Practical works – n^o2

Systems

• Exercice 1 - Causality

- 1.1 Considering the system defined by the equation $y_k = (x_k + x_{k+1})/2$, check its causality property by examining the response to the signal H(k-4) or step(4,N). When plotting, include the abscissa range [1:N].
- 1.2 Propose a modification to obtain a causal version

• Exercice 2 – Stability

- **2.1** Program the primitive (accumulator) operator prim(f) applied on the signal f of length N. The value of the vector returned by prim at the index k will correspond to F_k with $k \leq N$. Note $F_k = \sum_{q=-\infty}^k f_k$. Discuss on the result of the primitive operator applied to the signal H(k-4). Is the primitive operator stable?
- **2.2** What is the impulse response of the primitive operator (in the discrete domain)?
- **2.3** Test the stability of the system defined by the equation: $y_k = x_k + 2y_{k-1}$. Plot the impulse response.
- **2.4** Test the stability of the system defined by the equation: $y_k = x_k + y_{k-1}/3$. Plot the impulse response. Write the response y as a convolution operation (truncate the impulse response).

• Exercice 3 – Invariance and linearity

- **3.1** Define the following signals: $x_a = [00001234500000000]; x_b = [000000004321000000];$ Compute the responses y_a , y_b according to the equation $y = 3x_{k-1} 2x_k + x_{k+1}$
- **3.2** Prove the system defined by the previous equation is linear (and invariant). Write the equation as a convolution equation.
- **3.3** Propose a nonlinear/noninvariant system.

• Exercice 4 - Convolution

- **4.1** Try to write a simple version of the convolution function (do no process the limits of the signal).
- **4.2** Generate (matlab function randn) an observation x_n (length 1000 points or more) of the normal/gaussian random process \mathcal{N} . Plot the distribution of the values of this observation. Compute the convolution product (y) of x_n with the values $h = [18 \ 8 \ 5 \ 2 \ 1]$ (conv(x, h, 'same')). Compute the cross-correlation of x_n with y and observe the result. Conclusion?