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CS224
Section No.: 2
Spring 2019
Lab No. 2
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Part 1:
       .data
enterOctalNumber: .asciiz "\nEnter an octal number: "
enterNumber: .asciiz "\nEnter a decimal number: "
inputNumber: .space 20
menu: .asciiz "\n\n1.First\n2.Second\n3.Third\nEnter the number of your selection: "
result: .asciiz "\nThe result: "
errorMsg: .asciiz "\nError: Invalid number\n"
errorSelection: .asciiz "\nError: Invalid selection\n"
       .text
main:
       jal interactWithUser
end:
       li $v0, 10
       syscall
interactWithUser:
       addi $sp, $sp, -4
       sw $ra, 0($sp)
       getSelection:
              li $v0, 4
              la $a0, menu
              syscall
              li $v0, 5
              syscall
              move $s0, $v0
              beg $s0, 1, jumpFirst
              beq $s0, 2, jumpSecond
              beq $s0, 3, interactWithUser_exit
       #Selection Error
       li $v0, 4
       la $a0, errorSelection
       syscall
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j getSelection
       jumpFirst:
              jal first
              j getSelection
       jumpSecond:
              jal second
              j getSelection
       interactWithUser_exit:
              lw $ra, 0($sp)
              addi $sp, $sp, 4
              jr $ra
first:
       addi $sp, $sp, -4
       sw $s0, 0($sp)
       addi $sp, $sp, -4
       sw $ra, 0($sp)
       getNumber1:
              li $v0, 4
              la $a0, enterOctalNumber
              syscall
              li $v0, 8
              la $a0, inputNumber
              li $a1, 20
              syscall
       jal convertToDec
       move $s0, $v0
       beq $s0, -1, getNumber1 #Checks the error output
       li $v0, 4
       la $a0, result
       syscall
       li $v0, 1
       move $a0, $s0
       syscall
       lw $ra, 0($sp)
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addi $sp, $sp, 4
       lw $s0, 0($sp)
       addi $sp, $sp, 4
       jr $ra
second:
       addi $sp, $sp, -4
       sw $s0, 0($sp)
       addi $sp, $sp, -4
       sw $ra, 0($sp)
       li $v0, 4
       la $a0, enterNumber
       syscall
       li $v0, 5
       syscall
       move $a0, $v0
       jal reverseNumber
       move $s0, $v0
       li $v0, 4
       la $a0, result
       syscall
       #Print in hexadecimal format
       li $v0, 34
       move $a0, $s0
       syscall
       lw $ra, 0($sp)
       addi $sp, $sp, 4
       lw $s0, 0($sp)
       addi $sp, $sp, 4
       jr $ra
convertToDec:
       addi $sp, $sp, -4
       sw $ra, 0($sp)
       la $s0, ($a0) #Adress of first index in the string
       jal stringLength #Gets the length of the string
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```
move $s1, $v0 #Length of the string
       #Adress of the last index in the string
       add $s2, $s0, $s1
       subi $s2, $s2, 1
       li $s4, 1 #Multiplier for the digits
       li $s5, 0 #Sum
       sumLoop:
               ble $s1, $zero, sumLoop_exit
               addi $s1, $s1, -1
               lb $s3, 0($s2) #Last character in the string
               addi $s2, $s2, -1
               #Checks whether the digit is vaid or not
               blt $s3, '0', error
               ble $s3, '7', sum
       sum:
               addi $s3, $s3, -48
               mul $s3, $s3, $s4
               sll $s4, $s4, 3 #Multiply multiplier by 8
               add $s5, $s5, $s3
               j sumLoop
       error:
               li $v0, 4
               la $a0, errorMsg
               syscall
               #Return -1 if there is an error
               li $v0, -1
               lw $ra, 0($sp)
               addi $sp, $sp, 4
               jr $ra
       sumLoop_exit:
               move $v0, $s5
               lw $ra, 0($sp)
               addi $sp, $sp, 4
               jr $ra
reverseNumber:
       addi $sp, $sp, -4
       sw $ra, 0($sp)
```

```
move $s0, $a0 #Decimal input
       li $s1, 0 #Decimal result
       reverseNumber_loop:
              beg $s0, $zero, reverseNumber_exit #Exits if the input becomes 0
              sll $s1, $s1, 4 #Shift left the result one hex digit by 4 bits
              andi $s2, $s0, 15 #And by 1111 to get the last 4 bits
              add $s1,$s1, $s2 #Add last four bits to the result
              srl $s0, $s0, 4 #Shift right the input one hex digit by 4 bits
              j reverseNumber_loop
       reverseNumber_exit:
       move $v0, $s1
       lw $ra, 0($sp)
       addi $sp, $sp, 4
       jr $ra
stringLength:
       addi $sp, $sp, -4
       sw $s0, 0($sp)
       addi $sp, $sp, -4
       sw $ra, 0($sp)
       li
              $s0, 0
       li
              $s2, 0
       stringLength_loop:
              add
                      $s2, $a0, $s0 #Adress of the current char
              lb
                      $s1, 0($s2) #Current char
                      $s1, $zero, stringLength_exit #End of the string
              beq
              addi
                      $s0, $s0, 1 #Counter
                      stringLength_loop
              j
       stringLength_exit:
              subi
                      $s0, $s0, 1
              add
                      $v0, $zero, $s0
                      $s0, $zero, $zero
              add
              lw $ra, 0($sp)
              addi $sp, $sp, 4
              lw $s0, 0($sp)
              addi $sp, $sp, 4
              jr $ra
```

Part 2:

beq \$t0, \$t1, next: 0x11090004

This is an I type instruction and it jumps to 4th instruction below, so the immediate is 4.

Opcode	Rs	Rt	Immediate
000100	01000	01001	0000 0000 0000 0100

bne \$t2, \$t3, again: 0x154BFFFA

This is an I type instruction and it jumps to 6th instruction above, so the immediate is -6.

Opcode	Rs	Rt	Immediate
000101	01010	01011	1111 1111 1111 1010

jr \$ra: 0x03e00008

This is an R type instruction.

Opcode	Rs	Rt	Rd	Shamt	Funct
000000	11111	00000	00000	00000	001000

j again: 0x08100010

This is an R type instruction. By pass first four bits by pc and omitting the last bits, we get the address.

 $0x10010040 = 0001\ 0000\ 0000\ 0001\ 0000\ 0000\ 0100\ 0000$

Opcode	Address
000010	0000 0000 0001 0000 0000 0100 00