C++ Special Math Functions 2.0

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11.9.2 Macro Definition Documentation
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11.12include/bits/sf_expint.tcc File Reference
11.12.1 Detailed Description
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11.12.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_EXPINT_TCC
11.13include/bits/sf_fresnel.tcc File Reference
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11.14.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_GAMMA_TCC

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11.16include/bits/sf_hankel.tcc File Reference
11.16.1 Detailed Description
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11.18include/bits/sf_hyperg.tcc File Reference
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11.19include/bits/sf_hypint.tcc File Reference
11.19.1 Detailed Description
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11.20include/bits/sf_jacobi.tcc File Reference
11.20.1 Detailed Description
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11.21.2 Macro Definition Documentation
11.21.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_LAGUERRE_TCC

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11.22.2 Macro Definition Documentation
11.22.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_LEGENDRE_TCC
11.23include/bits/sf_mod_bessel.tcc File Reference
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11.23.2 Macro Definition Documentation
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11.24include/bits/sf_owens_t.tcc File Reference
11.24.1 Detailed Description
11.24.2 Macro Definition Documentation
11.24.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_OWENS_T_TCC
11.25include/bits/sf_polylog.tcc File Reference
11.25.1 Detailed Description
11.25.2 Macro Definition Documentation
11.25.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_POLYLOG_TCC
11.26include/bits/sf_stirling.tcc File Reference
11.26.1 Detailed Description
11.26.2 Macro Definition Documentation
11.26.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_STIRLING_TCC
11.27include/bits/sf_theta.tcc File Reference
11.27.1 Detailed Description
11.27.2 Macro Definition Documentation
11.27.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_THETA_TCC
11.28include/bits/sf_trig.tcc File Reference
11.28.1 Detailed Description
11.28.2 Macro Definition Documentation
11.28.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_TRIG_TCC

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### **Chapter 1**

## **Mathematical Special Functions**

### 1.1 Introduction and History

The first significant library upgrade on the road to C++2011, TR1, included a set of 23 mathematical functions that significantly extended the standard transcendental functions inherited from C and declared in <cmath>.

Although most components from TR1 were eventually adopted for C++11 these math functions were left behind out of concern for implementability. The math functions were published as a separate international standard IS 29124 - Extensions to the C++ Library to Support Mathematical Special Functions.

Follow-up proosals for new special functions have also been published: A proposal to add special mathematical functions according to the ISO/IEC 80000-2:2009 standard, Vincent Reverdy.

A Proposal to add Mathematical Functions for Statistics to the C++ Standard Library, Paul A Bristow.

A proposal to add sincos to the standard library, Paul Dreik.

For C++17 these functions were incorporated into the main standard.

#### 1.2 Contents

The following functions are implemented in namespace std:

- assoc\_laguerre Associated Laguerre functions
- assoc\_legendre Associated Legendre functions
- · beta Beta functions
- comp\_ellint\_1 Complete elliptic functions of the first kind
- · comp ellint 2 Complete elliptic functions of the second kind

- comp\_ellint\_3 Complete elliptic functions of the third kind
- · cyl\_bessel\_i Regular modified cylindrical Bessel functions
- cyl\_bessel\_j Cylindrical Bessel functions of the first kind
- · cyl bessel k Irregular modified cylindrical Bessel functions
- · cyl neumann Cylindrical Neumann functions or Cylindrical Bessel functions of the second kind
- · ellint\_1 Incomplete elliptic functions of the first kind
- · ellint 2 Incomplete elliptic functions of the second kind
- · ellint 3 Incomplete elliptic functions of the third kind
- · expint The exponential integral
- · hermite Hermite polynomials
- · laguerre Laguerre functions
- · legendre Legendre polynomials
- · riemann zeta The Riemann zeta function
- sph\_bessel Spherical Bessel functions
- sph legendre Spherical Legendre functions
- · sph\_neumann Spherical Neumann functions

The hypergeometric functions were stricken from the TR29124 and C++17 versions of this math library because of implementation concerns. However, since they were in the TR1 version and since they are popular we kept them as an extension in namespace \_\_qnu\_cxx:

- · conf hyperg Confluent hypergeometric functions
- · hyperg Hypergeometric functions

In addition a large number of new functions are added as extensions:

- · airy\_ai Airy functions of the first kind
- · airy\_bi Airy functions of the second kind
- · bernoulli Bernoulli polynomials
- · binomial Binomial coefficients
- bose\_einstein Bose-Einstein integrals
- chebyshev\_t Chebyshev polynomials of the first kind
- · chebyshev\_u Chebyshev polynomials of the second kind
- · chebyshev v Chebyshev polynomials of the third kind
- chebyshev\_w Chebyshev polynomials of the fourth kind
- · clausen Clausen integrals

1.2 Contents 3

- clausen\_cl Clausen cosine integrals
- · clausen sl Clausen sine integrals
- comp\_ellint\_d Incomplete Legendre D elliptic integral
- conf\_hyperg\_lim Confluent hypergeometric limit functions
- · cos pi Reperiodized cosine function.
- cosh\_pi Reperiodized hyperbolic cosine function.
- · coshint Hyperbolic cosine integral
- · cosint Cosine integral
- · cyl\_hankel\_1 Cylindrical Hankel functions of the first kind
- · cyl\_hankel\_2 Cylindrical Hankel functions of the second kind
- · dawson Dawson integrals
- · debye Debye functions
- · digamma Digamma or psi function
- · dilog Dilogarithm functions
- dirichlet\_beta Dirichlet beta function
- · dirichlet\_eta Dirichlet beta function
- · dirichlet lambda Dirichlet lambda function
- · double\_factorial Double factorials
- ellint\_d Legendre D elliptic integrals
- ellint rc Carlson elliptic functions R C
- · ellint rd Carlson elliptic functions R D
- ellint\_rf Carlson elliptic functions R\_F
- · ellint rg Carlson elliptic functions R G
- · ellint rj Carlson elliptic functions R J
- · ellnome Elliptic nome
- euler Euler numbers
- euler Euler polynomials
- eulerian\_1 Eulerian numbers of the first kind
- · eulerian\_2 Eulerian numbers of the second kind
- expint Exponential integrals
- · factorial Factorials
- falling\_factorial Falling factorials
- · fermi dirac Fermi-Dirac integrals

- fresnel\_c Fresnel cosine integrals
- fresnel s Fresnel sine integrals
- · gamma\_reciprocal Reciprocal gamma function
- gegenbauer Gegenbauer polynomials
- · heuman lambda Heuman lambda functions
- hurwitz\_zeta Hurwitz zeta functions
- · ibeta Regularized incomplete beta functions
- jacobi Jacobi polynomials
- jacobi\_sn Jacobi sine amplitude functions
- jacobi\_cn Jacobi cosine amplitude functions
- jacobi dn Jacobi delta amplitude functions
- theta\_1 Jacobi theta function 1
- theta\_2 Jacobi theta function 2
- theta\_3 Jacobi theta function 3
- theta\_4 Jacobi theta function 4
- jacobi\_zeta Jacobi zeta functions
- Ibinomial Log binomial coefficients
- Idouble\_factorial Log double factorials
- legendre\_q Legendre functions of the second kind
- · lerch The Lerch transcendent
- · Ifactorial Log factorials
- Ifalling\_factorial Log falling factorials
- · Igamma Log gamma for complex arguments
- · Irising factorial Log rising factorials
- owens t Owens T functions
- gamma\_p Regularized lower incomplete gamma functions
- gamma\_q Regularized upper incomplete gamma functions
- · radpoly Radial polynomials
- rising\_factorial Rising factorials
- sinhc Hyperbolic sinus cardinal function
- sinhc pi Reperiodized hyperbolic sinus cardinal function
- sinc Normalized sinus cardinal function
- sincos Sine + cosine function

1.3 General Features 5

- sincos\_pi Reperiodized sine + cosine function
- sin\_pi Reperiodized sine function.
- sinh\_pi Reperiodized hyperbolic sine function.
- sinc\_pi Sinus cardinal function
- · sinhint Hyperbolic sine integral
- · sinint Sine integral
- sph\_bessel\_i Spherical regular modified Bessel functions
- sph\_bessel\_k Spherical iregular modified Bessel functions
- sph\_hankel\_1 Spherical Hankel functions of the first kind
- · sph\_hankel\_2 Spherical Hankel functions of the first kind
- sph\_harmonic Spherical
- stirling\_1 Stirling numbers of the first kind
- stirling\_2 Stirling numbers of the second kind
- tan\_pi Reperiodized tangent function.
- tanh\_pi Reperiodized hyperbolic tangent function.
- · tgamma Gamma for complex arguments
- · tgamma Upper incomplete gamma functions
- tgamma\_lower Lower incomplete gamma functions
- theta 1 Exponential theta function 1
- theta\_2 Exponential theta function 2
- theta\_3 Exponential theta function 3
- theta\_4 Exponential theta function 4
- tricomi\_u Tricomi confluent hypergeometric function
- · zernike Zernike polynomials

#### 1.3 General Features

#### 1.3.1 Argument Promotion

The arguments suppled to the non-suffixed functions will be promoted according to the following rules:

- 1. If any argument intended to be floating point is given an integral value That integral value is promoted to double.
- 2. All floating point arguments are promoted up to the largest floating point precision among them.

#### 1.3.2 NaN Arguments

If any of the floating point arguments supplied to these functions is invalid or NaN (std::numeric\_limits<Tp>::quiet\_← NaN), the value NaN is returned.

#### 1.4 Implementation

We strive to implement the underlying math with type generic algorithms to the greatest extent possible. In practice, the functions are thin wrappers that dispatch to function templates. Type dependence is controlled with std::numeric\_limits and functions thereof.

We don't promote float to double or double to long double reflexively. The goal is for float functions to operate more quickly, at the cost of float accuracy and possibly a smaller domain of validity. Similarly, long double should give you more dynamic range and slightly more pecision than double on many systems.

### 1.5 Testing

These functions have been tested against equivalent implementations from the Gnu Scientific Library, GSL and <a href="http://www.boost.org/doc/libs/1\_60\_0/libs/math/doc/html/index. $\leftarrow$  html>Boost and the ratio

 $\frac{|f - f_{test}|}{|f_{test}|}$ 

is generally found to be within 10\(^-\)-15 for 64-bit double on linux-x86\_64 systems over most of the ranges of validity.

**Todo** Provide accuracy comparisons on a per-function basis for a small number of targets.

### 1.6 General Bibliography

See also

Abramowitz and Stegun: Handbook of Mathematical Functions, with Formulas, Graphs, and Mathematical Tables Edited by Milton Abramowitz and Irene A. Stegun, National Bureau of Standards Applied Mathematics Series - 55 Issued June 1964, Tenth Printing, December 1972, with corrections Electronic versions of A&S abound including both pdf and navigable html.

for example http://people.math.sfu.ca/~cbm/aands/

The old A&S has been redone as the NIST Digital Library of Mathematical Functions: http://dlmf.nist. composition of Mathematical Functions is far more navigable and includes more recent work.

An Atlas of Functions: with Equator, the Atlas Function Calculator 2nd Edition, by Oldham, Keith B., Myland, Jan, Spanier, Jerome

Asymptotics and Special Functions by Frank W. J. Olver, Academic Press, 1974

Numerical Recipes in C, The Art of Scientific Computing, by William H. Press, Second Ed., Saul A. Teukolsky, William T. Vetterling, and Brian P. Flannery, Cambridge University Press, 1992

The Special Functions and Their Approximations: Volumes 1 and 2, by Yudell L. Luke, Academic Press, 1969

### **Chapter 2**

### **Todo List**

```
Member __gnu_cxx::eulerian_1 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
   Develop an iterator model for Eulerian numbers of the first kind.
Member gnu cxx::eulerian 2 (unsigned int n, unsigned int m)
   Develop an iterator model for Eulerian numbers of the second kind.
Member gnu cxx::stirling 1 (unsigned int n, unsigned int m)
   Develop an iterator model for Stirling numbers of the first kind.
Member gnu cxx::stirling 2 (unsigned int n, unsigned int m)
   Develop an iterator model for Stirling numbers of the second kind.
page Mathematical Special Functions
   Provide accuracy comparisons on a per-function basis for a small number of targets.
Member std::__detail::__debye (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
   : We should return both the Debye function and it's complement.
   Find Debye for x < -2pi!
   Find Debye for x < -2pi!
Member std:: detail:: euler series (unsigned int n)
   Find a way to predict the maximum Euler number for a type.
Member std::__detail::__expint (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
   Study arbitrary switch to large-n E_n(x).
   Find a good asymptotic switch point in E_n(x).
   Find a good asymptotic switch point in E_n(x).
Member std::__detail::__expint_E1 (_Tp __x)
   Find a good asymptotic switch point in E_1(x).
Member std::__detail::__expint_En_recursion (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
   Find a principled starting number for the E_n(x) downward recursion.
Member std::__detail::__hermite_recur (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
   Find the sign of Hermite blowup values.
Member std::__detail::__hurwitz_zeta_polylog (_Tp __s, std::complex< _Tp > __a)
   This hurwitz zeta polylog prefactor is prone to overflow. positive integer orders s?
```

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```
Member std::__detail::__log_stirling_2 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
   Look into asymptotic solutions.
Member std::__detail::__riemann_zeta (_Tp __s)
   Global double sum or MacLaurin series in riemann_zeta?
Member std:: detail:: stirling 1 (unsigned int n, unsigned int m)
   Find asymptotic solutions for the Stirling numbers of the first kind.
   Develop an iterator model for Stirling numbers of the first kind.
Member std::__detail::__stirling_2 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
   Find asymptotic solutions for Stirling numbers of the second kind.
   Develop an iterator model for Stirling numbers of the second kind.
Member std:: detail:: stirling 2 series (unsigned int n, unsigned int m)
   Find a way to predict the maximum Stirling number for a type.
Member std::__detail::_Airy_asymp< _Tp >::_S_absarg_lt_pio3 (_Cmplx __z) const
   Revisit these numbers of terms for the Airy asymptotic expansions.
Member std:: detail:: Airy series < Tp >:: S Scorer ( Cmplx t)
   Find out what is wrong with the Hi = fai + gai + hai scorer function.
```

# **Chapter 3**

# **Module Index**

### 3.1 Modules

Here is a list of all modules:

C++ Mathematical Special Functions				 							 19
C++17/IS29124 Mathematical Special Functions			 								 20
GNU Extended Mathematical Special Functions			 								 52

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# **Chapter 4**

# Namespace Index

### 4.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all namespaces with brief descriptions:

gn	u_cxx																																	. ;	217
std .																																		. ;	236
std::_	_detai																																		
	Im	ple	em	er	nta	tic	on	-s	ba	ac	:e	d	eta	ai	ls																				238

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# **Chapter 5**

## **Hierarchical Index**

### 5.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

gnu_cxx::airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >
gnu_cxx::chebyshev_t_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::chebyshev_u_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::chebyshev_v_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::chebyshev_w_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::cyl_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >
$\underline{  } gnu\_cxx::\underline{ } cyl\_coulomb\_t < \underline{ } Teta, \underline{ } Trho, \underline{ } Tp> \dots \dots$
gnu_cxx::cyl_hankel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >
$\underline{  } gnu\_cxx::\underline{ } cyl\_mod\_bessel\_t<\underline{ } Tnu,\underline{ } Tx,\underline{ } Tp> \dots \dots$
gnu_cxx::fock_airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >
gnu_cxx::fp_is_integer_t
gnu_cxx::gamma_inc_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::gamma_temme_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::gappa_pq_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::gegenbauer_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::hermite_he_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::hermite_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::jacobi_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::laguerre_t< _Tpa, _Tp >
gnu_cxx::legendre_p_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::lgamma_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::quadrature_point_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::sincos_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::sph_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >
$\underline{  } gnu\_cxx::\underline{ } sph\_hankel\_t<\underline{ } Tn,\underline{ } Tx,\underline{ } Tp> \\ \dots $
gnu_cxx::sph_mod_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >
std::detail::jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >
std::detail::gamma_lanczos_data< _Tp >
std::detail::gamma_lanczos_data< double >
std::detail::gamma_lanczos_data< float >

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std::detail::gamma_lanczos_data< long double> .......................50	17
std::detail::gamma_spouge_data< _Tp >	
std::detail::gamma_spouge_data< double >	
std::detail::gamma_spouge_data< float >	
std::detail::gamma_spouge_data< long double >	
std::detail::jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >	2
std::detail::jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::arg_t51	9
std::detail::jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::tau_t	20
std::detail::jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >	
std::detail::weierstrass_invariants_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 $> \; \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ . 52	
std::detail::weierstrass_roots_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >	10
std::detail::_Airy< _Tp >	
std::detail::_Airy_asymp_data< _Tp >	0
std::detail::_Airy_asymp< _Tp >	16
std::detail::_Airy_asymp_data< double >	1
std::detail::_Airy_asymp_data< float >	2
std::detail::_Airy_asymp_data $<$ long double $>$ $\dots\dots\dots$ 54	3
std::detail::_Airy_asymp_series< _Sum >	4
std::detail::_Airy_default_radii< _Tp >	7
std::detail::_Airy_default_radii< double >	7
std::detail::_Airy_default_radii< float >	8
std::detail::_Airy_default_radii< long double >	9
std::detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >	9
std::detail::_AiryAuxilliaryState $<$ _Tp $>$ $\dots$	8
std::detail::_AiryState< _Tp >	0
std::detail::_AsympTerminator $<$ _Tp $>$	3
std::detail::_Factorial_table< _Tp >	55
std::detail::_Terminator $<$ _Tp $>$ $\dots$	6

# **Chapter 6**

# **Class Index**

# 6.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

gnu_cxx::airy_t<_Tx,_Tp>
gnu_cxx::chebyshev_t_t<_Tp>
gnu_cxx::chebyshev_u_t< _Tp >
$\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} gnu\_cxx::\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} chebyshev\_v\_t<\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} t<\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} Tp>\ldots$
$\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} gnu\_cxx::\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} chebyshev\_w\_t<\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} Tp> \hspace{0.5cm} \ldots \hspace{0.5cm} .\hspace{0.5cm} \hspace{0.5cm} .\hspace{0.5cm} .\hspace$
gnu_cxx::cyl_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >
gnu_cxx::cyl_coulomb_t< _Teta, _Trho, _Tp >
gnu_cxx::cyl_hankel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >
gnu_cxx::cyl_mod_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >
gnu_cxx::fock_airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >
gnu_cxx::fp_is_integer_t
gnu_cxx::gamma_inc_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::gamma_temme_t< _Tp >
A structure for the gamma functions required by the Temme series expansions of $N_{\nu}(x)$ and $K_{\nu}(x)$ .
1 [ 1 1 ]

$$\Gamma_1 = \frac{1}{2\mu} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} - \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

and

$$\Gamma_2 = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} + \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

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gnu_cxx::lgamma_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::quadrature_point_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::sincos_t< _Tp >
gnu_cxx::sph_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >
gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >
gnu_cxx::sph_mod_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >
std::detail::gamma_lanczos_data< _Tp >
std::detail::gamma_lanczos_data< double >
std::detail::gamma_lanczos_data< float >
std::detail::gamma_lanczos_data< long double >
std::detail::gamma_spouge_data< _Tp >
std::detail::gamma_spouge_data< double >
std::detail::gamma_spouge_data< float >
std::detail::gamma_spouge_data< long double >
std::detail::jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >
std::detail::jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::arg_t
std::detail::jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::tau_t
std::detail::jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >
$std::\detail::\weierstrass\_invariants\_t < \_Tp1, \_Tp3 > \dots $
$std::\detail::\weierstrass\_roots\_t < \_Tp1, \_Tp3 > \dots $
std::detail::_Airy< _Tp >
std::detail::_Airy_asymp< _Tp >
std::detail::_Airy_asymp_data< _Tp >
std::detail::_Airy_asymp_data< double >
std::detail::_Airy_asymp_data< float >
std::detail::_Airy_asymp_data< long double >
std::detail::_Airy_asymp_series< _Sum >
std::detail::_Airy_default_radii<_Tp>547
std::detail::_Airy_default_radii< double >
std::detail::_Airy_default_radii< float >
std::detail::_Airy_default_radii< long double >
std::detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >
std::detail::_AiryAuxilliaryState< _Tp >
std::detail::_AiryState< _Tp >
std::detail::_AsympTerminator< _Tp >
std::detail::_Factorial_table< _Tp >
std: detail: Terminator< Tp > 566

# **Chapter 7**

# File Index

# 7.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

include/bits/sf_airy.tcc
include/bits/sf_bernoulli.tcc
include/bits/sf_bessel.tcc
include/bits/sf_beta.tcc
include/bits/sf_cardinal.tcc
include/bits/sf_chebyshev.tcc
include/bits/sf_coulomb.tcc
include/bits/sf_dawson.tcc
include/bits/sf_distributions.tcc
include/bits/sf_ellint.tcc
include/bits/sf_euler.tcc
include/bits/sf_expint.tcc
include/bits/sf_fresnel.tcc
include/bits/sf_gamma.tcc
include/bits/sf_gegenbauer.tcc
include/bits/sf_hankel.tcc
include/bits/sf_hermite.tcc
include/bits/sf_hyperg.tcc
include/bits/sf_hypint.tcc
include/bits/sf_jacobi.tcc
include/bits/sf_laguerre.tcc
include/bits/sf_legendre.tcc
include/bits/sf_mod_bessel.tcc
include/bits/sf_owens_t.tcc
include/bits/sf_polylog.tcc
include/bits/sf_stirling.tcc
include/bits/sf_theta.tcc
include/bits/sf_trig.tcc
include/bits/sf_trigint.tcc
include/bits/sf_zeta.tcc
include/bits/specfun.h
include/bits/specfun_state.h
include/ext/math_util h

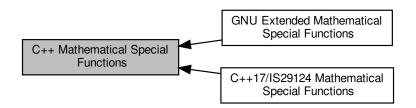
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# **Chapter 8**

# **Module Documentation**

# 8.1 C++ Mathematical Special Functions

Collaboration diagram for C++ Mathematical Special Functions:



#### **Modules**

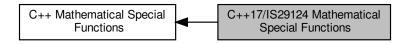
- C++17/IS29124 Mathematical Special Functions
- GNU Extended Mathematical Special Functions

# 8.1.1 Detailed Description

A collection of advanced mathematical special functions.

# 8.2 C++17/IS29124 Mathematical Special Functions

Collaboration diagram for C++17/IS29124 Mathematical Special Functions:



#### **Functions**

```
template<typename</li>Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > std::assoc_laguerre (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m, _Tp __x)

    float std::assoc_laguerref (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m, float __x)

    long double std::assoc_laguerrel (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m, long double __x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > std::assoc_legendre (unsigned int __I, unsigned int __m, _Tp __x)
• float std::assoc_legendref (unsigned int __l, unsigned int __m, float __x)
• long double std::assoc legendrel (unsigned int I, unsigned int m, long double x)

    template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tpb >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpa, _Tpb > std::beta (_Tpa __a, _Tpb __b)

    float std::betaf (float __a, float __b)

    long double std::betal (long double __a, long double __b)

• template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > std::comp_ellint_1 (_Tp __k)

    float std::comp ellint 1f (float k)

    long double std::comp ellint 1l (long double k)

• template<typename _{\mathrm{Tp}} >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > std::comp_ellint_2 (_Tp __k)

    float std::comp ellint 2f (float k)

    long double std::comp_ellint_2l (long double ___k)

• template<typename _Tp , typename _Tpn >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp, Tpn > std::comp ellint 3 ( Tp k, Tpn nu)

    float std::comp ellint 3f (float k, float nu)

      Return the complete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k,\nu) for float modulus k.

    long double std::comp_ellint_3l (long double __k, long double __nu)

      Return the complete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k,\nu) for long double modulus k.

    template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > std::cyl_bessel_i (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

    float std::cyl_bessel_if (float __nu, float __x)

    long double std::cyl bessel il (long double nu, long double x)

    template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > std::cyl_bessel_j (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

    float std::cyl bessel if (float nu, float x)

• long double std::cyl_bessel_jl (long double __nu, long double __x)
```

```
• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > std::cyl_bessel_k (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

    float std::cyl bessel kf (float nu, float x)

    long double std::cyl_bessel_kl (long double __nu, long double __x)

• template<typename Tpnu, typename Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > std::cyl_neumann (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

    float std::cyl_neumannf (float __nu, float __x)

    long double std::cyl_neumannl (long double __nu, long double __x)

• template<typename _Tp , typename _Tpp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tpp > std::ellint_1 (_Tp __k, _Tpp __phi)

    float std::ellint_1f (float __k, float __phi)

    long double std::ellint 11 (long double k, long double phi)

template<typename _Tp , typename _Tpp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tpp > std::ellint_2 (_Tp __k, _Tpp __phi)

    float std::ellint 2f (float k, float phi)

      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind E(k,\phi) for float argument.

    long double std::ellint_2l (long double __k, long double __phi)

      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind E(k, \phi).
template<typename _Tp , typename _Tpn , typename _Tpp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tpn, _Tpp > std::ellint_3 (_Tp __k, _Tpn __nu, _Tpp __phi)
      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k, \nu, \phi).

    float std::ellint_3f (float __k, float __nu, float __phi)

      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k, \nu, \phi) for float argument.
• long double std::ellint 3l (long double k, long double nu, long double phi)
      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k, \nu, \phi).

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > std::expint (_Tp __x)

    float std::expintf (float __x)

    long double std::expintl (long double x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > std::hermite (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float std::hermitef (unsigned int __n, float __x)

    long double std::hermitel (unsigned int n, long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > std::laguerre (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float std::laguerref (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double std::laguerrel (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

template<typename_Tp>
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > std::legendre (unsigned int __I, _Tp __x)

    float std::legendref (unsigned int I, float x)

    long double std::legendrel (unsigned int __I, long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > std::riemann zeta (Tp s)

    float std::riemann_zetaf (float __s)

    long double std::riemann zetal (long double s)

template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > std::sph bessel (unsigned int n, Tp x)

    float std::sph besself (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double std::sph_bessell (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > std::sph legendre (unsigned int I, unsigned int m, Tp theta)
```

- float std::sph\_legendref (unsigned int \_\_l, unsigned int \_\_m, float \_\_theta)
- long double std::sph\_legendrel (unsigned int \_\_l, unsigned int \_\_m, long double \_\_theta)
- template<typename \_Tp >
   \_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp > std::sph\_neumann (unsigned int \_\_n, \_Tp \_\_x)
- float std::sph neumannf (unsigned int n, float x)
- long double std::sph\_neumannl (unsigned int \_\_n, long double \_\_x)

#### 8.2.1 Detailed Description

A collection of advanced mathematical special functions for C++17 and IS29124.

#### 8.2.2 Function Documentation

#### 8.2.2.1 assoc\_laguerre()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> std::assoc_laguerre (
         unsigned int __n,
         unsigned int __m,
         _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the associated Laguerre polynomial  $L_n^m(x)$  of nonnegative degree n, nonnegative order m and real argument x.

The associated Laguerre function of real order  $\alpha$ ,  $L_n^{(\alpha)}(x)$ , is defined by

$$L_n^{(\alpha)}(x) = \frac{(\alpha+1)_n}{n!} {}_1F_1(-n;\alpha+1;x)$$

where  $(\alpha)_n$  is the Pochhammer symbol and  ${}_1F_1(a;c;x)$  is the confluent hypergeometric function.

The associated Laguerre polynomial is defined for integral order  $\alpha=m$  by:

$$L_n^m(x) = (-1)^m \frac{d^m}{dx^m} L_{n+m}(x)$$

where the Laguerre polynomial is defined by:

$$L_n(x) = \frac{e^x}{n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (x^n e^{-x})$$

and x >= 0.

See also

laguerre for details of the Laguerre function of degree n

#### **Template Parameters**

_Тр	The floating-point type of the argument _	_x.
-----	---	-----

#### **Parameters**

_~	The degree of the Laguerre function,n >= 0.
_n	
_~	The order of the Laguerre function, $_{m} >= 0$ .
_m	
_~	The argument of the Laguerre function, $\underline{} x >= 0$ .
_X	

# **Exceptions**

```
std::domain\_error if \__x < 0.
```

Definition at line 422 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.2 assoc\_laguerref()

```
float std::assoc_laguerref (
         unsigned int __n,
         unsigned int __m,
         float __x ) [inline]
```

Return the associated Laguerre polynomial  $L_n^m(x)$  of order n, degree m, and  ${\tt float}$  argument x.

### See also

assoc\_laguerre for more details.

Definition at line 374 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.3 assoc\_laguerrel()

```
long double std::assoc_laguerrel (
     unsigned int __n,
     unsigned int __m,
     long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the associated Laguerre polynomial  $L_n^m(x)$  of order n, degree m and  $\log$  double argument x.

#### See also

assoc\_laguerre for more details.

Definition at line 385 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.4 assoc\_legendre()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> std::assoc_legendre (
         unsigned int __1,
         unsigned int __m,
         _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the associated Legendre function  $P_l^m(x)$  of degree l, order m, and real argument x.

The associated Legendre function is derived from the Legendre function  $P_l(x)$  by the Rodrigues formula:

$$P_l^m(x) = (1 - x^2)^{m/2} \frac{d^m}{dx^m} P_l(x)$$

See also

legendre for details of the Legendre function of degree 1

Note

$$P_l^m(x) = 0 \text{ if } m > l.$$

#### **Template Parameters**

_Тр	The floating-point type of the argument _	x.
-----	---	----

#### **Parameters**

_ <del>←</del>	The degree $_{1} >= 0$ .
_′	The surder
_←	The orderm.
m	
_←	The argument, $abs(\underline{x}) \ll 1$ .
_X	

# **Exceptions**

```
std::domain\_error if abs (__x) > 1.
```

Definition at line 471 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.5 assoc\_legendref()

```
unsigned int __m,
float __x ) [inline]
```

Return the associated Legendre function  $P_l^m(x)$  of degree l, order m, and float argument x.

See also

assoc\_legendre for more details.

Definition at line 437 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.6 assoc\_legendrel()

```
long double std::assoc_legendrel (
     unsigned int __1,
     unsigned int __m,
     long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the associated Legendre function  $P_l^m(x)$  of degree l, order m, and long double argument x.

See also

assoc legendre for more details.

Definition at line 448 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.7 beta()

```
template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tpb >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tpa, _Tpb> std::beta (
    __Tpa ___a,
    __Tpb __b ) [inline]
```

Return the beta function, B(a, b), for real parameters a, b.

The beta function is defined by

$$B(a,b) = \int_0^1 t^{a-1} (1-t)^{b-1} dt = \frac{\Gamma(a)\Gamma(b)}{\Gamma(a+b)}$$

where a > 0 and b > 0

#### **Template Parameters**

_Тра	The floating-point type of the parameter _	_a.
_Tpb	The floating-point type of the parameter _	_b.

#### **Parameters**

_~	The first argument of the beta function, $\a > 0$ .
_a	
_←	The second argument of the beta function, $\_$ b $>$ 0 .
_b	

# **Exceptions**

```
std::domain_error | if __a < 0 or __b < 0 .
```

Definition at line 516 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.8 betaf()

Return the beta function, B(a, b), for float parameters a, b.

See also

beta for more details.

Definition at line 485 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.9 betal()

```
long double std::betal (
          long double __a,
          long double __b ) [inline]
```

Return the beta function, B(a, b), for long double parameters a, b.

See also

beta for more details.

Definition at line 495 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.10 comp\_ellint\_1()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> std::comp_ellint_1 (
    __Tp __k ) [inline]
```

Return the complete elliptic integral of the first kind K(k) for real modulus k.

The complete elliptic integral of the first kind is defined as

$$K(k) = F(k, \pi/2) = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{1 - k^2 sin^2 \theta}}$$

where  $F(k,\phi)$  is the incomplete elliptic integral of the first kind and the modulus |k|<=1.

#### See also

ellint\_1 for details of the incomplete elliptic function of the first kind.

#### **Template Parameters**

Tp The floating-point type of the modulus k.

#### **Parameters**

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline \_{\leftarrow} & \textbf{The modulus, abs } (\__k) & <= 1 \\ \hline k & & & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

# **Exceptions**

```
| std::domain\_error | if abs(__k) > 1 .
```

Definition at line 564 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.11 comp\_ellint\_1f()

Return the complete elliptic integral of the first kind E(k) for float modulus k.

#### See also

comp\_ellint\_1 for details.

Definition at line 531 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.12 comp\_ellint\_1I()

```
long double std::comp_ellint_11 (
          long double __k ) [inline]
```

Return the complete elliptic integral of the first kind E(k) for long double modulus k.

See also

```
comp_ellint_1 for details.
```

Definition at line 541 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.13 comp\_ellint\_2()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> std::comp_ellint_2 (
    _Tp __k ) [inline]
```

Return the complete elliptic integral of the second kind E(k) for real modulus k.

The complete elliptic integral of the second kind is defined as

$$E(k) = E(k, \pi/2) = \int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{1 - k^2 \sin^2 \theta}$$

where  $E(k,\phi)$  is the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind and the modulus |k| <= 1.

See also

ellint\_2 for details of the incomplete elliptic function of the second kind.

# **Template Parameters**

\_*Tp* The floating-point type of the modulus \_\_\_k.

#### **Parameters**

```
 \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline - & \text{The modulus, abs } (\underline{\phantom{a}} k) <= 1 \\ \underline{\phantom{a}} k & \end{array}
```

# **Exceptions**

std::domain_error	if $abs(\underline{}k) > 1$ .
-------------------	-------------------------------

Definition at line 611 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.14 comp\_ellint\_2f()

Return the complete elliptic integral of the second kind E(k) for float modulus k.

See also

```
comp ellint 2 for details.
```

Definition at line 579 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.15 comp\_ellint\_2l()

```
long double std::comp_ellint_21 (
          long double __k ) [inline]
```

Return the complete elliptic integral of the second kind E(k) for long double modulus k.

See also

comp\_ellint\_2 for details.

Definition at line 589 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.16 comp\_ellint\_3()

Return the complete elliptic integral of the third kind  $\Pi(k,\nu)=\Pi(k,\nu,\pi/2)$  for real modulus k.

The complete elliptic integral of the third kind is defined as

$$\Pi(k,\nu) = \Pi(k,\nu,\pi/2) = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{d\theta}{(1-\nu\sin^2\theta)\sqrt{1-k^2\sin^2\theta}}$$

where  $\Pi(k, \nu, \phi)$  is the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind and the modulus |k| <= 1.

See also

ellint 3 for details of the incomplete elliptic function of the third kind.

# **Template Parameters**

_Тр	The floating-point type of the modulusk.
_Tpn	The floating-point type of the argumentnu.

#### **Parameters**

k	The modulus, abs $(\underline{}$ k) <= 1
nu	The argument

# **Exceptions**

```
std::domain\_error if abs (\__k) > 1.
```

Definition at line 662 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.17 comp\_ellint\_3f()

Return the complete elliptic integral of the third kind  $\Pi(k,\nu)$  for float modulus k.

# See also

```
comp_ellint_3 for details.
```

Definition at line 626 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.18 comp\_ellint\_3l()

Return the complete elliptic integral of the third kind  $\Pi(k,\nu)$  for long double modulus k.

#### See also

```
comp_ellint_3 for details.
```

Definition at line 636 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.19 cyl\_bessel\_i()

Return the regular modified Bessel function  $I_{\nu}(x)$  for real order  $\nu$  and argument x>=0.

The regular modified cylindrical Bessel function is:

$$I_{\nu}(x) = i^{-\nu} J_{\nu}(ix) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(x/2)^{\nu+2k}}{k! \Gamma(\nu+k+1)}$$

#### **Template Parameters**

_Tpnu	The floating-point type of the ordernu.
_Тр	The floating-point type of the argumentx.

#### **Parameters**

nu	The order
X	The argument, $\underline{}$ x $>= 0$

# **Exceptions**

```
std::domain\_error \mid if \__x < 0 .
```

Definition at line 708 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.20 cyl\_bessel\_if()

Return the regular modified Bessel function  $I_{\nu}(x)$  for float order  $\nu$  and argument x>=0.

#### See also

cyl\_bessel\_i for setails.

Definition at line 677 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.21 cyl\_bessel\_il()

Return the regular modified Bessel function  $I_{\nu}(x)$  for long double order  $\nu$  and argument x>=0.

#### See also

```
cyl_bessel_i for setails.
```

Definition at line 687 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.22 cyl\_bessel\_j()

Return the Bessel function  $J_{\nu}(x)$  of real order  $\nu$  and argument x>=0.

The cylindrical Bessel function is:

$$J_{\nu}(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (x/2)^{\nu+2k}}{k!\Gamma(\nu+k+1)}$$

#### **Template Parameters**

_Tpnu	The floating-point type of the ordernu.
_ <i>Tp</i>	The floating-point type of the argumentx.

#### **Parameters**

nu	The order
x	The argument, $\underline{}$ x $>= 0$

# **Exceptions**

std::domain_error	if _	_x	<	0	
siuuomam_emor	· ''	_^	_	U	•

Definition at line 754 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.23 cyl\_bessel\_jf()

Return the Bessel function of the first kind  $J_{\nu}(x)$  for float order  $\nu$  and argument x>=0.

See also

```
cyl_bessel_j for setails.
```

Definition at line 723 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.24 cyl\_bessel\_il()

Return the Bessel function of the first kind  $J_{\nu}(x)$  for long double order  $\nu$  and argument x>=0.

See also

cyl\_bessel\_j for setails.

Definition at line 733 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.25 cyl\_bessel\_k()

Return the irregular modified Bessel function  $K_{\nu}(x)$  of real order  $\nu$  and argument x.

The irregular modified Bessel function is defined by:

$$K_{\nu}(x) = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{I_{-\nu}(x) - I_{\nu}(x)}{\sin \nu \pi}$$

where for integral  $\nu=n$  a limit is taken:  $lim_{\nu\to n}$ . For negative argument we have simply:

$$K_{-\nu}(x) = K_{\nu}(x)$$

# **Template Parameters**

_Tpnu	The floating-point type of the ordernu.
_Тр	The floating-point type of the argumentx.

#### **Parameters**

nu	The order
x	The argument, $\underline{}$ x $>= 0$

# **Exceptions**

```
std::domain\_error \mid if \__x < 0 .
```

Definition at line 806 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.26 cyl\_bessel\_kf()

Return the irregular modified Bessel function  $K_{\nu}(x)$  for float order  $\nu$  and argument x>=0.

#### See also

cyl\_bessel\_k for setails.

Definition at line 769 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.27 cyl\_bessel\_kl()

Return the irregular modified Bessel function  $K_{\nu}(x)$  for long double order  $\nu$  and argument x>=0.

#### See also

cyl\_bessel\_k for setails.

Definition at line 779 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.28 cyl\_neumann()

```
template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tpnu, _Tp> std::cyl_neumann (
    __Tpnu ___nu,
    __Tp ___x ) [inline]
```

Return the Neumann function  $N_{\nu}(x)$  of real order  $\nu$  and argument x>=0.

The Neumann function is defined by:

$$N_{\nu}(x) = \frac{J_{\nu}(x)\cos\nu\pi - J_{-\nu}(x)}{\sin\nu\pi}$$

where x>=0 and for integral order  $\nu=n$  a limit is taken:  $\lim_{\nu\to n}$ .

# **Template Parameters**

_Tpnu	The floating-point type of the ordernu.
_Тр	The floating-point type of the argumentx.

#### **Parameters**

nu	The order
x	The argument, $\underline{}$ x $>= 0$

# **Exceptions**

```
std::domain\_error \mid if \__x < 0 .
```

Definition at line 854 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.29 cyl\_neumannf()

Return the Neumann function  $N_{\nu}(x)$  of float order  $\nu$  and argument x.

#### See also

cyl\_neumann for setails.

Definition at line 821 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.30 cyl\_neumannl()

Return the Neumann function  $N_{\nu}(x)$  of long double order  $\nu$  and argument x.

See also

cyl\_neumann for setails.

Definition at line 831 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.31 ellint\_1()

Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the first kind  $F(k,\phi)$  for real modulus k and angle  $\phi$ .

The incomplete elliptic integral of the first kind is defined as

$$F(k,\phi) = \int_0^\phi \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{1 - k^2 sin^2 \theta}}$$

For  $\phi = \pi/2$  this becomes the complete elliptic integral of the first kind, K(k).

See also

#### **Template Parameters**

_Тр	The floating-point type of the modulus $\underline{}$ $k$ .
_Трр	The floating-point type of the anglephi.

#### **Parameters**

k	The modulus, abs (k) <= 1
phi	The integral limit argument in radians

# **Exceptions**

```
std::domain\_error if abs (__k) > 1 .
```

Definition at line 902 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.32 ellint\_1f()

Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the first kind  $E(k,\phi)$  for float modulus k and angle  $\phi$ .

See also

```
ellint 1 for details.
```

Definition at line 869 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.33 ellint\_1I()

```
long double std::ellint_11 (
          long double __k,
          long double __phi ) [inline]
```

Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the first kind  $E(k,\phi)$  for long double modulus k and angle  $\phi$ .

See also

```
ellint_1 for details.
```

Definition at line 879 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.34 ellint\_2()

Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind  $E(k,\phi)$ .

The incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind is defined as

$$E(k,\phi) = \int_0^{\phi} \sqrt{1 - k^2 sin^2 \theta}$$

For  $\phi = \pi/2$  this becomes the complete elliptic integral of the second kind, E(k).

See also

```
comp_ellint_2.
```

# **Template Parameters**

_Тр	The floating-point type of the modulusk.
_Трр	The floating-point type of the anglephi.

#### **Parameters**

k	The modulus, abs (k) <= 1
phi	The integral limit argument in radians

#### Returns

The elliptic function of the second kind.

# **Exceptions**

```
std::domain\_error \mid if abs(\__k) > 1 .
```

Definition at line 950 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.35 ellint\_2f()

Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind  $E(k,\phi)$  for float argument.

See also

```
ellint_2 for details.
```

Definition at line 917 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.36 ellint\_2l()

```
long double std::ellint_21 (
          long double __k,
          long double __phi ) [inline]
```

Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind  $E(k,\phi)$ .

See also

```
ellint_2 for details.
```

Definition at line 927 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.37 ellint\_3()

```
template<typename _Tp , typename _Tpn , typename _Tpp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp, _Tpn, _Tpp> std::ellint_3 (
    __Tp ___k,
    __Tpn ___nu,
    __Tpp ___phi ) [inline]
```

Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind  $\Pi(k, \nu, \phi)$ .

The incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind is defined by:

$$\Pi(k,\nu,\phi) = \int_0^\phi \frac{d\theta}{(1-\nu\sin^2\theta)\sqrt{1-k^2\sin^2\theta}}$$

For  $\phi = \pi/2$  this becomes the complete elliptic integral of the third kind,  $\Pi(k, \nu)$ .

#### See also

comp\_ellint\_3.

#### **Template Parameters**

_Тр	The floating-point type of the modulusk.
_Tpn	The floating-point type of the argumentnu.
_Трр	The floating-point type of the anglephi.

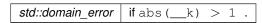
#### **Parameters**

k	The modulus, abs $(\underline{}$ k) <= 1
nu	The second argument
phi	The integral limit argument in radians

#### Returns

The elliptic function of the third kind.

#### **Exceptions**



Definition at line 1003 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.38 ellint\_3f()

Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind  $\Pi(k,\nu,\phi)$  for float argument.

See also

```
ellint 3 for details.
```

Definition at line 965 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.39 ellint\_3I()

```
long double std::ellint_31 (
          long double __k,
          long double __nu,
          long double __phi ) [inline]
```

Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind  $\Pi(k, \nu, \phi)$ .

See also

ellint\_3 for details.

Definition at line 975 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.40 expint()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> std::expint (
    __Tp ___x ) [inline]
```

Return the exponential integral Ei(x) for real argument x.

The exponential integral is given by

$$Ei(x) = -\int_{-x}^{\infty} \frac{e^t}{t} dt$$

# **Template Parameters**

_Тр	The floating-point type of the argument _	x.
-----	---	----

#### **Parameters**

```
_ ← The argument of the exponential integral function.
```

Definition at line 1043 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.41 expintf()

Return the exponential integral Ei(x) for float argument x.

#### See also

expint for details.

Definition at line 1017 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.42 expintl()

```
long double std::expintl ( \label{eq:condition} \mbox{long double $\underline{\ }\ $\underline{\ }\ $x$ ) [inline]
```

Return the exponential integral Ei(x) for long double argument x.

# See also

expint for details.

Definition at line 1027 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.43 hermite()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> std::hermite (
          unsigned int __n,
          _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Hermite polynomial  $H_n(x)$  of order n and real argument x.

The Hermite polynomial is defined by:

$$H_n(x) = (-1)^n e^{x^2} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} e^{-x^2}$$

The Hermite polynomial obeys a reflection formula:

$$H_n(-x) = (-1)^n H_n(x)$$

#### **Template Parameters**

_Tp   The floating-point type of the argument _	_X.
---	-----

#### **Parameters**

_←	The order
_n	
_←	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 1091 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.44 hermitef()

Return the Hermite polynomial  $H_n(x)$  of nonnegative order  $\mathbf{n}$  and float argument x.

#### See also

hermite for details.

Definition at line 1058 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.45 hermitel()

Return the Hermite polynomial  $H_n(x)$  of nonnegative order n and long double argument x.

#### See also

hermite for details.

Definition at line 1068 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.46 laguerre()

Returns the Laguerre polynomial  $L_n(x)$  of nonnegative degree n and real argument x>=0.

The Laguerre polynomial is defined by:

$$L_n(x) = \frac{e^x}{n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (x^n e^{-x})$$

#### **Template Parameters**

Тp	The floating-point type of the argument _	х.

# **Parameters**

_~	The nonnegative order	
_n		
_←	The argument $\underline{}$ x $>= 0$	
_x		

# **Exceptions**

std::domain_error	ifx	<	0	
-------------------	-----	---	---	--

Definition at line 1135 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.47 laguerref()

Returns the Laguerre polynomial  $L_n(x)$  of nonnegative degree n and float argument x>=0.

See also

laguerre for more details.

Definition at line 1106 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.48 laguerrel()

```
long double std::laguerrel (
     unsigned int __n,
     long double __x ) [inline]
```

Returns the Laguerre polynomial  $L_n(x)$  of nonnegative degree n and long double argument x >= 0.

See also

laguerre for more details.

Definition at line 1116 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.49 legendre()

Return the Legendre polynomial  $P_l(x)$  of nonnegative degree l and real argument |x| <= 0.

The Legendre function of order l and argument x,  $P_l(x)$ , is defined by:

$$P_l(x) = \frac{1}{2^l l!} \frac{d^l}{dx^l} (x^2 - 1)^l$$

# **Template Parameters**

_Tp   The floating-point type of the argument _
---

#### **Parameters**

_←	The degree $l>=0$
_′_	
_←	The argument abs (x) <= 1
_X	

# **Exceptions**

```
| std::domain\_error | if abs(__x) > 1
```

Definition at line 1180 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.50 legendref()

Return the Legendre polynomial  $P_l(x)$  of nonnegative degree l and float argument |x| <= 0.

See also

legendre for more details.

Definition at line 1150 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.51 legendrel()

Return the Legendre polynomial  $P_l(x)$  of nonnegative degree l and long double argument |x| <= 0.

See also

legendre for more details.

Definition at line 1160 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.52 riemann\_zeta()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> std::riemann_zeta (
    __Tp ___s ) [inline]
```

Return the Riemann zeta function  $\zeta(s)$  for real argument s.

The Riemann zeta function is defined by:

$$\zeta(s) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} k^{-s} \text{ for } s > 1$$

and

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{1-2^{1-s}} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{k-1} k^{-s} \text{ for } 0 <= s < 1$$

For s < 1 use the reflection formula:

$$\zeta(s) = 2^s \pi^{s-1} \sin(\frac{\pi s}{2}) \Gamma(1-s) \zeta(1-s)$$

#### **Template Parameters**

#### **Parameters**

Definition at line 1231 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.53 riemann\_zetaf()

Return the Riemann zeta function  $\zeta(s)$  for float argument s.

See also

riemann\_zeta for more details.

Definition at line 1195 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.54 riemann\_zetal()

Return the Riemann zeta function  $\zeta(s)$  for long double argument s.

#### See also

riemann\_zeta for more details.

Definition at line 1205 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.55 sph\_bessel()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> std::sph_bessel (
          unsigned int __n,
          _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the spherical Bessel function  $j_n(x)$  of nonnegative order n and real argument x >= 0.

The spherical Bessel function is defined by:

$$j_n(x) = \left(\frac{\pi}{2x}\right)^{1/2} J_{n+1/2}(x)$$

# **Template Parameters**

#### **Parameters**

_~	The integral order $n >= 0$
_n	
_~	The real argument $x >= 0$
_x	

#### **Exceptions**

$  std::domain\_error   ifx < 0 .$
------------------------------------

Definition at line 1275 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.56 sph\_besself()

```
float std::sph_besself (
          unsigned int __n,
          float __x ) [inline]
```

Return the spherical Bessel function  $j_n(x)$  of nonnegative order n and float argument x>=0.

See also

sph\_bessel for more details.

Definition at line 1246 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.57 sph\_bessell()

```
long double std::sph_bessell (
    unsigned int __n,
    long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the spherical Bessel function  $j_n(x)$  of nonnegative order n and long double argument x >= 0.

See also

sph\_bessel for more details.

Definition at line 1256 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.58 sph\_legendre()

```
template<typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> std::sph_legendre (
        unsigned int __l,
        unsigned int __m,
        _Tp __theta ) [inline]
```

Return the spherical Legendre function of nonnegative integral degree l and order m and real angle  $\theta$  in radians.

The spherical Legendre function is defined by

$$Y_l^m(\theta,\phi) = (-1)^m \frac{(2l+1)}{4\pi} \frac{(l-m)!}{(l+m)!} P_l^m(\cos\theta) \exp^{im\phi}$$

#### **Template Parameters**

_Tp	The floating-point type of the angle _	_theta.
-----	--	---------

#### **Parameters**

/	The order1 >= 0
m	The degreem >= 0 andm <=
	1
theta	The radian polar angle argument

Definition at line 1322 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.59 sph\_legendref()

```
float std::sph_legendref (
         unsigned int __1,
         unsigned int __m,
         float __theta ) [inline]
```

Return the spherical Legendre function of nonnegative integral degree l and order m and float angle  $\theta$  in radians.

#### See also

sph\_legendre for details.

Definition at line 1290 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.60 sph\_legendrel()

```
long double std::sph_legendrel (
     unsigned int __l,
     unsigned int __m,
     long double __theta ) [inline]
```

Return the spherical Legendre function of nonnegative integral degree l and order m and long double angle  $\theta$  in radians.

#### See also

sph\_legendre for details.

Definition at line 1301 of file specfun.h.

# 8.2.2.61 sph\_neumann()

Return the spherical Neumann function of integral order n>=0 and real argument x>=0.

The spherical Neumann function is defined by

$$n_n(x) = \left(\frac{\pi}{2x}\right)^{1/2} N_{n+1/2}(x)$$

# **Template Parameters**

_Тр	The floating-point type of the argument _	x.
-----	---	----

#### **Parameters**

_~	The integral order n >= 0
_n	
_~	The real argument $\underline{}$ x $>= 0$
_X	

# **Exceptions**

```
std::domain_error | if ___x < 0 .
```

Definition at line 1366 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.2.2.62 sph\_neumannf()

```
float std::sph_neumannf (
          unsigned int __n,
          float __x ) [inline]
```

Return the spherical Neumann function of integral order n >= 0 and float argument x >= 0.

#### See also

sph\_neumann for details.

Definition at line 1337 of file specfun.h.

## 8.2.2.63 sph\_neumannl()

```
long double std::sph_neumannl (
     unsigned int __n,
     long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the spherical Neumann function of integral order n>=0 and long double <math>x>=0.

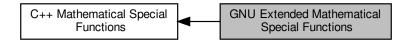
### See also

sph\_neumann for details.

Definition at line 1347 of file specfun.h.

#### **GNU Extended Mathematical Special Functions** 8.3

Collaboration diagram for GNU Extended Mathematical Special Functions:



#### **Functions**

```
template<typename_Tp>
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::airy_ai (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp >> __gnu_cxx::airy_ai (std::complex< _Tp > __x)

    float gnu cxx::airy aif (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::airy ail (long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::airy_bi (_Tp __x)
template<typename Tp >
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp >> __gnu_cxx::airy_bi (std::complex< _Tp > __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::airy_bif (float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::airy bil (long double x)

template<typename</li>Tp >
  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::bernoulli (unsigned int __n)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __gnu_cxx::bernoulli (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::bernoullif (unsigned int n)

    long double __gnu_cxx::bernoullil (unsigned int __n)

template<typename</li>Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::binomial (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __k)
```

Return the binomial coefficient as a real number. The binomial coefficient is given by:

 $\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$ 

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

template<typename</li>Tp >

$$(1+t)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} t^k$$

\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp > \_\_gnu\_cxx::binomial\_p (\_Tp \_\_p, unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_k) Return the binomial cumulative distribution function. template<typename</li>
 Tp > \_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp > \_\_gnu\_cxx::binomial\_pdf (\_Tp \_\_p, unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_k) Return the binomial probability mass function.

```
    float __gnu_cxx::binomialf (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __k)

    long double __gnu_cxx::binomiall (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __k)

• template<typename _Tps , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tps, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::bose_einstein (_Tps __s, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::bose einsteinf (float s, float x)

    long double gnu cxx::bose einsteinl (long double s, long double x)

template<typename</li>Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_t (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float <u>__gnu_cxx::chebyshev_tf</u> (unsigned int <u>__</u>n, float <u>__</u>x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_tl (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > gnu cxx::chebyshev u (unsigned int n, Tp x)

    float __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_uf (unsigned int __n, float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::chebyshev ul (unsigned int n, long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_v (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::chebyshev vf (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double gnu cxx::chebyshev vl (unsigned int n, long double x)

template<typename</li>Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_w (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::chebyshev wf (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_wl (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
   \_gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > \_gnu_cxx::clausen (unsigned int \_m, _Tp \_x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp >> __gnu_cxx::clausen (unsigned int __m, std::complex< _Tp
template<typename _Tp >
  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::clausen_cl (unsigned int __m, _Tp __x)
• float gnu cxx::clausen clf (unsigned int m, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::clausen_cll (unsigned int __m, long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::clausen_sl (unsigned int __m, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::clausen slf (unsigned int m, float x)

    long double gnu cxx::clausen sll (unsigned int m, long double x)

    float gnu cxx::clausenf (unsigned int m, float x)

    std::complex < float > gnu cxx::clausenf (unsigned int m, std::complex < float > z)

    long double gnu cxx::clausenl (unsigned int m, long double x)

    std::complex < long double > gnu cxx::clausenl (unsigned int m, std::complex < long double > z)

template<typename _Tk >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tk > __gnu_cxx::comp_ellint_d (_Tk __k)

    float <u>__gnu_cxx::comp_ellint_df</u> (float <u>__k</u>)

    long double __gnu_cxx::comp_ellint_dl (long double __k)

• float gnu cxx::comp ellint rf (float x, float y)

    long double gnu cxx::comp ellint rf (long double x, long double y)

• template<typename Tx, typename Ty>
  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tx, _Ty > __gnu_cxx::comp_ellint_rf (_Tx __x, _Ty __y)

    float gnu cxx::comp ellint rg (float x, float y)

    long double __gnu_cxx::comp_ellint_rg (long double __x, long double __y)

• template<typename _Tx , typename _Ty >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tx, _Ty > __gnu_cxx::comp_ellint_rg (_Tx __x, _Ty __y)
```

```
- template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tpc , typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpa, _Tpc, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::conf_hyperg (_Tpa __a, _Tpc __c, _Tp __x)

    template<typename Tpc, typename Tp >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpc, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::conf_hyperg_lim (_Tpc __c, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::conf hyperg limf (float c, float x)

• long double gnu cxx::conf hyperg liml (long double c, long double x)

    float gnu cxx::conf hypergf (float a, float c, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::conf_hypergl (long double __a, long double __c, long double __x)

template<typename_Tp>
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::cos_pi (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::cos pif (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::cos pil (long double x)

template<typename_Tp>
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::cosh_pi (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::cosh pif (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::cosh pil (long double x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::coshint (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::coshintf (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::coshintl (long double x)

template<typename Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::cosint (_Tp __x)
• float gnu cxx::cosintf (float x)

    long double <u>gnu_cxx::cosintl</u> (long double <u>x</u>)

• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
  std::complex< gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tpnu, Tp >> gnu cxx::cyl hankel 1 ( Tpnu nu, Tp z)
• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp >> __gnu_cxx::cyl_hankel_1 (std::complex< _Tpnu >
   _{\rm nu}, std::complex< _{\rm Tp} > _{\rm x})
• std::complex< float > gnu cxx::cyl hankel 1f (float nu, float z)

    std::complex < float > __gnu_cxx::cyl_hankel_1f (std::complex < float > __nu, std::complex < float > __x)

    std::complex < long double > gnu cxx::cyl hankel 1l (long double nu, long double z)

    std::complex < long double > gnu cxx::cyl hankel 1l (std::complex < long double > nu, std::complex < long</li>

  double > x)

 • template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp >> __gnu_cxx::cyl_hankel_2 (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __z)
• template<typename Tpnu, typename Tp>
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp >> __gnu_cxx::cyl_hankel_2 (std::complex< _Tpnu >
   _{nu}, std::complex< _{Tp} > _{x}

    std::complex< float > __gnu_cxx::cyl_hankel_2f (float __nu, float __z)

• std::complex < float > gnu cxx::cyl hankel 2f (std::complex < float > nu, std::complex < float > x)

    std::complex < long double > __gnu_cxx::cyl_hankel_2l (long double __nu, long double __z)

• std::complex < long double > __nu, std::complex < long double > __nu, std::complex < long
  double > x)
template<typename</li>Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::dawson (_Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::dawsonf (float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::dawsonl (long double x)

template<typename_Tp>
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::debye (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::debyef (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double gnu cxx::debyel (unsigned int n, long double x)
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
     _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::digamma (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::digammaf (float x)

    long double <u>__gnu_cxx::digammal</u> (long double <u>__x)</u>

template<typename _Tp >
     gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > gnu cxx::dilog (Tp x)

    float gnu cxx::dilogf (float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::dilogl (long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
   _Tp __gnu_cxx::dirichlet_beta (_Tp __s)

    float gnu cxx::dirichlet betaf (float s)

    long double gnu cxx::dirichlet betal (long double s)

template<typename _Tp >
   Tp gnu cxx::dirichlet eta (Tp s)

    float __gnu_cxx::dirichlet_etaf (float __s)

    long double gnu cxx::dirichlet etal (long double s)

template<typename</li>Tp >
   _Tp __gnu_cxx::dirichlet_lambda (_Tp __s)

    float __gnu_cxx::dirichlet_lambdaf (float __s)

    long double gnu cxx::dirichlet lambdal (long double s)

template<typename _Tp >
     _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::double_factorial (int __n)
       Return the double factorial n!! of the argument as a real number.
                                                         n!! = n(n-2)...(2), 0!! = 1
       for even n and
                                                       n!! = n(n-2)...(1), (-1)!! = 1
       for odd n.

    float gnu cxx::double factorialf (int n)

    long double gnu cxx::double factoriall (int n)

• template<typename _Tk , typename _Tp , typename _Ta , typename _Tb >
     _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tk, _Tp, _Ta, _Tb > __gnu_cxx::ellint_cel (_Tk __k_c, _Tp __p, _Ta __a, _Tb __b)
• float gnu cxx::ellint celf (float k c, float p, float a, float b)

    long double gnu cxx::ellint cell (long double k c, long double p, long double a, long double b)

• template<typename _Tk , typename _Tphi >
     _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tk, _Tphi > __gnu_cxx::ellint_d (_Tk __k, _Tphi __phi)

    float gnu cxx::ellint df (float k, float phi)

    long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_dl (long double __k, long double __phi)

• template<typename _{\rm Tp}, typename _{\rm Tk} >
     gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t < \_Tp, \_Tk > \_gnu\_cxx::ellint\_el1 (\_Tp \__x, \_Tk k c)

    float gnu cxx::ellint el1f (float x, float k c)

    long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_el1l (long double __x, long double __k_c)

ullet template<typename _Tp , typename _Tk , typename _Ta , typename _Tb >
      \underline{ \mathsf{gnu\_cxx::} \mathsf{fp\_promote\_t} < \underline{ \mathsf{Tp}, \underline{ \mathsf{Tk}, \underline{ \mathsf{Ta}, \underline{ \mathsf{Tb}} > \underline{ \mathsf{gnu\_cxx::} \mathsf{ellint\_el2} \left( \underline{ \mathsf{Tp\_x}, \underline{ \mathsf{Tk}\_k\_c, \underline{ \mathsf{Ta\_a}, \underline{ \mathsf{Tb}\_b}} \right) } } 

    float gnu cxx::ellint el2f (float x, float k c, float a, float b)

    long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_el2l (long double __x, long double __k_c, long double __a, long double __b)

• template<typename Tx, typename Tk, typename Tp>
      \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} gnu\_cxx:: fp\_promote\_t < \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} Tx, \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} Tk, \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} Tp > \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} gnu\_cxx:: ellint\_el3 (\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} Tx \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} x, \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} Tk \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} k\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} c, \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} Tp \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} p) 
• float gnu cxx::ellint el3f (float x, float k c, float p)

    long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_el3l (long double __x, long double __k_c, long double __p)

template<typename _Tp , typename _Up >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Up > __gnu_cxx::ellint_rc (_Tp __x, _Up __y)
```

```
    float __gnu_cxx::ellint_rcf (float __x, float __y)

• long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_rcl (long double __x, long double __y)
ullet template<typename _Tp , typename _Up , typename _Vp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Up, _Vp > __gnu_cxx::ellint_rd (_Tp __x, _Up __y, _Vp __z)

    float __gnu_cxx::ellint_rdf (float __x, float __y, float __z)

• long double gnu cxx::ellint rdl (long double x, long double y, long double z)

    template<typename _Tp , typename _Up , typename _Vp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Up, _Vp > __gnu_cxx::ellint_rf (_Tp __x, _Up __y, _Vp __z)
• float gnu cxx::ellint rff (float x, float y, float z)

    long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_rfl (long double __x, long double __y, long double __z)

• template<typename Tp, typename Up, typename Vp>
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Up, _Vp > __gnu_cxx::ellint_rg (_Tp __x, _Up __y, _Vp __z)

    float __gnu_cxx::ellint_rgf (float __x, float __y, float __z)

    long double gnu cxx::ellint rgl (long double x, long double y, long double z)

template<typename _Tp , typename _Up , typename _Vp , typename _Wp >
   \_{gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t < \_Tp, \_Up, \_Vp, \_Wp > \_\_{gnu\_cxx::ellint\_rj} \ (\_Tp\_\_x, \_Up\_\_y, \_Vp\_\_z, \_Wp\_\_p)

    float __gnu_cxx::ellint_rjf (float __x, float __y, float __z, float __p)

    long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_rjl (long double __x, long double __y, long double __z, long double __p)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp __gnu_cxx::ellnome (_Tp __k)

    float __gnu_cxx::ellnomef (float __k)

    long double __gnu_cxx::ellnomel (long double __k)

template<typename _Tp >
  Tp gnu cxx::euler (unsigned int n)
      This returns Euler number E_n.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __gnu_cxx::eulerian_1 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __n)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  Tp gnu cxx::eulerian 2 (unsigned int n, unsigned int m)
template<typename_Tp>
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::expint (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::expintf (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::expintl (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

    template<typename Tlam, typename Tp >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tlam, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::exponential_p (_Tlam __lambda, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential cumulative probability density function.
• template<typename _Tlam , typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tlam, Tp > gnu cxx::exponential pdf ( Tlam lambda, Tp x)
      Return the exponential probability density function.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::factorial (unsigned int __n)
      Return the factorial n! of the argument as a real number.
                                                n! = 1 \times 2 \times ... \times n, 0! = 1

    float gnu cxx::factorialf (unsigned int n)

    long double <u>gnu_cxx::factoriall</u> (unsigned int <u>n</u>)

    template<typename _Tp , typename _Tnu >

  gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< Tp, Tnu > gnu_cxx::falling_factorial (Tp __a, Tnu __nu)
```

Return the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol for real argument a and integral order n. The falling factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\underline{n}} = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a-k), a^{\underline{0}} = 1 = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-n+1)$$

In particular,  $n^{\underline{n}} = n!$ .

- float \_\_gnu\_cxx::falling\_factorialf (float \_\_a, float \_\_nu)
- long double \_\_gnu\_cxx::falling\_factoriall (long double \_\_a, long double \_\_nu)
- ullet template<typename \_Tps , typename \_Tp >

```
\underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t < \underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} Tps, \underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} Tp > \underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} gnu\_cxx::fermi\_dirac (\underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} Tps \underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} s, \underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} Tp \underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} x)
```

- float \_\_gnu\_cxx::fermi\_diracf (float \_\_s, float \_\_x)
- long double \_\_gnu\_cxx::fermi\_diracl (long double \_\_s, long double \_\_x)
- template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::fisher_f_p (_Tp __F, unsigned int __nu1, unsigned int __nu2)
```

Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model exceeds the value  $\chi^2$ .

template<typename\_Tp>

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::fisher_f_pdf (_Tp __F, unsigned int __nu1, unsigned int __nu2)
```

Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model exceeds the value  $\chi^2$ .

template<typename \_Tp >

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::fresnel_c (_Tp __x)
```

- float gnu cxx::fresnel cf (float x)
- long double gnu cxx::fresnel cl (long double x)
- template<typename \_Tp >

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::fresnel_s (_Tp __x)
```

- float gnu cxx::fresnel sf (float x)
- long double \_\_gnu\_cxx::fresnel\_sl (long double \_\_x)
- template<typename \_Ta , typename \_Tp >

```
\_gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tp > \_gnu_cxx::gamma_p (_Ta \_a, _Tp \_x)
```

Return the gamma cumulative propability distribution function or the regularized lower incomplete gamma function.

- template<typename \_Ta , typename \_Tb , typename \_Tp >

```
\underline{\quad \quad } gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t < \underline{\quad } Ta, \underline{\quad } Tb, \underline{\quad } Tp > \underline{\quad } gnu\_cxx::gamma\_pdf \ (\underline{\quad } Ta \underline{\quad } \underline{\quad } lpha, \underline{\quad } Tb \underline{\quad } \underline{\quad } beta, \underline{\quad } Tp \underline{\quad } \underline{\quad } x)
```

Return the gamma propability distribution function.

- float \_\_gnu\_cxx::gamma\_pf (float \_\_a, float \_\_x)
- long double gnu cxx::gamma pl (long double a, long double x)
- template<typename \_Ta , typename \_Tp >

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::gamma_q (_Ta __a, _Tp __x)
```

Return the gamma complementary cumulative propability distribution (or survival) function or the regularized upper incomplete gamma function.

- float gnu cxx::gamma qf (float a, float x)
- long double \_\_gnu\_cxx::gamma\_ql (long double \_\_a, long double \_\_x)
- template<typename\_Ta>

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta > __gnu_cxx::gamma_reciprocal (_Ta __a)
```

- float \_\_gnu\_cxx::gamma\_reciprocalf (float \_\_a)
- long double gnu cxx::gamma reciprocall (long double a)
- template<typename \_Tlam , typename \_Tp >

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tlam, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::gegenbauer (unsigned int __n, _Tlam __lambda, _Tp __x)
```

- float \_\_gnu\_cxx::gegenbauerf (unsigned int \_\_n, float \_\_lambda, float \_\_x)
- long double gnu cxx::gegenbauerl (unsigned int n, long double lambda, long double x)

```
template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::harmonic (unsigned int __n)

    template<typename Tk, typename Tphi >

    gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tk, _Tphi > __gnu_cxx::heuman_lambda (_Tk __k, _Tphi __phi)

    float __gnu_cxx::heuman_lambdaf (float __k, float __phi)

    long double gnu cxx::heuman lambdal (long double k, long double phi)

• template<typename Tp, typename Up>
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Up > __gnu_cxx::hurwitz_zeta (_Tp __s, _Up __a)

    template<typename _Tp , typename _Up >

  std::complex< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::hurwitz_zeta (_Tp __s, std::complex< _Up > __a)

    float __gnu_cxx::hurwitz_zetaf (float __s, float __a)

    long double gnu cxx::hurwitz zetal (long double s, long double a)

• template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tpb , typename _Tpc , typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpa, _Tpb, _Tpc, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::hyperg (_Tpa __a, _Tpb __b, _Tpc __c, _Tp
• float gnu cxx::hypergf (float a, float b, float c, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::hypergl (long double __a, long double __b, long double __c, long double __x)

    template<typename _Ta , typename _Tb , typename _Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tb, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::ibeta (_Ta __a, _Tb __b, _Tp __x)

    template<typename _Ta , typename _Tb , typename _Tp >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tb, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::ibetac (_Ta __a, _Tb __b, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::ibetacf (float a, float b, float x)

    long double gnu cxx::ibetacl (long double a, long double b, long double x)

• float gnu cxx::ibetaf (float a, float b, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::ibetal (long double __a, long double __b, long double __x)

• template<typename Talpha, typename Tbeta, typename Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Talpha, Tbeta, Tp > gnu cxx::jacobi (unsigned n, Talpha alpha, Tbeta
   __beta, _Tp __x)
• template<typename _Kp , typename _Up >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Kp, _Up > __gnu_cxx::jacobi_cn (_Kp __k, _Up __u)
• float gnu cxx::jacobi cnf (float k, float u)

    long double __gnu_cxx::jacobi_cnl (long double __k, long double __u)

• template<typename _Kp , typename _Up >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Kp, _Up > __gnu_cxx::jacobi_dn (_Kp __k, _Up __u)

    float gnu cxx::jacobi dnf (float k, float u)

    long double __gnu_cxx::jacobi_dnl (long double __k, long double __u)

    template<typename _Kp , typename _Up >

    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Kp, Up > gnu cxx::jacobi sn ( Kp k, Up u)
• float gnu cxx::jacobi snf (float k, float u)

    long double __gnu_cxx::jacobi_snl (long double __k, long double __u)

• template<typename Tpq, typename Tp>
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpq, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_1 (_Tpq __q, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::jacobi theta 1f (float g, float x)

    long double gnu cxx::jacobi theta 1l (long double q, long double x)

template<typename _Tpq , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpq, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_2 (_Tpq __q, _Tp __x)

    float <u>__gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_2f</u> (float <u>__q</u>, float <u>__x</u>)

    long double __q, long double __q, long double __x)

    template<typename _Tpq , typename _Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpq, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_3 (_Tpq __q, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::jacobi theta 3f (float q, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_3l (long double __q, long double __x)
```

- template<typename \_Tpq, typename \_Tp >
   \_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tpq, \_Tp > \_\_gnu\_cxx::jacobi\_theta\_4 (\_Tpq \_\_q, \_Tp \_\_x)
- float gnu cxx::jacobi theta 4f (float q, float x)
- long double \_\_gnu\_cxx::jacobi\_theta\_4l (long double \_\_q, long double \_\_x)
- $\bullet \;\; \mathsf{template} \!<\! \mathsf{typename} \; \_\mathsf{Tk} \; , \, \mathsf{typename} \; \_\mathsf{Tphi} >$

- float \_\_gnu\_cxx::jacobi\_zetaf (float \_\_k, float \_\_phi)
- long double gnu cxx::jacobi zetal (long double k, long double phi)
- float \_\_gnu\_cxx::jacobif (unsigned \_\_n, float \_\_alpha, float \_\_beta, float \_\_x)
- long double \_\_gnu\_cxx::jacobil (unsigned \_\_n, long double \_\_alpha, long double \_\_beta, long double \_\_x)
- template<typename\_Tp>

Return the logarithm of the binomial coefficient as a real number. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} t^k$$

- float gnu cxx::lbinomialf (unsigned int n, unsigned int k)
- long double \_\_gnu\_cxx::lbinomiall (unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_k)
- template<typename</li>Tp >

Return the logarithm of the double factorial ln(n!!) of the argument as a real number.

$$n!! = n(n-2)...(2), 0!! = 1$$

for even n and

$$n!! = n(n-2)...(1), (-1)!! = 1$$

for odd n.

- float gnu cxx::ldouble factorialf (int n)
- long double \_\_gnu\_cxx::ldouble\_factoriall (int \_\_n)
- template<typename  $_{\mathrm{Tp}}>$

- float <u>\_\_gnu\_cxx::legendre\_qf</u> (unsigned int <u>\_\_l</u>, float <u>\_\_x</u>)
- long double gnu cxx::legendre ql (unsigned int l, long double x)
- template<typename \_Tp , typename \_Ts , typename \_Ta >

- float \_\_gnu\_cxx::lerch\_phif (float \_\_z, float \_\_s, float \_\_a)
- long double \_\_gnu\_cxx::lerch\_phil (long double \_\_z, long double \_\_s, long double \_\_a)
- template<typename \_Tp >

Return the logarithm of the factorial ln(n!) of the argument as a real number.

$$n! = 1 \times 2 \times ... \times n, 0! = 1$$

- float \_\_gnu\_cxx::lfactorialf (unsigned int \_\_n)
- long double \_\_gnu\_cxx::lfactoriall (unsigned int \_\_n)
- template<typename \_Tp , typename \_Tnu >
  - $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} gnu\_cxx:: fp\_promote\_t < \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} Tp, \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} Tnu > \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} gnu\_cxx:: falling\_factorial (\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} Tp \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} a, \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} Tnu \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} nu)$

Return the logarithm of the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol. The falling factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\underline{n}} = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-\nu+1) = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a-k), a^{\underline{0}} = 1$$

In particular,  $n^{\underline{n}} = n!$ . Thus this function returns

$$ln[a^{\underline{n}}] = ln[\Gamma(a+1)] - ln[\Gamma(a-\nu+1)], ln[a^{\underline{0}}] = 0$$

Many notations exist for this function:  $(a)_{\nu}$ ,

$$\left\{\begin{array}{c} a \\ \nu \end{array}\right\}$$

, and others.

- float gnu cxx::lfalling factorialf (float a, float nu)
- long double \_\_gnu\_cxx::lfalling\_factoriall (long double \_\_a, long double \_\_nu)
- template<typename \_Ta >

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta > __gnu_cxx::lgamma (_Ta __a)
```

template<typename \_Ta >

 $std::complex< \_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Ta>> \_\_gnu\_cxx::lgamma \ (std::complex< \_Ta> \_\_a)$ 

- float \_\_gnu\_cxx::lgammaf (float \_\_a)
- std::complex < float > gnu cxx::lgammaf (std::complex < float > a)
- long double <u>\_\_gnu\_cxx::lgammal</u> (long double <u>\_\_a</u>)
- std::complex < long double > \_\_a)
- template<typename</li>
   Tp >

- float \_\_gnu\_cxx::logintf (float \_\_x)
- long double <u>gnu\_cxx::logintl</u> (long double <u>x</u>)
- template<typename \_Ta , typename \_Tb , typename \_Tp >

Return the logistic cumulative distribution function.

template<typename \_Ta , typename \_Tb , typename \_Tp >

Return the logistic probability density function.

- template<typename \_Tmu , typename \_Tsig , typename \_Tp >
  - \_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tmu, \_Tsig, \_Tp > \_\_gnu\_cxx::lognormal\_p (\_Tmu \_\_mu, \_Tsig \_\_sigma, \_Tp \_\_x)

Return the lognormal cumulative probability density function.

- template<typename \_Tmu , typename \_Tsig , typename \_Tp >
- \_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tmu, \_Tsig, \_Tp > \_\_gnu\_cxx::lognormal\_pdf (\_Tmu \_\_mu, \_Tsig \_\_sigma, \_Tp \_\_x)

Return the lognormal probability density function.

- template<typename \_Tp , typename \_Tnu >

$$\underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} gnu\_cxx:: fp\_promote\_t < \underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} Tp, \underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} Tnu > \underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} gnu\_cxx:: Irising\_factorial (\underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} Tp \underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} \underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} a, \underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} Tnu \underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} \underline{\hspace{0.3cm}} nu)$$

Return the logarithm of the rising factorial function or the (upper) Pochhammer symbol. The rising factorial function is defined for integer order by

$$a^{\overline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(n) = \prod_{k=0}^{\nu-1} (a+k), \overline{0} = 1$$

Thus this function returns

$$ln[a^{\overline{\nu}}] = ln[\Gamma(a+\nu)] - ln[\Gamma(\nu)], ln[a^{\overline{0}}] = 0$$

Many notations exist for this function:  $(a)_{\nu}$  (especially in the literature of special functions),

$$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ \nu \end{bmatrix}$$

, and others.

```
    float __gnu_cxx::lrising_factorialf (float __a, float __nu)

    long double __gnu_cxx::lrising_factoriall (long double __a, long double __nu)

- template<typename _Tmu , typename _Tsig , typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tmu, _Tsig, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::normal_p (_Tmu __mu, _Tsig __sigma, _Tp __x)
      Return the normal cumulative probability density function.
- template<typename _Tmu , typename _Tsig , typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tmu, Tsig, Tp > gnu cxx::normal pdf ( Tmu mu, Tsig sigma, Tp x)
      Return the gamma cumulative propability distribution function.
• template<typename Tph, typename Tpa>
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tph, _Tpa > __gnu_cxx::owens_t (_Tph __h, _Tpa __a)

    float gnu cxx::owens tf (float h, float a)

• long double and cxx::owens tl (long double h, long double a)
template<typename Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::polygamma (unsigned int __m, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::polygammaf (unsigned int __m, float __x)

• long double gnu cxx::polygammal (unsigned int m, long double x)
• template<typename _Tp , typename _Wp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Wp > __gnu_cxx::polylog (_Tp __s, _Wp __w)
• template<typename Tp, typename Wp>
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Wp >> __gnu_cxx::polylog (_Tp __s, std::complex< _Tp >

    float gnu cxx::polylogf (float s, float w)

    std::complex< float > gnu cxx::polylogf (float s, std::complex< float > w)

    long double __gnu_cxx::polylogl (long double __s, long double __w)

• std::complex < long double > gnu cxx::polylogl (long double s, std::complex < long double > w)
template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::rp promote t< Tp > gnu cxx::radpoly (unsigned int n, unsigned int m, Tp rho)

    float __gnu_cxx::radpolyf (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m, float __rho)

• long double gnu cxx::radpolyl (unsigned int n, unsigned int m, long double rho)
• template<typename _Tp , typename _Tnu >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tnu > <u>__gnu_cxx::rising_factorial</u> (_Tp <u>__</u>a, _Tnu <u>_</u>_nu)
      Return the rising factorial function or the (upper) Pochhammer function. The rising factorial function is defined by
                                                  a^{\overline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(\nu)
     Many notations exist for this function: (a)_{\nu}, (especially in the literature of special functions),
      , and others.

    float gnu cxx::rising factorialf (float a, float nu)

    long double gnu cxx::rising factoriall (long double a, long double nu)

template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::sin_pi (_Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::sin_pif (float __x)

    long double <u>__gnu_cxx::sin_pil</u> (long double <u>__x)</u>

template<typename _Tp >
   gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > gnu cxx::sinc (Tp x)
template<typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::sinc_pi (_Tp __x)
float __gnu_cxx::sinc_pif (float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::sinc pil (long double x)
```

```
    float __gnu_cxx::sincf (float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::sincl (long double x)

  __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< double > __gnu_cxx::sincos (double __x)
template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp >> __gnu_cxx::sincos (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
   gnu cxx:: sincos t < gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp >> gnu cxx::sincos pi (Tp x)

    __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< float > __gnu_cxx::sincos_pif (float __x)

    gnu cxx:: sincos t < long double > gnu cxx::sincos pil (long double x)

  __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< float > __gnu_cxx::sincosf (float __x)
  gnu cxx:: sincos t < long double > gnu cxx::sincosl (long double x)
template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::sinh_pi (_Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::sinh_pif (float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::sinh_pil (long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
   gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > gnu cxx::sinhc (Tp x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::sinhc_pi (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::sinhc pif (float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::sinhc_pil (long double __x)

    float gnu cxx::sinhcf (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::sinhcl (long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
   gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > gnu cxx::sinhint (Tp x)

    float gnu cxx::sinhintf (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::sinhintl (long double x)

template<typename_Tp>
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::sinint (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::sinintf (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::sinintl (long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::sph_bessel_i (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::sph_bessel_if (unsigned int __n, float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::sph_bessel_il (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
   \label{eq:cx::sph_bessel_k} $$ _gnu_cxx::sph_bessel_k (unsigned int \__n, _Tp \quad x) $$

    float gnu cxx::sph bessel kf (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::sph_bessel_kl (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp >> gnu cxx::sph hankel 1 (unsigned int n, Tp z)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp >> __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_1 (unsigned int __n, std::complex<
  _{\rm Tp} > _{\rm x}

    std::complex< float > gnu cxx::sph hankel 1f (unsigned int n, float z)

    std::complex< float > __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_1f (unsigned int __n, std::complex< float > __x)

• std::complex < long double > gnu cxx::sph hankel 1l (unsigned int n, long double z)

    std::complex < long double > __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_1l (unsigned int __n, std::complex < long double > __x)

template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex < __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t < _Tp > > __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_2 (unsigned int __n, _Tp __z)
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp>> gnu cxx::sph hankel 2 (unsigned int n, std::complex<
  \mathsf{Tp} > \mathsf{x}

    std::complex < float > __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_2f (unsigned int __n, float __z)

    std::complex < float > gnu cxx::sph hankel 2f (unsigned int n, std::complex < float > x)

    std::complex < long double > __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_2l (unsigned int __n, long double __z)

• std::complex < long double > __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_2l (unsigned int __n, std::complex < long double > __x)
• template<typename _Ttheta , typename _Tphi >
  std::complex< gnu cxx::fp promote t< Ttheta, Tphi >> gnu cxx::sph harmonic (unsigned int I, int
  __m, _Ttheta __theta, _Tphi __phi)

    std::complex < float > __gnu_cxx::sph_harmonicf (unsigned int __l, int __m, float __theta, float __phi)

• std::complex < long double > gnu cxx::sph harmonicl (unsigned int I, int m, long double theta, long
  double phi)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __gnu_cxx::stirling_1 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp gnu cxx::stirling 2 (unsigned int n, unsigned int m)

    template<typename _Tt , typename _Tp >

  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::student_t_p (_Tt __t, unsigned int __nu)
     Return the Students T probability function.
• template<typename Tt, typename Tp>
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::student_t_pdf (_Tt __t, unsigned int __nu)
     Return the complement of the Students T probability function.
template<typename</li>Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::tan_pi (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::tan pif (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::tan pil (long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > gnu cxx::tanh pi (Tp x)

    float gnu cxx::tanh pif (float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::tanh_pil (long double __x)

    template<typename</li>
    Ta >

   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta > __gnu_cxx::tgamma (_Ta __a)
template<typename _Ta >
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta >> __gnu_cxx::tgamma (std::complex< _Ta > __a)
• template<typename Ta, typename Tp>
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::tgamma (_Ta __a, _Tp __x)
• template<typename _Ta , typename _Tp >
   gnu cxx::fp promote t < Ta, Tp > gnu cxx::tgamma lower ( Ta a, Tp x)

    float gnu cxx::tgamma lowerf (float a, float x)

    long double gnu cxx::tgamma lowerl (long double a, long double x)

    float gnu cxx::tgammaf (float a)

• std::complex< float > gnu cxx::tgammaf (std::complex< float > a)

    float __gnu_cxx::tgammaf (float __a, float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::tgammal (long double a)

    std::complex < long double > __gnu_cxx::tgammal (std::complex < long double > __a)

• long double gnu cxx::tgammal (long double a, long double x)
• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::theta_1 (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

    float gnu_cxx::theta_1f (float __nu, float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::theta_1l (long double __nu, long double __x)
```

```
    template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::theta_2 (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::theta_2f (float __nu, float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::theta_2l (long double __nu, long double __x)

• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::theta_3 (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::theta_3f (float __nu, float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::theta_3l (long double __nu, long double __x)

• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::theta_4 (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)
float __gnu_cxx::theta_4f (float __nu, float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::theta 4l (long double nu, long double x)

• template<typename _{\rm Tpk}, typename _{\rm Tp}>
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpk, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::theta_c (_Tpk __k, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::theta_cf (float __k, float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::theta cl (long double k, long double x)

template<typename _Tpk , typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpk, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::theta_d (_Tpk __k, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::theta df (float k, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::theta_dl (long double __k, long double __x)

    template<typename Tpk, typename Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpk, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::theta_n (_Tpk __k, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::theta_nf (float __k, float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::theta nl (long double k, long double x)

ullet template<typename _Tpk , typename _Tp >
    \_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t < \_Tpk, \_Tp > \_\_gnu\_cxx::theta\_s (\_Tpk \_\_k, Tp x)

    float __gnu_cxx::theta_sf (float __k, float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::theta sl (long double k, long double x)

template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tpc , typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpa, _Tpc, _Tp > <u>__gnu_</u>cxx::tricomi_u (_Tpa __a, _Tpc __c, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::tricomi uf (float a, float c, float x)

    long double gnu cxx::tricomi ul (long double a, long double c, long double x)

• template<typename Ta, typename Tb, typename Tp>
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tb, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::weibull_p (_Ta __a, _Tb __b, _Tp __x)
     Return the Weibull cumulative probability density function.

    template<typename _Ta , typename _Tb , typename _Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tb, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::weibull_pdf (_Ta __a, _Tb __b, _Tp __x)
     Return the Weibull probability density function.
• template<typename _Trho , typename _Tphi >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Trho, _Tphi > <u>__gnu_cxx</u>::zernike (unsigned int __n, int __m, _Trho __rho, _Tphi
   phi)
        _gnu_cxx::zernikef (unsigned int __n, int __m, float __rho, float __phi)

    float

    long double gnu cxx::zernikel (unsigned int n, int m, long double rho, long double phi)
```

## 8.3.1 Detailed Description

An extended collection of advanced mathematical special functions for GNU.

## 8.3.2 Function Documentation

**8.3.2.1** airy\_ai() [1/2]

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::airy_ai (
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Airy function Ai(x) of real argument x.

The Airy function is defined by:

$$Ai(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \cos\left(\frac{t^3}{3} + xt\right) dt$$

**Template Parameters** 

#### **Parameters**

_~	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 2821 of file specfun.h.

**8.3.2.2** airy\_ai() [2/2]

Return the Airy function Ai(x) of complex argument x.

The Airy function is defined by:

$$Ai(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \cos\left(\frac{t^3}{3} + xt\right) dt$$

**Template Parameters** 

\_Tp The real type of the argument

#### **Parameters**

_~	The complex argument
_X	

Definition at line 2841 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.3 airy_aif()
```

Return the Airy function Ai(x) for float argument x.

See also

airy\_ai for details.

Definition at line 2794 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.4 airy\_ail()

Return the Airy function Ai(x) for long double argument x.

See also

airy\_ai for details.

Definition at line 2804 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.5 airy_bi() [1/2]
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::airy_bi (
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Airy function Bi(x) of real argument x.

The Airy function is defined by:

$$Bi(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \left[ \exp\left(-\frac{t^3}{3} + xt\right) + \sin\left(\frac{t^3}{3} + xt\right) \right] dt$$

## **Template Parameters**

_Tp The real type of the argume
---------------------------------

#### **Parameters**

_~	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 2883 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.6 airy_bi() [2/2]
```

Return the Airy function Bi(x) of complex argument x.

The Airy function is defined by:

$$Bi(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \left[ \exp\left(-\frac{t^3}{3} + xt\right) + \sin\left(\frac{t^3}{3} + xt\right) \right] dt$$

### **Template Parameters**

_Tp The real type of the argumer	nt
----------------------------------	----

## **Parameters**

_~	The complex argument
_X	

Definition at line 2904 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.7 airy\_bif()

Return the Airy function Bi(x) for float argument x.

#### See also

airy\_bi for details.

Definition at line 2855 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.8 airy\_bil()

Return the Airy function Bi(x) for long double argument x.

See also

airy\_bi for details.

Definition at line 2865 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.9 bernoulli() [1/2]

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::bernoulli (
          unsigned int __n ) [inline]
```

Return the Bernoulli number of integer order n.

The Bernoulli numbers are defined by

$$B_{2n} = (-1)^{n+1} 2 \frac{(2n)!}{(2\pi)^{2n}} \zeta(2n), B_1 = -1/2$$

All odd Bernoulli numbers except  ${\cal B}_1$  are zero.

### **Parameters**

_~	The order.
_n	

Definition at line 4318 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.10 bernoulli() [2/2]

Return the Bernoulli polynomial  $B_n(x)$  of order n at argument x.

The values at 0 and 1 are equal to the corresponding Bernoulli number:

$$B_n(0) = B_n(1) = B_n$$

The derivative is proportional to the previous polynomial:

$$B_n'(x) = n * B_{n-1}(x)$$

The series expansion for the Bernoulli polynomials is:

$$B_n(x) = \sum_{k=0}^n B_k \binom{n}{k} x^{n-k}$$

A useful argument promotion is:

$$B_n(x+1) - B_n(x) = n * x^{n-1}$$

Definition at line 6880 of file specfun.h.

References std::\_\_detail::\_\_bernoulli().

## 8.3.2.11 bernoullif()

Return the Bernoulli number of integer order n as a float.

See also

bernoulli for details.

Definition at line 4291 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.12 bernoullil()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::bernoullil (
          unsigned int __n ) [inline]
```

Return the Bernoulli number of integer order n as a long double.

See also

bernoulli for details.

Definition at line 4301 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.13 binomial()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::binomial (
          unsigned int __n,
          unsigned int __k ) [inline]
```

Return the binomial coefficient as a real number. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} t^k$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The first argument of the binomial coefficient.
_n	
_~	The second argument of the binomial coefficient.
_k	

### Returns

The binomial coefficient.

Definition at line 4234 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.14 binomial\_p()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::binomial_p (
    __Tp __p,
    unsigned int __n,
    unsigned int __k)
```

Return the binomial cumulative distribution function.

The binomial cumulative distribution function is related to the incomplete beta function:

$$P(k|n,p) = I_p(k, n-k+1)$$

### **Parameters**

_←	
_p	
_ <del>\</del>	
_n	
1	
_k	

Definition at line 6733 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.15 binomial\_pdf()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::binomial_pdf (
    _Tp __p,
    unsigned int __n,
    unsigned int __k)
```

Return the binomial probability mass function.

The binomial cumulative distribution function is related to the incomplete beta function:

$$f(k|n,p) = \binom{n}{k} p^k (1-p)^{n-k}$$

#### **Parameters**

_←	
_p	
_~	
_n	
_~	
k	

Definition at line 6712 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.16 binomialf()

```
float __gnu_cxx::binomialf (
          unsigned int __n,
          unsigned int __k ) [inline]
```

Return the binomial coefficient as a float.

See also

binomial for details.

Definition at line 4205 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.17 binomial()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::binomiall (
          unsigned int __n,
          unsigned int __k ) [inline]
```

Return the binomial coefficient as a long double.

See also

binomial for details.

Definition at line 4214 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.18 bose\_einstein()

```
template<typename _Tps , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tps, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::bose_einstein (
    __Tps ___s,
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Bose-Einstein integral of integer or real order s and real argument x.

### See also

```
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clausen_function
http://dlmf.nist.gov/25.12.16
```

$$G_s(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s+1)} \int_0^\infty \frac{t^s}{e^{t-x} - 1} dt = Li_{s+1}(e^x)$$

#### **Parameters**

_←	The order $s >= 0$ .
_s	
_←	The real argument.

### Returns

The real Bose-Einstein integral  $G_s(x)$ ,

Definition at line 6111 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.19 bose\_einsteinf()

Return the Bose-Einstein integral of float order s and argument x.

## See also

bose\_einstein for details.

Definition at line 6081 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.20 bose\_einsteinl()

Return the Bose-Einstein integral of long double order s and argument x.

#### See also

bose\_einstein for details.

Definition at line 6091 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.21 chebyshev\_t()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_t (
          unsigned int __n,
           _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Chebyshev polynomial of the first kind  $T_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and real argument x.

The Chebyshev polynomial of the first kind is defined by:

$$T_n(x) = \cos(n\theta)$$

where  $\theta = \arccos(x)$ ,  $-1 \le x \le +1$ .

# **Template Parameters**

#### **Parameters**

_~	The non-negative integral order
_n	
_~	The real argument $-1 \le x \le +1$
_X	

Definition at line 2052 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.22 chebyshev\_tf()

```
float __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_tf (
          unsigned int __n,
          float __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Chebyshev polynomials of the first kind  $T_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and float argument x.

### See also

chebyshev\_t for details.

Definition at line 2023 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.23 chebyshev\_tl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_tl (
          unsigned int __n,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Chebyshev polynomials of the first kind  $T_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and real argument x.

### See also

chebyshev\_t for details.

Definition at line 2033 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.24 chebyshev\_u()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_u (
          unsigned int __n,
           _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Chebyshev polynomial of the second kind  $U_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and real argument x.

The Chebyshev polynomial of the second kind is defined by:

$$U_n(x) = \frac{\sin[(n+1)\theta]}{\sin(\theta)}$$

where  $\theta = \arccos(x)$ ,  $-1 \le x \le +1$ .

### **Template Parameters**

_Tp   The real type of the argument	t
-------------------------------------	---

#### **Parameters**

_~	The non-negative integral order
_n	
_~	The real argument $-1 \le x \le +1$
_X	

Definition at line 2096 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.25 chebyshev\_uf()

```
float __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_uf (
          unsigned int __n,
          float __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Chebyshev polynomials of the second kind  $U_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and float argument x.

#### See also

chebyshev\_u for details.

Definition at line 2067 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.26 chebyshev\_ul()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_ul (
     unsigned int __n,
     long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Chebyshev polynomials of the second kind  $U_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and real argument x.

See also

chebyshev\_u for details.

Definition at line 2077 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.27 chebyshev\_v()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_v (
          unsigned int __n,
          __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Chebyshev polynomial of the third kind  $V_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and real argument x.

The Chebyshev polynomial of the third kind is defined by:

$$V_n(x) = \frac{\cos\left[\left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right)\theta\right]}{\cos\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)}$$

where  $\theta = \arccos(x)$ ,  $-1 \le x \le +1$ .

## **Template Parameters**

_Tp   The real type of the argumen	t
------------------------------------	---

## **Parameters**

_~	The non-negative integral order
_n	
_~	The real argument $-1 \le x \le +1$
_X	

Definition at line 2141 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.28 chebyshev\_vf()

```
float __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_vf (
          unsigned int __n,
          float __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Chebyshev polynomials of the third kind  $V_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and float argument x.

See also

chebyshev\_v for details.

Definition at line 2111 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.29 chebyshev\_vl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_vl (
          unsigned int __n,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Chebyshev polynomials of the third kind  $V_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and real argument x.

See also

chebyshev\_v for details.

Definition at line 2121 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.30 chebyshev\_w()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_w (
          unsigned int __n,
           _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Chebyshev polynomial of the fourth kind  $W_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and real argument x.

The Chebyshev polynomial of the fourth kind is defined by:

$$W_n(x) = \frac{\sin\left[\left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right)\theta\right]}{\sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)}$$

where  $\theta = \arccos(x)$ ,  $-1 \le x \le +1$ .

## **Template Parameters**

The real type of the argument	_Тр
-------------------------------	-----

#### **Parameters**

_~	The non-negative integral order
_n	
_~	The real argument $-1 \le x \le +1$
_X	

Definition at line 2186 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.31 chebyshev\_wf()

Return the Chebyshev polynomials of the fourth kind  $W_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and  ${\tt float}$  argument x.

### See also

chebyshev\_w for details.

Definition at line 2156 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.32 chebyshev\_wl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_wl (
          unsigned int __n,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Chebyshev polynomials of the fourth kind  $W_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and real argument x.

#### See also

chebyshev\_w for details.

Definition at line 2166 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.33 clausen() [1/2]

Return the Clausen function  $C_m(x)$  of integer order m and real argument x.

The Clausen function is defined by

$$C_m(x) = Sl_m(x) = \sum_{k=1}^\infty \frac{\sin(kx)}{k^m} \text{ for even } m = Cl_m(x) = \sum_{k=1}^\infty \frac{\cos(kx)}{k^m} \text{ for odd } m$$

### **Template Parameters**

Γ	_Тр	The real type of the argument
---	-----	-------------------------------

#### **Parameters**

_~	The integral order
_m	
_~	The real argument
_X	

Definition at line 5362 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.34 clausen() [2/2]

Return the Clausen function  $C_m(z)$  of integer order m and complex argument z.

The Clausen function is defined by

$$C_m(z) = Sl_m(z) = \sum_{k=1}^\infty \frac{\sin(kx)}{k^m} \text{ for even } m = Cl_m(z) = \sum_{k=1}^\infty \frac{\cos(kx)}{k^m} \text{ for odd } m$$

### **Template Parameters**

Тр	The real type of the complex components
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

#### **Parameters**

_~	The integral order
_m	
_←	The complex argument
_Z	

Definition at line 5406 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.35 clausen\_cl()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::clausen_cl (
          unsigned int __m,
          __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Clausen cosine function  $Cl_m(x)$  of order m and real argument x.

The Clausen cosine function is defined by

$$Cl_m(x) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(kx)}{k^m}$$

## **Template Parameters**

_Tp The real type of the argume
---------------------------------

### **Parameters**

_~	The unsigned integer order
_m	
_~	The real argument
_x	

Definition at line 5317 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.36 clausen\_clf()

```
float __gnu_cxx::clausen_clf (
          unsigned int __m,
          float __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Clausen cosine function  $Cl_m(x)$  of order m and  ${\tt float}$  argument x.

#### See also

clausen\_cl for details.

Definition at line 5289 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.37 clausen\_cll()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::clausen_cll (
     unsigned int __m,
     long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Clausen cosine function  $Cl_m(x)$  of order m and long double argument x.

### See also

clausen\_cl for details.

Definition at line 5299 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.38 clausen\_sl()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::clausen_sl (
          unsigned int __m,
          __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Clausen sine function  $Sl_m(x)$  of order m and real argument x.

The Clausen sine function is defined by

$$Sl_m(x) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(kx)}{k^m}$$

## **Template Parameters**

Tp The real type of the argument
----------------------------------

#### **Parameters**

_~	The unsigned integer order
_m	
_~	The real argument
_x	

Definition at line 5274 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.39 clausen\_slf()

```
float __gnu_cxx::clausen_slf (
          unsigned int __m,
          float __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Clausen sine function  $Sl_m(x)$  of order m and float argument x.

See also

clausen\_sl for details.

Definition at line 5246 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.40 clausen\_sll()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::clausen_sll (
          unsigned int __m,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Clausen sine function  $Sl_m(x)$  of order m and long double argument x.

See also

clausen\_sl for details.

Definition at line 5256 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.41 clausenf() [1/2]

```
float __gnu_cxx::clausenf (
          unsigned int __m,
          float __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Clausen function  $C_m(x)$  of integer order m and float argument x.

See also

clausen for details.

Definition at line 5332 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.42 clausenf() [2/2]

```
std::complex<float> __gnu_cxx::clausenf (
          unsigned int __m,
          std::complex< float > __z ) [inline]
```

Return the Clausen function  $C_m(z)$  of integer order m and std::complex<float> argument z.

See also

clausen for details.

Definition at line 5377 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.43 clausenl() [1/2]

```
long double __gnu_cxx::clausenl (
         unsigned int __m,
         long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Clausen function  $C_m(x)$  of integer order m and long double argument x.

See also

clausen for details.

Definition at line 5342 of file specfun.h.

### **8.3.2.44 clausenl()** [2/2]

Return the Clausen function  $C_m(z)$  of integer order m and std::complex<long double> argument <math>z.

See also

clausen for details.

Definition at line 5387 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.45 comp\_ellint\_d()

```
template<typename _Tk >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tk> __gnu_cxx::comp_ellint_d (
    __Tk ___k ) [inline]
```

Return the complete Legendre elliptic integral D(k) of real modulus k.

The complete Legendre elliptic integral D is defined by

$$D(k) = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^2 \theta d\theta}{\sqrt{1 - k^2 \sin 2\theta}}$$

# **Template Parameters**

```
_Tk The type of the modulus k
```

#### **Parameters**

Definition at line 4534 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.46 comp\_ellint\_df()

Return the complete Legendre elliptic integral D(k) of float modulus k.

#### See also

comp\_ellint\_d for details.

Definition at line 4507 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.47 comp\_ellint\_dl()

Return the complete Legendre elliptic integral D(k) of long double modulus k.

#### See also

comp\_ellint\_d for details.

Definition at line 4517 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.48 comp\_ellint\_rf() [1/3]

Return the complete Carlson elliptic function  $R_F(x,y,z)$  for float arguments.

See also

comp\_ellint\_rf for details.

Definition at line 3164 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.49 comp\_ellint\_rf() [2/3]

Return the complete Carlson elliptic function  $R_F(x,y)$  for long double arguments.

See also

comp\_ellint\_rf for details.

Definition at line 3174 of file specfun.h.

## **8.3.2.50** comp\_ellint\_rf() [3/3]

```
template<typename _Tx , typename _Ty >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tx, _Ty> __gnu_cxx::comp_ellint_rf (
    __Tx ___x,
    __Ty __y ) [inline]
```

Return the complete Carlson elliptic function  $R_F(x,y)$  for real arguments.

The complete Carlson elliptic function of the first kind is defined by:

$$R_F(x,y) = R_F(x,y,y) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \frac{dt}{(t+x)^{1/2}(t+y)}$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The first argument.
_X	
_~	The second argument.
y	

Definition at line 3192 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.51 comp\_ellint\_rg() [1/3]

Return the Carlson complementary elliptic function  $R_G(x, y)$ .

See also

comp\_ellint\_rg for details.

Definition at line 3397 of file specfun.h.

## **8.3.2.52** comp\_ellint\_rg() [2/3]

Return the Carlson complementary elliptic function  $R_G(x,y)$ .

See also

comp\_ellint\_rg for details.

Definition at line 3406 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.53 comp\_ellint\_rg() [3/3]

```
template<typename _Tx , typename _Ty >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tx, _Ty> __gnu_cxx::comp_ellint_rg (
    __Tx ___x,
    __Ty ___y ) [inline]
```

Return the complete Carlson elliptic function  $R_G(x,y)$  for real arguments.

The complete Carlson elliptic function is defined by:

$$R_G(x,y) = R_G(x,y,y) = \frac{1}{4} \int_0^\infty dt t(t+x)^{-1/2} (t+y)^{-1} (\frac{x}{t+x} + \frac{2y}{t+y})$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The first argument.
_X	
_~	The second argument.
_У	

Definition at line 3425 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.54 conf\_hyperg()

```
template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tpc , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tpa, _Tpc, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::conf_hyperg (
    __Tpa __a,
    __Tpc __c,
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the confluent hypergeometric function  ${}_1F_1(a;c;x)$  of real numerator parameter a, denominator parameter c, and argument x.

The confluent hypergeometric function is defined by

$$_{1}F_{1}(a;c;x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(a)_{n}x^{n}}{(c)_{n}n!}$$

where the Pochhammer symbol is  $(x)_k = (x)(x+1)...(x+k-1), (x)_0 = 1$ 

#### **Parameters**

_~	The numerator parameter
_a	
_←	The denominator parameter
_c	
_←	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 1431 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.55 conf\_hyperg\_lim()

```
template<typename _Tpc , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tpc, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::conf_hyperg_lim (
```

Return the confluent hypergeometric limit function  ${}_0F_1(;c;x)$  of real numerator parameter c and argument x.

The confluent hypergeometric limit function is defined by

$$_{0}F_{1}(;c;x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{n}}{(c)_{n}n!}$$

where the Pochhammer symbol is  $(x)_k = (x)(x+1)...(x+k-1)$ ,  $(x)_0 = 1$ 

#### **Parameters**

_~	The denominator parameter
_c	
_~	The argument
_x	

Definition at line 1576 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.56 conf\_hyperg\_limf()

Return the confluent hypergeometric limit function  ${}_0F_1(;c;x)$  of float numerator parameter c and argument x.

### See also

conf\_hyperg\_lim for details.

Definition at line 1547 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.57 conf\_hyperg\_liml()

Return the confluent hypergeometric limit function  ${}_0F_1(;c;x)$  of long double numerator parameter c and argument x.

#### See also

conf\_hyperg\_lim for details.

Definition at line 1557 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.58 conf\_hypergf()

Return the confluent hypergeometric function  ${}_1F_1(a;c;x)$  of float numerator parameter a, denominator parameter c, and argument x.

See also

conf\_hyperg for details.

Definition at line 1399 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.59 conf\_hypergl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::conf_hypergl (
          long double __a,
          long double __c,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the confluent hypergeometric function  ${}_1F_1(a;c;x)$  of long double numerator parameter a, denominator parameter c, and argument x.

See also

conf\_hyperg for details.

Definition at line 1410 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.60 cos\_pi()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::cos_pi (
    _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the reperiodized cosine function  $\cos_{\pi}(x)$  for real argument x.

The reperiodized cosine function is defined by:

$$\cos_{\pi}(x) = \cos(\pi x)$$

### **Template Parameters**

_Тр	The floating-point type of the argument _	x.
-----	---	----

#### **Parameters**

```
_← The argument
```

Definition at line 6237 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.61 cos\_pif()

Return the reperiodized cosine function  $\cos_{\pi}(x)$  for float argument x.

#### See also

cos\_pi for more details.

Definition at line 6210 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.62 cos\_pil()

Return the reperiodized cosine function  $\cos_{\pi}(x)$  for long double argument x.

#### See also

cos\_pi for more details.

Definition at line 6220 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.63 cosh\_pi()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::cosh_pi (
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic cosine function  $\cosh_{\pi}(x)$  for real argument x.

The reperiodized hyperbolic cosine function is defined by:

$$\cosh_{\pi}(x) = \cosh(\pi x)$$

### **Template Parameters**

_Тр	The floating-point type of the argument _	x.
-----	---	----

#### **Parameters**

_←	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 6279 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.64 cosh\_pif()

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic cosine function  $\cosh_{\pi}(x)$  for float argument x.

#### See also

cosh\_pi for more details.

Definition at line 6252 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.65 cosh\_pil()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::cosh_pil (
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic cosine function  $\cosh_{\pi}(x)$  for long double argument x.

## See also

cosh\_pi for more details.

Definition at line 6262 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.66 coshint()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::coshint (
    __Tp ___x ) [inline]
```

Return the hyperbolic cosine integral Chi(x) of real argument x.

The hyperbolic cosine integral is defined by

$$Chi(x) = -\int_{x}^{\infty} \frac{\cosh(t)}{t} dt = \gamma_E + \ln(x) + \int_{0}^{x} \frac{\cosh(t) - 1}{t} dt$$

## **Template Parameters**

_Tp The type of the real argumer
----------------------------------

#### **Parameters**

_~	The real argument
_X	

Definition at line 1858 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.67 coshintf()

Return the hyperbolic cosine integral of float argument x.

### See also

coshint for details.

Definition at line 1830 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.68 coshintl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::coshintl (
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the hyperbolic cosine integral Chi(x) of long double argument x.

## See also

coshint for details.

Definition at line 1840 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.69 cosint()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::cosint (
    __Tp ___x ) [inline]
```

Return the cosine integral Ci(x) of real argument x.

The cosine integral is defined by

$$Ci(x) = -\int_{x}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(t)}{t} dt = \gamma_E + \ln(x) + \int_{0}^{x} \frac{\cos(t) - 1}{t} dt$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The real upper integration limit
_x	

Definition at line 1775 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.70 cosintf()

Return the cosine integral Ci(x) of float argument x.

See also

cosint for details.

Definition at line 1749 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.71 cosintl()

Return the cosine integral Ci(x) of long double argument x.

See also

cosint for details.

Definition at line 1759 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.72 cyl\_hankel\_1() [1/2]

Return the cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind  $H_n^{(1)}(x)$  of real order  $\nu$  and argument x>=0.

The spherical Hankel function of the first kind is defined by:

$$H_{\nu}^{(1)}(x) = J_{\nu}(x) + iN_{\nu}(x)$$

where  $J_{\nu}(x)$  and  $N_{\nu}(x)$  are the cylindrical Bessel and Neumann functions respectively (

See also

cyl\_bessel and cyl\_neumann).

### **Template Parameters**

_Tp The real type of the argument	
-----------------------------------	--

#### **Parameters**

nu	The real order
z	The real argument

Definition at line 2548 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.73 cyl_hankel_1() [2/2]
```

Return the complex cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind  $H_{\nu}^{(1)}(x)$  of complex order  $\nu$  and argument x.

The cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind is defined by

$$H_{\nu}^{(1)}(x) = J_{\nu}(x) + iN_{\nu}(x)$$

### **Template Parameters**

_Tpnu	The complex type of the order
_Тр	The complex type of the argument

#### **Parameters**

nu	The complex order
x	The complex argument

Definition at line 4811 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.74 cyl\_hankel\_1f() [1/2]

Return the cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind  $H_{\nu}^{(1)}(x)$  of float order  $\nu$  and argument x>=0.

#### See also

```
cyl_hankel_1 for details.
```

Definition at line 2516 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.75 cyl_hankel_1f() [2/2]
```

```
\label{eq:std::complex} $$ std::complex < float > \__nu, $$ std::complex < float > \__x ) [inline]
```

Return the complex cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind  $H^{(1)}_{\nu}(x)$  of std::complex<float> order  $\nu$  and argument x.

### See also

```
cyl_hankel_1 for more details.
```

Definition at line 4780 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.76 cyl_hankel_1l() [1/2]
```

Return the cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind  $H^{(1)}_{\nu}(x)$  of long double order  $\nu$  and argument x>=0.

## See also

```
cyl_hankel_1 for details.
```

Definition at line 2527 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.77 cyl\_hankel\_1l() [2/2]

Return the complex cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind  $H_{\nu}^{(1)}(x)$  of std::complex<long double> order  $\nu$  and argument x.

See also

cyl hankel 1 for more details.

Definition at line 4791 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.78 cyl\_hankel\_2() [1/2]

```
template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp > std::complex<__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tpnu, _Tp> > __gnu_cxx::cyl_hankel_2 ( __Tpnu __nu, __Tp __z ) [inline]
```

Return the cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind  $H_n^{(2)}(x)$  of real order  $\nu$  and argument x >= 0.

The cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind is defined by:

$$H_{\nu}^{(2)}(x) = J_{\nu}(x) - iN_{\nu}(x)$$

where  $J_{
u}(x)$  and  $N_{
u}(x)$  are the cylindrical Bessel and Neumann functions respectively (

See also

cyl\_bessel and cyl\_neumann).

## **Template Parameters**

_Тр	The real type of the argument
-----	-------------------------------

#### **Parameters**

nu	The real order
z	The real argument

Definition at line 2596 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.79 cyl\_hankel\_2() [2/2]

Return the complex cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind  $H_{\nu}^{(2)}(x)$  of complex order  $\nu$  and argument x.

The cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind is defined by

$$H_{\nu}^{(2)}(x) = J_{\nu}(x) - iN_{\nu}(x)$$

#### **Template Parameters**

_Tpnu	The complex type of the order
_Тр	The complex type of the argument

### **Parameters**

nu	The complex order
x	The complex argument

Definition at line 4858 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.80 cyl\_hankel\_2f() [1/2]

Return the cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind  $H^{(2)}_{\nu}(x)$  of float order  $\nu$  and argument x>=0.

### See also

cyl\_hankel\_2 for details.

Definition at line 2564 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.81 cyl_hankel_2f() [2/2]
```

Return the complex cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind  $H_{\nu}^{(2)}(x)$  of std::complex<float> order  $\nu$  and argument x.

See also

cyl\_hankel\_2 for more details.

Definition at line 4827 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.82 cyl_hankel_2l() [1/2]
```

Return the cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind  $H_{\nu}^{(2)}(x)$  of long double order  $\nu$  and argument x >= 0.

See also

```
cyl hankel 2 for details.
```

Definition at line 2575 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.83 cyl_hankel_2l() [2/2]
```

Return the complex cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind  $H^{(2)}_{\nu}(x)$  of std::complex<long double> order  $\nu$  and argument x.

See also

```
cyl hankel 2 for more details.
```

Definition at line 4838 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.84 dawson()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::dawson (
    __Tp ___x ) [inline]
```

Return the Dawson integral, F(x), for real argument x.

The Dawson integral is defined by:

$$F(x) = e^{-x^2} \int_0^x e^{y^2} dy$$

and it's derivative is:

$$F'(x) = 1 - 2xF(x)$$

#### **Parameters**

Definition at line 3808 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.85 dawsonf()

Return the Dawson integral, F(x), for float argument x.

See also

dawson for details.

Definition at line 3779 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.86 dawsonl()

Return the Dawson integral, F(x), for long double argument x.

See also

dawson for details.

Definition at line 3789 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.87 debye()

Return the Debye function  $D_n(x)$  of positive order n and real argument x.

The Debye function is defined by:

$$D_n(x) = \frac{n}{x^n} \int_0^x \frac{t^n}{e^t - 1} dt$$

### **Template Parameters**

#### **Parameters**

_~	The positive integral order
_n	
_~	The real argument $x>=0$
_X	

Definition at line 6849 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.88 debyef()

Return the Debye function  $D_n(x)$  of positive order n and float argument x.

#### See also

debye for details.

Definition at line 6821 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.89 debyel()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::debyel (
    unsigned int __n,
    long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Debye function  $D_n(x)$  of positive order n and real argument x.

See also

debye for details.

Definition at line 6831 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.90 digamma()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::digamma (
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the digamma or psi function of argument x.

The the digamma or psi function is defined by

$$\psi(x) = \frac{d}{dx}log\left(\Gamma(x)\right) = \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)},$$

the logarithmic derivative of the gamma function.

## **Parameters**

```
_ ← The parameter _ x
```

Definition at line 3571 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.91 digammaf()

Return the digamma or psi function of float argument x.

See also

digamma for details.

Definition at line 3544 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.92 digammal()

Return the digamma or psi function of long double argument x.

See also

digamma for details.

Definition at line 3554 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.93 dilog()

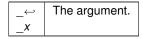
```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::dilog (
    _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the dilogarithm function  $Li_2(z)$  for real argument.

The dilogarithm is defined by:

$$Li_2(x) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^k}{k^2}$$

#### **Parameters**



Definition at line 3149 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.94 dilogf()

Return the dilogarithm function  $Li_2(z)$  for float argument.

See also

dilog for details.

Definition at line 3123 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.95 dilogl()

Return the dilogarithm function  $Li_2(z)$  for long double argument.

See also

dilog for details.

Definition at line 3133 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.96 dirichlet\_beta()

```
template<typename _Tp > 
  _Tp __gnu_cxx::dirichlet_beta (   _Tp \__s ) \quad [inline]
```

Return the Dirichlet beta function of real argument s.

The Dirichlet beta function is defined by:

$$\beta(s) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{(2k+1)^s}$$

An important reflection formula is:

$$\beta(1-s) = \left(\frac{2}{\pi}\right)^s \sin(\frac{\pi s}{2}) \Gamma(s) \beta(s)$$

The Dirichlet beta function, in terms of the polylogarithm, is

$$\beta(s) = \operatorname{Im} Li_s(i)$$

#### **Parameters**



Definition at line 5188 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.97 dirichlet\_betaf()

Return the Dirichlet beta function of real argument s.

See also

dirichlet beta for details.

Definition at line 5153 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.98 dirichlet\_betal()

Return the Dirichlet beta function of real argument s.

See also

dirichlet\_beta for details.

Definition at line 5162 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.99 dirichlet\_eta()

Return the Dirichlet eta function of real argument s.

The Dirichlet eta function is defined by

$$\eta(s) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{k^s} = (1 - 2^{1-s}) \zeta(s)$$

An important reflection formula is:

$$\eta(-s) = 2\frac{1-2^{-s-1}}{1-2^{-s}}\pi^{-s-1}s\sin(\frac{\pi s}{2})\Gamma(s)\eta(s+1)$$

The Dirichlet eta function, in terms of the polylogarithm, is

$$\eta(s) = -\operatorname{Re} Li_s(-1)$$

#### **Parameters**



Definition at line 5139 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.100 dirichlet\_etaf()

Return the Dirichlet eta function of real argument s.

See also

dirichlet eta for details.

Definition at line 5103 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.101 dirichlet\_etal()

```
long double \__{gnu\_cxx}::dirichlet_etal ( long double \__s ) [inline]
```

Return the Dirichlet eta function of real argument s.

See also

dirichlet\_eta for details.

Definition at line 5112 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.102 dirichlet\_lambda()

```
\label{template} $$ \ensuremath{\tt template}$ $$ $$ \ensuremath{\tt template}$ $$ $$ \ensuremath{\tt Tp} $$ $$ \ensuremath{\tt gnu\_cxx::dirichlet\_lambda}$ ( $$ \ensuremath{\tt Tp} $$ \ensuremath{\tt Lp} $$ \ensuremath{\tt Jp} $$ \ensuremath{\tt lambda}$ \ensuremath{\tt lambda}$ ( $$ \ensuremath{\tt lambda}$) $$ \ensuremath{\tt line}$ \ensuremath{\tt lambda}$ \ens
```

Return the Dirichlet lambda function of real argument s.

The Dirichlet lambda function is defined by

$$\lambda(s) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2k+1)^s} = (1 - 2^{-s}) \zeta(s)$$

In terms of the Riemann zeta and the Dirichlet eta functions

$$\lambda(s) = \frac{1}{2}(\zeta(s) + \eta(s))$$

#### **Parameters**



Definition at line 5231 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.103 dirichlet\_lambdaf()

Return the Dirichlet lambda function of real argument s.

See also

dirichlet\_lambda for details.

Definition at line 5202 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.104 dirichlet\_lambdal()

Return the Dirichlet lambda function of real argument s.

See also

dirichlet\_lambda for details.

Definition at line 5211 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.105 double\_factorial()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::double_factorial (
         int __n ) [inline]
```

Return the double factorial n!! of the argument as a real number.

$$n!! = n(n-2)...(2), 0!! = 1$$

for even n and

$$n!! = n(n-2)...(1), (-1)!! = 1$$

for odd n.

Definition at line 4112 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.106 double\_factorialf()

Return the double factorial n!! of the argument as a float.

See also

double\_factorial for more details

Definition at line 4085 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.107 double\_factoriall()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::double_factoriall (
    int __n ) [inline]
```

Return the double factorial n!! of the argument as a long double .

See also

double\_factorial for more details

Definition at line 4095 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.108 ellint\_cel()

Return the Bulirsch complete elliptic integral  $cel(k_c, p, a, b)$  of real complementary modulus  $k_c$ , and parameters p, a, and b.

The Bulirsch complete elliptic integral is defined by

$$cel(k_c, p, a, b) = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{a\cos^2\theta + b\sin^2\theta}{\cos^2\theta + p\sin^2\theta} \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{\cos^2\theta + k_c^2\sin^2\theta}}$$

#### **Parameters**

k⊷	The complementary modulus $k_c = \sqrt{1-k^2}$
_c	
p	The parameter
а	The parameter
b	The parameter

Definition at line 4764 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.109 ellint\_celf()

Return the Bulirsch complete elliptic integral  $cel(k_c, p, a, b)$  of real complementary modulus  $k_c$ , and parameters p, a, and b.

## See also

ellint\_cel for details.

Definition at line 4732 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.110 ellint\_cell()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_cell (
          long double __k_c,
          long double __p,
          long double __a,
          long double __b ) [inline]
```

Return the Bulirsch complete elliptic integral  $cel(k_c, p, a, b)$ .

### See also

ellint\_cel for details.

Definition at line 4741 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.111 ellint\_d()

Return the incomplete Legendre elliptic integral  $D(k,\phi)$  of real modulus k and angular limit  $\phi$ .

The Legendre elliptic integral D is defined by

$$D(k,\phi) = \int_0^{\phi} \frac{\sin^2 \theta d\theta}{\sqrt{1 - k^2 \sin^2 \theta}}$$

#### **Parameters**

k	The modulus $-1 <= \underline{} k <= +1$
phi	The angle

Definition at line 4577 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.112 ellint\_df()

Return the incomplete Legendre elliptic integral  $D(k,\phi)$  of float modulus k and angular limit  $\phi$ .

See also

ellint\_d for details.

Definition at line 4549 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.113 ellint\_dl()

Return the incomplete Legendre elliptic integral  $D(k,\phi)$  of long double modulus k and angular limit  $\phi$ .

See also

ellint\_d for details.

Definition at line 4559 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.114 ellint\_el1()

```
template<typename _Tp , typename _Tk >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp, _Tk> __gnu_cxx::ellint_el1 (
    __Tp __x,
    __Tk __k_c ) [inline]
```

Return the Bulirsch elliptic integral  $el1(x, k_c)$  of the first kind of real tangent limit x and complementary modulus  $k_c$ .

The Bulirsch elliptic integral of the first kind is defined by

$$el1(x, k_c) = el2(x, k_c, 1, 1) = \int_0^{\arctan x} \frac{1 + 1 \tan^2 \theta}{\sqrt{(1 + \tan^2 \theta)(1 + k_c^2 \tan^2 \theta)}} d\theta$$

#### **Parameters**

x	The tangent of the angular integration limit
k⊷	The complementary modulus $k_c = \sqrt{1-k^2}$
_c	

Definition at line 4623 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.115 ellint\_el1f()

```
float __gnu_cxx::ellint_ellf ( \label{float} \begin{tabular}{ll} float & __x, \\ float & __k\_c \end{tabular} ) & [inline] \end{tabular}
```

Return the Bulirsch elliptic integral  $el1(x,k_c)$  of the first kind of float tangent limit x and complementary modulus  $k_c$ .

See also

ellint el1 for details.

Definition at line 4593 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.116 ellint\_el1I()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_ell1 (
          long double __x,
          long double __k_c ) [inline]
```

Return the Bulirsch elliptic integral  $el1(x, k_c)$  of the first kind of real tangent limit x and complementary modulus  $k_c$ .

See also

ellint el1 for details.

Definition at line 4604 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.117 ellint\_el2()

Return the Bulirsch elliptic integral of the second kind  $el2(x, k_c, a, b)$ .

The Bulirsch elliptic integral of the second kind is defined by

$$el2(x, k_c, a, b) = \int_0^{\arctan x} \frac{a + b \tan^2 \theta}{\sqrt{(1 + \tan^2 \theta)(1 + k_c^2 \tan^2 \theta)}} d\theta$$

#### **Parameters**

x	The tangent of the angular integration limit
k⊷	The complementary modulus $k_c = \sqrt{1-k^2}$
_c	
a	The parameter
b	The parameter

Definition at line 4669 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.118 ellint\_el2f()

Return the Bulirsch elliptic integral of the second kind  $el2(x, k_c, a, b)$ .

#### See also

ellint\_el2 for details.

Definition at line 4638 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.119 ellint\_el2l()

Return the Bulirsch elliptic integral of the second kind  $el2(x, k_c, a, b)$ .

See also

ellint\_el2 for details.

Definition at line 4648 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.120 ellint el3()

```
template<typename _Tx , typename _Tk , typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tx, _Tk, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::ellint_el3 (
   __Tx __x,
   __Tk __k_c,
   __Tp __p ) [inline]
```

Return the Bulirsch elliptic integral of the third kind  $el3(x, k_c, p)$  of real tangent limit x, complementary modulus  $k_c$ , and parameter p.

The Bulirsch elliptic integral of the third kind is defined by

$$el3(x, k_c, p) = \int_0^{\arctan x} \frac{d\theta}{(\cos^2 \theta + p \sin^2 \theta) \sqrt{\cos^2 \theta + k_c^2 \sin^2 \theta}}$$

### **Parameters**

x	The tangent of the angular integration limit
k⊷	The complementary modulus $k_c = \sqrt{1-k^2}$
_c	
p	The paramenter

Definition at line 4716 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.121 ellint\_el3f()

Return the Bulirsch elliptic integral of the third kind  $el3(x, k_c, p)$  of float tangent limit x, complementary modulus  $k_c$ , and parameter p.

See also

ellint el3 for details.

Definition at line 4685 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.122 ellint\_el3l()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_el31 (
          long double __x,
          long double __k_c,
          long double __p ) [inline]
```

Return the Bulirsch elliptic integral of the third kind  $el3(x, k_c, p)$  of long double tangent limit x, complementary modulus  $k_c$ , and parameter p.

See also

ellint\_el3 for details.

Definition at line 4696 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.123 ellint\_rc()

```
template<typename _Tp , typename _Up >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp, _Up> __gnu_cxx::ellint_rc (
    __Tp __x,
    __Up __y ) [inline]
```

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_C(x,y) = R_F(x,y,y)$  where  $R_F(x,y,z)$  is the Carlson elliptic function of the first kind.

The Carlson elliptic function is defined by:

$$R_C(x,y) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \frac{dt}{(t+x)^{1/2}(t+y)}$$

Based on Carlson's algorithms:

- B. C. Carlson Numer. Math. 33, 1 (1979)
- B. C. Carlson, Special Functions of Applied Mathematics (1977)
- Numerical Recipes in C, 2nd ed, pp. 261-269, by Press, Teukolsky, Vetterling, Flannery (1992)

### **Parameters**

_~	The first argument.
_X	
_~	The second argument.
_y	

Definition at line 3284 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.124 ellint\_rcf()

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_C(x, y)$ .

### See also

ellint\_rc for details.

Definition at line 3250 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.125 ellint\_rcl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_rcl (
          long double __x,
          long double __y ) [inline]
```

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_C(x, y)$ .

### See also

ellint\_rc for details.

Definition at line 3259 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.126 ellint\_rd()

Return the Carlson elliptic function of the second kind  $R_D(x,y,z) = R_J(x,y,z,z)$  where  $R_J(x,y,z,p)$  is the Carlson elliptic function of the third kind.

The Carlson elliptic function of the second kind is defined by:

$$R_D(x,y,z) = \frac{3}{2} \int_0^\infty \frac{dt}{(t+x)^{1/2}(t+y)^{1/2}(t+z)^{3/2}}$$

Based on Carlson's algorithms:

- B. C. Carlson Numer. Math. 33, 1 (1979)
- B. C. Carlson, Special Functions of Applied Mathematics (1977)
- Numerical Recipes in C, 2nd ed, pp. 261-269, by Press, Teukolsky, Vetterling, Flannery (1992)

#### **Parameters**

_~	The first of two symmetric arguments.
_X	
_~	The second of two symmetric arguments.
_У	
_~	The third argument.
_Z	

Definition at line 3383 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.127 ellint\_rdf()

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_D(x, y, z)$ .

### See also

ellint\_rd for details.

Definition at line 3347 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.128 ellint\_rdl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_rdl (
          long double __x,
          long double __y,
          long double __z ) [inline]
```

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_D(x, y, z)$ .

See also

ellint rd for details.

Definition at line 3356 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.129 ellint\_rf()

```
template<typename _Tp , typename _Up , typename _Vp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp, _Up, _Vp> __gnu_cxx::ellint_rf (
   __Tp __x,
   __Up __y,
   __Vp __z ) [inline]
```

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_F(x,y,z)$  of the first kind for real arguments.

The Carlson elliptic function of the first kind is defined by:

$$R_F(x,y,z) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \frac{dt}{(t+x)^{1/2}(t+y)^{1/2}(t+z)^{1/2}}$$

#### **Parameters**

_←	The first of three symmetric arguments.
_x	
_←	The second of three symmetric arguments.
_y	
_~	The third of three symmetric arguments.
_z	

Definition at line 3236 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.130 ellint\_rff()

```
float __y,
float __z ) [inline]
```

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_F(x,y,z)$  of the first kind for float arguments.

See also

ellint rf for details.

Definition at line 3207 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.131 ellint\_rfl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_rfl (
          long double __x,
          long double __y,
          long double __z ) [inline]
```

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_F(x,y,z)$  of the first kind for long double arguments.

See also

ellint rf for details.

Definition at line 3217 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.132 ellint\_rg()

```
template<typename _Tp , typename _Up , typename _Vp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp, _Up, _Vp> __gnu_cxx::ellint_rg (
   __Tp __x,
   __Up __y,
   __Vp __z ) [inline]
```

Return the symmetric Carlson elliptic function of the second kind  $R_G(x, y, z)$ .

The Carlson symmetric elliptic function of the second kind is defined by:

$$R_G(x,y,z) = \frac{1}{4} \int_0^\infty dt t [(t+x)(t+y)(t+z)]^{-1/2} \left(\frac{x}{t+x} + \frac{y}{t+y} + \frac{z}{t+z}\right)$$

Based on Carlson's algorithms:

- B. C. Carlson Numer. Math. 33, 1 (1979)
- B. C. Carlson, Special Functions of Applied Mathematics (1977)
- Numerical Recipes in C, 2nd ed, pp. 261-269, by Press, Teukolsky, Vetterling, Flannery (1992)

#### **Parameters**

_~	The first of three symmetric arguments.
_X	
_~	The second of three symmetric arguments.
_y	
_~	The third of three symmetric arguments.
_z	

Definition at line 3474 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.133 ellint\_rgf()

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_G(x, y)$ .

### See also

ellint\_rg for details.

Definition at line 3439 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.134 ellint\_rgl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_rgl (
          long double __x,
          long double __y,
          long double __z ) [inline]
```

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_G(x,y)$ .

## See also

ellint\_rg for details.

Definition at line 3448 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.135 ellint\_rj()

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_J(x,y,z,p)$  of the third kind.

The Carlson elliptic function of the third kind is defined by:

$$R_J(x, y, z, p) = \frac{3}{2} \int_0^\infty \frac{dt}{(t+x)^{1/2}(t+y)^{1/2}(t+z)^{1/2}(t+p)}$$

Based on Carlson's algorithms:

- B. C. Carlson Numer. Math. 33, 1 (1979)
- B. C. Carlson, Special Functions of Applied Mathematics (1977)
- Numerical Recipes in C, 2nd ed, pp. 261-269, by Press, Teukolsky, Vetterling, Flannery (1992)

### **Parameters**

_←	The first of three symmetric arguments.
_X	
_←	The second of three symmetric arguments.
_y	
_←	The third of three symmetric arguments.
_z	
_~	The fourth argument.
_p	

Definition at line 3333 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.136 ellint\_rjf()

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_J(x, y, z, p)$ .

See also

ellint\_rj for details.

Definition at line 3298 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.137 ellint\_rjl()

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_J(x, y, z, p)$ .

See also

ellint\_rj for details.

Definition at line 3307 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.138 ellnome()

```
template<typename _Tp > _Tp __gnu_cxx::ellnome (  _Tp \__k ) \quad [inline]
```

Return the elliptic nome function q(k) of modulus k.

The elliptic nome function is defined by

$$q(k) = \exp\left(-\pi \frac{K(\sqrt{1-k^2})}{K(k)}\right)$$

where K(k) is the complete elliptic function of the first kind.

# **Template Parameters**

\_Tp | The real type of the modulus

#### **Parameters**

Definition at line 5620 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.139 ellnomef()

Return the elliptic nome function q(k) of modulus k.

See also

ellnome for details.

Definition at line 5593 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.140 ellnomel()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::ellnomel (
          long double __k ) [inline]
```

Return the elliptic nome function q(k) of long double modulus k.

See also

ellnome for details.

Definition at line 5603 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.141 euler()

This returns Euler number  $E_n$ .

#### **Parameters**

```
_ ← the order n of the Euler number.
```

#### Returns

The Euler number of order n.

Definition at line 6891 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.142 eulerian\_1()

Return the Eulerian number of the first kind. The Eulerian numbers of the first kind are defined by recursion:

$$\left\langle {n\atop m}\right\rangle = (n-m)\left\langle {n-1\atop m-1}\right\rangle + (m+1)\left\langle {n-1\atop m}\right\rangle \text{ for } n>0$$

Note that A(n, m) is a common older notation.

**Todo** Develop an iterator model for Eulerian numbers of the first kind.

Definition at line 6909 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.143 eulerian\_2()

Return the Eulerian number of the second kind. The Eulerian numbers of the second kind are defined by recursion:

$$\left\langle \left\langle {n \atop m} \right\rangle \right\rangle = (2n-m-1) \left\langle \left\langle {n-1 \atop m-1} \right\rangle \right\rangle + (m+1) \left\langle \left\langle {n-1 \atop m} \right\rangle \right\rangle \text{ for } n>0$$

**Todo** Develop an iterator model for Eulerian numbers of the second kind.

Definition at line 6927 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.144 expint()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::expint (
          unsigned int __n,
          _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the exponential integral  $E_n(x)$  of integral order n and real argument x. The exponential integral is defined by:

$$E_n(x) = \int_1^\infty \frac{e^{-tx}}{t^n} dt$$

In particular

$$E_1(x) = \int_1^\infty \frac{e^{-tx}}{t} dt = -Ei(-x)$$

# **Template Parameters**

_	Тр	The real type of the argument
---	----	-------------------------------

# **Parameters**

_←	The integral order
_n	
	<b>T</b>
_←	The real argument

Definition at line 3854 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.145 expintf()

Return the exponential integral  $E_n(x)$  for integral order n and float argument x.

# See also

expint for details.

Definition at line 3823 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.146 expintl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::expintl (
    unsigned int __n,
    long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the exponential integral  $E_n(x)$  for integral order n and long double argument x.

See also

expint for details.

Definition at line 3833 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.147 exponential\_p()

Return the exponential cumulative probability density function.

The formula for the exponential cumulative probability density function is

$$F(x|\lambda) = 1 - e^{-\lambda x}$$
 for  $x >= 0$ 

Definition at line 6568 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.148 exponential\_pdf()

Return the exponential probability density function.

The formula for the exponential probability density function is

$$f(x|\lambda) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}$$
 for  $x >= 0$ 

Definition at line 6552 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.149 factorial()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::factorial (
          unsigned int __n ) [inline]
```

Return the factorial n! of the argument as a real number.

```
n! = 1 \times 2 \times ... \times n, 0! = 1
```

.

Definition at line 4071 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.150 factorialf()

Return the factorial n! of the argument as a float.

See also

factorial for more details

Definition at line 4051 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.151 factorial()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::factoriall (
          unsigned int __n ) [inline]
```

Return the factorial n! of the argument as a long double.

See also

factorial for more details

Definition at line 4060 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.152 falling\_factorial()

Return the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol for real argument a and integral order n. The falling factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\underline{n}} = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a-k), a^{\underline{0}} = 1 = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-n+1)$$

In particular,  $n^{\underline{n}} = n!$ .

Definition at line 4037 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.153 falling\_factorialf()

Return the falling factorial  $a^{\nu}$  for float arguments.

See also

falling\_factorial for details.

Definition at line 4011 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.154 falling\_factoriall()

Return the falling factorial  $a^{\underline{\nu}}$  for long double arguments.

See also

falling\_factorial for details.

Definition at line 4021 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.155 fermi\_dirac()

```
template<typename _Tps , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tps, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::fermi_dirac (
    __Tps ___s,
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Fermi-Dirac integral of integer or real order s and real argument x.

# See also

```
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clausen_function
http://dlmf.nist.gov/25.12.16
```

$$F_s(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s+1)} \int_0^\infty \frac{t^s}{e^{t-x}+1} dt = -Li_{s+1}(-e^x)$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The order $s > -1$ .
_s	
_~	The real argument.
_X	

### Returns

The real Fermi-Dirac integral  $F_s(x)$ ,

Definition at line 6067 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.156 fermi\_diracf()

Return the Fermi-Dirac integral of float order s and argument x.

#### See also

fermi\_dirac for details.

Definition at line 6037 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.157 fermi\_diracl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::fermi_diracl (
          long double __s,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Fermi-Dirac integral of long double order s and argument x.

#### See also

fermi\_dirac for details.

Definition at line 6047 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.158 fisher\_f\_p()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::fisher_f_p (
    __Tp __F,
    unsigned int __nu1,
    unsigned int __nu2 )
```

Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model exceeds the value  $\chi^2$ .

The f-distribution propability function is related to the incomplete beta function:

$$Q(F|\nu_1,\nu_2) = I_{\frac{\nu_2}{\nu_2 + \nu_1 F}}(\frac{\nu_2}{2}, \frac{\nu_1}{2})$$

#### **Parameters**

nu1 The number of d		The number of degrees of freedom of sample 1
	_nu2	The number of degrees of freedom of sample 2
	F	The F statistic

Definition at line 6666 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.159 fisher\_f\_pdf()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::fisher_f_pdf (
```

```
_Tp __F,
unsigned int __nu1,
unsigned int __nu2)
```

Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model exceeds the value  $\chi^2$ .

The f-distribution propability function is related to the incomplete beta function:

$$P(F|\nu_1, \nu_2) = 1 - I_{\frac{\nu_2}{\nu_2 + \nu_1 F}}(\frac{\nu_2}{2}, \frac{\nu_1}{2}) = 1 - Q(F|\nu_1, \nu_2)$$

#### **Parameters**

F	
nu1	
nu2	

Definition at line 6691 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.160 fresnel\_c()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::fresnel_c (
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Fresnel cosine integral of argument  $\boldsymbol{x}$ .

The Fresnel cosine integral is defined by

$$C(x) = \int_0^x \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}t^2)dt$$

# **Parameters**

	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 3765 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.161 fresnel\_cf()

Definition at line 3746 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.162 fresnel\_cl()

Definition at line 3750 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.163 fresnel\_s()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::fresnel_s (
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Fresnel sine integral of argument x.

The Fresnel sine integral is defined by

$$S(x) = \int_0^x \sin(\frac{\pi}{2}t^2)dt$$

# **Parameters**

_~	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 3737 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.164 fresnel\_sf()

Definition at line 3718 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.165 fresnel\_sl()

Definition at line 3722 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.166 gamma\_p()

```
template<typename _Ta , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Ta, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::gamma_p (
    __Ta __a,
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the gamma cumulative propability distribution function or the regularized lower incomplete gamma function.

The formula for the gamma probability density function is:

$$\Gamma(x|\alpha,\beta) = \frac{1}{\beta\Gamma(\alpha)} (x/\beta)^{\alpha-1} e^{-x/\beta}$$

Definition at line 4395 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.167 gamma\_pdf()

Return the gamma propability distribution function.

The formula for the gamma probability density function is:

$$\Gamma(x|\alpha,\beta) = \frac{1}{\beta\Gamma(\alpha)}(x/\beta)^{\alpha-1}e^{-x/\beta}$$

Definition at line 6453 of file specfun.h.

References std::\_\_detail::\_\_beta().

# 8.3.2.168 gamma\_pf()

Definition at line 4376 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.169 gamma\_pl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::gamma_pl (
          long double __a,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Definition at line 4380 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.170 gamma\_q()

```
template<typename _Ta , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Ta, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::gamma_q (
    __Ta __a,
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the gamma complementary cumulative propability distribution (or survival) function or the regularized upper incomplete gamma function.

The formula for the gamma probability density function is:

$$\Gamma(x|\alpha,\beta) = \frac{1}{\beta\Gamma(\alpha)} (x/\beta)^{\alpha-1} e^{-x/\beta}$$

Definition at line 4423 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.171 gamma\_qf()

Definition at line 4404 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.172 gamma\_ql()

Definition at line 4408 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.173 gamma\_reciprocal()

```
template<typename _Ta >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Ta> __gnu_cxx::gamma_reciprocal (
    __Ta __a ) [inline]
```

Return the reciprocal gamma function for real argument.

The reciprocal of the Gamma function is what you'd expect:

$$\Gamma_r(a) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(a)}$$

But unlike the Gamma function this function has no singularities and is exponentially decreasing for increasing argument.

Definition at line 6806 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.174 gamma\_reciprocalf()

Return the reciprocal gamma function for float argument.

### See also

gamma\_reciprocal for details.

Definition at line 6781 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.175 gamma\_reciprocall()

Return the reciprocal gamma function for long double argument.

#### See also

gamma\_reciprocal for details.

Definition at line 6791 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.176 gegenbauer()

```
template<typename _Tlam , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tlam, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::gegenbauer (
          unsigned int __n,
          __Tlam __lambda,
          _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Gegenbauer polynomial  $C_n^{\lambda}(x)$  of degree n and real order  $\lambda > -1/2, \lambda \neq 0$  and argument x.

The Gegenbauer polynomial is generated by a three-term recursion relation:

$$C_n^{\lambda}(x) = \frac{1}{n} \left[ 2x(n+\lambda-1)C_{n-1}^{\lambda}(x) - (n+2\lambda-2)C_{n-2}^{\lambda}(x) \right]$$

and 
$$C_0^{\lambda}(x)=1$$
,  $C_1^{\lambda}(x)=2\lambda x$ .

# **Template Parameters**

_Tlam	The real type of the order
_Тр	The real type of the argument

#### **Parameters**

n	The non-negative integral degree
lambda	The real order
X	The real argument

Definition at line 2307 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.177 gegenbauerf()

```
float __gnu_cxx::gegenbauerf (
          unsigned int __n,
          float __lambda,
          float __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Gegenbauer polynomial  $C_n^{(\lambda)}(x)$  of degree n and float order  $\lambda > -1/2, \lambda \neq 0$  and argument x.

See also

gegenbauer for details.

Definition at line 2270 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.178 gegenbauerl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::gegenbauerl (
     unsigned int __n,
     long double __lambda,
     long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Gegenbauer polynomial  $C_n^{\lambda}(x)$  of degree n and long double order  $\lambda > -1/2, \lambda \neq 0$  and argument x.

See also

gegenbauer for details.

Definition at line 2281 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.179 harmonic()

Return the harmonic number  $H_n$ .

The the harmonic number is defined by

$$H_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k}$$

#### **Parameters**

_←	The parameter
_n	

Definition at line 3629 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.180 heuman\_lambda()

Return the Heuman lambda function  $\Lambda(k,\phi)$  of modulus k and angular limit  $\phi$ .

The complete Heuman lambda function is defined by

$$\Lambda(k,\phi) = \frac{F(1-m,\phi)}{K(1-m)} + \frac{2}{\pi}K(m)Z(1-m,\phi)$$

where  $m=k^2, K(k)$  is the complete elliptic function of the first kind, and  $Z(k,\phi)$  is the Jacobi zeta function.

# **Template Parameters**

	_Tk	the floating-point type of the modulus
ĺ	_Tphi	the floating-point type of the angular limit argument

## **Parameters**

k	The modulus
phi	The angle

Definition at line 4492 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.181 heuman\_lambdaf()

Definition at line 4466 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.182 heuman\_lambdal()

Definition at line 4470 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.183 hurwitz\_zeta() [1/2]

```
template<typename _Tp , typename _Up >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp, _Up> __gnu_cxx::hurwitz_zeta (
    __Tp ___s,
    __Up __a ) [inline]
```

Return the Hurwitz zeta function of real argument s, and parameter a.

The the Hurwitz zeta function is defined by

$$\zeta(s,a) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(a+n)^s}$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The argument
_s	
_~	The parameter
_a	

Definition at line 3516 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.184 hurwitz\_zeta() [2/2]

```
template<typename _Tp , typename _Up >
std::complex<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::hurwitz_zeta (
    _Tp __s,
    std::complex< _Up > __a )
```

Return the Hurwitz zeta function of real argument s, and complex parameter a.

### See also

hurwitz\_zeta for details.

Definition at line 3530 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.185 hurwitz\_zetaf()

Return the Hurwitz zeta function of float argument s, and parameter a.

See also

hurwitz\_zeta for details.

Definition at line 3489 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.186 hurwitz\_zetal()

Return the Hurwitz zeta function of long double argument s, and parameter a.

See also

hurwitz zeta for details.

Definition at line 3499 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.187 hyperg()

Return the hypergeometric function  ${}_2F_1(a,b;c;x)$  of real numerator parameters a and b, denominator parameter c, and argument x.

The hypergeometric function is defined by

$$_{2}F_{1}(a,b;c;x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(a)_{n}(b)_{n}x^{n}}{(c)_{n}n!}$$

where the Pochhammer symbol is  $(x)_k = (x)(x+1)...(x+k-1), (x)_0 = 1$ 

#### **Parameters**

_~	The first numerator parameter
_a	
_←	The second numerator parameter
_b	
_~	The denominator parameter
_c	
_~	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 1530 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.188 hypergf()

Return the hypergeometric function  ${}_2F_1(a,b;c;x)$  of @ float numerator parameters a and b, denominator parameter c, and argument x.

### See also

hyperg for details.

Definition at line 1497 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.189 hypergl()

Return the hypergeometric function  ${}_2F_1(a,b;c;x)$  of long double numerator parameters a and b, denominator parameter c, and argument x.

#### See also

hyperg for details.

Definition at line 1508 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.190 ibeta()

Return the regularized incomplete beta function of parameters a, b, and argument x.

The regularized incomplete beta function is defined by

$$I_x(a,b) = \frac{B_x(a,b)}{B(a,b)}$$

where

$$B_x(a,b) = \int_0^x t^{a-1} (1-t)^{b-1} dt$$

is the non-regularized incomplete beta function and B(a,b) is the usual beta function.

#### **Parameters**

_~	The first parameter
_a	
_←	The second parameter
_b	
_~	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 3678 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.191 ibetac()

Return the regularized complementary incomplete beta function of parameters a, b, and argument x.

The regularized complementary incomplete beta function is defined by

$$I_x(a,b) = I_x(a,b)$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The parameter
_a	
_~	The parameter
_b	
_~	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 3709 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.192 ibetacf()

Definition at line 3687 of file specfun.h.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::ibetaf().

# 8.3.2.193 ibetacl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::ibetacl (
          long double __a,
          long double __b,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Definition at line 3691 of file specfun.h.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::ibetal().

# 8.3.2.194 ibetaf()

Return the regularized incomplete beta function of parameters a, b, and argument x.

See ibeta for details.

Definition at line 3644 of file specfun.h.

Referenced by \_\_gnu\_cxx::ibetacf().

# 8.3.2.195 ibetal()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::ibetal (
          long double __a,
          long double __b,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the regularized incomplete beta function of parameters a, b, and argument x.

See ibeta for details.

Definition at line 3654 of file specfun.h.

Referenced by gnu cxx::ibetacl().

### 8.3.2.196 jacobi()

Return the Jacobi polynomial  $P_n^{(\alpha,\beta)}(x)$  of degree n and float orders  $\alpha,\beta>-1$  and argument x.

The Jacobi polynomials are generated by a three-term recursion relation:

$$2n(\alpha+\beta+n)(\alpha+\beta+2n-2)P_{n}^{(\alpha,\beta)}(x) = (\alpha+\beta+2n-1)[(\alpha^{2}-\beta^{2})+x(\alpha+\beta+2n-2)(\alpha+\beta+2n)]P_{n-1}^{(\alpha,\beta)}(x) - 2(\alpha+n-1)(\beta+n-1)(\alpha+\beta+2n-2)(\alpha+2n-2)(\alpha+2n-2)(\alpha+2n-2)(\alpha+2n-2)(\alpha+2n-2)(\alpha+2n-2)(\alpha+2n-2)(\alpha+2n-2)(\alpha+2n-2)(\alpha+$$

# **Template Parameters**

_Talpha	The real type of the order $\alpha$
_Tbeta	The real type of the order $eta$
_Тр	The real type of the argument

## **Parameters**

n	The non-negative integral degree
alpha	The real order
beta	The real order
X	The real argument

Definition at line 2253 of file specfun.h.

References std::\_\_detail::\_\_beta().

# 8.3.2.197 jacobi\_cn()

```
template<typename _Kp , typename _Up >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Kp, _Up> __gnu_cxx::jacobi_cn (
    __Kp ___k,
    __Up ___u ) [inline]
```

Return the Jacobi elliptic cosine amplitude function cn(k, u) of real modulus k and argument u.

The Jacobi elliptic cn integral is defined by

$$cos(\phi) = cn(k, F(k, \phi))$$

where  $F(k,\phi)$  is the Legendre elliptic integral of the first kind (

See also

ellint\_1).

#### **Template Parameters**

_ <i>K</i> p	The type of the real modulus
_Up	The type of the real argument

#### **Parameters**

_쓴	The real modulus
_k	
_~	The real argument
_u	

Definition at line 1958 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.198 jacobi\_cnf()

Return the Jacobi elliptic cosine amplitude function cn(k,u) of float modulus k and argument u.

See also

jacobi\_cn for details.

Definition at line 1923 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.199 jacobi\_cnl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::jacobi_cnl (
          long double __k,
          long double __u ) [inline]
```

Return the Jacobi elliptic cosine amplitude function cn(k,u) of long double modulus k and argument u.

See also

jacobi\_cn for details.

Definition at line 1935 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.200 jacobi\_dn()

```
template<typename _Kp , typename _Up >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Kp, _Up> __gnu_cxx::jacobi_dn (
    __Kp ___k,
    __Up ___u ) [inline]
```

Return the Jacobi elliptic delta amplitude function dn(k,u) of real modulus k and argument u.

The Jacobi elliptic dn integral is defined by

$$\sqrt{1 - k^2 \sin(\phi)} = dn(k, F(k, \phi))$$

where  $F(k,\phi)$  is the Legendre elliptic integral of the first kind (

See also

ellint\_1).

## **Template Parameters**

_Кр	The type of the real modulus
_Up	The type of the real argument

#### **Parameters**

_~	The real modulus
_k	
_~	The real argument
_ <i>u</i>	

Definition at line 2008 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.201 jacobi\_dnf()

Return the Jacobi elliptic delta amplitude function dn(k,u) of float modulus k and argument u.

# See also

jacobi\_dn for details.

Definition at line 1973 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.202 jacobi\_dnl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::jacobi_dnl (
          long double __k,
          long double __u ) [inline]
```

Return the Jacobi elliptic delta amplitude function dn(k,u) of long double modulus k and argument u.

# See also

jacobi\_dn for details.

Definition at line 1985 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.203 jacobi\_sn()

```
template<typename _Kp , typename _Up >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Kp, _Up> __gnu_cxx::jacobi_sn (
    __Kp __k,
    __Up __u ) [inline]
```

Return the Jacobi elliptic sine amplitude function sn(k,u) of real modulus k and argument u.

The Jacobi elliptic sn integral is defined by

$$\sin(\phi) = sn(k, F(k, \phi))$$

where  $F(k,\phi)$  is the Legendre elliptic integral of the first kind (

See also

ellint\_1).

# **Template Parameters**

_Кр	The type of the real modulus
_Up	The type of the real argument

# **Parameters**

_~	The real modulus
_k	
_~	The real argument
_u	

Definition at line 1908 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.204 jacobi\_snf()

Return the Jacobi elliptic sine amplitude function sn(k,u) of float modulus k and argument u.

### See also

jacobi\_sn for details.

Definition at line 1873 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.205 jacobi\_snl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::jacobi_snl (
          long double __k,
          long double __u ) [inline]
```

Return the Jacobi elliptic sine amplitude function sn(k,u) of long double modulus k and argument u.

See also

jacobi\_sn for details.

Definition at line 1885 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.206 jacobi\_theta\_1()

Return the Jacobi theta-1 function  $\theta_1(q,x)$  of nome q and argument x.

The Jacobi theta-1 function is defined by

$$\theta_1(q, x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi x}} \sum_{j=-\infty}^{+\infty} (-1)^j \exp\left(\frac{-(q+j-1/2)^2}{x}\right)$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The periodic (period = 2) argument	
_q		
_~	The argument	
_x		

Definition at line 5851 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.207 jacobi\_theta\_1f()

Return the Jacobi theta-1 function  $\theta_1(q, x)$  of nome q and argument x.

See also

```
jacobi_theta_1 for details.
```

Definition at line 5823 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.208 jacobi\_theta\_1I()

Return the Jacobi theta-1 function  $\theta_1(q,x)$  of nome q and argument x.

See also

```
jacobi_theta_1 for details.
```

Definition at line 5833 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.209 jacobi\_theta\_2()

Return the Jacobi theta-2 function  $\theta_2(q,x)$  of nome q and argument x.

The Jacobi theta-2 function is defined by

$$\theta_2(q,x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi x}} \sum_{j=-\infty}^{+\infty} (-1)^j \exp\left(\frac{-(q+j)^2}{x}\right)$$

# **Parameters**

_~	The periodic (period = 2) argument
_q	
_~	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 5894 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.210 jacobi\_theta\_2f()

Return the Jacobi theta-2 function  $\theta_2(q,x)$  of nome q and argument x.

See also

```
jacobi_theta_2 for details.
```

Definition at line 5866 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.211 jacobi\_theta\_2I()

Return the Jacobi theta-2 function  $\theta_2(q,x)$  of nome q and argument x.

See also

```
jacobi theta 2 for details.
```

Definition at line 5876 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.212 jacobi\_theta\_3()

```
template<typename _Tpq , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tpq, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_3 (
    __Tpq ___q,
    __Tp ___x ) [inline]
```

Return the Jacobi theta-3 function  $\theta_3(q,x)$  of nome q and argument x.

The Jacobi theta-3 function is defined by

$$\theta_3(q,x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi x}} \sum_{j=-\infty}^{+\infty} \exp\left(\frac{-(q+j)^2}{x}\right)$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome
_q	
_←	The argument
_x	

Definition at line 5937 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.213 jacobi\_theta\_3f()

Return the Jacobi theta-3 function  $\theta_3(q,x)$  of nome q and argument x.

See also

```
jacobi theta 3 for details.
```

Definition at line 5909 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.214 jacobi\_theta\_3I()

Return the Jacobi theta-3 function  $\theta_3(q,x)$  of nome q and argument x.

See also

```
jacobi_theta_3 for details.
```

Definition at line 5919 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.215 jacobi\_theta\_4()

Return the Jacobi theta-4 function  $\theta_4(q,x)$  of nome q and argument x.

The Jacobi theta-4 function is defined by

$$\theta_4(q, x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi x}} \sum_{j=-\infty}^{+\infty} \exp\left(\frac{-(q+j+1/2)^2}{x}\right)$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome
_q	
_~	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 5980 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.216 jacobi\_theta\_4f()

Return the Jacobi theta-4 function  $\theta_4(q,x)$  of nome q and argument x.

See also

```
jacobi_theta_4 for details.
```

Definition at line 5952 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.217 jacobi\_theta\_4l()

Return the Jacobi theta-4 function  $\theta_4(q,x)$  of nome q and argument x.

See also

```
jacobi_theta_4 for details.
```

Definition at line 5962 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.218 jacobi\_zeta()

Return the Jacobi zeta function of k and  $\phi$ .

The Jacobi zeta function is defined by

$$Z(m,\phi) = E(m,\phi) - \frac{E(m)F(m,\phi)}{K(m)}$$

where  $E(m,\phi)$  is the elliptic function of the second kind, E(m) is the complete ellitic function of the second kind, and  $F(m,\phi)$  is the elliptic function of the first kind.

# **Template Parameters**

_Tk	the real type of the modulus
_Tphi	the real type of the angle limit

#### **Parameters**

k	The modulus
phi	The angle

Definition at line 4457 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.219 jacobi\_zetaf()

Definition at line 4432 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.220 jacobi\_zetal()

Definition at line 4436 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.221 jacobif()

```
float __gnu_cxx::jacobif (
          unsigned __n,
          float __alpha,
          float __beta,
          float __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Jacobi polynomial  $P_n^{(\alpha,\beta)}(x)$  of degree n and float orders  $\alpha,\beta>-1$  and argument x.

# See also

jacobi for details.

Definition at line 2202 of file specfun.h.

References std:: detail:: beta().

# 8.3.2.222 jacobil()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::jacobil (
          unsigned __n,
          long double __alpha,
          long double __beta,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Jacobi polynomial  $P_n^{(\alpha,\beta)}(x)$  of degree n and long double orders  $\alpha,\beta>-1$  and argument x.

#### See also

jacobi for details.

Definition at line 2216 of file specfun.h.

References std:: detail:: beta().

# 8.3.2.223 Ibinomial()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::lbinomial (
         unsigned int __n,
         unsigned int __k ) [inline]
```

Return the logarithm of the binomial coefficient as a real number. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} t^k$$

# **Parameters**

_~	The first argument of the binomial coefficient.
_n	
_←	The second argument of the binomial coefficient.
_k	

#### Returns

The logarithm of the binomial coefficient.

Definition at line 4277 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.224 | Ibinomialf()

Return the logarithm of the binomial coefficient as a float.

See also

Ibinomial for details.

Definition at line 4248 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.225 | Ibinomial()

Return the logarithm of the binomial coefficient as a long double.

See also

Ibinomial for details.

Definition at line 4257 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.226 Idouble\_factorial()

Return the logarithm of the double factorial ln(n!!) of the argument as a real number.

$$n!! = n(n-2)...(2), 0!! = 1$$

for even n and

$$n!! = n(n-2)...(1), (-1)!! = 1$$

for odd n.

Definition at line 4191 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.227 Idouble\_factorialf()

Return the logarithm of the double factorial ln(n!!) of the argument as a float.

See also

Idouble\_factorial for more details

Definition at line 4164 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.228 Idouble\_factoriall()

Return the logarithm of the double factorial ln(n!!) of the argument as a long double .

See also

double\_factorial for more details

Definition at line 4174 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.229 legendre\_q()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::legendre_q (
          unsigned int __l,
          __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Legendre function of the second kind  $Q_l(x)$  of nonnegative degree l and real argument |x| <= 0.

The Legendre function of the second kind of order l and argument x,  $Q_l(x)$ , is defined by:

$$Q_l(x) = \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{x+1}{x-1} P_l(x) - \sum_{k=0}^{l-1} \frac{(l+k)!}{(l-k)!(k!)^2 s^k} \left[ \psi(l+1) - \psi(k+1) \right] (x-1)^k$$

where  $P_l(x)$  is the Legendre polynomial of degree l and  $\psi(x)$  is the digamma or psi function.

# **Template Parameters**

_Tp	The floating-point type of the argument _	_x.
-----	---	-----

#### **Parameters**

_ <del>←</del>	The degree $l>=0$
_′	
_~	The argument abs (x) <= 1
_X	

# **Exceptions**

```
| std::domain\_error | if abs(__x) > 1
```

Definition at line 4367 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.230 legendre\_qf()

Return the Legendre function of the second kind  $Q_l(x)$  of nonnegative degree l and float argument.

# See also

legendre\_q for details.

Definition at line 4333 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.231 legendre\_ql()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::legendre_ql (
          unsigned int __l,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Legendre function of the second kind  $Q_l(x)$  of nonnegative degree l and long double argument.

# See also

legendre\_q for details.

Definition at line 4343 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.232 lerch\_phi()

Return the Lerch transcendent  $\Phi(z, s, a)$ .

The series is:

$$*\Phi(z, s, a) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^k}{(a+k^s)}$$

Definition at line 7018 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.233 lerch\_phif()

Return the Lerch transcendent  $\Phi(z,s,a)$  for float arguments.

See also

lerch phi for details.

Definition at line 6995 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.234 lerch\_phil()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::lerch_phil (
          long double __z,
          long double __s,
          long double __a ) [inline]
```

Return the Lerch transcendent  $\Phi(z,s,a)$  for long double arguments.

See also

lerch\_phi for details.

Definition at line 7005 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.235 Ifactorial()

```
template<typename _Tp > 
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::lfactorial ( unsigned int __n ) [inline]
```

Return the logarithm of the factorial ln(n!) of the argument as a real number.

```
n! = 1 \times 2 \times ... \times n, 0! = 1
```

.

Definition at line 4149 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.236 Ifactorialf()

Return the logarithm of the factorial ln(n!) of the argument as a float.

See also

Ifactorial for more details

Definition at line 4127 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.237 | Ifactorial()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::lfactoriall (
          unsigned int __n ) [inline]
```

Return the logarithm of the factorial ln(n!) of the argument as a long double.

See also

Ifactorial for more details

Definition at line 4137 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.238 Ifalling\_factorial()

Return the logarithm of the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol. The falling factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\underline{n}} = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-\nu+1) = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a-k), a^{\underline{0}} = 1$$

In particular,  $n^{\underline{n}} = n!$ . Thus this function returns

$$ln[a^{\underline{n}}] = ln[\Gamma(a+1)] - ln[\Gamma(a-\nu+1)], ln[a^{\underline{0}}] = 0$$

Many notations exist for this function:  $(a)_{\nu}$ ,

$$\left\{\begin{array}{c} a \\ \nu \end{array}\right\}$$

, and others.

Definition at line 3953 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.239 Ifalling\_factorialf()

Return the logarithm of the falling factorial  $ln(a^{\overline{
u}})$  for float arguments.

See also

Ifalling factorial for details.

Definition at line 3918 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.240 | Ifalling\_factorial()

Return the logarithm of the falling factorial  $ln(a^{\overline{\nu}})$  for float arguments.

See also

Ifalling factorial for details.

Definition at line 3928 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.241 | Igamma() [1/2]

```
template<typename _Ta >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Ta> __gnu_cxx::lgamma (
    __Ta __a ) [inline]
```

Return the logarithm of the gamma function for real argument.

Definition at line 2937 of file specfun.h.

Referenced by  $std::\_detail::\_gegenbauer\_zeros()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_jacobi\_zeros()$ , and  $std::\_detail::\_laguerre\_ \columnwed zeros()$ .

# 8.3.2.242 Igamma() [2/2]

Return the logarithm of the gamma function for complex argument.

Definition at line 2970 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.243 | Igammaf() [1/2]

Return the logarithm of the gamma function for float argument.

See also

Igamma for details.

Definition at line 2919 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.244 | Igammaf() [2/2]
```

Return the logarithm of the gamma function for std::complex<float> argument.

See also

Igamma for details.

Definition at line 2952 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.245 | Igammal() [1/2]
```

```
long double __gnu_cxx::lgammal (
          long double __a ) [inline]
```

Return the logarithm of the gamma function for long double argument.

See also

Igamma for details.

Definition at line 2929 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.246 | lgammal() [2/2]
```

Return the logarithm of the gamma function for std::complex<long double> argument.

See also

Igamma for details.

Definition at line 2962 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.247 logint()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::logint (
    _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the logarithmic integral of argument x.

The logarithmic integral is defined by

$$li(x) = \int_0^x \frac{dt}{ln(t)}$$

# **Parameters**

_~	The real upper integration limit
_X	

Definition at line 1696 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.248 logintf()

Return the logarithmic integral of argument x.

# See also

logint for details.

Definition at line 1672 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.249 logintl()

Return the logarithmic integral of argument x.

# See also

logint for details.

Definition at line 1681 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.250 logistic\_p()

Return the logistic cumulative distribution function.

The formula for the logistic probability function is

$$P(x|a,b) = \frac{e^{(x-a)/b}}{1 + e^{(x-a)/b}}$$

where b > 0.

Definition at line 6767 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.251 logistic\_pdf()

Return the logistic probability density function.

The formula for the logistic probability density function is

$$f(x|a,b) = \frac{e^{(x-a)/b}}{b[1 + e^{(x-a)/b}]^2}$$

where b > 0.

Definition at line 6750 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.252 lognormal\_p()

```
template<typename _Tmu , typename _Tsig , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tmu, _Tsig, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::lognormal_p (
    __Tmu __mu,
    __Tsig __sigma,
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the lognormal cumulative probability density function.

The formula for the lognormal cumulative probability density function is

$$F(x|\mu,\sigma) = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 - erf(\frac{\ln x - \mu}{\sqrt{2}\sigma}) \right]$$

Definition at line 6536 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.253 lognormal\_pdf()

Return the lognormal probability density function.

The formula for the lognormal probability density function is

$$f(x|\mu,\sigma) = \frac{e^{(\ln x - \mu)^2/2\sigma^2}}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}}$$

Definition at line 6519 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.254 Irising\_factorial()

```
template<typename _Tp , typename _Tnu >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp, _Tnu> __gnu_cxx::lrising_factorial (
    __Tp __a,
    __Tnu __nu ) [inline]
```

Return the logarithm of the rising factorial function or the (upper) Pochhammer symbol. The rising factorial function is defined for integer order by

$$a^{\overline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(n) = \prod_{k=0}^{\nu-1} (a+k), \overline{0} = 1$$

Thus this function returns

$$ln[a^{\overline{\nu}}] = ln[\Gamma(a+\nu)] - ln[\Gamma(\nu)], ln[a^{\overline{0}}] = 0$$

Many notations exist for this function:  $(a)_{\nu}$  (especially in the literature of special functions),

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} a \\ \nu \end{array}\right]$$

, and others.

Definition at line 3903 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.255 Irising\_factorialf()

Return the logarithm of the rising factorial  $a^{\overline{\nu}}$  for float arguments.

See also

Irising\_factorial for details.

Definition at line 3869 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.256 Irising\_factoriall()

Return the logarithm of the rising factorial  $ln(a^{\overline{\nu}})$  for long double arguments.

See also

Irising\_factorial for details.

Definition at line 3879 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.257 normal\_p()

Return the normal cumulative probability density function.

The formula for the normal cumulative probability density function is

$$F(x|\mu,\sigma) = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 - erf(\frac{x-\mu}{\sqrt{2}\sigma}) \right]$$

Definition at line 6503 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.258 normal\_pdf()

```
template<typename _Tmu , typename _Tsig , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tmu, _Tsig, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::normal_pdf (
    __Tmu __mu,
    __Tsig __sigma,
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the gamma cumulative propability distribution function.

The formula for the gamma probability density function is:

$$\Gamma(x|\alpha,\beta) = \frac{1}{\beta\Gamma(\alpha)} (x/\beta)^{\alpha-1} e^{-x/\beta}$$

 $\label{template} $$ \text{template} = Ta, typename _Tb, typename _Tp> inline __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Ta, _Tb, _Tp> gamma \hookrightarrow _p(_Ta __alpha, _Tb __beta, _Tp __x) { using __type = __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Ta, _Tb, _Tp>; return std::_ <math display="inline">\hookleftarrow detail::_gamma_p<_type>(_alpha, __beta, __x); } $$ Return the normal probability density function.$ 

The formula for the normal probability density function is

$$f(x|\mu,\sigma) = \frac{e^{(x-\mu)^2/2\sigma^2}}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}}$$

Definition at line 6486 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.259 owens\_t()

Return the Owens T function T(h,a) of shape factor h and integration limit a.

The Owens T function is defined by

$$T(h,a) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^a \frac{\exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}h^2(1+x^2)\right]}{1+x^2} dx$$

### **Parameters**

_~	The shape factor
_h	
_~	The integration limit
_a	

Definition at line 6023 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.260 owens\_tf()

Return the Owens T function T(h, a) of shape factor h and integration limit a.

See also

owens\_t for details.

Definition at line 5995 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.261 owens\_tl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::owens_tl (
          long double __h,
          long double __a ) [inline]
```

Return the Owens T function T(h,a) of long double shape factor h and integration limit a.

See also

owens\_t for details.

Definition at line 6005 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.262 polygamma()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::polygamma (
          unsigned int __m,
          _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the polygamma function of argument x.

The the polygamma or digamma function is defined by

$$psi(x) = \frac{d}{dx}log(\Gamma(x)) = \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)}$$

# **Parameters**

```
_← The parameter _x
```

Definition at line 3611 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.263 polygammaf()

```
float __gnu_cxx::polygammaf (
          unsigned int __m,
          float __x ) [inline]
```

Return the polygamma function of float argument x.

See also

polygamma for details.

Definition at line 3585 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.264 polygammal()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::polygammal (
     unsigned int __m,
     long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the polygamma function of long double argument x.

See also

polygamma for details.

Definition at line 3595 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.265 polylog() [1/2]
```

```
template<typename _Tp , typename _Wp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp, _Wp> __gnu_cxx::polylog (
    __Tp __s,
    __Wp __w ) [inline]
```

Return the complex polylogarithm function of real thing  ${\mathtt s}$  and complex argument w.

The polylogarithm function is defined by

### **Parameters**



Definition at line 5049 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.266 polylog() [2/2]
```

```
template<typename _Tp , typename _Wp >
std::complex<__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp, _Wp> > __gnu_cxx::polylog (
    __Tp __s,
    std::complex< _Tp > __w ) [inline]
```

Return the complex polylogarithm function of real thing  ${\mathtt s}$  and complex argument w.

The polylogarithm function is defined by

# **Parameters**



Definition at line 5089 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.267 polylogf() [1/2]
```

Return the real polylogarithm function of real thing  ${\mathtt s}$  and real argument w.

See also

polylog for details.

Definition at line 5022 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.268 polylogf() [2/2]
```

Return the complex polylogarithm function of real thing  ${\mathtt s}$  and complex argument w.

See also

polylog for details.

Definition at line 5062 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.269 polylogl() [1/2]
```

```
long double __gnu_cxx::polylogl (
          long double __s,
          long double __w ) [inline]
```

Return the complex polylogarithm function of real thing  ${\bf s}$  and complex argument w.

See also

polylog for details.

Definition at line 5032 of file specfun.h.

8.3.2.270 polylogl() [2/2]

Return the complex polylogarithm function of real thing s and complex argument w.

See also

polylog for details.

Definition at line 5072 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.271 radpoly()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::radpoly (
          unsigned int __n,
          unsigned int __m,
          _Tp __rho ) [inline]
```

Return the radial polynomial  $R_n^m(\rho)$  for non-negative degree n, order m <= n, and real radial argument  $\rho$ .

The radial polynomials are defined by

$$R_n^m(\rho) = \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{n-m}{2}} \frac{(-1)^k (n-k)!}{k!(\frac{n+m}{2}-k)!(\frac{n-m}{2}-k)!} \rho^{n-2k}$$

for n-m even and identically 0 for n-m odd. The radial polynomials can be related to the Jacobi polynomials:

$$R_n^m(\rho) =$$

See also

jacobi for details on the Jacobi polynomials.

# **Template Parameters**

_Тр	The real type of the radial coordinate
-----	--

### **Parameters**

n	The non-negative degree.
m	The non-negative azimuthal order

### **Parameters**

rho	The radial argument	
	1 9	

Definition at line 2418 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.272 radpolyf()

```
float __gnu_cxx::radpolyf (
          unsigned int __n,
          unsigned int __m,
          float __rho ) [inline]
```

Return the radial polynomial  $R_n^m(\rho)$  for non-negative degree n, order m <= n, and float radial argument  $\rho$ .

### See also

radpoly for details.

Definition at line 2379 of file specfun.h.

References std::\_\_detail::\_\_radial\_jacobi().

# 8.3.2.273 radpolyl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::radpolyl (
        unsigned int __n,
        unsigned int __m,
        long double __rho ) [inline]
```

Return the radial polynomial  $R_n^m(\rho)$  for non-negative degree n, order m <= n, and long double radial argument  $\rho$ .

# See also

radpoly for details.

Definition at line 2390 of file specfun.h.

References std::\_\_detail::\_\_radial\_jacobi().

# 8.3.2.274 rising\_factorial()

Return the rising factorial function or the (upper) Pochhammer function. The rising factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\overline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(\nu)$$

Many notations exist for this function:  $(a)_{\nu}$ , (especially in the literature of special functions),

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} a \\ n \end{array}\right]$$

, and others.

Definition at line 3996 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.275 rising\_factorialf()

Return the rising factorial  $a^{\overline{\nu}}$  for float arguments.

See also

rising\_factorial for details.

Definition at line 3968 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.276 rising\_factoriall()

Return the rising factorial  $a^{\overline{\nu}}$  for long double arguments.

See also

rising\_factorial for details.

Definition at line 3978 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.277 sin\_pi()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::sin_pi (
    _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the reperiodized sine function  $\sin_{\pi}(x)$  for real argument x.

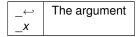
The reperiodized sine function is defined by:

$$\sin_{\pi}(x) = \sin(\pi x)$$

# **Template Parameters**

```
_Tp | The floating-point type of the argument ___x.
```

#### **Parameters**



Definition at line 6153 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.278 sin\_pif()

Return the reperiodized sine function  $\sin_{\pi}(x)$  for float argument x.

# See also

sin\_pi for more details.

Definition at line 6126 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.279 sin\_pil()

Return the reperiodized sine function  $\sin_{\pi}(x)$  for long double argument x.

### See also

sin\_pi for more details.

Definition at line 6136 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.280 sinc()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::sinc (
    _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the sinus cardinal function  $sinc_{\pi}(x)$  for real argument  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ x. The sinus cardinal function is defined by:

$$sinc(x) = \frac{sin(x)}{x}$$

### **Template Parameters**

#### **Parameters**

_~	The argument
_x	

Definition at line 1617 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.281 sinc\_pi()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::sinc_pi (
    __Tp ___x ) [inline]
```

Return the reperiodized sinus cardinal function sinc(x) for real argument  $\underline{\phantom{a}}$ x. The normalized sinus cardinal function is defined by:

$$sinc_{\pi}(x) = \frac{sin(\pi x)}{\pi x}$$

# **Template Parameters**

_Tp   The real type of the argume	nt
-----------------------------------	----

# **Parameters**

_←	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 1658 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.282 sinc_pif()
```

Return the reperiodized sinus cardinal function sinc(x) for float argument  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  x.

See also

sinc for details.

Definition at line 1632 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.283 sinc_pil()
```

```
long double __gnu_cxx::sinc_pil (
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the reperiodized sinus cardinal function sinc(x) for long double argument  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  x.

See also

sinc for details.

Definition at line 1642 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.284 sincf()

Return the sinus cardinal function  $sinc_{\pi}(x)$  for float argument \_\_\_x.

See also

sinc\_pi for details.

Definition at line 1591 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.285 sincl()

Return the sinus cardinal function  $sinc_{\pi}(x)$  for long double argument \_\_\_x.

See also

sinc\_pi for details.

Definition at line 1601 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.286 sincos() [1/2]
__gnu_cxx::__sincos_t<double> __gnu_cxx::sincos (
```

double  $\underline{\phantom{a}}x$  ) [inline]

Return both the sine and the cosine of a double argument.

See also

sincos for details.

Definition at line 6391 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.287 sincos() [2/2]

template<typename _Tp >
__gnu_cxx::__sincos_t<__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> > __gnu_cxx::sincos (
    _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return both the sine and the cosine of a reperiodized argument.

$$sincos(x) = sin(x), cos(x)$$

Definition at line 6402 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.288 sincos\_pi()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t<__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> > __gnu_cxx::sincos_pi (
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return both the sine and the cosine of a reperiodized real argument.

$$sincos_{\pi}(x) = sin(\pi x), cos(\pi x)$$

Definition at line 6436 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.289 sincos_pif()
```

Return both the sine and the cosine of a reperiodized float argument.

See also

sincos\_pi for details.

Definition at line 6414 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.290 sincos_pil()
```

Return both the sine and the cosine of a reperiodized long double argument.

See also

sincos\_pi for details.

Definition at line 6424 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.291 sincosf()

Return both the sine and the cosine of a float argument.

Definition at line 6373 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.292 sincosl()

Return both the sine and the cosine of a long double argument.

# See also

sincos for details.

Definition at line 6382 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.293 sinh\_pi()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::sinh_pi (
    _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic sine function  $\sinh_{\pi}(x)$  for real argument x.

The reperiodized hyperbolic sine function is defined by:

$$\sinh_{\pi}(x) = \sinh(\pi x)$$

# **Template Parameters**

\_Tp The floating-point type of the argument \_\_x.

#### **Parameters**

_~	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 6195 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.294 sinh_pif()
```

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic sine function  $\sinh_{\pi}(x)$  for float argument x.

See also

sinh\_pi for more details.

Definition at line 6168 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.295 sinh\_pil()

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic sine function  $\sinh_{\pi}(x)$  for long double argument x.

See also

sinh\_pi for more details.

Definition at line 6178 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.296 sinhc()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::sinhc (
    _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the normalized hyperbolic sinus cardinal function sinhc(x) for real argument  $\_\_x$ . The normalized hyperbolic sinus cardinal function is defined by:

$$sinhc(x) = \frac{\sinh(\pi x)}{\pi x}$$

# **Template Parameters**

Тp	The real type of the argument

### **Parameters**

_~	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 2500 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.297 sinhc\_pi()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::sinhc_pi (
    _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

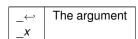
Return the hyperbolic sinus cardinal function  $sinhc_{\pi}(x)$  for real argument \_\_\_x. The sinus cardinal function is defined by:

$$sinhc_{\pi}(x) = \frac{\sinh(x)}{x}$$

# **Template Parameters**

_Tp The real type of the argument	_Тр
-----------------------------------	-----

# **Parameters**



Definition at line 2459 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.298 sinhc\_pif()

Return the hyperbolic sinus cardinal function  $sinhc_{\pi}(x)$  for float argument \_\_\_x.

```
See also
```

```
sinhc_pi for details.
```

Definition at line 2433 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.299 sinhc_pil()
```

```
long double __gnu_cxx::sinhc_pil (
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the hyperbolic sinus cardinal function  $sinhc_{\pi}(x)$  for long double argument \_\_\_x.

See also

```
sinhc_pi for details.
```

Definition at line 2443 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.300 sinhcf()
```

Return the normalized hyperbolic sinus cardinal function sinhc(x) for float argument \_\_x.

See also

sinhc for details.

Definition at line 2474 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.301 sinhcl()
```

```
long double __gnu_cxx::sinhcl (
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the normalized hyperbolic sinus cardinal function sinhc(x) for long double argument  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}} x$ .

See also

sinhc for details.

Definition at line 2484 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.302 sinhint()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::sinhint (
    _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

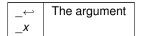
Return the hyperbolic sine integral Shi(x) of real argument x.

The hyperbolic sine integral is defined by

$$Shi(x) = \int_0^x \frac{\sinh(t)}{t} dt$$

# **Template Parameters**

### **Parameters**



Definition at line 1816 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.303 sinhintf()

Return the hyperbolic sine integral of float argument x.

# See also

sinhint for details.

Definition at line 1789 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.304 sinhintl()

Return the hyperbolic sine integral Shi(x) of long double argument x.

# See also

sinhint for details.

Definition at line 1799 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.305 sinint()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::sinint (
    _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the sine integral Si(x) of real argument x.

The sine integral is defined by

$$Si(x) = \int_0^x \frac{\sin(t)}{t} dt$$

# **Parameters**

_~	The real upper integration limit
_X	

Definition at line 1735 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.306 sinintf()

Return the sine integral Si(x) of float argument x.

### See also

sinint for details.

Definition at line 1710 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.307 sinintl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::sinintl (
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the sine integral Si(x) of long double argument x.

# See also

sinint for details.

Definition at line 1720 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.308 sph\_bessel\_i()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::sph_bessel_i (
          unsigned int __n,
           _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the regular modified spherical Bessel function  $i_n(x)$  of nonnegative order n and real argument x >= 0.

The spherical Bessel function is defined by:

$$i_n(x) = \left(\frac{\pi}{2x}\right)^{1/2} I_{n+1/2}(x)$$

# **Template Parameters**

_Tp   The floating-point type of the argume	entx.
---	-------

### **Parameters**

_~	The integral order $n >= 0$
_n	
_~	The real argument $x >= 0$
_x	

# **Exceptions**

```
std::domain\_error \mid if \__x < 0 .
```

Definition at line 2736 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.309 sph\_bessel\_if()

Return the regular modified spherical Bessel function  $i_n(x)$  of nonnegative order n and float argument x>=0.

#### See also

sph\_bessel\_i for details.

Definition at line 2707 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.310 sph\_bessel\_il()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::sph_bessel_il (
          unsigned int __n,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the regular modified spherical Bessel function  $i_n(x)$  of nonnegative order n and long double argument x>=0.

See also

sph\_bessel\_i for details.

Definition at line 2717 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.311 sph\_bessel\_k()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::sph_bessel_k (
          unsigned int __n,
           _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the irregular modified spherical Bessel function  $k_n(x)$  of nonnegative order n and real argument x>=0.

The spherical Bessel function is defined by:

$$k_n(x) = \left(\frac{\pi}{2x}\right)^{1/2} K_{n+1/2}(x)$$

### **Template Parameters**

|--|

# **Parameters**

_~	The integral order $n >= 0$
_n	
_←	The real argument $x >= 0$
_X	

# **Exceptions**

std::domain_error	ifx < 0 .
-------------------	-----------

Definition at line 2780 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.312 sph\_bessel\_kf()

Return the irregular modified spherical Bessel function  $k_n(x)$  of nonnegative order n and float argument x >= 0.

See also

sph bessel k for more details.

Definition at line 2751 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.313 sph\_bessel\_kl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::sph_bessel_kl (
          unsigned int __n,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the irregular modified spherical Bessel function  $k_n(x)$  of nonnegative order n and long double argument x >= 0.

See also

sph\_bessel\_k for more details.

Definition at line 2761 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.314 sph\_hankel\_1() [1/2]

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> > __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_1 (
    unsigned int __n,
    _Tp __z ) [inline]
```

Return the spherical Hankel function of the first kind  $h_n^{(1)}(x)$  of nonnegative order n and real argument x >= 0.

The spherical Hankel function of the first kind is defined by:

$$h_n^{(1)}(x) = \left(\frac{\pi}{2x}\right)^{1/2} H_{n+1/2}^{(1)}(x)$$

or in terms of the cylindrical Bessel and Neumann functions by:

$$h_n^{(1)}(x) = \left(\frac{\pi}{2x}\right)^{1/2} \left[J_{n+1/2}(x) + iN_{n+1/2}(x)\right]$$

# **Template Parameters**

_Tp   The real type of the argumen
------------------------------------

# **Parameters**

_~	The non-negative order
_n	
_~	The real argument
_Z	

Definition at line 2644 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.315 sph_hankel_1() [2/2]
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> > __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_1 (
    unsigned int __n,
    std::complex< _Tp > __x ) [inline]
```

Return the complex spherical Hankel function of the first kind  $h_n^{(1)}(x)$  of non-negative integral n and complex argument x.

The spherical Hankel function of the first kind is defined by

$$h_n^{(1)}(x) = \left(\frac{\pi}{2x}\right)^{1/2} H_{n+1/2}^{(1)}(x) = j_n(x) + i n_n(x)$$

where  $j_n(x)$  and  $n_n(x)$  are the spherical Bessel and Neumann functions respectively.

# **Parameters**

_~	The integral order >= 0
_n	
_~	The complex argument
_X	

Definition at line 4906 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.316 sph_hankel_1f() [1/2]
```

Return the spherical Hankel function of the first kind  $h_n^{(1)}(x)$  of nonnegative order n and float argument x >= 0.

See also

```
sph_hankel_1 for details.
```

Definition at line 2611 of file specfun.h.

Return the complex spherical Hankel function of the first kind  $h_n^{(1)}(x)$  of non-negative integral n and  $std \leftarrow ::complex < float > argument <math>x$ .

See also

```
sph_hankel_1 for more details.
```

Definition at line 4874 of file specfun.h.

Return the spherical Hankel function of the first kind  $h_n^{(1)}(x)$  of nonnegative order n and long double argument x>=0.

See also

```
sph_hankel_1 for details.
```

Definition at line 2621 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.319 sph\_hankel\_1l() [2/2]

Return the complex spherical Hankel function of the first kind  $h_n^{(1)}(x)$  of non-negative integral n and  $std \leftarrow ::complex < long double > argument <math>x$ .

### See also

sph hankel 1 for more details.

Definition at line 4885 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.320 sph\_hankel\_2() [1/2]

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> > __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_2 (
    unsigned int __n,
    _Tp __z ) [inline]
```

Return the spherical Hankel function of the second kind  $h_n^{(2)}(x)$  of nonnegative order n and real argument x >= 0.

The spherical Hankel function of the second kind is defined by:

$$h_n^{(2)}(x) = \left(\frac{\pi}{2x}\right)^{1/2} H_{n+1/2}^{(2)}(x)$$

or in terms of the cylindrical Bessel and Neumann functions by:

$$h_n^{(2)}(x) = \left(\frac{\pi}{2x}\right)^{1/2} \left[J_{n+1/2}(x) - iN_{n+1/2}(x)\right]$$

### **Template Parameters**

T	The real type of the argument
ID	I he real type of the argument
/	, ,,

### **Parameters**

_~	The non-negative order
_n	
_~	The real argument
_Z	

Definition at line 2692 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.321 sph\_hankel\_2() [2/2]

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> > __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_2 (
    unsigned int __n,
    std::complex< _Tp > __x ) [inline]
```

Return the complex spherical Hankel function of the second kind  $h_n^{(2)}(x)$  of nonnegative order n and complex argument x.

The spherical Hankel function of the second kind is defined by

$$h_n^{(2)}(x) = \left(\frac{\pi}{2x}\right)^{1/2} H_{n+1/2}^{(2)}(x) = j_n(x) - in_n(x)$$

where  $j_n(x)$  and  $n_n(x)$  are the spherical Bessel and Neumann functions respectively.

### **Parameters**

_~	The integral order >= 0
_n	
_←	The complex argument
_X	

Definition at line 4954 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.322 sph_hankel_2f() [1/2]
```

Return the spherical Hankel function of the second kind  $h_n^{(2)}(x)$  of nonnegative order n and float argument x>=0.

### See also

sph hankel 2 for details.

Definition at line 2659 of file specfun.h.

Return the complex spherical Hankel function of the second kind  $h_n^{(2)}(x)$  of non-negative integral n and  $std \leftarrow ::complex < float > argument <math>x$ .

See also

```
sph_hankel_2 for more details.
```

Definition at line 4922 of file specfun.h.

Return the spherical Hankel function of the second kind  $h_n^{(2)}(x)$  of nonnegative order n and long double argument x >= 0.

See also

```
sph hankel 2 for details.
```

Definition at line 2669 of file specfun.h.

Return the complex spherical Hankel function of the second kind  $h_n^{(2)}(x)$  of non-negative integral n and  $std \leftarrow ::complex < long double > argument <math>x$ .

See also

```
sph_hankel_2 for more details.
```

Definition at line 4933 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.326 sph\_harmonic()

```
template<typename _Ttheta , typename _Tphi >
std::complex<__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Ttheta, _Tphi> > __gnu_cxx::sph_harmonic (
    unsigned int __l,
    int __m,
    _Ttheta __theta,
    _Tphi __phi ) [inline]
```

Return the complex spherical harmonic function of degree l, order m, and real zenith angle  $\theta$ , and azimuth angle  $\phi$ .

The spherical harmonic function is defined by:

$$Y_l^m(\theta,\phi) = (-1)^m \frac{(2l+1)}{4\pi} \frac{(l-m)!}{(l+m)!} P_l^{|m|}(\cos\theta) \exp^{im\phi}$$

Note

$$Y_l^m(\theta,\phi) = 0$$
 if  $|m| > l$ .

# **Parameters**

/	The order
m	The degree
theta	The zenith angle in radians
phi	The azimuth angle in radians

Definition at line 5007 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.327 sph\_harmonicf()

```
std::complex<float> __gnu_cxx::sph_harmonicf (
    unsigned int __l,
    int __m,
    float __theta,
    float __phi ) [inline]
```

Return the complex spherical harmonic function of degree l, order m, and float zenith angle  $\theta$ , and azimuth angle  $\phi$ .

### See also

sph\_harmonic for details.

Definition at line 4970 of file specfun.h.

# 8.3.2.328 sph\_harmonicl()

```
std::complex<long double> __gnu_cxx::sph_harmonicl (
    unsigned int __l,
    int __m,
    long double __theta,
    long double __phi ) [inline]
```

Return the complex spherical harmonic function of degree l, order m, and long double zenith angle  $\theta$ , and azimuth angle  $\phi$ .

See also

sph harmonic for details.

Definition at line 4982 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.329 stirling\_1()

Return the Stirling number of the first kind.

The Stirling numbers of the first kind are the coefficients of the Pocchammer polynomials or the rising factorials:

$$(x)_n = \sum_{k=0}^n \begin{bmatrix} n \\ k \end{bmatrix} x^k$$

The recursion is

with starting values

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \rightarrow m \end{bmatrix} = 1,0,0,...,0$$

and

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \to n \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = 1, 0, 0, ..., 0$$

The Stirling number of the first kind is denoted by other symbols in the literature, usually  $S_n^{(m)}$ .

**Todo** Develop an iterator model for Stirling numbers of the first kind.

Definition at line 6963 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.330 stirling\_2()

Return the Stirling number of the second kind by series expansion or by recursion.

The series is:

$$\sigma_n^{(m)} = \begin{Bmatrix} n \\ m \end{Bmatrix} = \sum_{k=0}^m \frac{(-1)^{m-k} k^n}{(m-k)! k!}$$

The Stirling number of the second kind is denoted by other symbols in the literature:  $\sigma_n^{(m)}$ ,  $S_n^{(m)}$  and others.

Todo Develop an iterator model for Stirling numbers of the second kind.

Definition at line 6986 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.331 student\_t\_p()

```
template<typename _Tt , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::student_t_p (
    __Tt __t,
    unsigned int __nu )
```

Return the Students T probability function.

The students T propability function is related to the incomplete beta function:

$$A(t|\nu) = 1 - I_{\frac{\nu}{\nu + t^2}}(\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1}{2})A(t|\nu) =$$

## **Parameters**



Definition at line 6623 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.332 student\_t\_pdf()

```
template<typename _Tt , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::student_t_pdf (
    __Tt ___t,
    unsigned int ___nu )
```

Return the complement of the Students T probability function.

The complement of the students T propability function is:

$$A_c(t|\nu) = I_{\frac{\nu}{\nu + t^2}}(\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1}{2}) = 1 - A(t|\nu)$$

## **Parameters**



Definition at line 6643 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.333 tan\_pi()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::tan_pi (
    _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the reperiodized tangent function  $tan_{\pi}(x)$  for real argument x.

The reperiodized tangent function is defined by:

$$\tan_{\pi}(x) = \tan(\pi x)$$

## **Template Parameters**

_Тр	The floating-point type of the argument _	_x.
-----	---	-----

#### **Parameters**

_~	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 6321 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.334 tan\_pif()

Return the reperiodized tangent function  $tan_{\pi}(x)$  for float argument x.

See also

tan\_pi for more details.

Definition at line 6294 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.335 tan\_pil()

Return the reperiodized tangent function  $tan_{\pi}(x)$  for long double argument x.

See also

tan pi for more details.

Definition at line 6304 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.336 tanh\_pi()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> __gnu_cxx::tanh_pi (
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic tangent function  $tanh_{\pi}(x)$  for real argument x.

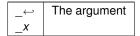
The reperiodized hyperbolic tangent function is defined by:

$$\tanh_{\pi}(x) = \tanh(\pi x)$$

## **Template Parameters**

\_Tp The floating-point type of the argument \_\_x.

#### **Parameters**



Definition at line 6363 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.337 tanh_pif()
```

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic tangent function  $\tanh_{\pi}(x)$  for float argument x.

See also

tanh pi for more details.

Definition at line 6336 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.338 tanh\_pil()

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic tangent function  $\tanh_{\pi}(x)$  for long double argument x.

See also

tanh\_pi for more details.

Definition at line 6346 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.339 tgamma() [1/3]
```

```
template<typename _Ta >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Ta> __gnu_cxx::tgamma (
    __Ta ___a ) [inline]
```

Return the gamma function for real argument.

Definition at line 3002 of file specfun.h.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_tricomi\_u\_naive().

## 8.3.2.340 tgamma() [2/3]

Return the gamma function for complex argument.

Definition at line 3034 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.341 tgamma() [3/3]

Return the upper incomplete gamma function  $\Gamma(a,x)$ . The (upper) incomplete gamma function is defined by

$$\Gamma(a,x) = \int_{a}^{\infty} t^{a-1}e^{-t}dt$$

Definition at line 3071 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.342 tgamma\_lower()

```
template<typename _Ta , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Ta, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::tgamma_lower (
    __Ta ___a,
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the lower incomplete gamma function  $\gamma(a,x)$ . The lower incomplete gamma function is defined by

$$\gamma(a,x) = \int_0^x t^{a-1}e^{-t}dt$$

Definition at line 3108 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.343 tgamma\_lowerf()

Return the lower incomplete gamma function  $\gamma(a,x)$  for float argument.

See also

tgamma\_lower for details.

Definition at line 3086 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.344 tgamma\_lowerl()

Return the lower incomplete gamma function  $\gamma(a,x)$  for long double argument.

See also

tgamma\_lower for details.

Definition at line 3096 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.345 tgammaf() [1/3]
```

Return the gamma function for float argument.

See also

Igamma for details.

Definition at line 2984 of file specfun.h.

Return the gamma function for std::complex<float> argument.

See also

Igamma for details.

Definition at line 3016 of file specfun.h.

Return the upper incomplete gamma function  $\Gamma(a,x)$  for float argument.

See also

tgamma for details.

Definition at line 3049 of file specfun.h.

Return the gamma function for long double argument.

See also

Igamma for details.

Definition at line 2994 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.349 tgammal() [2/3]

Return the gamma function for std::complex<long double> argument.

See also

Igamma for details.

Definition at line 3026 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.350 tgammal() [3/3]

Return the upper incomplete gamma function  $\Gamma(a,x)$  for long double argument.

See also

tgamma for details.

Definition at line 3059 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.351 theta\_1()

```
template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tpnu, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::theta_1 (
    _Tpnu __nu,
    _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the exponential theta-1 function  $\theta_1(\nu,x)$  of period  $\nu$  and argument x.

The exponential theta-1 function is defined by

$$\theta_1(\nu, x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi x}} \sum_{j=-\infty}^{+\infty} (-1)^j \exp\left(\frac{-(\nu + j - 1/2)^2}{x}\right)$$

#### **Parameters**

nu	The periodic (period = 2) argument
x	The argument

Definition at line 5449 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.352 theta\_1f()

Return the exponential theta-1 function  $\theta_1(\nu, x)$  of period  $\nu$  and argument x.

See also

```
theta_1 for details.
```

Definition at line 5421 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.353 theta\_1I()

Return the exponential theta-1 function  $\theta_1(\nu, x)$  of period  $\nu$  and argument x.

See also

```
theta_1 for details.
```

Definition at line 5431 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.354 theta\_2()

```
template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tpnu, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::theta_2 (
    _Tpnu __nu,
    _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the exponential theta-2 function  $\theta_2(\nu, x)$  of period  $\nu$  and argument x.

The exponential theta-2 function is defined by

$$\theta_2(\nu, x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi x}} \sum_{j=-\infty}^{+\infty} (-1)^j \exp\left(\frac{-(\nu+j)^2}{x}\right)$$

#### **Parameters**

nu	The periodic (period = 2) argument
X	The argument

Definition at line 5492 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.355 theta\_2f()

Return the exponential theta-2 function  $\theta_2(\nu, x)$  of period  $\nu$  and argument x.

See also

theta\_2 for details.

Definition at line 5464 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.356 theta\_2l()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::theta_21 (
          long double __nu,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the exponential theta-2 function  $\theta_2(\nu,x)$  of period  $\nu$  and argument x.

See also

theta\_2 for details.

Definition at line 5474 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.357 theta\_3()

```
template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tpnu, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::theta_3 (
    __Tpnu __nu,
    __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the exponential theta-3 function  $\theta_3(\nu, x)$  of period  $\nu$  and argument x.

The exponential theta-3 function is defined by

$$\theta_3(\nu, x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi x}} \sum_{j=-\infty}^{+\infty} \exp\left(\frac{-(\nu+j)^2}{x}\right)$$

#### **Parameters**

nu	The periodic (period = 1) argument
x	The argument

Definition at line 5535 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.358 theta\_3f()

Return the exponential theta-3 function  $\theta_3(\nu, x)$  of period  $\nu$  and argument x.

See also

theta\_3 for details.

Definition at line 5507 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.359 theta\_3I()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::theta_31 (
          long double __nu,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the exponential theta-3 function  $\theta_3(\nu, x)$  of period  $\nu$  and argument x.

See also

theta\_3 for details.

Definition at line 5517 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.360 theta\_4()

```
template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tpnu, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::theta_4 (
    _Tpnu __nu,
    _Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the exponential theta-4 function  $\theta_4(\nu, x)$  of period  $\nu$  and argument x.

The exponential theta-4 function is defined by

$$\theta_4(\nu, x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi x}} \sum_{j=-\infty}^{+\infty} \exp\left(\frac{-(\nu + j + 1/2)^2}{x}\right)$$

#### **Parameters**

nu	The periodic (period = 1) argument
x	The argument

Definition at line 5578 of file specfun.h.

```
8.3.2.361 theta_4f()
```

Return the exponential theta-4 function  $\theta_4(\nu,x)$  of period  $\nu$  and argument x.

## See also

theta\_4 for details.

Definition at line 5550 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.362 theta\_4I()

Return the exponential theta-4 function  $\theta_4(\nu,x)$  of period  $\nu$  and argument x.

## See also

theta\_4 for details.

Definition at line 5560 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.363 theta\_c()

Return the Neville theta-c function  $\theta_c(k,x)$  of modulus k and argument x.

The Neville theta-c function is defined by

$$\theta_c(k, x) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2kK(k)}} \theta_1 \left( q(k), \frac{\pi x}{2K(k)} \right)$$

where q(k) is the elliptic nome, K(k) is the complete Legendre elliptic integral of the first kind, and  $\theta_1(\nu, x)$  is the exponential theta-1 function.

#### See also

ellnome, std::comp\_ellint\_1, and theta\_1 for details.

#### **Parameters**

$\leftarrow$	The modulus $-1 \le k \le +1$
-k	
	The argument
_ <del></del>	The argument
_X	

Definition at line 5714 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.364 theta\_cf()

Return the Neville theta-c function  $\theta_c(k,x)$  of modulus k and argument x.

## See also

theta\_c for details.

Definition at line 5682 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.365 theta\_cl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::theta_cl (
          long double __k,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Neville theta-c function  $\theta_c(k,x)$  of long double modulus k and argument x.

See also

theta\_c for details.

Definition at line 5692 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.366 theta\_d()

Return the Neville theta-d function  $\theta_d(k,x)$  of modulus k and argument x.

The Neville theta-d function is defined by

$$\theta_d(k,x) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2K(k)}} \theta_3\left(q(k), \frac{\pi x}{2K(k)}\right)$$

where q(k) is the elliptic nome, K(k) is the complete Legendre elliptic integral of the first kind, and  $\theta_3(\nu,x)$  is the exponential theta-3 function.

#### See also

ellnome, std::comp\_ellint\_1, and theta\_3 for details.

## **Parameters**

_ <del>←</del>	The modulus $-1 \le k \le +1$
_~	The argument
_x	

Definition at line 5761 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.367 theta\_df()

Return the Neville theta-d function  $\theta_d(k,x)$  of modulus k and argument x.

See also

theta d for details.

Definition at line 5729 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.368 theta\_dl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::theta_dl (
          long double __k,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Neville theta-d function  $\theta_d(k,x)$  of long double modulus k and argument x.

See also

theta\_d for details.

Definition at line 5739 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.369 theta\_n()

```
template<typename _Tpk , typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tpk, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::theta_n (
    __Tpk ___k,
    __Tp ___x ) [inline]
```

Return the Neville theta-n function  $\theta_n(k,x)$  of modulus k and argument x.

The Neville theta-n function is defined by

$$\theta_n(k,x) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2k'K(k)}} \theta_4\left(q(k), \frac{\pi x}{2K(k)}\right)$$

where q(k) is the elliptic nome, K(k) is the complete Legendre elliptic integral of the first kind, and  $\theta_4(\nu,x)$  is the exponential theta-4 function.

See also

ellnome, std::comp\_ellint\_1, and theta\_4 for details.

#### **Parameters**

_ <del>←</del> _k	The modulus $-1 <= k <= +1$
_ <del>`</del> _X	The argument

Definition at line 5808 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.370 theta\_nf()

Return the Neville theta-n function  $\theta_n(k,x)$  of modulus k and argument x.

## See also

theta\_n for details.

Definition at line 5776 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.371 theta\_nl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::theta_nl (
          long double __k,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Neville theta-n function  $\theta_n(k,x)$  of long double modulus k and argument x.

## See also

theta\_n for details.

Definition at line 5786 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.372 theta\_s()

Return the Neville theta-s function  $\theta_s(k,x)$  of modulus k and argument x.

The Neville theta-s function is defined by

$$\theta_s(k,x) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2kk'K(k)}}\theta_1\left(q(k), \frac{\pi x}{2K(k)}\right)$$

where q(k) is the elliptic nome, K(k) is the complete Legendre elliptic integral of the first kind, and  $\theta_1(\nu, x)$  is the exponential theta-1 function.

#### See also

ellnome, std::comp\_ellint\_1, and theta\_1 for details.

#### **Parameters**

_~	The modulus $-1 <= k <= +1$
_k	
_~	The argument
_x	

Definition at line 5667 of file specfun.h.

### 8.3.2.373 theta\_sf()

Return the Neville theta-s function  $\theta_s(k,x)$  of modulus k and argument x.

## See also

theta\_s for details.

Definition at line 5635 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.374 theta\_sl()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::theta_sl (
          long double __k,
          long double __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Neville theta-s function  $\theta_s(k,x)$  of long double modulus k and argument x.

See also

theta\_s for details.

Definition at line 5645 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.375 tricomi\_u()

```
template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tpc , typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tpa, _Tpc, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::tricomi_u (
   __Tpa __a,
   __Tpc __c,
   __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Tricomi confluent hypergeometric function U(a,c,x) of real numerator parameter a, denominator parameter c, and argument x.

The Tricomi confluent hypergeometric function is defined by

$$U(a,c,x) = \frac{\Gamma(1-c)}{\Gamma(a-c+1)} {}_{1}F_{1}(a;c;x) + \frac{\Gamma(c-1)}{\Gamma(a)} x^{1-c} {}_{1}F_{1}(a-c+1;2-c;x)$$

where  ${}_{1}F_{1}(a;c;x)$  if the confluent hypergeometric function.

## See also

conf\_hyperg.

#### **Parameters**

_←	The numerator parameter
_a	
_←	The denominator parameter
_c	
_~	The argument
_x	

Definition at line 1481 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.376 tricomi\_uf()

Return the Tricomi confluent hypergeometric function U(a,c,x) of float numerator parameter a, denominator parameter c, and argument x.

#### See also

tricomi\_u for details.

Definition at line 1447 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.377 tricomi\_ul()

Return the Tricomi confluent hypergeometric function U(a,c,x) of long double numerator parameter a, denominator parameter c, and argument x.

#### See also

tricomi u for details.

Definition at line 1458 of file specfun.h.

#### 8.3.2.378 weibull\_p()

```
template<typename _Ta , typename _Tb , typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Ta, _Tb, _Tp> __gnu_cxx::weibull_p (
   __Ta __a,
   __Tb __b,
   __Tp __x ) [inline]
```

Return the Weibull cumulative probability density function.

The formula for the Weibull cumulative probability density function is

$$F(x|\lambda) = 1 - e^{-(x/b)^a}$$
 for  $x >= 0$ 

Definition at line 6603 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.379 weibull\_pdf()

Return the Weibull probability density function.

The formula for the Weibull probability density function is

$$f(x|a,b) = \frac{a}{b} \left(\frac{x}{b}\right)^{a-1} \exp{-\left(\frac{x}{b}\right)^a} \text{ for } x >= 0$$

Definition at line 6587 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.380 zernike()

```
template<typename _Trho , typename _Tphi >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Trho, _Tphi> __gnu_cxx::zernike (
          unsigned int __n,
          int __m,
          __Trho __rho,
          __Tphi __phi ) [inline]
```

Return the Zernicke polynomial  $Z_n^m(\rho,\phi)$  for non-negative degree n, signed order m, and real radial argument  $\rho$  and azimuthal angle  $\phi$ .

The even Zernicke polynomials are defined by:

$$Z_n^m(\rho,\phi) = R_n^m(\rho)\cos(m\phi)$$

and the odd Zernicke polynomials are defined by:

$$Z_n^{-m}(\rho,\phi) = R_n^m(\rho)\sin(m\phi)$$

for non-negative degree m and m <= n and where  $R_n^m(\rho)$  is the radial polynomial (

See also

radpoly).

## **Template Parameters**

_Trho	The real type of the radial coordinate
_Tphi	The real type of the azimuthal angle

#### **Parameters**

n	The non-negative degree.
m	The (signed) azimuthal order
rho	The radial coordinate
phi	The azimuthal angle

Definition at line 2363 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.381 zernikef()

```
float __gnu_cxx::zernikef (
          unsigned int __n,
          int __m,
          float __rho,
          float __phi ) [inline]
```

Return the Zernicke polynomial  $Z_n^m(\rho,\phi)$  for non-negative degree n, signed order m, and real radial argument  $\rho$  and azimuthal angle  $\phi$ .

## See also

zernike for details.

Definition at line 2324 of file specfun.h.

## 8.3.2.382 zernikel()

```
long double __gnu_cxx::zernikel (
         unsigned int __n,
         int __m,
         long double __rho,
         long double __phi ) [inline]
```

Return the Zernicke polynomial  $Z_n^m(\rho,\phi)$  for non-negative degree n, signed order m, and real radial argument  $\rho$  and azimuthal angle  $\phi$ .

#### See also

zernike for details.

Definition at line 2335 of file specfun.h.

# **Chapter 9**

# **Namespace Documentation**

# 9.1 \_\_gnu\_cxx Namespace Reference

## Classes

- struct \_\_airy\_t
- struct \_\_chebyshev\_t\_t
- struct \_\_chebyshev\_u\_t
- struct chebyshev v t
- struct \_\_chebyshev\_w\_t
- · struct cyl bessel t
- struct \_\_cyl\_coulomb\_t
- struct \_\_cyl\_hankel\_t
- struct \_\_cyl\_mod\_bessel\_t
- struct \_\_fock\_airy\_t
- struct \_\_fp\_is\_integer\_t
- struct \_\_gamma\_inc\_t
- struct \_\_gamma\_temme\_t

A structure for the gamma functions required by the Temme series expansions of  $N_{\nu}(x)$  and  $K_{\nu}(x)$ .

$$\Gamma_1 = \frac{1}{2\mu} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} - \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

and

$$\Gamma_2 = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} + \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

where  $-1/2 <= \mu <= 1/2$  is  $\mu = \nu - N$  and N. is the nearest integer to  $\nu$ . The values of  $\Gamma(1+\mu)$  and  $\Gamma(1-\mu)$  are returned as well.

- struct \_\_gappa\_pq\_t
- struct <u>gegenbauer</u>t
- struct \_\_hermite\_he\_t
- struct \_\_hermite\_t
- struct \_\_jacobi\_ellint\_t
- struct \_\_jacobi\_t
- struct laguerre t
- struct \_\_legendre\_p\_t

```
struct __lgamma_t
struct __quadrature_point_t
struct __sincos_t
struct __sph_bessel_t
struct __sph_hankel_t
struct __sph_mod_bessel_t
```

## **Enumerations**

• enum gauss quad type { Gauss, Gauss Lobatto, Gauss Radau lower, Gauss Radau upper }

Enumeration gor differing types of Gauss quadrature. The gauss\_quad\_type is used to determine the boundary condition modifications applied to orthogonal polynomials for quadrature rules.

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename</li>Tp >
  bool <u>__fp_is_equal</u> (_Tp __a, _Tp __b, _Tp __mul=_Tp{1})
template<typename</li>Tp >
   <u>_fp_is_integer_t __fp_is_even_integer</u> (_Tp __a, _Tp __mul=_Tp{1})
template<typename _Tp >
   _fp_is_integer_t __fp_is_half_integer (_Tp __a, _Tp __mul=_Tp{1})
template<typename Tp >
   _fp_is_integer_t __fp_is_half_odd_integer (_Tp __a, _Tp __mul=_Tp{1})
template<typename _Tp >
  <u>__fp_is_integer_t __fp_is_integer (_Tp __a, _Tp __mul=_Tp{1})</u>
template<typename</li>Tp >
   _fp_is_integer_t __fp_is_odd_integer (_Tp __a, _Tp __mul=_Tp{1})
• template<typename Tp >
  bool <u>fp_is_zero</u> (_Tp __a, _Tp __mul=_Tp{1})
template<typename</li>Tp >
  _Tp __fp_max_abs (_Tp __a, _Tp __b)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp , typename
    IntTp >

  _Tp __parity (_IntTp __k)
template<typename _Tp >
  \_gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > airy_ai (_Tp \_x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex<\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t<\_Tp>> \underline{airy\_ai} \ (std::complex<\_Tp>\_\_x)

    float airy aif (float x)

    long double airy ail (long double x)

template<typename_Tp>
   \_gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< \_Tp > airy_bi (\_Tp \_\_x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex<\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t<\_Tp>> \underbrace{airy\_bi} (std::complex<\_Tp>\_\_x)

 float airy_bif (float __x)

    long double airy bil (long double x)

template<typename_Tp>
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > bernoulli (unsigned int __n)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp bernoulli (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float bernoullif (unsigned int n)
```

- long double bernoullil (unsigned int \_\_n)
- template<typename \_Tp >

gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > binomial (unsigned int n, unsigned int k)

Return the binomial coefficient as a real number. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} t^k$$

template<typename \_Tp >

\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp > binomial\_p (\_Tp \_\_p, unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_k)

Return the binomial cumulative distribution function.

template<typename \_Tp >

\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp > binomial\_pdf (\_Tp \_\_p, unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_k)

Return the binomial probability mass function.

- float binomialf (unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_k)
- long double binomiall (unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_k)
- template<typename \_Tps , typename \_Tp >

\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tps, \_Tp > bose\_einstein (\_Tps \_\_s, \_Tp \_\_x)

- float bose einsteinf (float s, float x)
- long double bose\_einsteinl (long double \_\_s, long double \_\_x)
- template<typename</li>
   Tp >

\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp > chebyshev\_t (unsigned int \_\_n, \_Tp \_\_x)

- float chebyshev\_tf (unsigned int \_\_n, float \_\_x)
- long double chebyshev\_tl (unsigned int \_\_n, long double \_\_x)
- template<typename\_Tp>

\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp > chebyshev\_u (unsigned int \_\_n, \_Tp \_\_x)

- float chebyshev\_uf (unsigned int \_\_n, float \_\_x)
- long double chebyshev\_ul (unsigned int \_\_n, long double \_\_x)
- template<typename\_Tp>

\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp > chebyshev\_v (unsigned int \_\_n, \_Tp \_\_x)

- float chebyshev\_vf (unsigned int \_\_n, float \_\_x)
- long double chebyshev\_vl (unsigned int \_\_n, long double \_\_x)
- template<typename \_Tp >

\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp > chebyshev\_w (unsigned int \_\_n, \_Tp \_\_x)

- float chebyshev wf (unsigned int n, float x)
- long double chebyshev\_wl (unsigned int \_\_n, long double \_\_x)
- template<typename</li>Tp >

\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp > clausen (unsigned int \_\_m, \_Tp \_\_x)

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

std::complex< \_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp >> clausen (unsigned int \_\_m, std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_z)

template<typename\_Tp>

\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp > clausen\_cl (unsigned int m, Tp x)

- float clausen clf (unsigned int m, float x)
- long double clausen\_cll (unsigned int \_\_m, long double \_\_x)
- template<typename \_Tp >

\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp > clausen\_sl (unsigned int \_\_m, \_Tp \_\_x)

- float clausen\_slf (unsigned int \_\_m, float \_\_x)
- long double clausen sll (unsigned int m, long double x)

```
    float clausenf (unsigned int __m, float __x)

• std::complex< float > clausenf (unsigned int __m, std::complex< float > __z)

    long double clausenl (unsigned int __m, long double __x)

    std::complex < long double > clausenl (unsigned int __m, std::complex < long double > __z)

    template<typename Tk >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tk > comp_ellint_d (_Tk __k)

    float comp_ellint_df (float __k)

• long double comp ellint dl (long double k)

    float comp ellint rf (float x, float y)

    long double comp_ellint_rf (long double __x, long double __y)

• template<typename Tx, typename Ty >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tx, _Ty > comp_ellint_rf (_Tx __x, _Ty __y)
• float comp ellint rg (float x, float y)

    long double comp_ellint_rg (long double __x, long double __y)

• template<typename Tx, typename Ty >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tx, _Ty > comp_ellint_rg (_Tx __x, _Ty __y)

    template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tpc , typename _Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpa, _Tpc, _Tp > conf_hyperg (_Tpa __a, _Tpc __c, _Tp __x)
• template<typename _Tpc , typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpc, _Tp > conf_hyperg_lim (_Tpc __c, Tp x)

    float conf_hyperg_limf (float __c, float __x)

    long double conf_hyperg_liml (long double __c, long double __x)

    float conf_hypergf (float __a, float __c, float __x)

    long double conf_hypergl (long double __a, long double __c, long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > cos_pi (_Tp __x)

    float cos pif (float x)

    long double cos_pil (long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > cosh pi ( Tp x)

    float cosh pif (float x)

    long double cosh pil (long double x)

template<typename_Tp>
    gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > coshint (Tp x)

    float coshintf (float x)

    long double coshintl (long double x)

template<typename_Tp>
   gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > cosint (Tp x)

    float cosintf (float __x)

    long double cosintl (long double x)

• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
  std::complex< gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tpnu, Tp >> cyl hankel 1 ( Tpnu nu, Tp z)

    template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >

  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp >> cyl_hankel_1 (std::complex< _Tpnu > __nu, std↔
  ::complex < Tp > x)

    std::complex< float > cyl_hankel_1f (float __nu, float __z)

    std::complex < float > cyl hankel 1f (std::complex < float > nu, std::complex < float > x)

    std::complex < long double > cyl hankel 1l (long double nu, long double z)

    std::complex < long double > cyl_hankel_1l (std::complex < long double > __nu, std::complex < long double >

   _x)

    template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >

  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp >> cyl_hankel_2 (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __z)
```

```
    template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >

      std::complex< \underline{\quad} gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \underline{\quad} Tpnu, \underline{\quad} Tp>> \underline{\quad} cyl\_hankel\_2 \ (std::complex< \underline{\quad} Tpnu> \underline{\quad} nu, std \leftarrow \underline{\quad} true = 
      ::complex < Tp > x)

    std::complex< float > cyl_hankel_2f (float __nu, float __z)

    std::complex < float > cyl_hankel_2f (std::complex < float > __nu, std::complex < float > __x)

    std::complex < long double > cyl hankel 2l (long double nu, long double z)

    std::complex < long double > cyl hankel 2l (std::complex < long double > nu, std::complex < long double >

         _x)
 template<typename _Tp >
            gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > dawson (Tp x)

    float dawsonf (float x)

    long double dawsonl (long double __x)

template<typename_Tp>
            gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > debye (unsigned int n, Tp x)

    float debyef (unsigned int __n, float __x)

    long double debyel (unsigned int n, long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
            _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > digamma (_Tp __x)

    float digammaf (float __x)

    long double digammal (long double x)

template<typename</li>Tp >
         _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > dilog (_Tp __x)

 float dilogf (float ___x)

• long double dilogl (long double __x)
template<typename_Tp>
      _Tp dirichlet_beta (_Tp __s)

    float dirichlet betaf (float s)

    long double dirichlet betal (long double s)

template<typename _Tp >
       _Tp dirichlet_eta (_Tp __s)

    float dirichlet etaf (float s)

    long double dirichlet_etal (long double __s)

template<typename _Tp >
       _Tp dirichlet_lambda (_Tp __s)

    float dirichlet lambdaf (float s)

    long double dirichlet_lambdal (long double __s)

template<typename _Tp >
         gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > double factorial (int n)
                 Return the double factorial n!! of the argument as a real number.
                                                                                                                                   n!! = n(n-2)...(2), 0!! = 1
                for even n and
                                                                                                                              n!! = n(n-2)...(1), (-1)!! = 1
                 for odd n.

    float double factorialf (int n)

    long double double factoriall (int n)

• template<typename _Tk , typename _Tp , typename _Ta , typename _Tb >
            _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tk, _Tp, _Ta, _Tb > ellint_cel (_Tk __k_c, _Tp __p, _Ta __a, _Tb __b)
• float ellint celf (float k c, float p, float a, float b)

    long double ellint_cell (long double __k_c, long double __p, long double __a, long double __b)

    template<typename _Tk , typename _Tphi >

            _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tk, _Tphi > ellint_d (_Tk __k, _Tphi __phi)
```

```
    float ellint_df (float __k, float __phi)

• long double ellint_dl (long double __k, long double __phi)
• template<typename _Tp , typename _Tk >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tk > ellint_el1 (_Tp __x, _Tk __k_c)

    float ellint el1f (float x, float k c)

• long double ellint el11 (long double x, long double k c)
• template<typename Tp, typename Tk, typename Ta, typename Tb>
    gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tk, _Ta, _Tb > ellint_el2 (_Tp __x, _Tk __k_c, _Ta __a, _Tb __b)

    float ellint_el2f (float __x, float __k_c, float __a, float __b)

    long double ellint_el2l (long double __x, long double __k_c, long double __a, long double __b)

• template<typename _Tx , typename _Tk , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tx, _Tk, _Tp > ellint_el3 (_Tx __x, _Tk __k_c, _Tp __p)

    float ellint_el3f (float __x, float __k_c, float __p)

    long double ellint_el3l (long double __x, long double __k_c, long double __p)

template<typename _Tp , typename _Up >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Up > ellint_rc (_Tp __x, _Up __y)

    float ellint rcf (float x, float y)

• long double ellint rcl (long double x, long double y)
template<typename _Tp , typename _Up , typename _Vp >
    \_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp, \_Up, \_Vp> ellint\_rd (\_Tp\_\_x, \_Up\_\_y, \_Vp\_\_z)

    float ellint_rdf (float __x, float __y, float __z)

    long double ellint_rdl (long double __x, long double __y, long double __z)

• template<typename _Tp , typename _Up , typename _Vp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Up, _Vp > ellint_rf (_Tp __x, _Up __y, _Vp __z)

    float ellint rff (float x, float y, float z)

    long double ellint rfl (long double x, long double y, long double z)

    template<typename _Tp , typename _Up , typename _Vp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Up, _Vp > ellint_rg (_Tp __x, _Up __y, _Vp __z)

    float ellint_rgf (float __x, float __y, float __z)

    long double ellint_rgl (long double __x, long double __y, long double __z)

- template < typename _Tp , typename _Up , typename _Vp , typename _Wp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Up, _Vp, _Wp > ellint_rj (_Tp __x, _Up __y, _Vp __z, _Wp __p)

    float ellint_rjf (float __x, float __y, float __z, float __p)

• long double ellint_rjl (long double __x, long double __y, long double __z, long double __p)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  Tp ellnome (Tp k)

    float ellnomef (float k)

    long double ellnomel (long double k)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  Tp euler (unsigned int __n)
      This returns Euler number E_n.
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp eulerian 1 (unsigned int n, unsigned int m)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp eulerian_2 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > expint (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float expintf (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double expintl (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

• template<typename _Tlam , typename _Tp >
  \_gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tlam, _Tp > exponential_p (_Tlam \_lambda, _Tp \_x)
```

Return the exponential cumulative probability density function.

• template<typename \_Tlam , typename \_Tp >

Return the exponential probability density function.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the factorial n! of the argument as a real number.

$$n! = 1 \times 2 \times ... \times n, 0! = 1$$

.

- float factorialf (unsigned int n)
- long double factoriall (unsigned int n)
- template<typename \_Tp , typename \_Tnu >

Return the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol for real argument a and integral order n. The falling factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\underline{n}} = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a-k), a^{\underline{0}} = 1 = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-n+1)$$

In particular,  $n^{\underline{n}} = n!$ .

- float falling factorialf (float a, float nu)
- long double falling factoriall (long double a, long double nu)
- template<typename \_Tps , typename \_Tp >

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tps, _Tp > fermi_dirac (_Tps __s, _Tp __x)
```

- float fermi\_diracf (float \_\_s, float \_\_x)
- long double fermi\_diracl (long double \_\_s, long double \_\_x)
- template<typename \_Tp >

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > fisher_f_p (_Tp __F, unsigned int __nu1, unsigned int __nu2)
```

Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model exceeds the value  $\chi^2$ .

template<typename\_Tp>

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > fisher_f_pdf (_Tp __F, unsigned int __nu1, unsigned int __nu2)
```

Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model exceeds the value  $\chi^2$ .

template<typename \_Tp >

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > fresnel_c (_Tp __x)
```

- float fresnel\_cf (float \_\_x)
- long double fresnel cl (long double x)
- template<typename\_Tp>

```
gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > fresnel s (Tp x)
```

- float fresnel\_sf (float \_\_x)
- long double fresnel\_sl (long double \_\_x)
- template<typename \_Ta , typename \_Tp >

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tp > gamma_p (_Ta __a, _Tp __x)
```

Return the gamma cumulative propability distribution function or the regularized lower incomplete gamma function.

• template<typename  $_{\rm Ta}$  , typename  $_{\rm Tb}$  , typename  $_{\rm Tp}$  >

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tb, _Tp > gamma_pdf (_Ta __alpha, _Tb __beta, _Tp __x)
```

Return the gamma propability distribution function.

- float gamma\_pf (float \_\_a, float \_\_x)
- long double gamma pl (long double a, long double x)

```
    template<typename _Ta , typename _Tp >

   gnu cxx::fp promote t < Ta, Tp > gamma q ( Ta a, Tp x)
      Return the gamma complementary cumulative propability distribution (or survival) function or the regularized upper incom-
      plete gamma function.

    float gamma of (float a, float x)

    long double gamma_ql (long double __a, long double __x)

• template<typename _{\mathrm{Ta}}>
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta > gamma_reciprocal (_Ta __a)

    float gamma reciprocalf (float

    long double gamma reciprocall (long double a)

• template<typename _Tlam , typename _Tp >
    \_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t < \_Tlam, \_Tp > gegenbauer (unsigned int \_n, \_Tlam \_\_lambda, \_Tp \_\_x)

    float gegenbauerf (unsigned int n, float lambda, float x)

    long double gegenbauerl (unsigned int __n, long double __lambda, long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > harmonic (unsigned int n)
• template<typename _Tk , typename _Tphi >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tk, _Tphi > heuman_lambda (_Tk __k, _Tphi __phi)

    float heuman lambdaf (float k, float phi)

    long double heuman lambdal (long double k, long double phi)

template<typename _Tp , typename _Up >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Up > hurwitz_zeta (_Tp __s, _Up __a)

    template<typename _Tp , typename _Up >

  std::complex< Tp > hurwitz zeta (Tp s, std::complex< Up > a)

    float hurwitz_zetaf (float __s, float __a)

    long double hurwitz zetal (long double s, long double a)

    template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tpb , typename _Tpc , typename _Tp >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpa, _Tpb, _Tpc, _Tp > hyperg (_Tpa __a, _Tpb __b, _Tpc __c, _Tp __x)

    float hypergf (float __a, float __b, float __c, float __x)

    long double hypergl (long double __a, long double __b, long double __c, long double __x)

ullet template<typename _Ta , typename _Tb , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tb, _Tp > ibeta (_Ta __a, _Tb __b, _Tp __x)

    template<typename Ta, typename Tb, typename Tp>

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tb, _Tp > ibetac (_Ta __a, _Tb __b, _Tp __x)

 float <u>ibetacf</u> (float <u>a</u>, float <u>b</u>, float <u>x</u>)

    long double ibetacl (long double __a, long double __b, long double __x)

    float ibetaf (float a, float b, float x)

    long double <u>ibetal</u> (long double <u>__</u>a, long double <u>__</u>b, long double <u>__</u>x)

- template<typename _Talpha , typename _Tbeta , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Talpha, _Tbeta, _Tp > jacobi (unsigned __n, _Talpha __alpha, _Tbeta beta, Tp
    X)
• template<typename _Kp , typename _Up >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Kp, _Up > jacobi_cn (_Kp __k, _Up __u)

    float jacobi cnf (float k, float u)

    long double jacobi cnl (long double k, long double u)

• template<typename _Kp , typename _Up >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Kp, _Up > jacobi_dn (_Kp __k, _Up __u)

    float jacobi dnf (float k, float u)

    long double jacobi dnl (long double k, long double u)

• template<typename _Kp , typename _Up >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Kp, Up> jacobi sn ( Kp k, Up u)

    float jacobi snf (float k, float u)
```

- long double jacobi\_snl (long double \_\_k, long double \_\_u)
- template<typename \_Tpq , typename \_Tp >

- float jacobi\_theta\_1f (float \_\_q, float \_\_x)
- long double jacobi theta 11 (long double q, long double x)
- template<typename \_Tpq , typename \_Tp >

$$\_$$
gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tpq, \_Tp  $>$  jacobi\_theta\_2 (\_Tpq  $\_$ q, \_Tp  $\_$ x)

- float jacobi theta 2f (float q, float x)
- long double jacobi theta 2l (long double q, long double x)
- template<typename \_Tpq , typename \_Tp >

gnu cxx::fp promote t
$$<$$
 Tpq, Tp $>$  jacobi theta 3 ( Tpq q, Tp x)

- float jacobi\_theta\_3f (float \_\_q, float \_\_x)
- long double jacobi\_theta\_3l (long double \_\_q, long double \_\_x)
- template<typename \_Tpq , typename \_Tp >

- float jacobi\_theta\_4f (float \_\_q, float \_\_x)
- long double jacobi\_theta\_4l (long double \_\_q, long double \_\_x)
- template<typename \_Tk , typename \_Tphi >

- float jacobi\_zetaf (float \_\_k, float \_\_phi)
- long double jacobi zetal (long double k, long double phi)
- float jacobif (unsigned n, float alpha, float beta, float x)
- long double jacobil (unsigned \_\_n, long double \_\_alpha, long double \_\_beta, long double \_\_x)
- template<typename</li>Tp >

Return the logarithm of the binomial coefficient as a real number. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} t^k$$

- float lbinomialf (unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_k)
- long double lbinomiall (unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_k)
- template<typename \_Tp >

Return the logarithm of the double factorial ln(n!!) of the argument as a real number.

$$n!! = n(n-2)...(2), 0!! = 1$$

for even n and

$$n!! = n(n-2)...(1), (-1)!! = 1$$

for odd n.

- float Idouble factorialf (int n)
- long double <a href="mailto:ldouble\_factoriall">ldouble\_factoriall</a> (int \_\_n)
- template<typename \_Tp >

- float legendre\_qf (unsigned int \_\_l, float \_\_x)
- long double legendre\_ql (unsigned int \_\_l, long double \_\_x)
- template<typename \_Tp , typename \_Ts , typename \_Ta >

- float lerch\_phif (float \_\_z, float \_\_s, float \_\_a)
- long double lerch phil (long double z, long double s, long double a)
- template<typename</li>
   Tp >

Return the logarithm of the factorial ln(n!) of the argument as a real number.

$$n! = 1 \times 2 \times \ldots \times n, 0! = 1$$

.

- float Ifactorialf (unsigned int \_\_n)
- long double lfactoriall (unsigned int \_\_n)
- template<typename Tp, typename Tnu >

Return the logarithm of the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol. The falling factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\underline{n}} = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-\nu+1) = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a-k), a^{\underline{0}} = 1$$

In particular,  $n^{\underline{n}} = n!$ . Thus this function returns

$$ln[a^{\underline{n}}] = ln[\Gamma(a+1)] - ln[\Gamma(a-\nu+1)], ln[a^{\underline{0}}] = 0$$

Many notations exist for this function:  $(a)_{\nu}$ ,

$$\{ \begin{array}{c} a \\ u \end{array} \}$$

, and others.

- float Ifalling\_factorialf (float \_\_a, float \_\_nu)
- long double Ifalling\_factoriall (long double \_\_a, long double \_\_nu)
- template<typename\_Ta >

gnu cxx::fp promote t 
$$<$$
 Ta  $>$  Igamma (Ta a)

template<typename\_Ta >

 $std::complex<\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t<\_Ta>> \underline{lgamma}\;(std::complex<\_Ta>\_\_a)$ 

- float lgammaf (float a)
- std::complex< float > lgammaf (std::complex< float > a)
- long double lgammal (long double a)
- std::complex < long double > lgammal (std::complex < long double > \_\_a)
- template<typename \_Tp >

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > logint (_Tp __x)
```

- float logintf (float \_\_x)
- long double logintl (long double x)
- template<typename \_Ta , typename \_Tb , typename \_Tp >

Return the logistic cumulative distribution function.

- template < typename \_Ta , typename \_Tb , typename \_Tp >

Return the logistic probability density function.

- template<typename \_Tmu , typename \_Tsig , typename \_Tp >

Return the lognormal cumulative probability density function.

- template<typename \_Tmu , typename \_Tsig , typename \_Tp >

$$\underline{\quad \quad } gnu\_cxx:: fp\_promote\_t < \underline{\quad } Tmu, \underline{\quad } Tsig, \underline{\quad } Tp > \underline{\quad } lognormal\_pdf \ (\underline{\quad } Tmu \underline{\quad } \underline{\quad } mu, \underline{\quad } Tsig \underline{\quad } \underline{\quad } sigma, \underline{\quad } Tp \underline{\quad } \underline{\quad } x)$$

Return the lognormal probability density function.

- template<typename \_Tp , typename \_Tnu >

```
__gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tnu > Irising_factorial (_Tp __a, _Tnu __nu)
```

Return the logarithm of the rising factorial function or the (upper) Pochhammer symbol. The rising factorial function is defined for integer order by

$$a^{\overline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(n) = \prod_{k=0}^{\nu-1} (a+k), \overline{0} = 1$$

Thus this function returns

$$ln[a^{\overline{\nu}}] = ln[\Gamma(a+\nu)] - ln[\Gamma(\nu)], ln[a^{\overline{0}}] = 0$$

Many notations exist for this function:  $(a)_{\nu}$  (especially in the literature of special functions),

$$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ \nu \end{bmatrix}$$

, and others.

- float Irising factorialf (float a, float nu)
- long double <u>lrising\_factoriall</u> (long double <u>\_\_a</u>, long double <u>\_\_nu</u>)
- template<typename \_Tmu , typename \_Tsig , typename \_Tp >
   \_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tmu, \_Tsig, \_Tp > normal\_p (\_Tmu \_\_mu, \_Tsig \_\_sigma, \_Tp \_\_x)

Return the normal cumulative probability density function.

template<typename \_Tmu , typename \_Tsig , typename \_Tp >
 \_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tmu, \_Tsig, \_Tp > normal\_pdf (\_Tmu \_\_mu, \_Tsig \_\_sigma, \_Tp \_\_x)

Return the gamma cumulative propability distribution function.

- template<typename \_Tph , typename \_Tpa >
  - \_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tph, \_Tpa > owens\_t (\_Tph \_\_h, \_Tpa \_\_a)
- float owens tf (float h, float a)
- long double owens tl (long double h, long double a)
- template<typename \_Tp >
  - \_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp > polygamma (unsigned int \_\_m, \_Tp \_\_x)
- float polygammaf (unsigned int m, float x)
- long double polygammal (unsigned int \_\_m, long double \_\_x)
- template<typename \_Tp , typename \_Wp >

$$\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t<\_Tp, \_Wp>polylog(\_Tp\_\_s, \_Wp\_\_w)$$

• template<typename \_Tp , typename \_Wp >

$$std::complex<\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t<\_Tp,\_Wp>> polylog\ (\_Tp\_\_s,\ std::complex<\_Tp>\_\_w)$$

- float polylogf (float \_\_s, float \_\_w)
- std::complex< float > polylogf (float \_\_s, std::complex< float > \_\_w)
- long double polylogl (long double \_\_s, long double \_\_w)
- std::complex < long double > polylogl (long double \_\_\_s, std::complex < long double > \_\_w)
- template<typename\_Tp>

- float radpolyf (unsigned int n, unsigned int m, float rho)
- long double radpolyl (unsigned int n, unsigned int m, long double rho)
- $\bullet \ \ template {<} typename \ \_Tp \ , \ typename \ \_Tnu >$

Return the rising factorial function or the (upper) Pochhammer function. The rising factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\overline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(\nu)$$

Many notations exist for this function:  $(a)_{\nu}$ , (especially in the literature of special functions),

$$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ n \end{bmatrix}$$

, and others.

- float rising\_factorialf (float \_\_a, float \_\_nu)
- long double rising\_factoriall (long double \_\_a, long double \_\_nu)

```
template<typename _Tp >
   gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > sin pi ( Tp x)

    float sin pif (float x)

    long double sin_pil (long double __x)

template<typename</li>Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > sinc (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > sinc pi ( Tp x)

    float sinc pif (float x)

    long double sinc pil (long double x)

    float sincf (float x)

    long double sincl (long double x)

    __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< double > sincos (double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp >> sincos (_Tp __x)
• template<typename _{\mathrm{Tp}} >
    gnu cxx:: sincos t < gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > > sincos pi ( Tp > x)
   __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< float > sincos_pif (float __x)

    __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< long double > sincos_pil (long double __x)

  gnu cxx:: sincos t < float > sincosf (float x)
   __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< long double > sincosl (long double __x)
template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > sinh_pi (_Tp __x)

    float sinh pif (float x)

    long double sinh_pil (long double __x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > sinhc (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > sinhc_pi (_Tp __x)

    float sinhc pif (float x)

    long double sinhc pil (long double x)

    float sinhcf (float x)

    long double sinhcl (long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > sinhint (_Tp __x)

    float sinhintf (float __x)

    long double sinhintl (long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > sinint (_Tp __x)

 float sinintf (float __x)

    long double sinintl (long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > sph_bessel_i (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float sph bessel if (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double sph_bessel_il (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

template<typename</li>Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > sph_bessel_k (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float sph bessel kf (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double sph_bessel_kl (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex < gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > sph hankel 1 (unsigned int n, Tp z)
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > > sph hankel 1 (unsigned int n, std::complex< Tp > x)

    std::complex< float > sph hankel 1f (unsigned int n, float z)

    std::complex < float > sph hankel 1f (unsigned int n, std::complex < float > x)

    std::complex < long double > sph hankel 1l (unsigned int n, long double z)

    std::complex < long double > sph hankel 1l (unsigned int n, std::complex < long double > x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::complex < gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > > sph hankel 2 (unsigned int n, Tp z)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp >> sph_hankel_2 (unsigned int __n, std::complex< _Tp > __x)

    std::complex< float > sph hankel 2f (unsigned int n, float z)

    std::complex < float > sph_hankel_2f (unsigned int __n, std::complex < float > __x)

    std::complex < long double > sph_hankel_2l (unsigned int __n, long double __z)

    std::complex < long double > sph hankel 2l (unsigned int n, std::complex < long double > x)

• template<typename _Ttheta , typename _Tphi >
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ttheta, _Tphi > > sph_harmonic (unsigned int __I, int __m, _Ttheta
    _theta, _Tphi __phi)

    std::complex < float > sph harmonicf (unsigned int I, int m, float theta, float phi)

• std::complex < long double > sph_harmonicl (unsigned int __l, int __m, long double __theta, long double __phi)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp stirling_1 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp stirling_2 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)

    template<typename _Tt , typename _Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > student_t_p (_Tt __t, unsigned int __nu)
      Return the Students T probability function.

    template<typename _Tt , typename _Tp >

  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > student_t_pdf (_Tt __t, unsigned int __nu)
      Return the complement of the Students T probability function.
template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > tan_pi (_Tp __x)

    float tan pif (float x)

    long double tan pil (long double x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

    gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t < \_Tp > tanh\_pi (\_Tp \__x)

 float tanh_pif (float __x)

    long double tanh_pil (long double __x)

• template<typename _{\mathrm{Ta}}>
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta > tgamma (_Ta __a)

 template<typename_Ta >

  std::complex < gnu cxx::fp promote t < Ta > tgamma (std::complex < Ta > a)
• template<typename _Ta , typename _Tp >
   gnu cxx::fp promote t < Ta, Tp > tgamma ( Ta a, Tp x)

    template<typename _Ta , typename _Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tp > tgamma_lower (_Ta __a, _Tp __x)

    float tgamma_lowerf (float __a, float __x)

• long double tgamma_lowerl (long double __a, long double __x)

    float tgammaf (float __a)

    std::complex< float > tgammaf (std::complex< float > a)

    float tgammaf (float a, float x)

    long double tgammal (long double a)
```

```
    std::complex < long double > tgammal (std::complex < long double > __a)

    long double tgammal (long double a, long double x)

template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tpnu, Tp > theta 1 (Tpnu nu, Tp x)

    float theta_1f (float __nu, float __x)

    long double theta_1l (long double __nu, long double __x)

• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > theta_2 (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)
• float theta 2f (float nu, float x)

    long double theta 2l (long double nu, long double x)

• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > theta_3 (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

    float theta 3f (float nu, float x)

• long double theta 3l (long double nu, long double x)

    template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > theta_4 (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

 float theta_4f (float __nu, float __x)

    long double theta 4l (long double nu, long double x)

• template<typename _Tpk , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpk, _Tp > theta_c (_Tpk __k, _Tp __x)

 float theta_cf (float __k, float __x)

    long double theta_cl (long double __k, long double __x)

template<typename _Tpk , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpk, _Tp > theta_d (_Tpk __k, _Tp __x)

    float theta df (float k, float x)

    long double theta dl (long double k, long double x)

    template<typename _Tpk , typename _Tp >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpk, _Tp > theta_n (_Tpk __k, _Tp __x)

    float theta_nf (float __k, float __x)

    long double theta nl (long double k, long double x)

    template<typename Tpk, typename Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpk, _Tp > theta_s (_Tpk __k, _Tp __x)

 float theta_sf (float __k, float __x)

    long double theta sl (long double k, long double x)

- template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tpc , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpa, _Tpc, _Tp > tricomi_u (_Tpa __a, _Tpc __c, _Tp __x)

    float tricomi_uf (float __a, float __c, float __x)

• long double tricomi ul (long double a, long double c, long double x)

    template<typename _Ta , typename _Tb , typename _Tp >

   Return the Weibull cumulative probability density function.

    template<typename Ta, typename Tb, typename Tp>

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tb, _Tp > weibull_pdf (_Ta __a, _Tb __b, _Tp __x)
     Return the Weibull probability density function.
• template<typename Trho, typename Tphi >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Trho, _Tphi > zernike (unsigned int __n, int __m, _Trho __rho, _Tphi __phi)

    float zernikef (unsigned int __n, int __m, float __rho, float __phi)

    long double zernikel (unsigned int n, int m, long double rho, long double phi)
```

## 9.1.1 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 9.1.1.1 gauss\_quad\_type

```
enum __gnu_cxx::gauss_quad_type
```

Enumeration gor differing types of Gauss quadrature. The gauss\_quad\_type is used to determine the boundary condition modifications applied to orthogonal polynomials for quadrature rules.

## Enumerator

Gauss	Gauss quadrature.
Gauss_Lobatto	Gauss-Lobatto quadrature.
Gauss_Radau_lower	Gauss-Radau quadrature including the node -1.
Gauss_Radau_upper	Gauss-Radau quadrature including the node +1.

Definition at line 47 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 9.1.2 Function Documentation

## 9.1.2.1 \_\_fp\_is\_equal()

A function to reliably compare two floating point numbers.

## **Parameters**

a	The left hand side
b	The right hand side
mul	The multiplier for numeric epsilon for comparison

#### Returns

true if a and b are equal to zero or differ only by max(a,b)\*mul\*epsilon

Definition at line 81 of file math\_util.h.

```
References __fp_max_abs().
```

Referenced by  $\_$ fp\_is\_half\_integer(),  $\_$ fp\_is\_half\_odd\_integer(),  $\_$ fp\_is\_integer(), std:: $\_$ detail:: $\_$ polylog\_exp\_neg(), std:: $\_$ detail:: $\_$ polylog\_exp\_neg\_int(), std:: $\_$ detail:: $\_$ polylog\_exp\_pos\_int(), and std $\leftarrow$ :: $\_$ detail:: $\_$ polylog\_exp\_pos\_real().

### 9.1.2.2 \_\_fp\_is\_even\_integer()

```
template<typename _Tp >
__fp_is_integer_t __gnu_cxx::__fp_is_even_integer (
    _Tp __a,
    _Tp __mul = _Tp{1} ) [inline]
```

A function to reliably detect if a floating point number is an even integer.

#### **Parameters**

a	The floating point number
mul	The multiplier of machine epsilon for the tolerance

## Returns

true if a is an even integer within mul \* epsilon.

Definition at line 217 of file math\_util.h.

References \_\_fp\_is\_integer().

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_riemann\_zeta\_glob().

#### 9.1.2.3 \_\_fp\_is\_half\_integer()

A function to reliably detect if a floating point number is a half-integer.

#### **Parameters**

a	The floating point number
mul	The multiplier of machine epsilon for the tolerance

#### Returns

true if 2a is an integer within mul \* epsilon and the returned value is half the integer, int(a) / 2.

Definition at line 172 of file math util.h.

References \_\_fp\_is\_equal().

## 9.1.2.4 \_\_fp\_is\_half\_odd\_integer()

```
template<typename _Tp >
   __fp_is_integer_t __gnu_cxx::__fp_is_half_odd_integer (
    _Tp __a,
    _Tp __mul = _Tp{1} ) [inline]
```

A function to reliably detect if a floating point number is a half-odd-integer.

#### **Parameters**

a	The floating point number
mul	The multiplier of machine epsilon for the tolerance

## Returns

true if 2a is an odd integer within mul \* epsilon and the returned value is int(a - 1) / 2.

Definition at line 195 of file math\_util.h.

References \_\_fp\_is\_equal().

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_digamma().

## 9.1.2.5 \_\_fp\_is\_integer()

A function to reliably detect if a floating point number is an integer.

## **Parameters**

a	The floating point number
mul	The multiplier of machine epsilon for the tolerance

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#### Returns

true if a is an integer within mul \* epsilon.

Definition at line 150 of file math util.h.

References \_\_fp\_is\_equal().

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_conf\_hyperg(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_conf\_hyperg\_lim(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_digamma(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_detail::\_\_dirichlet\_eta(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_falling\_factorial(), \_\_fp\_is\_even\_integer(), \_\_fp\_is\_odd\_integer(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma\_reciprocal(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma\_series(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma\_g(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_hyperg(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_hyperg\_reflect(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_log\_\_ falling\_factorial(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_log\_gamma(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_polylog\_exp(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_polylog\_exp(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_riemann\_zeta(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_riemann\_zeta\_m\_1(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_tgamma(), std::\_\_d

## 9.1.2.6 \_\_fp\_is\_odd\_integer()

```
template<typename _Tp >
__fp_is_integer_t __gnu_cxx::__fp_is_odd_integer (
    __Tp __a,
    __Tp __mul = _Tp{1} ) [inline]
```

A function to reliably detect if a floating point number is an odd integer.

### **Parameters**

a	The floating point number
mul	The multiplier of machine epsilon for the tolerance

#### Returns

true if a is an odd integer within mul \* epsilon.

Definition at line 237 of file math\_util.h.

References fp is integer().

## 9.1.2.7 \_\_fp\_is\_zero()

A function to reliably compare a floating point number with zero.

#### **Parameters**

a	The floating point number
mul	The multiplier for numeric epsilon for comparison

#### Returns

true if a and b are equal to zero or differ only by max(a,b)\*mul\*epsilon

Definition at line 106 of file math util.h.

Referenced by  $std::\_detail::\_polylog()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_polylog_exp_neg()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_polylog_exp_neg_int()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_polylog_exp_pos_int()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_polylog_exp_pos_real()$ , and  $std::\_detail::\_theta_1()$ .

## 9.1.2.8 \_\_fp\_max\_abs()

A function to return the maximum of the absolute values of two numbers ... so we won't include everything.

## Parameters

_←	The left hand side
_a	
_←	The right hand side
b	

Definition at line 58 of file math\_util.h.

Referenced by \_\_fp\_is\_equal().

## 9.1.2.9 \_\_parity()

```
template<typename _Tp , typename _IntTp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__parity (
    _IntTp __k ) [inline]
```

Return -1 if the integer argument is odd and +1 if it is even.

Definition at line 47 of file math\_util.h.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_stirling\_1\_series().

# 9.2 std Namespace Reference

## **Namespaces**

detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > assoc_laguerre (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m, Tp x)

    float assoc laguerref (unsigned int n, unsigned int m, float x)

    long double assoc_laguerrel (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m, long double __x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > assoc_legendre (unsigned int __I, unsigned int __m, _Tp __x)

    float assoc legendref (unsigned int I, unsigned int m, float x)

    long double assoc_legendrel (unsigned int __l, unsigned int __m, long double __x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tpa , typename
    Tpb >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpa, _Tpb > beta (_Tpa __a, _Tpb __b)

    float betaf (float __a, float __b)

    long double betal (long double a, long double b)

template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > comp_ellint_1 (_Tp __k)

    float comp ellint 1f (float k)

    long double comp_ellint_1l (long double __k)

template<typename Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > comp_ellint_2 (_Tp __k)

    float comp_ellint_2f (float __k)

    long double comp ellint 2l (long double k)

• template<typename _Tp , typename _Tpn >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tpn > comp_ellint_3 (_Tp __k, _Tpn __nu)

    float comp ellint 3f (float k, float nu)

      Return the complete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k,\nu) for float modulus k.

    long double comp_ellint_3l (long double ___k, long double ___nu)

      Return the complete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k,\nu) for long double modulus k.
• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > cyl_bessel_i (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

    float cyl bessel if (float nu, float x)

    long double cyl_bessel_il (long double __nu, long double __x)

• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tpnu, Tp> cyl bessel j (Tpnu nu, Tpx)

    float cyl bessel if (float nu, float x)

    long double cyl_bessel_il (long double __nu, long double __x)

• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tpnu, Tp > cyl bessel k (Tpnu nu, Tp x)

    float cyl_bessel_kf (float __nu, float __x)

    long double cyl_bessel_kl (long double __nu, long double __x)

• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
  \_gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > cyl_neumann (_Tpnu \_nu, _Tp \_x)
```

```
    float cyl_neumannf (float __nu, float __x)

    long double cyl_neumannl (long double __nu, long double __x)

template<typename _Tp , typename _Tpp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tpp > ellint_1 (_Tp __k, _Tpp __phi)

    float ellint 1f (float k, float phi)

    long double ellint_1l (long double ___k, long double ___phi)

• template<typename _Tp , typename _Tpp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tpp > ellint_2 (_Tp __k, _Tpp __phi)

    float ellint 2f (float k, float phi)

      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind E(k,\phi) for float argument.

    long double ellint 2l (long double k, long double phi)

      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind E(k, \phi).
template<typename _Tp , typename _Tpn , typename _Tpp >
  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tpn, _Tpp > ellint_3 (_Tp __k, _Tpn __nu, _Tpp __phi)
      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k, \nu, \phi).

    float ellint_3f (float __k, float __nu, float __phi)

      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k,\nu,\phi) for float argument.

    long double ellint 3l (long double k, long double nu, long double phi)

      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k, \nu, \phi).
template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > expint ( Tp x)

    float expintf (float x)

    long double expintl (long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > hermite (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float hermitef (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double hermitel (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > laguerre (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float laguerref (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double laguerrel (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > legendre (unsigned int __l, _Tp __x)

    float legendref (unsigned int I, float x)

    long double legendrel (unsigned int __l, long double __x)

template<typename</li>Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > riemann_zeta (_Tp __s)
• float riemann zetaf (float s)

    long double riemann_zetal (long double __s)

template<typename_Tp>
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > sph_bessel (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float sph besself (unsigned int n, float x)

• long double sph bessell (unsigned int __n, long double __x)
template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > sph_legendre (unsigned int __I, unsigned int __m, _Tp __theta)

    float sph_legendref (unsigned int __l, unsigned int __m, float __theta)

• long double sph legendrel (unsigned int __l, unsigned int __m, long double __theta)
template<typename_Tp>
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > sph_neumann (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float sph neumannf (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double sph neumannl (unsigned int n, long double x)
```

# 9.3 std::\_\_detail Namespace Reference

Implementation-space details.

#### **Classes**

```
• struct __gamma_lanczos_data

    struct gamma lanczos data< double >

    struct __gamma_lanczos_data< float >

    struct __gamma_lanczos_data< long double >

· struct gamma spouge data

    struct __gamma_spouge_data< double >

    struct gamma spouge data< float >

    struct __gamma_spouge_data< long double >

    struct __jacobi_lattice_t

    struct jacobi theta 0 t

• struct __weierstrass_invariants_t
struct __weierstrass_roots_t

    class Airy

    class _Airy_asymp

· struct Airy asymp data

    struct Airy asymp data< double >

struct _Airy_asymp_data< float >

    struct Airy asymp data< long double >

    class _Airy_asymp_series

    struct _Airy_default_radii

    struct Airy default radii< double >

    struct _Airy_default_radii< float >

    struct Airy default radii< long double >

class _Airy_series
• struct _AiryAuxilliaryState

    struct AiryState

• class _AsympTerminator
· struct _Factorial_table

    class Terminator
```

## **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp > __gnu_cxx::__airy_t< _Tp, _Tp > __airy (_Tp __z)
Compute the Airy functions Ai(x) and Bi(x) and their first derivatives Ai'(x) and Bi(x) respectively.
template<typename _Tp > __airy_ai (std::complex< _Tp > __z)
Return the complex Airy Ai function.
template<typename _Tp > __void __airy_arg (std::complex< _Tp > __num2d3, std::complex< _Tp > __zeta, std::complex< _Tp > &__argp, std::complex< _Tp > &__argm)
```

Compute the arguments for the Airy function evaluations carefully to prevent premature overflow. Note that the major work here is in safe\_div. A faster, but less safe implementation can be obtained without use of safe\_div.

• template<typename Tp >

Return the complex Airy Bi function.

template<typename \_Tp >

This routine returns the associated Laguerre polynomial of degree n, order m:  $L_n^{(m)}(x)$ .

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the associated Legendre function by recursion on l and downward recursion on m.

template<typename\_Tp>

This returns Bernoulli number  $B_n$ .

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

template<typename \_Tp >

This returns Bernoulli number  $B_2n$  at even integer arguments 2n.

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

This returns Bernoulli numbers from a table or by summation for larger values.

$$B_{2n} = (-1)^{n+1} 2 \frac{(2n)!}{(2\pi)^{2n}} \zeta(2n)$$

template<typename</li>Tp >

Return the beta function B(a, b).

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the beta function: B(a,b).

template<typename \_Tp >

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the beta function B(a,b) using the log gamma functions.

template<typename\_Tp>

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the beta function B(x, y) using the product form.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the binomial coefficient. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} t^k$$

.

template<typename\_Tp>
 Tp binomial (Tp nu, unsigned int k)

Return the binomial coefficient for non-integral degree. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{\nu}{k} = \frac{\Gamma(\nu+1)}{\Gamma(\nu-k+1)\Gamma(k+1)}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^{\nu} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} {\nu \choose k} t^k$$

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the binomial cumulative distribution function.

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

Return the binomial probability mass function.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the complementary binomial cumulative distribution function.

- template<typename \_Sp , typename \_Tp >

• template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$ 

template<typename \_Tp >

• template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$ 

$$\underline{\quad \quad } gnu\_cxx::\underline{\quad } chebyshev\_t\_t<\underline{\quad } Tp>\underline{\quad } chebyshev\_t \ (unsigned \ int \underline{\quad } n, \underline{\quad } Tp \underline{\quad } \underline{\quad } x)$$

 $\bullet \ \ \mathsf{template} \!<\! \mathsf{typename} \ \_\mathsf{Tp} >$ 

• template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$ 

template<typename \_Tp >

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the chi-squared propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-squared for a correct model is less than the value  $\chi^2$ .

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the complementary chi-squared propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-squared for a correct model is greater than the value  $\chi^2$ .

template<typename\_Tp>

This function returns the hyperbolic cosine Ci(x) and hyperbolic sine Si(x) integrals as a pair.

template<typename\_Tp>

This function computes the hyperbolic cosine Chi(x) and hyperbolic sine Shi(x) integrals by continued fraction for positive argument.

template<typename\_Tp>

```
void __chshint_series (_Tp __t, _Tp &_Chi, _Tp &_Shi)
```

This function computes the hyperbolic cosine Chi(x) and hyperbolic sine Shi(x) integrals by series summation for positive argument.

```
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex < _Tp > \underline{_clamp_0_m2pi} (std::complex < _Tp > \underline{_z})
template<typename Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > __clamp_pi (std::complex< _Tp > __z)
template<typename Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > __clausen (unsigned int __m, std::complex< _Tp > __z)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __clausen (unsigned int __m, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp clausen cl (unsigned int m, std::complex < Tp > z)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp <u>__clausen_cl</u> (unsigned int __m, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __clausen_sl (unsigned int __m, std::complex< _Tp > __z)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __clausen_sl (unsigned int __m, _Tp __x)
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __comp_ellint_1 (_Tp __k)
      Return the complete elliptic integral of the first kind K(k) using the Carlson formulation.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __comp_ellint_2 (_Tp k)
      Return the complete elliptic integral of the second kind E(k) using the Carlson formulation.
template<typename</li>Tp >
  _Tp __comp_ellint_3 (_Tp __k, _Tp __nu)
      Return the complete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k,\nu)=\Pi(k,\nu,\pi/2) using the Carlson formulation.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp __comp_ellint_d (_Tp __k)
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __comp_ellint_rf (_Tp __x, _Tp __y)
• template<typename _{\rm Tp}>
  _Tp __comp_ellint_rg (_Tp __x, _Tp __y)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __conf_hyperg (_Tp __a, _Tp __c, _Tp __x)
      Return the confluent hypergeometric function {}_1F_1(a;c;x)=M(a,c,x).

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp __conf_hyperg_lim (_Tp __c, _Tp __x)
      Return the confluent hypergeometric limit function {}_0F_1(-;c;x).
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __conf_hyperg_lim_series (_Tp __c, _Tp __x)
      This routine returns the confluent hypergeometric limit function by series expansion.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __conf_hyperg_luke (_Tp __a, _Tp __c, _Tp __xin)
      Return the hypergeometric function _1F_1(a;c;x) by an iterative procedure described in Luke, Algorithms for the Compu-
      tation of Mathematical Functions.
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp conf hyperg series (Tp a, Tp c, Tp x)
      This routine returns the confluent hypergeometric function by series expansion.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __cos_pi (_Tp __x)
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
      std::complex< _Tp > __cos_pi (std::complex< _Tp > __z)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

      _Tp <u>cosh</u>pi (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
     std::complex< Tp > cosh pi (std::complex< Tp > z)
template<typename _Tp >
      _Tp __coshint (const _Tp __x)
              Return the hyperbolic cosine integral Chi(x).
template<typename _Tp >
     std::pair < _Tp, _Tp > \underline{coulomb\_CF1} (unsigned int \underline{l}, _Tp 

    template<tvpename</li>
    Tp >

     std::complex < _Tp > __coulomb_CF2 (unsigned int __I, _Tp __eta, _Tp __x)

    template<typename _Tp >

     std::pair< _Tp, _Tp > __coulomb_f_recur (unsigned int __l_min, unsigned int __k_max, _Tp __eta, _Tp __x, _Tp
      _F_I_max, _Tp _Fp_I_max)
template<typename_Tp>
      std::pair< _Tp, _Tp > __coulomb_g_recur (unsigned int __l_min, unsigned int __k_max, _Tp __eta, _Tp __x,
      _Tp _G_I_min, _Tp _Gp_I_min)
template<typename_Tp>
      Tp coulomb norm (unsigned int I, Tp eta)
template<typename_Tp>
     std::complex < _Tp > \__cyl\_bessel (std::complex < _Tp > \__nu, std::complex < _Tp > \__z)
              Return the complex cylindrical Bessel function.
template<typename_Tp>
     _Tp __cyl_bessel_i (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
              Return the regular modified Bessel function of order \nu: I_{\nu}(x).

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

     _Tp __cyl_bessel_ij_series (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x, _Tp __sgn, unsigned int __max_iter)
              This routine returns the cylindrical Bessel functions of order \nu: J_{\nu} or I_{\nu} by series expansion.
       __gnu_cxx:: _cyl_mod_bessel_t< _Tp, _Tp, _Tp > __cyl_bessel_ik (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
              Return the modified cylindrical Bessel functions and their derivatives of order \nu by various means.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

      __gnu_cxx::_cyl_mod_bessel_t<_Tp,_Tp,_Tp > __cyl_bessel_ik_asymp (_Tp __nu,_Tp __x)
              This routine computes the asymptotic modified cylindrical Bessel and functions of order nu: I_{\nu}(x), N_{\nu}(x). Use this for
              x >> nu^2 + 1.
template<typename_Tp>
          _gnu_cxx::__cyl_mod_bessel_t<_Tp,_Tp,_Tp > __cyl_bessel_ik_steed (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
              Compute the modified Bessel functions I_{\nu}(x) and K_{\nu}(x) and their first derivatives I'_{\nu}(x) and K'_{\nu}(x) respectively. These
              four functions are computed together for numerical stability.
template<typename _Tp >
      _Tp __cyl_bessel_j (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
              Return the Bessel function of order \nu: J_{\nu}(x).

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

           gnu cxx:: cyl bessel t< Tp, Tp, Tp > cyl bessel jn (Tp nu, Tp x)
              Return the cylindrical Bessel functions and their derivatives of order \nu by various means.
ullet template<typename_Tp>
        <u>_gnu_cxx::_cyl_bessel_t<_Tp,_Tp,_Tp > __cyl_bessel_jn_asymp (_Tp __nu,_Tp __x)</u>
              This routine computes the asymptotic cylindrical Bessel and Neumann functions of order nu: J_{\nu}(x), N_{\nu}(x). Use this for
              x >> nu^2 + 1.
```

243 9.3 std:: detail Namespace Reference template<typename \_Tp > gnu cxx:: cyl bessel t< Tp, Tp, std::complex< Tp >> cyl bessel jn neg arg ( Tp nu, Tp x) Return the cylindrical Bessel functions and their derivatives of order  $\nu$  and argument x < 0. template<typename</li>
 Tp > \_gnu\_cxx::\_\_cyl\_bessel\_t< \_Tp, \_Tp, \_Tp > \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn\_steed (\_Tp \_\_nu, \_Tp \_\_x) Compute the Bessel  $J_{\nu}(x)$  and Neumann  $N_{\nu}(x)$  functions and their first derivatives  $J'_{\nu}(x)$  and  $N'_{\nu}(x)$  respectively. These four functions are computed together for numerical stability. template<typename \_Tp > \_Tp \_\_cyl\_bessel\_k (\_Tp \_\_nu, \_Tp \_\_x) Return the irregular modified Bessel function  $K_{\nu}(x)$  of order  $\nu$ . template<typename \_Tp > std::complex< Tp > cyl hankel 1 (Tp nu, Tp x) Return the cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind  $H_{\nu}^{(1)}(x)$ . template<typename \_Tp > std::complex< Tp > cyl hankel 1 (std::complex< Tp > nu, std::complex< Tp > z) Return the complex cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind. template<typename \_Tp > std::complex < Tp > cyl hankel 2 (Tp nu, Tp x) Return the cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind  $H_n^{(2)}u(x)$ . template<typename</li>
 Tp > std::complex< Tp > cyl hankel 2 (std::complex< Tp > nu, std::complex< Tp > z) Return the complex cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind.

template<typename \_Tp >

$$std::complex<\_Tp>\_\_cyl\_neumann \ (std::complex<\_Tp>\_\_nu, std::complex<\_Tp>\_\_z)$$

Return the complex cylindrical Neumann function.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the Neumann function of order  $\nu$ :  $N_{\nu}(x)$ .

• template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$ 

Return the Dawson integral, F(x), for real argument x.

template<typename \_Tp >

Compute the Dawson integral using a sampling theorem representation.

template<typename \_Tp >

Compute the Dawson integral using the series expansion.

template<typename \_Tp >

template<typename</li>Tp >

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the digamma function of integral argument. The digamma or  $\psi(x)$  function is defined as the logarithmic derivative of the gamma function:

$$\psi(x) = \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)}$$

The digamma series for integral argument is given by:

$$\psi(n) = -\gamma_E + \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} \frac{1}{k}$$

The latter sum is called the harmonic number,  $H_n$ .

template<typename\_Tp >Tp digamma (Tp x)

Return the digamma function. The digamma or  $\psi(x)$  function is defined by

$$\psi(x) = \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)}$$

For negative argument the reflection formula is used:

$$\psi(x) = \psi(1-x) - \pi \cot(\pi x)$$

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the digamma function for large argument. The digamma or  $\psi(x)$  function is defined by

$$\psi(x) = \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)}$$

.

 $\bullet \ \ template {<} typename \ \_Tp >$ 

Return the digamma function by series expansion. The digamma or  $\psi(x)$  function is defined by

$$\psi(x) = \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)}$$

.

• template<typename \_Tp >

Compute the dilogarithm function  $Li_2(x)$  by summation for  $x \le 1$ .

template<typename\_Tp>

template<typename\_Tp>

• template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$ 

 $std::complex < \_Tp > \underline{\quad dirichlet\_eta} \; (std::complex < \_Tp > \underline{\quad s})$ 

template<typename \_Tp >

template<typename \_Tp >

• template<typename  $_{\mathrm{Tp}}>$ 

Return the double factorial of the integer n.

template<typename</li>Tp >

Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the first kind  $F(k,\phi)$  using the Carlson formulation.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind  $E(k, \phi)$  using the Carlson formulation.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind  $\Pi(k, \nu, \phi)$  using the Carlson formulation.

template<typename\_Tp>

```
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp <u>__ellint_d</u> (_Tp __k, _Tp __phi)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp __ellint_el1 (_Tp __x, _Tp __k_c)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp <u>__ellint_el2</u> (_Tp __x, _Tp __k_c, _Tp __a, _Tp __b)
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __ellint_el3 (_Tp __x, _Tp __k_c, _Tp __p)

    template<typename _Tp >

  _Tp __ellint_rc (_Tp __x, _Tp __y)
      Return the Carlson elliptic function R_C(x,y) = R_F(x,y,y) where R_F(x,y,z) is the Carlson elliptic function of the first
      kind.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __ellint_rd (_Tp __x, _Tp __y, _Tp __z)
      Return the Carlson elliptic function of the second kind R_D(x,y,z) = R_J(x,y,z,z) where R_J(x,y,z,p) is the Carlson
      elliptic function of the third kind.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __ellint_rf (_Tp __x, _Tp __y, _Tp __z)
      Return the Carlson elliptic function R_F(x, y, z) of the first kind.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp __ellint_rg (_Tp __x, _Tp __y, _Tp __z)
      Return the symmetric Carlson elliptic function of the second kind R_G(x, y, z).
template<typename Tp >
  _Tp __ellint_rj (_Tp __x, _Tp __y, _Tp __z, _Tp __p)
      Return the Carlson elliptic function R_J(x,y,z,p) of the third kind.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __ellnome (_Tp __k)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __ellnome_k (_Tp __k)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __ellnome_series (_Tp __k)
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __euler (unsigned int __n)
      This returns Euler number E_n.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp <u>__euler</u> (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
• template<typename _{\rm Tp}>
  Tp euler series (unsigned int n)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __eulerian_1 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename_Tp>
  Tp eulerian 1 recur (unsigned int n, unsigned int m)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __eulerian_2 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __eulerian_2_recur (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp <u>__exp2</u> (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __expint (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_n(x).
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __expint (_Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral Ei(x).
template<typename</li>Tp >
  _Tp __expint_E1 (_Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_1(x).
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __expint_E1_asymp (_Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_1(x) by asymptotic expansion.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp __expint_E1_series (_Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_1(x) by series summation. This should be good for x < 1.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __expint_Ei (_Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral Ei(x).
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __expint_Ei_asymp (_Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral Ei(x) by asymptotic expansion.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __expint_Ei_series (_Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral Ei(x) by series summation.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __expint_En_asymp (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_n(x) for large argument.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp __expint_En_cont_frac (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_n(x) by continued fractions.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp __expint_En_large_n (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_n(x) for large order.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __expint_En_recursion (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_n(x) by recursion. Use upward recursion for x < n and downward recursion (Miller's
      algorithm) otherwise.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __expint_En_series (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_n(x) by series summation.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp __exponential_p (_Tp __lambda, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential cumulative probability density function.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __exponential_pdf (_Tp __lambda, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential probability density function.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __exponential_q (_Tp __lambda, _Tp __x)
      Return the complement of the exponential cumulative probability density function.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _GLIBCXX14_CONSTEXPR _Tp __factorial (unsigned int __n)
      Return the factorial of the integer n.
```

template < typename \_Tp >
 Tp falling factorial ( Tp a, int n)

Return the logarithm of the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol for real argument a and integral order n. The falling factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\underline{n}} = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a-k), (a)_0 = 1 = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-n+1)$$

In particular,  $n^{\underline{n}} = n!$ .

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the logarithm of the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol for real argument a and order  $\nu$ . The falling factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\underline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-\nu+1)$$

- template<typename \_Sp , typename \_Tp >

• template<typename  $_{\mathrm{Tp}}$  >

Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model exceeds the value  $\chi^2$ .

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model exceeds the value  $\chi^2$ .

• template<typename \_Tp >

Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model exceeds the value  $\chi^2$ .

template<typename\_Tp>

Compute the Fock-type Airy functions  $w_1(x)$  and  $w_2(x)$  and their first derivatives  $w_1'(x)$  and  $w_2'(x)$  respectively.

$$w_1(x) = \sqrt{\pi}(Ai(x) + iBi(x))$$

$$w_2(x) = \sqrt{\pi}(Ai(x) - iBi(x))$$

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the Fresnel cosine and sine integrals as a complex number f(C(x) + iS(x))

template<typename \_Tp >

This function computes the Fresnel cosine and sine integrals by continued fractions for positive argument.

template<typename \_Tp >

This function returns the Fresnel cosine and sine integrals as a pair by series expansion for positive argument.

• template<typename \_Tp >

Return the gamma function  $\Gamma(a)$ . The gamma function is defined by:

$$\Gamma(a) = \int_0^\infty e^{-t} t^{a-1} dt (a > 0)$$

.

template < typename \_Tp >
 std::pair < \_Tp, \_Tp > \_\_gamma (\_Tp \_\_a, \_Tp \_\_x)

Return the incomplete gamma functions.

template<typename \_Tp >

$$std::pair < \_Tp, \_Tp > \underline{\quad gamma\_cont\_frac} \ (\_Tp \ \underline{\quad }a, \_Tp \ \underline{\quad }x)$$

Return the incomplete gamma function by continued fraction.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the gamma cumulative propability distribution function.

• template<typename  $_{\mathrm{Tp}}>$ 

Return the regularized lower incomplete gamma function. The regularized lower incomplete gamma function is defined by

$$P(a,x) = \frac{\gamma(a,x)}{\Gamma(a)}$$

where  $\Gamma(a)$  is the gamma function and

$$\gamma(a, x) = \int_0^x e^{-t} t^{a-1} dt (a > 0)$$

is the lower incomplete gamma function.

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

Return the gamma propability distribution function.

• template<typename \_Tp >

Return the gamma complementary cumulative propability distribution function.

• template<typename Tp >

Return the regularized upper incomplete gamma function. The regularized upper incomplete gamma function is defined by

$$Q(a,x) = \frac{\Gamma(a,x)}{\Gamma(a)}$$

where  $\Gamma(a)$  is the gamma function and

$$\Gamma(a,x) = \int_{x}^{\infty} e^{-t} t^{a-1} dt (a > 0)$$

is the upper incomplete gamma function.

template<typename\_Tp>

• template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$ 

• template<typename\_Tp>

$$std::pair < _Tp, _Tp > \underline{gamma\_series} (_Tp \underline{a}, _Tp \underline{x})$$

Return the incomplete gamma function by series summation.

$$\gamma(a,x) = x^a e^{-z} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^k}{(a)_k}$$

template<typename\_Tp>

Compute the gamma functions required by the Temme series expansions of  $N_{\nu}(x)$  and  $K_{\nu}(x)$ .

$$\Gamma_1 = \frac{1}{2\mu} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} - \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

and

$$\Gamma_2 = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} + \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

where  $-1/2 <= \mu <= 1/2$  is  $\mu = \nu - N$  and N. is the nearest integer to  $\nu$ . The values of  $\Gamma(1+\mu)$  and  $\Gamma(1-\mu)$  are returned as well.

- $\bullet \ \ template {<} typename\ \_Tp >$ 
  - \_Tp \_\_gauss (\_Tp \_\_x)
- template<typename\_Tp>

```
_gnu_cxx::_gegenbauer_t< _Tp > __gegenbauer_recur (unsigned int __n, _Tp __lambda, _Tp __x)
```

- template<typename \_Tp >
   std::vector< \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_quadrature\_point\_t< \_Tp > > \_\_gegenbauer\_zeros (unsigned int \_\_n, \_Tp \_\_ 
   lambda)
- template<typename \_Tp > \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_cyl\_hankel\_t< std::complex< \_Tp >, std::complex< \_Tp >, std::complex< \_Tp >> \_\_hankel (std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_nu, std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_z)
- template<typename \_Tp >
   \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_cyl\_hankel\_t< std::complex< \_Tp >, std::complex< \_Tp >, std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_hankel \( \to \)
   \_\_debye (std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_nu, std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_z, std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_alpha, int \_\_indexr, char &\_\_aorb, int &\_\_morn)

Compute parameters depending on z and nu that appear in the uniform asymptotic expansions of the Hankel functions and their derivatives, except the arguments to the Airy functions.

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

This routine computes the uniform asymptotic approximations of the Hankel functions and their derivatives including a patch for the case when the order equals or nearly equals the argument. At such points, Olver's expressions have zero denominators (and numerators) resulting in numerical problems. This routine averages results from four surrounding points in the complex plane to obtain the result in such cases.

template<typename \_Tp >

```
\label{local_gnu_cxx::_cyl_hankel_t} $$ \_gnu_cxx::\_cyl_hankel_t < std::complex < \_Tp >, std::complex < \_Tp >> \__hankel \leftarrow \_uniform\_olver (std::complex < \_Tp > \__nu, std::complex < \_Tp > \__z)
```

Compute approximate values for the Hankel functions of the first and second kinds using Olver's uniform asymptotic expansion to of order nu along with their derivatives.

• template<typename Tp >

```
\label{lem:complex} $$\operatorname{longlex} = \operatorname{longlex} = \operatorname{longl
```

Compute outer factors and associated functions of z and nu appearing in Olver's uniform asymptotic expansions of the Hankel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives. The various functions of z and nu returned by hankel\_uniform\_outer are available for use in computing further terms in the expansions.

```
template<typename _Tp >
  void __hankel_uniform_sum (std::complex< _Tp > __p, std::complex< _Tp > __p2, std::complex< _Tp > ←
   num2, std::complex< Tp > zetam3hf, std::complex< Tp > Aip, std::complex< Tp > o4dp, std↔
  ::complex< Tp > Aim, std::complex< Tp > o4dm, std::complex< Tp > od2p, std::complex< Tp >
    _od0dp, std::complex< _Tp > __od2m, std::complex< _Tp > __od0dm, _Tp __eps, std::complex< _Tp > &↔
  _H1sum, std::complex< _Tp > &_H1psum, std::complex< _Tp > &_H2sum, std::complex< _Tp > &_H2psum)
      Compute the sums in appropriate linear combinations appearing in Olver's uniform asymptotic expansions for the Hankel
      functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives, using up to nterms (less than 5) to achieve relative error eps.
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp harmonic number (unsigned int n)
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp hermite (unsigned int n, Tp x)
      This routine returns the Hermite polynomial of order n: H_n(x).
template<typename_Tp>
  Tp hermite asymp (unsigned int n, Tp x)
      This routine returns the Hermite polynomial of large order n: H_n(x). We assume here that x >= 0.
template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx:: hermite t < Tp > hermite recur (unsigned int n, Tp x)
      This routine returns the Hermite polynomial of order n: H_n(x) by recursion on n.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::vector< <u>gnu_cxx:: quadrature_point_t</u>< _Tp > > <u>hermite_zeros</u> (unsigned int __n, _Tp __proto=_ ←
  Tp{})
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp heuman lambda (Tp k, Tp phi)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __hurwitz_zeta (_Tp __s, _Tp __a)
      Return the Hurwitz zeta function \zeta(s,a) for all s \neq 1 and a > -1.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __hurwitz_zeta_euler_maclaurin (_Tp __s, _Tp __a)
      Return the Hurwitz zeta function \zeta(s,a) for all s \neq 1 and a > -1.
template<typename Tp >
  std::complex < Tp > hurwitz zeta polylog (Tp s, std::complex < Tp > a)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::complex < _Tp > __hydrogen (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __l, unsigned int __m, _Tp __Z, _Tp __r, _Tp
  __theta, _Tp __phi)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp __hyperg (_Tp __a, _Tp __b, _Tp __c, _Tp __x)
      Return the hypergeometric function {}_{2}F_{1}(a,b;c;x).
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __hyperg_luke (_Tp __a, _Tp __b, _Tp __c, _Tp __xin)
      Return the hypergeometric function {}_2F_1(a,b;c;x) by an iterative procedure described in Luke, Algorithms for the Com-
     putation of Mathematical Functions.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __hyperg_recur (int __m, _Tp __b, _Tp __c, _Tp __x)
      Return the hypergeometric polynomial {}_2F_1(-m,b;c;x) by Holm recursion.
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp hyperg reflect (Tp a, Tp b, Tp c, Tp x)
      Return the hypergeometric function {}_2F_1(a,b;c;x) by the reflection formulae in Abramowitz & Stegun formula 15.3.6 for d
      e c - a - b not integral and formula 15.3.11 for d = c - a - b integral. This assumes a, b, c != negative integer.
template<typename _Tp >
```

\_Tp \_\_hyperg\_series (\_Tp \_\_a, \_Tp \_\_b, \_Tp \_\_c, \_Tp \_\_x)

```
Return the hypergeometric function {}_2F_1(a,b;c;x) by series expansion.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __ibeta_cont_frac (_Tp __a, _Tp __b, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::_jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp > __jacobi_ellint (_Tp __k, _Tp __u)
template<typename</li>Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::_jacobi_t< _Tp > __jacobi_recur (unsigned int __n, _Tp __alpha1, _Tp __beta1, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex < _Tp > __iacobi_theta_1 (std::complex < _Tp > __q, std::complex < _Tp > __x)
template<typename Tp >
  _Tp __jacobi_theta_1 (_Tp __q, const _Tp __x)
• template<typename _{\mathrm{Tp}}>
  Tp jacobi theta 1 prod (Tp q, Tp x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __jacobi_theta_1_sum (_Tp __q, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< Tp > jacobi theta 2 (std::complex< Tp > q, std::complex< Tp > x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __jacobi_theta_2 (_Tp __q, const _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __jacobi_theta_2_prod (_Tp __q, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __jacobi_theta_2_sum (_Tp __q, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex<\_Tp>\_\_q, std::complex<\_Tp>\_\_q, std::complex<\_Tp>\_\_x)
template<typename Tp >
  _Tp __jacobi_theta_3 (_Tp __q, const _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __jacobi_theta_3_prod (_Tp __q, _Tp __x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp __jacobi_theta_3_sum (_Tp __q, _Tp __x)

    template<typename _Tp >

  std::complex < Tp > jacobi theta 4 (std::complex < Tp > q, std::complex < Tp > x)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  _Tp __jacobi_theta_4 (_Tp __q, const _Tp __x)

    template<typename _Tp >

  _Tp __jacobi_theta_4_prod (_Tp __q, _Tp __x)

    template<typename _Tp >

  _Tp __jacobi_theta_4_sum (_Tp __q, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::vector< <u>gnu_cxx</u>:: <u>quadrature_point_t</u>< _Tp >> <u>jacobi_zeros</u> (unsigned int __n, _Tp __alpha1, _Tp
   beta1)
template<typename_Tp>
  template<typename _Tp >
  Tp kolmogorov p (Tp a, Tp b, Tp x)
• template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tp >
  _Tp __laguerre (unsigned int __n, _Tpa __alpha1, _Tp __x)
     This routine returns the associated Laguerre polynomial of degree n, order \alpha: L_n^{(\alpha)}(x).
template<typename Tp >
  _Tp __laguerre (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
     This routine returns the Laguerre polynomial of degree n: L_n(x).
```

template < typename \_Tpa , typename \_Tp >
 Tp laguerre hyperg (unsigned int n, Tpa alpha1, Tp x)

Evaluate the polynomial based on the confluent hypergeometric function in a safe way, with no restriction on the arguments.

• template<typename \_Tpa , typename \_Tp >

This routine returns the associated Laguerre polynomial of degree n, order  $\alpha > -1$  for large n. Abramowitz & Stegun, 13.5.21.

• template<typename \_Tpa , typename \_Tp >

This routine returns the associated Laguerre polynomial of degree n, order  $\alpha$ :  $L_n^{(\alpha)}(x)$  by recursion.

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the Binet function J(1+z) by the Lanczos method. The Binet function is the log of the scaled Gamma function  $log(\Gamma^*(z))$  defined by

$$J(z) = \log(\Gamma^*(z)) = \log(\Gamma(z)) + z - \left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right)\log(z) - \log(2\pi)$$

or

$$\Gamma(z) = \sqrt{2\pi}z^{z-\frac{1}{2}}e^{-z}e^{J(z)}$$

where  $\Gamma(z)$  is the gamma function.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the logarithm of the gamma function  $log(\Gamma(1+z))$  by the Lanczos method.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the Legendre polynomial by upward recursion on degree l.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the Legendre function of the second kind by upward recursion on degree l.

• template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$ 

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the logarithm of the binomial coefficient. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} t^k$$

• template<typename \_Tp >

Return the logarithm of the binomial coefficient for non-integral degree. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{\nu}{k} = \frac{\Gamma(\nu+1)}{\Gamma(\nu-k+1)\Gamma(k+1)}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^{\nu} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} {\nu \choose k} t^k$$

.

template < typename \_Tp >
 \_Tp \_\_log\_binomial\_sign (\_Tp \_\_nu, unsigned int \_\_k)

Return the sign of the exponentiated logarithm of the binomial coefficient for non-integral degree. The binomial coefficient

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu \\ k \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\Gamma(\nu+1)}{\Gamma(\nu-k+1)\Gamma(k+1)}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^{\nu} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} {\nu \choose k} t^k$$

 $\bullet \ \ template {<} typename \ \_Tp >$ 

template<typename\_Tp>

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the logarithm of the double factorial of the integer n.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the logarithm of the factorial of the integer n.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the logarithm of the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol. The lower Pochammer symbol is defined by

$$a^{\underline{n}} = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-\nu+1) = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a-k), (a)_0 = 1$$

In particular,  $n^{\underline{n}} = n!$ . Thus this function returns

$$ln[a^{\underline{n}}] = ln[\Gamma(a+1)] - ln[\Gamma(a-\nu+1)], ln[a^{\underline{0}}] = 0$$

Many notations exist for this function:

 $(a)_i$ 

 $\left\{\begin{array}{c} a \\ \nu \end{array}\right\}$ 

, and others.

 $\bullet \ \ template\!<\!typename\,\_Tp>$ 

Return  $log(|\Gamma(a)|)$ . This will return values even for a < 0. To recover the sign of  $\Gamma(a)$  for any argument use  $\_log\_ \hookleftarrow gamma\_sign$ .

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

Return  $log(\Gamma(a))$  for complex argument.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return  $log(\Gamma(x))$  by asymptotic expansion with Bernoulli number coefficients. This is like Sterling's approximation.

 $\bullet \ \ template {<} typename \ \_Tp >$ 

Return the sign of  $\Gamma(x)$ . At nonpositive integers zero is returned indicating  $\Gamma(x)$  is undefined.

template<typename\_Tp>

template < typename \_Tp >
 \_Tp \_\_log\_rising\_factorial (\_Tp \_\_a, \_Tp \_\_nu)

Return the logarithm of the rising factorial function or the (upper) Pochhammer symbol. The Pochammer symbol is defined for integer order by

$$a^{\overline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(n) = \prod_{k=0}^{\nu-1} (a+k), (a)_0 = 1$$

Thus this function returns

$$ln[a^{\overline{\nu}}] = ln[\Gamma(a+\nu)] - ln[\Gamma(\nu)], ln[(a)_0] = 0$$

Many notations exist for this function:

 $(a)_{\nu}$ 

(especially in the literature of special functions),

 $\begin{bmatrix} a \\ \nu \end{bmatrix}$ 

, and others.

- template<typename \_Tp >
  - \_Tp \_\_log\_stirling\_1 (unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_m)
- template<typename  $_{\mathrm{Tp}}>$

template<typename \_Tp >

• template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$ 

Return the logarithmic integral li(x).

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the logistic cumulative distribution function.

• template<typename  $_{\mathrm{Tp}}>$ 

Return the logistic probability density function.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the lognormal cumulative probability density function.

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

Return the lognormal probability density function.

• template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$ 

Return the normal cumulative probability density function.

 $\bullet \ \ template\!<\!typename\,\_Tp>$ 

Return the normal probability density function.

template<typename\_Tp>

ullet template<typename\_Tp>

template<typename\_Tp>

template<typename</li>Tp >

Return the polygamma function  $\psi^{(m)}(x)$ .

```
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __polylog (_Tp __s, _Tp __x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::complex< _Tp > __polylog (_Tp __s, std::complex< _Tp > __w)
• template<typename _Tp , typename _ArgType >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< std::complex< _Tp >, _ArgType > __polylog_exp (_Tp __s, _ArgType __w)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::complex < _Tp > \__polylog_exp_asymp (_Tp \__s, std::complex < _Tp > \__w)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex < Tp > polylog exp neg (Tp s, std::complex < Tp > w)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex<\_Tp>\_\_polylog\_exp\_neg \ (int \_\_n, \ std::complex<\_Tp>\_\_w)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > __polylog_exp_neg_int (int __s, std::complex< _Tp > __w)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > __polylog_exp_neg_int (int __s, _Tp __w)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  std::complex < _Tp > __polylog_exp_neg_real (_Tp __s, std::complex < _Tp > __w)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::complex< _Tp > __polylog_exp_neg_real (_Tp __s, _Tp __w)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::complex< _Tp > __polylog_exp_pos (unsigned int __s, std::complex< _Tp > __w)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::complex< _Tp > __polylog_exp_pos (unsigned int __s, _Tp __w)
• template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > __polylog_exp_pos (_Tp __s, std::complex< _Tp > __w)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > __polylog_exp_pos_int (unsigned int __s, std::complex< _Tp > __w)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > __polylog_exp_pos_int (unsigned int __s, _Tp __w)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::complex< _Tp > __polylog_exp_pos_real (_Tp __s, std::complex< _Tp > __w)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::complex< _Tp > __polylog_exp_pos_real (_Tp __s, _Tp __w)
template<typename _PowTp , typename _Tp >
  _Tp __polylog_exp_sum (_PowTp __s, _Tp __w)
template<typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::__hermite_he_t< _Tp > __prob_hermite_recur (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      This routine returns the Probabilists Hermite polynomial of order n: He_n(x) by recursion on n.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __radial_jacobi (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m, _Tp __rho)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::vector< gnu cxx:: quadrature point t< Tp >> radial jacobi zeros (unsigned int n, unsigned int
  m)
• template<typename _{\mathrm{Tp}} >
  _Tp <u>__rice_pdf</u> (_Tp __nu, _Tp __sigma, _Tp __x)
      Return the Rice probability density function.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __riemann_zeta (_Tp __s)
      Return the Riemann zeta function \zeta(s).
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __riemann_zeta_euler_maclaurin (_Tp __s)
```

Evaluate the Riemann zeta function  $\zeta(s)$  by an alternate series for s > 0.

template<typename \_Tp >

template<typename \_Tp >

Compute the Riemann zeta function  $\zeta(s)$  by Laurent expansion about s = 1.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the Riemann zeta function  $\zeta(s) - 1$ .

• template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$ 

Evaluate the Riemann zeta function by series for all  $s \neq 1$ . Convergence is great until largish negative numbers. Then the convergence of the > 0 sum gets better.

template<typename \_Tp >

Compute the Riemann zeta function  $\zeta(s)$  using the product over prime factors.

template<typename \_Tp >

Compute the Riemann zeta function  $\zeta(s)$  by summation for s > 1.

• template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$ 

Return the (upper) Pochhammer function or the rising factorial function. The Pochammer symbol is defined by

$$a^{\overline{n}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(\nu) = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a+k), (a)_0 = 1$$

Many notations exist for this function:

$$(a)_i$$

, (especially in the literature of special functions),

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} a \\ n \end{array}\right]$$

, and others.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the rising factorial function or the (upper) Pochhammer function. The rising factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\overline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(\nu)$$

Many notations exist for this function:

$$(a)_{\nu}$$

, (especially in the literature of special functions),

$$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ n \end{bmatrix}$$

, and others.

 $\bullet \ \ template {<} typename \ \_Tp >$ 

template<typename\_Tp>

$$std::complex < _Tp > \__sin_pi (std::complex < _Tp > \__z)$$

template<typename\_Tp>

$$_{gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t < _Tp > __sinc} (_Tp __x)$$

Return the sinus cardinal function

$$sinc(x) = \frac{\sin(x)}{x}$$

.

```
template<typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __sinc_pi (_Tp __x)
      Return the reperiodized sinus cardinal function
                                                    sinc_{\pi}(x) = \frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x}
template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< _Tp > __sincos (_Tp __x)
• template<>
    _gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< float > __sincos (float __x)
template<>
   __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< double > __sincos (double __x)
template<>
   __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< long double > __sincos (long double __x)
template<typename</li>Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< _Tp > __sincos_pi (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::pair< _Tp, _Tp > __sincosint (_Tp __x)
      This function returns the sine Si(x) and cosine Ci(x) integrals as a pair.
template<typename _Tp >
  void __sincosint_asymp (_Tp __t, _Tp &_Si, _Tp &_Ci)
      This function computes the sine Si(x) and cosine Ci(x) integrals by asymptotic series summation for positive argument.
template<typename _Tp >
  void <u>__sincosint_cont_frac</u> (_Tp __t, _Tp &_Si, _Tp &_Ci)
      This function computes the sine Si(x) and cosine Ci(x) integrals by continued fraction for positive argument.
template<typename _Tp >
  void __sincosint_series (_Tp __t, _Tp &_Si, _Tp &_Ci)
      This function computes the sine Si(x) and cosine Ci(x) integrals by series summation for positive argument.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp <u>__sinh_pi</u> (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > __sinh_pi (std::complex< _Tp > __z)

    template<typename _Tp >

  gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > sinhc (Tp x)
      Return the hyperbolic sinus cardinal function
                                                    sinhc(x) = \frac{\sinh(x)}{x}
template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > <u>__sinhc_pi</u> (_Tp __x)
      Return the reperiodized hyperbolic sinus cardinal function
                                                  sinhc_{\pi}(x) = \frac{\sinh(\pi x)}{\pi x}
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp sinhint (const Tp x)
      Return the hyperbolic sine integral Shi(x).

 template<typename _Tp >

  _Tp __sph_bessel (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
```

Return the spherical Bessel function  $j_n(x)$  of order n and non-negative real argument x.

or

where  $\Gamma(z)$  is the gamma function.

```
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< Tp > sph bessel (unsigned int n, std::complex< Tp > z)
      Return the complex spherical Bessel function.
template<typename</li>Tp >
    gnu cxx:: sph mod bessel t< unsigned int, Tp, Tp > sph bessel ik (unsigned int n, Tp x)
      Compute the spherical modified Bessel functions i_n(x) and k_n(x) and their first derivatives i'_n(x) and k'_n(x) respectively.
template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::__sph_bessel_t< unsigned int, _Tp, _Tp > __sph_bessel_jn (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      Compute the spherical Bessel j_n(x) and Neumann n_n(x) functions and their first derivatives j_n(x) and n'_n(x) respec-
      tively.
template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx:: sph bessel t< unsigned int, Tp, std::complex< Tp >> sph bessel in neg arg (unsigned
  int __n, _Tp __x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

    _gnu_cxx::_sph_hankel_t< unsigned int, std::complex< _Tp >, std::complex< _Tp >> __sph_hankel (un-
  signed int n, std::complex< Tp > z)
     Helper to compute complex spherical Hankel functions and their derivatives.
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< Tp > sph hankel 1 (unsigned int n, Tp x)
      Return the spherical Hankel function of the first kind h_n^{(1)}(x).
template<typename_Tp>
  std::complex< _Tp > __sph_hankel_1 (unsigned int __n, std::complex< _Tp > __z)
      Return the complex spherical Hankel function of the first kind.
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< Tp > sph hankel 2 (unsigned int n, Tp x)
      Return the spherical Hankel function of the second kind h_n^{(2)}(x).

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::complex< Tp > sph hankel 2 (unsigned int n, std::complex< Tp > z)
      Return the complex spherical Hankel function of the second kind.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::complex< _Tp > __sph_harmonic (unsigned int __l, int __m, _Tp __theta, _Tp __phi)
      Return the spherical harmonic function.
template<typename</li>Tp >
  _Tp __sph_legendre (unsigned int __l, unsigned int __m, _Tp __theta)
      Return the spherical associated Legendre function.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp <u>__sph_neumann</u> (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      Return the spherical Neumann function n_n(x) of order n and non-negative real argument x.
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex < _Tp > __sph_neumann (unsigned int __n, std::complex < _Tp > __z)
      Return the complex spherical Neumann function.
template<typename</li>Tp >
  _GLIBCXX14_CONSTEXPR _Tp __spouge_binet1p (_Tp __z)
      Return the Binet function J(1+z) by the Spouge method. The Binet function is the log of the scaled Gamma function
     log(\Gamma^*(z)) defined by
                            J(z) = \log(\Gamma^*(z)) = \log(\Gamma(z)) + z - \left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right)\log(z) - \log(2\pi)
```

 $\Gamma(z) = \sqrt{2\pi}z^{z-\frac{1}{2}}e^{-z}e^{J(z)}$ 

template < typename \_Tp >
 \_GLIBCXX14\_CONSTEXPR \_Tp \_\_spouge\_log\_gamma1p (\_Tp \_\_z)

Return the logarithm of the gamma function  $log(\Gamma(1+z))$  by the Spouge algorithm:

$$\Gamma(z+1) = (z+a)^{z+1/2} e^{-z-a} \left[ \sqrt{2\pi} + \sum_{k=1}^{\lceil a \rceil + 1} \frac{c_k(a)}{z+k} \right]$$

where

$$c_k(a) = \frac{(-1)^{k-1}}{(k-1)!} (a-k)^{k-1/2} e^{a-k}$$

and the error is bounded by

$$\epsilon(a) < a^{-1/2} (2\pi)^{-a-1/2}$$

.

template<typename \_Tp >

\_Tp \_\_stirling\_1 (unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_m)

 $\bullet \ \ template {<} typename \ \_Tp >$ 

\_Tp \_\_stirling\_1\_recur (unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_m)

• template<typename  $_{\mathrm{Tp}}$  >

\_Tp \_\_stirling\_1\_series (unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_m)

template<typename \_Tp >

\_Tp <u>\_\_stirling\_2</u> (unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_m)

template<typename \_Tp >

\_Tp \_\_stirling\_2\_recur (unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_m)

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

\_Tp \_\_stirling\_2\_series (unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_m)

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the Students T probability function.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the Students T probability density.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the complement of the Students T probability function.

 $\bullet \ \ template\!<\!typename\,\_Tp>$ 

ullet template<typename \_Tp >

 $std::complex < _Tp > \underline{tan_pi} (std::complex < _Tp > \underline{z})$ 

template<typename \_Tp >

• template<typename \_Tp >

std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_tanh\_pi (std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_z)

 $\bullet \ \ template\!<\!typename\,\_Tp>$ 

Return the upper incomplete gamma function. The lower incomplete gamma function is defined by

$$\Gamma(a,x) = \int_{x}^{\infty} e^{-t} t^{a-1} dt (a > 0)$$

• template<typename\_Tp>

Return the lower incomplete gamma function. The lower incomplete gamma function is defined by

$$\gamma(a,x) = \int_0^x e^{-t} t^{a-1} dt (a > 0)$$

.

template<typename \_Tp >

• template<typename\_Tp >

template<typename \_Tp >

template<typename \_Tp >

template<typename \_Tp >

• template<typename  $_{\mathrm{Tp}}$  >

ullet template<typename \_Tp >

template<typename \_Tp >

template<typename \_Tp >

template<typename \_Tp >

• template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$ 

template<typename \_Tp >

• template<typename  $_{\mathrm{Tp}}>$ 

Return the Tricomi confluent hypergeometric function

$$U(a,c,x) = \frac{\Gamma(1-c)}{\Gamma(a-c+1)} {}_{1}F_{1}(a;c;x) + \frac{\Gamma(c-1)}{\Gamma(a)} x^{1-c} {}_{1}F_{1}(a-c+1;2-c;x)$$

•

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the Tricomi confluent hypergeometric function

$$U(a,c,x) = \frac{\Gamma(1-c)}{\Gamma(a-c+1)} {}_{1}F_{1}(a;c;x) + \frac{\Gamma(c-1)}{\Gamma(a)} x^{1-c} {}_{1}F_{1}(a-c+1;2-c;x)$$

.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the Weibull cumulative probability density function.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the Weibull probability density function.

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

• template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$ 

template<typename\_Tp>

## **Variables**

```
template<typename _Tp >
  constexpr int __max_FGH = _Airy_series<_Tp>::_N_FGH
• template<>
  constexpr int __max_FGH< double > = 79
template<>
  constexpr int \max FGH < \text{float} > = 15

    constexpr size t Num Euler Maclaurin zeta = 100

    constexpr size t Num Stieljes = 21

    constexpr _Factorial_table < long double > _S_double_factorial_table [301]

    constexpr long double _S_Euler_Maclaurin_zeta [_Num_Euler_Maclaurin_zeta]

    constexpr _Factorial_table < long double > _S_factorial_table [171]

    constexpr unsigned long long _S_harmonic_denom [_S_num_harmonic_numer]

    constexpr unsigned long long _S_harmonic_numer [_S_num_harmonic_numer]

    constexpr Factorial table < long double > S neg double factorial table [999]

template<typename</li>Tp >
  constexpr std::size_t _S_num_double_factorials = 0
template<>
  constexpr std::size_t _S_num_double_factorials< double > = 301
template<>
  constexpr std::size t S num double factorials < float > = 57
template<>
  constexpr std::size_t _S_num_double_factorials< long double > = 301
template<typename</li>Tp >
  constexpr std::size t S num factorials = 0
template<>
  constexpr std::size_t _S_num_factorials< double > = 171
template<>
  constexpr std::size_t _S_num_factorials< float > = 35
template<>
  constexpr std::size_t _S_num_factorials< long double > = 171
• constexpr unsigned long long _S_num_harmonic_numer = 29
template<typename _Tp >
  constexpr std::size t S num neg double factorials = 0
template<>
  constexpr std::size t S num neg double factorials < double > = 150

    template

  constexpr std::size_t _S_num_neg_double_factorials< float > = 27
template<>
  constexpr std::size_t _S_num_neg_double_factorials< long double > = 999
constexpr size_t _S_num_zetam1 = 121

    constexpr long double _S_Stieljes [_Num_Stieljes]

    constexpr long double _S_zetam1 [_S_num_zetam1]
```

## 9.3.1 Detailed Description

Implementation-space details.

## 9.3.2 Function Documentation

```
9.3.2.1 __airy()
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::__airy_t<_Tp, _Tp> std::__detail::__airy (
    __Tp __z )
```

Compute the Airy functions Ai(x) and Bi(x) and their first derivatives Ai'(x) and Bi(x) respectively.

#### **Parameters**

```
_ ← The argument of the Airy functions.
```

#### Returns

A struct containing the Airy functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives.

Definition at line 475 of file sf\_mod\_bessel.tcc.

```
References __cyl_bessel_ik(), and __cyl_bessel_jn().
```

Referenced by \_\_airy\_ai(), \_\_airy\_bi(), \_\_fock\_airy(), and \_\_hermite\_asymp().

```
9.3.2.2 __airy_ai()
```

Return the complex Airy Ai function.

Definition at line 2628 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

References airy().

## 9.3.2.3 \_\_airy\_arg()

Compute the arguments for the Airy function evaluations carefully to prevent premature overflow. Note that the major work here is in safe\_div. A faster, but less safe implementation can be obtained without use of safe\_div.

#### **Parameters**

in	num2d3	$ u^{-2/3}$ - output from hankel_params
in	zeta	zeta in the uniform asymptotic expansions - output from hankel_params
out	argp	$e^{+i2\pi/3} u^{2/3}\zeta$
out	argm	$e^{-i2\pi/3} u^{2/3}\zeta$

## **Exceptions**

std::runtime error	if unable to compute Airy function arguments

Definition at line 214 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_hankel\_uniform\_outer().

## 9.3.2.4 \_\_airy\_bi()

Return the complex Airy Bi function.

Definition at line 2640 of file sf airy.tcc.

References \_\_airy().

## 9.3.2.5 \_\_assoc\_laguerre()

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp std::__detail::__assoc_laguerre (
          unsigned int __n,
          unsigned int __m,
          _Tp __x )
```

This routine returns the associated Laguerre polynomial of degree n, order m:  $L_n^{(m)}(x)$ .

The associated Laguerre polynomial is defined for integral order  $\alpha=m$  by:

$$L_n^{(m)}(x) = (-1)^m \frac{d^m}{dx^m} L_{n+m}(x)$$

where the Laguerre polynomial is defined by:

$$L_n(x) = \frac{e^x}{n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (x^n e^{-x})$$

## **Template Parameters**

The type of the parameter	T
---------------------------	---

#### **Parameters**

_~	The degree
_n	
_←	The order
_m	
_~	The argument
_x	

#### Returns

The value of the associated Laguerre polynomial of order n, degree m, and argument x.

Definition at line 366 of file sf laguerre.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_hydrogen().

## 9.3.2.6 \_\_assoc\_legendre\_p()

Return the associated Legendre function by recursion on l and downward recursion on m.

The associated Legendre function is derived from the Legendre function  $P_l(x)$  by the Rodrigues formula:

$$P_l^m(x) = (1 - x^2)^{m/2} \frac{d^m}{dx^m} P_l(x)$$

#### Note

The Condon-Shortley phase factor  $(-1)^m$  is absent by default.  $P_l^m(x)=0$  if m>l.

## **Parameters**

/	The degree of the associated Legendre function. $l>=0$ .	
m	The order of the associated Legendre function.	
x	The argument of the associated Legendre function.  Generated by Do	xygen
phase	The phase of the associated Legendre function. Use -1 for the Condon-Shortley phase convention.	

Definition at line 199 of file sf\_legendre.tcc.

References \_\_legendre\_p().

#### **9.3.2.7** \_\_bernoulli() [1/2]

This returns Bernoulli number  $B_n$ .

#### **Parameters**

#### Returns

The Bernoulli number of order n.

Definition at line 128 of file sf\_bernoulli.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_euler(), and \_\_gnu\_cxx::bernoulli().

## **9.3.2.8** \_\_bernoulli() [2/2]

Return the Bernoulli polynomial  $B_n(x)$  of order n at argument x.

The values at 0 and 1 are equal to the corresponding Bernoulli number:

$$B_n(0) = B_n(1) = B_n$$

The derivative is proportional to the previous polynomial:

$$B_n'(x) = n * B_{n-1}(x)$$

The series expansion is:

$$B_n(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{n} B_k binomnkx^{n-k}$$

A useful argument promotion is:

$$B_n(x+1) - B_n(x) = n * x^{n-1}$$

Definition at line 168 of file sf\_bernoulli.tcc.

References \_\_binomial().

## 9.3.2.9 \_\_bernoulli\_2n()

This returns Bernoulli number  $B_2n$  at even integer arguments 2n.

#### **Parameters**

```
_← the half-order n of the Bernoulli number.
```

#### Returns

The Bernoulli number of order 2n.

Definition at line 140 of file sf\_bernoulli.tcc.

## 9.3.2.10 \_\_bernoulli\_series()

This returns Bernoulli numbers from a table or by summation for larger values.

$$B_{2n} = (-1)^{n+1} 2 \frac{(2n)!}{(2\pi)^{2n}} \zeta(2n)$$

Note that

$$\zeta(2n) - 1 = (-1)^{n+1} \frac{(2\pi)^{2n}}{(2n)!} B_{2n} - 2$$

are small and rapidly decreasing finctions of n.

### **Parameters**

```
_ ← the order n of the Bernoulli number.
_n
```

## Returns

The Bernoulli number of order n.

Definition at line 65 of file sf bernoulli.tcc.

### 9.3.2.11 \_\_beta()

Return the beta function B(a, b).

The beta function is defined by

$$B(a,b) = \int_0^1 t^{a-1} (1-t)^{b-1} dt = \frac{\Gamma(a)\Gamma(b)}{\Gamma(a+b)}$$

### **Parameters**

_~	The first argument of the beta function.
_a	
_ <del>c</del>	The second argument of the beta function.

### Returns

The beta function.

Definition at line 215 of file sf\_beta.tcc.

References \_\_beta\_gamma(), and \_\_beta\_lgamma().

Referenced by  $\_$ fisher\_f\_pdf(),  $\_$ gnu\_cxx::gamma\_pdf(),  $\_$ gnu\_cxx::jacobi(),  $\_$ gnu\_cxx::jacobif(),  $\_$ gnu\_cxx

## 9.3.2.12 \_\_beta\_gamma()

Return the beta function: B(a, b).

The beta function is defined by

$$B(a,b) = \int_0^1 t^{a-1} (1-t)^{b-1} dt = \frac{\Gamma(a)\Gamma(b)}{\Gamma(a+b)}$$

_~	The first argument of the beta function.
_a	
_←	The second argument of the beta function.
_b	

### Returns

The beta function.

Definition at line 77 of file sf\_beta.tcc.

References \_\_gamma().

Referenced by \_\_beta().

## 9.3.2.13 \_\_beta\_inc()

Return the regularized incomplete beta function,  $I_x(a,b)$ , of arguments a, b, and x.

The regularized incomplete beta function is defined by:

$$I_x(a,b) = \frac{B_x(a,b)}{B(a,b)}$$

where

$$B_x(a,b) = \int_0^x t^{a-1} (1-t)^{b-1} dt$$

is the non-regularized beta function and B(a,b) is the usual beta function.

## **Parameters**

_~	The first parameter
_a	
_~	The second parameter
_b	
_~	The argument
_x	

Definition at line 311 of file sf\_beta.tcc.

References \_\_ibeta\_cont\_frac(), \_\_log\_gamma(), and \_\_log\_gamma\_sign().

Referenced by \_\_beta\_p(), \_\_binomial\_p(), \_\_binomial\_q(), \_\_fisher\_f\_p(), \_\_fisher\_f\_q(), \_\_student\_t\_p(), and  $\_\leftarrow$  student\_t\_q().

## 9.3.2.14 \_\_beta\_lgamma()

Return the beta function B(a,b) using the log gamma functions.

The beta function is defined by

$$B(a,b) = \int_0^1 t^{a-1} (1-t)^{b-1} dt = \frac{\Gamma(a)\Gamma(b)}{\Gamma(a+b)}$$

### **Parameters**

_~	The first argument of the beta function.
_a	
_ <del>←</del>	The second argument of the beta function.

#### Returns

The beta function.

Definition at line 125 of file sf\_beta.tcc.

References \_\_log\_gamma(), and \_\_log\_gamma\_sign().

Referenced by \_\_beta().

## 9.3.2.15 \_\_beta\_p()

Definition at line 705 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

References \_\_beta\_inc().

## 9.3.2.16 \_\_beta\_product()

Return the beta function B(x,y) using the product form.

The beta function is defined by

$$B(a,b) = \int_0^1 t^{a-1} (1-t)^{b-1} dt = \frac{\Gamma(a)\Gamma(b)}{\Gamma(a+b)}$$

Here, we employ the product form:

$$B(a,b) = \frac{a+b}{ab} \prod_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1 + (a+b)/k}{(1+a/k)(1+b/k)} = \frac{a+b}{ab} \prod_{k=1}^{\infty} \left[ 1 - \frac{ab}{(a+k)(b+k)} \right]$$

### **Parameters**

_~	The first argument of the beta function.
_a	
_← _b	The second argument of the beta function.

### Returns

The beta function.

Definition at line 179 of file sf\_beta.tcc.

## **9.3.2.17** \_\_binomial() [1/2]

Return the binomial coefficient. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} t^k$$

.

_~	The first argument of the binomial coefficient.
_n	
_←	The second argument of the binomial coefficient.
_k	

### Returns

The binomial coefficient.

Definition at line 2538 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

 $References\ std::\_detail::\_Factorial\_table < \_Tp >::\_n.$ 

Referenced by \_\_bernoulli().

# **9.3.2.18** \_\_binomial() [2/2]

Return the binomial coefficient for non-integral degree. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{\nu}{k} = \frac{\Gamma(\nu+1)}{\Gamma(\nu-k+1)\Gamma(k+1)}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^{\nu} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} {\nu \choose k} t^k$$

## **Parameters**

nu	The real first argument of the binomial coefficient.
k	The second argument of the binomial coefficient.

## Returns

The binomial coefficient.

Definition at line 2598 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

 $References \underline{\hspace{0.4cm}} gamma(), \underline{\hspace{0.4cm}} log\_binomial(), \underline{\hspace{0.4cm}} log\_binomial\_sign(), and std::\underline{\hspace{0.4cm}} detail::\underline{\hspace{0.4cm}} Factorial\_table < \underline{\hspace{0.4cm}} Tp >::\underline{\hspace{0.4cm}} n.$ 

## 9.3.2.19 \_\_binomial\_p()

Return the binomial cumulative distribution function.

The binomial cumulative distribution function is related to the incomplete beta function:

$$P(k|n,p) = I_p(k,n-k+1)$$

## **Parameters**

_←	
_p	
_ <del>\</del>	
_n	
_ <del></del>	
_k	

Definition at line 614 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

References \_\_beta\_inc().

# 9.3.2.20 \_\_binomial\_pdf()

Return the binomial probability mass function.

The binomial cumulative distribution function is related to the incomplete beta function:

$$f(k|n,p) = \binom{n}{k} p^k (1-p)^{n-k}$$

### **Parameters**

	_~	
	_p	
ĺ	_←	
	n	
Ì	_~	
	L	

Definition at line 578 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

## 9.3.2.21 \_\_binomial\_q()

Return the complementary binomial cumulative distribution function.

The binomial cumulative distribution function is related to the incomplete beta function:

$$Q(k|n,p) = I_{1-p}(n-k+1,k)$$

#### **Parameters**

_ <del>←</del>	
_←	
_n	
_ <del></del>	
_k	

Definition at line 644 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

References \_\_beta\_inc().

## 9.3.2.22 \_\_bose\_einstein()

Return the Bose-Einstein integral of integer or real order s and real argument x.

## See also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clausen\_function http://dlmf.nist.gov/25.12.16

$$G_s(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s+1)} \int_0^\infty \frac{t^s}{e^{t-x} - 1} dt = Li_{s+1}(e^x)$$

_~	The order $s >= 0$ .
_s	
_~	The real argument.

## Returns

The real Bose-Einstein integral  $G_s(x)$ ,

Definition at line 1461 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_polylog\_exp().

## 9.3.2.23 \_\_cauchy\_p()

Definition at line 697 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

# 9.3.2.24 \_\_chebyshev\_recur()

Return a Chebyshev polynomial of non-negative order n and real argument x by the recursion

$$C_n(x) = 2xC_{n-1} - C_{n-2}$$

## **Template Parameters**

_	The real type of the argument
l In	I he real type of the argument
ıρ	The real type of the argument

_~	The non-negative integral order
_n	
_~	The real argument $-1 \le x \le +1$
_X	
_C0	The value of the zeroth-order Chebyshev polynomial at $\boldsymbol{x}$
_C1	The value of the first-order Chebyshev polynomial at $\boldsymbol{x}$

Definition at line 60 of file sf\_chebyshev.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_chebyshev\_t(), \_\_chebyshev\_u(), \_\_chebyshev\_v(), and \_\_chebyshev\_w().

9.3.2.25 \_\_chebyshev\_t()

Return the Chebyshev polynomial of the first kind  $T_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and real argument x.

The Chebyshev polynomial of the first kind is defined by:

$$T_n(x) = \cos(n\theta)$$

where  $\theta = \arccos(x)$ ,  $-1 \le x \le +1$ .

**Template Parameters** 

_Тр	The real type of the argument

### **Parameters**

_~	The non-negative integral order
_n	
_←	The real argument $-1 \le x \le +1$
_X	

Definition at line 88 of file sf\_chebyshev.tcc.

References \_\_chebyshev\_recur().

## 9.3.2.26 \_\_chebyshev\_u()

Return the Chebyshev polynomial of the second kind  $U_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and real argument x.

The Chebyshev polynomial of the second kind is defined by:

$$U_n(x) = \frac{\sin[(n+1)\theta]}{\sin(\theta)}$$

where  $\theta = \arccos(x)$ ,  $-1 \le x \le +1$ .

## **Template Parameters**

#### **Parameters**

_~	The non-negative integral order
_n	
_←	The real argument $-1 \le x \le +1$
_X	

Definition at line 118 of file sf\_chebyshev.tcc.

References \_\_chebyshev\_recur().

```
9.3.2.27 __chebyshev_v()
```

Return the Chebyshev polynomial of the third kind  $V_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and real argument x.

The Chebyshev polynomial of the third kind is defined by:

$$V_n(x) = \frac{\cos\left[\left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right)\theta\right]}{\cos\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)}$$

where  $\theta = \arccos(x)$ ,  $-1 \le x \le +1$ .

## **Template Parameters**

_Tp The real type of the	e argument
--------------------------	------------

### **Parameters**

_~	The non-negative integral order	
_n		
_~	The real argument $-1 \le x \le +1$	
_X		

Definition at line 149 of file sf\_chebyshev.tcc.

References \_\_chebyshev\_recur().

## 9.3.2.28 \_\_chebyshev\_w()

Return the Chebyshev polynomial of the fourth kind  $W_n(x)$  of non-negative order n and real argument x.

The Chebyshev polynomial of the fourth kind is defined by:

$$W_n(x) = \frac{\sin\left[\left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right)\theta\right]}{\sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)}$$

where  $\theta = \arccos(x)$ ,  $-1 \le x \le +1$ .

## **Template Parameters**

_Tp	The real type of the argument
-----	-------------------------------

## **Parameters**

_←	The non-negative integral order
_n	
_~	The real argument $-1 <= x <= +1$
_X	

Definition at line 180 of file sf\_chebyshev.tcc.

References \_\_chebyshev\_recur().

## 9.3.2.29 \_\_chi\_squared\_pdf()

Return the chi-squared propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-squared for a correct model is less than the value  $\chi^2$ .

The chi-squared propability function is related to the normalized lower incomplete gamma function:

$$P(\chi^2|\nu) = \Gamma_P(\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\chi^2}{2})$$

Definition at line 75 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

References \_\_gamma\_p().

## 9.3.2.30 \_\_chi\_squared\_pdfc()

Return the complementary chi-squared propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-squared for a correct model is greater than the value  $\chi^2$ .

The complementary chi-squared propability function is related to the normalized upper incomplete gamma function:

$$Q(\chi^2|\nu) = \Gamma_Q(\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\chi^2}{2})$$

Definition at line 99 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

References \_\_gamma\_q().

## 9.3.2.31 \_\_chshint()

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::pair<_Tp, _Tp> std::__detail::__chshint (
    _Tp __x,
    _Tp & _Chi,
    _Tp & _Shi )
```

This function returns the hyperbolic cosine Ci(x) and hyperbolic sine Si(x) integrals as a pair.

The hyperbolic cosine integral is defined by:

$$Chi(x) = \gamma_E + \log(x) + \int_0^x dt \frac{\cosh(t) - 1}{t}$$

The hyperbolic sine integral is defined by:

$$Shi(x) = \int_0^x dt \frac{\sinh(t)}{t}$$

Definition at line 166 of file sf\_hypint.tcc.

References \_\_chshint\_cont\_frac(), and \_\_chshint\_series().

## 9.3.2.32 \_\_chshint\_cont\_frac()

This function computes the hyperbolic cosine Chi(x) and hyperbolic sine Shi(x) integrals by continued fraction for positive argument.

Definition at line 53 of file sf\_hypint.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_chshint().

## 9.3.2.33 \_\_chshint\_series()

This function computes the hyperbolic cosine Chi(x) and hyperbolic sine Shi(x) integrals by series summation for positive argument.

Definition at line 96 of file sf\_hypint.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_chshint().

## 9.3.2.34 \_\_clamp\_0\_m2pi()

Definition at line 184 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_polylog\_exp\_neg\_int(), \_\_polylog\_exp\_neg\_real(), \_\_polylog\_exp\_pos\_int(), and \_\_polylog\_exp\_\top pos\_real().

## 9.3.2.35 \_\_clamp\_pi()

Definition at line 171 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_polylog\_exp\_neg\_int(), \_\_polylog\_exp\_neg\_real(), \_\_polylog\_exp\_pos\_int(), and \_\_polylog\_exp\_\top pos\_real().

```
9.3.2.36 __clausen() [1/2]
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<_Tp> std::__detail::__clausen (
    unsigned int __m,
    std::complex< _Tp > __z )
```

Return Clausen's function of integer order m and complex argument z. The notation and connection to polylog is from Wikipedia

#### **Parameters**

_~	The non-negative integral order.
_m	
_←	The complex argument.
_Z	

## Returns

The complex Clausen function.

Definition at line 1256 of file sf polylog.tcc.

References \_\_polylog\_exp().

Return Clausen's function of integer order m and real argument x. The notation and connection to polylog is from Wikipedia

## **Parameters**

_~	The integer order $m \ge 1$ .
_m	
_~	The real argument.
_X	

#### Returns

The Clausen function.

Definition at line 1283 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_polylog\_exp().

```
9.3.2.38 __clausen_cl() [1/2]

template<typename _Tp >
   _Tp std::__detail::__clausen_cl (
        unsigned int __m,
        std::complex< _Tp > __z )
```

Return Clausen's cosine sum Cl\_m for positive integer order m and complex argument w.

# See also

```
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clausen_function
```

_~	The integer order m >= 1.
_m	
_~	The complex argument.
_Z	

### Returns

The Clausen cosine sum Cl\_m(w),

Definition at line 1367 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_polylog\_exp().

```
9.3.2.39 __clausen_cl() [2/2]

template<typename _Tp >
_Tp std::__detail::__clausen_cl (
```

\_Tp \_\_\_x )

unsigned int  $\__m$ ,

Return Clausen's cosine sum Cl\_m for positive integer order m and real argument w.

## See also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clausen\_function

## **Parameters**

_←	The integer order $m >= 1$ .
_m	
_~	The real argument.
_X	

## Returns

The real Clausen cosine sum Cl\_m(w),

Definition at line 1395 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_polylog\_exp().

Return Clausen's sine sum SI\_m for positive integer order m and complex argument z.

## See also

```
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clausen_function
```

### **Parameters**

_~	The integer order $m \ge 1$ .
_m	
_←	The complex argument.
_Z	

### Returns

The Clausen sine sum SI\_m(w),

Definition at line 1311 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_polylog\_exp().

Return Clausen's sine sum SI\_m for positive integer order m and real argument x.

### See also

```
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clausen_function
```

### **Parameters**

_~	The integer order $m >= 1$ .
_m	
_←	The real argument.
_x	

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#### Returns

The Clausen sine sum SI\_m(w),

Definition at line 1339 of file sf polylog.tcc.

References \_\_polylog\_exp().

## 9.3.2.42 \_\_comp\_ellint\_1()

Return the complete elliptic integral of the first kind K(k) using the Carlson formulation.

The complete elliptic integral of the first kind is defined as

$$K(k) = F(k, \pi/2) = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{1 - k^2 sin^2 \theta}}$$

where  $F(k,\phi)$  is the incomplete elliptic integral of the first kind.

## **Parameters**

_+	ے	The modulus of the complete elliptic function.
_k		

## Returns

The complete elliptic function of the first kind.

Definition at line 592 of file sf\_ellint.tcc.

References \_\_comp\_ellint\_rf().

Referenced by  $\_$ ellint $_1()$ ,  $\_$ ellnome $_k()$ ,  $\_$ heuman $_$ lambda $_0()$ ,  $\_$ jacobi $_z$ eta $_0()$ ,  $\_$ theta $_1()$ ,  $\_$ theta $_2()$ ,  $\_$ theta $_2()$ ,  $\_$ theta $_2()$ ,  $\_$ theta $_3()$ .

### 9.3.2.43 \_\_comp\_ellint\_2()

Return the complete elliptic integral of the second kind E(k) using the Carlson formulation.

The complete elliptic integral of the second kind is defined as

$$E(k,\pi/2) = \int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{1 - k^2 sin^2 \theta}$$

_~	The modulus of the complete elliptic function.
_k	

## Returns

The complete elliptic function of the second kind.

Definition at line 666 of file sf\_ellint.tcc.

References \_\_ellint\_rd(), and \_\_ellint\_rf().

Referenced by \_\_ellint\_2().

### 9.3.2.44 \_\_comp\_ellint\_3()

Return the complete elliptic integral of the third kind  $\Pi(k,\nu)=\Pi(k,\nu,\pi/2)$  using the Carlson formulation.

The complete elliptic integral of the third kind is defined as

$$\Pi(k,\nu) = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{d\theta}{(1-\nu\sin^2\theta)\sqrt{1-k^2\sin^2\theta}}$$

## **Parameters**

k	The argument of the elliptic function.
nu	The second argument of the elliptic function.

## Returns

The complete elliptic function of the third kind.

Definition at line 756 of file sf\_ellint.tcc.

References \_\_ellint\_rf(), and \_\_ellint\_rj().

Referenced by \_\_ellint\_3().

```
9.3.2.45 __comp_ellint_d()
```

```
\label{template} $$ \ensuremath{\sf template}$ < typename $$_Tp > $$ $$ _Tp std::__detail::__comp_ellint_d ( $$ _Tp $$_k )
```

Return the complete Legendre elliptic integral D.

Definition at line 862 of file sf ellint.tcc.

References ellint rd().

### 9.3.2.46 \_\_comp\_ellint\_rf()

Definition at line 252 of file sf\_ellint.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_comp\_ellint\_1(), and \_\_ellint\_rf().

### 9.3.2.47 \_\_comp\_ellint\_rg()

Definition at line 368 of file sf\_ellint.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_ellint\_rg().

## 9.3.2.48 \_\_conf\_hyperg()

Return the confluent hypergeometric function  ${}_{1}F_{1}(a;c;x)=M(a,c,x)$ .

_~	The numerator parameter.
_a	
_←	The denominator parameter.
_c	
_~	The argument of the confluent hypergeometric function.
_x	

## Returns

The confluent hypergeometric function.

Definition at line 337 of file sf\_hyperg.tcc.

References \_\_conf\_hyperg\_luke(), \_\_conf\_hyperg\_series(), and \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_integer().

Referenced by \_\_tricomi\_u\_naive().

## 9.3.2.49 \_\_conf\_hyperg\_lim()

Return the confluent hypergeometric limit function  ${}_0F_1(-;c;x)$ .

### **Parameters**

_~	The denominator parameter.
_c	
_~	The argument of the confluent hypergeometric limit function.
_X	

## Returns

The confluent limit hypergeometric function.

Definition at line 163 of file sf\_hyperg.tcc.

References \_\_conf\_hyperg\_lim\_series(), and \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_integer().

## 9.3.2.50 \_\_conf\_hyperg\_lim\_series()

This routine returns the confluent hypergeometric limit function by series expansion.

$$_0F_1(-;c;x) = \Gamma(c)\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\Gamma(c+n)} \frac{x^n}{n!}$$

If a and b are integers and a < 0 and either b > 0 or b < a then the series is a polynomial with a finite number of terms.

### **Parameters**

_~	The "denominator" parameter.
_c	
_~	The argument of the confluent hypergeometric limit function.
_X	

### Returns

The confluent hypergeometric limit function.

Definition at line 130 of file sf\_hyperg.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_conf\_hyperg\_lim().

## 9.3.2.51 \_\_conf\_hyperg\_luke()

Return the hypergeometric function  ${}_1F_1(a;c;x)$  by an iterative procedure described in Luke, Algorithms for the Computation of Mathematical Functions.

Like the case of the 2F1 rational approximations, these are probably guaranteed to converge for x < 0, barring gross numerical instability in the pre-asymptotic regime.

Definition at line 231 of file sf\_hyperg.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_conf\_hyperg().

## 9.3.2.52 \_\_conf\_hyperg\_series()

This routine returns the confluent hypergeometric function by series expansion.

$$_{1}F_{1}(a;c;x) = \frac{\Gamma(c)}{\Gamma(a)} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\Gamma(a+n)}{\Gamma(c+n)} \frac{x^{n}}{n!}$$

### **Parameters**

_~	The "numerator" parameter.
_a	
_←	The "denominator" parameter.
_c	
_~	The argument of the confluent hypergeometric function.
_x	

### Returns

The confluent hypergeometric function.

Definition at line 196 of file sf\_hyperg.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_conf\_hyperg().

Return the reperiodized cosine of argument x:

$$\cos_{\pi}(x) = \cos(\pi x)$$

Definition at line 104 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

Referenced by  $\_cos_pi()$ ,  $\_cosh_pi()$ ,  $\_cyl_bessel_jn()$ ,  $\_cyl_bessel_jn_neg_arg()$ ,  $\_log_double_factorial()$ ,  $\_cyl_bessel_jn_neg_arg()$ 

```
9.3.2.54 __cos_pi() [2/2]
```

Return the reperiodized cosine of complex argument z:

$$\cos_{\pi}(z) = \cos(\pi z) = \cos_{\pi}(x)\cosh_{\pi}(y) - i\sin_{\pi}(x)\sinh_{\pi}(y)$$

Definition at line 231 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

References \_\_cos\_pi(), and \_\_sin\_pi().

```
9.3.2.55 __cosh_pi() [1/2]
```

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic cosine of argument x:

$$\cosh_{\pi}(x) = \cosh(\pi x)$$

Definition at line 133 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

```
9.3.2.56 __cosh_pi() [2/2]
```

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic cosine of complex argument z:

$$\cosh_{\pi}(z) = \cosh_{\pi}(z) = \cosh_{\pi}(x)\cos_{\pi}(y) + i\sinh_{\pi}(x)\sin_{\pi}(y)$$

Definition at line 253 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

References cos pi(), and sin pi().

### 9.3.2.57 \_\_coshint()

Return the hyperbolic cosine integral Chi(x).

The hyperbolic cosine integral is given by

$$Chi(x) = (Ei(x) - E_1(x))/2 = (Ei(x) + Ei(-x))/2$$

```
_ ← The argument of the hyperbolic cosine integral function.
```

## Returns

The hyperbolic cosine integral.

Definition at line 561 of file sf\_expint.tcc.

References \_\_expint\_E1(), and \_\_expint\_Ei().

## 9.3.2.58 \_\_coulomb\_CF1()

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::pair<_Tp, _Tp> std::__detail::__coulomb_CF1 (
          unsigned int __1,
          _Tp __eta,
          _Tp __x )
```

Evaluate the first continued fraction, giving the ratio F'/F at the upper I value. We also determine the sign of F at that point, since it is the sign of the last denominator in the continued fraction.

Definition at line 146 of file sf\_coulomb.tcc.

## 9.3.2.59 \_\_coulomb\_CF2()

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<_Tp> std::__detail::__coulomb_CF2 (
    unsigned int __1,
    _Tp __eta,
    _Tp __x )
```

Evaluate the second continued fraction to obtain the ratio

$$(G'+iF')/(G+iF) := P+iQ$$

at the specified I value.

Definition at line 204 of file sf\_coulomb.tcc.

## 9.3.2.60 \_\_coulomb\_f\_recur()

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::pair<_Tp, _Tp> std::__detail::__coulomb_f_recur (
    unsigned int __l_min,
    unsigned int __k_max,
    _Tp __eta,
    _Tp __x,
    _Tp _F_l_max,
    _Tp _Fp_l_max )
```

Evolve the backwards recurrence for F, F'.

$$F_{l-1} = (S_l F_l + F_l') / R_l F_{l-1}' = (S_l F_{l-1} - R_l F_l)$$

where

$$R_l = \sqrt{1 + (\eta/l)^2} S_l = l/x + \eta/l$$

Definition at line 77 of file sf coulomb.tcc.

## 9.3.2.61 \_\_coulomb\_g\_recur()

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::pair<_Tp, _Tp> std::__detail::__coulomb_g_recur (
    unsigned int __l_min,
    unsigned int __k_max,
    _Tp __eta,
    _Tp __x,
    _Tp __Gl_min,
    _Tp __Gp_l_min )
```

Evolve the forward recurrence for G, G'.

$$G_{l+1} = (S_l G_l - G_l)/R_l G_{l+1}' = R_{l+1} G_l - S_l G_{l+1}$$

where

$$R_l = \sqrt{1 + (\eta/l)^2} S_l = l/x + \eta/l$$

Definition at line 115 of file sf\_coulomb.tcc.

### 9.3.2.62 \_\_coulomb\_norm()

Definition at line 49 of file sf coulomb.tcc.

## 9.3.2.63 \_\_cyl\_bessel()

Return the complex cylindrical Bessel function.

### **Parameters**

in	nu	The order for which the cylindrical Bessel function is evaluated.	]
in	z	The argument at which the cylindrical Bessel function is evaluated.	

## Returns

The complex cylindrical Bessel function.

Definition at line 1173 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

References \_\_hankel().

## 9.3.2.64 \_\_cyl\_bessel\_i()

Return the regular modified Bessel function of order  $\nu$ :  $I_{\nu}(x)$ .

The regular modified cylindrical Bessel function is:

$$I_{\nu}(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(x/2)^{\nu+2k}}{k!\Gamma(\nu+k+1)}$$

### **Parameters**

nu	The order of the regular modified Bessel function.
X	The argument of the regular modified Bessel function.

### Returns

The output regular modified Bessel function.

Definition at line 371 of file sf\_mod\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_cyl\_bessel\_ij\_series(), and \_\_cyl\_bessel\_ik().

Referenced by \_\_\_rice\_pdf().

## 9.3.2.65 \_\_cyl\_bessel\_ij\_series()

This routine returns the cylindrical Bessel functions of order  $\nu$ :  $J_{\nu}$  or  $I_{\nu}$  by series expansion.

The modified cylindrical Bessel function is:

$$Z_{\nu}(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\sigma^{k}(x/2)^{\nu+2k}}{k!\Gamma(\nu+k+1)}$$

where  $\sigma = +1$  or -1 for Z = I or J respectively.

See Abramowitz & Stegun, 9.1.10 Abramowitz & Stegun, 9.6.7 (1) Handbook of Mathematical Functions, ed. Milton Abramowitz and Irene A. Stegun, Dover Publications, Equation 9.1.10 p. 360 and Equation 9.6.10 p. 375

### **Parameters**

nu	The order of the Bessel function.
x	The argument of the Bessel function.
sgn	The sign of the alternate terms -1 for the Bessel function of the first kind. +1 for the modified Bessel function of the first kind.
max_iter	The maximum number of iterations for sum.

## Returns

The output Bessel function.

Definition at line 434 of file sf\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_log\_gamma().

Referenced by \_\_cyl\_bessel\_i(), and \_\_cyl\_bessel\_j().

## 9.3.2.66 \_\_cyl\_bessel\_ik()

Return the modified cylindrical Bessel functions and their derivatives of order  $\nu$  by various means.

### **Parameters**

nu	The order of the Bessel functions.
x	The argument of the Bessel functions.

### Returns

A struct containing the modified cylindrical Bessel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives.

Definition at line 309 of file sf\_mod\_bessel.tcc.

```
References __cyl_bessel_ik_asymp(), __cyl_bessel_ik_steed(), and __sin_pi().
```

Referenced by \_\_airy(), \_\_cyl\_bessel\_i(), \_\_cyl\_bessel\_k(), and \_\_sph\_bessel\_ik().

## 9.3.2.67 \_\_cyl\_bessel\_ik\_asymp()

This routine computes the asymptotic modified cylindrical Bessel and functions of order nu:  $I_{\nu}(x)$ ,  $N_{\nu}(x)$ . Use this for  $x >> nu^2 + 1$ .

References: (1) Handbook of Mathematical Functions, ed. Milton Abramowitz and Irene A. Stegun, Dover Publications, Section 9 p. 364, Equations 9.2.5-9.2.10

### **Parameters**

nu	The order of the Bessel functions.
x	The argument of the Bessel functions.

### Returns

A struct containing the modified cylindrical Bessel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives.

Definition at line 79 of file sf\_mod\_bessel.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_cyl\_bessel\_ik(), and \_\_cyl\_bessel\_ik\_steed().

### 9.3.2.68 \_\_cyl\_bessel\_ik\_steed()

Compute the modified Bessel functions  $I_{\nu}(x)$  and  $K_{\nu}(x)$  and their first derivatives  $I'_{\nu}(x)$  and  $K'_{\nu}(x)$  respectively. These four functions are computed together for numerical stability.

#### **Parameters**

nu	The order of the Bessel functions.
x	The argument of the Bessel functions.

### Returns

A struct containing the modified cylindrical Bessel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives.

Definition at line 153 of file sf mod bessel.tcc.

References \_\_cyl\_bessel\_ik\_asymp(), and \_\_gamma\_temme().

Referenced by \_\_cyl\_bessel\_ik().

## 9.3.2.69 \_\_cyl\_bessel\_j()

Return the Bessel function of order  $\nu$ :  $J_{\nu}(x)$ .

The cylindrical Bessel function is:

$$J_{\nu}(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (x/2)^{\nu+2k}}{k! \Gamma(\nu+k+1)}$$

nu	The order of the Bessel function.
x	The argument of the Bessel function.

#### Returns

The output Bessel function.

Definition at line 581 of file sf bessel.tcc.

References cyl bessel ij series(), and cyl bessel in().

### 9.3.2.70 \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn()

Return the cylindrical Bessel functions and their derivatives of order  $\nu$  by various means.

Definition at line 473 of file sf\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_cos\_pi(), \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn\_asymp(), \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn\_steed(), and \_\_sin\_pi().

Referenced by  $\_airy()$ ,  $\_cyl\_bessel\_j()$ ,  $\_cyl\_bessel\_jn\_neg\_arg()$ ,  $\_cyl\_hankel\_1()$ ,  $\_cyl\_hankel\_2()$ ,  $\_cyl\_\leftrightarrow neumann\_n()$ , and  $\_sph\_bessel\_jn()$ .

#### 9.3.2.71 \_\_cyl\_bessel\_in\_asymp()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::__cyl_bessel_t<_Tp, _Tp, _Tp> std::__detail::__cyl_bessel_jn_asymp (
    __Tp ___nu,
    __Tp ___x )
```

This routine computes the asymptotic cylindrical Bessel and Neumann functions of order nu:  $J_{\nu}(x)$ ,  $N_{\nu}(x)$ . Use this for  $x >> nu^2 + 1$ .

$$J_{\nu}(z) = \left(\frac{2}{\pi z}\right)^{1/2} \left(\cos(\omega) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{a_{2k}(\nu)}{z^{2k}} - \sin(\omega) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{a_{2k+1}(\nu)}{z^{2k+1}}\right)$$

and

$$N_{\nu}(z) = \left(\frac{2}{\pi z}\right)^{1/2} \left(\sin(\omega) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{a_{2k}(\nu)}{z^{2k}} + \cos(\omega) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{a_{2k+1}(\nu)}{z^{2k+1}}\right)$$

where  $\omega = z - \nu \pi/2 - \pi/4$  and

$$a_k(\nu) = \frac{(4\nu^2 - 1^2)(4\nu^2 - 3^2)...(4\nu^2 - (2k - 1)^2)}{8^k k!}$$

There sums work everywhere but on the negative real axis:  $|ph(z)| < \pi - \delta$ .

References: (1) Handbook of Mathematical Functions, ed. Milton Abramowitz and Irene A. Stegun, Dover Publications, Section 9 p. 364, Equations 9.2.5-9.2.10

nu	The order of the Bessel functions.
x	The argument of the Bessel functions.

### Returns

A struct containing the cylindrical Bessel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives.

Definition at line 100 of file sf\_bessel.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn(), and \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn\_steed().

## 9.3.2.72 \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn\_neg\_arg()

```
template<typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::__cyl_bessel_t<_Tp, _Tp, std::complex<_Tp> > std::__detail::__cyl_bessel_jn_neg_arg (
    __Tp __nu,
    __Tp __x )
```

Return the cylindrical Bessel functions and their derivatives of order  $\nu$  and argument x < 0.

Definition at line 539 of file sf\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_cos\_pi(), \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn(), and \_\_polar\_pi().

Referenced by \_\_cyl\_hankel\_1(), \_\_cyl\_hankel\_2(), and \_\_sph\_bessel\_jn\_neg\_arg().

## 9.3.2.73 \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn\_steed()

Compute the Bessel  $J_{\nu}(x)$  and Neumann  $N_{\nu}(x)$  functions and their first derivatives  $J'_{\nu}(x)$  and  $N'_{\nu}(x)$  respectively. These four functions are computed together for numerical stability.

## **Parameters**

	nu	The order of the Bessel functions.
ĺ	Х	The argument of the Bessel functions.

#### Returns

A struct containing the cylindrical Bessel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives.

Definition at line 229 of file sf\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn\_asymp(), and \_\_gamma\_temme().

Referenced by \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn().

# 9.3.2.74 \_\_cyl\_bessel\_k()

Return the irregular modified Bessel function  $K_{\nu}(x)$  of order  $\nu$ .

The irregular modified Bessel function is defined by:

$$K_{\nu}(x) = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{I_{-\nu}(x) - I_{\nu}(x)}{\sin \nu \pi}$$

where for integral  $\nu = n$  a limit is taken:  $\lim_{\nu \to n}$ . For negative argument we have simply:

$$K_{-\nu}(x) = K_{\nu}(x)$$

## **Parameters**

nu	The order of the irregular modified Bessel function.
x	The argument of the irregular modified Bessel function.

## Returns

The output irregular modified Bessel function.

Definition at line 405 of file sf\_mod\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_cyl\_bessel\_ik().

```
9.3.2.75 __cyl_hankel_1() [1/2]
```

Return the cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind  $H^{(1)}_{\nu}(x)$ .

The cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind is defined by:

$$H_{\nu}^{(1)}(x) = J_{\nu}(x) + iN_{\nu}(x)$$

#### **Parameters**

nu	The order of the spherical Neumann function.
x	The argument of the spherical Neumann function.

## Returns

The output spherical Neumann function.

Definition at line 638 of file sf\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn(), \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn\_neg\_arg(), and \_\_polar\_pi().

```
9.3.2.76 __cyl_hankel_1() [2/2]
```

Return the complex cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind.

### **Parameters**

ir	nu	The order for which the cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind is evaluated.
ir	z	The argument at which the cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind is evaluated.

## Returns

The complex cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind.

Definition at line 1139 of file sf hankel.tcc.

References \_\_hankel().

Return the cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind  $H_n^{(2)}u(x)$ .

The cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind is defined by:

$$H_{\nu}^{(2)}(x) = J_{\nu}(x) - iN_{\nu}(x)$$

### **Parameters**

nu	The order of the spherical Neumann function.
x	The argument of the spherical Neumann function.

## Returns

The output spherical Neumann function.

Definition at line 677 of file sf\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn(), \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn\_neg\_arg(), and \_\_polar\_pi().

Return the complex cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind.

## **Parameters**

in	nu	The order for which the cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind is evaluated.
in	z	The argument at which the cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind is evaluated.

#### Returns

The complex cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind.

Definition at line 1156 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

References \_\_hankel().

## 9.3.2.79 \_\_cyl\_neumann()

Return the complex cylindrical Neumann function.

#### **Parameters**

in	nu	The order for which the cylindrical Neumann function is evaluated.
in	z	The argument at which the cylindrical Neumann function is evaluated.

## Returns

The complex cylindrical Neumann function.

Definition at line 1190 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

References \_\_hankel().

## 9.3.2.80 \_\_cyl\_neumann\_n()

Return the Neumann function of order  $\nu$ :  $N_{\nu}(x)$ .

The Neumann function is defined by:

$$N_{\nu}(x) = \frac{J_{\nu}(x)\cos\nu\pi - J_{-\nu}(x)}{\sin\nu\pi}$$

where for integral  $\nu = n$  a limit is taken:  $\lim_{\nu \to n}$ .

nu	The order of the Neumann function.
x	The argument of the Neumann function.

## Returns

The output Neumann function.

Definition at line 612 of file sf\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn().

# 9.3.2.81 \_\_dawson()

Return the Dawson integral, F(x), for real argument x.

The Dawson integral is defined by:

$$F(x) = e^{-x^2} \int_0^x e^{y^2} dy$$

and it's derivative is:

$$F'(x) = 1 - 2xF(x)$$

## **Parameters**

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline \_ \leftarrow & \text{The argument } -inf < x < inf. \\ \_ x & \end{array}$$

Definition at line 235 of file sf\_dawson.tcc.

References \_\_dawson\_cont\_frac(), and \_\_dawson\_series().

# 9.3.2.82 \_\_dawson\_cont\_frac()

Compute the Dawson integral using a sampling theorem representation.

This array could be built on a thread-local basis.

Definition at line 73 of file sf dawson.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_dawson().

## 9.3.2.83 \_\_dawson\_series()

Compute the Dawson integral using the series expansion.

Definition at line 49 of file sf\_dawson.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_dawson().

## 9.3.2.84 \_\_debye()

Return the Debye function. The Debye functions are related to the incomplete Riemann zeta function:

$$\zeta_x(s) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_0^x \frac{t^{s-1}}{e^t - 1} dt = \sum_{k=1}^\infty \frac{P(s, kx)}{k^s}$$

$$Z_x(s) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_x^{\infty} \frac{t^{s-1}}{e^t - 1} dt = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{Q(s, kx)}{k^s}$$

where P(a,x), Q(a,x) is the incomplete gamma function ratios. The Debye function is:

$$D_n(x) = \frac{n}{x^n} \int_0^x \frac{t^n}{e^t - 1} dt = \Gamma(n+1)\zeta_x(n+1)$$

Note the infinite limit:

$$D_n(\infty) = \int_0^\infty \frac{t^n}{e^t - 1} dt = n! \zeta(n+1)$$

**Todo**: We should return both the Debye function and it's complement.

Compute the Debye function:

$$D_n(x) = 1 - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} e^{-kx} \frac{n}{k} \sum_{m=0}^{n} \frac{n!}{(n-m)!} frac1(kx)^m$$

Abramowitz & Stegun 27.1.2

Compute the Debye function:

$$D_n(x) = 1 - \frac{nx}{2(n+1)} + n \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{B_{2k} x^{2k}}{(2k+n)(2k)!}$$

for  $|x| < 2\pi$ . Abramowitz-Stegun 27.1.1

**Todo** Find Debye for x < -2pi!

Definition at line 916 of file sf\_zeta.tcc.

#### 9.3.2.85 \_\_debye\_region()

Compute the Debye region in the complex plane.

Definition at line 53 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_hankel().

#### **9.3.2.86** \_\_digamma() [1/2]

Return the digamma function of integral argument. The digamma or  $\psi(x)$  function is defined as the logarithmic derivative of the gamma function:

$$\psi(x) = \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)}$$

The digamma series for integral argument is given by:

$$\psi(n) = -\gamma_E + \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} \frac{1}{k}$$

The latter sum is called the harmonic number,  $H_n$ .

Definition at line 3317 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_digamma(), \_\_hyperg\_reflect(), and \_\_polygamma().

**9.3.2.87** \_\_digamma() [2/2]

Return the digamma function. The digamma or  $\psi(x)$  function is defined by

$$\psi(x) = \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)}$$

For negative argument the reflection formula is used:

$$\psi(x) = \psi(1-x) - \pi \cot(\pi x)$$

.

Definition at line 3407 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

9.3.2.88 \_\_digamma\_asymp()

Return the digamma function for large argument. The digamma or  $\psi(x)$  function is defined by

$$\psi(x) = \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)}$$

.

The asymptotic series is given by:

$$\psi(x) = \ln(x) - \frac{1}{2x} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{B_{2n}}{2nx^{2n}}$$

Definition at line 3374 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_digamma().

## 9.3.2.89 \_\_digamma\_series()

Return the digamma function by series expansion. The digamma or  $\psi(x)$  function is defined by

$$\psi(x) = \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)}$$

The series is given by:

$$\psi(x) = -\gamma_E - \frac{1}{x} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{x-1}{(k+1)(x+k)}$$

Definition at line 3342 of file sf gamma.tcc.

9.3.2.90 \_\_dilog()

Compute the dilogarithm function  $Li_2(x)$  by summation for x <= 1.

The dilogarithm function is defined by:

$$Li_2(x) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^s} \text{ for } s > 1$$

For |x| near 1 use the reflection formulae:

$$Li_2(-x) + Li_2(1-x) = \frac{\pi^2}{6} - \ln(x)\ln(1-x)$$
$$Li_2(-x) - Li_2(1-x) - \frac{1}{2}Li_2(1-x^2) = -\frac{\pi^2}{12} - \ln(x)\ln(1-x)$$

For x < -1 use the reflection formula:

$$Li_2(1-x) - Li_2(1-\frac{1}{1-x}) - \frac{1}{2}(\ln(x))^2$$

Definition at line 246 of file sf\_zeta.tcc.

**9.3.2.91** \_\_dirichlet\_beta() [1/2]

Return the Dirichlet beta function. Currently, s must be real (complex type but negligible imaginary part.) Otherwise std::domain\_error is thrown. The Dirichlet beta function, in terms of the polylogarithm, is

$$\beta(s) = \operatorname{Im} Li_s(i)$$

_~	The complex (but on-real-axis) argument.
s	

# Returns

The Dirichlet Beta function of real argument.

## **Exceptions**

std::domain_error if the argument has a significant imaginary page 1	oart.
--	-------

Definition at line 1193 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_polylog().

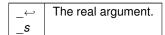
```
9.3.2.92 __dirichlet_beta() [2/2]
```

```
template<typename _Tp > _Tp std::__detail::__dirichlet_beta ( _Tp \_s )
```

Return the Dirichlet beta function for real argument. The Dirichlet beta function, in terms of the polylogarithm, is

$$\beta(s) = \operatorname{Im} Li_s(i)$$

#### **Parameters**



# Returns

The Dirichlet Beta function of real argument.

Definition at line 1218 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_polylog().

# **9.3.2.93** \_\_dirichlet\_eta() [1/2]

Return the Dirichlet eta function. Currently, s must be real (complex type but negligible imaginary part.) Otherwise std::domain\_error is thrown. The Dirichlet eta function, in terms of the polylogarithm, is

$$\eta(s) = -\operatorname{Re} Li_s(-1)$$

## **Parameters**

	The complex (but on-real-axis) argument.
_s	

#### Returns

The complex Dirichlet eta function.

## **Exceptions**

Definition at line 1129 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_polylog().

Referenced by \_\_dirichlet\_eta(), and \_\_dirichlet\_lambda().

**9.3.2.94** \_\_dirichlet\_eta() [2/2]

Return the Dirichlet eta function for real argument. The Dirichlet eta function, in terms of the polylogarithm, is

$$\eta(s) = -\operatorname{Re} Li_s(-1)$$

# **Parameters**

_~	The real argument.
s	

#### Returns

The Dirichlet eta function.

Definition at line 1153 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_dirichlet\_eta(), \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_integer(), \_\_gamma(), \_\_polylog(), and \_\_sin\_pi().

#### 9.3.2.95 \_\_dirichlet\_lambda()

Return the Dirichlet lambda function for real argument.

$$\lambda(s) = \frac{1}{2}(\zeta(s) + \eta(s))$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The real argument.
_s	

# Returns

The Dirichlet lambda function.

Definition at line 1238 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_dirichlet\_eta(), and \_\_riemann\_zeta().

# 9.3.2.96 \_\_double\_factorial()

Return the double factorial of the integer n.

The double factorial is defined for integral n by:

$$n!! = 135...(n-2)n, noddn!! = 246...(n-2)n, neven - 1!! = 10!! = 1$$

The double factorial is defined for odd negative integers in the obvious way:

$$(-2m-1)!! = 1/(1(-1)(-3)...(-2m+1)(-2m-1)) = \frac{(-1)^m}{(2m-1)!!}$$

for f[ n = -2m - 1 f].

Definition at line 1687 of file sf gamma.tcc.

 $References\ std::\_detail::\_Factorial\_table < \_Tp >::\_factorial,\ \_\_log\_double\_factorial(),\ std::\__detail::\_Factorial\_\leftrightarrow table < \_Tp >::\__n,\ \_S\_double\_factorial\_table,\ and\ \_S\_neg\_double\_factorial\_table.$ 

9.3.2.97 \_\_ellint\_1()

Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the first kind  $F(k,\phi)$  using the Carlson formulation.

The incomplete elliptic integral of the first kind is defined as

$$F(k,\phi) = \int_0^\phi \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{1 - k^2 sin^2 \theta}}$$

## **Parameters**

k	The argument of the elliptic function.
phi	The integral limit argument of the elliptic function.

### Returns

The elliptic function of the first kind.

Definition at line 621 of file sf\_ellint.tcc.

References \_\_comp\_ellint\_1(), and \_\_ellint\_rf().

Referenced by heuman lambda().

9.3.2.98 \_\_ellint\_2()

Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind  $E(k,\phi)$  using the Carlson formulation.

The incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind is defined as

$$E(k,\phi) = \int_0^\phi \sqrt{1 - k^2 sin^2 \theta}$$

#### **Parameters**

k	The argument of the elliptic function.
phi	The integral limit argument of the elliptic function.

#### Returns

The elliptic function of the second kind.

Definition at line 702 of file sf ellint.tcc.

References \_\_comp\_ellint\_2(), \_\_ellint\_rd(), and \_\_ellint\_rf().

9.3.2.99 \_\_ellint\_3()

Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind  $\Pi(k,\nu,\phi)$  using the Carlson formulation.

The incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind is defined as

$$\Pi(k,\nu,\phi) = \int_0^\phi \frac{d\theta}{(1-\nu\sin^2\theta)\sqrt{1-k^2\sin^2\theta}}$$

## **Parameters**

k	The argument of the elliptic function.
nu	The second argument of the elliptic function.
Gene <i>lale</i> u I	by The just egral limit argument of the elliptic function.

#### Returns

The elliptic function of the third kind.

Definition at line 795 of file sf\_ellint.tcc.

References \_\_comp\_ellint\_3(), \_\_ellint\_rf(), and \_\_ellint\_rj().

## 9.3.2.100 \_\_ellint\_cel()

Return the Bulirsch complete elliptic integrals.

Definition at line 950 of file sf\_ellint.tcc.

References \_\_ellint\_rf(), and \_\_ellint\_rj().

# 9.3.2.101 \_\_ellint\_d()

Return the Legendre elliptic integral D.

Definition at line 836 of file sf\_ellint.tcc.

References \_\_ellint\_rd().

# 9.3.2.102 \_\_ellint\_el1()

Return the Bulirsch elliptic integrals of the first kind.

Definition at line 878 of file sf\_ellint.tcc.

References \_\_ellint\_rf().

# 9.3.2.103 \_\_ellint\_el2()

Return the Bulirsch elliptic integrals of the second kind.

Definition at line 899 of file sf ellint.tcc.

References \_\_ellint\_rd(), and \_\_ellint\_rf().

## 9.3.2.104 \_\_ellint\_el3()

Return the Bulirsch elliptic integrals of the third kind.

Definition at line 924 of file sf ellint.tcc.

References \_\_ellint\_rf(), and \_\_ellint\_rj().

## 9.3.2.105 \_\_ellint\_rc()

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_C(x,y)=R_F(x,y,y)$  where  $R_F(x,y,z)$  is the Carlson elliptic function of the first kind

The Carlson elliptic function is defined by:

$$R_C(x,y) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \frac{dt}{(t+x)^{1/2}(t+y)}$$

Based on Carlson's algorithms:

- B. C. Carlson Numer. Math. 33, 1 (1979)
- B. C. Carlson, Special Functions of Applied Mathematics (1977)
- Numerical Recipes in C, 2nd ed, pp. 261-269, by Press, Teukolsky, Vetterling, Flannery (1992)

_~	The first argument.
_X	
_~	The second argument.
_y	

#### Returns

The Carlson elliptic function.

Definition at line 84 of file sf\_ellint.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_ellint\_rf(), and \_\_ellint\_rj().

# 9.3.2.106 \_\_ellint\_rd()

Return the Carlson elliptic function of the second kind  $R_D(x,y,z)=R_J(x,y,z,z)$  where  $R_J(x,y,z,p)$  is the Carlson elliptic function of the third kind.

The Carlson elliptic function of the second kind is defined by:

$$R_D(x,y,z) = \frac{3}{2} \int_0^\infty \frac{dt}{(t+x)^{1/2}(t+y)^{1/2}(t+z)^{3/2}}$$

Based on Carlson's algorithms:

- B. C. Carlson Numer. Math. 33, 1 (1979)
- B. C. Carlson, Special Functions of Applied Mathematics (1977)
- Numerical Recipes in C, 2nd ed, pp. 261-269, by Press, Teukolsky, Vetterling, Flannery (1992)

## **Parameters**

_~	The first of two symmetric arguments.
_X	
_~	The second of two symmetric arguments.
_У	
_←	The third argument.
_Z	

#### Returns

The Carlson elliptic function of the second kind.

Definition at line 175 of file sf ellint.tcc.

Referenced by  $\_$ comp $\_$ ellint $\_$ 2(),  $\_$ comp $\_$ ellint $\_$ d(),  $\_$ ellint $\_$ d(),  $\_$ ellint $\_$ ellint $\_$ rg(), and  $\_$  $\hookleftarrow$ ellint $\_$ rj().

## 9.3.2.107 \_\_ellint\_rf()

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_F(x, y, z)$  of the first kind.

The Carlson elliptic function of the first kind is defined by:

$$R_F(x,y,z) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \frac{dt}{(t+x)^{1/2}(t+y)^{1/2}(t+z)^{1/2}}$$

### **Parameters**

_←	The first of three symmetric arguments.
_X	
_~	The second of three symmetric arguments.
_y	
_~	The third of three symmetric arguments.
_ <i>Z</i>	

## Returns

The Carlson elliptic function of the first kind.

Definition at line 294 of file sf\_ellint.tcc.

References \_\_comp\_ellint\_rf(), and \_\_ellint\_rc().

Referenced by \_\_comp\_ellint\_2(), \_\_comp\_ellint\_3(), \_\_ellint\_1(), \_\_ellint\_2(), \_\_ellint\_3(), \_\_ellint\_cel(), \_\_ellint\_el1(), \_\_ellint\_el2(), \_\_ellint\_el3(), and \_\_heuman\_lambda().

# 9.3.2.108 \_\_ellint\_rg()

Return the symmetric Carlson elliptic function of the second kind  $R_G(x, y, z)$ .

The Carlson symmetric elliptic function of the second kind is defined by:

$$R_G(x,y,z) = \frac{1}{4} \int_0^\infty dt t [(t+x)(t+y)(t+z)]^{-1/2} \left(\frac{x}{t+x} + \frac{y}{t+y} + \frac{z}{t+z}\right)$$

Based on Carlson's algorithms:

- B. C. Carlson Numer. Math. 33, 1 (1979)
- B. C. Carlson, Special Functions of Applied Mathematics (1977)
- Numerical Recipes in C, 2nd ed, pp. 261-269, by Press, Teukolsky, Vetterling, Flannery (1992)

#### **Parameters**

_~	The first of three symmetric arguments.
_X	
_~	The second of three symmetric arguments.
_y	
_~	The third of three symmetric arguments.
_z	

## Returns

The Carlson symmetric elliptic function of the second kind.

Definition at line 430 of file sf ellint.tcc.

References \_\_comp\_ellint\_rg(), and \_\_ellint\_rd().

## 9.3.2.109 \_\_ellint\_rj()

$$\_$$
Tp  $\__z$ ,  $\_$ Tp  $\__p$  )

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_J(x,y,z,p)$  of the third kind.

The Carlson elliptic function of the third kind is defined by:

$$R_J(x, y, z, p) = \frac{3}{2} \int_0^\infty \frac{dt}{(t+x)^{1/2}(t+y)^{1/2}(t+z)^{1/2}(t+p)}$$

Based on Carlson's algorithms:

- B. C. Carlson Numer. Math. 33, 1 (1979)
- B. C. Carlson, Special Functions of Applied Mathematics (1977)
- Numerical Recipes in C, 2nd ed, pp. 261-269, by Press, Teukolsky, Vetterling, Flannery (1992)

#### **Parameters**

_~	The first of three symmetric arguments.
_X	
_←	The second of three symmetric arguments.
_y	
_~	The third of three symmetric arguments.
_z	
_~	The fourth argument.
_p	

# Returns

The Carlson elliptic function of the fourth kind.

Definition at line 478 of file sf\_ellint.tcc.

References \_\_ellint\_rc(), and \_\_ellint\_rd().

Referenced by \_\_comp\_ellint\_3(), \_\_ellint\_cel(), \_\_ellint\_el3(), \_\_heuman\_lambda(), and \_\_jacobi\_zeta().

# 9.3.2.110 \_\_ellnome()

Return the elliptic nome given the modulus k.

$$q(k) = \exp\left(-\pi \frac{K(k')}{K(k)}\right)$$

Definition at line 329 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References \_\_ellnome\_k(), and \_\_ellnome\_series().

Referenced by \_\_theta\_c(), \_\_theta\_d(), \_\_theta\_n(), and \_\_theta\_s().

#### 9.3.2.111 \_\_ellnome\_k()

Use the arithmetic-geometric mean to calculate the elliptic nome given the elliptic argument k.

$$q(k) = exp\left(-\pi \frac{K(k')}{K(k)}\right)$$

where  $k' = \sqrt{1 - k^2}$  is the complementary elliptic argument and is the Legendre elliptic integral of the first kind.

Definition at line 312 of file sf theta.tcc.

References comp ellint 1().

Referenced by ellnome().

## 9.3.2.112 \_\_ellnome\_series()

Use MacLaurin series to calculate the elliptic nome given the elliptic argument k.

$$q(k) = exp\left(-\pi \frac{K(k')}{K(k)}\right)$$

where  $k' = \sqrt{1-k^2}$  is the complementary elliptic argument and is the Legendre elliptic integral of the first kind.

Definition at line 291 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_ellnome().

#### **9.3.2.113** \_\_euler() [1/2]

This returns Euler number  $E_n$ .

```
_← the order n of the Euler number.
_n
```

#### Returns

The Euler number of order n.

Definition at line 119 of file sf euler.tcc.

Return the Euler polynomial  $E_n(x)$  of order n at argument x.

The derivative is proportional to the previous polynomial:

$$E_n'(x) = nE_{n-1}(x)$$

$$E_n(1/2)=rac{E_n}{2^n},$$
 where  $E_n$  is the n-th Euler number.

Definition at line 137 of file sf\_euler.tcc.

References \_\_bernoulli().

#### 9.3.2.115 \_\_euler\_series()

Return the Euler number from lookup or by series expansion.

The Euler numbers are given by the recursive sum:

$$E_n = B_n(1) = B_n$$

where 
$$E_0 = 1$$
,  $E_1 = 0$ ,  $E_2 = -1$ 

**Todo** Find a way to predict the maximum Euler number for a type.

Definition at line 61 of file sf\_euler.tcc.

# 9.3.2.116 \_\_eulerian\_1()

Return the Eulerian number of the first kind. The Eulerian numbers of the first kind are defined by recursion:

$$\left\langle {n\atop m}\right\rangle =(n-m)\left\langle {n-1\atop m-1}\right\rangle +(m+1)\left\langle {n-1\atop m}\right\rangle \text{ for }n>0$$

Note that A(n, m) is a common older notation.

Definition at line 207 of file sf\_euler.tcc.

# 9.3.2.117 \_\_eulerian\_1\_recur()

Return the Eulerian number of the first kind. The Eulerian numbers of the first kind are defined by recursion:

$$\left\langle {n\atop m}\right\rangle = (n-m)\left\langle {n-1\atop m-1}\right\rangle + (m+1)\left\langle {n-1\atop m}\right\rangle \text{ for } n>0$$

Note that A(n, m) is a common older notation.

Definition at line 166 of file sf euler.tcc.

# 9.3.2.118 \_\_eulerian\_2()

Return the Eulerian number of the second kind. The Eulerian numbers of the second kind are defined by recursion:

$$A(n,m) = (2n-m-1)A(n-1,m-1) + (m+1)A(n-1,m)$$
 for  $n > 0$ 

Definition at line 254 of file sf\_euler.tcc.

# 9.3.2.119 \_\_eulerian\_2\_recur()

Return the Eulerian number of the second kind by recursion. The recursion is:

$$A(n,m) = (2n-m-1)A(n-1,m-1) + (m+1)A(n-1,m)$$
 for  $n > 0$ 

Definition at line 219 of file sf euler.tcc.

## 9.3.2.120 \_\_exp2()

Make exp2 available to complex and real types.

Definition at line 64 of file sf\_zeta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_riemann\_zeta().

# **9.3.2.121** \_\_expint() [1/2]

Return the exponential integral  $E_n(x)$ .

The exponential integral is given by

$$E_n(x) = \int_1^\infty \frac{e^{-xt}}{t^n} dt$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The order of the exponential integral function.
_n	
_←	The argument of the exponential integral function.
X	

#### Returns

The exponential integral.

**Todo** Study arbitrary switch to large-n  $E_n(x)$ .

**Todo** Find a good asymptotic switch point in  $E_n(x)$ .

Definition at line 476 of file sf\_expint.tcc.

References  $\_$ expint\_E1(),  $\_$ expint\_En\_asymp(),  $\_$ expint\_En\_cont\_frac(),  $\_$ expint\_En\_large\_n(), and  $\_$ expint\_ $\longleftrightarrow$  En\_series().

Referenced by \_\_logint().

**9.3.2.122** \_\_expint() [2/2]

Return the exponential integral Ei(x).

The exponential integral is given by

$$Ei(x) = -\int_{-x}^{\infty} \frac{e^t}{t} dt$$

#### **Parameters**

\_ ← The argument of the exponential integral function.

## Returns

The exponential integral.

Definition at line 517 of file sf\_expint.tcc.

References expint Ei().

# 9.3.2.123 \_\_expint\_E1()

Return the exponential integral  $E_1(x)$ .

The exponential integral is given by

$$E_1(x) = \int_1^\infty \frac{e^{-xt}}{t} dt$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The argument of the exponential integral function.
_X	

#### Returns

The exponential integral.

**Todo** Find a good asymptotic switch point in  $E_1(x)$ .

**Todo** Find a good asymptotic switch point in  $E_1(x)$ .

Definition at line 381 of file sf\_expint.tcc.

References \_\_expint\_E1\_asymp(), \_\_expint\_E1\_series(), \_\_expint\_Ei(), and \_\_expint\_En\_cont\_frac().

Referenced by \_\_coshint(), \_\_expint(), \_\_expint\_Ei(), \_\_expint\_En\_recursion(), and \_\_sinhint().

## 9.3.2.124 \_\_expint\_E1\_asymp()

Return the exponential integral  $E_1(x)$  by asymptotic expansion.

The exponential integral is given by

$$E_1(x) = \int_1^\infty \frac{e^{-xt}}{t} dt$$

_~	The argument of the exponential integral function.
_X	

# Returns

The exponential integral.

Definition at line 114 of file sf\_expint.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_expint\_E1().

# 9.3.2.125 \_\_expint\_E1\_series()

Return the exponential integral  $E_1(x)$  by series summation. This should be good for x < 1.

The exponential integral is given by

$$E_1(x) = \int_1^\infty \frac{e^{-xt}}{t} dt$$

## **Parameters**

\_ ← The argument of the exponential integral function.

# Returns

The exponential integral.

Definition at line 76 of file sf\_expint.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_expint\_E1().

# 9.3.2.126 \_\_expint\_Ei()

Return the exponential integral Ei(x).

The exponential integral is given by

$$Ei(x) = -\int_{-x}^{\infty} \frac{e^t}{t} dt$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The argument of the exponential integral function.
_X	

#### Returns

The exponential integral.

Definition at line 356 of file sf\_expint.tcc.

References \_\_expint\_E1(), \_\_expint\_Ei\_asymp(), and \_\_expint\_Ei\_series().

Referenced by \_\_coshint(), \_\_expint(), \_\_expint\_E1(), and \_\_sinhint().

# 9.3.2.127 \_\_expint\_Ei\_asymp()

Return the exponential integral Ei(x) by asymptotic expansion.

The exponential integral is given by

$$Ei(x) = -\int_{-x}^{\infty} \frac{e^t}{t} dt$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The argument of the exponential integral function.
_X	

## Returns

The exponential integral.

Definition at line 322 of file sf\_expint.tcc.

Referenced by expint Ei().

# 9.3.2.128 \_\_expint\_Ei\_series()

Return the exponential integral Ei(x) by series summation.

The exponential integral is given by

$$Ei(x) = -\int_{-x}^{\infty} \frac{e^t}{t} dt$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The argument of the exponential integral function.
_X	

## Returns

The exponential integral.

Definition at line 289 of file sf\_expint.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_expint\_Ei().

# 9.3.2.129 \_\_expint\_En\_asymp()

Return the exponential integral  $E_n(x)$  for large argument.

The exponential integral is given by

$$E_n(x) = \int_1^\infty \frac{e^{-xt}}{t^n} dt$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The order of the exponential integral function.
_n	
_~	The argument of the exponential integral function.
X	

Returns

The exponential integral.

Definition at line 410 of file sf expint.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_expint().

## 9.3.2.130 \_\_expint\_En\_cont\_frac()

Return the exponential integral  $E_n(x)$  by continued fractions.

The exponential integral is given by

$$E_n(x) = \int_1^\infty \frac{e^{-xt}}{t^n} dt$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The order of the exponential integral function.
_n	
_~	The argument of the exponential integral function.
_X	

#### Returns

The exponential integral.

Definition at line 198 of file sf\_expint.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_expint(), and \_\_expint\_E1().

# 9.3.2.131 \_\_expint\_En\_large\_n()

Return the exponential integral  $E_n(x)$  for large order.

The exponential integral is given by

$$E_n(x) = \int_1^\infty \frac{e^{-xt}}{t^n} dt$$

_~	The order of the exponential integral function.
_n	
_~	The argument of the exponential integral function.
_X	

#### Returns

The exponential integral.

Definition at line 442 of file sf\_expint.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_expint().

## 9.3.2.132 \_\_expint\_En\_recursion()

Return the exponential integral  $E_n(x)$  by recursion. Use upward recursion for x < n and downward recursion (Miller's algorithm) otherwise.

The exponential integral is given by

$$E_n(x) = \int_1^\infty \frac{e^{-xt}}{t^n} dt$$

## **Parameters**

	T
_←	The order of the exponential integral function.
_n	
_←	The argument of the exponential integral function.
_ <i>x</i>	

## Returns

The exponential integral.

**Todo** Find a principled starting number for the  $E_n(x)$  downward recursion.

Definition at line 244 of file sf\_expint.tcc.

References \_\_expint\_E1().

# 9.3.2.133 \_\_expint\_En\_series()

Return the exponential integral  $E_n(x)$  by series summation.

The exponential integral is given by

$$E_n(x) = \int_1^\infty \frac{e^{-xt}}{t^n} dt$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The order of the exponential integral function.
_n	
_~	The argument of the exponential integral function.
_x	

#### Returns

The exponential integral.

Definition at line 150 of file sf\_expint.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_expint().

# 9.3.2.134 \_\_exponential\_p()

Return the exponential cumulative probability density function.

The formula for the exponential cumulative probability density function is

$$F(x|\lambda) = 1 - e^{-\lambda x}$$
 for  $x >= 0$ 

Definition at line 328 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

# 9.3.2.135 \_\_exponential\_pdf()

Return the exponential probability density function.

The formula for the exponential probability density function is

$$f(x|\lambda) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}$$
 for  $x >= 0$ 

Definition at line 308 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

## 9.3.2.136 \_\_exponential\_q()

Return the complement of the exponential cumulative probability density function.

The formula for the complement of the exponential cumulative probability density function is

$$F(x|\lambda) = e^{-\lambda x}$$
 for  $x >= 0$ 

Definition at line 350 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

## 9.3.2.137 \_\_factorial()

```
template<typename _Tp > _GLIBCXX14_CONSTEXPR _Tp std::__detail::__factorial ( unsigned int __n )
```

Return the factorial of the integer n.

The factorial is:

$$n! = 12...(n-1)n, 0! = 1$$

Definition at line 1617 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References std::\_\_detail::\_Factorial\_table< \_Tp >::\_\_n, and \_S\_factorial\_table.

# 9.3.2.138 \_\_falling\_factorial() [1/2]

Return the logarithm of the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol for real argument a and integral order n. The falling factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\underline{n}} = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a-k), (a)_0 = 1 = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-n+1)$$

In particular,  $n^{\underline{n}} = n!$ .

Definition at line 2941 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_integer(), \_\_log\_gamma(), \_\_log\_gamma\_sign(), and std::\_\_detail::\_Factorial\_table < \_\_Tp >::\_\_n.

Referenced by \_\_falling\_factorial(), and \_\_log\_falling\_factorial().

## **9.3.2.139** \_\_falling\_factorial() [2/2]

Return the logarithm of the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol for real argument a and order  $\nu$ . The falling factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\underline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-\nu+1)$$

•

Definition at line 2996 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References \_\_falling\_factorial(), \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_integer(), \_\_log\_gamma(), and \_\_log\_gamma\_sign().

### 9.3.2.140 \_\_fermi\_dirac()

Return the Fermi-Dirac integral of integer or real order s and real argument x.

## See also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clausen\_function http://dlmf.nist.gov/25.12.16

$$F_s(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s+1)} \int_0^\infty \frac{t^s}{e^{t-x}+1} dt = -Li_{s+1}(-e^x)$$

_~	The order $s > -1$ .
_s	
_~	The real argument.
_X	

#### Returns

The real Fermi-Dirac integral  $F_s(x)$ ,

Definition at line 1429 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_polylog\_exp().

## 9.3.2.141 \_\_fisher\_f\_p()

Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model exceeds the value  $\chi^2$ .

The f-distribution propability function is related to the incomplete beta function:

$$Q(F|\nu_1,\nu_2) = I_{\frac{\nu_2}{\nu_2 + \nu_1 F}}(\frac{\nu_2}{2}, \frac{\nu_1}{2})$$

#### **Parameters**

nu1	The number of degrees of freedom of sample 1
nu2	The number of degrees of freedom of sample 2
F	The F statistic

Definition at line 523 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

References \_\_beta\_inc().

# 9.3.2.142 \_\_fisher\_f\_pdf()

Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model exceeds the value  $\chi^2$ .

The f-distribution propability function is related to the incomplete beta function:

$$Q(F|\nu_1,\nu_2) = I_{\frac{\nu_2}{\nu_2 + \nu_1 F}}(\frac{\nu_2}{2}, \frac{\nu_1}{2})$$

#### **Parameters**

nu1	The number of degrees of freedom of sample 1
nu2	The number of degrees of freedom of sample 2
F	The F statistic

Definition at line 493 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

References \_\_beta().

## 9.3.2.143 \_\_fisher\_f\_q()

Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model exceeds the value  $\chi^2$ .

The f-distribution propability function is related to the incomplete beta function:

$$P(F|\nu_1, \nu_2) = 1 - I_{\frac{\nu_2}{\nu_2 + \nu_1 F}}(\frac{\nu_2}{2}, \frac{\nu_1}{2}) = 1 - Q(F|\nu_1, \nu_2)$$

## **Parameters**

F	
nu1	
nu2	

Definition at line 552 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

References beta inc().

#### 9.3.2.144 \_\_fock\_airy()

Compute the Fock-type Airy functions  $w_1(x)$  and  $w_2(x)$  and their first derivatives  $w_1'(x)$  and  $w_2'(x)$  respectively.

$$w_1(x) = \sqrt{\pi}(Ai(x) + iBi(x))$$

$$w_2(x) = \sqrt{\pi}(Ai(x) - iBi(x))$$

**Parameters** 

\_ ← The argument of the Airy functions.

## Returns

A struct containing the Fock-type Airy functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives.

Definition at line 560 of file sf\_mod\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_airy().

## 9.3.2.145 \_\_fresnel()

Return the Fresnel cosine and sine integrals as a complex number f[C(x) + iS(x)].

The Fresnel cosine integral is defined by:

$$C(x) = \int_0^x \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}t^2)dt$$

The Fresnel sine integral is defined by:

$$S(x) = \int_0^x \sin(\frac{\pi}{2}t^2)dt$$

_~	The argument
_x	

Definition at line 170 of file sf\_fresnel.tcc.

References fresnel cont frac(), and fresnel series().

## 9.3.2.146 \_\_fresnel\_cont\_frac()

This function computes the Fresnel cosine and sine integrals by continued fractions for positive argument.

Definition at line 109 of file sf\_fresnel.tcc.

Referenced by fresnel().

# 9.3.2.147 \_\_fresnel\_series()

This function returns the Fresnel cosine and sine integrals as a pair by series expansion for positive argument.

Definition at line 51 of file sf\_fresnel.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_fresnel().

## **9.3.2.148** \_\_gamma() [1/2]

Return the gamma function  $\Gamma(a)$ . The gamma function is defined by:

$$\Gamma(a) = \int_0^\infty e^{-t} t^{a-1} dt (a > 0)$$

.

```
_ ← The argument of the gamma function. _ a
```

#### Returns

The gamma function.

Definition at line 2639 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

```
References \_gnu\_cxx::\_fp\_is\_integer(), \_gamma\_reciprocal\_series(), \_log\_gamma(), \_log\_gamma\_sign(), std <math>\leftarrow ::\_detail::\_Factorial\_table < \_Tp >::\_n, and \_S\_factorial\_table.
```

Referenced by \_\_beta\_gamma(), \_\_binomial(), \_\_dirichlet\_eta(), \_\_gamma\_p(), \_\_gamma\_pdf(), \_\_gamma\_q(),  $\leftarrow$  \_\_gamma\_reciprocal(), \_\_gamma\_reciprocal\_series(), \_\_hurwitz\_zeta\_polylog(), \_\_polylog\_exp\_pos(), \_\_riemann\_ $\leftarrow$  zeta(), \_\_riemann\_zeta\_glob(), \_\_riemann\_zeta\_m\_1(), \_\_riemann\_zeta\_sum(), \_\_student\_t\_pdf(), and std::\_\_detail  $\leftarrow$  ::\_Airy\_series< \_Tp >::\_S\_Scorer2().

#### **9.3.2.149 \_\_gamma()** [2/2]

Return the incomplete gamma functions.

Definition at line 2766 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_integer(), \_\_gamma\_cont\_frac(), and \_\_gamma\_series().

# 9.3.2.150 \_\_gamma\_cont\_frac()

Return the incomplete gamma function by continued fraction.

Definition at line 2721 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

```
References log_gamma(), log_gamma_sign(), and std::_detail::_Factorial_table< _Tp >::_n.
```

Referenced by \_\_gamma\_p(), \_\_gamma\_p(), \_\_gamma\_q(), \_\_tgamma(), and \_\_tgamma\_lower().

**9.3.2.151** \_\_gamma\_p() [1/2]

Return the gamma cumulative propability distribution function.

The formula for the gamma probability density function is:

$$\Gamma(x|\alpha,\beta) = \frac{1}{\beta\Gamma(\alpha)}(x/\beta)^{\alpha-1}e^{-x/\beta}$$

Definition at line 141 of file sf distributions.tcc.

References \_\_gamma(), and \_\_tgamma\_lower().

Referenced by \_\_chi\_squared\_pdf().

**9.3.2.152 \_\_gamma\_p()** [2/2]

Return the regularized lower incomplete gamma function. The regularized lower incomplete gamma function is defined by

$$P(a,x) = \frac{\gamma(a,x)}{\Gamma(a)}$$

where  $\Gamma(\boldsymbol{a})$  is the gamma function and

$$\gamma(a,x) = \int_0^x e^{-t} t^{a-1} dt (a > 0)$$

is the lower incomplete gamma function.

Definition at line 2805 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_fp\_is\_integer(), \_\_gamma\_cont\_frac(), and \_\_gamma\_series().

# 9.3.2.153 \_\_gamma\_pdf()

Return the gamma propability distribution function.

The formula for the gamma probability density function is:

$$\Gamma(x|\alpha,\beta) = \frac{1}{\beta\Gamma(\alpha)}(x/\beta)^{\alpha-1}e^{-x/\beta}$$

Definition at line 121 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

References \_\_gamma().

\_Tp \_\_beta, \_Tp \_\_x )

Return the gamma complementary cumulative propability distribution function.

The formula for the gamma probability density function is:

$$\Gamma(x|\alpha,\beta) = \frac{1}{\beta\Gamma(\alpha)}(x/\beta)^{\alpha-1}e^{-x/\beta}$$

Definition at line 162 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

References gamma(), and tgamma().

Referenced by \_\_chi\_squared\_pdfc().

**9.3.2.155** \_\_gamma\_q() [2/2]

Return the regularized upper incomplete gamma function. The regularized upper incomplete gamma function is defined by

$$Q(a,x) = \frac{\Gamma(a,x)}{\Gamma(a)}$$

where  $\Gamma(a)$  is the gamma function and

$$\Gamma(a,x) = \int_{x}^{\infty} e^{-t} t^{a-1} dt (a > 0)$$

is the upper incomplete gamma function.

Definition at line 2839 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_fp\_is\_integer(), \_\_gamma\_cont\_frac(), and \_\_gamma\_series().

9.3.2.156 \_\_gamma\_reciprocal()

Return the reciprocal of the Gamma function:

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma(a)}$$

# **Parameters**

\_ ← The argument of the reciprocal of the gamma function.

## Returns

The reciprocal of the gamma function.

Definition at line 2269 of file sf gamma.tcc.

References std::\_\_detail::\_Factorial\_table< \_Tp >::\_\_factorial, \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_integer(), \_\_gamma(), \_\_gamma \cup \_ reciprocal\_series(), std::\_\_detail::\_Factorial\_table< \_Tp >::\_\_n, \_\_sin\_pi(), and \_S\_factorial\_table.

Referenced by \_\_polylog\_exp\_asymp().

# 9.3.2.157 \_\_gamma\_reciprocal\_series()

Return the reciprocal of the Gamma function by series. The reciprocal of the Gamma function is given by

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma(a)} = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} c_k a^k$$

where the coefficients are defined by recursion:

$$c_{k+1} = \frac{1}{k} \left[ \gamma_E c_k + (-1)^k \sum_{j=1}^{k-1} (-1)^j \zeta(j+1-k) c_j \right]$$

where  $c_1 = 1$ 

## **Parameters**

_~	The argument of the reciprocal of the gamma function.
а	

## Returns

The reciprocal of the gamma function.

Definition at line 2203 of file sf gamma.tcc.

References \_\_gamma().

Referenced by \_\_gamma(), \_\_gamma\_reciprocal(), and \_\_gamma\_temme().

# 9.3.2.158 \_\_gamma\_series()

Return the incomplete gamma function by series summation.

$$\gamma(a,x) = x^a e^{-z} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^k}{(a)_k}$$

Definition at line 2676 of file sf gamma.tcc.

 $\label{loggamma} References \underline{\_gnu\_cxx::\_fp\_is\_integer(), \underline\_log\_gamma(), \underline\_log\_gamma\_sign(), and std::\_detail::\_Factorial\_table < \underline\_Tp >::\_n.$ 

Referenced by \_\_gamma(), \_\_gamma\_p(), \_\_gamma\_q(), \_\_tgamma(), and \_\_tgamma\_lower().

9.3.2.159 \_\_gamma\_temme()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::__gamma_temme_t<_Tp> std::__detail::__gamma_temme (
    __Tp __mu )
```

Compute the gamma functions required by the Temme series expansions of  $N_{\nu}(x)$  and  $K_{\nu}(x)$ .

$$\Gamma_1 = \frac{1}{2\mu} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} - \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

and

$$\Gamma_2 = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} + \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

where  $-1/2 <= \mu <= 1/2$  is  $\mu = \nu - N$  and N. is the nearest integer to  $\nu$ . The values of  $\Gamma(1+\mu)$  and  $\Gamma(1-\mu)$  are returned as well.

The accuracy requirements on this are exquisite.

#### **Parameters**

	ти	The input parameter of the gamma functions.
--	----	---

## Returns

An output structure containing four gamma functions.

Definition at line 188 of file sf bessel.tcc.

References gamma reciprocal series().

Referenced by \_\_cyl\_bessel\_ik\_steed(), and \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn\_steed().

9.3.2.160 \_\_gauss()

The CDF of the normal distribution. i.e. the integrated lower tail of the normal PDF.

Definition at line 70 of file sf owens t.tcc.

# 9.3.2.161 \_\_gegenbauer\_recur()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::__gegenbauer_t<_Tp> std::__detail::__gegenbauer_recur (
          unsigned int __n,
          __Tp __lambda,
          __Tp __x )
```

Return the Gegenbauer polynomial  $C_n^{(\lambda)}(x)$  of degree n and real order  $\lambda$  and argument x.

The Gegenbauer polynomials are generated by a three-term recursion relation:

$$C_n^{(\lambda)}(x) = \frac{1}{n} \left[ 2x(n+\lambda-1)C_{n-1}^{(\lambda)}(x) - (n+2\lambda-2)C_{n-2}^{(\lambda)}(x) \right]$$

and 
$$C_0^{(\lambda)}(x) = 1$$
,  $C_1^{(\lambda)}(x) = 2\lambda x$ .

# **Template Parameters**

_Tp   The real type of the argun	nent
----------------------------------	------

#### **Parameters**

n	The non-negative integral degree
lambda	The order
X	The real argument

Definition at line 63 of file sf gegenbauer.tcc.

# 9.3.2.162 \_\_gegenbauer\_zeros()

Return a vector containing the zeros of the Gegenbauer or ultraspherical polynomial  $C_n^{(\lambda)}$ .

Definition at line 97 of file sf\_gegenbauer.tcc.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::lgamma().

# 9.3.2.163 \_\_hankel()

## **Parameters**

in	nu	The order for which the Hankel functions are evaluated.	
in	z	The argument at which the Hankel functions are evaluated.	

## Returns

A struct containing the cylindrical Hankel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives.

Definition at line 1080 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

```
References __debye_region(), __hankel_debye(), and __hankel_uniform().
```

```
Referenced by __cyl_bessel(), __cyl_hankel_1(), __cyl_hankel_2(), __cyl_neumann(), and __sph_hankel().
```

## 9.3.2.164 \_\_hankel\_debye()

# **Parameters**

in	nu	The order for which the Hankel functions are evaluated.
in	z	The argument at which the Hankel functions are evaluated.
in	alpha	
in	indexr	
out	aorb	
out	morn	

## Returns

A struct containing the cylindrical Hankel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives.

Definition at line 913 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

References \_\_sin\_pi().

Referenced by \_\_hankel().

# 9.3.2.165 \_\_hankel\_params()

```
template<typename _Tp >
void std::__detail::__hankel_params (
            std::complex< _Tp > __nu,
            std::complex< _Tp > __zhat,
             std::complex< _{Tp} > & _{p},
            std::complex < _Tp > & __p2,
            std::complex< _Tp > & __nup2,
            std::complex< _Tp > & __num2,
            std::complex < _Tp > & __num1d3,
            std::complex < _Tp > & __num2d3,
            std::complex < _Tp > & __num4d3,
            std::complex< _Tp > & __zeta,
            std::complex< _Tp > & __zetaphf,
            std::complex< _Tp > & __zetamhf,
            std::complex< _Tp > & __zetam3hf,
            std::complex< _Tp > & __zetrat )
```

Compute parameters depending on z and nu that appear in the uniform asymptotic expansions of the Hankel functions and their derivatives, except the arguments to the Airy functions.

Definition at line 108 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_hankel\_uniform\_outer().

# 9.3.2.166 \_\_hankel\_uniform()

This routine computes the uniform asymptotic approximations of the Hankel functions and their derivatives including a patch for the case when the order equals or nearly equals the argument. At such points, Olver's expressions have zero denominators (and numerators) resulting in numerical problems. This routine averages results from four surrounding points in the complex plane to obtain the result in such cases.

## **Parameters**

in	nu	The order for which the Hankel functions are evaluated.
in	z	The argument at which the Hankel functions are evaluated.

## Returns

A struct containing the cylindrical Hankel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives.

Definition at line 860 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

```
References hankel uniform olver().
```

Referenced by \_\_hankel().

## 9.3.2.167 \_\_hankel\_uniform\_olver()

Compute approximate values for the Hankel functions of the first and second kinds using Olver's uniform asymptotic expansion to of order nu along with their derivatives.

#### **Parameters**

in	nu	The order for which the Hankel functions are evaluated.
in	z	The argument at which the Hankel functions are evaluated.

## Returns

A struct containing the cylindrical Hankel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives.

Definition at line 777 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

```
References __hankel_uniform_outer(), and __hankel_uniform_sum().
```

Referenced by \_\_hankel\_uniform().

## 9.3.2.168 \_\_hankel\_uniform\_outer()

```
std::complex< _Tp > & __p2,
std::complex< _Tp > & __etm3h,
std::complex< _Tp > & __etrat,
std::complex< _Tp > & __etrat,
std::complex< _Tp > & __o4dp,
std::complex< _Tp > & __o4dp,
std::complex< _Tp > & __o4dm,
std::complex< _Tp > & __o4dm,
std::complex< _Tp > & __od2p,
std::complex< _Tp > & __od2p,
std::complex< _Tp > & __od2dp,
std::complex< _Tp > & __od2m,
std::complex< _Tp > & __od2m,
std::complex< _Tp > & __od2dm)
```

Compute outer factors and associated functions of z and nu appearing in Olver's uniform asymptotic expansions of the Hankel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives. The various functions of z and nu returned by  $hankel\_uniform\_outer$  are available for use in computing further terms in the expansions.

Definition at line 247 of file sf hankel.tcc.

```
References __airy_arg(), and __hankel_params().
```

Referenced by hankel uniform olver().

## 9.3.2.169 hankel\_uniform\_sum()

```
template<typename _{\rm Tp} >
void std::__detail::__hankel_uniform_sum (
             std::complex< _{Tp} > _{p},
             std::complex< _{Tp} > _{p2},
             std::complex< _Tp > __num2,
             std::complex< _Tp > __zetam3hf,
             std::complex< _Tp > _Aip,
             std::complex < _Tp > __o4dp,
             std::complex< _Tp > _Aim,
             std::complex< _Tp > __o4dm,
             std::complex < _Tp > __od2p,
             std::complex< _Tp > __od0dp,
             std::complex < _Tp > __od2m,
             std::complex< _Tp > __od0dm,
             \verb|std::complex< _Tp > & _{\it H1sum,}
             std::complex< _Tp > & _H1psum,
             std::complex< _Tp > & _H2sum,
             std::complex < _Tp > & _H2psum )
```

Compute the sums in appropriate linear combinations appearing in Olver's uniform asymptotic expansions for the Hankel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives, using up to nterms (less than 5) to achieve relative error eps.

# **Parameters**

in	n	
T11	Ρ	

## **Parameters**

in	p2	
in	num2	
in	zetam3hf	
in	_Aip	The Airy function value $Ai()$ .
in	o4dp	
in	_Aim	The Airy function value $Ai()$ .
in	o4dm	
in	od2p	
in	od0dp	
in	od2m	
in	od0dm	
in	eps	The error tolerance
out	_H1sum	The Hankel function of the first kind.
out	_H1psum	The derivative of the Hankel function of the first kind.
out	_H2sum	The Hankel function of the second kind.
out	_H2psum	The derivative of the Hankel function of the second kind.

Definition at line 324 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_hankel\_uniform\_olver().

# 9.3.2.170 \_\_harmonic\_number()

Definition at line 3286 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

 $References\ std::\_detail::\_Factorial\_table < \_Tp > ::\_n, \_S\_harmonic\_denom, \_S\_harmonic\_numer,\ and\ \_S\_num\_{\hookleftarrow}\ harmonic\_numer.$ 

# 9.3.2.171 \_\_hermite()

This routine returns the Hermite polynomial of order n:  $H_n(x)$ .

The Hermite polynomial is defined by:

$$H_n(x) = (-1)^n e^{x^2} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} e^{-x^2}$$

An explicit series formula is:

$$H_n(x) = \sum_{k=0}^m \frac{(-1)^k}{k!(n-2k)!} (2x)^{n-2k} \text{ where } m = \left\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \right\rfloor$$

The Hermite polynomial obeys a reflection formula:

$$H_n(-x) = (-1)^n H_n(x)$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The order of the Hermite polynomial.
_n	
_~	The argument of the Hermite polynomial.
_x	

## Returns

The value of the Hermite polynomial of order n and argument x.

Definition at line 212 of file sf\_hermite.tcc.

References \_\_hermite\_asymp(), and \_\_hermite\_recur().

# 9.3.2.172 hermite\_asymp()

This routine returns the Hermite polynomial of large order n:  $H_n(x)$ . We assume here that  $x \ge 0$ .

The Hermite polynomial is defined by:

$$H_n(x) = (-1)^n e^{x^2} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} e^{-x^2}$$

# See also

"Asymptotic analysis of the Hermite polynomials from their differential-difference equation", Diego Dominici, ar 

Xiv:math/0601078v1 [math.CA] 4 Jan 2006

## **Parameters**

_~	The order of the Hermite polynomial.
_n	
_~	The argument of the Hermite polynomial.
_X	

## Returns

The value of the Hermite polynomial of order n and argument x.

Definition at line 143 of file sf\_hermite.tcc.

References \_\_airy().

Referenced by \_\_hermite().

# 9.3.2.173 \_\_hermite\_recur()

This routine returns the Hermite polynomial of order n:  $H_n(x)$  by recursion on n.

The Hermite polynomial is defined by:

$$H_n(x) = (-1)^n e^{x^2} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} e^{-x^2}$$

The Hermite polynomial has first and second derivatives:

$$H_n'(x) = 2nH_{n-1}(x)$$

and

$$H_n''(x) = 4n(n-1)H_{n-2}(x)$$

The Physicists Hermite polynomials have highest-order coefficient  $2^n$  and are orthogonal with respect to the weight function

$$w(x) = e^{x^2}$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The order of the Hermite polynomial.
_n	
_←	The argument of the Hermite polynomial.
_X	

Returns

The value of the Hermite polynomial of order n and argument x.

Todo Find the sign of Hermite blowup values.

Definition at line 86 of file sf hermite.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_hermite().

# 9.3.2.174 \_\_hermite\_zeros()

Build a vector of the Gauss-Hermite integration rule abscissae and weights.

Definition at line 289 of file sf\_hermite.tcc.

# 9.3.2.175 \_\_heuman\_lambda()

Return the Heuman lambda function.

Definition at line 1008 of file sf\_ellint.tcc.

References \_\_comp\_ellint\_1(), \_\_ellint\_rf(), \_\_ellint\_rf(), and \_\_jacobi\_zeta().

## 9.3.2.176 \_\_hurwitz\_zeta()

Return the Hurwitz zeta function  $\zeta(s,a)$  for all s != 1 and a > -1.

The Hurwitz zeta function is defined by:

$$\zeta(s,a) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n+a)^s}$$

The Riemann zeta function is a special case:

$$\zeta(s) = \zeta(s, 1)$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The argument $s! = 1$
_s	
_~	The scale parameter $a>-1$
_a	

Definition at line 871 of file sf\_zeta.tcc.

References \_\_hurwitz\_zeta\_euler\_maclaurin(), and \_\_riemann\_zeta().

Referenced by \_\_digamma(), and \_\_polygamma().

# 9.3.2.177 \_\_hurwitz\_zeta\_euler\_maclaurin()

Return the Hurwitz zeta function  $\zeta(s,a)$  for all s != 1 and a > -1.

## See also

An efficient algorithm for accelerating the convergence of oscillatory series, useful for computing the polylogarithm and Hurwitz zeta functions, Linas Vep"0160tas

# Parameters

_~	The argument $s! = 1$
_s	
_~	The scale parameter $a>-1$
_a	

Definition at line 823 of file sf\_zeta.tcc.

References \_S\_Euler\_Maclaurin\_zeta.

Referenced by \_\_hurwitz\_zeta().

## 9.3.2.178 \_\_hurwitz\_zeta\_polylog()

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<_Tp> std::__detail::__hurwitz_zeta_polylog (
```

\_Tp 
$$\__s$$
, std::complex< \_Tp >  $\__a$  )

Return the Hurwitz Zeta function for real s and complex a. This uses Jonquiere's identity:

$$\frac{(i2\pi)^s}{\Gamma(s)}\zeta(a, 1-s) = Li_s(e^{i2\pi a}) + (-1)^s Li_s(e^{-i2\pi a})$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The real argument
_s	
_~	The complex parameter
_a	

Todo This hurwitz zeta polylog prefactor is prone to overflow. positive integer orders s?

Definition at line 1087 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_gamma(), and \_\_polylog\_exp().

# 9.3.2.179 \_\_hydrogen()

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<_Tp> std::__detail::__hydrogen (
    unsigned int __n,
    unsigned int __1,
    unsigned int __m,
    _Tp __Z,
    _Tp __r,
    _Tp __theta,
    _Tp __phi )
```

Return the bound-state Coulomb wave-function.

Definition at line 248 of file sf\_coulomb.tcc.

References \_\_assoc\_laguerre(), \_\_log\_gamma(), and \_\_sph\_legendre().

# 9.3.2.180 \_hyperg()

Return the hypergeometric function  ${}_{2}F_{1}(a,b;c;x)$ .

The hypergeometric function is defined by

$$_{2}F_{1}(a,b;c;x) = \frac{\Gamma(c)}{\Gamma(a)\Gamma(b)} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\Gamma(a+n)\Gamma(b+n)}{\Gamma(c+n)} \frac{x^{n}}{n!}$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The first <i>numerator</i> parameter.
_a	
_←	The second <i>numerator</i> parameter.
_b	
_~	The denominator parameter.
_c	
_~	The argument of the confluent hypergeometric function.
_X	

# Returns

The confluent hypergeometric function.

Definition at line 927 of file sf\_hyperg.tcc.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_integer(), \_\_hyperg\_luke(), \_\_hyperg\_reflect(), \_\_hyperg\_series(), \_\_log\_gamma(), and \_\_log\_gamma\_sign().

# 9.3.2.181 \_\_hyperg\_luke()

Return the hypergeometric function  ${}_2F_1(a,b;c;x)$  by an iterative procedure described in Luke, Algorithms for the Computation of Mathematical Functions.

Definition at line 501 of file sf\_hyperg.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_hyperg().

# 9.3.2.182 \_\_hyperg\_recur()

Return the hypergeometric polynomial  ${}_2F_1(-m,b;c;x)$  by Holm recursion.

The hypergeometric function is defined by

$$_{2}F_{1}(-m,b;c;x) = \frac{\Gamma(c)}{\Gamma(a)\Gamma(b)} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\Gamma(n-m)\Gamma(b+n)}{\Gamma(c+n)} \frac{x^{n}}{n!}$$

# **Parameters**

_~	The first <i>numerator</i> parameter.
_m	
_~	The second <i>numerator</i> parameter.
_b	
_~	The denominator parameter.
_c	
_~	The argument of the confluent hypergeometric function.
_x	

## Returns

The confluent hypergeometric function.

: go recur!

Definition at line 478 of file sf\_hyperg.tcc.

# 9.3.2.183 \_\_hyperg\_reflect()

Return the hypergeometric function  ${}_2F_1(a,b;c;x)$  by the reflection formulae in Abramowitz & Stegun formula 15.3.6 for d = c - a - b not integral and formula 15.3.11 for d = c - a - b integral. This assumes a, b, c != negative integer.

The hypergeometric function is defined by

$$_{2}F_{1}(a,b;c;x) = \frac{\Gamma(c)}{\Gamma(a)\Gamma(b)} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\Gamma(a+n)\Gamma(b+n)}{\Gamma(c+n)} \frac{x^{n}}{n!}$$

The reflection formula for nonintegral d=c-a-b is:

$${}_{2}F_{1}(a,b;c;x) = \frac{\Gamma(c)\Gamma(d)}{\Gamma(c-a)\Gamma(c-b)} {}_{2}F_{1}(a,b;1-d;1-x) + \frac{\Gamma(c)\Gamma(-d)}{\Gamma(a)\Gamma(b)} {}_{2}F_{1}(c-a,c-b;1+d;1-x)$$

The reflection formula for integral m=c-a-b is:

$${}_{2}F_{1}(a,b;a+b+m;x) = \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(a+b+m)}{\Gamma(a+m)\Gamma(b+m)} \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(m+a)_{k}(m+b)_{k}}{k!(1-m)_{k}} (1-x)^{k} + (-1)^{m}$$

Definition at line 637 of file sf hyperg.tcc.

References  $\_$ digamma(),  $\_$ gnu $\_$ cxx:: $\_$ fp $\_$ is $\_$ integer(),  $\_$ hyperg $\_$ series(),  $\_$ log $\_$ gamma(), and  $\_$ log $\_$ gamma $\_$  $\leftrightarrow$ sign().

Referenced by hyperg().

## 9.3.2.184 \_\_hyperg\_series()

Return the hypergeometric function  ${}_2F_1(a,b;c;x)$  by series expansion.

The hypergeometric function is defined by

$$_{2}F_{1}(a,b;c;x) = \frac{\Gamma(c)}{\Gamma(a)\Gamma(b)} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\Gamma(a+n)\Gamma(b+n)}{\Gamma(c+n)} \frac{x^{n}}{n!}$$

This works and it's pretty fast.

## **Parameters**

_	_←	The first <i>numerator</i> parameter.	
_	_a		
Ge	_← nerate _D	The second <i>numerator</i> parameter. d by Doxygen	
	_←	The denominator parameter.	
	_c		
	_←	The argument of the confluent hypergeometric function.	

## Returns

The confluent hypergeometric function.

Definition at line 430 of file sf\_hyperg.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_hyperg(), and \_\_hyperg\_reflect().

```
9.3.2.185 __ibeta_cont_frac()
```

Return the regularized incomplete beta function,  $I_x(a,b)$ , of arguments a, b, and x.

## **Parameters**

_~	The first parameter
_a	
_←	The second parameter
_b	
_~	The argument
_x	

Definition at line 239 of file sf\_beta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_beta\_inc().

```
9.3.2.186 __jacobi_ellint()
```

Return a structure containing the three primary Jacobi elliptic functions: sn(k, u), cn(k, u), dn(k, u).

#### **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic modulus $ k  < 1$ .
_k	
_←	The argument.
_u	

#### Returns

An object containing the three principal Jacobi elliptic functions, sn(k,u), cn(k,u), dn(k,u) and the means to compute the remaining nine as well as the amplitude.

Definition at line 1648 of file sf theta.tcc.

# 9.3.2.187 \_\_jacobi\_recur()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_t<_Tp> std::__detail::__jacobi_recur (
         unsigned int __n,
         __Tp __alphal,
         __Tp __betal,
         __Tp __x )
```

Compute the Jacobi polynomial by recursion on n:

$$2n(\alpha+\beta+n)(\alpha+\beta+2n-2)P_n^{(\alpha,\beta)}(x) = (\alpha+\beta+2n-1)((\alpha^2-\beta^2)+x(\alpha+\beta+2n-2)(\alpha+\beta+2n))P_{n-1}^{(\alpha,\beta)}(x) - 2(\alpha+n-1)(\beta+n-1)(\alpha+\beta+2n-2)P_n^{(\alpha,\beta)}(x) = (\alpha+\beta+2n-1)((\alpha^2-\beta^2)+x(\alpha+\beta+2n-2)(\alpha+\beta+2n))P_{n-1}^{(\alpha,\beta)}(x) - 2(\alpha+n-1)(\beta+n-1)(\alpha+\beta+2n-2)(\alpha+2n-2)(\alpha+$$

# **Template Parameters**

Τp	The real type of the radial coordinate
$_{1}$	The real type of the radial coordinate

# **Parameters**

in	n	The order of the Jacobi polynomial
in	alpha1	The first parameter of the Jacobi polynomial
in	beta1	The second parameter of the Jacobi polynomial
in	X	The optional scaling of the coordinate; default 1.

Definition at line 66 of file sf\_jacobi.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_radial\_jacobi().

 $std::complex < _Tp > __x )$ 

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_1$  function by summation of the series.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta function is defined by

$$\theta_1(q,x) = 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{(n+\frac{1}{2})^2} \sin(2n+1)x$$

Regarding the nome and the theta function as functions of the lattice parameter  $\tau - ilog(q)/\pi$  or  $q = e^{i\pi\tau}$  the lattice parameter is transformed to maximize its imaginary part:

$$\theta_1(\tau+1,x) = -ie^{i\pi/4}\theta_1(\tau,x)$$

and

$$\sqrt{-i\tau}\theta_1(\tau, x) = e^{(i\tau x^2/\pi)}\theta_1(\tau', \tau' x)$$

where the new lattice parameter is  $\tau' = -1/\tau$ .

The argument is reduced with

$$\theta_1(q, x + (m + n\tau)\pi) = (-1)^{m+n} q^{-n^2} e^{-2inx} \theta_1(q, x)$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_~	The argument.
_X	

Definition at line 979 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References \_\_jacobi\_theta\_1\_prod(), \_\_jacobi\_theta\_1\_sum(), \_\_polar\_pi(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp\_  $\hookrightarrow$  Omega1, \_Tp\_Omega3  $\gt$ ::\_\_reduce(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp\_Omega1, \_Tp\_Omega3  $\gt$ ::\_\_tau(), and std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp\_Omega1, \_Tp\_Omega3  $\gt$ ::\_\_S\_pi.

Referenced by \_\_jacobi\_theta\_1().

9.3.2.189 \_\_jacobi\_theta\_1() [2/2]

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_1$  function for real nome and argument.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta function is defined by

$$\theta_1(q,x) = 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{(n+\frac{1}{2})^2} \sin(2n+1)x$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_~	The argument.
_X	

Definition at line 1047 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References \_\_jacobi\_theta\_1().

```
9.3.2.190 __jacobi_theta_1_prod()
```

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_1$  function by accumulation of the product.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta-1 function is defined by

$$\theta_1(q,x) = 2q^{1/4}\sin(x)\prod_{n=1}^{\infty}(1-q^{2n})(1-2q^{2n}\cos(2x)+q^{4n})$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_~	The argument.
_x	

Definition at line 922 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_jacobi\_theta\_1().

# 9.3.2.191 \_\_jacobi\_theta\_1\_sum()

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_1$  function by summation of the series.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta-1 function is defined by

$$\theta_1(q,x) = 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{(n+\frac{1}{2})^2} \sin(2n+1)x$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_~	The argument.
_x	

Definition at line 887 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_jacobi\_theta\_1().

```
9.3.2.192 __jacobi_theta_2() [1/2]
```

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_2$  function by summation of the series.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta function is defined by

$$\theta_2(q,x) = 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} q^{(n+\frac{1}{2})^2} \cos(2n+1)x$$

Regarding the nome and the theta function as functions of the lattice parameter  $\tau - ilog(q)/\pi$  or  $q = e^{i\pi\tau}$  the lattice parameter is transformed to maximize its imaginary part:

$$\theta_2(\tau+1,x) = e^{i\pi/4}\theta_2(\tau,x)$$

and

$$\sqrt{-i\tau}\theta_2(\tau, x) = e^{(i\tau x^2/\pi)}\theta_4(\tau', \tau' x)$$

where the new lattice parameter is  $\tau' = -1/\tau$ .

The argument is reduced with

$$\theta_2(q, x + (m+n\tau)\pi) = (-1)^m q^{-n^2} e^{-2inx} \theta_2(q, x)$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_~	The argument.
_X	

Definition at line 1175 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_\_jacobi\_theta\_2().

**9.3.2.193** \_\_jacobi\_theta\_2() [2/2]

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_2$  function for real nome and argument.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta function is defined by

$$\theta_2(q,x) = 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} q^{(n+\frac{1}{2})^2} \cos(2n+1)x$$

# **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_~	The argument.
_X	

Definition at line 1248 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References \_\_jacobi\_theta\_2().

# 9.3.2.194 \_\_jacobi\_theta\_2\_prod()

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_2$  function by accumulation of the product.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta-2 function is defined by

$$\theta_2(q,x) = 2q^{1/4}\sin(x)\prod_{n=1}^{\infty}(1-q^{2n})(1+2q^{2n}\cos(2x)+q^{4n})$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_~	The argument.
_x	

Definition at line 1108 of file sf theta.tcc.

References \_\_jacobi\_theta\_4\_prod(), and \_\_jacobi\_theta\_4\_sum().

Referenced by \_\_jacobi\_theta\_2().

# 9.3.2.195 \_\_jacobi\_theta\_2\_sum()

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_2$  function by summation of the series.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta-2 function is defined by

$$\theta_2(q,x) = 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} q^{(n+\frac{1}{2})^2} \cos(2n+1)x$$

# **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_←	The argument.
_X	

Definition at line 1076 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_jacobi\_theta\_2(), and \_\_jacobi\_theta\_4().

 $std::complex < _Tp > __x )$ 

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_3$  function by summation of the series.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta function is defined by

$$\theta_3(q, x) = 1 + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} q^{n^2} \cos 2nx$$

Regarding the nome and the theta function as functions of the lattice parameter  $\tau - ilog(q)/\pi$  or  $q = e^{i\pi\tau}$  the lattice parameter is transformed to maximize its imaginary part:

$$\theta_3(\tau+1,x) = \theta_3(\tau,x)$$

and

$$\sqrt{-i\tau}\theta_3(\tau,x) = e^{(i\tau x^2/\pi)}\theta_3(\tau',\tau'x)$$

where the new lattice parameter is  $\tau' = -1/\tau$ .

The argument is reduced with

$$\theta_3(q, x + (m + n\tau)\pi) = q^{-n^2}e^{-2inx}\theta_3(q, x)$$

# **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_~	The argument.
_X	

Definition at line 1364 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

 $References \_\_jacobi\_theta\_3\_prod(), \_\_jacobi\_theta\_3\_sum(), std::\__detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp\_Omega1, \_Tp$ $$\_Omega3>::\__reduce(), std::\__detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp\_Omega3>::\__tau(), std::\__detail::\_\_detail::\__detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp_Omega3>::_tau(), std::__detail::__detail::__jacobi\_theta\_0\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3>::th3.$ 

Referenced by \_\_jacobi\_theta\_3().

**9.3.2.197** \_\_jacobi\_theta\_3() [2/2]

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_3$  function for real nome and argument.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta function is defined by

$$\theta_3(q, x) = 1 + 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} q^{n^2} \cos 2nx$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_~	The argument.
_x	

Definition at line 1432 of file sf theta.tcc.

References \_\_jacobi\_theta\_3().

9.3.2.198 \_\_jacobi\_theta\_3\_prod()

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_3$  function by accumulation of the product.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta-3 function is defined by

$$\theta_3(q,x) = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 - q^{2n})(1 + 2q^{2n-1}\cos(2x) + q^{4n-2})$$

# **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_~	The argument.
X	

Definition at line 1308 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_jacobi\_theta\_3().

```
9.3.2.199 __jacobi_theta_3_sum()
```

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_3$  function by summation of the series.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta-3 function is defined by

$$\theta_3(q, x) = 1 + 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} q^{n^2} \cos 2nx$$

# **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_~	The argument.
_X	

Definition at line 1276 of file sf theta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_jacobi\_theta\_3().

```
9.3.2.200 __jacobi_theta_4() [1/2]
```

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_4$  function by summation of the series.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta-4 function is defined by

$$\theta_4(q,x) = 1 + 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{n^2} \cos 2nx$$

Regarding the nome and the theta function as functions of the lattice parameter  $\tau - ilog(q)/\pi$  or  $q = e^{i\pi\tau}$  the lattice parameter is transformed to maximize its imaginary part:

$$\theta_4(\tau+1,x) = \theta_4(\tau,x)$$

and

$$\sqrt{-i\tau}\theta_4(\tau, x) = e^{(i\tau x^2/\pi)}\theta_2(\tau', \tau' x)$$

where the new lattice parameter is  $\tau' = -1/\tau$ .

The argument is reduced with

$$\theta_4(q, z + (m + n\tau)\pi) = (-1)^n q^{-n^2} e^{-2inz} \theta_4(q, z)$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_~	The argument.
_x	

Definition at line 1550 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References \_\_jacobi\_theta\_2\_sum(), \_\_jacobi\_theta\_4\_prod(), \_\_jacobi\_theta\_4\_sum(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_ $\leftarrow$  lattice\_t< \_Tp\_Omega1, \_Tp\_Omega3 >::\_\_reduce(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp\_Omega1, \_Tp\_Omega3 >::\_\_tau(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp\_Omega1, \_Tp\_Omega3 >::\_S\_pi, and std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_ $\leftarrow$  theta\_0\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::th4.

Referenced by \_\_jacobi\_theta\_4().

9.3.2.201 \_\_jacobi\_theta\_4() [2/2]

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_4$  function for real nome and argument.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta function is defined by

$$\theta_4(q,x) = 1 + 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{n^2} \cos 2nx$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_	The argument.
_X	

Definition at line 1621 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References \_\_jacobi\_theta\_4().

# 9.3.2.202 \_\_jacobi\_theta\_4\_prod()

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_4$  function by accumulation of the product.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta-4 function is defined by

$$\theta_4(q,x) = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 - q^{2n})(1 - 2q^{2n-1}\cos(2x) + q^{4n-2})$$

# **Parameters**

_←	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_~	The argument.
_x	

Definition at line 1494 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_jacobi\_theta\_2\_prod(), and \_\_jacobi\_theta\_4().

# 9.3.2.203 \_\_jacobi\_theta\_4\_sum()

Return the Jacobi  $\theta_4$  function by summation of the series.

The Jacobi or elliptic theta function is defined by

$$\theta_4(q,x) = 1 + 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{n^2} \cos 2nx$$

## **Parameters**

_~	The elliptic nome, $ q  < 1$ .
_q	
_~	The argument.
_X	

Definition at line 1460 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_jacobi\_theta\_2(), \_\_jacobi\_theta\_2\_prod(), and \_\_jacobi\_theta\_4().

```
9.3.2.204 __jacobi_zeros()
```

Return a vector containing the zeros of the Jacobi polynomial  $P_n^{(\alpha,\beta)}(x).$ 

# **Template Parameters**

	Тр	The real type of the radial coordinate
--	----	--

# **Parameters**

in	n	The order of the Jacobi polynomial
in	alpha1	The first parameter of the Jacobi polynomial
in	beta1	The second parameter of the Jacobi polynomial

Definition at line 139 of file sf\_jacobi.tcc.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::lgamma().

Referenced by \_\_radial\_jacobi\_zeros().

```
9.3.2.205 __jacobi_zeta()
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp std::__detail::__jacobi_zeta (
```

Return the Jacobi zeta function.

Definition at line 971 of file sf ellint.tcc.

References comp ellint 1(), and ellint rj().

Referenced by \_\_heuman\_lambda().

## 9.3.2.206 kolmogorov\_p()

$$P(K \le x) = 1 - e^{-2x^2} + e^{-2\cdot 4x^2} + e^{-2\cdot 9x^2} - e^{-2\cdot 16x^2} + \dots$$

Definition at line 723 of file sf distributions.tcc.

## **9.3.2.207** \_\_laguerre() [1/2]

This routine returns the associated Laguerre polynomial of degree n, order  $\alpha$ :  $L_n^{(\alpha)}(x)$ .

The associated Laguerre function is defined by

$$L_n^{(\alpha)}(x) = \frac{(\alpha+1)_n}{n!} {}_1F_1(-n;\alpha+1;x)$$

where  $(\alpha)_n$  is the Pochhammer symbol and  ${}_1F_1(a;c;x)$  is the confluent hypergeometric function.

The associated Laguerre polynomial is defined for integral order  $\alpha=m$  by:

$$L_n^{(m)}(x) = (-1)^m \frac{d^m}{dx^m} L_{n+m}(x)$$

where the Laguerre polynomial is defined by:

$$L_n(x) = \frac{e^x}{n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (x^n e^{-x})$$

# **Template Parameters**

_Тра	The type of the degree.
_Тр	The type of the parameter.

# **Parameters**

n	The degree of the Laguerre function.
alpha1	The order of the Laguerre function.
X	The argument of the Laguerre function.

## Returns

The value of the Laguerre function of degree n, order  $\alpha$ , and argument x.

Definition at line 316 of file sf\_laguerre.tcc.

References \_\_laguerre\_hyperg(), \_\_laguerre\_large\_n(), and \_\_laguerre\_recur().

```
9.3.2.208 __laguerre() [2/2]
```

This routine returns the Laguerre polynomial of degree n:  $L_n(x)$ .

The Laguerre polynomial is defined by:

$$L_n(x) = \frac{e^x}{n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (x^n e^{-x})$$

# Parameters

_~	The degree of the Laguerre polynomial.
_n	
_~	The argument of the Laguerre polynomial.
_X	

# Returns

The value of the Laguerre polynomial of order n and argument x.

Definition at line 386 of file sf\_laguerre.tcc.

# 9.3.2.209 \_\_laguerre\_hyperg()

Evaluate the polynomial based on the confluent hypergeometric function in a safe way, with no restriction on the arguments.

The associated Laguerre function is defined by

$$L_n^{(\alpha)}(x) = \frac{(\alpha+1)_n}{n!} {}_1F_1(-n;\alpha+1;x)$$

where  $(\alpha)_n$  is the Pochhammer symbol and  ${}_1F_1(a;c;x)$  is the confluent hypergeometric function.

This function assumes x = 0.

This is from the GNU Scientific Library.

# **Template Parameters**

_Тра	The type of the degree.
_Тр	The type of the parameter.

## **Parameters**

n	The degree of the Laguerre function.
alpha1	The order of the Laguerre function.
X	The argument of the Laguerre function.

# Returns

The value of the Laguerre function of degree n, order  $\alpha$ , and argument x.

Definition at line 131 of file sf laguerre.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_laguerre().

# 9.3.2.210 \_\_laguerre\_large\_n()

This routine returns the associated Laguerre polynomial of degree n, order  $\alpha > -1$  for large n. Abramowitz & Stegun, 13.5.21.

# **Template Parameters**

_Тра	The type of the degree.
_Тр	The type of the parameter.

## **Parameters**

n	The degree of the Laguerre function.
alpha1	The order of the Laguerre function.
x	The argument of the Laguerre function.

## Returns

The value of the Laguerre function of degree n, order  $\alpha$ , and argument x.

This is from the GNU Scientific Library.

Definition at line 75 of file sf laguerre.tcc.

References \_\_log\_gamma(), and \_\_sin\_pi().

Referenced by \_\_laguerre().

# 9.3.2.211 \_\_laguerre\_recur()

This routine returns the associated Laguerre polynomial of degree n, order  $\alpha$ :  $L_n^{(\alpha)}(x)$  by recursion.

The associated Laguerre function is defined by

$$L_n^{(\alpha)}(x) = \frac{(\alpha+1)_n}{n!} {}_1F_1(-n;\alpha+1;x)$$

where  $(\alpha)_n$  is the Pochhammer symbol and  ${}_1F_1(a;c;x)$  is the confluent hypergeometric function.

The associated Laguerre polynomial is defined for integral order  $\alpha=m$  by:

$$L_n^{(m)}(x) = (-1)^m \frac{d^m}{dx^m} L_{n+m}(x)$$

where the Laguerre polynomial is defined by:

$$L_n(x) = \frac{e^x}{n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (x^n e^{-x})$$

## **Template Parameters**

_Тра	The type of the degree.	
_Тр	The type of the parameter.	

### **Parameters**

n	The degree of the Laguerre function.	
alpha1	The order of the Laguerre function.	
X	The argument of the Laguerre function.	

### Returns

The value of the Laguerre function of order n, degree  $\alpha$ , and argument x.

Definition at line 189 of file sf\_laguerre.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_laguerre().

## 9.3.2.212 \_\_laguerre\_zeros()

Return an array of abscissae and weights for the Gauss-Laguerre rule.

Definition at line 225 of file sf\_laguerre.tcc.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::lgamma().

## 9.3.2.213 \_\_lanczos\_binet1p()

Return the Binet function J(1+z) by the Lanczos method. The Binet function is the log of the scaled Gamma function  $log(\Gamma^*(z))$  defined by

$$J(z) = \log(\Gamma^*(z)) = \log\left(\Gamma(z)\right) + z - \left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right)\log(z) - \log(2\pi)$$

or

$$\Gamma(z) = \sqrt{2\pi} z^{z - \frac{1}{2}} e^{-z} e^{J(z)}$$

where  $\Gamma(z)$  is the gamma function.

### **Parameters**

```
_ ← The argument of the log of the gamma function.
```

## Returns

The logarithm of the gamma function.

Definition at line 2125 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References std::\_\_detail::\_Factorial\_table< \_Tp >::\_\_n.

Referenced by \_\_lanczos\_log\_gamma1p().

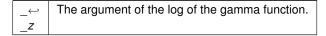
### 9.3.2.214 | lanczos log gamma1p()

Return the logarithm of the gamma function  $log(\Gamma(1+z))$  by the Lanczos method.

If the argument is real, the log of the absolute value of the Gamma function is returned. The sign to be applied to the exponential of this log Gamma can be recovered with a call to <u>log\_gamma\_sign</u>.

For complex argument the fully complex log of the gamma function is returned.

## **Parameters**



### Returns

The logarithm of the gamma function.

Definition at line 2159 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References \_\_lanczos\_binet1p(), and \_\_sin\_pi().

# 9.3.2.215 \_\_legendre\_p()

Return the Legendre polynomial by upward recursion on degree l.

The Legendre function of degree l and argument x,  $P_l(x)$ , is defined by:

$$P_l(x) = \frac{1}{2^l l!} \frac{d^l}{dx^l} (x^2 - 1)^l$$

This can be expressed as a series:

$$P_l(x) = \frac{1}{2^l l!} \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor l/2 \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^k (2l-2k)!}{k!(l-k)!(l-2k)!} x^{l-2k}$$

### **Parameters**

_~	The degree of the Legendre polynomial. $l>=0$ .
_/	
_~	The argument of the Legendre polynomial.
_X	

Definition at line 82 of file sf legendre.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_assoc\_legendre\_p(), and \_\_sph\_legendre().

## 9.3.2.216 \_\_legendre\_q()

Return the Legendre function of the second kind by upward recursion on degree l.

The Legendre function of the second kind of degree l and argument x,  $Q_l(x)$ , is defined by:

$$Q_{l}(x) = \frac{1}{2^{l} l!} \frac{d^{l}}{dx^{l}} (x^{2} - 1)^{l}$$

### **Parameters**

_~	The degree of the Legendre function. $l>=0$ .
_1	
_~	The argument of the Legendre function. $ x  <= 1$ .
_X	

Definition at line 141 of file sf\_legendre.tcc.

## 9.3.2.217 \_\_legendre\_zeros()

Build a list of zeros and weights for the Gauss-Legendre integration rule for the Legendre polynomial of degree 1.

Definition at line 390 of file sf\_legendre.tcc.

```
9.3.2.218 __log_binomial() [1/2]
template<typename _Tp >
```

Return the logarithm of the binomial coefficient. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} t^k$$

### **Parameters**

_~	The first argument of the binomial coefficient.
_n	
_~	The second argument of the binomial coefficient.
_k	

#### Returns

The logarithm of the binomial coefficient.

Definition at line 2434 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References \_\_log\_gamma(), and std::\_\_detail::\_Factorial\_table< \_Tp >::\_\_n.

Referenced by \_\_binomial().

```
9.3.2.219 __log_binomial() [2/2]
```

Return the logarithm of the binomial coefficient for non-integral degree. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{\nu}{k} = \frac{\Gamma(\nu+1)}{\Gamma(\nu-k+1)\Gamma(k+1)}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^{\nu} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} {\nu \choose k} t^k$$

## **Parameters**

nu	The first argument of the binomial coefficient.
k	The second argument of the binomial coefficient.

# Returns

The logarithm of the binomial coefficient.

Definition at line 2471 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References \_\_log\_gamma(), and std::\_\_detail::\_Factorial\_table < \_Tp >::\_\_n.

```
9.3.2.220 __log_binomial_sign() [1/2]
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp std::__detail::__log_binomial_sign (
```

```
_{\text{Tp}} _{\text{nu}}, unsigned int _{\text{m}}k)
```

Return the sign of the exponentiated logarithm of the binomial coefficient for non-integral degree. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{\nu}{k} = \frac{\Gamma(\nu+1)}{\Gamma(\nu-k+1)\Gamma(k+1)}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^{\nu} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} {\nu \choose k} t^k$$

#### **Parameters**

nu	The first argument of the binomial coefficient.
k	The second argument of the binomial coefficient.

### Returns

The sign of the gamma function.

Definition at line 2502 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References log gamma sign(), and std:: detail:: Factorial table < Tp >:: n.

Referenced by \_\_binomial().

# **9.3.2.221** \_\_log\_binomial\_sign() [2/2]

```
\label{template} $$ \text{template}$< typename _Tp > $$ \text{std}::complex}< Tp > $\text{std}::__log_binomial_sign (} $$ \text{std}::complex}< _Tp > __nu, $$ unsigned int __k )
```

Definition at line 2517 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

### **9.3.2.222** \_\_log\_double\_factorial() [1/2]

Extend double factorial to non-integer arguments. Arkken,

$$log(\nu !!) = \frac{\nu}{2} log(2) + (\cos(\pi \nu) - 1) \log(\pi/2)/4 + \log(\Gamma(1 + \nu/2))$$

Definition at line 1657 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References \_\_cos\_pi(), and \_\_log\_gamma().

Referenced by \_\_double\_factorial(), and \_\_log\_double\_factorial().

**9.3.2.223** \_\_log\_double\_factorial() [2/2]

Return the logarithm of the double factorial of the integer n.

The double factorial is defined for integral n by:

$$n!! = 135...(n-2)n, noddn!! = 246...(n-2)n, neven - 1!! = 10!! = 1$$

The double factorial is defined for odd negative integers in the obvious way:

$$(-2m-1)!! = 1/(1(-1)(-3)...(-2m+1)(-2m-1)) = \frac{(-1)^m}{(2m-1)!!}$$

for f[ n = -2m - 1 f].

Definition at line 1727 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References \_\_log\_double\_factorial(), std::\_\_detail::\_Factorial\_table < \_Tp >::\_\_log\_factorial, std::\_\_detail::\_Factorial ← \_\_table < \_Tp >::\_\_n, \_S\_double\_factorial\_table, and \_S\_neg\_double\_factorial\_table.

9.3.2.224 \_\_log\_factorial()

Return the logarithm of the factorial of the integer n.

The factorial is:

$$n! = 12...(n-1)n, 0! = 1$$

Definition at line 1635 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References  $\_log\_gamma()$ , std:: $\_detail$ :: $\_Factorial\_table < <math>\_Tp >$ :: $\_n$ ,  $\_S\_double\_factorial\_table$ , and  $\_S\_ \leftarrow factorial\_table$ .

# 9.3.2.225 \_\_log\_falling\_factorial()

Return the logarithm of the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol. The lower Pochammer symbol is defined by

$$a^{\underline{n}} = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-\nu+1) = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a-k), (a)_0 = 1$$

In particular,  $n^{\underline{n}} = n!$ . Thus this function returns

$$ln[a^{\underline{n}}] = ln[\Gamma(a+1)] - ln[\Gamma(a-\nu+1)], ln[a^{\underline{0}}] = 0$$

Many notations exist for this function:

 $(a)_{\nu}$ 

,

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} a \\ \nu \end{array} \right\}$$

, and others.

Definition at line 3050 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References \_\_falling\_factorial(), \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_fp\_is\_integer(), and \_\_log\_gamma().

### **9.3.2.226** \_\_log\_gamma() [1/2]

Return  $log(|\Gamma(a)|)$ . This will return values even for a < 0. To recover the sign of  $\Gamma(a)$  for any argument use  $\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}log\_ \hookleftarrow gamma\_sign$ .

### **Parameters**

\_ ← The argument of the log of the gamma function.

# Returns

The logarithm of the gamma function.

Definition at line 2325 of file sf gamma.tcc.

References \_\_sin\_pi(), and \_\_spouge\_log\_gamma1p().

Return  $log(\Gamma(a))$  for complex argument.

## **Parameters**

```
_ ← The complex argument of the log of the gamma function.
```

## Returns

The complex logarithm of the gamma function.

Definition at line 2360 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

### 9.3.2.228 \_\_log\_gamma\_bernoulli()

Return  $log(\Gamma(x))$  by asymptotic expansion with Bernoulli number coefficients. This is like Sterling's approximation.

### **Parameters**

\_ ← The argument of the log of the gamma function.

#### Returns

The logarithm of the gamma function.

Definition at line 1759 of file sf gamma.tcc.

Return the sign of  $\Gamma(x)$ . At nonpositive integers zero is returned indicating  $\Gamma(x)$  is undefined.

## **Parameters**

```
_ ← The argument of the gamma function.
```

### Returns

The sign of the gamma function.

Definition at line 2401 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

```
9.3.2.230 __log_gamma_sign() [2/2]
```

Definition at line 2413 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

# 9.3.2.231 \_\_log\_rising\_factorial()

Return the logarithm of the rising factorial function or the (upper) Pochhammer symbol. The Pochammer symbol is defined for integer order by

$$a^{\overline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(n) = \prod_{k=0}^{\nu-1} (a+k), (a)_0 = 1$$

Thus this function returns

$$ln[a^{\overline{\nu}}] = ln[\Gamma(a+\nu)] - ln[\Gamma(\nu)], ln[(a)_0] = 0$$

Many notations exist for this function:

$$(a)_{\nu}$$

(especially in the literature of special functions),

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} a \\ \nu \end{array}\right]$$

, and others.

Definition at line 3199 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References \_\_log\_gamma(), and \_\_rising\_factorial().

## 9.3.2.232 \_\_log\_stirling\_1()

Return the logarithm of the absolute value of Stirling number of the first kind.

Definition at line 318 of file sf\_stirling.tcc.

# 9.3.2.233 \_\_log\_stirling\_1\_sign()

Return the sign of the exponent of the logarithm of the Stirling number of the first kind.

Definition at line 336 of file sf stirling.tcc.

```
9.3.2.234 __log_stirling_2()
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp std::__detail::__log_stirling_2 (
          unsigned int __n,
          unsigned int __m )
```

Return the Stirling number of the second kind.

Todo Look into asymptotic solutions.

Definition at line 178 of file sf\_stirling.tcc.

```
9.3.2.235 __logint()
```

Return the logarithmic integral li(x).

The logarithmic integral is given by

$$li(x) = Ei(\log(x))$$

## **Parameters**

```
_ ← The argument of the logarithmic integral function.
```

## Returns

The logarithmic integral.

Definition at line 538 of file sf\_expint.tcc.

References \_\_expint().

```
9.3.2.236 __logistic_p()
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp std::__detail::__logistic_p (
```

Return the logistic cumulative distribution function.

The formula for the logistic probability function is

$$cdf(x|a,b) = \frac{e^{(x-a)/b}}{1 + e^{(x-a)/b}}$$

where b > 0.

Definition at line 688 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

## 9.3.2.237 \_\_logistic\_pdf()

Return the logistic probability density function.

The formula for the logistic probability density function is

$$p(x|a,b) = \frac{e^{(x-a)/b}}{b[1 + e^{(x-a)/b}]^2}$$

where b > 0.

Definition at line 670 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

#### 9.3.2.238 \_\_lognormal\_p()

Return the lognormal cumulative probability density function.

The formula for the lognormal cumulative probability density function is

$$F(x|\mu,\sigma) = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 - erf(\frac{\ln x - \mu}{\sqrt{2}\sigma}) \right]$$

Definition at line 287 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

# 9.3.2.239 \_\_lognormal\_pdf()

Return the lognormal probability density function.

The formula for the lognormal probability density function is

$$f(x|\mu,\sigma) = \frac{e^{(\ln x - \mu)^2/2\sigma^2}}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}}$$

Definition at line 259 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

### 9.3.2.240 \_\_normal\_p()

Return the normal cumulative probability density function.

The formula for the normal cumulative probability density function is

$$F(x|\mu,\sigma) = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 - erf(\frac{x-\mu}{\sqrt{2}\sigma}) \right]$$

Definition at line 238 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

## 9.3.2.241 \_\_normal\_pdf()

Return the normal probability density function.

The formula for the normal probability density function is

$$f(x|\mu,\sigma) = \frac{e^{(x-\mu)^2/2\sigma^2}}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}}$$

Definition at line 210 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

9.3.2.242 \_\_owens\_t()

Return the Owens T function:

$$T(h,a) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^a \frac{\exp[-\frac{1}{2}h^2(1+x^2)]}{1+x^2} dx$$

This implementation is a translation of the Fortran implementation in

#### See also

Patefield, M. and Tandy, D. "Fast and accurate Calculation of Owen's T-Function", Journal of Statistical Software, 5 (5), 1 - 25 (2000)

#### **Parameters**

in	_~	The scale parameter.
	_h	
in	_~	The integration limit.
	_a	

# Returns

The owens T function.

Definition at line 92 of file sf\_owens\_t.tcc.

References \_\_znorm1(), and \_\_znorm2().

Reperiodized complex constructor.

Definition at line 401 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

```
References \underline{\quad \  } gnu\_cxx::\underline{\quad \  } sincos\_t<\underline{\quad \  } Tp>::\underline{\quad \  } cos\_v,\underline{\quad \  } gnu\_cxx::\underline{\quad \  } sincos\_t<\underline{\quad \  } Tp>::\underline{\quad \  } sin\_v, \ and\underline{\quad \  } sincos\_pi().
```

Referenced by  $\_cyl\_bessel\_jn\_neg\_arg()$ ,  $\_cyl\_hankel\_1()$ ,  $\_cyl\_hankel\_2()$ ,  $\_jacobi\_theta\_1()$ ,  $\_jacobi\_theta\_4()$ ,  $\_polylog\_exp\_neg()$ , and  $\_polylog\_exp\_pos()$ .

```
9.3.2.244 __polar_pi() [2/2]
```

Reperiodized complex constructor.

Definition at line 413 of file sf trig.tcc.

 $References \underline{gnu\_cxx::\_sincos\_t<\_Tp>::\_cos\_v, \underline{gnu\_cxx::\_sincos\_t<\_Tp>::\_sin\_v, and \underline{\_sincos\_pi()}.$ 

## 9.3.2.245 \_\_polygamma()

Return the polygamma function  $\psi^{(m)}(x)$ .

The polygamma function is related to the Hurwitz zeta function:

$$\psi^{(m)}(x) = (-1)^{m+1} m! \zeta(m+1, x)$$

Definition at line 3465 of file sf gamma.tcc.

# **9.3.2.246** \_\_polylog() [1/2]

Return the polylog  $Li_s(x)$  for two real arguments.

### **Parameters**

_~	The real index.
_s	
_←	The real argument.
X	

#### Returns

The complex value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 1024 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References  $\_gnu\_cxx::\_fp\_is\_equal()$ ,  $\_gnu\_cxx::\_fp\_is\_integer()$ ,  $\_gnu\_cxx::\_fp\_is\_zero()$ , and  $\_polylog\_cxp()$ .

Referenced by \_\_dirichlet\_beta(), \_\_dirichlet\_eta(), and \_\_polylog().

```
9.3.2.247 __polylog() [2/2]

template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<_Tp> std::__detail::__polylog (
```

 $_{\rm Tp}$   $_{\rm \_s}$ ,

Return the polylog in those cases where we can calculate it.

 $\verb|std::complex< _Tp| > \__w | )$ 

### **Parameters**

_~	The real index.
_s	
_←	The complex argument.
_ <i>w</i>	

# Returns

The complex value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 1065 of file sf polylog.tcc.

References \_\_polylog(), and \_\_polylog\_exp().

```
9.3.2.248 __polylog_exp()
```

```
template<typename _Tp , typename _ArgType >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<std::complex<_Tp>, _ArgType> std::__detail::__polylog_exp (
    __Tp __s,
    __ArgType __w )
```

This is the frontend function which calculates  $Li_s(e^w)$  First we branch into different parts depending on the properties of s. This function is the same irrespective of a real or complex w, hence the template parameter ArgType.

### Note

: I really wish we could return a variant<Tp, std::complex<Tp>>.

### **Parameters**

_~	The real order.
_s	
_←	The real or complex argument.
_ <i>w</i>	

#### Returns

The real or complex value of Li  $s(e^{\wedge}w)$ .

Definition at line 988 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

 $References \underline{\_gnu\_cxx::\_fp\_is\_integer(), \underline{\_polylog\_exp\_neg\_int(), \underline{\_polylog\_exp\_neg\_real(), \underline{\_polylog\_exp\_pos\_real(), \underline{\_polylog\_exp\_sum()}}.$ 

Referenced by  $\_$ bose\_einstein(),  $\_$ clausen(),  $\_$ clausen\_cl(),  $\_$ clausen\_sl(),  $\_$ fermi\_dirac(),  $\_$ hurwitz\_zeta\_ $\hookleftarrow$  polylog(), and  $\_$ polylog().

## 9.3.2.249 \_\_polylog\_exp\_asymp()

This function implements the asymptotic series for the polylog. It is given by

$$2\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \zeta(2k)w^{s-2k}/\Gamma(s-2k+1) - i\pi w^{s-1}/\Gamma(s)$$

for Re(w) >> 1

Don't check this against Mathematica 8. For real w the imaginary part of the polylog is given by  $Im(Li_s(e^w)) = -\pi w^{s-1}/\Gamma(s)$ . Check this relation for any benchmark that you use.

## **Parameters**

_~	the real index s.
_s	
_←	the large complex argument w.
_ <i>w</i>	

### Returns

the value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 601 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_gamma\_reciprocal().

Referenced by  $\_$ polylog\_exp\_neg\_int(),  $\_$ polylog\_exp\_neg\_real(),  $\_$ polylog\_exp\_pos\_int(), and  $\_$ polylog\_exp $\_$ cos\_real().

**9.3.2.250** \_\_polylog\_exp\_neg() [1/2]

This function treats the cases of negative real index s. Theoretical convergence is present for  $|w| < 2\pi$ . We use an optimized version of

$$Li_{s}(e^{w}) = \Gamma(1-s)(-w)^{s-1} + \frac{(2\pi)^{-s}}{\pi} A_{p}(w)$$
$$A_{p}(w) = \sum_{k} \frac{\Gamma(1+k-s)}{k!} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}(s-k)\right) \left(\frac{w}{2\pi}\right)^{k} \zeta(1+k-s)$$

### **Parameters**

_~	The negative real index
_s	
_~	The complex argument
_ <i>w</i>	

## Returns

The value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 365 of file sf polylog.tcc.

References \_\_log\_gamma(), \_\_polar\_pi(), and \_\_riemann\_zeta\_m\_1().

Referenced by \_\_polylog\_exp\_neg\_int(), and \_\_polylog\_exp\_neg\_real().

**9.3.2.251** \_\_polylog\_exp\_neg() [2/2]

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<_Tp> std::__detail::__polylog_exp_neg (
```

int 
$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$
n, std::complex<  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ Tp >  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ w)

Compute the polylogarithm for negative integer order.

$$Li_{-p}(e^w) = p!(-w)^{-(p+1)} - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{B_{p+2k+q+1}}{(p+2k+q+1)!} \frac{(p+2k+q)!}{(2k+q)!} w^{2k+q}$$

where q = (p+1)mod2.

## **Parameters**

_~	the negative integer index $n = -p$ .
_n	
_~	the argument w.
_ <i>w</i>	

### Returns

the value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 451 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

 $References \underline{gnu\_cxx::\_fp\_is\_equal(),\ \underline{gnu\_cxx::\_fp\_is\_zero(),\ \underline{Num\_Euler\_Maclaurin\_zeta,\ and\ \underline{S\_Euler\_}} \\ Maclaurin\_zeta.$ 

```
9.3.2.252 __polylog_exp_neg_int() [1/2]

template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<_Tp> std::__detail::__polylog_exp_neg_int (
    int __s,
    std::complex< _Tp > __w )
```

This treats the case where s is a negative integer.

## **Parameters**

_~	a negative integer.
_s	
_~	an arbitrary complex number
_ <i>w</i>	

## Returns

the value of the polylogarith,.

Definition at line 783 of file sf polylog.tcc.

 $References \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} clamp\_0\_m2pi(), \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} gnu\_cxx::\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} fp\_is\_equal(), \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} polylog\_exp\_asymp(), \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} polylog\_exp\_devenous(), \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} polylog\_exp\_sum().$ 

Referenced by \_\_polylog\_exp().

This treats the case where s is a negative integer and w is a real.

#### **Parameters**

_~	a negative integer.
_s	
_~	the argument.
_ <i>w</i>	

## Returns

the value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 827 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_zero(), \_\_polylog\_exp\_asymp(), \_\_polylog\_exp\_neg(), and \_\_polylog\_exp\_sum().

Return the polylog where s is a negative real value and for complex argument. Now we branch depending on the properties of w in the specific functions

### **Parameters**

_~	A negative real value that does not reduce to a negative integer.
_s	
_~	The complex argument.
W	

#### Returns

The value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 928 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References  $\_$ clamp $_0$ m2pi(),  $\_$ clamp $_p$ pi(),  $\_$ polylog $_e$ xp $_a$ symp(),  $\_$ polylog $_e$ xp $_n$ eg(), and  $\_$ polylog $_e$ xp $_e$ cv $_e$ sum().

Referenced by \_\_polylog\_exp().

Return the polylog where s is a negative real value and for real argument. Now we branch depending on the properties of w in the specific functions.

### **Parameters**

_~	A negative real value.
_s	
_~	A real argument.
_ <i>w</i>	

## Returns

The value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 959 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_polylog\_exp\_asymp(), \_\_polylog\_exp\_neg(), and \_\_polylog\_exp\_sum().

This function treats the cases of positive integer index s for complex argument w.

$$Li_s(e^w) = \sum_{k=0, k!=s-1} \zeta(s-k) \frac{w^k}{k!} + [H_{s-1} - \log(-w)] \frac{w^{s-1}}{(s-1)!}$$

The radius of convergence is  $|w|<2\pi$ . Note that this series involves a  $\log(-x)$ . gcc and Mathematica differ in their implementation of  $\log(e^{i\pi})$ : gcc:  $\log(e^{+-i\pi})=+i\pi$  whereas Mathematica doesn't preserve the sign in this case:  $\log(e^{+-i\pi})=+i\pi$ 

#### **Parameters**

_~	the positive integer index.
_s	
_~	the argument.
_w	

#### Returns

the value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 217 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References riemann zeta().

Referenced by polylog exp pos int(), and polylog exp pos real().

**9.3.2.257** \_\_polylog\_exp\_pos() [2/3]

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<_Tp> std::__detail::__polylog_exp_pos (
          unsigned int __s,
          _Tp __w )
```

This function treats the cases of positive integer index s for real argument w.

This specialization is worthwhile to catch the differing behaviour of log(x).

$$Li_s(e^w) = \sum_{k=0, k!=s-1} \zeta(s-k) \frac{w^k}{k!} + [H_{s-1} - \log(-w)] \frac{w^{s-1}}{(s-1)!}$$

The radius of convergence is  $|w|<2\pi$ . Note that this series involves a  $\log(-x)$ . gcc and Mathematica differ in their implementation of  $\log(e^{i\pi})$ : gcc:  $\log(e^{+-i\pi})=+i\pi$  whereas Mathematica doesn't preserve the sign in this case:  $\log(e^{+-i\pi})=+i\pi$ 

## **Parameters**

_←	the positive integer index.
_s	
_~	the argument.
_w	

Returns

the value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 293 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_riemann\_zeta().

**9.3.2.258** \_\_polylog\_exp\_pos() [3/3]

This function treats the cases of positive real index s.

The defining series is

$$Li_s(e^w) = A_s(w) + B_s(w) + \Gamma(1-s)(-w)^{s-1}$$

with

$$A_s(w) = \sum_{k=0}^{m} \zeta(s-k)w^k/k!$$

$$B_s(w) = \sum_{k=m+1}^{\infty} \sin(\pi/2(s-k))\Gamma(1-s+k)\zeta(1-s+k)(w/2/\pi)^k/k!$$

### **Parameters**

_~	the positive real index s.
_s	
_~	The complex argument w.
_ <i>w</i>	

# Returns

the value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 514 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_gamma(), \_\_log\_gamma(), \_\_polar\_pi(), and \_\_riemann\_zeta().

Here s is a positive integer and the function descends into the different kernels depending on w.

### **Parameters**

_←	a positive integer.
_s	
_~	an arbitrary complex number.
_w	

#### Returns

The value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 676 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

 $References \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} clamp\_0\_m2pi(), \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} clamp\_pi(), \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} gnu\_cxx::\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} fp\_is\_equal(), \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} gnu\_cxx::\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} fp\_is\_zero(), \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} polylog\_exp\_sum().$ 

Referenced by \_\_polylog\_exp().

Here s is a positive integer and the function descends into the different kernels depending on w.

## **Parameters**

_←	a positive integer
_s	
_←	an arbitrary real argument w
_ <i>w</i>	

\_Tp \_\_w )

### Returns

the value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 735 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_zero(), \_\_polylog\_exp\_asymp(), \_\_polylog\_exp\_pos(), and \_\_polylog\_exp\_sum().

Return the polylog where s is a positive real value and for complex argument.

#### **Parameters**

_~	A positive real number.
_s	
_~	the complex argument.
_ <i>w</i>	

## Returns

The value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 854 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References  $\_$ clamp $\_$ 0 $\_$ m2pi(),  $\_$ clamp $\_$ pi(),  $\_$ gnu $\_$ cxx:: $\_$ fp $\_$ is $\_$ equal(),  $\_$ gnu $\_$ cxx:: $\_$ fp $\_$ is $\_$ zero(),  $\_$ polylog $\_$ exp $\_$ asymp(),  $\_$ polylog $\_$ exp $\_$ sum(), and  $\_$ riemann $\_$ zeta().

Referenced by \_\_polylog\_exp().

```
9.3.2.262 __polylog_exp_pos_real() [2/2]
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<_Tp> std::__detail::__polylog_exp_pos_real (
    __Tp ___s,
    __Tp ___w )
```

Return the polylog where s is a positive real value and the argument is real.

## **Parameters**

_~	A positive real number tht does not reduce to an integer.	
_s		
_~	The real argument w.	
_w		

#### Returns

The value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 894 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

References  $\_$ gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_equal(),  $\_$ gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_zero(),  $\_$ polylog\_exp\_asymp(),  $\_$ polylog\_exp\_pos(),  $\hookleftarrow$   $\_$ polylog\_exp\_sum(), and  $\_$ riemann\_zeta().

9.3.2.263 \_\_polylog\_exp\_sum()

Theoretical convergence for Re(w) < 0.

Seems to beat the other expansions for  $Re(w) < -\pi/2 - \pi/5$ . Note that this is an implementation of the basic series:

$$Li_s(e^z) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} e^{kz} k^{-s}$$

## **Parameters**

_←	is an arbitrary type, integral or float.
_s	
_←	something with a negative real part.
_ <i>w</i>	

## Returns

the value of the polylogarithm.

Definition at line 645 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_polylog\_exp(), \_\_polylog\_exp\_neg\_int(), \_\_polylog\_exp\_neg\_real(), \_\_polylog\_exp\_pos\_int(), and \Lambda \_\_polylog\_exp\_pos\_real().

9.3.2.264 \_\_prob\_hermite\_recur()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::__hermite_he_t<_Tp> std::__detail::__prob_hermite_recur (
```

This routine returns the Probabilists Hermite polynomial of order n:  $He_n(x)$  by recursion on n.

The Probabilists Hermite polynomial is defined by:

$$He_n(x) = (-1)^n e^{x^2/2} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} e^{-x^2/2}$$

or

$$He_n(x) = \frac{1}{2^{-n/2}} H_n\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

where  $H_n(x)$  is the Physicists Hermite function.

The Probabilists Hermite polynomial has first and second derivatives:

$$He'_n(x) = nHe_{n-1}(x)$$

and

$$He_n''(x) = n(n-1)He_{n-2}(x)$$

The Probabilists Hermite polynomial are monic and are orthogonal with respect to the weight function

$$w(x) = e^{x^2/2}$$

## **Parameters**

_←	The order of the Hermite polynomial.
_n	
_←	The argument of the Hermite polynomial.
_X	

### Returns

The value of the Hermite polynomial of order n and argument x.

Definition at line 260 of file sf hermite.tcc.

9.3.2.265 \_\_radial\_jacobi()

Return the radial polynomial  $R_n^m(\rho)$  for non-negative nandm, and real radial argument  $\rho$  is a polynomial of degree m+2n in  $\rho$ .

The radial polynomials are defined by

$$R_n^m(\rho) = \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{n-m}{2}} \frac{(-1)^k (n-k)!}{k!(\frac{n+m}{2}-k)!(\frac{n-m}{2}-k)!} \rho^{n-2k}$$

for n-m even and identically 0 for n-m odd.

The radial polynomials are related to the Jacobi polynomials:

$$R_n^m(\rho) = (-1)^n x^m P_n^{(m,0)} (1 - 2\rho^2)$$

for  $0 <= \rho <= 1$ 

The radial polynomials can be related to the Zernike polynomials:

$$Z_n^m(\rho,\phi) = R_n^m(\rho)\cos(m\phi)$$

$$Z_n^{-m}(\rho,\phi) = R_n^m(\rho)\sin(m\phi)$$

for non-negative m, n.

### See also

zernike for details on the Zernike polynomials.

Principals of Optics, 7th edition, Max Born and Emil Wolf, Cambridge University Press, 1999, pp 523-525 and 905-910.

Zernike Polynomials: Evaluation, Quadrature, and Interpolation Philip Greengard, Kirill Serkh, Technical Report YALEU/DCS/TR-1539, February 20, 2018

# **Template Parameters**

_Тр	The real type of the radial coordinate
-----	--

# **Parameters**

n	The non-negative degree.
m	The non-negative azimuthal order
rho	The radial argument

Definition at line 292 of file sf\_jacobi.tcc.

References jacobi recur().

Referenced by \_\_zernike(), \_\_gnu\_cxx::radpolyf(), and \_\_gnu\_cxx::radpolyl().

# 9.3.2.266 \_\_radial\_jacobi\_zeros()

Return a vector containing the zeros of the radial Jacobi polynomial  $P_n^{(\alpha,\beta)}(1-2\rho^2)$ .

## **Template Parameters**

_Tp The real type of t	he radial coordinate
------------------------	----------------------

#### **Parameters**

	in	n	The order of the Jacobi polynomial
	in	alpha1	The first parameter of the Jacobi polynomial
Ī	in	beta1	The second parameter of the Jacobi polynomial

Definition at line 324 of file sf\_jacobi.tcc.

References \_\_jacobi\_zeros().

# 9.3.2.267 \_\_rice\_pdf()

Return the Rice probability density function.

The formula for the Rice probability density function is

$$p(x|\nu,\sigma) = \frac{x}{\sigma^2} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2 + \nu^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) I_0\left(\frac{x\nu}{\sigma^2}\right)$$

where  $I_0(x)$  is the modified Bessel function of the first kind of order 0 and  $\nu >= 0$  and  $\sigma > 0$ .

Definition at line 186 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

References \_\_cyl\_bessel\_i().

# 9.3.2.268 \_\_riemann\_zeta()

Return the Riemann zeta function  $\zeta(s)$ .

The Riemann zeta function is defined by:

$$\zeta(s) = \sum_{k=1}^\infty k^{-s} \text{ for } \Re(s) > 1 \frac{(2\pi)^s}{\pi} \sin(\frac{\pi s}{2}) \Gamma(1-s) \zeta(1-s) \text{ for } \Re(s) < 1$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The argument
s	

Todo Global double sum or MacLaurin series in riemann zeta?

Definition at line 761 of file sf zeta.tcc.

 $\label{local_control$ 

Referenced by \_\_dirichlet\_lambda(), \_\_hurwitz\_zeta(), \_\_polylog\_exp\_pos(), and \_\_polylog\_exp\_pos\_real().

## 9.3.2.269 \_\_riemann\_zeta\_euler\_maclaurin()

Evaluate the Riemann zeta function  $\zeta(s)$  by an alternate series for s > 0.

This is a specialization of the code for the Hurwitz zeta function.

Definition at line 389 of file sf\_zeta.tcc.

References \_S\_Euler\_Maclaurin\_zeta.

# 9.3.2.270 \_\_riemann\_zeta\_glob()

Definition at line 499 of file sf zeta.tcc.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_even\_integer(), \_\_gamma(), \_\_riemann\_zeta\_m\_1\_glob(), and \_\_sin\_pi().

Referenced by \_\_riemann\_zeta().

## 9.3.2.271 \_\_riemann\_zeta\_laurent()

Compute the Riemann zeta function  $\zeta(s)$  by Laurent expansion about s = 1.

The Laurent expansion of the Riemann zeta function is given by:

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{s-1} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{k!} \gamma_k (s-1)^k$$

Where  $\gamma_k$  are the Stieltjes constants,  $\gamma_0 = \gamma_E$  the Euler-Mascheroni constant.

The Stieltjes constants can be found from a limiting process:

$$\gamma_k = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(lni)^k}{i} - \frac{(lnn)^{k+1}}{k+1} \right\}$$

Definition at line 312 of file sf zeta.tcc.

References \_Num\_Stieljes, and \_S\_Stieljes.

Referenced by \_\_\_riemann\_zeta\_m\_1().

# 9.3.2.272 \_\_riemann\_zeta\_m\_1()

Return the Riemann zeta function  $\zeta(s) - 1$ .

### **Parameters**

_~	The argument $s! = 1$
_s	

Definition at line 717 of file sf\_zeta.tcc.

References  $\_gnu\_cxx::\_fp\_is\_integer(), \_\_gamma(), \_\_riemann\_zeta\_laurent(), \_\_riemann\_zeta\_m\_1\_glob(), \_\_ \Leftrightarrow sin\_pi(), \_S\_num\_zetam1, and \_S\_zetam1.$ 

Referenced by \_\_polylog\_exp\_neg(), and \_\_riemann\_zeta().

9.3.2.273 \_\_riemann\_zeta\_m\_1\_glob()

Evaluate the Riemann zeta function by series for all s = 1. Convergence is great until largish negative numbers. Then the convergence of the > 0 sum gets better.

The series is:

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{1 - 2^{1 - s}} \sum_{n = 0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^{n + 1}} \sum_{k = 0}^{n} (-1)^k \frac{n!}{(n - k)! k!} (k + 1)^{-s}$$

Havil 2003, p. 206.

The Riemann zeta function is defined by:

$$\zeta(s) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^s} fors > 1$$

For s < 1 use the reflection formula:

$$\zeta(s) = (2\pi)^s \Gamma(1-s) \zeta(1-s) / \pi$$

Definition at line 448 of file sf\_zeta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_riemann\_zeta\_glob(), and \_\_riemann\_zeta\_m\_1().

9.3.2.274 \_\_riemann\_zeta\_product()

```
template<typename _Tp > _Tp std::__detail::__riemann_zeta_product (  \_Tp \ \_\_s \ )
```

Compute the Riemann zeta function  $\zeta(s)$  using the product over prime factors.

$$\zeta(s) = \prod_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1 - p_i^{-s}}$$

where  $p_i$  are the prime numbers.

The Riemann zeta function is defined by:

$$\zeta(s) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^s} for \operatorname{Re} s > 1$$

For (s) < 1 use the reflection formula:

$$\zeta(s) = (2\pi)^s \Gamma(1-s)\zeta(1-s)/\pi$$

### **Parameters**

_~	The argument
_s	

Definition at line 551 of file sf\_zeta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_riemann\_zeta().

## 9.3.2.275 \_\_riemann\_zeta\_sum()

Compute the Riemann zeta function  $\zeta(s)$  by summation for s > 1.

The Riemann zeta function is defined by:

$$\zeta(s) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^s} fors > 1$$

For s < 1 use the reflection formula:

$$\zeta(s) = (2\pi)^s \Gamma(1-s) \zeta(1-s) / \pi$$

Definition at line 346 of file sf\_zeta.tcc.

References \_\_gamma(), and \_\_sin\_pi().

Referenced by \_\_riemann\_zeta().

# **9.3.2.276** \_\_rising\_factorial() [1/2]

Return the (upper) Pochhammer function or the rising factorial function. The Pochammer symbol is defined by

$$a^{\overline{n}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(\nu) = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a+k), (a)_0 = 1$$

Many notations exist for this function:

$$(a)_{\nu}$$

, (especially in the literature of special functions),

$$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ n \end{bmatrix}$$

, and others.

Definition at line 3100 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References log\_gamma(), log\_gamma\_sign(), and std::\_detail::\_Factorial\_table< \_Tp >::\_n.

Referenced by \_\_log\_rising\_factorial(), and \_\_rising\_factorial().

## **9.3.2.277** \_\_rising\_factorial() [2/2]

Return the rising factorial function or the (upper) Pochhammer function. The rising factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\overline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(\nu)$$

Many notations exist for this function:

 $(a)_{\nu}$ 

, (especially in the literature of special functions),

$$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ n \end{bmatrix}$$

, and others.

Definition at line 3155 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References  $\_log\_gamma()$ ,  $\_log\_gamma\_sign()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_Factorial\_table < _Tp >::__n, and <math>\_rising\_ \leftarrow factorial()$ .

### **9.3.2.278** \_\_sin\_pi() [1/2]

Return the reperiodized sine of argument x:

$$\sin_{\pi}(x) = \sin(\pi x)$$

Definition at line 52 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

Referenced by  $\_cos\_pi()$ ,  $\_cosh\_pi()$ ,  $\_cyl\_bessel\_ik()$ ,  $\_cyl\_bessel\_jn()$ ,  $\_dirichlet\_eta()$ ,  $\_gamma\_reciprocal()$ ,  $\_hankel\_debye()$ ,  $\_laguerre\_large\_n()$ ,  $\_lanczos\_log\_gamma1p()$ ,  $\_log\_gamma()$ ,  $\_riemann\_zeta()$ ,  $\_riemann\_zeta\_glob()$ ,  $\_riemann\_zeta\_m\_1()$ ,  $\_riemann\_zeta\_sum()$ ,  $\_sin\_pi()$ ,  $\_sinc\_pi()$ ,  $\_sinh\_pi()$ , and  $\_spouge\_colored$  log  $\_gamma1p()$ .

#### **9.3.2.279** \_\_sin\_pi() [2/2]

Return the reperiodized sine of complex argument z:

$$\sin_{\pi}(z) = \sin(\pi z) = \sin_{\pi}(x)\cosh_{\pi}(y) + i\cos_{\pi}(x)\sinh_{\pi}(y)$$

Definition at line 187 of file sf trig.tcc.

References cos pi(), and sin pi().

9.3.2.280 \_\_sinc()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> std::__detail::__sinc (
    __Tp ___x )
```

Return the sinus cardinal function

$$sinc(x) = \frac{\sin(x)}{x}$$

.

Definition at line 52 of file sf\_cardinal.tcc.

```
9.3.2.281 __sinc_pi()
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> std::__detail::__sinc_pi (
    __Tp ___x )
```

Return the reperiodized sinus cardinal function

$$sinc_{\pi}(x) = \frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x}$$

.

Definition at line 72 of file sf\_cardinal.tcc.

References \_\_sin\_pi().

```
9.3.2.282 __sincos() [1/4]
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t<_Tp> std::__detail::__sincos (
    __Tp ___x ) [inline]
```

Definition at line 316 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_sincos\_pi().

Definition at line 324 of file sf trig.tcc.

Definition at line 336 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

Definition at line 348 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

```
9.3.2.286 __sincos_pi()

template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t<_Tp> std::__detail::__sincos_pi (
    __Tp ___x )
```

Reperiodized sincos.

Definition at line 360 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

```
References \underline{\quad \  } gnu\_cxx::\underline{\quad \  } sincos\_t<\underline{\quad \  } Tp>::\underline{\quad \  } cos\_v,\underline{\quad \  } gnu\_cxx::\underline{\quad \  } sincos\_t<\underline{\quad \  } Tp>::\underline{\quad \  } sin\_v, \ and \underline{\quad \  } sincos().
```

Referenced by \_\_polar\_pi().

## 9.3.2.287 \_\_sincosint()

This function returns the sine Si(x) and cosine Ci(x) integrals as a pair.

The sine integral is defined by:

$$Si(x) = \int_0^x dt \frac{\sin(t)}{t}$$

The cosine integral is defined by:

$$Ci(x) = \gamma_E + \log(x) + \int_0^x dt \frac{\cos(t) - 1}{t}$$

Definition at line 226 of file sf trigint.tcc.

References sincosint asymp(), sincosint cont frac(), and sincosint series().

### 9.3.2.288 \_\_sincosint\_asymp()

This function computes the sine Si(x) and cosine Ci(x) integrals by asymptotic series summation for positive argument.

The asymptotic series is very good for x > 50.

Definition at line 159 of file sf\_trigint.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_sincosint().

## 9.3.2.289 \_\_sincosint\_cont\_frac()

This function computes the sine Si(x) and cosine Ci(x) integrals by continued fraction for positive argument.

Definition at line 52 of file sf\_trigint.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_sincosint().

# 9.3.2.290 \_\_sincosint\_series()

This function computes the sine Si(x) and cosine Ci(x) integrals by series summation for positive argument.

Definition at line 95 of file sf\_trigint.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_sincosint().

```
9.3.2.291 __sinh_pi() [1/2]
```

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic sine of argument x:

$$\sinh_{\pi}(x) = \sinh(\pi x)$$

Definition at line 84 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_sinhc\_pi().

```
9.3.2.292 __sinh_pi() [2/2]
```

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic sine of complex argument z:

$$\sinh_{\pi}(z) = \sinh(\pi z) = \sinh_{\pi}(x)\cos_{\pi}(y) + i\cosh_{\pi}(x)\sin_{\pi}(y)$$

Definition at line 209 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

References \_\_cos\_pi(), and \_\_sin\_pi().

9.3.2.293 \_\_sinhc()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> std::__detail::__sinhc (
    __Tp ___x )
```

Return the hyperbolic sinus cardinal function

$$sinhc(x) = \frac{\sinh(x)}{x}$$

.

Definition at line 97 of file sf cardinal.tcc.

9.3.2.294 \_\_sinhc\_pi()

```
template<typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> std::__detail::__sinhc_pi (
   __Tp ___x )
```

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic sinus cardinal function

$$sinhc_{\pi}(x) = \frac{\sinh(\pi x)}{\pi x}$$

.

Definition at line 115 of file sf\_cardinal.tcc.

References \_\_sinh\_pi().

9.3.2.295 \_\_sinhint()

Return the hyperbolic sine integral Shi(x).

The hyperbolic sine integral is given by

$$Shi(x) = (Ei(x) + E_1(x))/2 = (Ei(x) - Ei(-x))/2$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The argument of the hyperbolic sine integral function.
_X	

## Returns

The hyperbolic sine integral.

Definition at line 584 of file sf\_expint.tcc.

References \_\_expint\_E1(), and \_\_expint\_Ei().

```
9.3.2.296 __sph_bessel() [1/2]
```

Return the spherical Bessel function  $j_n(x)$  of order n and non-negative real argument  ${\bf x}$ .

The spherical Bessel function is defined by:

$$j_n(x) = \left(\frac{\pi}{2x}\right)^{1/2} J_{n+1/2}(x)$$

### **Parameters**

_←	The non-negative integral order
_n	
_~	The non-negative real argument
_X	

## Returns

The output spherical Bessel function.

Definition at line 781 of file sf\_bessel.tcc.

References sph bessel jn().

```
9.3.2.297 __sph_bessel() [2/2]

template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<_Tp> std::__detail::__sph_bessel (
          unsigned int __n,
          std::complex< _Tp > __z )
```

Return the complex spherical Bessel function.

#### **Parameters**

in	_~	The order for which the spherical Bessel function is evaluated.
	_n	
in	_~	The argument at which the spherical Bessel function is evaluated.
	_z	

#### Returns

The complex spherical Bessel function.

Definition at line 1273 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

References \_\_sph\_hankel().

```
9.3.2.298 __sph_bessel_ik()
```

Compute the spherical modified Bessel functions  $i_n(x)$  and  $k_n(x)$  and their first derivatives  $i'_n(x)$  and  $k'_n(x)$  respectively.

### **Parameters**

_~	The order of the modified spherical Bessel function.
_n	
_~	The argument of the modified spherical Bessel function.
_x	

### Returns

A struct containing the modified spherical Bessel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives.

Definition at line 428 of file sf\_mod\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_cyl\_bessel\_ik().

```
9.3.2.299 __sph_bessel_in()
```

Compute the spherical Bessel  $j_n(x)$  and Neumann  $n_n(x)$  functions and their first derivatives  $j_n(x)$  and  $n'_n(x)$  respectively.

#### **Parameters**

_~	The order of the spherical Bessel function.
_n	
_←	The argument of the spherical Bessel function.
_X	

### Returns

The output derivative of the spherical Neumann function.

Definition at line 713 of file sf\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn().

Referenced by \_\_sph\_bessel(), \_\_sph\_hankel\_1(), \_\_sph\_hankel\_2(), and \_\_sph\_neumann().

## 9.3.2.300 \_\_sph\_bessel\_jn\_neg\_arg()

Return the spherical Bessel functions and their derivatives of order  $\nu$  and argument x < 0.

Definition at line 737 of file sf\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_cyl\_bessel\_jn\_neg\_arg().

Referenced by \_\_sph\_hankel\_1(), and \_\_sph\_hankel\_2().

## 9.3.2.301 \_\_sph\_hankel()

```
template<typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::__sph_hankel_t<unsigned int, std::complex<_Tp>, std::complex<_Tp> > std::__detail::←
   __sph_hankel (
        unsigned int __n,
        std::complex< _Tp > __z )
```

Helper to compute complex spherical Hankel functions and their derivatives.

#### **Parameters**

in	_~	The order for which the spherical Hankel functions are evaluated.
	_n	
in	_~	The argument at which the spherical Hankel functions are evaluated.
	_z	

#### **Returns**

A struct containing the spherical Hankel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives.

Definition at line 1209 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

References \_\_hankel().

Referenced by \_\_sph\_bessel(), \_\_sph\_hankel\_1(), \_\_sph\_hankel\_2(), and \_\_sph\_neumann().

```
9.3.2.302 __sph_hankel_1() [1/2]
```

Return the spherical Hankel function of the first kind  $h_n^{(1)}(x)$ .

The spherical Hankel function of the first kind is defined by:

$$h_n^{(1)}(x) = j_n(x) + i n_n(x)$$

### **Parameters**

_~	The order of the spherical Neumann function.
_n	
_~	The argument of the spherical Neumann function.
_X	

#### Returns

The output spherical Neumann function.

Definition at line 842 of file sf\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_sph\_bessel\_jn(), and \_\_sph\_bessel\_jn\_neg\_arg().

Return the complex spherical Hankel function of the first kind.

#### **Parameters**

in	_~	The order for which the spherical Hankel function of the first kind is evaluated.
	_n	
in	_~	The argument at which the spherical Hankel function of the first kind is evaluated.
	_z	

## Returns

The complex spherical Hankel function of the first kind.

Definition at line 1239 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

References \_\_sph\_hankel().

Return the spherical Hankel function of the second kind  $h_n^{(2)}(x)$ .

The spherical Hankel function of the second kind is defined by:

$$h_n^{(2)}(x) = j_n(x) - in_n(x)$$

#### **Parameters**

_~	The non-negative integral order
_n	
_~	The non-negative real argument
_X	

#### Returns

The output spherical Neumann function.

Definition at line 877 of file sf\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_sph\_bessel\_jn(), and \_\_sph\_bessel\_jn\_neg\_arg().

```
9.3.2.305 __sph_hankel_2() [2/2]

template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<_Tp> std::__detail::__sph_hankel_2 (
          unsigned int __n,
          std::complex< _Tp > __z )
```

Return the complex spherical Hankel function of the second kind.

## **Parameters**

in	_~	The order for which the spherical Hankel function of the second kind is evaluated.
	_n	
in	_~	The argument at which the spherical Hankel function of the second kind is evaluated.
	Z	

### Returns

The complex spherical Hankel function of the second kind.

Definition at line 1256 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

References \_\_sph\_hankel().

## 9.3.2.306 \_\_sph\_harmonic()

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::complex<_Tp> std::__detail::__sph_harmonic (
```

Return the spherical harmonic function.

The spherical harmonic function of l, m, and  $\theta$ ,  $\phi$  is defined by:

$$Y_l^m(\theta,\phi) = (-1)^m \left[ \frac{(2l+1)}{4\pi} \frac{(l-m)!}{(l+m)!} \right] P_l^{|m|}(\cos\theta) \exp^{im\phi}$$

Note

$$Y_l^m(\theta,\phi) = 0$$
 if  $|m| > l$ .

#### **Parameters**

/	The degree of the spherical harmonic function. $l>=0$ .
m	The order of the spherical harmonic function.
theta	The radian polar angle argument of the spherical harmonic function.
phi	The radian azimuthal angle argument of the spherical harmonic function.

Definition at line 371 of file sf\_legendre.tcc.

References \_\_sph\_legendre().

### 9.3.2.307 \_\_sph\_legendre()

Return the spherical associated Legendre function.

The spherical associated Legendre function of l, m, and  $\theta$  is defined as  $Y_l^m(\theta,0)$  where

$$Y_l^m(\theta,\phi) = (-1)^m \left[ \frac{(2l+1)}{4\pi} \frac{(l-m)!}{(l+m)!} \right] P_l^m(\cos\theta) \exp^{im\phi}$$

is the spherical harmonic function and  $P_l^m(x)$  is the associated Legendre function.

This function differs from the associated Legendre function by argument (  $x = \cos(\theta)$ ) and by a normalization factor but this factor is rather large for large l and m and so this function is stable for larger differences of l and m.

## Note

Unlike the case for \_\_assoc\_legendre\_p the Condon-Shortley phase factor  $(-1)^m$  is present here.  $Y_l^m(\theta)=0$  if m>l.

#### **Parameters**

/	The degree of the spherical associated Legendre function. $l>=0$ .
m	The order of the spherical associated Legendre function.
theta	The radian polar angle argument of the spherical associated Legendre function.

Definition at line 278 of file sf\_legendre.tcc.

References \_\_legendre\_p(), and \_\_log\_gamma().

Referenced by \_\_hydrogen(), and \_\_sph\_harmonic().

**9.3.2.308** \_\_sph\_neumann() [1/2]

Return the spherical Neumann function  $n_n(x)$  of order n and non-negative real argument x.

The spherical Neumann function is defined by:

$$n_n(x) = \left(\frac{\pi}{2x}\right)^{1/2} N_{n+1/2}(x)$$

# **Parameters**

_~	The order of the spherical Neumann function.
_n	
_~	The argument of the spherical Neumann function.
_X	

### Returns

The output spherical Neumann function.

Definition at line 814 of file sf\_bessel.tcc.

References \_\_sph\_bessel\_jn().

### **9.3.2.309** \_\_sph\_neumann() [2/2]

Return the complex spherical Neumann function.

#### **Parameters**

in	_~	The order for which the spherical Neumann function is evaluated.
	_n	
in	_←	The argument at which the spherical Neumann function is evaluated.
	_z	

#### Returns

The complex spherical Neumann function.

Definition at line 1290 of file sf\_hankel.tcc.

References \_\_sph\_hankel().

## 9.3.2.310 \_\_spouge\_binet1p()

Return the Binet function J(1+z) by the Spouge method. The Binet function is the log of the scaled Gamma function  $log(\Gamma^*(z))$  defined by

$$J(z) = \log(\Gamma^*(z)) = \log\left(\Gamma(z)\right) + z - \left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right)\log(z) - \log(2\pi)$$

or

$$\Gamma(z) = \sqrt{2\pi} z^{z-\frac{1}{2}} e^{-z} e^{J(z)}$$

where  $\Gamma(z)$  is the gamma function.

## **Parameters**

_←	The argument of the log of the gamma function.
_Z	

#### Returns

The logarithm of the gamma function.

Definition at line 1941 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_spouge\_log\_gamma1p().

#### 9.3.2.311 \_\_spouge\_log\_gamma1p()

Return the logarithm of the gamma function  $log(\Gamma(1+z))$  by the Spouge algorithm:

$$\Gamma(z+1) = (z+a)^{z+1/2} e^{-z-a} \left[ \sqrt{2\pi} + \sum_{k=1}^{\lceil a \rceil + 1} \frac{c_k(a)}{z+k} \right]$$

where

$$c_k(a) = \frac{(-1)^{k-1}}{(k-1)!} (a-k)^{k-1/2} e^{a-k}$$

and the error is bounded by

$$\epsilon(a) < a^{-1/2} (2\pi)^{-a-1/2}$$

.

If the argument is real, the log of the absolute value of the Gamma function is returned. The sign to be applied to the exponential of this log Gamma can be recovered with a call to <u>log\_gamma\_sign</u>.

For complex argument the fully complex log of the gamma function is returned.

#### See also

Spouge, J. L., Computation of the gamma, digamma, and trigamma functions. SIAM Journal on Numerical Analysis 31, 3 (1994), pp. 931-944

## **Parameters**

\_ ← The argument of the gamma function.

### Returns

The the gamma function.

Definition at line 1985 of file sf gamma.tcc.

References \_\_sin\_pi(), and \_\_spouge\_binet1p().

Referenced by \_\_log\_gamma().

## 9.3.2.312 \_\_stirling\_1()

Return the Stirling number of the first kind.

The Stirling numbers of the first kind are the coefficients of the Pocchammer polynomials:

$$(x)_n = \sum_{k=0}^n S_n^{(k)} x^k$$

The recursion is

$$S_{n+1}^{(m)} = S_n^{(m-1)} - n S_n^{(m)} \; \mathrm{or} \;$$

with starting values

$$S_0^{(0 \to m)} = 1, 0, 0, ..., 0$$

and

$$S_{0 \to n}^{(0)} = 1, 0, 0, ..., 0$$

**Todo** Find asymptotic solutions for the Stirling numbers of the first kind.

Develop an iterator model for Stirling numbers of the first kind.

Definition at line 300 of file sf\_stirling.tcc.

## 9.3.2.313 \_\_stirling\_1\_recur()

Return the Stirling number of the first kind by recursion. The recursion is

$$S_{n+1}^{(m)} = S_n^{(m-1)} - nS_n^{(m)}$$
 or

with starting values

$$S_0^{(0\to m)} = 1, 0, 0, ..., 0$$

and

$$S_{0 \to n}^{(0)} = 1, 0, 0, ..., 0$$

Definition at line 251 of file sf\_stirling.tcc.

## 9.3.2.314 \_\_stirling\_1\_series()

Return the Stirling number of the first kind by series expansion. N.B. This seems to be a total disaster.

Definition at line 196 of file sf stirling.tcc.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_parity().

### 9.3.2.315 \_\_stirling\_2()

Return the Stirling number of the second kind from lookup or by series expansion.

The series is:

$$\sigma_n^{(m)} = \sum_{k=0}^m \frac{(-1)^{m-k} k^n}{(m-k)! k!}$$

**Todo** Find asymptotic solutions for Stirling numbers of the second kind.

Develop an iterator model for Stirling numbers of the second kind.

Definition at line 159 of file sf stirling.tcc.

### 9.3.2.316 stirling 2 recur()

Return the Stirling number of the second kind by recursion. The recursion is

$${n \brace m} = m {n-1 \brace m} + {n-1 \brace m-1}$$

with starting values

and

The Stirling number of the second kind is denoted by other symbols in the literature:  $\sigma_n^{(m)}$ ,  $S_n^{(m)}$  and others. Definition at line 122 of file sf\_stirling.tcc.

## 9.3.2.317 \_\_stirling\_2\_series()

Return the Stirling number of the second kind from lookup or by series expansion.

The series is:

$$\sigma_n^{(m)} = \begin{Bmatrix} n \\ m \end{Bmatrix} = \sum_{k=0}^m \frac{(-1)^{m-k} k^n}{(m-k)! k!}$$

The Stirling number of the second kind is denoted by other symbols in the literature:  $\sigma_n^{(m)}$ ,  $S_n^{(m)}$  and others.

Todo Find a way to predict the maximum Stirling number for a type.

Definition at line 67 of file sf\_stirling.tcc.

### 9.3.2.318 \_\_student\_t\_p()

Return the Students T probability function.

The students T propability function is related to the incomplete beta function:

$$A(t|\nu) = 1 - I_{\frac{\nu}{\nu + t^2}}(\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1}{2})A(t|\nu) =$$

### **Parameters**



Definition at line 444 of file sf distributions.tcc.

References beta inc().

## 9.3.2.319 \_\_student\_t\_pdf()

Return the Students T probability density.

The students T propability density is:

$$A(t|\nu) = 1 - I_{\frac{\nu}{\nu + t^2}}(\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1}{2})A(t|\nu) =$$

#### **Parameters**



Definition at line 419 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

References \_\_gamma().

## 9.3.2.320 \_\_student\_t\_q()

Return the complement of the Students T probability function.

The complement of the students T propability function is:

$$A_c(t|\nu) = I_{\frac{\nu}{\nu+t^2}}(\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1}{2}) = 1 - A(t|\nu)$$

#### **Parameters**



Definition at line 467 of file sf distributions.tcc.

References \_\_beta\_inc().

```
9.3.2.321 __tan_pi() [1/2]
```

Return the reperiodized tangent of argument x:

$$tan_p i(x) = tan(\pi x)$$

Definition at line 153 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_digamma(), \_\_tan\_pi(), and \_\_tanh\_pi().

```
9.3.2.322 __tan_pi() [2/2]
```

Return the reperiodized tangent of complex argument z:

$$\tan_{\pi}(z) = \tan(\pi z) = \frac{\tan_{\pi}(x) + i \tanh_{\pi}(y)}{1 - i \tan_{\pi}(x) \tanh_{\pi}(y)}$$

Definition at line 275 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

References \_\_tan\_pi().

```
9.3.2.323 __tanh_pi() [1/2]
```

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic tangent of argument x:

$$\tanh_{\pi}(x) = \tanh(\pi x)$$

Definition at line 169 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

**9.3.2.324** \_\_tanh\_pi() [2/2]

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic tangent of complex argument z:

$$\tanh_{\pi}(z) = \tanh(\pi z) = \frac{\tanh_{\pi}(x) + i \tan_{\pi}(y)}{1 + i \tanh_{\pi}(x) \tan_{\pi}(y)}$$

Definition at line 298 of file sf trig.tcc.

References \_\_tan\_pi().

#### 9.3.2.325 \_\_tgamma()

Return the upper incomplete gamma function. The lower incomplete gamma function is defined by

$$\Gamma(a,x) = \int_{x}^{\infty} e^{-t} t^{a-1} dt (a > 0)$$

Definition at line 2903 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_integer(), \_\_gamma\_cont\_frac(), and \_\_gamma\_series().

Referenced by \_\_gamma\_q().

# 9.3.2.326 \_\_tgamma\_lower()

Return the lower incomplete gamma function. The lower incomplete gamma function is defined by

$$\gamma(a,x) = \int_0^x e^{-t} t^{a-1} dt (a > 0)$$

.

Definition at line 2868 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_integer(), \_\_gamma\_cont\_frac(), and \_\_gamma\_series().

Referenced by \_\_gamma\_p().

9.3.2.327 \_\_theta\_1()

Return the exponential theta-1 function of period nu and argument x.

The exponential theta-1 function is defined by

$$\theta_1(\nu, x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi x}} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} (-1)^k \exp\left(\frac{-(\nu + k - 1/2)^2}{x}\right)$$

### **Parameters**

nu	The periodic (period = 2) argument
x	The argument

Definition at line 212 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_zero(), and \_\_theta\_2().

Referenced by \_\_theta\_s().

9.3.2.328 \_\_theta\_2()

Return the exponential theta-2 function of period nu and argument x.

The exponential theta-2 function is defined by

$$\theta_2(\nu, x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi x}} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} (-1)^k \exp\left(\frac{-(\nu+k)^2}{x}\right)$$

### **Parameters**

nu	The periodic (period = 2) argument
x	The argument

Definition at line 184 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References \_\_theta\_2\_asymp(), and \_\_theta\_2\_sum().

Referenced by \_\_theta\_1(), and \_\_theta\_c().

### 9.3.2.329 \_\_theta\_2\_asymp()

Compute and return the exponential  $\theta_2$  function by asymptotic series expansion:

$$\theta_2(\nu, x) = 2\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} e^{-((k+1/2)\pi)^2 x} \cos((2k+1)\nu\pi)$$

Definition at line 120 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_theta\_2().

#### 9.3.2.330 \_\_theta\_2\_sum()

Compute and return the exponential  $\theta_2$  function by series expansion:

$$\theta_2(\nu, x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi x}} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} (-1)^k e^{-(\nu+k)^2/x}$$

Definition at line 56 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_theta\_2().

## 9.3.2.331 \_\_theta\_3()

Return the exponential theta-3 function of period nu and argument x.

The exponential theta-3 function is defined by

$$\theta_3(\nu, x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi x}} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \exp\left(\frac{-(\nu+k)^2}{x}\right)$$

#### **Parameters**

nu	The periodic (period = 1) argument
x	The argument

Definition at line 240 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References \_\_theta\_3\_asymp(), and \_\_theta\_3\_sum().

Referenced by \_\_theta\_4(), and \_\_theta\_d().

### 9.3.2.332 \_\_theta\_3\_asymp()

Compute and return the exponential  $\theta_3$  function by asymptotic series expansion:

$$\theta_3(\nu, x) = 1 + 2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} e^{-(k\pi)^2 x} \cos(2k\nu\pi)$$

Definition at line 150 of file sf theta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_theta\_3().

## 9.3.2.333 \_\_theta\_3\_sum()

Compute and return the exponential  $\theta_3$  function by series expansion:

$$\theta_3(\nu, x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi x}} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-(\nu+k)^2/x}$$

Definition at line 89 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_theta\_3().

9.3.2.334 \_\_theta\_4()

Return the exponential theta-4 function of period nu and argument x.

The exponential theta-4 function is defined by

$$\theta_4(\nu, x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi x}} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} (-1)^k \exp\left(\frac{-(\nu+k)^2}{x}\right)$$

### **Parameters**

nu	The periodic (period = 2) argument
x	The argument

Definition at line 268 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References \_\_theta\_3().

Referenced by \_\_theta\_n().

9.3.2.335 \_\_theta\_c()

Return the Neville  $\theta_c$  function

$$\theta_c(k,x) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2kK(k)}} \theta_1 \left( q(k), \frac{\pi x}{2K(k)} \right)$$

Definition at line 382 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References \_\_comp\_ellint\_1(), \_\_ellnome(), and \_\_theta\_2().

## 9.3.2.336 \_\_theta\_d()

Return the Neville  $\theta_d$  function

$$\theta_d(k,x) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2K(k)}} \theta_3\left(q(k), \frac{\pi x}{2K(k)}\right)$$

Definition at line 411 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References \_\_comp\_ellint\_1(), \_\_ellnome(), and \_\_theta\_3().

### 9.3.2.337 \_\_theta\_n()

Return the Neville  $\theta_n$  function

The Neville theta-n function is defined by

$$\theta_n(k,x) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2k'K(k)}} \theta_4\left(q(k), \frac{\pi x}{2K(k)}\right)$$

Definition at line 442 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References \_\_comp\_ellint\_1(), \_\_ellnome(), and \_\_theta\_4().

# 9.3.2.338 \_\_theta\_s()

Return the Neville  $\theta_s$  function

$$\theta_s(k,x) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2kk'K(k)}}\theta_1\left(q(k), \frac{\pi x}{2K(k)}\right)$$

Definition at line 352 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References \_\_comp\_ellint\_1(), \_\_ellnome(), and \_\_theta\_1().

9.3.2.339 \_\_tricomi\_u()

Return the Tricomi confluent hypergeometric function

$$U(a,c,x) = \frac{\Gamma(1-c)}{\Gamma(a-c+1)} {}_{1}F_{1}(a;c;x) + \frac{\Gamma(c-1)}{\Gamma(a)} x^{1-c} {}_{1}F_{1}(a-c+1;2-c;x)$$

Dawawa atau

#### **Parameters**

_~	The <i>numerator</i> parameter.
_a	
_~	The denominator parameter.
_c	
_~	The argument of the confluent hypergeometric function.
_x	

### Returns

The Tricomi confluent hypergeometric function.

Definition at line 402 of file sf\_hyperg.tcc.

References \_\_tricomi\_u\_naive().

9.3.2.340 \_\_tricomi\_u\_naive()

Return the Tricomi confluent hypergeometric function

$$U(a,c,x) = \frac{\Gamma(1-c)}{\Gamma(a-c+1)} {}_{1}F_{1}(a;c;x) + \frac{\Gamma(c-1)}{\Gamma(a)} x^{1-c} {}_{1}F_{1}(a-c+1;2-c;x)$$

.

#### **Parameters**

_~	The numerator parameter.
_a	
_←	The denominator parameter.
_c	
_~	The argument of the confluent hypergeometric function.
_x	

### Returns

The Tricomi confluent hypergeometric function.

Definition at line 368 of file sf\_hyperg.tcc.

References \_\_conf\_hyperg(), \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_fp\_is\_integer(), and \_\_gnu\_cxx::tgamma().

Referenced by \_\_tricomi\_u().

### 9.3.2.341 \_\_weibull\_p()

Return the Weibull cumulative probability density function.

The formula for the Weibull cumulative probability density function is

$$F(x|\lambda) = 1 - e^{-(x/b)^a} \text{ for } x >= 0$$

Definition at line 395 of file sf distributions.tcc.

### 9.3.2.342 \_\_weibull\_pdf()

Return the Weibull probability density function.

The formula for the Weibull probability density function is

$$f(x|a,b) = \frac{a}{b} \left(\frac{x}{b}\right)^{a-1} \exp{-\left(\frac{x}{b}\right)^a} \text{ for } x >= 0$$

Definition at line 374 of file sf distributions.tcc.

## 9.3.2.343 \_\_zernike()

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t<_Tp> std::__detail::__zernike (
         unsigned int __n,
          int __m,
          _Tp __rho,
          _Tp __phi )
```

Return the Zernicke polynomial  $Z_n^m(\rho,\phi)$  for non-negative integral degree n, signed integral order m, and real radial argument  $\rho$  and azimuthal angle  $\phi$ .

The even Zernicke polynomials are defined by:

$$Z_n^m(\rho,\phi) = R_n^m(\rho)\cos(m\phi)$$

and the odd Zernicke polynomials are defined by:

$$Z_n^{-m}(\rho,\phi) = R_n^m(\rho)\sin(m\phi)$$

for non-negative degree m and m <= n and where  $R_n^m(\rho)$  is the radial polynomial (

### See also

```
radial jacobi).
```

Principals of Optics, 7th edition, Max Born and Emil Wolf, Cambridge University Press, 1999, pp 523-525 and 905-910.

### **Template Parameters**

_Тр	The real type of the radial coordinate and azimuthal angle
-----	--

### **Parameters**

n	The non-negative integral degree.
m	The integral azimuthal order
rho	The radial coordinate
phi	The azimuthal angle

Definition at line 371 of file sf\_jacobi.tcc.

References \_\_radial\_jacobi().

## 9.3.2.344 \_\_znorm1()

Definition at line 58 of file sf\_owens\_t.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_owens\_t().

```
9.3.2.345 __znorm2()
```

Definition at line 47 of file sf\_owens\_t.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_owens\_t().

### 9.3.3 Variable Documentation

```
9.3.3.1 __max_FGH
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr int std::__detail::__max_FGH = _Airy_series<_Tp>::_N_FGH
```

Definition at line 178 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

```
9.3.3.2 __max_FGH< double >
```

```
template<>
constexpr int std::__detail::__max_FGH< double > = 79
```

Definition at line 184 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

```
9.3.3.3 __max_FGH< float >
```

```
template<>
constexpr int std::__detail::__max_FGH< float > = 15
```

Definition at line 181 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 9.3.3.4 \_Num\_Euler\_Maclaurin\_zeta

constexpr size\_t std::\_\_detail::\_Num\_Euler\_Maclaurin\_zeta = 100

Coefficients for Euler-Maclaurin summation of zeta functions.

$$B_{2i}/(2j)!$$

where  $B_k$  are the Bernoulli numbers.

Definition at line 117 of file sf zeta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_polylog\_exp\_neg().

### 9.3.3.5 \_Num\_Stieljes

constexpr size\_t std::\_\_detail::\_Num\_Stieljes = 21

Coefficients for the expansion of the Riemann zeta function:

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{s-1} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n!} \gamma_n (s-1)^n$$

 $\gamma_0 = \gamma_E$  the Euler-Masceroni constant.

http://www.plouffe.fr/simon/constants/stieltjesgamma.txt

Definition at line 83 of file sf\_zeta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_riemann\_zeta\_laurent().

### 9.3.3.6 \_S\_double\_factorial\_table

constexpr \_Factorial\_table<long double> std::\_\_detail::\_S\_double\_factorial\_table[301]

Definition at line 280 of file sf gamma.tcc.

Referenced by double factorial(), log double factorial(), and log factorial().

#### 9.3.3.7 \_S\_Euler\_Maclaurin\_zeta

constexpr long double std::\_\_detail::\_S\_Euler\_Maclaurin\_zeta[\_Num\_Euler\_Maclaurin\_zeta]

Definition at line 120 of file sf zeta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_hurwitz\_zeta\_euler\_maclaurin(), \_\_polylog\_exp\_neg(), and \_\_riemann\_zeta\_euler\_maclaurin().

```
9.3.3.8 _S_factorial_table
constexpr _Factorial_table<long double> std::__detail::_S_factorial_table[171]
Definition at line 90 of file sf_gamma.tcc.
Referenced by __factorial(), __gamma_reciprocal(), __log_factorial(), and __log_gamma().
9.3.3.9 _S_harmonic_denom
constexpr unsigned long std::__detail::_S_harmonic_denom[_S_num_harmonic_numer]
Definition at line 3252 of file sf_gamma.tcc.
Referenced by __harmonic_number().
9.3.3.10 S harmonic numer
constexpr unsigned long std::__detail::_S_harmonic_numer[_S_num_harmonic_numer]
Definition at line 3219 of file sf_gamma.tcc.
Referenced by harmonic number().
9.3.3.11 _S_neg_double_factorial_table
constexpr _Factorial_table<long double> std::__detail::_S_neg_double_factorial_table[999]
Definition at line 601 of file sf_gamma.tcc.
Referenced by __double_factorial(), and __log_double_factorial().
9.3.3.12 _S_num_double_factorials
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr std::size_t std::__detail::_S_num_double_factorials = 0
```

Definition at line 265 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

```
9.3.3.13 _S_num_double_factorials < double >
template<>
constexpr std::size_t std::__detail::_S_num_double_factorials< double > = 301
Definition at line 270 of file sf_gamma.tcc.
9.3.3.14 _S_num_double_factorials< float >
template<>
constexpr std::size_t std::__detail::_S_num_double_factorials< float > = 57
Definition at line 268 of file sf_gamma.tcc.
9.3.3.15 _S_num_double_factorials< long double >
template<>
constexpr std::size_t std::__detail::_S_num_double_factorials< long double > = 301
Definition at line 272 of file sf_gamma.tcc.
9.3.3.16 _S_num_factorials
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr std::size_t std::__detail::_S_num_factorials = 0
Definition at line 75 of file sf_gamma.tcc.
9.3.3.17 _S_num_factorials< double >
template<>
constexpr std::size_t std::__detail::_S_num_factorials< double > = 171
```

Definition at line 80 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

```
9.3.3.18 _{\rm S_num_factorials} < {\rm float} >
template<>
constexpr std::size_t std::__detail::_S_num_factorials< float > = 35
Definition at line 78 of file sf_gamma.tcc.
9.3.3.19 S_num_factorials < long double >
template<>
constexpr std::size_t std::__detail::_S_num_factorials< long double > = 171
Definition at line 82 of file sf_gamma.tcc.
9.3.3.20 _S_num_harmonic_numer
constexpr unsigned long long std::__detail::_S_num_harmonic_numer = 29
Definition at line 3216 of file sf_gamma.tcc.
Referenced by __harmonic_number().
9.3.3.21 S num neg double factorials
template<typename _{\rm Tp} >
constexpr std::size_t std::__detail::_S_num_neg_double_factorials = 0
Definition at line 585 of file sf_gamma.tcc.
9.3.3.22 _S_num_neg_double_factorials< double >
template<>
constexpr std::size_t std::__detail::_S_num_neg_double_factorials< double > = 150
```

Definition at line 590 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

```
9.3.3.23 _S_num_neg_double_factorials< float >
template<>
constexpr std::size_t std::__detail::_S_num_neg_double_factorials< float > = 27
Definition at line 588 of file sf gamma.tcc.
9.3.3.24 _S_num_neg_double_factorials< long double >
template<>
constexpr std::size_t std::__detail::_S_num_neg_double_factorials< long double > = 999
Definition at line 592 of file sf gamma.tcc.
9.3.3.25 S num zetam1
constexpr size_t std::__detail::_S_num_zetam1 = 121
Table of zeta(n) - 1 from 0 - 120. MPFR @ 128 bits precision.
Definition at line 580 of file sf zeta.tcc.
Referenced by __riemann_zeta_m_1().
9.3.3.26 S Stieljes
constexpr long double std::__detail::_S_Stieljes[_Num_Stieljes]
Initial value:
    +0.5772156649015328606065120900824024310421593359L,
    -0.0728158454836767248605863758749013191377363383L,
    -0.0096903631928723184845303860352125293590658061L,
    +0.0020538344203033458661600465427533842857158044L,
    +0.0023253700654673000574681701775260680009044694L,
    +0.0007933238173010627017533348774444448307315394L,
    -0.0002387693454301996098724218419080042777837151L
    -0.0005272895670577510460740975054788582819962534L,
    -0.0003521233538030395096020521650012087417291805L,
    -0.0000343947744180880481779146237982273906207895L,
    +0.00020533281490906479468372228923706530295985371
    +0.0002701844395439035266729020820679556738278420L
    +0.00016727291210514019335350154334118344660780661
    -0.0000274638066037601588600076036933551815267853L,
    -0.0002092092620592999458371396973445849578315442L
    -0.0002834686553202414466429344749971269770687029L,
    -0.0001996968583089697747077845632032403919157649L
    +0.0000262770371099183366994665976305101228160786L,
    +0.0003073684081492528265927547519486256455238112L,
    +0.0005036054530473556290555964377171600353212698L
    +0.0004663435615115594494005948244335505251131434L,
Definition at line 86 of file sf_zeta.tcc.
```

Referenced by \_\_riemann\_zeta\_laurent().

```
9.3.3.27 _S_zetam1
```

```
constexpr long double std::__detail::_S_zetam1[_S_num_zetam1]
```

Definition at line 584 of file sf\_zeta.tcc.

Referenced by \_\_riemann\_zeta\_m\_1().

# **Chapter 10**

# **Class Documentation**

```
{\bf 10.1 \quad \_gnu\_cxx::\_airy\_t} < {\bf \_Tx}, {\bf \_Tp} > {\bf Struct\ Template\ Reference}
```

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

• \_Tp \_\_Wronskian () const

Return the Wronskian of this Airy function state.

## **Public Attributes**

\_Tp \_\_Ai\_deriv

The derivative of the Airy function Ai.

\_Tp \_\_Ai\_value

The value of the Airy function Ai.

• \_Tp \_\_Bi\_deriv

The derivative of the Airy function Bi.

• \_Tp \_\_Bi\_value

The value of the Airy function Bi.

• \_Tx \_\_x\_arg

The argument of the Airy fuctions.

## 10.1.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} \begin{array}{l} template\!<\!typename\ \_Tx, typename\ \_Tp\!>\\ struct\ \_gnu\_cxx::\_airy\_t\!<\!\_Tx, \_Tp> \end{array}
```

Definition at line 352 of file specfun\_state.h.

#### 10.1.2 Member Function Documentation

## 10.1.2.1 \_\_Wronskian()

```
template<typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >::__Wronskian ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the Wronskian of this Airy function state.

Definition at line 370 of file specfun\_state.h.

#### 10.1.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.1.3.1 __Ai_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >::__Ai_deriv
```

The derivative of the Airy function Ai.

Definition at line 361 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.1.3.2 __Ai_value
```

```
template<typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >::__Ai_value
```

The value of the Airy function Ai.

Definition at line 358 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.1.3.3 __Bi_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >::__Bi_deriv
```

The derivative of the Airy function Bi.

Definition at line 367 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.1.3.4 __Bi_value
```

```
template<typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >::__Bi_value
```

The value of the Airy function Bi.

Definition at line 364 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.1.3.5 __x_arg
```

```
template<typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tx __gnu_cxx::__airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >::__x_arg
```

The argument of the Airy fuctions.

Definition at line 355 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

## 10.2 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_chebyshev\_t\_t< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- \_Tp deriv () const
- \_Tp deriv2 () const

### **Public Attributes**

- std::size\_t \_\_n
- \_Tp \_\_T\_n
- \_Tp \_\_T\_nm1
- \_Tp \_\_T\_nm2
- \_Tp \_\_x

## 10.2.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} $$ \ensuremath{\sf template}$ < typename _Tp> $$ \ensuremath{\sf struct} \_ gnu\_cxx:: \_chebyshev\_t\_t < _Tp> $$
```

A struct to store the state of a Chebyshev polynomial of the first kind.

Definition at line 201 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.2.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.2.2.1 deriv()
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_t_t< _Tp >::deriv ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 210 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.2.2.2 deriv2()
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_t_t< _Tp >::deriv2 ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 214 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.2.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.2.3.1 __n

template<typename _Tp >
std::size_t __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_t_t< _Tp >::__n
```

Definition at line 203 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.2.3.2 __T_n

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_t_t< _Tp >::__T_n
```

Definition at line 205 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.2.3.3 __T_nm1

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_t_t< _Tp >::__T_nm1
```

Definition at line 206 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.2.3.4 _T_nm2

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_t_t< _Tp >::__T_nm2
```

Definition at line 207 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.2.3.5 __x
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_t_t< _Tp >::__x
```

Definition at line 204 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

```
10.3 __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_u_t < _Tp > Struct Template Reference
```

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

• \_Tp deriv () const

#### **Public Attributes**

```
std::size_t __n
_Tp __U_n
_Tp __U_nm1
_Tp __U_nm2
_Tp __x
```

## 10.3.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} $$ \ensuremath{\sf template}$$ < \ensuremath{\sf typename} $$_{\tt Tp}>$$ \ensuremath{\sf struct} $$ \_ gnu\_cxx::\_chebyshev\_u\_t < $$_{\tt Tp}>$$
```

A struct to store the state of a Chebyshev polynomial of the second kind.

Definition at line 228 of file specfun\_state.h.

#### 10.3.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.3.2.1 deriv()

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_u_t< _Tp >::deriv ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 237 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.3.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.3.3.1 __n

template<typename _Tp >
std::size_t __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_u_t< _Tp >::__n
```

Definition at line 230 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.3.3.2 __U_n
template<typename _Tp >
```

Definition at line 232 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.3.3.3 _U_nm1

template<typename _Tp >
   _Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_u_t< _Tp >::__U_nm1
```

Definition at line 233 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.3.3.4 __U_nm2

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_u_t< _Tp >::__U_nm2
```

Definition at line 234 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.3.3.5 __x
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_u_t< _Tp >::__x
```

Definition at line 231 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

```
10.4 \_gnu_cxx::\_chebyshev_v_t< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference
```

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

• \_Tp deriv () const

#### **Public Attributes**

```
std::size_t __n_Tp __V_n_Tp __V_nm1_Tp __V_nm2
```

• \_Tp \_\_x

## 10.4.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} $$ \ensuremath{\sf template}$$ < \ensuremath{\sf typename}$ _Tp> $$ \ensuremath{\sf struct}$ _gnu_cxx::_chebyshev_v_t<_Tp> $$
```

A struct to store the state of a Chebyshev polynomial of the third kind.

Definition at line 248 of file specfun\_state.h.

#### 10.4.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.4.2.1 deriv()
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_v_t< _Tp >::deriv ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 257 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.4.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.4.3.1 __n
template<typename _Tp >
std::size_t __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_v_t< _Tp >::__n
```

Definition at line 250 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.4.3.2 __V_n
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_v_t< _Tp >::__V_n
```

Definition at line 252 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.4.3.3 __V_nm1
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_v_t< _Tp >::__V_nm1
```

Definition at line 253 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.4.3.4 __V_nm2
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_v_t< _Tp >::__V_nm2
```

Definition at line 254 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.4.3.5 __x
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_v_t< _Tp >::__x
```

Definition at line 251 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

## 10.5 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_chebyshev\_w\_t < \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

• \_Tp deriv () const

#### **Public Attributes**

```
std::size_t __n
_Tp __W_n
_Tp __W_nm1
_Tp __W_nm2
_Tp __x
```

## 10.5.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} $$ \ensuremath{\sf template}$$ < \ensuremath{\sf typename} \ensuremath{\sf Tp} > $$ \ensuremath{\sf struct} \ensuremath{\sf \_gnu\_cxx::\_chebyshev\_w\_t} < \ensuremath{\sf \_Tp} > $$
```

A struct to store the state of a Chebyshev polynomial of the fourth kind.

Definition at line 270 of file specfun\_state.h.

#### 10.5.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.5.2.1 deriv()

template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_w_t< _Tp >::deriv ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 279 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.5.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.5.3.1 __n
template<typename _Tp >
std::size_t __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_w_t< _Tp >::__n
```

Definition at line 272 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.5.3.2 __W_n
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_w_t< _Tp >::__W_n
```

Definition at line 274 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.5.3.3 __W_nm1
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_w_t< _Tp >::__W_nm1
```

Definition at line 275 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.5.3.4 __W_nm2
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_w_t< _Tp >::__W_nm2
```

Definition at line 276 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.5.3.5 __x
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_w_t< _Tp >::__x
```

Definition at line 273 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

## 10.6 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_cyl\_bessel\_t< \_Tnu, \_Tx, \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

• \_Tp \_\_Wronskian () const

Return the Wronskian of this cylindrical Bessel function state.

#### **Public Attributes**

```
• _Tp __J_deriv
```

The derivative of the Bessel function of the first kind.

\_Tp \_\_J\_value

The value of the Bessel function of the first kind.

\_Tp \_\_N\_deriv

The derivative of the Bessel function of the second kind.

\_Tp \_\_N\_value

The value of the Bessel function of the second kind.

• \_Tnu \_\_nu\_arg

The real order of the cylindrical Bessel functions.

\_Tx \_\_x\_arg

The argument of the cylindrical Bessel functions.

## 10.6.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} $$\operatorname{typename\_Tnu}$, typename\_Tp> $\operatorname{struct\_gnu\_cxx::\_cyl\_bessel\_t<\_Tnu}$, $$\operatorname{Tx}$, $$\operatorname{Tp}$>
```

This struct captures the state of the cylindrical Bessel functions at a given order and argument.

Definition at line 405 of file specfun state.h.

#### 10.6.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.6.2.1 __Wronskian()
```

```
template<typename _Tnu , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__Wronskian ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the Wronskian of this cylindrical Bessel function state.

Definition at line 426 of file specfun state.h.

#### 10.6.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.6.3.1 __J_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tnu , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__J_deriv
```

The derivative of the Bessel function of the first kind.

Definition at line 417 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.6.3.2 __J_value
```

```
template<typename _Tnu , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__J_value
```

The value of the Bessel function of the first kind.

Definition at line 414 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.6.3.3 __N_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tnu , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__N_deriv
```

The derivative of the Bessel function of the second kind.

Definition at line 423 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.6.3.4 N_value
```

```
template<typename _Tnu , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__N_value
```

The value of the Bessel function of the second kind.

Definition at line 420 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.6.3.5 __nu_arg
```

```
template<typename _Tnu , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tnu __gnu_cxx::__cyl_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__nu_arg
```

The real order of the cylindrical Bessel functions.

Definition at line 408 of file specfun state.h.

#### 10.6.3.6 \_\_x\_arg

```
template<typename _Tnu , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tx __gnu_cxx::__cyl_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__x_arg
```

The argument of the cylindrical Bessel functions.

Definition at line 411 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

## 10.7 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_cyl\_coulomb\_t< \_Teta, \_Trho, \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

\_Tp \_\_Wronskian () const

Return the Wronskian of this Coulomb function state.

### **Public Attributes**

\_Teta \_\_eta\_arg

The real parameter of the Coulomb functions.

\_Tp \_\_F\_deriv

The derivative of the regular Coulomb function.

\_Tp \_\_F\_value

The value of the regular Coulomb function.

• \_Tp \_\_G\_deriv

The derivative of the irregular Coulomb function.

\_Tp \_\_G\_value

The value of the irregular Coulomb function.

unsigned int \_\_\_\_

The nonnegative order of the Coulomb functions.

\_Trho\_arg

The argument of the Coulomb functions.

## 10.7.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} $$ \operatorname{typename\_Teta}, typename\_Trho, typename\_Tp> \\ \operatorname{struct\_gnu\_cxx::\_cyl\_coulomb\_t} < \operatorname{_Teta}, \operatorname{_Trho}, \operatorname{_Tp}>
```

This struct captures the state of the Coulomb functions at a given order and argument.

Definition at line 435 of file specfun\_state.h.

#### 10.7.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.7.2.1 __Wronskian()
```

```
template<typename _Teta , typename _Trho , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_coulomb_t< _Teta, _Trho, _Tp >::__Wronskian ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the Wronskian of this Coulomb function state.

Definition at line 459 of file specfun\_state.h.

#### 10.7.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.7.3.1 __eta_arg
```

```
template<typename _Teta , typename _Trho , typename _Tp >
_Teta __gnu_cxx::__cyl_coulomb_t< _Teta, _Trho, _Tp >::__eta_arg
```

The real parameter of the Coulomb functions.

Definition at line 441 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.7.3.2 __F_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Teta , typename _Trho , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_coulomb_t< _Teta, _Trho, _Tp >::__F_deriv
```

The derivative of the regular Coulomb function.

Definition at line 450 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.7.3.3 __F_value
```

```
template<typename _Teta , typename _Trho , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_coulomb_t< _Teta, _Trho, _Tp >::__F_value
```

The value of the regular Coulomb function.

Definition at line 447 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.7.3.4 __G_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Teta , typename _Trho , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_coulomb_t< _Teta, _Trho, _Tp >::__G_deriv
```

The derivative of the irregular Coulomb function.

Definition at line 456 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.7.3.5 G value
```

```
template<typename _Teta , typename _Trho , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_coulomb_t< _Teta, _Trho, _Tp >::__G_value
```

The value of the irregular Coulomb function.

Definition at line 453 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.7.3.6 __I
```

```
template<typename _Teta , typename _Trho , typename _Tp >
unsigned int __gnu_cxx::__cyl_coulomb_t< _Teta, _Trho, _Tp >::__l
```

The nonnegative order of the Coulomb functions.

Definition at line 438 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.7.3.7 __rho_arg
```

```
template<typename _Teta , typename _Trho , typename _Tp >
_Trho __gnu_cxx::__cyl_coulomb_t< _Teta, _Trho, _Tp >::__rho_arg
```

The argument of the Coulomb functions.

Definition at line 444 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/bits/specfun state.h

## 10.8 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_cyl\_hankel\_t< \_Tnu, \_Tx, \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

• \_Tp \_\_Wronskian () const

Return the Wronskian of this cylindrical Hankel function state.

### **Public Attributes**

\_Tp \_\_H1\_deriv

The derivative of the cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind.

\_Tp \_\_H1\_value

The value of the cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind.

\_Tp \_\_H2\_deriv

The derivative of the cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind.

\_Tp \_\_H2\_value

The value of the cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind.

• \_Tnu \_\_nu\_arg

The real order of the cylindrical Hankel functions.

\_Tx \_\_x\_arg

The argument of the modified Hankel functions.

## 10.8.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} $$ \operatorname{typename\_Tnu, typename\_Tp} $$ \operatorname{struct\_gnu\_cxx::\_cyl\_hankel\_t<\_Tnu, \_Tx, \_Tp} $$
```

\_Tp pretty much has to be complex.

Definition at line 502 of file specfun state.h.

#### 10.8.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 10.8.2.1 \_\_Wronskian()

```
template<typename _Tnu, typename _Tx, typename _Tp>
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_hankel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__Wronskian ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the Wronskian of this cylindrical Hankel function state.

Definition at line 523 of file specfun\_state.h.

#### 10.8.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.8.3.1 __H1_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tnu, typename _Tx, typename _Tp>
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_hankel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__Hl_deriv
```

The derivative of the cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind.

Definition at line 514 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.8.3.2 __H1_value
```

```
template<typename _Tnu, typename _Tx, typename _Tp>
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_hankel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__H1_value
```

The value of the cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind.

Definition at line 511 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.8.3.3 __H2_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tnu, typename _Tx, typename _Tp>
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_hankel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__H2_deriv
```

The derivative of the cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind.

Definition at line 520 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.8.3.4 __H2_value
```

```
template<typename _Tnu, typename _Tx, typename _Tp>
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_hankel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__H2_value
```

The value of the cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind.

Definition at line 517 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.8.3.5 __nu_arg
```

```
template<typename _Tnu, typename _Tx, typename _Tp>
_Tnu __gnu_cxx::__cyl_hankel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__nu_arg
```

The real order of the cylindrical Hankel functions.

Definition at line 505 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.8.3.6 __x_arg
```

```
template<typename _Tnu, typename _Tx, typename _Tp>
_Tx __gnu_cxx::__cyl_hankel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__x_arg
```

The argument of the modified Hankel functions.

Definition at line 508 of file specfun state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/bits/specfun state.h

## 10.9 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_cyl\_mod\_bessel\_t< \_Tnu, \_Tx, \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

• \_Tp \_\_Wronskian () const

Return the Wronskian of this modified cylindrical Bessel function state.

#### **Public Attributes**

• \_Tp \_\_l\_deriv

The derivative of the modified cylindrical Bessel function of the first kind.

• \_Tp \_\_l\_value

The value of the modified cylindrical Bessel function of the first kind.

\_Tp \_\_K\_deriv

The derivative of the modified cylindrical Bessel function of the second kind.

\_Tp \_\_K\_value

The value of the modified cylindrical Bessel function of the second kind.

• \_Tnu \_\_nu\_arg

The real order of the modified cylindrical Bessel functions.

• \_Tx \_\_x\_arg

The argument of the modified cylindrical Bessel functions.

## 10.9.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tnu, typename _Tx, typename _Tp> struct __gnu_cxx::__cyl_mod_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >
```

This struct captures the state of the modified cylindrical Bessel functions at a given order and argument.

Definition at line 468 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.9.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.9.2.1 __Wronskian()
```

```
template<typename _Tnu , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_mod_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__Wronskian ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the Wronskian of this modified cylindrical Bessel function state.

Definition at line 494 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.9.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.9.3.1 __l_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tnu , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_mod_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__I_deriv
```

The derivative of the modified cylindrical Bessel function of the first kind.

Definition at line 482 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.9.3.2 __l_value
```

```
template<typename _Tnu , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_mod_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__I_value
```

The value of the modified cylindrical Bessel function of the first kind.

Definition at line 478 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.9.3.3 K deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tnu , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_mod_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__K_deriv
```

The derivative of the modified cylindrical Bessel function of the second kind.

Definition at line 490 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.9.3.4 __K_value
```

```
template<typename _Tnu , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__cyl_mod_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__K_value
```

The value of the modified cylindrical Bessel function of the second kind.

Definition at line 486 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.9.3.5 __nu_arg
```

```
template<typename _Tnu , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tnu __gnu_cxx::__cyl_mod_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__nu_arg
```

The real order of the modified cylindrical Bessel functions.

Definition at line 471 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.9.3.6 __x_arg
```

```
template<typename _Tnu , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tx __gnu_cxx::__cyl_mod_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >::__x_arg
```

The argument of the modified cylindrical Bessel functions.

Definition at line 474 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

## 10.10 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fock\_airy\_t< \_Tx, \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

• \_Tp \_\_Wronskian () const

Return the Wronskian of this Fock-type Airy function state.

### **Public Attributes**

\_Tp \_\_w1\_deriv

The derivative of the Fock-type Airy function w1.

• \_Tp \_\_w1\_value

The value of the Fock-type Airy function w1.

\_Tp \_\_w2\_deriv

The derivative of the Fock-type Airy function w2.

• \_Tp \_\_w2\_value

The value of the Fock-type Airy function w2.

• \_Tx \_\_x\_arg

The argument of the Fock-type Airy fuctions.

## 10.10.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} $$ \ensuremath{\sf template}$$ < typename _Tx, typename _Tp> $$ \ensuremath{\sf struct}$ \_gnu_cxx::__fock_airy_t< _Tx, _Tp> $$
```

\_Tp pretty much has to be complex.

Definition at line 378 of file specfun\_state.h.

### 10.10.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.10.2.1 __Wronskian()
```

```
template<typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__fock_airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >::__Wronskian ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the Wronskian of this Fock-type Airy function state.

Definition at line 396 of file specfun\_state.h.

#### 10.10.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.10.3.1 __w1_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__fock_airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >::__wl_deriv
```

The derivative of the Fock-type Airy function w1.

Definition at line 387 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.10.3.2 __w1_value
```

```
template<typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__fock_airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >::__wl_value
```

The value of the Fock-type Airy function w1.

Definition at line 384 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.10.3.3 __w2_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__fock_airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >::__w2_deriv
```

The derivative of the Fock-type Airy function w2.

Definition at line 393 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.10.3.4 __w2_value
```

```
template<typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__fock_airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >::__w2_value
```

The value of the Fock-type Airy function w2.

Definition at line 390 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.10.3.5 __x_arg
```

```
template<typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tx __gnu_cxx::__fock_airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >::__x_arg
```

The argument of the Fock-type Airy fuctions.

Definition at line 381 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

## 10.11 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_fp\_is\_integer\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <math_util.h>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- · operator bool () const
- int operator() () const

## **Public Attributes**

- bool \_\_is\_integral
- int value

## 10.11.1 Detailed Description

A struct returned by floating point integer queries.

Definition at line 123 of file math\_util.h.

## 10.11.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.11.2.1 operator bool()
```

```
__gnu_cxx::__fp_is_integer_t::operator bool ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 132 of file math\_util.h.

References \_\_is\_integral.

#### 10.11.2.2 operator()()

```
int __gnu_cxx::__fp_is_integer_t::operator() ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 137 of file math\_util.h.

References \_\_value.

#### 10.11.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.11.3.1 __is_integral
```

```
bool __gnu_cxx::__fp_is_integer_t::__is_integral
```

Definition at line 126 of file math\_util.h.

Referenced by operator bool().

```
10.11.3.2 __value
```

```
int __gnu_cxx::__fp_is_integer_t::__value
```

Definition at line 129 of file math\_util.h.

Referenced by operator()().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/ext/math util.h

## 10.12 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_gamma\_inc\_t< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

#### **Public Attributes**

• \_Tp \_\_lgamma\_value

The value of the log of the incomplete gamma function.

• \_Tp \_\_tgamma\_value

The value of the total gamma function.

## 10.12.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> struct __gnu_cxx::__gamma_inc_t< _Tp >
```

The sign of the exponentiated log(gamma) is appied to the tgamma value.

Definition at line 641 of file specfun state.h.

#### 10.12.2 Member Data Documentation

```
10.12.2.1 __lgamma_value
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__gamma_inc_t< _Tp >::__lgamma_value
```

The value of the log of the incomplete gamma function.

Definition at line 646 of file specfun state.h.

10.12.2.2 \_\_tgamma\_value

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__gamma_inc_t< _Tp >::__tgamma_value
```

The value of the total gamma function.

Definition at line 644 of file specfun state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun state.h

## 10.13 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_gamma\_temme\_t < \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

A structure for the gamma functions required by the Temme series expansions of  $N_{\nu}(x)$  and  $K_{\nu}(x)$ .

$$\Gamma_1 = \frac{1}{2\mu} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} - \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

and

$$\Gamma_2 = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} + \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

where  $-1/2 <= \mu <= 1/2$  is  $\mu = \nu - N$  and N. is the nearest integer to  $\nu$ . The values of  $\Gamma(1+\mu)$  and  $\Gamma(1-\mu)$  are returned as well.

#include <specfun\_state.h>

#### **Public Attributes**

• \_Tp \_\_gamma\_1\_value

The output function  $\Gamma_1(\mu)$ .

• \_Tp \_\_gamma\_2\_value

The output function  $\Gamma_2(\mu)$ .

· Tp gamma minus value

The output function  $1/\Gamma(1-\mu)$ .

• \_Tp \_\_gamma\_plus\_value

The output function  $1/\Gamma(1+\mu)$ .

\_Tp \_\_mu\_arg

The input parameter of the gamma functions.

## 10.13.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> struct __gnu_cxx::__gamma_temme_t< _Tp >
```

A structure for the gamma functions required by the Temme series expansions of  $N_{\nu}(x)$  and  $K_{\nu}(x)$ .

$$\Gamma_1 = \frac{1}{2\mu} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} - \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

and

$$\Gamma_2 = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} + \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

where  $-1/2 <= \mu <= 1/2$  is  $\mu = \nu - N$  and N. is the nearest integer to  $\nu$ . The values of  $\Gamma(1+\mu)$  and  $\Gamma(1-\mu)$  are returned as well.

The accuracy requirements on this are high for  $|\mu| < 0$ .

Definition at line 669 of file specfun\_state.h.

#### 10.13.2 Member Data Documentation

```
10.13.2.1 __gamma_1_value
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__gamma_temme_t< _Tp >::__gamma_1_value
```

The output function  $\Gamma_1(\mu)$ .

Definition at line 681 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.13.2.2 __gamma_2_value
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__gamma_temme_t< _Tp >::__gamma_2_value
```

The output function  $\Gamma_2(\mu)$ .

Definition at line 684 of file specfun\_state.h.

10.13.2.3 \_\_gamma\_minus\_value

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__gamma_temme_t< _Tp >::__gamma_minus_value
```

The output function  $1/\Gamma(1-\mu)$ .

Definition at line 678 of file specfun\_state.h.

10.13.2.4 \_\_gamma\_plus\_value

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__gamma_temme_t< _Tp >::__gamma_plus_value
```

The output function  $1/\Gamma(1+\mu)$ .

Definition at line 675 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.13.2.5 __mu_arg
template<typename _Tp >
```

\_Tp \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_gamma\_temme\_t< \_Tp >::\_\_mu\_arg

The input parameter of the gamma functions.

Definition at line 672 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

## 10.14 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_gappa\_pq\_t< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

#### **Public Attributes**

- \_Tp \_\_gappa\_p\_value
- \_Tp \_\_gappa\_q\_value

## 10.14.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} \begin{array}{l} template < typename \ \_Tp> \\ struct \ \_gnu\_cxx:: \ \_gappa\_pq\_t < \ \_Tp> \end{array}
```

Definition at line 614 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.14.2 Member Data Documentation

```
10.14.2.1 __gappa_p_value
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__gappa_pq_t< _Tp >::__gappa_p_value
```

Definition at line 617 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.14.2.2 __gappa_q_value
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__gappa_pq_t< _Tp >::__gappa_q_value
```

Definition at line 620 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

## 10.15 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_gegenbauer\_t< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

• Tp deriv () const

## **Public Attributes**

```
_Tp __C_n_Tp __C_nm1_Tp __C_nm2_Tp __lambda
```

std::size\_t \_\_n

• \_Tp \_\_x

## 10.15.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> struct __gnu_cxx::__gegenbauer_t< _Tp >
```

A struct to store the state of a Gegenbauer polynomial.

Definition at line 178 of file specfun state.h.

#### 10.15.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.15.2.1 deriv()

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__gegenbauer_t< _Tp >::deriv ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 188 of file specfun\_state.h.

### 10.15.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.15.3.1 __C_n

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__gegenbauer_t< _Tp >::__C_n
```

Definition at line 183 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.15.3.2 __C_nm1
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__gegenbauer_t< _Tp >::__C_nm1
```

Definition at line 184 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.15.3.3 __C_nm2
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__gegenbauer_t< _Tp >::__C_nm2
```

Definition at line 185 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.15.3.4 __lambda
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__gegenbauer_t< _Tp >::__lambda
```

Definition at line 181 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.15.3.5 __n
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
std::size_t __gnu_cxx::__gegenbauer_t< _Tp >::__n
```

Definition at line 180 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.15.3.6 __x
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__gegenbauer_t< _Tp >::__x
```

Definition at line 182 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/bits/specfun\_state.h

## 10.16 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_hermite\_he\_t < \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

- \_Tp deriv () const
- \_Tp deriv2 () const

### **Public Attributes**

```
• _Tp __He_n
```

- \_Tp \_\_He\_nm1
- \_Tp \_\_He\_nm2
- std::size\_t \_\_n
- \_Tp \_\_x

## 10.16.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> struct __gnu_cxx::__hermite_he_t< _Tp >
```

A struct to store the state of a probabilists Hermite polynomial.

Definition at line 97 of file specfun\_state.h.

#### 10.16.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.16.2.1 deriv()
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__hermite_he_t< _Tp >::deriv ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 106 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.16.2.2 deriv2()

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__hermite_he_t< _Tp >::deriv2 ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 110 of file specfun state.h.

## 10.16.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.16.3.1 __He_n

template<typename _Tp >
   _Tp __gnu_cxx::__hermite_he_t< _Tp >::__He_n
```

Definition at line 101 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.16.3.2 __He_nm1

template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__hermite_he_t< _Tp >::__He_nm1
```

Definition at line 102 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.16.3.3 __He_nm2

template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__hermite_he_t< _Tp >::__He_nm2
```

Definition at line 103 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.16.3.4 __n

template<typename _Tp >
std::size_t __gnu_cxx::__hermite_he_t< _Tp >::__n
```

Definition at line 99 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.16.3.5 __x

template<typename _Tp >
   _Tp __gnu_cxx::__hermite_he_t< _Tp >::__x
```

Definition at line 100 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

## 10.17 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_hermite\_t< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- \_Tp deriv () const
- \_Tp deriv2 () const

## **Public Attributes**

- \_Tp \_\_H\_n
- \_Tp \_\_H\_nm1
- \_Tp \_\_H\_nm2
- std::size\_t \_\_n
- \_Tp \_\_x

## 10.17.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> struct __gnu_cxx::_hermite_t< _Tp >
```

A struct to store the state of a Hermite polynomial.

Definition at line 76 of file specfun\_state.h.

#### 10.17.2 Member Function Documentation

## 10.17.2.1 deriv()

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__hermite_t< _Tp >::deriv ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 85 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.17.2.2 deriv2()

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__hermite_t< _Tp >::deriv2 ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 89 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.17.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.17.3.1 __H_n
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__hermite_t< _Tp >::__H_n
```

Definition at line 80 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.17.3.2 __H_nm1
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__hermite_t< _Tp >::__H_nml
```

Definition at line 81 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.17.3.3 __H_nm2
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__hermite_t< _Tp >::__H_nm2
```

Definition at line 82 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.17.3.4 __n

template<typename _Tp >
std::size_t __gnu_cxx::__hermite_t< _Tp >::__n
```

Definition at line 78 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.17.3.5 __x
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__hermite_t< _Tp >::__x
```

Definition at line 79 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

# 10.18 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_jacobi\_ellint\_t< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

- \_Tp \_\_am () const
- \_Tp \_\_cd () const
- \_Tp \_\_cn\_deriv () const
- \_Tp \_\_cs () const
- \_Tp \_\_dc () const
- \_Tp \_\_ds () const
- \_Tp \_\_nc () const
- \_Tp \_\_nd () const
- \_Tp \_\_ns () const
- \_Tp \_\_sc () const
- \_Tp \_\_sd () const
- \_Tp \_\_sn\_deriv () const

## **Public Attributes**

```
    _Tp __cn_value
```

Jacobi cosine amplitude value.

\_Tp \_\_dn\_value

Jacobi delta amplitude value.

• \_Tp \_\_sn\_value

Jacobi sine amplitude value.

## 10.18.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} $$ \ensuremath{\sf template}$$ < typename $$_Tp>$ $$ \ensuremath{\sf struct}$$ \_gnu\_cxx:: _jacobi_ellint_t< $$_Tp>$ $$
```

Slots for Jacobi elliptic function tuple.

Definition at line 303 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.18.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.18.2.1 __am()

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >::__am ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 314 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.18.2.2 __cd()

template<typename _Tp >
   _Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >::__cd ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 332 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.18.2.3 __cn_deriv()

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >::__cn_deriv ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 347 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.18.2.4 __cs()

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >::__cs ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 335 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.18.2.5 __dc()

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >::__dc ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 341 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.18.2.6 __ds()

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >::__ds ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 338 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.18.2.7 __nc()

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >::__nc ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 320 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.18.2.8 __nd()

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >::__nd ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 323 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.18.2.9 __ns()

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >::__ns ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 317 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.18.2.10 __sc()
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >::__sc ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 326 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.18.2.11 __sd()
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >::__sd ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 329 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.18.2.12 __sn_deriv()
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >::__sn_deriv ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 344 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.18.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.18.3.1 __cn_value
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >::__cn_value
```

Jacobi cosine amplitude value.

Definition at line 309 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.18.3.2 __dn_value
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >::__dn_value
```

Jacobi delta amplitude value.

Definition at line 312 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.18.3.3 __sn_value
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp >::__sn_value
```

Jacobi sine amplitude value.

Definition at line 306 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

# 10.19 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_jacobi\_t< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

• \_Tp deriv () const

## **Public Attributes**

- \_Tp \_\_alpha1
- Tp beta1
- std::size\_t \_\_n
- \_Tp \_\_P\_n
- \_Tp \_\_P\_nm1
- \_Tp \_\_P\_nm2
- \_Tp \_\_x

## 10.19.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> struct __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_t< _Tp>
```

A struct to store the state of a Jacobi polynomial.

Definition at line 154 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.19.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.19.2.1 deriv()
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_t< _Tp >::deriv ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 165 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.19.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.19.3.1 __alpha1
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_t< _Tp >::__alpha1
```

Definition at line 157 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.19.3.2 __beta1
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_t< _Tp >::__beta1
```

Definition at line 158 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.19.3.3 __n

template<typename _Tp >
std::size_t __gnu_cxx::_jacobi_t< _Tp >::__n
```

Definition at line 156 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.19.3.4 __P_n
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_t< _Tp >::__P_n
```

Definition at line 160 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.19.3.5 _P_nm1

template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_t< _Tp >::__P_nm1
```

Definition at line 161 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.19.3.6 __P_nm2
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_t< _Tp >::__P_nm2
```

Definition at line 162 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.19.3.7 __x
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__jacobi_t< _Tp >::__x
```

Definition at line 159 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/bits/specfun\_state.h

# 10.20 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_laguerre\_t< \_Tpa, \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

#include <specfun\_state.h>

#### **Public Member Functions**

• \_Tp deriv () const

## **Public Attributes**

```
• _Tpa __alpha1
```

- \_Tp \_\_L\_n
- \_Tp \_\_L\_nm1
- \_Tp \_\_L\_nm2
- std::size\_t \_\_n
- \_Tp \_\_x

## 10.20.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tpa, typename _Tp> struct __gnu_cxx::__laguerre_t< _Tpa, _Tp >
```

A struct to store the state of a Laguerre polynomial.

Definition at line 136 of file specfun state.h.

## 10.20.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.20.2.1 deriv()
```

```
template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::_laguerre_t< _Tpa, _Tp >::deriv ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 146 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.20.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.20.3.1 __alpha1
```

```
template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tp >
_Tpa __gnu_cxx::__laguerre_t< _Tpa, _Tp >::__alpha1
```

Definition at line 139 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.20.3.2 __L_n
```

```
template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__laguerre_t< _Tpa, _Tp >::__L_n
```

Definition at line 141 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.20.3.3 __L_nm1
```

```
template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::_laguerre_t< _Tpa, _Tp >::__L_nm1
```

Definition at line 142 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.20.3.4 __L_nm2
```

```
template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::_laguerre_t< _Tpa, _Tp >::__L_nm2
```

Definition at line 143 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.20.3.5 __n
```

```
template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tp >
std::size_t __gnu_cxx::_laguerre_t< _Tpa, _Tp >::__n
```

Definition at line 138 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.20.3.6 __x
```

```
template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__laguerre_t< _Tpa, _Tp >::__x
```

Definition at line 140 of file specfun state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun state.h

# 10.21 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_legendre\_p\_t< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

\_Tp deriv () const

## **Public Attributes**

- std::size\_t \_\_\_
- \_Tp \_\_P\_I
- \_Tp \_\_P\_lm1
- \_Tp \_\_P\_lm2
- \_Tp \_\_z

## 10.21.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> struct __gnu_cxx::__legendre_p_t< _Tp >
```

A struct to store the state of a Legendre polynomial.

Definition at line 118 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.21.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.21.2.1 deriv()
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__legendre_p_t< _Tp >::deriv ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 128 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.21.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.21.3.1 __I

template<typename _Tp >
std::size_t __gnu_cxx::_legendre_p_t< _Tp >::__l
```

Definition at line 120 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.21.3.2 _P_I

template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::_legendre_p_t< _Tp >::__P_1
```

Definition at line 122 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.21.3.3 _P_lm1

template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__legendre_p_t< _Tp >::__P_lm1
```

Definition at line 123 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.21.3.4 __P_im2

template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__legendre_p_t< _Tp >::__P_lm2
```

Definition at line 124 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.21.3.5 __z
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__legendre_p_t< _Tp >::__z
```

Definition at line 121 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun state.h

# 10.22 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_lgamma\_t< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

## **Public Attributes**

• int \_\_lgamma\_sign

The sign of the exponent of the log gamma value.

• \_Tp \_\_lgamma\_value

The value log gamma function.

## 10.22.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp>
struct __gnu_cxx::__lgamma_t< _Tp>
```

The log of the absolute value of the gamma function The sign of the exponentiated log(gamma) is stored in sign.

Definition at line 628 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.22.2 Member Data Documentation

```
10.22.2.1 __lgamma_sign
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
int __gnu_cxx::__lgamma_t< _Tp >::__lgamma_sign
```

The sign of the exponent of the log gamma value.

Definition at line 634 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.22.2.2 __lgamma_value
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__lgamma_t< _Tp >::__lgamma_value
```

The value log gamma function.

Definition at line 631 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

# 10.23 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_quadrature\_point\_t< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- \_\_quadrature\_point\_t ()=default
- \_\_quadrature\_point\_t (\_Tp \_\_pt, \_Tp \_\_wt)

## **Public Attributes**

- \_Tp \_\_point
- \_Tp \_\_weight

## 10.23.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> struct __gnu_cxx::__quadrature_point_t< _Tp >
```

A structure to store quadrature rules.

Definition at line 59 of file specfun\_state.h.

#### 10.23.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Definition at line 66 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.23.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.23.3.1 __point

template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp __gnu_cxx::__quadrature_point_t< _Tp >::__point
```

Definition at line 61 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.23.3.2 __weight

template<typename _Tp >
   _Tp __gnu_cxx::__quadrature_point_t< _Tp >::__weight
```

Definition at line 62 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

# 10.24 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_sincos\_t< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

#include <specfun\_state.h>

## **Public Attributes**

```
_Tp __cos_v_Tp __sin_v
```

## 10.24.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> struct __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< _Tp>
```

A struct to store a cosine and a sine value. A return for sincos-type functions.

Definition at line 293 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.24.2 Member Data Documentation

```
10.24.2.1 __cos_v

template<typename _Tp>
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< _Tp >::__cos_v
```

Definition at line 296 of file specfun\_state.h.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_polar\_pi(), and std::\_\_detail::\_\_sincos\_pi().

```
10.24.2.2 __sin_v

template<typename _Tp>
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< _Tp >::__sin_v
```

Definition at line 295 of file specfun\_state.h.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_polar\_pi(), and std::\_\_detail::\_\_sincos\_pi().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/bits/specfun\_state.h

# 10.25 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_sph\_bessel\_t< \_Tn, \_Tx, \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

• \_Tp \_\_Wronskian () const

Return the Wronskian of this spherical Bessel function state.

## **Public Attributes**

Tp j deriv

The derivative of the spherical Bessel function of the first kind.

Tp j value

The value of the spherical Bessel function of the first kind.

\_Tn \_\_n\_arg

The integral order of the spherical Bessel functions.

• \_Tp \_\_n\_deriv

The derivative of the spherical Bessel function of the second kind.

\_Tp \_\_n\_value

The value of the spherical Bessel function of the second kind.

\_Tx \_\_x\_arg

The argument of the spherical Bessel functions.

## 10.25.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} $$ \operatorname{typename}_{Tn}, \operatorname{typename}_{Tx}, \operatorname{typename}_{Tp}> \\ \operatorname{struct}_{gnu}_{cxx::}_{sph}_{bessel}_{t}<_{Tn}, _{Tx}, _{Tp}>
```

Definition at line 528 of file specfun state.h.

## 10.25.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.25.2.1 __Wronskian()
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sph_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__Wronskian ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the Wronskian of this spherical Bessel function state.

Definition at line 549 of file specfun state.h.

## 10.25.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.25.3.1 __j_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sph_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__j_deriv
```

The derivative of the spherical Bessel function of the first kind.

Definition at line 540 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.25.3.2 __j_value
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sph_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__j_value
```

The value of the spherical Bessel function of the first kind.

Definition at line 537 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.25.3.3 __n_arg
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tn __gnu_cxx::__sph_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__n_arg
```

The integral order of the spherical Bessel functions.

Definition at line 531 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.25.3.4 __n_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sph_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__n_deriv
```

The derivative of the spherical Bessel function of the second kind.

Definition at line 546 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.25.3.5 __n_value
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sph_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__n_value
```

The value of the spherical Bessel function of the second kind.

Definition at line 543 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.25.3.6 __x_arg
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tx __gnu_cxx::__sph_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__x_arg
```

The argument of the spherical Bessel functions.

Definition at line 534 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun\_state.h

# ${\tt 10.26 \quad \_gnu\_cxx::\_sph\_hankel\_t<\_Tn,\_Tx,\_Tp>Struct\ Template\ Reference}$

```
#include <specfun_state.h>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

Tp Wronskian () const

Return the Wronskian of this cylindrical Hankel function state.

## **Public Attributes**

• Tp h1 deriv

The derivative of the spherical Hankel function of the first kind.

\_Tp \_\_h1\_value

The velue of the spherical Hankel function of the first kind.

\_Tp \_\_h2\_deriv

The derivative of the spherical Hankel function of the second kind.

\_Tp \_\_h2\_value

The velue of the spherical Hankel function of the second kind.

\_Tn \_\_n\_arg

The integral order of the spherical Hankel functions.

• \_Tx \_\_x\_arg

The argument of the spherical Hankel functions.

## 10.26.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} $$ \ensuremath{\sf template}$$ < typename _Tn, typename _Tp> $$ \ensuremath{\sf struct}$ \_gnu\_cxx::\_sph\_hankel\_t< \_Tn, \_Tx, \_Tp> $$
```

\_Tp pretty much has to be complex.

Definition at line 588 of file specfun\_state.h.

## 10.26.2 Member Function Documentation

```
10.26.2.1 __Wronskian()
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sph_hankel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__Wronskian ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the Wronskian of this cylindrical Hankel function state.

Definition at line 609 of file specfun\_state.h.

#### 10.26.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.26.3.1 __h1_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sph_hankel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__h1_deriv
```

The derivative of the spherical Hankel function of the first kind.

Definition at line 600 of file specfun state.h.

```
10.26.3.2 __h1_value
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sph_hankel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__h1_value
```

The velue of the spherical Hankel function of the first kind.

Definition at line 597 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.26.3.3 __h2_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sph_hankel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__h2_deriv
```

The derivative of the spherical Hankel function of the second kind.

Definition at line 606 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.26.3.4 __h2_value
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sph_hankel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__h2_value
```

The velue of the spherical Hankel function of the second kind.

Definition at line 603 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.26.3.5 __n_arg
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tn __gnu_cxx::__sph_hankel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__n_arg
```

The integral order of the spherical Hankel functions.

Definition at line 591 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.26.3.6 __x_arg
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tx __gnu_cxx::__sph_hankel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__x_arg
```

The argument of the spherical Hankel functions.

Definition at line 594 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/bits/specfun state.h

# 10.27 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_sph\_mod\_bessel\_t< \_Tn, \_Tx, \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

#include <specfun\_state.h>

#### **Public Member Functions**

• \_Tp \_\_Wronskian () const

Return the Wronskian of this modified cylindrical Bessel function state.

## **Public Attributes**

Tp i deriv

The derivative of the modified spherical Bessel function of the first kind.

Tp i value

The value of the modified spherical Bessel function of the first kind.

Tp k deriv

The derivative of the modified spherical Bessel function of the second kind.

\_Tp \_\_k\_value

The value of the modified spherical Bessel function of the second kind.

\_Tn \_\_n\_arg

The integral order of the modified spherical Bessel functions.

• \_Tx \_\_x\_arg

The argument of the modified spherical Bessel functions.

## 10.27.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tn, typename _Tx, typename _Tp> struct __gnu_cxx::__sph_mod_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >
```

Definition at line 554 of file specfun state.h.

## 10.27.2 Member Function Documentation

## 10.27.2.1 \_\_Wronskian()

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sph_mod_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__Wronskian ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the Wronskian of this modified cylindrical Bessel function state.

Definition at line 580 of file specfun state.h.

## 10.27.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.27.3.1 __i_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sph_mod_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__i_deriv
```

The derivative of the modified spherical Bessel function of the first kind.

Definition at line 568 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.27.3.2 __i_value
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sph_mod_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__i_value
```

The value of the modified spherical Bessel function of the first kind.

Definition at line 564 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.27.3.3 __k_deriv
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sph_mod_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__k_deriv
```

The derivative of the modified spherical Bessel function of the second kind.

Definition at line 576 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.27.3.4 __k_value
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tp __gnu_cxx::__sph_mod_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__k_value
```

The value of the modified spherical Bessel function of the second kind.

Definition at line 572 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.27.3.5 __n_arg
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tn __gnu_cxx::__sph_mod_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__n_arg
```

The integral order of the modified spherical Bessel functions.

Definition at line 560 of file specfun\_state.h.

```
10.27.3.6 __x_arg
```

```
template<typename _Tn , typename _Tx , typename _Tp >
_Tx __gnu_cxx::__sph_mod_bessel_t< _Tn, _Tx, _Tp >::__x_arg
```

The argument of the modified spherical Bessel functions.

Definition at line 557 of file specfun\_state.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/specfun state.h

## 10.28 std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma\_lanczos\_data< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

## 10.28.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} \begin{tabular}{ll} template < typename \ \_Tp> \\ struct \ std:: \ \_detail:: \ \_gamma\_lanczos\_data < \ \_Tp> \\ \end{tabular}
```

A struct for Lanczos algorithm Chebyshev arrays of coefficients.

Definition at line 2018 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_gamma.tcc

## 10.29 std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma\_lanczos\_data< double > Struct Template Reference

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static constexpr std::array< double, 10 > \_S\_cheby
- static constexpr double S g = 9.5

## 10.29.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 2040 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

#### 10.29.2 Member Data Documentation

```
10.29.2.1 _S_cheby
```

```
constexpr std::array<double, 10> std::__detail::__gamma_lanczos_data< double >::_S_cheby [static]
```

## Initial value:

```
{
    5.557569219204146e+03,
    -4.248114953727554e+03,
    1.881719608233706e+03,
    -4.705537221412237e+02,
    6.32522468878239e+01,
    -4.206901076213398e+00,
    1.202512485324405e-01,
    -1.141081476816908e-03,
    2.055079676210880e-06,
    1.280568540096283e-09,
```

Definition at line 2045 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

```
10.29.2.2 _S_g
```

```
constexpr double std::__detail::__gamma_lanczos_data< double >::_S_g = 9.5 [static]
```

Definition at line 2042 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_gamma.tcc

## 10.30 std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma\_lanczos\_data< float > Struct Template Reference

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static constexpr std::array< float, 7 > \_S\_cheby
- static constexpr float \_S\_g = 6.5F

## 10.30.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} \mbox{template} <> \\ \mbox{struct std::\_detail::\_gamma\_lanczos\_data} < \mbox{float} >
```

Definition at line 2023 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

## 10.30.2 Member Data Documentation

```
10.30.2.1 _S_cheby
```

```
constexpr std::array<float, 7> std::__detail::__gamma_lanczos_data< float >::_S_cheby [static]
```

#### Initial value:

```
{
    3.307139e+02F,
    -2.255998e+02F,
    6.989520e+01F,
    -9.058929e+00F,
    4.110107e-01F,
    -4.150391e-03F,
    -3.417969e-03F,
    1
```

Definition at line 2028 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

```
10.30.2.2 _S_g
```

```
constexpr float std::__detail::__gamma_lanczos_data< float >::_S_g = 6.5F [static]
```

Definition at line 2025 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf gamma.tcc

## 10.31 std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma\_lanczos\_data< long double > Struct Template Reference

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static constexpr std::array< long double, 11 > \_S\_cheby
- static constexpr long double \_S\_g = 10.5L

## 10.31.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{lem:condition} \begin{tabular}{ll} template <> \\ struct std::\_detail::\_gamma\_lanczos\_data < long double > \\ \end{tabular}
```

Definition at line 2060 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

## 10.31.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 10.31.2.1 \_S\_cheby

#### Initial value:

```
{
    1.440399692024250728e+04L,
    -1.128006201837065341e+04L,
    5.384108670160999829e+03L,
    -1.536234184127325861e+03L,
    2.528551924697309561e+02L,
    -2.265389090278717887e+01L,
    1.006663776178612579e+00L,
    -1.900805731354182626e-02L,
    1.150508317664389324e-04L,
    -1.208915136885480024e-07L,
    -1.518856151960790157e-10L,
```

Definition at line 2065 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

```
10.31.2.2 _S_g
```

```
\verb|constexpr| long| double | \verb|std::__detail::__gamma_lanczos_data| < long| double >::_S_g = 10.5L | [static]| \\
```

Definition at line 2062 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/bits/sf\_gamma.tcc

10.32 std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma\_spouge\_data< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

## 10.32.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> struct std::__detail::__gamma_spouge_data< _Tp >
```

A struct for Spouge algorithm Chebyshev arrays of coefficients.

Definition at line 1792 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_gamma.tcc

# 10.33 std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma\_spouge\_data< double > Struct Template Reference

## **Static Public Attributes**

static constexpr std::array< double, 18 > \_S\_cheby

## 10.33.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{lem:continuity} \mbox{template} <> \\ \mbox{struct std::\_detail::\_gamma\_spouge\_data} < \mbox{double} >
```

Definition at line 1813 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

## 10.33.2 Member Data Documentation

## 10.33.2.1 \_S\_cheby

```
constexpr std::array<double, 18> std::__detail::__gamma_spouge_data< double >::_S_cheby [static]
```

#### Initial value:

```
2.785716565770350e+08,
-1.693088166941517e+09,
4.549688586500031e+09,
-7.121728036151557e+09,
7.202572947273274e+09,
-4.935548868770376e+09,
 2.338187776097503e+09,
-7.678102458920741e+08,
1.727524819329867e+08,
-2.595321377008346e+07,
 2.494811203993971e+06,
-1.437252641338402e+05,
 4.490767356961276e+03,
-6.505596924745029e+01,
 3.362323142416327e-01,
-3.817361443986454e-04,
 3.273137866873352e-08,
-7.642333165976788e-15,
```

Definition at line 1817 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_gamma.tcc

# 10.34 std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma\_spouge\_data< float > Struct Template Reference

## **Static Public Attributes**

static constexpr std::array< float, 7 > \_S\_cheby

## 10.34.1 Detailed Description

```
template<> struct std::__gamma_spouge_data< float >
```

Definition at line 1797 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

## 10.34.2 Member Data Documentation

```
10.34.2.1 _S_cheby
```

```
constexpr std::array<float, 7> std::__detail::__gamma_spouge_data< float >::_S_cheby [static]
```

#### Initial value:

```
{
	2.901419e+03F,
	-5.929168e+03F,
	4.148274e+03F,
	-1.164761e+03F,
	1.174135e+02F,
	-2.786588e+00F,
	3.775392e-03F,
```

Definition at line 1801 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_gamma.tcc

# 10.35 std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma\_spouge\_data < long double > Struct Template Reference

## **Static Public Attributes**

static constexpr std::array< long double, 22 > \_S\_cheby

## 10.35.1 Detailed Description

```
template<>> struct std::__detail::__gamma_spouge_data< long double >
```

Definition at line 1840 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

## 10.35.2 Member Data Documentation

## 10.35.2.1 \_S\_cheby

constexpr std::array<long double, 22> std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma\_spouge\_data< long double >::\_S\_ $\leftrightarrow$  cheby [static]

#### Initial value:

```
1.681473171108908244e+10L,
-1.269150315503303974e+11L,
 4.339449429013039995e+11L,
-8.893680202692714895e+11L,
 1.218472425867950986e+12L,
-1.178403473259353616e+12L,
 8.282455311246278274e+11L,
-4.292112878930625978e+11L,
 1.646988347276488710e+11L,
-4.661514921989111004e+10L,
 9.619972564515443397e+09L,
-1.419382551781042824e+09L,
 1.454145470816386107e+08L,
-9.923020719435758179e+06L,
 4.253557563919127284e+05L,
-1.053371059784341875e+04L,
 1.332425479537961437e+02L,
-7.118343974029489132e-01L,
 1.172051640057979518e-03L,
-3.323940885824119041e-07L,
 4.503801674404338524e-12L,
-5.320477002211632680e-20L,
```

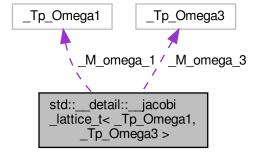
Definition at line 1844 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_gamma.tcc

# 10.36 std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp\_Omega1, \_Tp\_Omega3 > Struct Template Reference

 $Collaboration\ diagram\ for\ std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t < \_Tp\_Omega1, \_Tp\_Omega3 >:$ 



## Classes

```
 struct __arg_t struct __tau_t
```

## **Public Types**

```
    using _Cmplx = std::complex < _Real >
    using _Real = __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t < _Real_Omega1, _Real_Omega3 >
    using _Real_Omega1 = __num_traits_t < _Tp_Omega1 >
    using _Real_Omega3 = __num_traits_t < _Tp_Omega3 >
    using _Tp_Nome = std::conditional_t < __gnu_cxx::is_complex_v < _Tp_Omega1 > &&__gnu_cxx::is_ ⇔ complex_v < _Tp_Omega3 >, _Cmplx, _Real >
```

## **Public Member Functions**

```
    __jacobi_lattice_t (const _Tp_Omega1 &__omega1, const _Tp_Omega3 &__omega3)
        Construct the lattice from two complex lattice frequencies.
    __jacobi_lattice_t (const __tau_t &__tau)
        Construct the lattice from a single complex lattice parameter or half period ratio.
    __jacobi_lattice_t (_Tp_Nome __q)
        Construct the lattice from a single scalar elliptic nome.
    _Tp_Nome __ellnome () const
    _Tp_Omega1 __omega_1 () const
        Return the first lattice frequency.
```

• \_Cmplx \_\_omega\_2 () const

Return the second lattice frequency.

\_Tp\_Omega3 \_\_omega\_3 () const

Return the third lattice frequency.

- \_arg\_t \_\_reduce (const \_Cmplx &\_\_z) const
- \_\_tau\_t \_\_tau () const

Return the acalar lattice parameter or half period ratio.

## **Public Attributes**

```
_Tp_Omega1 _M_omega_1_Tp_Omega3 _M_omega_3
```

## **Static Public Attributes**

static constexpr auto \_S\_pi = \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_const\_pi<\_Real>()

## 10.36.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>> struct std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >
```

A struct representing the Jacobi and Weierstrass lattice. The two types for the frequencies and the subsequent type calculus allow us to treat the rectangulr lattice (real nome, pure imaginary lattice parameter) specially.

Definition at line 470 of file sf theta.tcc.

## 10.36.2 Member Typedef Documentation

```
10.36.2.1 _Cmplx
```

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>>
using std::__detail::_jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::_Cmplx = std::complex<_Real>
```

Definition at line 478 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

#### 10.36.2.2 \_Real

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>>
using std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::_Real = __gnu_cxx::fp_promote
_t<_Real_Omega1, _Real_Omega3>
```

Definition at line 477 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

## 10.36.2.3 \_Real\_Omega1

```
\label{template} $$ \end{template} $$ template< typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>> $$ using std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::_Real_Omega1 = __num_traits_ \leftrightarrow t<_Tp_Omega1> $$
```

Definition at line 475 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

## 10.36.2.4 \_Real\_Omega3

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>>
using std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::_Real_Omega3 = __num_traits_\(\cup t<_Tp_Omega3>\)
```

Definition at line 476 of file sf theta.tcc.

## 10.36.2.5 \_Tp\_Nome

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>>
using std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::_Tp_Nome = std::conditional_←
t<__gnu_cxx::is_complex_v<_Tp_Omega1> && __gnu_cxx::is_complex_v<_Tp_Omega3>, _Cmplx, _Real>
```

Definition at line 481 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

#### 10.36.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Construct the lattice from two complex lattice frequencies.

Definition at line 508 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Construct the lattice from a single complex lattice parameter or half period ratio.

Definition at line 530 of file sf theta.tcc.

Construct the lattice from a single scalar elliptic nome.

Definition at line 549 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

## 10.36.4 Member Function Documentation

```
10.36.4.1 __ellnome()
```

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1 , typename _Tp_Omega3 >
   __jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::_Tp_Nome std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_\top 
Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::__ellnome ( ) const
```

Return the elliptic nome corresponding to the lattice parameter.

Definition at line 593 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

```
Referenced by std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::__jacobi_theta_0_t(), and std::__detail::__jacobi_\leftarrow lattice_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::__omega_3().
```

```
10.36.4.2 __omega_1()
```

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>>
    _Tp_Omega1 std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::__omega_1 ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the first lattice frequency.

Definition at line 564 of file sf theta.tcc.

```
Referenced by std::\_detail::\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t(), and <math>std::\_detail::\_\leftrightarrow weierstrass\_roots\_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::\_weierstrass\_roots\_t().
```

```
10.36.4.3 __omega_2()
```

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>>
_Cmplx std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::__omega_2 ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the second lattice frequency.

Definition at line 569 of file sf theta.tcc.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t().

```
10.36.4.4 __omega_3()
```

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>>
    _Tp_Omega3 std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::__omega_3 ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the third lattice frequency.

Definition at line 574 of file sf theta.tcc.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t().

```
10.36.4.5 __reduce()
```

Reduce the argument to the fundamental lattice parallelogram  $(0, 2\pi, 2\pi(1+\tau), 2\pi\tau)$ . This is sort of like a 2D lattice remquo.

#### **Parameters**

```
\_\leftarrow The argument to be reduced. \_z
```

## Returns

A struct containing the argument reduced to the interior of the fundamental parallelogram and two integers indicating the number of periods in the 'real' and 'tau' directions.

Definition at line 616 of file sf theta.tcc.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_ellnome(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_1(), std:: $\leftarrow$  \_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_2(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_3(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_4(), and std::\_\_detail::\_\_ $\leftarrow$  jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_omega\_3().

```
10.36.4.6 __tau()
```

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>>
__tau_t std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::__tau ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the acalar lattice parameter or half period ratio.

Definition at line 559 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_ellnome(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_ 
Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_1(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_2(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_2(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_2().

#### 10.36.5 Member Data Documentation

#### 10.36.5.1 \_M\_omega\_1

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>>
    _Tp_Omega1 std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::_M_omega_1
```

Definition at line 584 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_omega\_1(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_omega\_2(), and std::\_\_detail::\_\_ $\leftrightarrow$  jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_tau().

#### 10.36.5.2 \_M\_omega\_3

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>>
    _Tp_Omega3 std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::_M_omega_3
```

Definition at line 585 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_omega\_2(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_omega\_3(), and std::\_\_detail::\_\_ $\leftarrow$  jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_tau().

```
10.36.5.3 _S_pi
```

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>>
constexpr auto std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::_S_pi = __gnu_cxx::
    __const_pi<_Real>() [static]
```

Definition at line 583 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_ellnome(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t(), std::\_\_detail:: $\rightarrow$  \_ jacobi\_theta\_1(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_2(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_3(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_ $\leftarrow$  4(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_reduce(), and std::\_\_detail::\_\_weierstrass\_roots\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_weierstrass\_roots\_t().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_theta.tcc

# 10.37 std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp\_Omega1, \_Tp\_Omega3 >::\_\_arg\_t Struct Reference

### **Public Attributes**

- int \_\_\_m
- int n
- \_Cmplx \_\_z

### 10.37.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>> struct std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::__arg_t
```

A struct representing a complex argument reduced to the 'central' lattice cell.

Definition at line 500 of file sf theta.tcc.

### 10.37.2 Member Data Documentation

```
10.37.2.1 __m
```

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>>
int std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::__arg_t::__m
```

Definition at line 502 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

```
10.37.2.2 __n
```

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>>
int std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::__arg_t::__n
```

Definition at line 503 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

```
10.37.2.3 __z
```

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>>
_Cmplx std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::__arg_t::__z
```

Definition at line 504 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf theta.tcc

10.38 std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp\_Omega1, \_Tp\_Omega3 >::\_\_tau\_t Struct Reference

**Public Member Functions** 

```
__tau_t (_Cmplx __tau)
```

### **Public Attributes**

\_Cmplx \_\_val

### 10.38.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>> struct std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::__tau_t
```

A struct representing a complex scalar lattice parameter or half period ratio.

Definition at line 487 of file sf theta.tcc.

#### 10.38.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Definition at line 491 of file sf theta.tcc.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t(), and std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_ $\leftarrow$  lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_tau().

#### 10.38.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.38.3.1 __val

template<typename _Tp_Omega1, typename _Tp_Omega3 = std::complex<_Tp_Omega1>>
   _Cmplx std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::__tau_t::__val
```

Definition at line 489 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

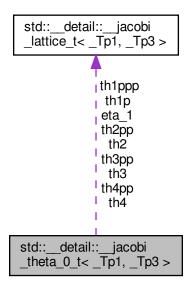
```
Referenced by std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::__ellnome(), std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::__ellnome(), std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::__reduce().
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/bits/sf theta.tcc

# 10.39 std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 > Struct Template Reference

Collaboration diagram for std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >:



### **Public Types**

- using \_Cmplx = std::complex < \_Real >
- using Real = num traits t< Type >
- using \_Type = typename \_\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_Tp\_Nome

### **Public Member Functions**

- \_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t (const \_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 > &\_\_lattice)
- \_Type dedekind\_eta () const

### **Public Attributes**

- \_Type eta\_1
- \_Cmplx eta\_2
- \_Cmplx eta\_3
- \_Type th1p
- \_Type th1ppp
- \_Type th2
- \_Type th2pp
- \_Type th3
- \_Type th3pp
- \_Type th4
- \_Type th4pp

### 10.39.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>> struct std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >
```

A struct for the non-zero theta functions and their derivatives at zero argument.

Definition at line 643 of file sf theta.tcc.

### 10.39.2 Member Typedef Documentation

```
10.39.2.1 _Cmplx
```

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
using std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::_Cmplx = std::complex<_Real>
```

Definition at line 649 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

```
10.39.2.2 Real
```

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
using std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::_Real = __num_traits_t<_Type>
```

Definition at line 648 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

```
10.39.2.3 _Type
```

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
using std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::_Type = typename __jacobi_lattice_t<_Tp1,
_Tp3>::_Tp_Nome
```

Definition at line 647 of file sf theta.tcc.

### 10.39.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
10.39.3.1 __jacobi_theta_0_t()
```

Return a struct of the Jacobi theta functions and up to three non-zero derivatives evaluated at zero argument.

Definition at line 674 of file sf theta.tcc.

```
References std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::__ellnome(), std::__detail::__jacobi \leftarrow _lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::__omega_1(), std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_\leftarrow Omega3 >::__omega_2(), std::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::__omega_3(), and std \leftarrow ::__detail::__jacobi_lattice_t< _Tp_Omega1, _Tp_Omega3 >::__Spi.
```

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::dedekind\_eta().

#### 10.39.4 Member Function Documentation

### 10.39.4.1 dedekind\_eta()

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Type std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::dedekind_eta ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 664 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t().

#### 10.39.5 Member Data Documentation

```
10.39.5.1 eta_1
```

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Type std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::eta_1
```

Definition at line 659 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

```
10.39.5.2 eta_2
```

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Cmplx std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::eta_2
```

Definition at line 660 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

#### 10.39.5.3 eta 3

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Cmplx std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::eta_3
```

Definition at line 661 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

#### 10.39.5.4 th1p

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Type std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::thlp
```

Definition at line 651 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

#### 10.39.5.5 th1ppp

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Type std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::th1ppp
```

Definition at line 652 of file sf theta.tcc.

#### 10.39.5.6 th2

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Type std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::th2
```

Definition at line 653 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by  $std::\_detail::\_jacobi\_theta\_2()$ , and  $std::\_detail::\_weierstrass\_roots\_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::\_ <math>\leftarrow$  weierstrass\\_roots\_t().

### 10.39.5.7 th2pp

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Type std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::th2pp
```

Definition at line 654 of file sf theta.tcc.

#### 10.39.5.8 th3

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Type std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::th3
```

Definition at line 655 of file sf theta.tcc.

Referenced by std:: detail:: jacobi theta 3().

### 10.39.5.9 th3pp

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Type std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::th3pp
```

Definition at line 656 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

### 10.39.5.10 th4

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Type std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::th4
```

Definition at line 657 of file sf theta.tcc.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_4(), and std::\_\_detail::\_\_weierstrass\_roots\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_ $\leftarrow$  weierstrass\_roots\_t().

### 10.39.5.11 th4pp

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Type std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_0_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::th4pp
```

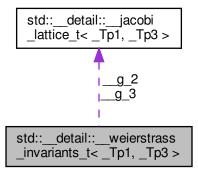
Definition at line 658 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/bits/sf theta.tcc

# 10.40 std::\_\_detail::\_\_weierstrass\_invariants\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 > Struct Template Reference

Collaboration diagram for std::\_\_detail::\_\_weierstrass\_invariants\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >:



### **Public Types**

- using \_Cmplx = std::complex < \_Real >
- using \_Real = \_\_num\_traits\_t< \_Type >
- using Type = typename jacobi lattice t< Tp1, Tp3 >:: Tp Nome

### **Public Member Functions**

- \_\_weierstrass\_invariants\_t (const \_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 > &)
- \_Type \_\_delta () const

Return the discriminant  $\Delta = g_2^3 - 27g_3^2$ .

• \_Type \_\_klein\_j () const

Return Klein's invariant  $J = 1738g_2^3/(g_2^3 - 27g_3^2)$ .

### **Public Attributes**

- Type g 2
- \_Type \_\_g\_3

### 10.40.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} $$ \operatorname{template} \to \operatorname{Tp1}, \ typename \ _Tp3> $$ \operatorname{struct} \ std::\_ detail::\_ weierstrass\_invariants\_t < \ _Tp1, \ _Tp3> $$
```

A struct of the Weierstrass elliptic function invariants.

$$g_2 = 2(e_1e_2 + e_2e_3 + e_3e_1)$$
$$g_3 = 4(e_1e_2e_3)$$

Definition at line 826 of file sf theta.tcc.

### 10.40.2 Member Typedef Documentation

#### 10.40.2.1 \_Cmplx

```
template<typename _Tp1 , typename _Tp3 >
using std::__detail::__weierstrass_invariants_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::_Cmplx = std::complex<_Real>
```

Definition at line 830 of file sf theta.tcc.

#### 10.40.2.2 Real

```
template<typename _Tp1 , typename _Tp3 >
using std::__detail::__weierstrass_invariants_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::_Real = __num_traits_t<_Type>
```

Definition at line 829 of file sf theta.tcc.

#### 10.40.2.3 \_Type

```
template<typename _Tp1 , typename _Tp3 >
using std::__detail::__weierstrass_invariants_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::_Type = typename __jacobi_lattice←
_t<_Tp1, _Tp3>::_Tp_Nome
```

Definition at line 828 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

### 10.40.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 10.40.3.1 \_\_weierstrass\_invariants\_t()

Constructor for the Weierstrass invariants.

$$g_2 = 2(e_1e_2 + e_2e_3 + e_3e_1)$$
$$g_3 = 4(e_1e_2e_3)$$

Definition at line 864 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

```
References std::__detail::__weierstrass_roots_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::__e1.
```

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_weierstrass\_invariants\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_klein\_j().

### 10.40.4 Member Function Documentation

\_Type std::\_\_detail::\_\_weierstrass\_invariants\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_klein\_j ( ) const [inline]

Return Klein's invariant  $J = 1738g_2^3/(g_2^3 - 27g_3^2)$ .

Definition at line 846 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References std::\_\_detail::\_\_weierstrass\_invariants\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_weierstrass\_invariants\_t().

### 10.40.5 Member Data Documentation

```
10.40.5.1 __g_2
template<typename _Tp1 , typename _Tp3 >
_Type std::__detail::__weierstrass_invariants_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::__g_2
```

Definition at line 832 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

```
10.40.5.2 __g_3
template<typename _Tp1 , typename _Tp3 >
_Type std::__detail::__weierstrass_invariants_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::__g_3
```

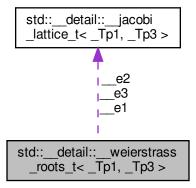
Definition at line 832 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/bits/sf theta.tcc

# 10.41 std::\_\_detail::\_\_weierstrass\_roots\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 > Struct Template Reference

Collaboration diagram for std::\_\_detail::\_\_weierstrass\_roots\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >:



### **Public Types**

- using \_Cmplx = std::complex < \_Real >
- using \_Real = \_\_num\_traits\_t< \_Type >
- using \_Type = typename \_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_Tp\_Nome

### **Public Member Functions**

- \_\_weierstrass\_roots\_t (const \_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 > &\_\_lattice)
- \_\_weierstrass\_roots\_t (const \_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 > &\_\_theta0, \_Tp1 \_\_omega1)
- \_Type \_\_delta () const

Return the discriminant  $\Delta = 16(e_2 - e_3)^2(e_3 - e_1)^2(e_1 - e_2)^2$ .

### **Public Attributes**

- \_Type \_\_e1
- \_Type \_\_\_e2
- \_Type \_\_\_e3

### 10.41.1 Detailed Description

 $\label{template} $$ \operatorname{typename}_{p1}, \operatorname{typename}_{p3} = \operatorname{std}::\operatorname{complex}_{p1}>> \operatorname{struct}_{p1}, \operatorname{Tp3}> $$$ 

A struct of the Weierstrass elliptic function roots.

$$e_1 = \frac{\pi^2}{12\omega_1^2}(\theta_2^4(q,0) + 2\theta_4^4(q,0))$$

$$e_2 = \frac{\pi^2}{12\omega_1^2} (\theta_2^4(q,0) - \theta_4^4(q,0))$$

$$e_3 = \frac{\pi^2}{12\omega_1^2} (-2\theta_2^4(q,0) - \theta_4^4(q,0))$$

Note that  $e_1 + e_2 + e_3 = 0$ 

Definition at line 747 of file sf theta.tcc.

### 10.41.2 Member Typedef Documentation

#### 10.41.2.1 \_Cmplx

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
using std::__detail::__weierstrass_roots_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::_Cmplx = std::complex<_Real>
```

Definition at line 751 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

10.41.2.2 \_Real

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
using std::__detail::__weierstrass_roots_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::_Real = __num_traits_t<_Type>
```

Definition at line 750 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

```
10.41.2.3 _Type
```

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>> using std::__detail::__weierstrass_roots_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::_Type = typename __jacobi_lattice_t<_←
Tp1, _Tp3>::_Tp_Nome
```

Definition at line 749 of file sf theta.tcc.

### 10.41.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Constructor for the Weierstrass roots.

#### **Parameters**

```
__lattice The Jacobi latticce.
```

Definition at line 781 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_weierstrass\_roots\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_delta().

```
10.41.3.2 __weierstrass_roots_t() [2/2]
```

Constructor for the Weierstrass roots.

#### **Parameters**

Definition at line 799 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp\_Omega1, \_Tp\_Omega3 >::\_\_omega\_1(), std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_  $\leftarrow$  lattice\_t< \_Tp\_Omega1, \_Tp\_Omega3 >::\_S\_pi, std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::th2, and std::\_\_  $\leftarrow$  detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::th4.

### 10.41.4 Member Function Documentation

```
10.41.4.1 __delta()
```

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Type std::__detail::__weierstrass_roots_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::__delta ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the discriminant  $\Delta = 16(e_2 - e_3)^2(e_3 - e_1)^2(e_1 - e_2)^2$ .

Definition at line 764 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

References std::\_\_detail::\_\_weierstrass\_roots\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_weierstrass\_roots\_t().

#### 10.41.5 Member Data Documentation

```
10.41.5.1 __e1
```

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Type std::__detail::__weierstrass_roots_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::__e1
```

Definition at line 753 of file sf\_theta.tcc.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_weierstrass\_invariants\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >::\_\_weierstrass\_invariants\_t().

```
10.41.5.2 __e2
```

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Type std::__detail::__weierstrass_roots_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::__e2
```

Definition at line 753 of file sf theta.tcc.

```
10.41.5.3 __e3
```

```
template<typename _Tp1, typename _Tp3 = std::complex<_Tp1>>
_Type std::__detail::__weierstrass_roots_t< _Tp1, _Tp3 >::__e3
```

Definition at line 753 of file sf theta.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/bits/sf theta.tcc

# 10.42 std::\_\_detail::\_Airy< \_Tp > Class Template Reference

### **Public Types**

```
using scalar_type = __num_traits_t< value_type >using value_type = _Tp
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- constexpr \_Airy ()=default
- Airy (const Airy &)=default
- \_Airy (\_Airy &&)=default
- constexpr \_AiryState< value\_type > operator() (value\_type \_\_y) const

### **Public Attributes**

- scalar\_type inner\_radius {\_Airy\_default\_radii<scalar\_type>::inner\_radius}
- scalar\_type outer\_radius {\_Airy\_default\_radii<scalar\_type>::outer\_radius}

### 10.42.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> class std::__detail::_Airy< _Tp >
```

Class to manage the asymptotic expansions for Airy functions. The parameters describing the various regions are adjustable.

Definition at line 2503 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 10.42.2 Member Typedef Documentation

### 10.42.2.1 scalar\_type

```
template<typename _Tp>
using std::__detail::_Airy< _Tp >::scalar_type = __num_traits_t<value_type>
```

Definition at line 2508 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 10.42.2.2 value\_type

```
template<typename _Tp>
using std::__detail::_Airy< _Tp >::value_type = _Tp
```

Definition at line 2507 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

#### 10.42.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 10.42.4 Member Function Documentation

### 10.42.4.1 operator()()

Return the Airy functions for complex argument.

Definition at line 2526 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

References std::\_\_detail::\_\_beta(), std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_series< \_Tp >::\_S\_Ai(), and std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_series< \_Tp >::\_S\_Bi().

### 10.42.5 Member Data Documentation

#### 10.42.5.1 inner\_radius

```
template<typename _Tp>
scalar_type std::__detail::_Airy< _Tp >::inner_radius {_Airy_default_radii<scalar_type>::inner←
_radius}
```

Definition at line 2517 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

#### 10.42.5.2 outer\_radius

```
template<typename _Tp>
scalar_type std::__detail::_Airy< _Tp >::outer_radius {_Airy_default_radii<scalar_type>::outer 
_radius}
```

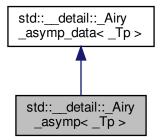
Definition at line 2518 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

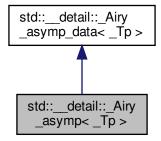
• include/bits/sf\_airy.tcc

# 10.43 std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_asymp< \_Tp > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_asymp< \_Tp >:



Collaboration diagram for std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_asymp< \_Tp >:



### **Public Types**

using \_Cmplx = std::complex < \_Tp >

#### **Public Member Functions**

- constexpr \_Airy\_asymp ()=default
- \_AiryState< \_Cmplx > \_S\_absarg\_ge\_pio3 (\_Cmplx \_\_z) const 
  This function evaluates Ai(z), Ai'(z) and Bi(z), Bi'(z) from their asymptotic expansions for |arg(z)|

This function evaluates Ai(z), Ai'(z) and Bi(z), Bi'(z) from their asymptotic expansions for  $|arg(z)| < 2 * \pi/3$  i.e. roughly along the negative real axis.

\_AiryState< \_Cmplx > \_S\_absarg\_lt\_pio3 (\_Cmplx \_\_z) const

This function evaluates Ai(z) and Ai'(z) from their asymptotic expansions for  $|arg(-z)| < \pi/3$  i.e. roughly along the negative real axis.

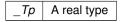
\_AiryState< \_Cmplx > operator() (\_Cmplx \_\_t, bool \_\_return\_fock\_airy=false) const

### 10.43.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} \begin{tabular}{ll} template < typename $\_Tp >$ \\ class std::$\_detail::$\_Airy$\_asymp < $\_Tp >$ \\ \end{tabular}
```

A class encapsulating the asymptotic expansions of Airy functions and their derivatives.

### **Template Parameters**



Definition at line 1997 of file sf airy.tcc.

### 10.43.2 Member Typedef Documentation

#### 10.43.2.1 \_Cmplx

```
template<typename _Tp >
using std::__detail::_Airy_asymp< _Tp >::_Cmplx = std::complex<_Tp>
```

Definition at line 2002 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 10.43.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
10.43.3.1 _Airy_asymp()
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr std::__detail::_Airy_asymp< _Tp >::_Airy_asymp ( ) [default]
```

### 10.43.4 Member Function Documentation

### 10.43.4.1 \_S\_absarg\_ge\_pio3()

This function evaluates Ai(z), Ai'(z) and Bi(z), Bi'(z) from their asymptotic expansions for  $|arg(z)| < 2 * \pi/3$  i.e. roughly along the negative real axis.

### **Template Parameters**

```
_Tp A real type
```

#### **Parameters**

iı	ı _←	Complex argument at which Ai(z) and Bi(z) and their derivative are evaluated. This function assumes
	_z	$ z >15$ and $ (arg(z) <2\pi/3.$

#### Returns

A struct containing z, Ai(z), Ai'(z), Bi(z), Bi'(z).

Definition at line 2270 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

References std::\_\_detail::\_AiryState< \_Tp >::\_\_z.

#### 10.43.4.2 S absarg It pio3()

This function evaluates Ai(z) and Ai'(z) from their asymptotic expansions for  $|arg(-z)| < \pi/3$  i.e. roughly along the negative real axis.

For speed, the number of terms needed to achieve about 16 decimals accuracy is tabled and determined for |z|. This function assumes |z| > 15 and  $|arg(-z)| < \pi/3$ .

Note that for speed and since this function is called by another, checks for valid arguments are not made. Hence, an error return is not needed.

### **Template Parameters**

#### **Parameters**

in	_~	The value at which the Airy function and their derivatives are evaluated.
	Z	

#### Returns

A struct containing z, Ai(z), Ai'(z), Bi(z), Bi'(z).

**Todo** Revisit these numbers of terms for the Airy asymptotic expansions.

Definition at line 2300 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 10.43.4.3 operator()()

Return the Airy functions for a given argument using asymptotic series.

### **Template Parameters**

```
_Tp | A real type
```

Definition at line 2028 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

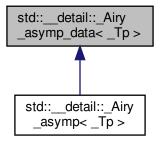
References std::\_\_detail::\_AiryState< \_Tp >::\_\_z.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_airy.tcc

# 10.44 std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_asymp\_data< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_asymp\_data< \_Tp >:



### 10.44.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp>
struct std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_data< _Tp>
```

A class encapsulating data for the asymptotic expansions of Airy functions and their derivatives.

**Template Parameters** 

```
_Tp A real type
```

Definition at line 631 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_airy.tcc

# 10.45 std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_asymp\_data< double > Struct Template Reference

### **Static Public Attributes**

- static constexpr double \_S\_c [\_S\_max\_cd]
- static constexpr double \_S\_d [\_S\_max\_cd]
- static constexpr int \_S\_max\_cd = 198

### 10.45.1 Detailed Description

```
template<> struct std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_data< double >
```

Definition at line 738 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 10.45.2 Member Data Documentation

```
10.45.2.1 _S_c
```

```
constexpr double std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_data< double >::_S_c[_S_max_cd] [static]
```

Definition at line 744 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

```
10.45.2.2 _S_d
```

```
constexpr double std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_data< double >::_S_d[_S_max_cd] [static]
```

Definition at line 947 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

```
10.45.2.3 _S_max_cd
```

```
constexpr int std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_data< double >::_S_max_cd = 198 [static]
```

Definition at line 740 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_airy.tcc

# 10.46 std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_asymp\_data < float > Struct Template Reference

### **Static Public Attributes**

- static constexpr float \_S\_c [\_S\_max\_cd]
- static constexpr float \_S\_d [\_S\_max\_cd]
- static constexpr int \_S\_max\_cd = 43

### 10.46.1 Detailed Description

```
template<>> struct std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_data< float >
```

Definition at line 635 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 10.46.2 Member Data Documentation

```
10.46.2.1 _S_c
```

```
constexpr float std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_data< float >::_S_c[_S_max_cd] [static]
```

Definition at line 641 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

```
10.46.2.2 _S_d
```

```
constexpr float std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_data< float >::_S_d[_S_max_cd] [static]
```

Definition at line 689 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

```
10.46.2.3 _S_max_cd
```

```
constexpr int std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_data< float >::_S_max_cd = 43 [static]
```

Definition at line 637 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_airy.tcc

# 10.47 std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_asymp\_data< long double > Struct Template Reference

### **Static Public Attributes**

- static constexpr long double \_S\_c [\_S\_max\_cd]
- static constexpr long double \_S\_d [\_S\_max\_cd]
- static constexpr int \_S\_max\_cd = 201

### 10.47.1 Detailed Description

```
template<>> struct std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_data< long double >
```

Definition at line 1151 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 10.47.2 Member Data Documentation

```
10.47.2.1 _S_c
```

Definition at line 1157 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

```
10.47.2.2 _S_d
```

```
\verb|constexpr| long| double std::\_detail::\_Airy\_asymp\_data < long| double >::\_S\_d[\_S\_max\_cd] \quad [static] \\
```

Definition at line 1363 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

```
10.47.2.3 _S_max_cd
```

```
constexpr int std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_data< long double >::_S_max_cd = 201 [static]
```

Definition at line 1153 of file sf airy.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_airy.tcc

# 10.48 std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_asymp\_series< \_Sum > Class Template Reference

# **Public Types**

- using scalar\_type = \_\_num\_traits\_t< value\_type >
- using value\_type = typename \_Sum::value\_type

### **Public Member Functions**

- \_Airy\_asymp\_series (\_Sum \_\_proto)
- \_Airy\_asymp\_series (const \_Airy\_asymp\_series &)=default
- \_Airy\_asymp\_series (\_Airy\_asymp\_series &&)=default
- \_AiryState< value\_type > operator() (value\_type \_\_\_y)

### **Static Public Attributes**

• static constexpr scalar\_type \_S\_sqrt\_pi = \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_const\_root\_pi(scalar\_type{})

### 10.48.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Sum> class std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_series< _Sum >
```

Class to manage the asymptotic series for Airy functions.

#### **Template Parameters**

```
_Sum | A sum type
```

Definition at line 2363 of file sf airy.tcc.

### 10.48.2 Member Typedef Documentation

```
10.48.2.1 scalar_type
```

```
template<typename _Sum>
using std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_series< _Sum >::scalar_type = __num_traits_t<value_type>
```

Definition at line 2368 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 10.48.2.2 value\_type

```
template<typename _Sum>
using std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_series< _Sum >::value_type = typename _Sum::value_type
```

Definition at line 2367 of file sf airy.tcc.

### 10.48.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Definition at line 2372 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

#### 10.48.4 Member Function Documentation

### 10.48.4.1 operator()()

Return an \_AiryState containing, not actual Airy functions, but four asymptotic Airy components:

### **Template Parameters**

```
_Sum | A sum type
```

Definition at line 2417 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 10.48.5 Member Data Documentation

```
10.48.5.1 _S_sqrt_pi
```

```
template<typename _Sum>
constexpr _Airy_asymp_series< _Sum >::scalar_type std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_series< _Sum >::_
S_sqrt_pi = __gnu_cxx::__const_root_pi(scalar_type{}) [static]
```

Definition at line 2370 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

include/bits/sf airy.tcc

10.49 std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_default\_radii< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

### 10.49.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> struct std::__detail::_Airy_default_radii< _Tp >
```

Definition at line 2474 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_airy.tcc

# 10.50 std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_default\_radii< double > Struct Template Reference

### **Static Public Attributes**

- static constexpr double inner\_radius {4.0}
- static constexpr double outer radius {12.0}

### 10.50.1 Detailed Description

```
template<>> struct std::__detail::_Airy_default_radii< double >
```

Definition at line 2485 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 10.50.2 Member Data Documentation

```
10.50.2.1 inner_radius
```

```
constexpr double std::__detail::_Airy_default_radii< double >::inner_radius {4.0} [static]
```

Definition at line 2487 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 10.50.2.2 outer\_radius

```
constexpr double std::__detail::_Airy_default_radii< double >::outer_radius {12.0} [static]
```

Definition at line 2488 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/bits/sf airy.tcc

# 10.51 std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_default\_radii< float > Struct Template Reference

### **Static Public Attributes**

- static constexpr float inner\_radius {2.0F}
- static constexpr float outer\_radius {6.0F}

### 10.51.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{lem:lemplate} \mbox{template} <> \\ \mbox{struct std::\_detail::\_Airy\_default\_radii} < \mbox{float} >
```

Definition at line 2478 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 10.51.2 Member Data Documentation

```
10.51.2.1 inner_radius
```

```
constexpr float std::__detail::_Airy_default_radii< float >::inner_radius {2.0F} [static]
```

Definition at line 2480 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 10.51.2.2 outer\_radius

```
constexpr float std::__detail::_Airy_default_radii< float >::outer_radius {6.0F} [static]
```

Definition at line 2481 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/bits/sf airy.tcc

# 10.52 std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_default\_radii< long double > Struct Template Reference

### **Static Public Attributes**

- static constexpr long double inner\_radius {5.0L}
- static constexpr long double outer\_radius {15.0L}

### 10.52.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{eq:continuity} \mbox{template} <> \\ \mbox{struct std::\_detail::\_Airy\_default\_radii} < \mbox{long double} >
```

Definition at line 2492 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

#### 10.52.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 10.52.2.1 inner\_radius

```
constexpr long double std::__detail::_Airy_default_radii< long double >::inner_radius {5.0L}
[static]
```

Definition at line 2494 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

#### 10.52.2.2 outer\_radius

```
constexpr long double std::__detail::_Airy_default_radii< long double >::outer_radius {15.0L}
[static]
```

Definition at line 2495 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_airy.tcc

# 10.53 std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_series< \_Tp > Class Template Reference

### **Public Types**

using <u>Cmplx</u> = std::complex< <u>Tp</u> >

#### Static Public Member Functions

```
static std::pair< _Cmplx, _Cmplx > _S_Ai (_Cmplx __t)
static _AiryState< _Cmplx > _S_Airy (_Cmplx __t)
static std::pair< _Cmplx, _Cmplx > _S_Bi (_Cmplx __t)
static _AiryAuxilliaryState< _Cmplx > _S_FGH (_Cmplx __t)
static _AiryState< _Cmplx > _S_Fock (_Cmplx __t)
static _AiryState< _Cmplx > _S_Scorer (_Cmplx __t)
```

static \_AiryState< \_Cmplx > \_S\_Scorer2 (\_Cmplx \_\_t)

#### Static Public Attributes

```
static constexpr int _N_FGH = 200
static constexpr _Tp _S_Ai0 = _Tp{3.550280538878172392600631860041831763980e-1L}
static constexpr _Tp _S_Aip0 = _Tp{-2.588194037928067984051835601892039634793e-1L}
static constexpr _Tp _S_Bi0 = _Tp{6.149266274460007351509223690936135535960e-1L}
static constexpr _Tp _S_Bip0 = _Tp{4.482883573538263579148237103988283908668e-1L}
static constexpr _Tp _S_eps = __gnu_cxx::__epsilon(_Tp{})
static constexpr _Tp _S_Gi0 = _Tp{2.049755424820002450503074563645378511979e-1L}
static constexpr _Tp _S_Gip0 = _Tp{1.494294524512754526382745701329427969551e-1L}
static constexpr _Tp _S_Hi0 = _Tp{4.099510849640004901006149127290757023959e-1L}
static constexpr _Tp _S_Hip0 = _Tp{2.988589049025509052765491402658855939102e-1L}
static constexpr _Cmplx _S_i {_Tp{0}, _Tp{1}}
static constexpr _Tp _S_pi = __gnu_cxx::__const_pi(_Tp{})
static constexpr _Tp _S_sqrt_pi = __gnu_cxx::__const_root_pi(_Tp{})
```

# 10.53.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> class std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >
```

This class orgianizes series solutions of the Airy function.

$$fai(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2k+1)!!!x^{3k}}{(2k+1)!}$$
$$gai(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2k+2)!!!x^{3k+1}}{(2k+2)!}$$
$$hai(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2k+3)!!!x^{3k+2}}{(2k+3)!}$$

This class contains tabulations of the factors appearing in the sums above.

Definition at line 107 of file sf airy.tcc.

### 10.53.2 Member Typedef Documentation

10.53.2.1 \_Cmplx

```
template<typename _Tp >
using std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >::_Cmplx = std::complex<_Tp>
```

Definition at line 111 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 10.53.3 Member Function Documentation

```
10.53.3.1 S Ai()
```

Return the Airy function of the first kind and its derivative by using the series expansions of the auxilliary Airy functions:

$$fai(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2k+1)!!!x^{3k}}{(2k+1)!}$$

$$gai(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2k+2)!!!x^{3k+1}}{(2k+2)!}$$

The Airy function of the first kind is then defined by:

$$Ai(x) = Ai(0)fai(x) + Ai'(0)gai(x)$$

where 
$$Ai(0) = 3^{-2/3}/\Gamma(2/3)$$
,  $Ai'(0) = -3 - 1/2Bi'(0)$  and  $Bi(0) = 3^{1/2}Ai(0)$ ,  $Bi'(0) = 3^{1/6}/\Gamma(1/3)$ 

**Template Parameters** 

```
_Tp | A real type
```

Definition at line 340 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

Referenced by std:: detail:: Airy< Tp >::operator()().

```
10.53.3.2 _S_Airy()
```

Return the Fock-type Airy functions Ai(t), and Bi(t) and their derivatives of complex argument.

### **Template Parameters**

_Tp A real type
-----------------

#### **Parameters**

$\leftarrow$	The complex argument
_←	
$\leftarrow$	
_←	
t	

Definition at line 608 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

10.53.3.3 \_S\_Bi()

Return the Airy function of the second kind and its derivative by using the series expansions of the auxilliary Airy functions:

$$fai(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2k+1)!!!x^{3k}}{(2k+1)!}$$

$$gai(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2k+2)!!!x^{3k+1}}{(2k+2)!}$$

The Airy function of the second kind is then defined by:

$$Bi(x) = Bi(0)fai(x) + Bi'(0)gai(x)$$

where 
$$Ai(0)=3^{-2/3}/\Gamma(2/3), Ai'(0)=-3-1/2Bi'(0)$$
 and  $Bi(0)=3^{1/2}Ai(0), Bi'(0)=3^{1/6}/\Gamma(1/3)$ 

**Template Parameters** 

Definition at line 363 of file sf airy.tcc.

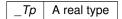
Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_Airy< \_Tp >::operator()().

10.53.3.4 \_S\_FGH()

Return the auxilliary Airy functions:

$$fai(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2k+1)!!!x^{3k}}{(2k+1)!}$$
$$gai(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2k+2)!!!x^{3k+1}}{(2k+2)!}$$
$$hai(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2k+3)!!!x^{3k+2}}{(2k+3)!}$$

### **Template Parameters**



Definition at line 382 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

10.53.3.5 \_S\_Fock()

Return the Fock-type Airy functions  $w_1(t)$ , and  $w_2(t)$  and their derivatives of complex argument.

**Template Parameters** 

### **Parameters**

$\leftarrow$	The complex argument
_←	
$\leftarrow$	
_←	
t	

Definition at line 620 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

### 10.53.3.6 \_S\_Scorer()

Return the Scorer functions by using the series expansions of the auxilliary Airy functions:

$$fai(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2k+1)!!!x^{3k}}{(2k+1)!}$$

$$gai(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2k+2)!!!x^{3k+1}}{(2k+2)!}$$

$$hai(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2k+3)!!!x^{3k+2}}{(2k+3)!}$$

The Scorer function is then defined by:

$$Hi(x) = Hi(0) \left( fai(x) + gai(x) + hai(x) \right)$$

where  $Hi(0)=2/(3^{7/6}\Gamma(2/3))$  and  $Hi'(0)=2/(3^{5/6}\Gamma(1/3))$ . The other Scorer function is found from the identity

$$Gi(x) + Hi(x) = Bi(x)$$

**Todo** Find out what is wrong with the Hi = fai + gai + hai scorer function.

#### **Template Parameters**

```
_Tp | A real type
```

Definition at line 463 of file sf airy.tcc.

### 10.53.3.7 \_S\_Scorer2()

Return the Scorer functions by using the series expansions:

$$Hi(x) = \frac{3^{-2/3}}{\pi} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \Gamma\left(\frac{k+1}{3}\right) \frac{3^{1/3}x}{k!}$$

$$Hi'(x) = \frac{3^{-1/3}}{\pi} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \Gamma\left(\frac{k+2}{3}\right) \frac{3^{1/3}x}{k!}$$

$$Gi(x) = \frac{3^{-2/3}}{\pi} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \cos\left(\frac{2k-1}{3}\pi\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{k+1}{3}\right) \frac{3^{1/3}x}{k!}$$

$$Gi'(x) = \frac{3^{-1/3}}{\pi} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \cos\left(\frac{2k+1}{3}\pi\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{k+2}{3}\right) \frac{3^{1/3}x}{k!}$$

Definition at line 500 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

References std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma().

#### 10.53.4 Member Data Documentation

#### 10.53.4.1 \_N\_FGH

```
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr int std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >::_N_FGH = 200 [static]
```

Definition at line 113 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

#### 10.53.4.2 \_S\_Ai0

```
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr _Tp std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >::_S_Ai0 = _Tp{3.550280538878172392600631860041831763980e-1←
L} [static]
```

Definition at line 129 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

#### 10.53.4.3 \_S\_Aip0

```
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr _Tp std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >::_S_Aip0 = _Tp{-2.588194037928067984051835601892039634793e-1←
L} [static]
```

Definition at line 131 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

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#### 10.53.4.4 \_S\_Bi0

```
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr _Tp std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >::_S_Bi0 = _Tp{6.149266274460007351509223690936135535960e-1←
L} [static]
```

Definition at line 133 of file sf airy.tcc.

#### 10.53.4.5 \_S\_Bip0

```
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr _Tp std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >::_S_Bip0 = _Tp{4.482883573538263579148237103988283908668e-1←
L} [static]
```

Definition at line 135 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

#### 10.53.4.6 S\_eps

```
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr _Tp std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >::_S_eps = __gnu_cxx::__epsilon(_Tp{}) [static]
```

Definition at line 124 of file sf airy.tcc.

#### 10.53.4.7 S\_Gi0

```
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr _Tp std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >::_S_Gi0 = _Tp{2.049755424820002450503074563645378511979e-1←
L} [static]
```

Definition at line 141 of file sf airy.tcc.

#### 10.53.4.8 \_S\_Gip0

```
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr _Tp std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >::_S_Gip0 = _Tp{1.494294524512754526382745701329427969551e-1↔
L} [static]
```

Definition at line 143 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

```
10.53.4.9 _S_Hi0
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr _Tp std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >::_S_HiO = _Tp{4.099510849640004901006149127290757023959e-1←
L} [static]
```

Definition at line 137 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

#### 10.53.4.10 \_S\_Hip0

```
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr _Tp std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >::_S_Hip0 = _Tp{2.988589049025509052765491402658855939102e-1←
L} [static]
```

Definition at line 139 of file sf airy.tcc.

#### 10.53.4.11 \_S\_i

```
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >::_S_i {_Tp{0}, _Tp{1}} [static]
```

Definition at line 144 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

#### 10.53.4.12 S\_pi

```
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr _Tp std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >::_S_pi = __gnu_cxx::__const_pi(_Tp{}) [static]
```

Definition at line 125 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

#### 10.53.4.13 \_S\_sqrt\_pi

```
template<typename _Tp >
constexpr _Tp std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >::_S_sqrt_pi = __gnu_cxx::__const_root_pi(_Tp{})
[static]
```

Definition at line 127 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

include/bits/sf airy.tcc

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# 10.54 std::\_\_detail::\_AiryAuxilliaryState< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

# **Public Types**

```
• using _Val = __num_traits_t< _Tp >
```

#### **Public Attributes**

- · \_Tp \_\_fai\_deriv
- \_Tp \_\_fai\_value
- \_Tp \_\_gai\_deriv
- \_Tp \_\_gai\_value
- \_Tp \_\_hai\_deriv
- \_Tp \_\_hai\_value
- \_Tp \_\_z

# 10.54.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp>
struct std::__detail::_AiryAuxilliaryState< _Tp>
```

A structure containing three auxilliary Airy functions and their derivatives.

Definition at line 79 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

# 10.54.2 Member Typedef Documentation

```
10.54.2.1 _Val

template<typename _Tp>
using std::__detail::_AiryAuxilliaryState< _Tp >::_Val = __num_traits_t<_Tp>
```

Definition at line 81 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

#### 10.54.3 Member Data Documentation

```
10.54.3.1 __fai_deriv
template<typename _Tp>
_Tp std::__detail::_AiryAuxilliaryState< _Tp >::__fai_deriv
Definition at line 85 of file sf_airy.tcc.
10.54.3.2 __fai_value
template < typename _Tp >
_Tp std::__detail::_AiryAuxilliaryState< _Tp >::__fai_value
Definition at line 84 of file sf_airy.tcc.
10.54.3.3 __gai_deriv
template<typename _Tp>
_Tp std::__detail::_AiryAuxilliaryState< _Tp >::__gai_deriv
Definition at line 87 of file sf_airy.tcc.
10.54.3.4 __gai_value
template<typename _Tp>
_Tp std::__detail::_AiryAuxilliaryState< _Tp >::__gai_value
Definition at line 86 of file sf_airy.tcc.
10.54.3.5 __hai_deriv
template<typename _Tp>
```

Definition at line 89 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

\_Tp std::\_\_detail::\_AiryAuxilliaryState< \_Tp >::\_\_hai\_deriv

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```
10.54.3.6 __hai_value
```

```
template<typename _Tp>
_Tp std::__detail::_AiryAuxilliaryState< _Tp >::__hai_value
```

Definition at line 88 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

```
10.54.3.7 __z
template<typename _Tp>
```

\_Tp std::\_\_detail::\_AiryAuxilliaryState< \_Tp >::\_\_z

Definition at line 83 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_airy.tcc

# 10.55 std::\_\_detail::\_AiryState< \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

# **Public Types**

• using \_Real = \_\_num\_traits\_t< \_Tp >

#### **Public Member Functions**

- \_Real true\_Wronskian ()
- \_Tp Wronskian () const

### **Public Attributes**

- \_Tp \_\_Ai\_deriv
- \_Tp \_\_Ai\_value
- \_Tp \_\_Bi\_deriv
- \_Tp \_\_Bi\_value
- \_Tp \_\_z

# 10.55.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> struct std::__detail::_AiryState< _Tp >
```

This struct defines the Airy function state with two presumably numerically useful Airy functions and their derivatives. The data mambers are directly accessible. The lone method computes the Wronskian from the stored functions. A static method returns the correct Wronskian.

Definition at line 54 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

# 10.55.2 Member Typedef Documentation

#### 10.55.2.1 \_Real

```
template<typename _Tp>
using std::__detail::_AiryState< _Tp >::_Real = __num_traits_t<_Tp>
```

Definition at line 56 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

#### 10.55.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 10.55.3.1 true\_Wronskian()

```
template<typename _Tp>
_Real std::__detail::_AiryState< _Tp >::true_Wronskian ( ) [inline]
```

Definition at line 69 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

#### 10.55.3.2 Wronskian()

```
template<typename _Tp>
_Tp std::__detail::_AiryState< _Tp >::Wronskian ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 65 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

References std::\_\_detail::\_AiryState< \_Tp >::\_\_Ai\_deriv.

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#### 10.55.4 Member Data Documentation

```
10.55.4.1 __Ai_deriv

template<typename _Tp>
_Tp std::__detail::_AiryState< _Tp >::__Ai_deriv

Definition at line 60 of file sf_airy.tcc.
```

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_AiryState< \_Tp >::Wronskian().

```
10.55.4.2 __Ai_value

template<typename _Tp>
_Tp std::__detail::_AiryState< _Tp >::__Ai_value
```

Definition at line 59 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

```
10.55.4.3 __Bi_deriv

template<typename _Tp>
_Tp std::__detail::_AiryState< _Tp >::__Bi_deriv
```

Definition at line 62 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

```
10.55.4.4 __Bi_value

template<typename _Tp>
_Tp std::__detail::_AiryState< _Tp >::__Bi_value
```

Definition at line 61 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

```
10.55.4.5 __z
```

```
template<typename _Tp>
_Tp std::__detail::_AiryState< _Tp >::__z
```

Definition at line 58 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_asymp< \_Tp >::\_S\_absarg\_ge\_pio3(), std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_asymp< \_Tp >::\_S\_ $\leftrightarrow$  absarg\_lt\_pio3(), and std::\_\_detail::\_Airy\_asymp< \_Tp >::operator()().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_airy.tcc

# 10.56 std::\_\_detail::\_AsympTerminator< \_Tp > Class Template Reference

#### **Public Member Functions**

- \_AsympTerminator (std::size\_t \_\_max\_iter, \_Real \_\_mul=\_Real{1})
- std::size\_t num\_terms () const

Return the current number of terms summed.

bool operator() (\_Tp \_\_term, \_Tp \_\_sum)

Detect if the sum should terminate either because the incoming term is small enough or because the terms are starting to grow or.

\_Tp operator<< (\_Tp \_\_term)</li>

Filter a term before applying it to the sum.

#### 10.56.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> class std::__detail::_AsympTerminator< _Tp >
```

This class manages the termination of asymptotic series. In particular, this termination watches for the growth of the sequence of terms to stop the series.

Termination conditions involve both a maximum iteration count and a relative precision.

Definition at line 107 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

#### 10.56.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

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#### 10.56.2.1 \_AsympTerminator()

Definition at line 120 of file sf polylog.tcc.

#### 10.56.3 Member Function Documentation

```
10.56.3.1 num_terms()
```

```
template<typename _Tp>
std::size_t std::__detail::_AsympTerminator< _Tp >::num_terms ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the current number of terms summed.

Definition at line 140 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

#### 10.56.3.2 operator()()

Detect if the sum should terminate either because the incoming term is small enough or because the terms are starting to grow or.

Definition at line 147 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

#### 10.56.3.3 operator << ()

Filter a term before applying it to the sum.

Definition at line 127 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

include/bits/sf polylog.tcc

# 10.57 std::\_\_detail::\_Factorial\_table < \_Tp > Struct Template Reference

#### **Public Attributes**

- \_Tp \_\_factorial
- \_Tp \_\_log\_factorial
- int \_\_n

# 10.57.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp>
struct std::__detail::_Factorial_table< _Tp >
```

Definition at line 67 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

#### 10.57.2 Member Data Documentation

```
10.57.2.1 __factorial
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp std::__detail::_Factorial_table< _Tp >::__factorial
```

Definition at line 70 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_double\_factorial(), and std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma\_reciprocal().

```
10.57.2.2 __log_factorial
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp std::__detail::_Factorial_table< _Tp >::__log_factorial
```

Definition at line 71 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

Referenced by std::\_\_detail::\_\_log\_double\_factorial(), and std::\_\_detail::\_\_log\_gamma().

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```
10.57.2.3 __n
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
int std::__detail::_Factorial_table< _Tp >::__n
```

Definition at line 69 of file sf gamma.tcc.

Referenced by  $std::\_detail::\_binomial()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_digamma()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_double\_factorial()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_double\_factorial()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_gamma()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_gamma\_cont\_frac()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_gamma\_reciprocal()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_gamma\_series()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_harmonic\_number()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_log\_binomial()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_log\_binomial\_sign()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_log\_binomial\_sign()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_log\_binomial\_sign()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_log\_gamma()$ ,  $std::\_detail::\_polygamma()$ , and  $std::\_detail::\_rising\_factorial()$ .

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_gamma.tcc

# 10.58 std::\_\_detail::\_Terminator< \_Tp > Class Template Reference

#### **Public Member Functions**

- \_Terminator (std::size\_t \_\_max\_iter, \_Real \_\_mul=\_Real{1})
- std::size\_t num\_terms () const

Return the current number of terms summed.

• bool operator() (\_Tp \_\_term, \_Tp \_\_sum)

Detect if the sum should terminate either because the incoming term is small enough or the maximum number of terms has been reached.

#### 10.58.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename _Tp> class std::__detail::_Terminator< _Tp >
```

This class manages the termination of series. Termination conditions involve both a maximum iteration count and a relative precision.

Definition at line 62 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

#### 10.58.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 10.58.2.1 \_Terminator()

Definition at line 73 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

#### 10.58.3 Member Function Documentation

```
10.58.3.1 num_terms()
```

```
template<typename _Tp>
std::size_t std::__detail::_Terminator< _Tp >::num_terms ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the current number of terms summed.

Definition at line 80 of file sf polylog.tcc.

#### 10.58.3.2 operator()()

Detect if the sum should terminate either because the incoming term is small enough or the maximum number of terms has been reached.

Definition at line 86 of file sf\_polylog.tcc.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/bits/sf\_polylog.tcc

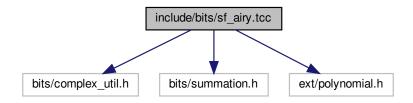
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# **Chapter 11**

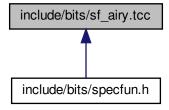
# **File Documentation**

# 11.1 include/bits/sf\_airy.tcc File Reference

```
#include <bits/complex_util.h>
#include <bits/summation.h>
#include <ext/polynomial.h>
Include dependency graph for sf_airy.tcc:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### Classes

```
class std::__detail::_Airy< _Tp >
class std::__detail::_Airy_asymp< _Tp >
struct std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_data< _Tp >
struct std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_data< double >
struct std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_data< float >
struct std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_data< long double >
class std::__detail::_Airy_asymp_series< _Sum >
struct std::__detail::_Airy_default_radii< _Tp >
struct std::__detail::_Airy_default_radii< float >
struct std::__detail::_Airy_default_radii< long double >
class std::__detail::_Airy_default_radii< long double >
class std::__detail::_Airy_series< _Tp >
struct std::__detail::_AiryAuxilliaryState< _Tp >
struct std::__detail::_AiryState< _Tp >
```

#### **Namespaces**

- std
- std:: detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

• #define GLIBCXX BITS SF AIRY TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
    template<typename _Tp >
        std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__airy_ai (std::complex< _Tp > __z)
        Return the complex Airy Ai function.
    template<typename _Tp >
        std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__airy_bi (std::complex< _Tp > __z)
        Return the complex Airy Bi function.
```

#### **Variables**

```
    template<typename _Tp > constexpr int std::__detail::__max_FGH = _Airy_series<_Tp>::_N_FGH
    template<> constexpr int std::__detail::__max_FGH< double > = 79
    template<> constexpr int std::__detail::__max_FGH< float > = 15
```

# 11.1.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. You should not attempt to use it directly.

#### 11.1.2 Macro Definition Documentation

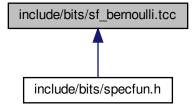
#### 11.1.2.1 \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_AIRY\_TCC

```
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_AIRY_TCC 1
```

Definition at line 31 of file sf\_airy.tcc.

# 11.2 include/bits/sf\_bernoulli.tcc File Reference

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

### **Macros**

• #define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_BERNOULLI\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp >
_GLIBCXX14_CONSTEXPR _Tp std::__detail::__bernoulli (unsigned int __n)
__This returns Bernoulli number B<sub>n</sub>.
template<typename _Tp >
_Tp std::__detail::__bernoulli (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
_GLIBCXX14_CONSTEXPR _Tp std::__detail::__bernoulli_2n (unsigned int __n)
_This returns Bernoulli number B<sub>2</sub>n at even integer arguments 2n.
template<typename _Tp >
_GLIBCXX14_CONSTEXPR _Tp std::__detail::__bernoulli_series (unsigned int __n)
_This returns Bernoulli numbers from a table or by summation for larger values.
B<sub>2n</sub> = (-1)<sup>n+1</sup>2 (2n)! / (2n)
```

#### 11.2.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <cmath>.

#### 11.2.2 Macro Definition Documentation

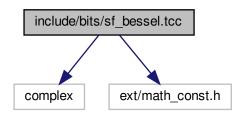
```
11.2.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_BERNOULLI_TCC

#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_BERNOULLI_TCC 1

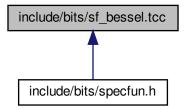
Definition at line 35 of file sf_bernoulli.tcc.
```

# 11.3 include/bits/sf\_bessel.tcc File Reference

```
#include <complex>
#include <ext/math_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf_bessel.tcc:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Namespaces**

- std
- std:: detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_BESSEL\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
ullet template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__cyl_bessel_ij_series (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x, _Tp __sgn, unsigned int __max_iter)
      This routine returns the cylindrical Bessel functions of order \nu: J_{\nu} or I_{\nu} by series expansion.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__cyl_bessel_j (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
      Return the Bessel function of order \nu: J_{\nu}(x).
template<typename</li>Tp >
  __gnu_cxx::__cyl_bessel_t< _Tp, _Tp, _Tp > std::__detail::__cyl_bessel_jn (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
      Return the cylindrical Bessel functions and their derivatives of order \nu by various means.
template<typename _Tp >
  __gnu_cxx::__cyl_bessel_t< _Tp, _Tp, _Tp > std::__detail::__cyl_bessel_jn_asymp (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
      This routine computes the asymptotic cylindrical Bessel and Neumann functions of order nu: J_{\nu}(x), N_{\nu}(x). Use this for
     x >> nu^2 + 1.
template<typename_Tp>
   _gnu_cxx::__cyl_bessel_t< _Tp, _Tp, std::complex< _Tp >> std::__detail::__cyl_bessel_in_neg_arg (_Tp ↔
  __nu, _Tp __x)
      Return the cylindrical Bessel functions and their derivatives of order \nu and argument x < 0.
template<typename _Tp >
  __gnu_cxx::_cyl_bessel_t< _Tp, _Tp, _Tp > std::__detail::__cyl_bessel_jn_steed (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
```

Compute the Bessel  $J_{\nu}(x)$  and Neumann  $N_{\nu}(x)$  functions and their first derivatives  $J'_{\nu}(x)$  and  $N'_{\nu}(x)$  respectively. These four functions are computed together for numerical stability.

template<typename\_Tp>

$$std::complex < \_Tp > std::\_\_detail::\_\_cyl\_hankel\_1 \ (\_Tp \ \_\_nu, \ \_Tp \ \_\_x)$$

Return the cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind  $H_{\nu}^{(1)}(x)$ .

template<typename \_Tp >

$$std::complex < \_Tp > std::\_\_detail::\_\_cyl\_hankel\_2 \ (\_Tp \_\_nu, \_Tp \_\_x)$$

Return the cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind  $H_n^{(2)}u(x)$ .

• template<typename  $_{\mathrm{Tp}}$  >

Return the Neumann function of order  $\nu$ :  $N_{\nu}(x)$ .

template<typename \_Tp >

Compute the gamma functions required by the Temme series expansions of  $N_{\nu}(x)$  and  $K_{\nu}(x)$ .

$$\Gamma_1 = \frac{1}{2\mu} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} - \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

and

$$\Gamma_2 = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} + \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

where  $-1/2 <= \mu <= 1/2$  is  $\mu = \nu - N$  and N. is the nearest integer to  $\nu$ . The values of  $\Gamma(1+\mu)$  and  $\Gamma(1-\mu)$  are returned as well.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the spherical Bessel function  $j_n(x)$  of order n and non-negative real argument x.

template<typename \_Tp >

```
__gnu_cxx::_sph_bessel_t< unsigned int, _Tp, _Tp > std::__detail::_sph_bessel_jn (unsigned int __n, _Tp
__x)
```

Compute the spherical Bessel  $j_n(x)$  and Neumann  $n_n(x)$  functions and their first derivatives  $j_n(x)$  and  $n'_n(x)$  respectively.

template<typename\_Tp>

```
\_gnu\_cxx::\_sph\_bessel\_t< unsigned int, \_Tp, std::complex< \_Tp>> std::\_detail::\_sph\_bessel\_jn\_neg \leftrightarrow arg (unsigned int \_n, \_Tp \_x)
```

• template<typename \_Tp >

Return the spherical Hankel function of the first kind  $h_n^{(1)}(x)$ .

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the spherical Hankel function of the second kind  $h_n^{(2)}(x)$ .

template<typename\_Tp>

```
Tp std:: detail:: sph neumann (unsigned int n, Tp x)
```

Return the spherical Neumann function  $n_n(x)$  of order n and non-negative real argument x.

#### 11.3.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <cmath>.

# 11.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation

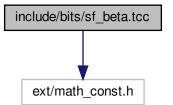
11.3.2.1 \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_BESSEL\_TCC

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_BESSEL\_TCC 1

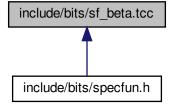
Definition at line 47 of file sf\_bessel.tcc.

# 11.4 include/bits/sf\_beta.tcc File Reference

#include <ext/math\_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf\_beta.tcc:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



### **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_BETA\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__beta (_Tp __a, _Tp __b)
     Return the beta function B(a,b).
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__beta_gamma (_Tp __a, _Tp __b)
      Return the beta function: B(a,b).
• template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__beta_inc (_Tp __a, _Tp __b, _Tp __x)
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__beta_lgamma (_Tp __a, _Tp __b)
     Return the beta function B(a,b) using the log gamma functions.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__beta_product (_Tp __a, _Tp __b)
     Return the beta function B(x, y) using the product form.
ullet template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__ibeta_cont_frac (_Tp __a, _Tp __b, _Tp __x)
```

### 11.4.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <math>.

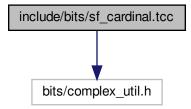
#### 11.4.2 Macro Definition Documentation

```
11.4.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_BETA_TCC  
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_BETA_TCC 1
```

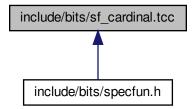
Definition at line 49 of file sf beta.tcc.

# 11.5 include/bits/sf\_cardinal.tcc File Reference

#include <bits/complex\_util.h>
Include dependency graph for sf\_cardinal.tcc:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

### **Macros**

• #define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_CARDINAL\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

template<typename \_Tp >
 \_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp > std::\_\_detail::\_\_sinc (\_Tp \_\_x)

Return the sinus cardinal function

$$sinc(x) = \frac{\sin(x)}{x}$$

.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the reperiodized sinus cardinal function

$$sinc_{\pi}(x) = \frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x}$$

.

 $\bullet \ \ template\!<\!typename\,\_Tp>$ 

$$\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t < \_Tp > std::\__detail::\__sinhc (\_Tp \__x)$$

Return the hyperbolic sinus cardinal function

$$sinhc(x) = \frac{\sinh(x)}{x}$$

ullet template<typename\_Tp>

Return the reperiodized hyperbolic sinus cardinal function

$$sinhc_{\pi}(x) = \frac{\sinh(\pi x)}{\pi x}$$

.

#### 11.5.1 Macro Definition Documentation

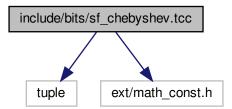
11.5.1.1 \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_CARDINAL\_TCC

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_CARDINAL\_TCC 1

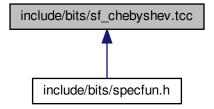
Definition at line 31 of file sf cardinal.tcc.

# 11.6 include/bits/sf\_chebyshev.tcc File Reference

```
#include <tuple>
#include <ext/math_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf_chebyshev.tcc:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

### **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_CHEBYSHEV\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp > std::tuple< _Tp, _Tp, _Tp > std::__detail::__chebyshev_recur (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x, _Tp _C0, _Tp _C1)
template<typename _Tp > ___gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_t_t< _Tp > std::__detail::__chebyshev_t (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp > ___gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_u_t< _Tp > std::__detail::__chebyshev_u (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp > ___gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_v_t< _Tp > std::__detail::__chebyshev_v (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp > ___gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_w_t< _Tp > std::__detail::__chebyshev_w (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
```

#### 11.6.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <math>.

#### 11.6.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 11.6.2.1 \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_CHEBYSHEV\_TCC

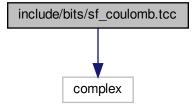
#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_CHEBYSHEV\_TCC 1

Definition at line 31 of file sf chebyshev.tcc.

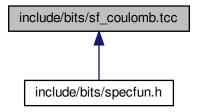
# 11.7 include/bits/sf\_coulomb.tcc File Reference

#include <complex>

Include dependency graph for sf\_coulomb.tcc:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Namespaces**

- std
- std:: detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

• #define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_COULOMB\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename_Tp > std::pair< _Tp, _Tp > std::__detail::__coulomb_CF1 (unsigned int __I, _Tp __eta, _Tp __x)
template<typename_Tp > std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::_coulomb_CF2 (unsigned int __I, _Tp __eta, _Tp __x)
template<typename_Tp > std::pair< _Tp, _Tp > std::__detail::_coulomb_f_recur (unsigned int __I_min, unsigned int __k_max, _Tp __eta, _Tp __x, _Tp _F l_max, _Tp _Fp_l_max)
template<typename_Tp > std::pair< _Tp, _Tp > std::__detail::_coulomb_g_recur (unsigned int __I_min, unsigned int __k_max, _Tp __eta, _Tp __x, _Tp _G l_min, _Tp _Gp_l_min)
template<typename_Tp > _Tp std::__detail::_coulomb_norm (unsigned int __I, _Tp __eta)
template<typename_Tp > std::_detail::_hydrogen (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __I, unsigned int __m, _Tp __Z, _Tp __r, _Tp __theta, _Tp __phi)
```

#### 11.7.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. You should not attempt to use it directly.

#### 11.7.2 Macro Definition Documentation

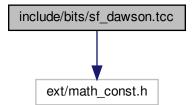
11.7.2.1 \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_COULOMB\_TCC

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_COULOMB\_TCC 1

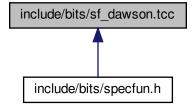
Definition at line 31 of file sf\_coulomb.tcc.

# 11.8 include/bits/sf\_dawson.tcc File Reference

#include <ext/math\_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf\_dawson.tcc:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

• #define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_DAWSON\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
    template<typename _Tp >
        _Tp std::__detail::__dawson (_Tp __x)
        Return the Dawson integral, F(x), for real argument x.
    template<typename _Tp >
        _Tp std::__detail::__dawson_cont_frac (_Tp __x)
        Compute the Dawson integral using a sampling theorem representation.
    template<typename _Tp >
        _Tp std::__detail::__dawson_series (_Tp __x)
        Compute the Dawson integral using the series expansion.
```

# 11.8.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <math>.

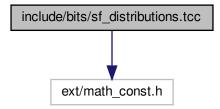
### 11.8.2 Macro Definition Documentation

```
11.8.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_DAWSON_TCC  
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_DAWSON_TCC 1
```

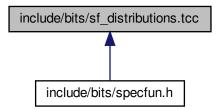
Definition at line 31 of file sf dawson.tcc.

# 11.9 include/bits/sf\_distributions.tcc File Reference

#include <ext/math\_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf\_distributions.tcc:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std:: detail

Implementation-space details.

### **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_DISTRIBUTIONS\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__beta_p (_Tp __a, _Tp __b, _Tp __x)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__binomial_p (_Tp __p, unsigned int __n, unsigned int __k)
      Return the binomial cumulative distribution function.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__binomial_pdf (_Tp __p, unsigned int __n, unsigned int __k)
      Return the binomial probability mass function.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__binomial_q (_Tp __p, unsigned int __n, unsigned int __k)
      Return the complementary binomial cumulative distribution function.
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp std:: detail:: cauchy p (Tp a, Tp b, Tp x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__chi_squared_pdf (_Tp __chi2, unsigned int __nu)
      Return the chi-squared propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-squared for a correct model
      is less than the value \chi^2.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std:: __detail:: __chi_squared_pdfc (_Tp __chi2, unsigned int __nu)
      Return the complementary chi-squared propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-squared for
      a correct model is greater than the value \chi^2.
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp std:: detail:: exponential p (Tp lambda, Tp x)
      Return the exponential cumulative probability density function.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__exponential_pdf (_Tp __lambda, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential probability density function.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__exponential_q (_Tp __lambda, _Tp __x)
      Return the complement of the exponential cumulative probability density function.
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp std:: detail:: fisher f p (Tp F, unsigned int nu1, unsigned int nu2)
      Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model
      exceeds the value \chi^2.
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp std:: detail:: fisher f pdf ( Tp F, unsigned int nu1, unsigned int nu2)
      Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model
      exceeds the value \chi^2.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__fisher_f_q (_Tp __F, unsigned int __nu1, unsigned int __nu2)
      Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model
      exceeds the value \chi^2.
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp std:: detail:: gamma p (Tp alpha, Tp beta, Tp x)
      Return the gamma cumulative propability distribution function.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__gamma_pdf (_Tp __alpha, _Tp __beta, _Tp _ x)
      Return the gamma propability distribution function.
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__gamma_q (_Tp __alpha, _Tp __beta, _Tp __x)
      Return the gamma complementary cumulative propability distribution function.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__kolmogorov_p (_Tp __a, _Tp __b, _Tp __x)
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__logistic_p (_Tp __a, _Tp __b, _Tp __x)
      Return the logistic cumulative distribution function.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__logistic_pdf (_Tp __a, _Tp __b, _Tp __x)
      Return the logistic probability density function.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__lognormal_p (_Tp __mu, _Tp __sigma, _Tp __x)
      Return the lognormal cumulative probability density function.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__lognormal_pdf (_Tp __nu, _Tp __sigma, _Tp __x)
      Return the lognormal probability density function.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__normal_p (_Tp __mu, _Tp __sigma, _Tp __x)
      Return the normal cumulative probability density function.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__normal_pdf (_Tp __mu, _Tp __sigma, _Tp __x)
      Return the normal probability density function.
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp std:: detail:: rice pdf (Tp nu, Tp sigma, Tp x)
      Return the Rice probability density function.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__student_t_p (_Tp __t, unsigned int __nu)
      Return the Students T probability function.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__student_t_pdf (_Tp __t, unsigned int __nu)
      Return the Students T probability density.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__student_t_q (_Tp __t, unsigned int __nu)
      Return the complement of the Students T probability function.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__weibull_p (_Tp __a, _Tp __b, _Tp __x)
      Return the Weibull cumulative probability density function.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__weibull_pdf (_Tp __a, _Tp __b, _Tp __x)
      Return the Weibull probability density function.
```

#### 11.9.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <cmath>.

# 11.9.2 Macro Definition Documentation

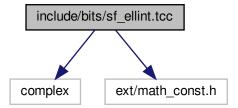
#### 11.9.2.1 \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_DISTRIBUTIONS\_TCC

```
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_DISTRIBUTIONS_TCC 1
```

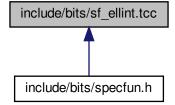
Definition at line 49 of file sf\_distributions.tcc.

# 11.10 include/bits/sf\_ellint.tcc File Reference

```
#include <complex>
#include <ext/math_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf_ellint.tcc:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



### **Namespaces**

```
std
```

• std:: detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

• #define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_ELLINT\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__comp_ellint_1 (_Tp __k)
      Return the complete elliptic integral of the first kind K(k) using the Carlson formulation.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__comp_ellint_2 (_Tp __k)
      Return the complete elliptic integral of the second kind E(k) using the Carlson formulation.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__comp_ellint_3 (_Tp __k, _Tp __nu)
      Return the complete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k,\nu)=\Pi(k,\nu,\pi/2) using the Carlson formulation.
template<typename _Tp >
   Tp std:: detail:: comp ellint d (Tp k)
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__comp_ellint_rf (_Tp __x, _Tp __y)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__comp_ellint_rg (_Tp __x, _Tp __y)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__ellint_1 (_Tp __k, _Tp __phi)
      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the first kind F(k,\phi) using the Carlson formulation.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__ellint_2 (_Tp __k, _Tp __phi)
      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind E(k,\phi) using the Carlson formulation.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__ellint_3 (_Tp __k, _Tp __nu, _Tp __phi)
      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k, \nu, \phi) using the Carlson formulation.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__ellint_cel (_Tp __k_c, _Tp __p, _Tp __a, _Tp __b)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__ellint_d (_Tp __k, _Tp __phi)
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__ellint_el1 (_Tp __x, _Tp __k_c)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__ellint_el2 (_Tp __x, _Tp __k_c, _Tp __a, _Tp __b)
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__ellint_el3 (_Tp __x, _Tp __k_c, _Tp __p)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__ellint_rc (_Tp __x, _Tp __y)
```

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_C(x,y) = R_F(x,y,y)$  where  $R_F(x,y,z)$  is the Carlson elliptic function of the first kind.

template<typename \_Tp >
 \_Tp std::\_\_detail::\_\_ellint\_rd (\_Tp \_\_x, \_Tp \_\_y, \_Tp \_\_z)

Return the Carlson elliptic function of the second kind  $R_D(x,y,z) = R_J(x,y,z,z)$  where  $R_J(x,y,z,p)$  is the Carlson elliptic function of the third kind.

template<typename\_Tp>

```
_Tp std::__detail::__ellint_rf (_Tp __x, _Tp __y, _Tp __z)
```

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_F(x, y, z)$  of the first kind.

• template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$ 

```
_Tp std::__detail::__ellint_rg (_Tp __x, _Tp __y, _Tp __z)
```

Return the symmetric Carlson elliptic function of the second kind  $R_G(x, y, z)$ .

ullet template<typename\_Tp>

```
_Tp std::__detail::__ellint_rj (_Tp __x, _Tp __y, _Tp __z, _Tp __p)
```

Return the Carlson elliptic function  $R_J(x, y, z, p)$  of the third kind.

 $\bullet \ \ template {<} typename \ \_Tp >$ 

```
_Tp std::__detail::__heuman_lambda (_Tp __k, _Tp __phi)
```

ullet template<typename\_Tp>

```
_Tp std::__detail::__jacobi_zeta (_Tp __k, _Tp __phi)
```

#### 11.10.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <math>.

#### 11.10.2 Macro Definition Documentation

11.10.2.1 \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_ELLINT\_TCC

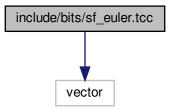
```
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_ELLINT_TCC 1
```

Definition at line 47 of file sf ellint.tcc.

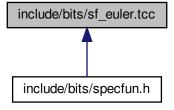
# 11.11 include/bits/sf\_euler.tcc File Reference

#include <vector>

Include dependency graph for sf\_euler.tcc:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

### **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_EULER\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp std::__detail::__euler (unsigned int __n)
        This returns Euler number E_n.
template<typename _Tp >
        _Tp std::__detail::__euler (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
        _Tp std::__detail::__euler_series (unsigned int __n)
template<typename _Tp >
        _Tp std::__detail::__eulerian_1 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename _Tp >
        _Tp std::__detail::__eulerian_1_recur (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename _Tp >
        _Tp std::__detail::__eulerian_2 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename _Tp >
        _Tp std::__detail::__eulerian_2_recur (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename _Tp >
        _Tp std::__detail::__eulerian_2_recur (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
```

# 11.11.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <cmath>.

#### 11.11.2 Macro Definition Documentation

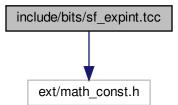
```
11.11.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_EULER_TCC

#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_EULER_TCC 1

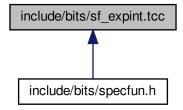
Definition at line 35 of file sf_euler.tcc.
```

# 11.12 include/bits/sf\_expint.tcc File Reference

```
#include <ext/math_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf_expint.tcc:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_EXPINT\_TCC 1

# **Functions**

```
ullet template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__coshint (const _Tp __x)
      Return the hyperbolic cosine integral Chi(x).
• template<typename _{\rm Tp}>
  _Tp std::__detail::__expint (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_n(x).
• template<typename _{\mathrm{Tp}} >
  _Tp std::__detail::__expint (_Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral Ei(x).
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__expint_E1 (_Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_1(x).
• template<typename _{\mathrm{Tp}} >
  _Tp std::__detail::__expint_E1_asymp (_Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_1(x) by asymptotic expansion.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__expint_E1_series (_Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_1(x) by series summation. This should be good for x < 1.
```

```
    template<typename _Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__expint_Ei (_Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral Ei(x).
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__expint_Ei_asymp (_Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral Ei(x) by asymptotic expansion.
template<typename _Tp >
  _{\rm Tp} std::_{\rm detail::} expint_{\rm Ei} series (_{\rm Tp} _{\rm x})
      Return the exponential integral Ei(x) by series summation.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std:: __detail:: __expint_En_asymp (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_n(x) for large argument.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__expint_En_cont_frac (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_n(x) by continued fractions.
• template<typename _{\mathrm{Tp}} >
  _Tp std::__detail::__expint_En_large_n (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_n(x) for large order.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__expint_En_recursion (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_n(x) by recursion. Use upward recursion for x < n and downward recursion (Miller's
      algorithm) otherwise.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__expint_En_series (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential integral E_n(x) by series summation.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__logint (const _Tp __x)
      Return the logarithmic integral li(x).
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__sinhint (const _Tp __x)
      Return the hyperbolic sine integral Shi(x).
```

#### 11.12.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <cmath>.

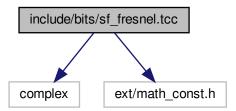
#### 11.12.2 Macro Definition Documentation

```
11.12.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_EXPINT_TCC
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_EXPINT_TCC 1
```

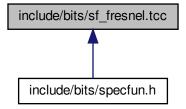
Definition at line 47 of file sf expint.tcc.

# 11.13 include/bits/sf\_fresnel.tcc File Reference

```
#include <complex>
#include <ext/math_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf_fresnel.tcc:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

# **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_FRESNEL\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
    template < typename _Tp >
    std::complex < _Tp > std::__detail::__fresnel (const _Tp __x)
    Return the Fresnel cosine and sine integrals as a complex number $f[ C(x) + iS(x) $f].
```

template<typename \_Tp >
 void std::\_\_detail::\_\_fresnel\_cont\_frac (const \_Tp \_\_ax, \_Tp &\_Cf, \_Tp &\_Sf)

This function computes the Fresnel cosine and sine integrals by continued fractions for positive argument.

template<typename \_Tp >
 void std::\_\_detail::\_\_fresnel\_series (const \_Tp \_\_ax, \_Tp &\_Cf, \_Tp &\_Sf)

This function returns the Fresnel cosine and sine integrals as a pair by series expansion for positive argument.

# 11.13.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <cmath>.

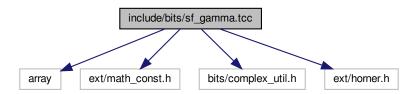
#### 11.13.2 Macro Definition Documentation

```
11.13.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_FRESNEL_TCC
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_FRESNEL_TCC 1
```

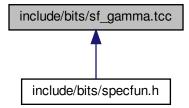
Definition at line 31 of file sf\_fresnel.tcc.

# 11.14 include/bits/sf\_gamma.tcc File Reference

```
#include <array>
#include <ext/math_const.h>
#include <bits/complex_util.h>
#include <ext/horner.h>
Include dependency graph for sf gamma.tcc:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### Classes

```
struct std::__detail::__gamma_lanczos_data< _Tp >
struct std::__detail::__gamma_lanczos_data< double >
struct std::__detail::__gamma_lanczos_data< float >
struct std::__detail::__gamma_lanczos_data< long double >
struct std::__detail::__gamma_spouge_data< _Tp >
struct std::__detail::__gamma_spouge_data< double >
struct std::__detail::__gamma_spouge_data< float >
struct std::__detail::__gamma_spouge_data< long double >
struct std::__detail::__gamma_spouge_data< long double >
struct std::__detail::__factorial_table< _Tp >
```

# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

# **Macros**

• #define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_GAMMA\_TCC 1

# **Functions**

```
    template<typename_Tp >
        _Tp std::__detail::__binomial (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __k)
```

Return the binomial coefficient. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} t^k$$

• template<typename\_Tp>

Return the binomial coefficient for non-integral degree. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu \\ k \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\Gamma(\nu+1)}{\Gamma(\nu-k+1)\Gamma(k+1)}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^{\nu} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} {\nu \choose k} t^k$$

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the digamma function of integral argument. The digamma or  $\psi(x)$  function is defined as the logarithmic derivative of the gamma function:

$$\psi(x) = \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)}$$

The digamma series for integral argument is given by:

$$\psi(n) = -\gamma_E + \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} \frac{1}{k}$$

The latter sum is called the harmonic number,  $H_n$ .

template<typename</li>Tp >

Return the digamma function. The digamma or  $\psi(x)$  function is defined by

$$\psi(x) = \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)}$$

For negative argument the reflection formula is used:

$$\psi(x) = \psi(1-x) - \pi \cot(\pi x)$$

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the digamma function for large argument. The digamma or  $\psi(x)$  function is defined by

$$\psi(x) = \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)}$$

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the digamma function by series expansion. The digamma or  $\psi(x)$  function is defined by

$$\psi(x) = \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)}$$

.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the double factorial of the integer n.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the factorial of the integer n.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the logarithm of the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol for real argument a and integral order n. The falling factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\underline{n}} = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a-k), (a)_0 = 1 = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-n+1)$$

In particular,  $n^{\underline{n}} = n!$ .

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

Return the logarithm of the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol for real argument a and order  $\nu$ . The falling factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\underline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-\nu+1)$$

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the gamma function  $\Gamma(a)$ . The gamma function is defined by:

$$\Gamma(a) = \int_0^\infty e^{-t} t^{a-1} dt (a > 0)$$

template<typename</li>Tp >

Return the incomplete gamma functions.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the incomplete gamma function by continued fraction.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the regularized lower incomplete gamma function. The regularized lower incomplete gamma function is defined by

$$P(a,x) = \frac{\gamma(a,x)}{\Gamma(a)}$$

where  $\Gamma(a)$  is the gamma function and

$$\gamma(a,x) = \int_0^x e^{-t} t^{a-1} dt (a > 0)$$

is the lower incomplete gamma function.

 $\bullet \ \ \mathsf{template} \!<\! \mathsf{typename} \ \_\mathsf{Tp} >$ 

Return the regularized upper incomplete gamma function. The regularized upper incomplete gamma function is defined by

$$Q(a,x) = \frac{\Gamma(a,x)}{\Gamma(a)}$$

where  $\Gamma(a)$  is the gamma function and

$$\Gamma(a,x) = \int_{a}^{\infty} e^{-t} t^{a-1} dt (a > 0)$$

is the upper incomplete gamma function.

template < typename \_Tp >
 \_Tp std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma\_reciprocal (\_Tp \_\_a)

template<typename \_Tp >

\_Tp std::\_\_detail::\_\_gamma\_reciprocal\_series (\_Tp \_\_a)

template<typename \_Tp >

$$std::pair < \_Tp, \_Tp > std:: \__detail:: \__gamma\_series (\_Tp \_\_a, \_Tp \_\_x)$$

Return the incomplete gamma function by series summation.

$$\gamma(a, x) = x^a e^{-z} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^k}{(a)_k}$$

• template<typename \_Tp >

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the Hurwitz zeta function  $\zeta(s,a)$  for all s = 1 and a > -1.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the Binet function J(1+z) by the Lanczos method. The Binet function is the log of the scaled Gamma function  $log(\Gamma^*(z))$  defined by

$$J(z) = \log(\Gamma^*(z)) = \log(\Gamma(z)) + z - \left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right)\log(z) - \log(2\pi)$$

or

$$\Gamma(z) = \sqrt{2\pi}z^{z-\frac{1}{2}}e^{-z}e^{J(z)}$$

where  $\Gamma(z)$  is the gamma function.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the logarithm of the gamma function  $log(\Gamma(1+z))$  by the Lanczos method.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the logarithm of the binomial coefficient. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} t^k$$

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the logarithm of the binomial coefficient for non-integral degree. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\binom{\nu}{k} = \frac{\Gamma(\nu+1)}{\Gamma(\nu-k+1)\Gamma(k+1)}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^{\nu} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} {\nu \choose k} t^{k}$$

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the sign of the exponentiated logarithm of the binomial coefficient for non-integral degree. The binomial coefficient is given by:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu \\ k \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\Gamma(\nu+1)}{\Gamma(\nu-k+1)\Gamma(k+1)}$$

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

$$(1+t)^{\nu} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \binom{\nu}{k} t^k$$

template<typename \_Tp >

std::complex< \_Tp > std::\_\_detail::\_\_log\_binomial\_sign (std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_nu, unsigned int \_\_k)

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

\_GLIBCXX14\_CONSTEXPR \_Tp std::\_\_detail::\_\_log\_double\_factorial (\_Tp \_\_nu)

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the logarithm of the double factorial of the integer n.

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

Return the logarithm of the factorial of the integer n.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the logarithm of the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol. The lower Pochammer symbol is defined by

$$a^{\underline{n}} = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-\nu+1) = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a-k), (a)_0 = 1$$

In particular,  $n^{\underline{n}} = n!$ . Thus this function returns

$$ln[a^{\underline{n}}] = ln[\Gamma(a+1)] - ln[\Gamma(a-\nu+1)], ln[a^{\underline{0}}] = 0$$

Many notations exist for this function:

 $(a)_{\nu}$ 

 $\begin{cases} a \\ u \end{cases}$ 

, and others.

ullet template<typename\_Tp>

Return  $log(|\Gamma(a)|)$ . This will return values even for a < 0. To recover the sign of  $\Gamma(a)$  for any argument use  $\_log\_ \hookleftarrow gamma\_sign$ .

template<typename \_Tp >

Return  $log(\Gamma(a))$  for complex argument.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return  $log(\Gamma(x))$  by asymptotic expansion with Bernoulli number coefficients. This is like Sterling's approximation.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the sign of  $\Gamma(x)$ . At nonpositive integers zero is returned indicating  $\Gamma(x)$  is undefined.

template<typename</li>Tp >

```
std::complex < _Tp > std::__detail::__log_gamma_sign (std::complex < _Tp > __a)
```

template<typename\_Tp>

```
_Tp std::__detail::__log_rising_factorial (_Tp __a, _Tp __nu)
```

Return the logarithm of the rising factorial function or the (upper) Pochhammer symbol. The Pochammer symbol is defined for integer order by

$$a^{\overline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(n) = \prod_{k=0}^{\nu-1} (a+k), (a)_0 = 1$$

Thus this function returns

$$ln[a^{\overline{\nu}}] = ln[\Gamma(a+\nu)] - ln[\Gamma(\nu)], ln[(a)_0] = 0$$

Many notations exist for this function:

 $(a)_{\nu}$ 

(especially in the literature of special functions),

 $\begin{bmatrix} a \\ \nu \end{bmatrix}$ 

- , and others.
- template<typename\_Tp>

Return the polygamma function  $\psi^{(m)}(x)$ .

• template<typename  $_{\mathrm{Tp}}>$ 

Return the (upper) Pochhammer function or the rising factorial function. The Pochammer symbol is defined by

$$a^{\overline{n}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(\nu) = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a+k), (a)_0 = 1$$

Many notations exist for this function:

 $(a)_{\nu}$ 

, (especially in the literature of special functions),

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} a \\ n \end{array}\right]$$

- , and others.
- template<typename  $_{\mathrm{Tp}}>$

Return the rising factorial function or the (upper) Pochhammer function. The rising factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\overline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(\nu)$$

Many notations exist for this function:

 $(a)_{\nu}$ 

, (especially in the literature of special functions),

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} a \\ n \end{array}\right]$$

- , and others.
- $\bullet \ \ template {<} typename \ \_Tp >$

Return the Binet function J(1+z) by the Spouge method. The Binet function is the log of the scaled Gamma function  $log(\Gamma^*(z))$  defined by

$$J(z) = \log(\Gamma^*(z)) = \log(\Gamma(z)) + z - \left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right)\log(z) - \log(2\pi)$$

or

$$\Gamma(z) = \sqrt{2\pi}z^{z-\frac{1}{2}}e^{-z}e^{J(z)}$$

where  $\Gamma(z)$  is the gamma function.

template<typename\_Tp>

\_GLIBCXX14\_CONSTEXPR \_Tp std::\_\_detail::\_\_spouge\_log\_gamma1p (\_Tp \_\_z)

Return the logarithm of the gamma function  $log(\Gamma(1+z))$  by the Spouge algorithm:

$$\Gamma(z+1) = (z+a)^{z+1/2} e^{-z-a} \left[ \sqrt{2\pi} + \sum_{k=1}^{\lceil a \rceil + 1} \frac{c_k(a)}{z+k} \right]$$

where

$$c_k(a) = \frac{(-1)^{k-1}}{(k-1)!} (a-k)^{k-1/2} e^{a-k}$$

and the error is bounded by

$$\epsilon(a) < a^{-1/2} (2\pi)^{-a-1/2}$$

.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the upper incomplete gamma function. The lower incomplete gamma function is defined by

$$\Gamma(a,x) = \int_{x}^{\infty} e^{-t} t^{a-1} dt (a > 0)$$

.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the lower incomplete gamma function. The lower incomplete gamma function is defined by

$$\gamma(a, x) = \int_0^x e^{-t} t^{a-1} dt (a > 0)$$

.

#### **Variables**

- constexpr Factorial table < long double > std:: detail:: S double factorial table [301]
- constexpr \_Factorial\_table < long double > std::\_\_detail::\_S\_factorial\_table [171]
- constexpr unsigned long long std::\_\_detail::\_S\_harmonic\_denom [\_S\_num\_harmonic\_numer]
- constexpr unsigned long long std:: \_\_detail::\_S\_harmonic\_numer [\_S\_num\_harmonic\_numer]
- constexpr Factorial table < long double > std:: detail:: S neg double factorial table [999]
- template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}>$

constexpr std::size\_t std::\_\_detail::\_S\_num\_double\_factorials = 0

template<>

constexpr std::size t std:: detail:: S num double factorials < double > = 301

• template<

constexpr std::size\_t std::\_\_detail::\_S\_num\_double\_factorials< float > = 57

• template<>

constexpr std::size\_t std::\_\_detail::\_S\_num\_double\_factorials< long double > = 301

template<typename \_Tp >

constexpr std::size\_t std::\_\_detail::\_S\_num\_factorials = 0

template<>

constexpr std::size\_t std::\_\_detail::\_S\_num\_factorials< double > = 171

template<>

constexpr std::size\_t std::\_\_detail::\_S\_num\_factorials< float > = 35

template<>

constexpr std::size\_t std::\_\_detail::\_S\_num\_factorials< long double > = 171

- constexpr unsigned long long std::\_\_detail::\_S\_num\_harmonic\_numer = 29
- template<typename\_Tp>

constexpr std::size t std:: detail:: S num neg double factorials = 0

template<>
 constexpr std::size\_t std::\_\_detail::\_S\_num\_neg\_double\_factorials< double > = 150
 template<>
 constexpr std::size\_t std::\_\_detail::\_S\_num\_neg\_double\_factorials< float > = 27
 template<>

constexpr std::size\_t std::\_\_detail::\_S\_num\_neg\_double\_factorials< long double > = 999

# 11.14.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <math>.

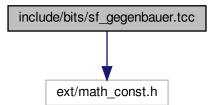
#### 11.14.2 Macro Definition Documentation

```
11.14.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_GAMMA_TCC #define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_GAMMA_TCC 1
```

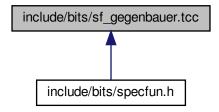
Definition at line 49 of file sf\_gamma.tcc.

# 11.15 include/bits/sf\_gegenbauer.tcc File Reference

```
#include <ext/math_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf_gegenbauer.tcc:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

### **Macros**

• #define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_GEGENBAUER\_TCC 1

### **Functions**

```
    template<typename _Tp >
        __gnu_cxx::__gegenbauer_t< _Tp > std::__detail::__gegenbauer_recur (unsigned int __n, _Tp __lambda, _Tp __x)
    template<typename _Tp >
        std::vector< __gnu_cxx::__quadrature_point_t< _Tp >> std::__detail::__gegenbauer_zeros (unsigned int __n, _Tp __lambda)
```

# 11.15.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <math>.

#### 11.15.2 Macro Definition Documentation

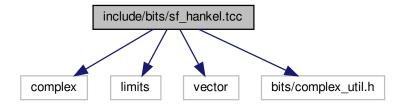
11.15.2.1 \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_GEGENBAUER\_TCC

```
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_GEGENBAUER_TCC 1
```

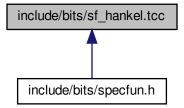
Definition at line 31 of file sf\_gegenbauer.tcc.

# 11.16 include/bits/sf\_hankel.tcc File Reference

```
#include <complex>
#include <limits>
#include <vector>
#include <bits/complex_util.h>
Include dependency graph for sf_hankel.tcc:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_HANKEL\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp >
  void std::__detail::__airy_arg (std::complex< _Tp > __num2d3, std::complex< _Tp > __zeta, std::complex<
 Tp > \& argp, std::complex < Tp > \& argm)
      Compute the arguments for the Airy function evaluations carefully to prevent premature overflow. Note that the major work
     here is in safe_div. A faster, but less safe implementation can be obtained without use of safe_div.
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex < \_Tp > \underline{std}::\underline{\_cyl\_bessel} \ (std::complex < \_Tp > \underline{\_\_nu}, std::complex < \_Tp > \underline{\_\_z})
      Return the complex cylindrical Bessel function.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::complex < Tp > std::\_detail::\_cyl_hankel_1 (std::complex < Tp > \__nu, std::complex < Tp > \__z)
      Return the complex cylindrical Hankel function of the first kind.
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< Tp > std:: detail:: cyl hankel 2 (std::complex< Tp > nu, std::complex< Tp > z)
      Return the complex cylindrical Hankel function of the second kind.
template<typename_Tp>
  std::complex< Tp > std:: detail:: cyl neumann (std::complex< Tp > nu, std::complex< Tp > z)
      Return the complex cylindrical Neumann function.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  void std:: __detail:: __debye_region (std::complex < _Tp > __alpha, int &__indexr, char &__aorb)
template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx:: cyl hankel t < std::complex < Tp >, std::complex < Tp >, std::complex < Tp > > std:: ←
  detail:: hankel (std::complex < Tp > nu, std::complex < Tp > z)
template<typename _Tp >
    gnu_cxx::__cyl_hankel_t< std::complex< _Tp >, std::complex< _Tp >, std::complex< _Tp >> std::__ \leftarrow
 detail::_hankel_debye (std::complex < _Tp > __nu, std::complex < _Tp > __z, std::complex < _Tp > __alpha,
 int indexr, char & aorb, int & morn)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  void std::__detail::__hankel_params (std::complex< _Tp > __nu, std::complex< _Tp > __zhat, std::complex<
 \_\mathsf{Tp} > \&\_\mathsf{p}, \ \mathsf{std::}\mathsf{complex} < \_\mathsf{Tp} > \&\_\mathsf{p2}, \ \mathsf{std::}\mathsf{complex} < \_\mathsf{Tp} > \&\_\mathsf{nup2}, \ \mathsf{std::}\mathsf{complex} < \_\mathsf{Tp} > \&\_\mathsf{num2},
 std::complex< Tp > & num1d3, std::complex< Tp > & num2d3, std::complex< Tp > & num4d3, std\leftrightarrow
 ::complex< Tp > & zeta, std::complex< Tp > & zetaphf, std::complex< Tp > & zetamhf, std::complex<
  Tp > \& zetam3hf, std::complex < Tp > \& zetrat
```

This routine computes the uniform asymptotic approximations of the Hankel functions and their derivatives including a patch for the case when the order equals or nearly equals the argument. At such points, Olver's expressions have zero denominators (and numerators) resulting in numerical problems. This routine averages results from four surrounding points in the complex plane to obtain the result in such cases.

 $\underline{gnu\_cxx::\_cyl\_hankel\_t} < std::complex < \underline{Tp} >, std::complex < \underline{Tp} >, std::\underline{\longleftarrow}$ 

Compute parameters depending on z and nu that appear in the uniform asymptotic expansions of the Hankel functions

and their derivatives, except the arguments to the Airy functions.

detail::\_\_hankel\_uniform (std::complex < \_Tp > \_\_nu, std::complex < \_Tp > \_\_z)

template<typename</li>Tp >

template<typename \_Tp >
 \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_cyl\_hankel\_t< std::complex< \_Tp >, std::complex< \_Tp >, std::complex< \_Tp >> std::\_\_ 
 detail::\_\_hankel\_uniform\_olver (std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_nu, std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_z)

Compute approximate values for the Hankel functions of the first and second kinds using Olver's uniform asymptotic expansion to of order nu along with their derivatives.

template<typename \_Tp > void std:: detail:: hankel uniform outer (std::complex< Tp > nu, std::complex< Tp > z, Tp ← eps, std::complex < \_Tp > &\_\_zhat, std::complex < \_Tp > &\_\_1dnsq, std::complex < \_Tp > &\_\_num1d3, std $\leftrightarrow$ ::complex< \_Tp> &\_\_num2d3, std::complex< \_Tp> &\_\_p, std::complex< \_Tp> &\_\_p2, std::complex< \_Tp>&\_\_etm3h, std::complex< \_Tp > &\_\_etrat, std::complex< \_Tp > &\_Aip, std::complex< \_Tp > &\_\_o4dp, std↔ ::complex< Tp > & Aim, std::complex< Tp > & o4dm, std::complex< Tp > & od2p, std::complex< Tp > & od0dp, std::complex< Tp > & od2m, std::complex< Tp > & od0dm) Compute outer factors and associated functions of z and nu appearing in Olver's uniform asymptotic expansions of the Hankel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives. The various functions of z and nu returned by hankel\_uniform\_outer are available for use in computing further terms in the expansions. template<typename</li>
 Tp > void std::\_\_detail::\_\_hankel\_uniform\_sum (std::complex < \_Tp > \_\_p, std::complex < \_Tp > \_\_p2, std::complex < Tp > num2, std::complex < Tp > zetam3hf, std::complex < Tp > Aip, std::complex < Tp > o4dp, std::complex< \_Tp > \_aim, std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_o4dm, std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_od2p, std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_od0dp, std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_od2m, std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_od0dm, \_Tp \_\_eps, std::complex< \_Tp > &\_H1sum, std::complex< \_Tp > &\_H1psum, std::complex< \_Tp > &\_H2sum, std::complex< \_Tp > &\_H2sum, Compute the sums in appropriate linear combinations appearing in Olver's uniform asymptotic expansions for the Hankel functions of the first and second kinds and their derivatives, using up to nterms (less than 5) to achieve relative error eps. template<typename \_Tp >  $std::complex < \_Tp > std::\_\_detail::\_\_sph\_bessel \ (unsigned \ int \ \_\_n, \ std::complex < \ Tp > \ \ z)$ Return the complex spherical Bessel function. • template<typename  $_{\mathrm{Tp}}$  > gnu cxx:: sph hankel t< unsigned int, std::complex< Tp >, std::complex< Tp > > std:: detail:: ← sph hankel (unsigned int n, std::complex < Tp > z) Helper to compute complex spherical Hankel functions and their derivatives. template<typename \_Tp > std::complex< Tp > std:: detail:: sph hankel 1 (unsigned int n, std::complex< Tp > z) Return the complex spherical Hankel function of the first kind. template<typename\_Tp> std::complex< Tp > std:: detail:: sph hankel 2 (unsigned int n, std::complex< Tp > z) Return the complex spherical Hankel function of the second kind.

template<typename</li>Tp >

std::complex< \_Tp > std::\_\_detail::\_\_sph\_neumann (unsigned int \_\_n, std::complex< \_Tp > \_\_z)

Return the complex spherical Neumann function.

#### 11.16.1 **Detailed Description**

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. You should not attempt to use it directly.

#### 11.16.2 Macro Definition Documentation

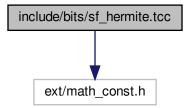
```
11.16.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_HANKEL_TCC
```

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_HANKEL\_TCC 1

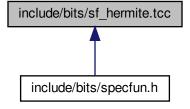
Definition at line 31 of file sf hankel.tcc.

# 11.17 include/bits/sf\_hermite.tcc File Reference

#include <ext/math\_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf\_hermite.tcc:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

# **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_HERMITE\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp std::__detail::__hermite (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
        This routine returns the Hermite polynomial of order n: Hn(x).
template<typename _Tp >
        _Tp std::__detail::__hermite_asymp (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
        This routine returns the Hermite polynomial of large order n: Hn(x). We assume here that x >= 0.
template<typename _Tp >
        _gnu_cxx::__hermite_t< _Tp > std::__detail::__hermite_recur (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
        This routine returns the Hermite polynomial of order n: Hn(x) by recursion on n.
template<typename _Tp >
        std::vector< __gnu_cxx::__quadrature_point_t< _Tp >> std::__detail::__hermite_zeros (unsigned int __n, _Tp __proto=_Tp{})
template<typename _Tp >
        _gnu_cxx::__hermite_he_t< _Tp > std::__detail::__prob_hermite_recur (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
        This routine returns the Probabilists Hermite polynomial of order n: Hen(x) by recursion on n.
```

# 11.17.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <math>.

#### 11.17.2 Macro Definition Documentation

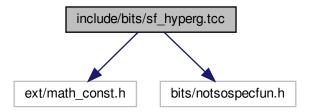
```
11.17.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_HERMITE_TCC
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_HERMITE_TCC 1
```

Definition at line 42 of file sf\_hermite.tcc.

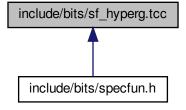
# 11.18 include/bits/sf\_hyperg.tcc File Reference

```
#include <ext/math_const.h>
#include <bits/notsospecfun.h>
```

Include dependency graph for sf\_hyperg.tcc:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

# **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_HYPERG\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the confluent hypergeometric function  ${}_{1}F_{1}(a;c;x)=M(a,c,x)$ .

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

Return the confluent hypergeometric limit function  ${}_{0}F_{1}(-;c;x)$ .

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

This routine returns the confluent hypergeometric limit function by series expansion.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the hypergeometric function  $_1F_1(a;c;x)$  by an iterative procedure described in Luke, Algorithms for the Computation of Mathematical Functions.

template<typename\_Tp>

This routine returns the confluent hypergeometric function by series expansion.

template<typename</li>Tp >

Return the hypergeometric function  ${}_{2}F_{1}(a,b;c;x)$ .

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the hypergeometric function  ${}_2F_1(a,b;c;x)$  by an iterative procedure described in Luke, Algorithms for the Computation of Mathematical Functions.

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the hypergeometric polynomial  ${}_{2}F_{1}(-m,b;c;x)$  by Holm recursion.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the hypergeometric function  ${}_2F_1(a,b;c;x)$  by the reflection formulae in Abramowitz & Stegun formula 15.3.6 for d e c - a - b not integral and formula 15.3.11 for d = c - a - b integral. This assumes a, b, c != negative integer.

template<typename</li>
 Tp >

Return the hypergeometric function  ${}_2F_1(a,b;c;x)$  by series expansion.

template<typename\_Tp>

Return the Tricomi confluent hypergeometric function

$$U(a,c,x) = \frac{\Gamma(1-c)}{\Gamma(a-c+1)} {}_{1}F_{1}(a;c;x) + \frac{\Gamma(c-1)}{\Gamma(a)} x^{1-c} {}_{1}F_{1}(a-c+1;2-c;x)$$

template<typename \_Tp >

Return the Tricomi confluent hypergeometric function

$$U(a,c,x) = \frac{\Gamma(1-c)}{\Gamma(a-c+1)} {}_{1}F_{1}(a;c;x) + \frac{\Gamma(c-1)}{\Gamma(a)} x^{1-c} {}_{1}F_{1}(a-c+1;2-c;x)$$

# 11.18.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <math>.

#### 11.18.2 Macro Definition Documentation

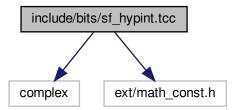
```
11.18.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_HYPERG_TCC
```

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_HYPERG\_TCC 1

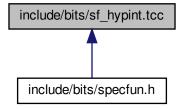
Definition at line 44 of file sf\_hyperg.tcc.

# 11.19 include/bits/sf\_hypint.tcc File Reference

#include <complex>
#include <ext/math\_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf\_hypint.tcc:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_HYPINT\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
    template < typename _Tp >
        std::pair < _Tp, _Tp > std::__detail::__chshint (_Tp __x, _Tp &_Chi, _Tp &_Shi)
```

This function returns the hyperbolic cosine Ci(x) and hyperbolic sine Si(x) integrals as a pair.

```
    template < typename _Tp >
    void std:: __detail:: __chshint_cont_frac (_Tp __t, _Tp &_Chi, _Tp &_Shi)
```

This function computes the hyperbolic cosine Chi(x) and hyperbolic sine Shi(x) integrals by continued fraction for positive argument.

```
    template<typename_Tp >
        void std::__detail::__chshint_series (_Tp __t, _Tp &_Chi, _Tp &_Shi)
```

This function computes the hyperbolic cosine Chi(x) and hyperbolic sine Shi(x) integrals by series summation for positive argument.

# 11.19.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <math>.

### 11.19.2 Macro Definition Documentation

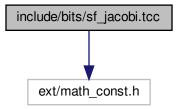
```
11.19.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_HYPINT_TCC
```

```
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_HYPINT_TCC 1
```

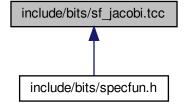
Definition at line 31 of file sf hypint.tcc.

# 11.20 include/bits/sf\_jacobi.tcc File Reference

#include <ext/math\_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf\_jacobi.tcc:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

# **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_JACOBI\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::_jacobi_t< _Tp > std::__detail::_jacobi_recur (unsigned int __n, _Tp __alpha1, _Tp __beta1, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
    std::vector< __gnu_cxx::_quadrature_point_t< _Tp >> std::__detail::_jacobi_zeros (unsigned int __n, _Tp __alpha1, _Tp __beta1)
template<typename _Tp >
    __Tp std::__detail::__radial_jacobi (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m, _Tp __rho)
template<typename _Tp >
    std::vector< __gnu_cxx::_quadrature_point_t< _Tp >> std::__detail::__radial_jacobi_zeros (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename _Tp >
    __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > std::__detail::__zernike (unsigned int __n, int __m, _Tp __rho, _Tp __phi)
```

# 11.20.1 Detailed Description

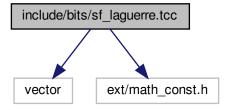
This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <cmath>.

#### 11.20.2 Macro Definition Documentation

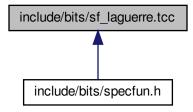
Definition at line 31 of file sf jacobi.tcc.

# 11.21 include/bits/sf\_laguerre.tcc File Reference

```
#include <vector>
#include <ext/math_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf_laguerre.tcc:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std:: detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

#define GLIBCXX BITS SF LAGUERRE TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__assoc_laguerre (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m, _Tp __x)
      This routine returns the associated Laguerre polynomial of degree n, order m: L_n^{(m)}(x).
• template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tp >
  Tp std:: detail:: laguerre (unsigned int n, Tpa alpha1, Tp x)
      This routine returns the associated Laguerre polynomial of degree n, order \alpha: L_n^{(\alpha)}(x).
template<typename</li>Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__laguerre (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
      This routine returns the Laguerre polynomial of degree n: L_n(x).

    template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__laguerre_hyperg (unsigned int __n, _Tpa __alpha1, _Tp __x)
      Evaluate the polynomial based on the confluent hypergeometric function in a safe way, with no restriction on the arguments.
• template<typename _{\rm Tpa}, typename _{\rm Tp} >
  _Tp std::__detail::__laguerre_large_n (unsigned __n, _Tpa __alpha1, _Tp __x)
      This routine returns the associated Laguerre polynomial of degree n, order \alpha > -1 for large n. Abramowitz & Stegun,
      13.5.21.

    template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tp >

  gnu_cxx::_laguerre_t< _Tpa, _Tp > std::__detail::__laguerre_recur (unsigned int __n, _Tpa __alpha1, _Tp
  X)
      This routine returns the associated Laguerre polynomial of degree n, order \alpha: L_n^{(\alpha)}(x) by recursion.
template<typename_Tp>
  std::vector< __gnu_cxx::_quadrature_point_t< _Tp >> std::__detail::__laguerre_zeros (unsigned int __n, _Tp
  __alpha1)
```

# 11.21.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <math>.

#### 11.21.2 Macro Definition Documentation

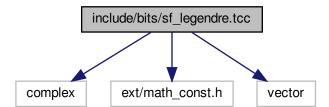
### 11.21.2.1 \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_LAGUERRE\_TCC

```
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_LAGUERRE_TCC 1
```

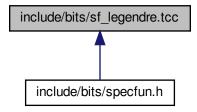
Definition at line 44 of file sf\_laguerre.tcc.

# 11.22 include/bits/sf\_legendre.tcc File Reference

```
#include <complex>
#include <ext/math_const.h>
#include <vector>
Include dependency graph for sf legendre.tcc:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Namespaces**

- std
- · std:: detail

Implementation-space details.

### **Macros**

• #define GLIBCXX BITS SF LEGENDRE TCC 1

### **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp >
        _Tp std::__detail::__assoc_legendre_p (unsigned int __I, unsigned int __m, _Tp __x, _Tp __phase=_Tp{+1})
                     Return the associated Legendre function by recursion on l and downward recursion on m.
template<typename_Tp>
               _gnu_cxx::__legendre_p_t<_Tp > std::__detail::__legendre_p (unsigned int __l, _Tp __x)
                     Return the Legendre polynomial by upward recursion on degree l.
template<typename _Tp >
        _Tp std::__detail::__legendre_q (unsigned int __I, _Tp __x)
                      Return the Legendre function of the second kind by upward recursion on degree l.
template<typename _Tp >
        std::vector < \underline{\quad gnu\_cxx::\_quadrature\_point\_t < \underline{\quad Tp>> std::\_detail::\_legendre\_zeros (unsigned int \underline{\quad I,\ \underline{\quad Tp>> std::\_detail::\_detail::\_legendre\_zeros (unsigned int \underline{\quad I,\ \underline{\quad Tp>> std::\_detail::\_detail::\_d
        proto=_Tp{})
template<typename</li>Tp >
        std::complex < _Tp > std::__detail::__sph_harmonic (unsigned int __l, int __m, _Tp __theta, _Tp __phi)
                      Return the spherical harmonic function.
template<typename _Tp >
        _Tp std::__detail::__sph_legendre (unsigned int __l, unsigned int __m, _Tp __theta)
                      Return the spherical associated Legendre function.
```

# 11.22.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <cmath>.

#### 11.22.2 Macro Definition Documentation

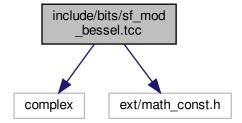
11.22.2.1 \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_LEGENDRE\_TCC

```
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_LEGENDRE_TCC 1
```

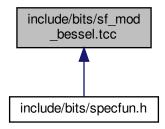
Definition at line 47 of file sf\_legendre.tcc.

# 11.23 include/bits/sf\_mod\_bessel.tcc File Reference

```
#include <complex>
#include <ext/math_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf_mod_bessel.tcc:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_MOD\_BESSEL\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp >
  __gnu_cxx::__airy_t< _Tp, _Tp > std::__detail::__airy (_Tp __z)
      Compute the Airy functions Ai(x) and Bi(x) and their first derivatives Ai'(x) and Bi(x) respectively.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__cyl_bessel_i (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
      Return the regular modified Bessel function of order \nu: I_{\nu}(x).
template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::__cyl_mod_bessel_t< _Tp, _Tp, _Tp > std::__detail::__cyl_bessel_ik (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
      Return the modified cylindrical Bessel functions and their derivatives of order \nu by various means.
template<typename _Tp >
  gnu_cxx::_cyl_mod_bessel_t< _Tp, _Tp > std::__detail::_cyl_bessel_ik_asymp (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
      This routine computes the asymptotic modified cylindrical Bessel and functions of order nu: I_{\nu}(x), N_{\nu}(x). Use this for
      x >> nu^2 + 1.
• template<typename_Tp>
   _gnu_cxx::__cyl_mod_bessel_t< _Tp, _Tp, _Tp > std::__detail::__cyl_bessel_ik_steed (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
      Compute the modified Bessel functions I_{\nu}(x) and K_{\nu}(x) and their first derivatives I'_{\nu}(x) and K'_{\nu}(x) respectively. These
      four functions are computed together for numerical stability.
```

# 11.23.1 Detailed Description

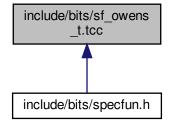
This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <cmath>.

#### 11.23.2 Macro Definition Documentation

```
11.23.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_MOD_BESSEL_TCC #define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_MOD_BESSEL_TCC 1
Definition at line 47 of file sf_mod_bessel.tcc.
```

# 11.24 include/bits/sf owens t.tcc File Reference

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_OWENS\_T\_TCC 1

# **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp std::__detail::__gauss (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp std::__detail::__owens_t (_Tp __h, _Tp __a)
template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp std::__detail::__znorm1 (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
    _Tp std::__detail::__znorm2 (_Tp __x)
```

# 11.24.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. You should not attempt to use it directly.

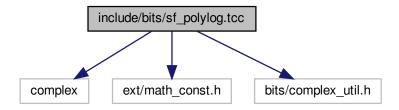
#### 11.24.2 Macro Definition Documentation

```
11.24.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_OWENS_T_TCC
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_OWENS_T_TCC 1
```

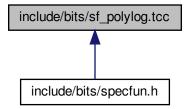
Definition at line 31 of file sf\_owens\_t.tcc.

# 11.25 include/bits/sf\_polylog.tcc File Reference

```
#include <complex>
#include <ext/math_const.h>
#include <bits/complex_util.h>
Include dependency graph for sf polylog.tcc:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Classes**

- class std::\_\_detail::\_AsympTerminator< \_Tp >
- class std::\_\_detail::\_Terminator< \_Tp >

# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_POLYLOG\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
    template<typename _Sp , typename _Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__bose_einstein (_Sp __s, _Tp __x)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__clamp_0_m2pi (std::complex< _Tp > __z)
• template<typename _{\rm Tp}>
  std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__clamp_pi (std::complex< _Tp > __z)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  std::complex < _Tp > std::__detail::__clausen (unsigned int __m, std::complex < _Tp > __z)
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp std:: detail:: clausen (unsigned int m, Tp x)
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__clausen_cl (unsigned int __m, std::complex< _Tp > __z)
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp std:: detail:: clausen cl (unsigned int m, Tp x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__clausen_sl (unsigned int __m, std::complex< _Tp > __z)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__clausen_sl (unsigned int __m, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__dirichlet_beta (std::complex< _Tp > __s)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__dirichlet_beta (_Tp __s)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__dirichlet_eta (std::complex< _Tp > __s)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__dirichlet_eta (_Tp __s)
template<typename_Tp>
  Tp std:: detail:: dirichlet lambda (Tp s)
template<typename _Sp , typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__fermi_dirac (_Sp __s, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__hurwitz_zeta_polylog (_Tp __s, std::complex< _Tp > __a)
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__polylog (_Tp __s, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< Tp > std:: detail:: polylog ( Tp s, std::complex< Tp > w)
template<typename _Tp , typename _ArgType >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< std::complex< _Tp >, _ArgType > std::__detail::__polylog_exp (_Tp __s, _ArgType
   w)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  std::complex < _Tp > std:: __detail:: __polylog_exp_asymp (_Tp __s, std::complex < _Tp > __w)
template<typename_Tp>
  std::complex < \_Tp > std::\__detail::\__polylog\_exp\_neg \ (\_Tp \_\_s, \ std::complex < \_Tp > \_\_w)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< Tp > std:: detail:: polylog exp neg (int n, std::complex< Tp > w)
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex < _Tp > std:: __detail::__polylog_exp_neg_int (int __s, std::complex < _Tp > __w)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__polylog_exp_neg_int (int __s, _Tp __w)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__polylog_exp_neg_real (_Tp __s, std::complex< _Tp > __w)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__polylog_exp_neg_real (_Tp __s, _Tp __w)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__polylog_exp_pos (unsigned int __s, std::complex< _Tp > __w)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex < _Tp > std::__detail::__polylog_exp_pos (unsigned int __s, _Tp __w)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__polylog_exp_pos (_Tp __s, std::complex< _Tp > __w)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__polylog_exp_pos_int (unsigned int __s, std::complex< _Tp > __w)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex < _Tp > std::__detail::__polylog_exp_pos_int (unsigned int __s, _Tp __w)
• template<typename _{\mathrm{Tp}} >
  std::complex < _Tp > std::__detail::__polylog_exp_pos_real (_Tp __s, std::complex < _Tp > __w)
ullet template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex < \_Tp > std::\_\_detail::\_\_polylog\_exp\_pos\_real \ (\_Tp \_\_s, \ Tp \ w)
• template<typename _PowTp , typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__polylog_exp_sum (_PowTp __s, _Tp __w)
```

#### 11.25.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <math>.

#### 11.25.2 Macro Definition Documentation

```
11.25.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_POLYLOG_TCC
```

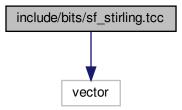
```
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_POLYLOG_TCC 1
```

Definition at line 41 of file sf polylog.tcc.

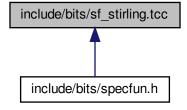
# 11.26 include/bits/sf\_stirling.tcc File Reference

#include <vector>

Include dependency graph for sf\_stirling.tcc:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

# **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_STIRLING\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp std:: detail:: log stirling 1 (unsigned int n, unsigned int m)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__log_stirling_1_sign (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__log_stirling_2 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__stirling_1 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__stirling_1_recur (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__stirling_1_series (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__stirling_2 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
ullet template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__stirling_2_recur (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
\bullet \ \ template\!<\!typename\,\_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__stirling_2_series (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
```

#### 11.26.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <math>.

#### 11.26.2 Macro Definition Documentation

```
11.26.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_STIRLING_TCC
```

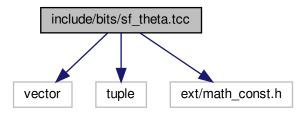
```
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_STIRLING_TCC 1
```

Definition at line 35 of file sf\_stirling.tcc.

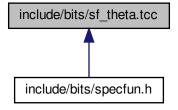
# 11.27 include/bits/sf\_theta.tcc File Reference

```
#include <vector>
#include <tuple>
```

#include <ext/math\_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf\_theta.tcc:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

- struct std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp\_Omega1, \_Tp\_Omega3 >
- $\bullet \ \, struct \ \, std::\__detail::\__jacobi\_lattice\_t < \_Tp\_Omega1, \_Tp\_Omega3 > ::\_\_arg\_t$
- struct std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_lattice\_t< \_Tp\_Omega1, \_Tp\_Omega3 >::\_\_tau\_t
- struct std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_0\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >
- struct std::\_\_detail::\_\_weierstrass\_invariants\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >
- struct std::\_\_detail::\_\_weierstrass\_roots\_t< \_Tp1, \_Tp3 >

# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

#define GLIBCXX BITS SF THETA TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__ellnome (_Tp __k)
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp std:: detail:: ellnome k (Tp k)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__ellnome_series (_Tp __k)
template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::__jacobi_ellint_t< _Tp > std::__detail::__jacobi_ellint (_Tp __k, _Tp __u)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex < \_Tp > std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_1 \ (std::complex < \_Tp > \_\_q, \ std::complex < \_Tp > \_\_x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_1 (_Tp __q, const _Tp __x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_1_prod (_Tp __q, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp std:: detail:: jacobi theta 1 sum (Tp q, Tp x)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  std::complex < \_Tp > std::\_\_detail::\_\_jacobi\_theta\_2 \ (std::complex < \_Tp > \_\_q, \ std::complex < \_Tp > \_\_x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_2 (_Tp __q, const _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_2_prod (_Tp __q, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_2_sum (_Tp __q, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex < _Tp > std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_3 (std::complex < _Tp > __q, std::complex < _Tp > __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_3 (_Tp __q, const _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_3_prod (_Tp __q, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_3_sum (_Tp __q, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_4 (std::complex< _Tp > __q, std::complex< _Tp > __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_4 (_Tp __q, const _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_4_prod (_Tp __q, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__jacobi_theta_4_sum (_Tp __q, _Tp __x)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__theta_1 (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
• template<typename _{\mathrm{Tp}} >
  _Tp std::__detail::__theta_2 (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__theta_2_asymp (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__theta_2_sum (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__theta_3 (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
ullet template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__theta_3_asymp (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
• template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__theta_3_sum (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
• template<typename _{\mathrm{Tp}} >
  _Tp std::__detail::__theta_4 (_Tp __nu, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__theta_c (_Tp __k, _Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__theta_d (_Tp __k, _Tp __x)
\bullet \ \ template\!<\!typename\,\_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__theta_n (_Tp __k, _Tp __x)
ullet template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__theta_s (_Tp __k, _Tp __x)
```

## 11.27.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <math>.

# 11.27.2 Macro Definition Documentation

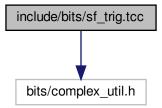
```
11.27.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_THETA_TCC
```

```
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_THETA_TCC 1
```

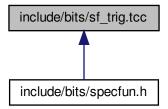
Definition at line 31 of file sf theta.tcc.

# 11.28 include/bits/sf\_trig.tcc File Reference

#include <bits/complex\_util.h>
Include dependency graph for sf\_trig.tcc:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

# **Macros**

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_TRIG\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
• template<typename _{\rm Tp}>
  _Tp std::__detail::__cos_pi (_Tp __x)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__cos_pi (std::complex< _Tp > __z)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__cosh_pi (_Tp __x)

    template<typename _Tp >

  std::complex<\_Tp>std::\__detail::\__cosh\_pi \ (std::complex<\_Tp>\__z)\\
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< Tp > std:: detail:: polar pi ( Tp rho, Tp phi pi)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  std::complex < _Tp > std::__detail::__polar_pi (_Tp __rho, const std::complex < _Tp > &__phi_pi)
template<typename _Tp >
  Tp std:: detail:: sin pi (Tp x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex < \_Tp > std::\_\_detail::\_\_sin\_pi \ (std::complex < \_Tp > \_\_z)
template<typename Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< _Tp > std::__detail::__sincos (_Tp __x)
• template<>
   __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< float > std::__detail::__sincos (float __x)
template<>
   _gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< double > std::__detail::__sincos (double __x)
• template<>
  __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< long double > std::__detail::__sincos (long double __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< _Tp > std::__detail::__sincos_pi (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__sinh_pi (_Tp __x)
template<typename Tp >
  std::complex < _Tp > std::__detail::__sinh_pi (std::complex < _Tp > __z)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__tan_pi (_Tp __x)
template<typename_Tp>
  std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__tan_pi (std::complex< _Tp > __z)
template<typename Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__tanh_pi (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< _Tp > std::__detail::__tanh_pi (std::complex< _Tp > __z)
```

#### 11.28.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. You should not attempt to use it directly.

#### 11.28.2 Macro Definition Documentation

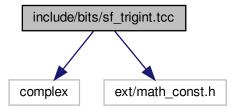
11.28.2.1 \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_TRIG\_TCC

#define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_TRIG\_TCC 1

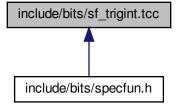
Definition at line 31 of file sf\_trig.tcc.

# 11.29 include/bits/sf\_trigint.tcc File Reference

```
#include <complex>
#include <ext/math_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf_trigint.tcc:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

• #define GLIBCXX BITS SF TRIGINT TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
    template<typename_Tp >
        std::pair< _Tp, _Tp > std::__detail::__sincosint (_Tp __x)
```

This function returns the sine Si(x) and cosine Ci(x) integrals as a pair.

```
    template<typename _Tp >
    void std::__detail::__sincosint_asymp (_Tp __t, _Tp &_Si, _Tp &_Ci)
```

This function computes the sine Si(x) and cosine Ci(x) integrals by asymptotic series summation for positive argument.

```
    template<typename _Tp >
        void std::__detail::__sincosint_cont_frac (_Tp __t, _Tp &_Si, _Tp &_Ci)
```

This function computes the sine Si(x) and cosine Ci(x) integrals by continued fraction for positive argument.

```
    template<typename _Tp >
        void std::__detail::__sincosint_series (_Tp __t, _Tp &_Si, _Tp &_Ci)
```

This function computes the sine Si(x) and cosine Ci(x) integrals by series summation for positive argument.

# 11.29.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <math>.

## 11.29.2 Macro Definition Documentation

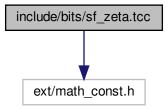
```
11.29.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_TRIGINT_TCC
```

```
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_TRIGINT_TCC 1
```

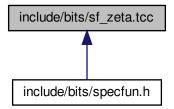
Definition at line 31 of file sf trigint.tcc.

# 11.30 include/bits/sf\_zeta.tcc File Reference

#include <ext/math\_const.h>
Include dependency graph for sf\_zeta.tcc:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Namespaces**

- std
- std::\_\_detail

Implementation-space details.

#### **Macros**

• #define \_GLIBCXX\_BITS\_SF\_ZETA\_TCC 1

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__debye (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)
template<typename</li>Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__dilog (_Tp __x)
      Compute the dilogarithm function Li_2(x) by summation for x \le 1.
template<typename</li>Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__exp2 (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__hurwitz_zeta (_Tp __s, _Tp __a)
      Return the Hurwitz zeta function \zeta(s, a) for all s = 1 and a > -1.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__hurwitz_zeta_euler_maclaurin (_Tp __s, _Tp __a)
      Return the Hurwitz zeta function \zeta(s,a) for all s \neq 1 and a > -1.

    template<typename _Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__riemann_zeta (_Tp __s)
      Return the Riemann zeta function \zeta(s).
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__riemann_zeta_euler_maclaurin (_Tp __s)
      Evaluate the Riemann zeta function \zeta(s) by an alternate series for s > 0.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__riemann_zeta_glob (_Tp __s)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__riemann_zeta_laurent (_Tp __s)
      Compute the Riemann zeta function \zeta(s) by Laurent expansion about s = 1.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp std::__detail::__riemann_zeta_m_1 (_Tp __s)
      Return the Riemann zeta function \zeta(s) - 1.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__riemann_zeta_m_1_glob ( Tp s)
      Evaluate the Riemann zeta function by series for all s != 1. Convergence is great until largish negative numbers. Then the
      convergence of the > 0 sum gets better.
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp std::__detail::__riemann_zeta_product (_Tp __s)
      Compute the Riemann zeta function \zeta(s) using the product over prime factors.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp std::__detail::__riemann_zeta_sum (_Tp __s)
      Compute the Riemann zeta function \zeta(s) by summation for s>1.
```

# Variables

```
constexpr size_t std::__detail::_Num_Euler_Maclaurin_zeta = 100
constexpr size_t std::__detail::_Num_Stieljes = 21
constexpr long double std::__detail::_S_Euler_Maclaurin_zeta [_Num_Euler_Maclaurin_zeta]
constexpr size_t std::__detail::_S_num_zetam1 = 121
constexpr long double std::__detail::_S_Stieljes [_Num_Stieljes]
constexpr long double std::__detail:: S_zetam1 [_S_num_zetam1]
```

## 11.30.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <cmath>.

#### 11.30.2 Macro Definition Documentation

```
11.30.2.1 _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_ZETA_TCC
#define _GLIBCXX_BITS_SF_ZETA_TCC 1
```

Definition at line 46 of file sf\_zeta.tcc.

# 11.31 include/bits/specfun.h File Reference

```
#include <bits/c++config.h>
#include <limits>
#include <bits/stl_algobase.h>
#include <bits/specfun_state.h>
#include <bits/specfun util.h>
#include <type_traits>
#include <bits/numeric_limits.h>
#include <bits/complex_util.h>
#include <bits/sf_prime.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_trig.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_bernoulli.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_gamma.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_euler.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_stirling.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_bessel.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_beta.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_cardinal.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_chebyshev.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_coulomb.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_dawson.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_ellint.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_expint.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_fresnel.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_gegenbauer.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_hyperg.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_hypint.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_jacobi.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_laguerre.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_legendre.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_lerch.tcc>
```

```
#include <bits/sf_mod_bessel.tcc>
#include <bits/sf hermite.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_theta.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_trigint.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_zeta.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_owens_t.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_polylog.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_airy.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_hankel.tcc>
#include <bits/sf_distributions.tcc>
```

Include dependency graph for specfun.h:



#### **Namespaces**

- \_\_gnu\_cxx
- std

#### **Macros**

- #define \_\_cpp\_lib\_math\_special\_functions 201603L
- #define STDCPP MATH SPEC FUNCS 201003L

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp >
  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::airy_ai (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp >> __gnu_cxx::airy_ai (std::complex< _Tp > __x)
float __gnu_cxx::airy_aif (float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::airy ail (long double x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::airy_bi (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp >  gnu cxx::airy bi (std::complex< Tp >  x)

    float gnu cxx::airy bif (float x)

    long double <u>__gnu_cxx::airy_bil</u> (long double <u>__x)</u>

template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > std::assoc laguerre (unsigned int n, unsigned int m, Tp x)

    float std::assoc laguerref (unsigned int n, unsigned int m, float x)

• long double std::assoc_laguerrel (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m, long double __x)
template<typename_Tp>
   gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > std::assoc legendre (unsigned int I, unsigned int m, Tp x)

    float std::assoc legendref (unsigned int I, unsigned int m, float x)

    long double std::assoc_legendrel (unsigned int __l, unsigned int __m, long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::bernoulli (unsigned int __n)
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __gnu_cxx::bernoulli (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::bernoullif (unsigned int n)

    long double gnu cxx::bernoullil (unsigned int n)

template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tpb >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpa, _Tpb > std::beta (_Tpa __a, _Tpb __b)

    float std::betaf (float __a, float __b)

    long double std::betal (long double a, long double b)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::binomial (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __k)
      Return the binomial coefficient as a real number. The binomial coefficient is given by:
                                                   \binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}
      The binomial coefficients are generated by:
                                                 (1+t)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} t^k
template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::binomial_p (_Tp __p, unsigned int __n, unsigned int __k)
     Return the binomial cumulative distribution function.
• template<typename _{\mathrm{Tp}} >
   gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > gnu cxx::binomial pdf (Tp p, unsigned int n, unsigned int k)
      Return the binomial probability mass function.

    float gnu cxx::binomialf (unsigned int n, unsigned int k)

    long double __gnu_cxx::binomiall (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __k)

• template<typename Tps, typename Tp>
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tps, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::bose_einstein (_Tps __s, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::bose_einsteinf (float __s, float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::bose einsteinl (long double s, long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_t (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_tf (unsigned int __n, float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::chebyshev tl (unsigned int n, long double x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

   \_gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > \_gnu_cxx::chebyshev_u (unsigned int \_n, Tp x)

    float gnu cxx::chebyshev uf (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double gnu cxx::chebyshev ul (unsigned int n, long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > gnu cxx::chebyshev v (unsigned int n, Tp x)

    float __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_vf (unsigned int __n, float __x)

    long double <u>__gnu_cxx::chebyshev_vl</u> (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

template<typename_Tp>
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > gnu cxx::chebyshev w (unsigned int n, Tp x)

    float __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_wf (unsigned int __n, float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::chebyshev_wl (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

template<typename_Tp>
```

\_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tp > \_\_gnu\_cxx::clausen (unsigned int \_\_m, \_Tp \_\_x)

 $std::complex< \underline{\quad} gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \underline{\quad} Tp>> \underline{\quad} gnu\_cxx::clausen \ (unsigned \ int \underline{\quad} m, \ std::complex< \underline{\quad} Tp> \\ \underline{\quad} fr_{m} = f(x_{m}) + f(x_{m}) +$ 

> \_\_z)

template<typename \_Tp >

```
template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::clausen_cl (unsigned int __m, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::clausen clf (unsigned int m, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::clausen_cll (unsigned int __m, long double __x)

template<typename Tp >
  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::clausen_sl (unsigned int __m, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::clausen slf (unsigned int m, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::clausen_sll (unsigned int __m, long double __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::clausenf (unsigned int __m, float __x)

    std::complex < float > gnu cxx::clausenf (unsigned int m, std::complex < float > z)

    long double gnu cxx::clausenl (unsigned int m, long double x)

• std::complex < long double > gnu cxx::clausenl (unsigned int m, std::complex < long double > z)
template<typename</li>Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > std::comp_ellint_1 (_Tp __k)

    float std::comp ellint 1f (float k)

    long double std::comp_ellint_1l (long double __k)

template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > std::comp ellint 2 (Tp k)

    float std::comp ellint 2f (float k)

    long double std::comp_ellint_2l (long double ___k)

• template<typename Tp, typename Tpn >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tpn > std::comp_ellint_3 (_Tp __k, _Tpn __nu)

    float std::comp_ellint_3f (float __k, float __nu)

      Return the complete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k,\nu) for float modulus k.
• long double std::comp ellint 3l (long double k, long double nu)
      Return the complete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k,\nu) for long double modulus k.

    template<typename Tk >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tk > __gnu_cxx::comp_ellint_d (_Tk __k)

    float gnu cxx::comp ellint df (float k)

    long double gnu cxx::comp ellint dl (long double k)

• float gnu cxx::comp ellint rf (float x, float y)

    long double gnu cxx::comp_ellint_rf (long double __x, long double __y)

    template<typename Tx, typename Ty >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tx, _Ty > __gnu_cxx::comp_ellint_rf (_Tx __x, _Ty __y)

    float __gnu_cxx::comp_ellint_rg (float __x, float __y)

    long double __gnu_cxx::comp_ellint_rg (long double __x, long double __y)

    template<typename _Tx , typename _Ty >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tx, _Ty > __gnu_cxx::comp_ellint_rg (_Tx __x, _Ty __y)

    template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tpc , typename _Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpa, _Tpc, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::conf_hyperg (_Tpa __a, _Tpc __c, _Tp __x)

    template<typename _Tpc , typename _Tp >

   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpc, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::conf_hyperg_lim (_Tpc __c, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::conf_hyperg_limf (float __c, float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::conf_hyperg_liml (long double __c, long double __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::conf_hypergf (float __a, float __c, float __x)

• long double gnu cxx::conf hypergl (long double a, long double c, long double x)
template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::cos_pi (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::cos pif (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::cos pil (long double x)
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::cosh_pi (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::cosh pif (float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::cosh_pil (long double __x)

template<typename</li>Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::coshint (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::coshintf (float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::coshintl (long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::cosint (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::cosintf (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::cosintl (long double x)

• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > std::cyl_bessel_i (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

    float std::cyl bessel if (float nu, float x)

    long double std::cyl bessel il (long double nu, long double x)

• template<typename Tpnu, typename Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > std::cyl_bessel_j (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)
• float std::cyl_bessel_jf (float __nu, float _ x)

    long double std::cyl_bessel_jl (long double __nu, long double __x)

• template<typename Tpnu, typename Tp>
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > std::cyl_bessel_k (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

    float std::cyl_bessel_kf (float __nu, float __x)

    long double std::cyl_bessel_kl (long double __nu, long double __x)

• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
  std::complex< gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tpnu, Tp >> gnu cxx::cyl hankel 1 ( Tpnu nu, Tp z)
• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp >> __gnu_cxx::cyl_hankel_1 (std::complex< _Tpnu >
   _nu, std::complex< _Tp > __x)

    std::complex < float > gnu cxx::cyl hankel 1f (float nu, float z)

    std::complex < float > __gnu_cxx::cyl_hankel_1f (std::complex < float > __nu, std::complex < float > __x)

    std::complex < long double > gnu cxx::cyl hankel 1l (long double nu, long double z)

    std::complex < long double > gnu cxx::cyl hankel 1l (std::complex < long double > nu, std::complex < long</li>

  double > x)
• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp >> __gnu_cxx::cyl_hankel_2 (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __z)
• template<typename Tpnu, typename Tp>
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp >> __gnu_cxx::cyl_hankel_2 (std::complex< _Tpnu >
   _nu, std::complex< _Tp> __x)

    std::complex< float > __gnu_cxx::cyl_hankel_2f (float __nu, float __z)

• std::complex < float > gnu cxx::cyl hankel 2f (std::complex < float > nu, std::complex < float > x)

    std::complex < long double > __gnu_cxx::cyl_hankel_2l (long double __nu, long double __z)

• std::complex < long double > __nu, std::complex < long double > __nu, std::complex < long
  double > x)

    template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > std::cyl_neumann (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

    float std::cyl_neumannf (float __nu, float __x)

    long double std::cyl neumannl (long double nu, long double x)

template<typename_Tp>
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::dawson (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::dawsonf (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::dawsonl (long double x)
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::debye (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::debyef (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double gnu cxx::debyel (unsigned int n, long double x)

template<typename</li>Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::digamma (_Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::digammaf (float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::digammal (long double __x)

template<typename_Tp>
    gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > gnu cxx::dilog (Tp x)

    float gnu cxx::dilogf (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::dilogl (long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __gnu_cxx::dirichlet_beta (_Tp __s)

    float __gnu_cxx::dirichlet_betaf (float __s)

    long double __gnu_cxx::dirichlet_betal (long double __s)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  _Tp __gnu_cxx::dirichlet_eta (_Tp __s)

    float gnu cxx::dirichlet etaf (float s)

    long double gnu cxx::dirichlet etal (long double s)

template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __gnu_cxx::dirichlet_lambda (_Tp __s)

    float gnu cxx::dirichlet lambdaf (float s)

    long double gnu cxx::dirichlet lambdal (long double s)

template<typename_Tp>
   gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > gnu cxx::double factorial (int n)
      Return the double factorial n!! of the argument as a real number.
                                                n!! = n(n-2)...(2), 0!! = 1
      for even n and
                                              n!! = n(n-2)...(1), (-1)!! = 1
      for odd n.

    float gnu cxx::double factorialf (int n)

    long double gnu cxx::double factoriall (int n)

    template<typename _Tp , typename _Tpp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tpp > std::ellint_1 (_Tp __k, _Tpp __phi)

    float std::ellint_1f (float __k, float __phi)

• long double std::ellint_11 (long double __k, long double __phi)
• template<typename _Tp , typename _Tpp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tpp > std::ellint_2 (_Tp __k, _Tpp __phi)

    float std::ellint_2f (float __k, float __phi)

      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind E(k, \phi) for float argument.

    long double std::ellint_2l (long double __k, long double __phi)

      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind E(k, \phi).
template<typename _Tp , typename _Tpn , typename _Tpp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp, Tpn, Tpp > std::ellint 3 (Tp k, Tpn nu, Tpp phi)
      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k, \nu, \phi).

    float std::ellint_3f (float __k, float __nu, float __phi)

      Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k, \nu, \phi) for float argument.

    long double std::ellint 3l (long double k, long double nu, long double phi)
```

```
Return the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind \Pi(k, \nu, \phi).
- template<typename _Tk , typename _Tp , typename _Ta , typename _Tb >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tk, Tp, Ta, Tb > gnu cxx::ellint cel (Tk k c, Tp p, Ta a, Tb b)
• float <u>__gnu_cxx::ellint_celf</u> (float <u>__k_c</u>, float <u>__p</u>, float <u>__a</u>, float <u>__b</u>)
• long double gnu cxx::ellint cell (long double k c, long double p, long double a, long double b)
• template<typename _Tk , typename _Tphi >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tk, _Tphi > <u>__gnu_cxx::ellint_</u>d (_Tk <u>__</u>k, _Tphi <u>__</u>phi)

    float gnu cxx::ellint df (float k, float phi)

• long double gnu cxx::ellint dl (long double k, long double phi)
• template<typename _Tp , typename _Tk >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp, Tk > gnu cxx::ellint el1 (Tp x, Tk k c)

    float gnu cxx::ellint el1f (float x, float k c)

    long double gnu cxx::ellint el1l (long double x, long double k c)

- template<typename _Tp , typename _Tk , typename _Ta , typename _Tb >
    gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tk, _Ta, _Tb > __gnu_cxx::ellint_el2 (_Tp __x, _Tk __k_c, _Ta __a, _Tb __b)

    float __gnu_cxx::ellint_el2f (float __x, float __k_c, float __a, float __b)

    long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_el2l (long double __x, long double __k_c, long double __a, long double __b)

• template<typename _Tx , typename _Tk , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tx, _Tk, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::ellint_el3 (_Tx __x, _Tk __k_c, _Tp __p)
• float gnu cxx::ellint el3f (float x, float k c, float p)

    long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_el3l (long double __x, long double __k_c, long double __p)

• template<typename _Tp , typename _Up >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Up > __gnu_cxx::ellint_rc (_Tp __x, _Up __y)

    float __gnu_cxx::ellint_rcf (float __x, float __y)

    long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_rcl (long double __x, long double __y)

• template<typename _Tp , typename _Up , typename _Vp >
   gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp, Up, Vp > gnu cxx::ellint rd (Tp x, Up y, Vp z)

    float __gnu_cxx::ellint_rdf (float __x, float __y, float __z)

    long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_rdl (long double __x, long double __y, long double __z)

• template<typename _Tp , typename _Up , typename _Vp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp, Up, Vp > gnu cxx::ellint rf (Tp x, Up y, Vp z)

    float __gnu_cxx::ellint_rff (float __x, float __y, float __z)

• long double <u>gnu_cxx::ellint_rfl</u> (long double <u>x</u>, long double <u>y</u>, long double <u>z</u>)
template<typename _Tp , typename _Up , typename _Vp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp, Up, Vp > gnu cxx::ellint rg (Tp x, Up y, Vp z)

    float __gnu_cxx::ellint_rgf (float __x, float __y, float __z)

    long double gnu cxx::ellint rgl (long double x, long double y, long double z)

- template<typename _Tp , typename _Up , typename _Vp , typename _Wp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Up, _Vp, _Wp > <u>__gnu_cxx::ellint_rj</u> (_Tp __x, _Up <u>__</u>y, _Vp <u>__</u>z, _Wp <u>__</u>p)

    float __gnu_cxx::ellint_rjf (float __x, float __y, float __z, float __p)

    long double __gnu_cxx::ellint_rjl (long double __x, long double __y, long double __z, long double __p)

template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __gnu_cxx::ellnome (_Tp __k)

    float __gnu_cxx::ellnomef (float __k)

    long double __gnu_cxx::ellnomel (long double __k)

template<typename Tp >
  _Tp __gnu_cxx::euler (unsigned int __n)
      This returns Euler number E_n.
template<typename_Tp>
  _Tp __gnu_cxx::eulerian_1 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __gnu_cxx::eulerian_2 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)
```

```
template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > std::expint (Tp x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::expint (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float std::expintf (float __x)

    float gnu cxx::expintf (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double std::expintl (long double __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::expintl (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

    template<typename _Tlam , typename _Tp >

   \_gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tlam, _Tp > \_gnu_cxx::exponential_p (_Tlam \_lambda, _Tp \_x)
      Return the exponential cumulative probability density function.

    template<typename _Tlam , typename _Tp >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tlam, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::exponential_pdf (_Tlam __lambda, _Tp __x)
      Return the exponential probability density function.
template<typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::factorial (unsigned int __n)
      Return the factorial n! of the argument as a real number.
                                                  n! = 1 \times 2 \times ... \times n, 0! = 1

    float gnu cxx::factorialf (unsigned int n)

    long double gnu cxx::factoriall (unsigned int n)

• template<typename _Tp , typename _Tnu >
  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tnu > __gnu_cxx::falling_factorial (_Tp __a, _Tnu __nu)
      Return the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol for real argument a and integral order n. The falling
      factorial function is defined by
                                     a^{\underline{n}} = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a-k), a^{\underline{0}} = 1 = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-n+1)
      In particular, n^{\underline{n}} = n!.

    float __gnu_cxx::falling_factorialf (float __a, float __nu)

    long double __gnu_cxx::falling_factoriall (long double __a, long double __nu)

• template<typename Tps, typename Tp>
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tps, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::fermi_dirac (_Tps __s, _Tp _ x)

    float __gnu_cxx::fermi_diracf (float __s, float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::fermi_diracl (long double __s, long double __x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::fisher_f_p (_Tp __F, unsigned int __nu1, unsigned int __nu2)
      Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model
      exceeds the value \chi^2.
template<typename _Tp >
   gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > gnu cxx::fisher f pdf (Tp F, unsigned int nu1, unsigned int nu2)
      Return the F-distribution propability function. This returns the probability that the observed chi-square for a correct model
      exceeds the value \chi^2.
ullet template<typename_Tp>
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::fresnel_c (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::fresnel cf (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::fresnel cl (long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > gnu cxx::fresnel s (Tp x)

    float gnu cxx::fresnel sf (float x)
```

```
    long double <u>gnu_cxx::fresnel_sl</u> (long double <u>x</u>)

 • template<typename _Ta , typename _Tp >
    \_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Ta, \_Tp> \_gnu\_cxx::gamma\_p (\_Ta \_a, \_Tp\_x)
      Return the gamma cumulative propability distribution function or the regularized lower incomplete gamma function.

    template<typename _Ta , typename _Tb , typename _Tp >

  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tb, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::gamma_pdf (_Ta __alpha, _Tb __beta, _Tp __x)
      Return the gamma propability distribution function.

    float __gnu_cxx::gamma_pf (float __a, float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::gamma pl (long double a, long double x)

    template<typename _Ta , typename _Tp >

    \_gnu_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Ta, \_Tp> \_gnu\_cxx::gamma\_q (\_Ta\_a, \_Tp\_x)
      Return the gamma complementary cumulative propability distribution (or survival) function or the regularized upper incom-
     plete gamma function.

    float gnu cxx::gamma qf (float a, float x)

    long double gnu cxx::gamma ql (long double a, long double x)

 template<typename_Ta >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta > __gnu_cxx::gamma_reciprocal (_Ta __a)

    float gnu cxx::gamma reciprocalf (float a)

    long double __gnu_cxx::gamma_reciprocall (long double __a)

• template<typename _Tlam , typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tlam, Tp > gnu cxx::gegenbauer (unsigned int n, Tlam lambda, Tp x)
• float gnu cxx::gegenbauerf (unsigned int n, float lambda, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::gegenbauerl (unsigned int __n, long double __lambda, long double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > gnu cxx::harmonic (unsigned int n)
template<typename_Tp>
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > std::hermite (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float std::hermitef (unsigned int __n, float __x)

• long double std::hermitel (unsigned int __n, long double __x)
• template<typename _Tk , typename _Tphi >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tk, Tphi > gnu cxx::heuman lambda ( Tk k, Tphi phi)

    float <u>__gnu_cxx::heuman_lambdaf</u> (float <u>__k</u>, float <u>__phi</u>)

    long double __gnu_cxx::heuman_lambdal (long double __k, long double __phi)

• template<typename Tp, typename Up>
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Up > <u>__gnu_cxx::hurwitz_zeta</u> (_Tp __s, _Up __a)
• template<typename Tp, typename Up>
  std::complex< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::hurwitz_zeta (_Tp __s, std::complex< _Up > _ a)

    float gnu cxx::hurwitz zetaf (float s, float a)

    long double __gnu_cxx::hurwitz_zetal (long double __s, long double __a)

    template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tpb , typename _Tpc , typename _Tp >

  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpa, _Tpb, _Tpc, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::hyperg (_Tpa __a, _Tpb __b, _Tpc __c, _Tp

    float __gnu_cxx::hypergf (float __a, float __b, float __c, float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::hypergl (long double __a, long double __b, long double __c, long double __x)

• template<typename _Ta , typename _Tb , typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tb, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::ibeta (_Ta __a, _Tb __b, _Tp __x)
• template<typename _Ta , typename _Tb , typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tb, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::ibetac (_Ta __a, _Tb __b, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::ibetacf (float __a, float __b, float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::ibetacl (long double __a, long double __b, long double __x)

    float gnu cxx::ibetaf (float a, float b, float x)
```

```
    long double __gnu_cxx::ibetal (long double __a, long double __b, long double __x)

• template<typename Talpha, typename Tbeta, typename Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Talpha, Tbeta, Tp > gnu cxx::jacobi (unsigned n, Talpha alpha, Tbeta
    _beta, _Tp __x)
• template<typename _Kp , typename _Up >
   gnu cxx::fp promote t< Kp, Up> gnu cxx::jacobi cn ( Kp k, Up u)
• float gnu cxx::jacobi cnf (float k, float u)
• long double __gnu_cxx::jacobi_cnl (long double __k, long double __u)

    template<typename</li>
    Kp , typename
    Up >

    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Kp, Up > gnu cxx::jacobi dn ( Kp k, Up u)
• float gnu cxx::jacobi dnf (float k, float u)
• long double __gnu_cxx::jacobi_dnl (long double __k, long double __u)
template<typename _Kp , typename _Up >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t < Kp, Up > gnu cxx::jacobi sn ( Kp k, Up u)
• float gnu cxx::jacobi snf (float k, float u)

    long double gnu cxx::jacobi snl (long double k, long double u)

• template<typename _Tpq , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpq, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_1 (_Tpq __q, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_1f (float __q, float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_1l (long double __q, long double __x)

• template<typename Tpq, typename Tp>
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpq, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_2 (_Tpq __q, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_2f (float __q, float __x)

• long double __gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_2l (long double __q, long double __x)
• template<typename _Tpq , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpq, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_3 (_Tpq __q, _Tp __x)
• float gnu cxx::jacobi theta 3f (float q, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_3l (long double __q, long double __x)

• template<typename _Tpq , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpq, _Tp > <u>__gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_4</u> (_Tpq__q, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::jacobi theta 4f (float g, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::jacobi_theta_4l (long double __q, long double __x)

• template<typename _Tk , typename _Tphi >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tk, _Tphi > __gnu_cxx::jacobi_zeta (_Tk __k, _Tphi __phi)

    float gnu cxx::jacobi zetaf (float k, float phi)

    long double __gnu_cxx::jacobi_zetal (long double __k, long double __phi)

    float __gnu_cxx::jacobif (unsigned __n, float __alpha, float __beta, float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::jacobil (unsigned n, long double alpha, long double beta, long double x)

template<typename_Tp>
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > std::laguerre (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float std::laguerref (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double std::laguerrel (unsigned int n, long double x)

template<typename_Tp>
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::lbinomial (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __k)
      Return the logarithm of the binomial coefficient as a real number. The binomial coefficient is given by:
                                                 \binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}
```

The binomial coefficients are generated by:

 $(1+t)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} t^k$ 

- float \_\_gnu\_cxx::lbinomialf (unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_k)
- long double \_\_gnu\_cxx::lbinomiall (unsigned int \_\_n, unsigned int \_\_k)
- template<typename</li>Tp >

Return the logarithm of the double factorial ln(n!!) of the argument as a real number.

$$n!! = n(n-2)...(2), 0!! = 1$$

for even n and

$$n!! = n(n-2)...(1), (-1)!! = 1$$

for odd n.

- float gnu cxx::ldouble factorialf (int n)
- long double \_\_gnu\_cxx::ldouble\_factoriall (int \_\_n)
- template<typename \_Tp >

template<typename \_Tp >

- float gnu cxx::legendre qf (unsigned int I, float x)
- long double gnu cxx::legendre ql (unsigned int l, long double x)
- float std::legendref (unsigned int I, float x)
- long double std::legendrel (unsigned int I, long double x)
- template<typename  $_{\rm Tp}$  , typename  $_{\rm Ts}$  , typename  $_{\rm Ta}$  >

- float \_\_gnu\_cxx::lerch\_phif (float \_\_z, float \_\_s, float \_\_a)
- long double gnu cxx::lerch phil (long double z, long double s, long double a)
- template<typename\_Tp>

Return the logarithm of the factorial ln(n!) of the argument as a real number.

$$n! = 1 \times 2 \times ... \times n, 0! = 1$$

- float gnu cxx::lfactorialf (unsigned int n)
- long double \_\_gnu\_cxx::lfactoriall (unsigned int \_\_n)
- template<typename \_Tp , typename \_Tnu >

Return the logarithm of the falling factorial function or the lower Pochhammer symbol. The falling factorial function is defined by

$$a^{\underline{n}} = \Gamma(a+1)/\Gamma(a-\nu+1) = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} (a-k), a^{\underline{0}} = 1$$

In particular,  $n^{\underline{n}} = n!$ . Thus this function returns

$$ln[a^{\underline{n}}] = ln[\Gamma(a+1)] - ln[\Gamma(a-\nu+1)], ln[a^{\underline{0}}] = 0$$

Many notations exist for this function:  $(a)_{\nu}$ ,

$$\{ \begin{array}{c} a \\ u \end{array} \}$$

, and others.

- float \_\_gnu\_cxx::lfalling\_factorialf (float \_\_a, float \_\_nu)
- long double gnu cxx::lfalling factoriall (long double a, long double nu)
- template<typename \_Ta >

template<typename\_Ta >

std::complex< \_\_gnu\_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Ta >> \_\_gnu\_cxx::lgamma (std::complex< \_Ta > \_\_a)

```
    float __gnu_cxx::lgammaf (float __a)

    std::complex < float > __gnu_cxx::lgammaf (std::complex < float > __a)

• long double __gnu_cxx::lgammal (long double __a)

    std::complex < long double > __a)

template<typename_Tp>
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > gnu cxx::logint (Tp x)

    float gnu cxx::logintf (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::logintl (long double x)

    template<typename _Ta , typename _Tb , typename _Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tb, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::logistic_p (_Ta __a, _Tb __b, _Tp __x)
      Return the logistic cumulative distribution function.

    template<typename Ta , typename Tb , typename Tp >

  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tb, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::logistic_pdf (_Ta __a, _Tb __b, _Tp __x)
      Return the logistic probability density function.

    template<typename _Tmu , typename _Tsig , typename _Tp >

  gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tmu, _Tsig, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::lognormal_p (_Tmu __mu, _Tsig __sigma, _Tp __x)
      Return the lognormal cumulative probability density function.
- template<typename _Tmu , typename _Tsig , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tmu, _Tsig, _Tp > <u>__gnu_cxx::lognormal_pdf</u> (_Tmu __mu, _Tsig __sigma, _Tp
      Return the lognormal probability density function.
• template<typename Tp, typename Tnu >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tnu > __gnu_cxx::Irising_factorial (_Tp __a, _Tnu __nu)
      Return the logarithm of the rising factorial function or the (upper) Pochhammer symbol. The rising factorial function is
      defined for integer order by
                                         a^{\overline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(n) = \prod_{k=0}^{\nu-1} (a+k), \overline{0} = 1
      Thus this function returns
                                        ln[a^{\overline{\nu}}] = ln[\Gamma(a+\nu)] - ln[\Gamma(\nu)], ln[a^{\overline{0}}] = 0
      Many notations exist for this function: (a)<sub>\nu</sub> (especially in the literature of special functions),
                                                           \begin{bmatrix} a \\ \nu \end{bmatrix}
      , and others.

    float gnu cxx::lrising factorialf (float a, float nu)

    long double gnu cxx::lrising factoriall (long double a, long double nu)

template<typename _Tmu , typename _Tsig , typename _Tp >
  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tmu, _Tsig, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::normal_p (_Tmu __mu, _Tsig __sigma, _Tp __x)
      Return the normal cumulative probability density function.

    template<typename Tmu, typename Tsig, typename Tp >

    gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tmu, Tsig, Tp > gnu cxx::normal pdf ( Tmu mu, Tsig sigma, Tp x)
      Return the gamma cumulative propability distribution function.
ullet template<typename _Tph , typename _Tpa >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tph, _Tpa > __gnu_cxx::owens_t (_Tph __h, _Tpa __a)

    float gnu cxx::owens tf (float h, float a)

• long double gnu cxx::owens tl (long double h, long double a)
template<typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::polygamma (unsigned int __m, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::polygammaf (unsigned int __m, float __x)
```

long double gnu cxx::polygammal (unsigned int m, long double x)

```
template<typename _Tp , typename _Wp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Wp > __gnu_cxx::polylog (_Tp __s, _Wp __w)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp , typename
    Wp >

  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Wp >> __gnu_cxx::polylog (_Tp __s, std::complex< _Tp >
    w)

    float gnu cxx::polylogf (float s, float w)

    std::complex < float > gnu cxx::polylogf (float s, std::complex < float > w)

    long double __gnu_cxx::polylogl (long double __s, long double __w)

    std::complex < long double > __gnu_cxx::polylogl (long double __s, std::complex < long double > __w)

template<typename Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::radpoly (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m, _Tp __rho)
• float __gnu_cxx::radpolyf (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m, float __rho)

    long double __gnu_cxx::radpolyl (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m, long double __rho)

template<typename</li>Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > std::riemann_zeta (_Tp __s)

    float std::riemann zetaf (float s)

    long double std::riemann_zetal (long double __s)

• template<typename _Tp , typename _Tnu >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp, _Tnu > <u>__gnu_cxx::rising_factorial</u> (_Tp <u>__a, _</u>Tnu <u>_</u>_nu)
      Return the rising factorial function or the (upper) Pochhammer function. The rising factorial function is defined by
                                                   a^{\overline{\nu}} = \Gamma(a+\nu)/\Gamma(\nu)
      Many notations exist for this function: (a)_{\nu}, (especially in the literature of special functions),
      , and others.

    float gnu cxx::rising factorialf (float a, float nu)

    long double <u>__gnu_cxx::rising_factoriall</u> (long double <u>__a, long double __nu)
</u>
template<typename</li>Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::sin_pi (_Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::sin_pif (float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::sin_pil (long double __x)

ullet template<typename_Tp>
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::sinc (_Tp __x)
template<typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::sinc_pi (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::sinc pif (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::sinc pil (long double x)

    float <u>gnu_cxx::sincf</u> (float <u>x</u>)

    long double gnu cxx::sincl (long double x)

    __gnu_cxx::_sincos_t< double > __gnu_cxx::sincos (double __x)

template<typename _Tp >
   gnu cxx:: sincos t < gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp >> gnu cxx::sincos (Tp x)
template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp >> __gnu_cxx::sincos_pi (_Tp __x)

    __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< float > __gnu_cxx::sincos_pif (float __x)

    gnu cxx:: sincos t < long double > gnu cxx::sincos pil (long double x)

   gnu cxx:: sincos t < float > gnu cxx::sincosf (float x)
  __gnu_cxx::__sincos_t< long double > __gnu_cxx::sincosl (long double __x)
template<typename _Tp >
   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::sinh_pi (_Tp __x)
```

```
    float __gnu_cxx::sinh_pif (float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::sinh_pil (long double __x)

template<typename</li>Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::sinhc (_Tp __x)
template<typename</li>Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::sinhc_pi (_Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::sinhc_pif (float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::sinhc_pil (long double __x)

    float gnu cxx::sinhcf (float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::sinhcl (long double __x)

• template<typename_Tp>
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::sinhint (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::sinhintf (float x)

    long double gnu cxx::sinhintl (long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
    gnu cxx::fp promote t < Tp > gnu cxx::sinint (Tp x)

    float gnu cxx::sinintf (float x)

    long double <u>gnu_cxx::sinintl</u> (long double <u>x</u>)

template<typename _Tp >
   gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > std::sph bessel (unsigned int n, Tp x)
template<typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::sph_bessel_i (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::sph bessel if (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double gnu cxx::sph bessel il (unsigned int n, long double x)

template<typename _Tp >
   gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp > gnu cxx::sph bessel k (unsigned int n, Tp x)

    float gnu cxx::sph bessel kf (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::sph_bessel_kl (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

    float std::sph besself (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double std::sph bessell (unsigned int n, long double x)

template<typename</li>Tp >
  std::complex < __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t < _Tp > > __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_1 (unsigned int __n, _Tp __z)
template<typename Tp >
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp >> __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_1 (unsigned int __n, std::complex<
  Tp > x

    std::complex < float > __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_1f (unsigned int __n, float z)

• std::complex < float > gnu cxx::sph hankel 1f (unsigned int n, std::complex < float > x)

    std::complex < long double > __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_1l (unsigned int __n, long double __z)

• std::complex < long double > __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_1l (unsigned int __n, std::complex < long double > __x)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp >> gnu cxx::sph hankel 2 (unsigned int n, Tp z)
template<typename _Tp >
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp >> __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_2 (unsigned int __n, std::complex<
  _{\rm Tp} > _{\rm x}

    std::complex < float > gnu cxx::sph hankel 2f (unsigned int n, float z)

    std::complex < float > gnu cxx::sph hankel 2f (unsigned int n, std::complex < float > x)

    std::complex < long double > gnu cxx::sph hankel 2l (unsigned int n, long double z)

    std::complex < long double > __gnu_cxx::sph_hankel_2l (unsigned int __n, std::complex < long double > __x)

• template<typename _Ttheta , typename _Tphi >
  std::complex< __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ttheta, _Tphi >> __gnu_cxx::sph_harmonic (unsigned int __I, int
   m, Ttheta __theta, _Tphi __phi)
• std::complex < float > gnu cxx::sph harmonicf (unsigned int I, int m, float theta, float phi)
```

```
• std::complex < long double > __gnu_cxx::sph_harmonicl (unsigned int __l, int __m, long double __theta, long
  double phi)
template<typename</li>Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > std::sph_legendre (unsigned int __I, unsigned int __m, _Tp __theta)

    float std::sph legendref (unsigned int I, unsigned int m, float theta)

    long double std::sph_legendrel (unsigned int __l, unsigned int __m, long double __theta)

\bullet \ \ template\!<\!typename\,\_Tp>
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > std::sph_neumann (unsigned int __n, _Tp __x)

    float std::sph neumannf (unsigned int n, float x)

    long double std::sph_neumannl (unsigned int __n, long double __x)

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

  Tp gnu cxx::stirling 1 (unsigned int n, unsigned int m)
template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __gnu_cxx::stirling_2 (unsigned int __n, unsigned int __m)

    template<typename _Tt , typename _Tp >

   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::student_t_p (_Tt __t, unsigned int __nu)
      Return the Students T probability function.

    template<typename _Tt , typename _Tp >

  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::student_t_pdf (_Tt __t, unsigned int __nu)
      Return the complement of the Students T probability function.

    template<typename</li>
    Tp >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tp > __gnu_cxx::tan_pi (_Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::tan pif (float x)

    long double <u>__gnu_cxx::tan_pil</u> (long double <u>__x)</u>

ullet template<typename_Tp>
    gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tp> gnu cxx::tanh pi (Tpx)

    float gnu cxx::tanh pif (float x)

    long double <u>gnu_cxx::tanh_pil</u> (long double <u>x</u>)

 template<typename_Ta >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta > __gnu_cxx::tgamma (_Ta __a)

 template<typename_Ta >

  std::complex< gnu cxx::fp promote t< Ta >> gnu cxx::tgamma (std::complex< Ta > a)
• template<typename _Ta , typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::tgamma (_Ta __a, _Tp __x)
• template<typename _Ta , typename _Tp >
   gnu cxx::fp promote t < Ta, Tp > gnu cxx::tgamma lower (Ta a, Tp x)

    float gnu cxx::tgamma lowerf (float a, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::tgamma_lowerl (long double __a, long double __x)

    float gnu cxx::tgammaf (float a)

    std::complex < float > __gnu_cxx::tgammaf (std::complex < float > __a)

    float gnu cxx::tgammaf (float a, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::tgammal (long double __a)

    std::complex < long double > __gnu_cxx::tgammal (std::complex < long double > __a)

    long double gnu cxx::tgammal (long double a, long double x)

• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > <u>__gnu_cxx::theta_</u>1 (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::theta 1f (float nu, float x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::theta_1l (long double __nu, long double __x)

• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::theta_2 (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

    float gnu cxx::theta 2f (float nu, float x)
```

```
    long double __gnu_cxx::theta_2l (long double __nu, long double __x)

• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
   gnu cxx::fp promote t< Tpnu, Tp > gnu cxx::theta 3 ( Tpnu nu, Tp x)
• float gnu cxx::theta 3f (float nu, float x)

    long double gnu cxx::theta 3l (long double nu, long double x)

• template<typename _Tpnu , typename _Tp >
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpnu, _Tp > <u>__gnu_cxx::theta_4</u> (_Tpnu __nu, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::theta_4f (float __nu, float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::theta_4l (long double __nu, long double __x)

    template<typename Tpk, typename Tp >

   __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpk, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::theta_c (_Tpk __k, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::theta_cf (float __k, float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::theta cl (long double k, long double x)

• template<typename _Tpk , typename _Tp >
    \_gnu_cxx::fp\_promote\_t< \_Tpk, \_Tp> \_gnu\_cxx::theta\_d (\_Tpk \_k, \_Tp \_x)

    float gnu cxx::theta df (float k, float x)

    long double gnu cxx::theta dl (long double k, long double x)

• template<typename _Tpk , typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpk, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::theta_n (_Tpk __k, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::theta_nf (float __k, float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::theta_nl (long double __k, long double __x)

    template<typename Tpk, typename Tp >

    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpk, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::theta_s (_Tpk __k, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::theta_sf (float __k, float __x)

    long double gnu cxx::theta sl (long double k, long double x)

    template<typename _Tpa , typename _Tpc , typename _Tp >

   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Tpa, _Tpc, _Tp > <u>__gnu_cxx::tricomi_u</u> (_Tpa __a, _Tpc __c, _Tp __x)

    float __gnu_cxx::tricomi_uf (float __a, float __c, float __x)

    long double __gnu_cxx::tricomi_ul (long double __a, long double __c, long double __x)

ullet template<typename _Ta , typename _Tb , typename _Tp >
   _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tb, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::weibull_p (_Ta __a, _Tb __b, _Tp __x)
      Return the Weibull cumulative probability density function.
- template<typename _Ta , typename _Tb , typename _Tp >
  __gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Ta, _Tb, _Tp > __gnu_cxx::weibull_pdf (_Ta __a, _Tb __b, _Tp __x)
      Return the Weibull probability density function.
• template<typename Trho, typename Tphi>
    _gnu_cxx::fp_promote_t< _Trho, _Tphi > __gnu_cxx::zernike (unsigned int __n, int __m, _Trho __rho, _Tphi

    float __gnu_cxx::zernikef (unsigned int __n, int __m, float __rho, float __phi)

    long double gnu cxx::zernikel (unsigned int n, int m, long double rho, long double phi)
```

# 11.31.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <cmath>.

#### 11.31.2 Macro Definition Documentation

11.31.2.1 \_\_cpp\_lib\_math\_special\_functions

#define \_\_cpp\_lib\_math\_special\_functions 201603L

Definition at line 39 of file specfun.h.

11.31.2.2 \_\_STDCPP\_MATH\_SPEC\_FUNCS\_\_

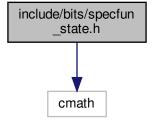
#define \_\_STDCPP\_MATH\_SPEC\_FUNCS\_\_ 201003L

Definition at line 37 of file specfun.h.

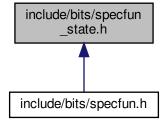
# 11.32 include/bits/specfun\_state.h File Reference

#include <cmath>

Include dependency graph for specfun\_state.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### Classes

```
struct __gnu_cxx::__airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >
struct __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_t_t< _Tp >
struct __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_u_t< _Tp >
struct __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_v_t< _Tp >
struct __gnu_cxx::__chebyshev_w_t< _Tp >
struct __gnu_cxx::__cyl_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >
struct __gnu_cxx::__cyl_coulomb_t< _Teta, _Trho, _Tp >
struct __gnu_cxx::_cyl_hankel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >
struct __gnu_cxx::_cyl_mod_bessel_t< _Tnu, _Tx, _Tp >
struct __gnu_cxx::_fock_airy_t< _Tx, _Tp >
struct __gnu_cxx::__gamma_inc_t< _Tp >
struct __gnu_cxx::__gamma_temme_t< _Tp >
```

A structure for the gamma functions required by the Temme series expansions of  $N_{\nu}(x)$  and  $K_{\nu}(x)$ .

$$\Gamma_1 = \frac{1}{2\mu} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} - \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

and

$$\Gamma_2 = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} + \frac{1}{\Gamma(1+\mu)} \right]$$

where  $-1/2 <= \mu <= 1/2$  is  $\mu = \nu - N$  and N. is the nearest integer to  $\nu$ . The values of  $\Gamma(1+\mu)$  and  $\Gamma(1-\mu)$  are returned as well.

- struct \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_gappa\_pq\_t< \_Tp >
- struct \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_gegenbauer\_t< \_Tp >
- struct gnu cxx:: hermite he t< Tp>
- struct \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_hermite\_t< \_Tp >
- struct \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_jacobi\_ellint\_t< \_Tp >
- struct gnu cxx:: jacobi t< Tp >
- struct \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_laguerre\_t< \_Tpa, \_Tp >
- struct \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_legendre\_p\_t< \_Tp >
- struct \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_lgamma\_t<\_Tp >
- struct \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_quadrature\_point\_t< \_Tp >
- struct \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_sincos\_t< \_Tp >
- struct \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_sph\_bessel\_t< \_Tn, \_Tx, \_Tp >
- struct \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_sph\_hankel\_t< \_Tn, \_Tx, \_Tp >
- struct \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_sph\_mod\_bessel\_t< \_Tn, \_Tx, \_Tp >

#### **Namespaces**

\_\_gnu\_cxx

#### **Enumerations**

• enum \_\_gnu\_cxx::gauss\_quad\_type { \_\_gnu\_cxx::Gauss, \_\_gnu\_cxx::Gauss\_Lobatto, \_\_gnu\_cxx::Gauss\_← Radau lower, \_\_gnu\_cxx::Gauss\_Radau upper}

Enumeration gor differing types of Gauss quadrature. The gauss\_quad\_type is used to determine the boundary condition modifications applied to orthogonal polynomials for quadrature rules.

## 11.32.1 Detailed Description

This is an internal header file, included by other library headers. Do not attempt to use it directly. Instead, include <math>.

# 11.33 include/ext/math util.h File Reference

#### Classes

struct \_\_gnu\_cxx::\_\_fp\_is\_integer\_t

#### **Namespaces**

\_\_gnu\_cxx

#### **Functions**

```
template<typename _Tp >
  bool <u>gnu_cxx::__fp_is_equal (_Tp __a, _Tp __b, _Tp __mul=_Tp{1})</u>
template<typename _Tp >
  __fp_is_integer_t __gnu_cxx::__fp_is_even_integer (_Tp __a, _Tp __mul=_Tp{1})
template<typename Tp >
  __fp_is_integer_t __gnu_cxx::__fp_is_half_integer (_Tp __a, _Tp __mul=_Tp{1})
template<typename _Tp >
   _fp_is_integer_t __gnu_cxx::__fp_is_half_odd_integer (_Tp __a, _Tp __mul=_Tp{1})
template<typename _Tp >
  __fp_is_integer_t __gnu_cxx::__fp_is_integer (_Tp __a, _Tp __mul=_Tp{1})
template<typename _Tp >
  __fp_is_integer_t __gnu_cxx::__fp_is_odd_integer (_Tp __a, _Tp __mul=_Tp{1})
template<typename</li>Tp >
  bool __gnu_cxx::__fp_is_zero (_Tp __a, _Tp __mul=_Tp{1})
ullet template<typename _Tp >
  _Tp __gnu_cxx::__fp_max_abs (_Tp __a, _Tp __b)
template<typename _Tp , typename _IntTp >
  _Tp __gnu_cxx::__parity (_IntTp __k)
```

#### 11.33.1 Detailed Description

This file is a GNU extension to the Standard C++ Library.

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