Modeling in R and Tidying Results

linear models and broom

2021-05-27

This is not a course in a regression

$$lm(y \sim x + z, data = df)$$

```
lm(y ~ x + z, data = df)
variables
in your
    data
```

lm() = Linear Regression (OLS)

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```
glm() = Generalized Linear Model
(default family = Gaussian)
```

```
lm(price ~ carat, data = diamonds)
```

```
lm(price ~ carat, data = diamonds)

### Call:
### lm(formula = price ~ carat, data = diamonds)
###
### Coefficients:
### (Intercept) carat
### -2256 7756
```

```
lm(price ~ carat, data = diamonds) %>%
   summary()
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = price ~ carat, data = diamonds)
##
## Residuals:
## Min 10 Median 30
                                        Max
## -18585.3 -804.8 -18.9 537.4 12731.7
4F4F
## Coefficients:
             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
4F4F
## (Intercept) -2256.36 13.06 -172.8 <2e-16 ***
## carat 7756.43 14.07 551.4 <2e-16 ***
### ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1549 on 53938 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8493, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8493
## F-statistic: 3.041e+05 on 1 and 53938 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = price ~ carat, data = diamonds)
##
## Residuals:
               10 Median
      Min
                         30
4F4F
                                     Max
## -18585.3 -804.8 -18.9
                           537.4 12731.7
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        7756.43 14.07 551.4 <2e-16 ***
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```

tidy()

glance()

augment()



tidy() = model coefficients

glance()

augment()



tidy()

glance() = model fit

augment()



tidy()

glance()



augment() = model predictions

tidy()

glance()

augment()



NOT a core member of the tidyverse. Need to load with library(broom)

```
library(broom)
lm(price ~ carat, data = diamonds) %>%
    tidy()
```

```
library(broom)
lm(price ~ carat, data = diamonds) %>%
  tidy()
## # A tibble: 2 x 5
## term estimate std.error statistic p.value
##
  <chr>
                 <dbl>
                          <dbl>
                                   <dbl>
                                          <dbl>
## 1 (Intercept) -2256. 13.1
                                   -173.
## 2 carat
               7756.
                           14.1
                                    551.
                                              \odot
```

```
lm(price ~ carat, data = diamonds) %>%
  glance()
```

```
lm(price ~ carat, data = diamonds) %>%
  glance()
## # A tibble: 1 x 12
    r.squared adj.r.squared sigma statistic p.value
###
4F4F
         <dbl>
                      <dbl> <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
                                              <dbl> <dbl>
## 1
        0.849
                      0.849 1549. 304051.
### # ... with 6 more variables: logLik <dbl>, AIC <dbl>,
       BIC <dbl>, deviance <dbl>, df.residual <int>,
4F4F 4F
## # nobs <int>
```

```
lm(price ~ carat, data = diamonds) %>%
  augment()
```

```
lm(price ~ carat, data = diamonds) %>%
  augment()
```

```
## # A tibble: 53,940 x 8
##
     price carat .fitted .resid
                                    .hat .sigma
                                                   .cooksd
     <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                   <dbl> <dbl>
                                                     <dbl>
##
       326 0.23 -472.
                          798. 0.0000452 1549. 0.00000600
###
   1
       326 0.21 -628.
                          954. 0.0000471
                                         1549. 0.00000892
###
       327 0.23 -472.
4F4F
                          799. 0.0000452
                                         1549. 0.00000602
       334 0.29 -7.00
                          341. 0.0000398
###
                                         1549. 0.000000966
       335 0.31 148.
                          187. 0.0000382
                                         1549. 0.000000278
4F4F
###
       336 0.24 -395.
                          731. 0.0000442 1549. 0.00000493
       336 0.24 -395.
##
                          731. 0.0000442 1549. 0.00000493
       337 0.26 -240.
   8
4F4F
                          577. 0.0000424 1549. 0.00000294
4F4F
      337 0.22 -550.
                          887. 0.0000461
                                         1549. 0.00000756
      338 0.23 -472.
## 10
                          810. 0.0000452 1549. 0.00000618
## # ... with 53,930 more rows, and 1 more variable:
### ##
      .std.resid <dbl>
```

Try it yourself

Work your way through the exercises. If anything in particular is giving you trouble, we'll work through it together.

Resources

R for Data Science: A comprehensive but friendly introduction to the tidyverse. Free online.

UCLA IDRE: Useful resources on modeling in R and other languages