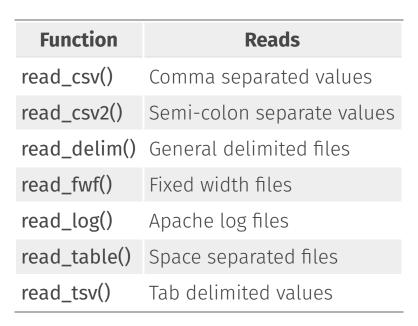
Reading and Writing Data

readr and haven

2021-01-24

readr





Importing Data

```
dataset <- read_csv("file_name.csv")
dataset</pre>
```

R functions

$$x < - f(arg = 1)$$

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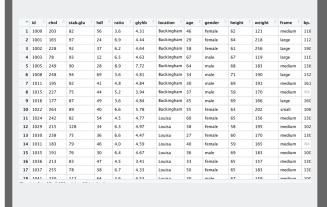
```
diabetes <- read_csv("diabetes.csv")</pre>
```



new data alert!







Where does it come from? diabetes.csv (etc) study: diabetes in African Americans

How can I use it?

diabetes < readr::read_csv("diabetes.csv")
View(diabetes)</pre>



this saves it in your global environment

diabetes

```
## # A tibble: 403 x 19
4F4F
         id chol stab.glu hdl ratio glyhb location
                                                           age
                      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
      <dbl> <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
###
       1000
              203
                         82
                               56 3.60 4.31 Bucking...
##
    1
                                                            46
    2
       1001
              165
                         97
                               24 6.90
                                         4.44 Bucking...
                                                            29
###
                                                            58
4F4F
       1002
              228
                         92
                               37
                                   6.20
                                          4.64 Bucking...
               78
                                                            67
##
       1003
                         93
                               12
                                   6.5
                                          4.63 Bucking...
    4
4F4F
   5
       1005
              249
                         90
                               28 8.90
                                         7.72 Bucking...
                                                            64
4F4F
       1008
              248
                         94
                               69 3.60
                                          4.81 Bucking...
                                                            34
##
   7
       1011
              195
                         92
                               41 4.80 4.84 Bucking...
                                                            30
       1015
              227
                         75
                               44 5.20
                                                           37
   8
                                         3.94 Bucking...
##
              177
4F4F
    9
       1016
                         87
                               49 3.60
                                         4.84 Bucking...
                                                           45
## 10
       1022
              263
                         89
                               40
                                   6.60
                                          5.78 Bucking...
                                                            55
## # ... with 393 more rows, and 11 more variables:
### #
       gender <chr>, height <dbl>, weight <dbl>, frame <chr>,
       bp.1s <dbl>, bp.1d <dbl>, ...
### ##
```

Tibbles

data.frames are the basic form of rectangular data in R (columns of variables, rows of observations)

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a tibble is a data frame

Missing values

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The na option can change these values to NA

```
read_csv(
   "a,b,c,d
   1,-99,3,4
   5,6,-99,8",
   na = "-99"
)

### # A tibble: 2 x 4

### a b c d

### <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> 
### 1 1 NA 3 4

### 2 5 6 NA 8
```

The read functions in readr try to guess each data type, but sometimes it's wrong

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```
diabetes <- read_csv(
   "diabetes.csv",
   col_types = list(id = col_character())
)</pre>
```

Or use a string for each variable type:

col_type = "cci"

Or use a string for each variable type: col_type = "cci"

letter	type
С	character
i	integer
n	number
d	double
l	logical
D	date
Т	date time
t	time
?	guess the type
_ or -	skip the column

Set the 4 column types to be: integer, double, character, and unknown (guess)

```
read_csv(
   "a,b,c,d
   1,2,3,4
   5,6,7,8",
   col_types = ""
)
```

Set the 4 column types to be: integer, double, character, and unknown (guess)

haven

Function	Software
read_sas()	SAS
read_xpt()	SAS
read_spss()	SPSS
read_sav()	SPSS
read_por()	SPSS
read_stata()	Stata
read_dta()	Stata



haven





haven is not a core member of the tidyverse. That means you need to load it with library(haven).

There are several versions of the diabetes file besides CSV. Pick a file format you or your colleagues use and import them using the corresponding function from haven.

```
library(haven)
diabetes <- read_sas("diabetes.sas7bdat")</pre>
```

diabetes

```
## # A tibble: 403 x 19
         id chol stab glu hdl ratio glyhb location
##
                                                        age
                     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
##
      <dbl> <dbl>
                                                      <dbl>
   1 1000
              203
                        82
                              56 3.60 4.31 Bucking...
4F4F
                                                         46
                                                         29
      1001
              165
                        97
                              24 6.90
                                        4.44 Bucking...
##
   2
                                  6.20
4F4F
       1002
              228
                        92
                              37
                                        4.64 Bucking...
                                                         58
             78
4F4F
      1003
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                              12 6.5
                                        4.63 Bucking...
                                                         67
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              249
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                              28 8.90 7.72 Bucking...
                                                         64
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              248
                                                         34
4F4F
   6 1008
                        94
                              69 3.60
                                        4.81 Bucking...
                        92 41 4.80 4.84 Bucking...
4⊧4⊧
       1011
              195
                                                         30
              227
                        75 44 5.20 3.94 Bucking...
                                                         37
## 8 1015
       1016
              177
                        87
                              49 3.60
                                        4.84 Bucking...
                                                         45
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              263
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       1022
                        89
                              40 6.60
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gender <chr>, height <dbl>, weight <dbl>, frame <chr>,
4F4F 4F
       bp 1s <dbl>, bp 1d <dbl>, ...
```

Writing data

Function	Writes
write_csv()	Comma separated values
write_excel_csv()	CSV that you plan to open in Excel
write_delim()	General delimited files
write_file()	A single string, written as is
write_lines()	A vector of strings, one string per line
write_tsv()	Tab delimited values
write_rds()	A data type used by R to save objects
write_sas()	SAS .sas7bdat files
write_xpt()	SAS transport format, .xpt
write_sav()	SPSS .sav files
write_stata()	Stata .dta files

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write_csv(diabetes, path = "diabetes-clean.csv")

R has a few data file types, such as RDS and .Rdata. Save diabetes as "diabetes.Rds".

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```
write_rds(diabetes, "diabetes.Rds")
```