_pitch_arm        : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ max_yaw_arm          : int   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ min_roll_arm         : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ min_pitch_arm        : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ min_yaw_arm          : int   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ amplitude_roll_arm   : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ amplitude_pitch_arm  : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ amplitude_yaw_arm     : int   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ roll_dumbbell        : num  13.1 13.1 12.9 13.4 13.4 ...
## $ pitch_dumbbell       : num  -70.5 -70.6 -70.3 -70.4 -70.4 ...
## $ yaw_dumbbell         : num  -84.9 -84.7 -85.1 -84.9 -84.9 ...
## $ kurtosis_roll_dumbbell : Factor w/ 397 levels "-0.0035",-0.0073,... NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ kurtosis_pitch_dumbbell : Factor w/ 400 levels "-0.0163",-0.0233,... NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ kurtosis_yaw_dumbbell  : Factor w/ 1 level "#DIV/0!": NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ skewness_roll_dumbbell : Factor w/ 400 levels "-0.0082",-0.0096,... NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ skewness_pitch_dumbbell : Factor w/ 401 levels "-0.0053",-0.0084,... NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ skewness_yaw_dumbbell  : Factor w/ 1 level "#DIV/0!": NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ max_roll_dumbbell     : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ max_pitch_dumbbell    : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ max_yaw_dumbbell      : Factor w/ 72 levels "-0.1",-0.2,... NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ min_roll_dumbbell     : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ min_pitch_dumbbell    : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ min_yaw_dumbbell      : Factor w/ 72 levels "-0.1",-0.2,... NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ amplitude_roll_dumbbell : num  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## [list output truncated]

```

We see that the training set has 19622 observations of 160 variables. It's also notable that many of the variables have mostly NA's.

In order to clean up our data set, we remove the variables with more than 95% NA's. We also remove columns 1 through 7 which do not represent recorded output from the human activity measurement devices.

```

#Remove columns with more than 95% NA's
trainData <- training[, colSums(is.na(training)) < 0.05*19622]
testData <- testing[, colSums(is.na(testing)) < 0.05*20]

#Remove columns 1:7 which do not represent output data
trainData<-trainData[,-c(1:7)]
testData<-testData[,-c(1:7)]
head(trainData)

## roll_belt pitch_belt yaw_belt total_accel_belt gyros_belt_x gyros_belt_y
## 1      1.41      8.07    -94.4              3          0.00          0.00
## 2      1.41      8.07    -94.4              3          0.02          0.00
## 3      1.42      8.07    -94.4              3          0.00          0.00
## 4      1.48      8.05    -94.4              3          0.02          0.00
## 5      1.48      8.07    -94.4              3          0.02          0.02
## 6      1.45      8.06    -94.4              3          0.02          0.00
## gyros_belt_z accel_belt_x accel_belt_y accel_belt_z magnet_belt_x
## 1      -0.02          -21           4           22           -3
## 2      -0.02          -22           4           22           -7
## 3      -0.02          -20           5           23           -2
## 4      -0.03          -22           3           21           -6
## 5      -0.02          -21           2           24           -6
## 6      -0.02          -21           4           21           0
## magnet_belt_y magnet_belt_z roll_arm pitch_arm yaw_arm total_accel_arm
## 1          599          -313    -128      22.5    -161          34
## 2          608          -311    -128      22.5    -161          34
## 3          600          -305    -128      22.5    -161          34
## 4          604          -310    -128      22.1    -161          34
## 5          600          -302    -128      22.1    -161          34
## 6          603          -312    -128      22.0    -161          34
## gyros_arm_x gyros_arm_y gyros_arm_z accel_arm_x accel_arm_y accel_arm_z
## 1          0.00          0.00    -0.02    -288        109    -123
## 2          0.02         -0.02    -0.02    -290        110    -125
## 3          0.02         -0.02    -0.02    -289        110    -126
## 4          0.02         -0.03     0.02    -289        111    -123
## 5          0.00         -0.03     0.00    -289        111    -123
## 6          0.02         -0.03     0.00    -289        111    -122
## magnet_arm_x magnet_arm_y magnet_arm_z roll_dumbbell pitch_dumbbell
## 1         -368          337          516    13.05217    -70.49400
## 2         -369          337          513    13.13074    -70.63751
## 3         -368          344          513    12.85075    -70.27812
## 4         -372          344          512    13.43120    -70.39379
## 5         -374          337          506    13.37872    -70.42856
## 6         -369          342          513    13.38246    -70.81759
## yaw_dumbbell total_accel_dumbbell gyros_dumbbell_x gyros_dumbbell_y
## 1    -84.87394              37              0          -0.02
## 2    -84.71065              37              0          -0.02
## 3    -85.14078              37              0          -0.02
## 4    -84.87363              37              0          -0.02
## 5    -84.85306              37              0          -0.02
## 6    -84.46500              37              0          -0.02
## gyros_dumbbell_z accel_dumbbell_x accel_dumbbell_y accel_dumbbell_z
## 1          0.00          -234           47          -271
## 2          0.00          -233           47          -269

```

```

## 3      0.00      -232      46      -270
## 4     -0.02     -232      48     -269
## 5      0.00     -233      48     -270
## 6      0.00     -234      48     -269
## magnet_dumbbell_x magnet_dumbbell_y magnet_dumbbell_z roll_forearm
## 1      -559      293      -65      28.4
## 2      -555      296      -64      28.3
## 3      -561      298      -63      28.3
## 4      -552      303      -60      28.1
## 5      -554      292      -68      28.0
## 6      -558      294      -66      27.9
## pitch_forearm yaw_forearm total_accel_forearm gyros_forearm_x
## 1      -63.9     -153         36         0.03
## 2      -63.9     -153         36         0.02
## 3      -63.9     -152         36         0.03
## 4      -63.9     -152         36         0.02
## 5      -63.9     -152         36         0.02
## 6      -63.9     -152         36         0.02
## gyros_forearm_y gyros_forearm_z accel_forearm_x accel_forearm_y
## 1         0.00      -0.02        192        203
## 2         0.00      -0.02        192        203
## 3      -0.02         0.00        196        204
## 4      -0.02         0.00        189        206
## 5         0.00      -0.02        189        206
## 6      -0.02      -0.03        193        203
## accel_forearm_z magnet_forearm_x magnet_forearm_y magnet_forearm_z
## 1      -215      -17        654        476
## 2      -216      -18        661        473
## 3      -213      -18        658        469
## 4      -214      -16        658        469
## 5      -214      -17        655        473
## 6      -215       -9        660        478
## classe
## 1      A
## 2      A
## 3      A
## 4      A
## 5      A
## 6      A

```

## Partitioning the Data and Fitting a Model

Now that we have a cleaned data set, we can apply our machine learning algorithms. We partition the *trainData* data frame into 70% training and 30% validation set.

```

inTrain<-createDataPartition(trainData$classe,p=0.7,list=FALSE)
train1<- trainData[inTrain,]
validation<-trainData[-inTrain,]

```

Next, comes choosing the models. We will look at two models

## Predicting with Random Forests

We first try predicting with the random forests model, which is often the most accurate.

```
modRF <- randomForest(classe ~. , data=train1)
predRF<-predict(modRF,validation)
confusionMatrix(predRF,validation$classe)$overall
```

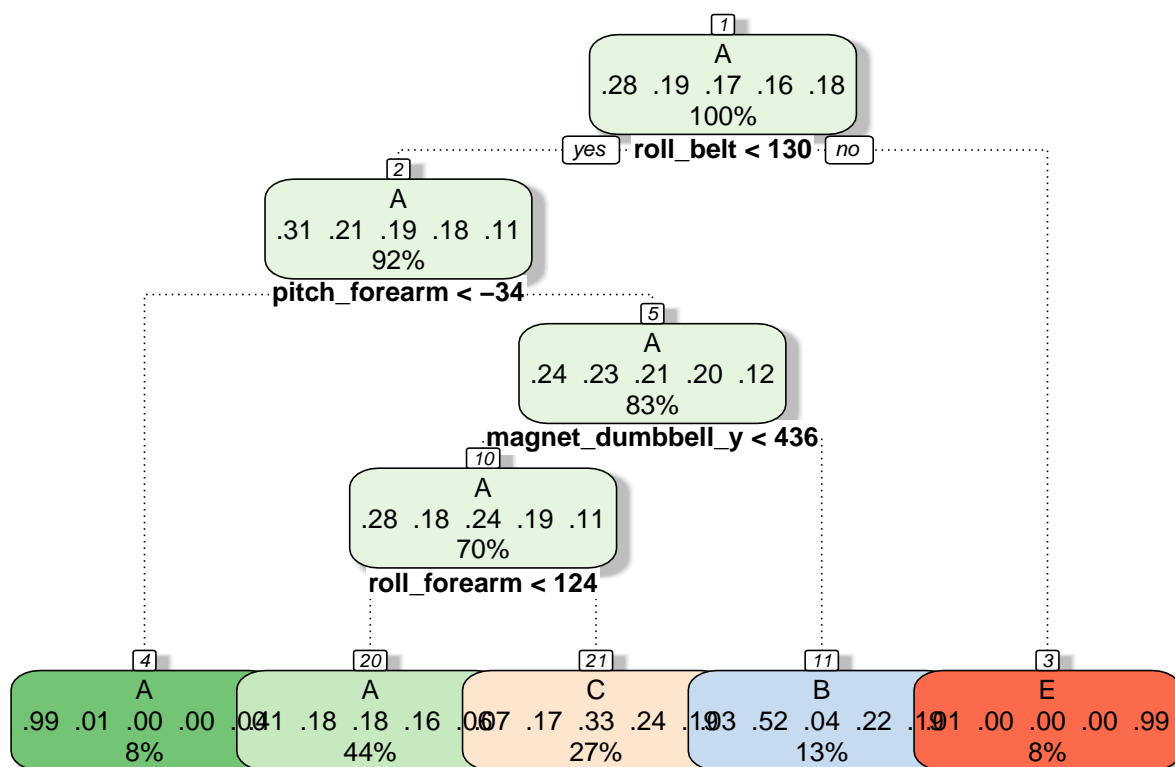
```
##      Accuracy      Kappa AccuracyLower AccuracyUpper AccuracyNull
##    0.9954121    0.9941963    0.9933318    0.9969744    0.2844520
## AccuracyPValue McNemarPValue
##    0.0000000          NaN
```

Through this model, we obtain 99.49% accuracy. Highly accurate. We try one more model to compare.

## Predicting with an Rpart Decision Tree

Next we use recursive partitioning and present the data in a decision tree.

```
modRPart<-train(classe~.,method="rpart", data=train1)
fancyRpartPlot(modRPart$finalModel, cex=0.8)
```



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We take our model for the training set and fit it to the validation set.

```
predRPart<-predict(modRPart,validation)
confusionMatrix(predRPart,validation$classe)$overall
```

```
##      Accuracy      Kappa AccuracyLower AccuracyUpper AccuracyNull
```

```
##    4.842821e-01    3.252506e-01    4.714394e-01    4.971404e-01    2.844520e-01
## AccuracyPValue    McNemarPValue
##    2.036236e-229                NaN
```

Here we see only 49.91% accuracy. Our random forest model was the best fit so we will apply it to the test set.

## Conclusions

We fit our random forest model to the test set to see how it applies to an unseen data set.

```
predTest<-predict(modRF,testData)
print(predTest)
```

```
##  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20
##  B  A  B  A  A  E  D  B  A  A  B  C  B  A  E  E  A  B  B  B
## Levels: A B C D E
```

We have printed our predictions for all 20 observations in the test set. Because we have an accuracy of 99.49% (and thus an out of sample error of 0.51%) with our model, we expect that all 20 should be correct. This is shown to be the case by entering these results into the prediction quiz.