

Spring Integration: Using Channel Adapters to Integrate with External Systems

INTEGRATING WITH RESTFUL WEB SERVICES



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Overview



Overview of RESTful Web Service Integrations

HTTP Outbound Channel Adapters

HTTP Outbound Gateways



RESTful Web Services

Representational state transfer (REST) is an architectural pattern, based on HTTP, used for creating Web Services.



HTTP Verbs

GET

Retrieve a resource

POST

Create a new
resource

PUT

Update an existing
resource

DELETE

Remove a resource

PATCH

Partially update and
existing resource



Resource Formats

JSON

Most Popular

XML

Still very much alive



Channel Adapters and Gateways

Inbound Channel Adapter

Receive a Web Service call and handle it using Spring Integration

Outbound Channel Adapter

Invoke a RESTful Web Service

Outbound Gateway

Invoke a RESTful Web Service and receive a response



HTTP Outbound Channel Adapters and Gateway



HTTP Outbound Components

Outbound Channel Adapter

HttpRequestExecuting
MessageHandler
expectReply = false

Outbound Gateway

HttpRequestExecuting
MessageHandler
expectReply = true




```
@Bean
@ServiceActivator(inputChannel =
    "toServiceChannel")
public MessageHandler postToService() {
    HttpRequestExecutingMessageHandler handler
    =
        new
        HttpRequestExecutingMessageHandler(
            "http://someservice/resource");

    messageHandler.setHttpMethod(HttpMethod.POST);

    messageHandler.setExpectReply(false);

    return handler;
}
```

- ◀ Define a ServiceActivator
- ◀ Create an HttpRequestExecutingMessageHandler, specifying the URL to a RESTful Web Service
- ◀ Set the HTTP method
- ◀ We do not expect a reply



```

@Bean
@ServiceActivator(inputChannel =
"getReservationChannel")
public MessageHandler httpOutboundChannel() {
    HttpRequestExecutingMessageHandler handler
    =
        new
        HttpRequestExecutingMessageHandler(
            "http://localhost:7080/reservation/{id}");
    handler.setHttpMethod(HttpMethod.GET);

    handler.setExpectReply(true);

    handler.setExpectedResponseType(Reservation.class);

    SpelExpressionParser p = new
    SpelExpressionParser();

    handler.setUriVariableExpressions(
        Collections.singletonMap("id",
        p.parseRaw("payload")));

    handler.setOutputChannelName("replyChannel");

```

- ◀ Define a ServiceActivator
- ◀ Create an HttpRequestExecutingMessageHandler, specifying the URL to a RESTful Web Service
- ◀ Set the HTTP method
- ◀ We expect a reply of a Reservation class
- ◀ Resolve ID in the URL to the message payload
- ◀ Set the name of the channel to which to send the response from the web service



```

@Bean
@InboundChannelAdapter(value =
    "fromStubChannel",
                        poller =
@Poller(fixedDelay = "5000"))
public MessageSource<List<Reservation>>
stubSource() {
    return () -> {
        List<Reservation> reservations = new
ArrayList<>();
        reservations.add(new Reservation(1L,
"Smith", "", 1));
        reservations.add(new Reservation(2L,
"Jones", "", 1));
        return
MessageBuilder.withPayload(reservations).build
();
    };
}

```

```

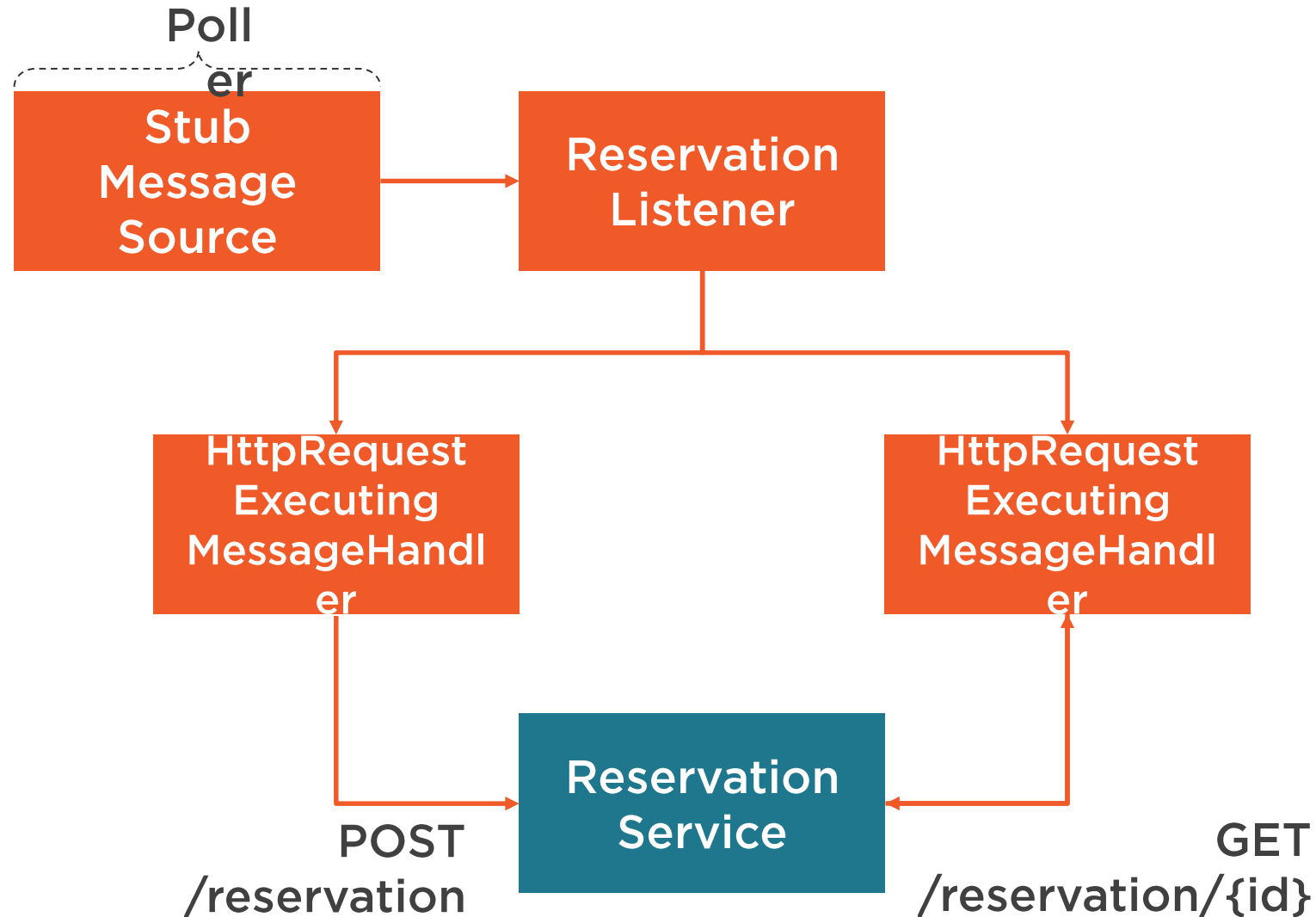
@Splitter(inputChannel = "fromStubChannel",
          outputChannel =
"reservationFromStubChannel")
public List<Reservation> splitter(

```

- ◀ Define an InboundChannelAdapter
- ◀ Create a Lambda expression that generates a list containing two reservations
- ◀ Return a message with the list as its payload
- ◀ Create a splitter that publishes individual Reservations to a channel



Integrating with a RESTful Web Service



```
POST /reservation
GET /reservation/{id}
GET /reservations
PUT /reservation/{id}
DELETE /reservation/{id}
```

Reservation Service

A simple Spring MVC RESTful Web Service using Spring Data and an embedded H2 database

Course GitHub Page: <https://github.com/geekcap-pluralsight/channeladapters>



Demo



Build our application

- Stub Message Source
- Outbound Channel Adapter
- Outbound Gateway
- ReservationListener

Run the application

Validate the results



Conclusion



HTTP Outbound Components

Outbound Channel Adapter

HttpRequestExecuting
MessageHandler
expectReply = false

Outbound Gateway

HttpRequestExecuting
MessageHandler
expectReply = true



Summary



You should understand how to integrate with RESTful Web Services

You should understand how to use different HTTP methods, URL variables, and handle HTTP responses

Next Module: Integrating with Custom External Systems

