Modularising a monolith!

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My team owns authentication technical stack on iOS (which I'll refer to as the Login feature). In short we are helping iOS and Android users to login into Spotify app.



Login feature starting from 2012.

Spotify app launched in 2012

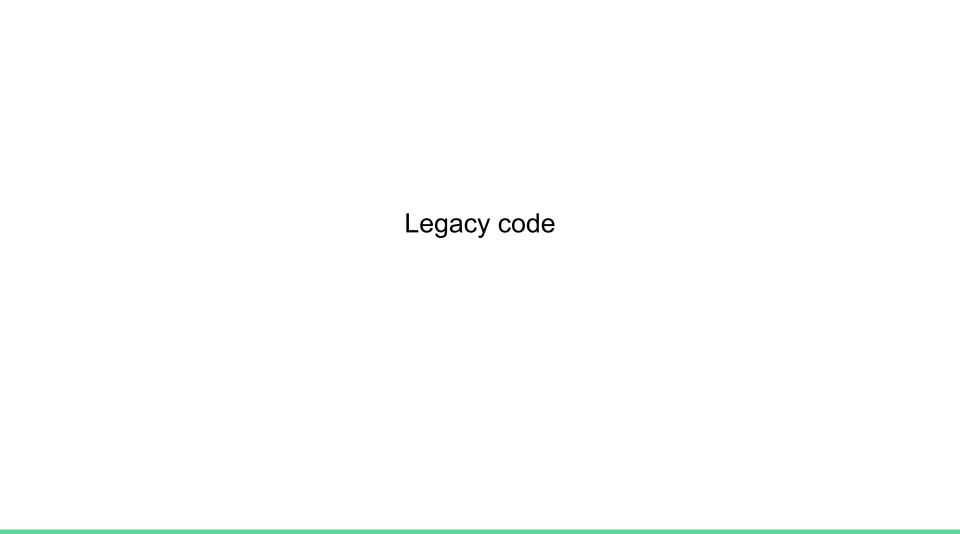
LoginStateController was the M(assive)VC that was part of

55424 lines of Obj - C

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→ login git:(63e45ba9a985) ×
  login git:(63e45ba9a985) ×
→ login git:(63e45ba9a985) × [
```

We wanted to update our tech stack and migrate to Swift





Legacy code, broken behaviour

Legacy code, broken behaviour and undesired strong coupling

PROBLEM

Dealing with legacy code

PROBLEM

Ownership alignment



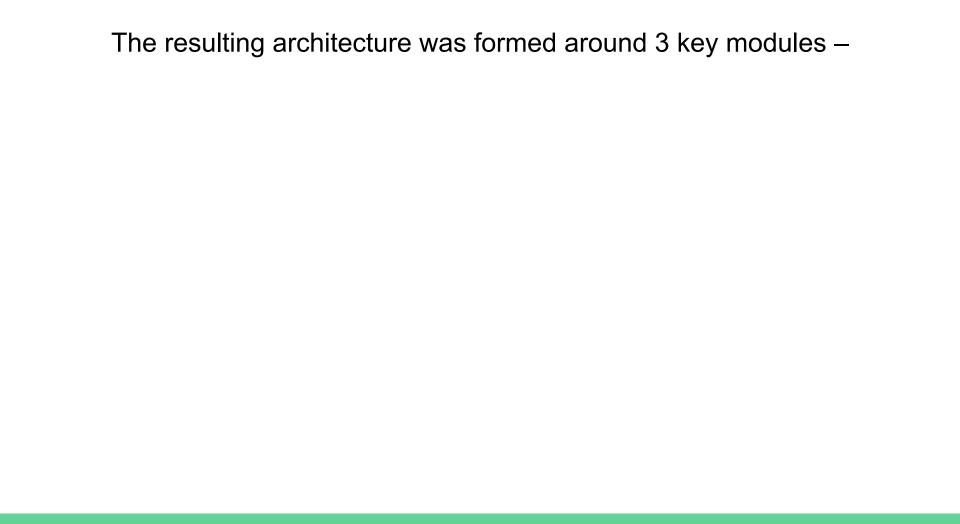
GOALS

- Identify and separate core responsibilities
- Design clear interfaces
- Improve existing internal public interface
- Enable gradual migration

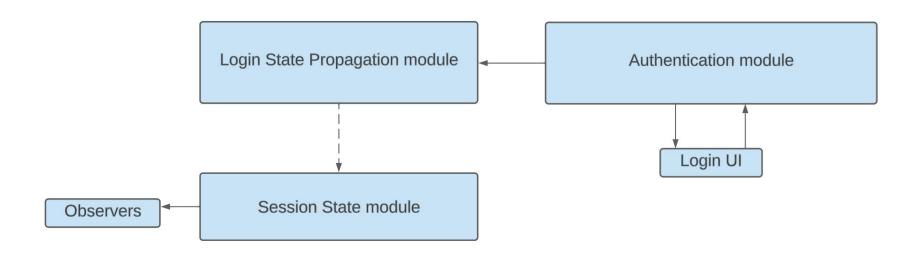
MAIN RESPONSIBILITIES

- Authentication responsibility: provide a way for the user to authenticate (or login).
- <u>Session state responsibility:</u> configure application based on the user being authenticated or not.
 - i. Switch app from logged in to logout state
 - ii. Providing the HTTP client
 - iii. Notifying consumers of session state changes

Responsibilities were all intertwined



The resulting architecture was formed around 3 key modules – **Authentication**, **Login State Propagation** and **Session State**.



Authentication

The authentication module is responsible for running authentication requests

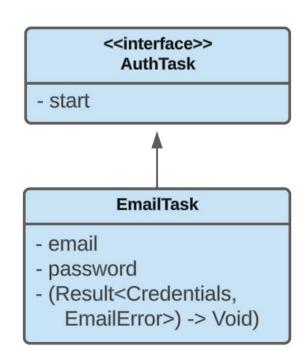
Authentication module: Task

<<interface>> AuthTask

- start

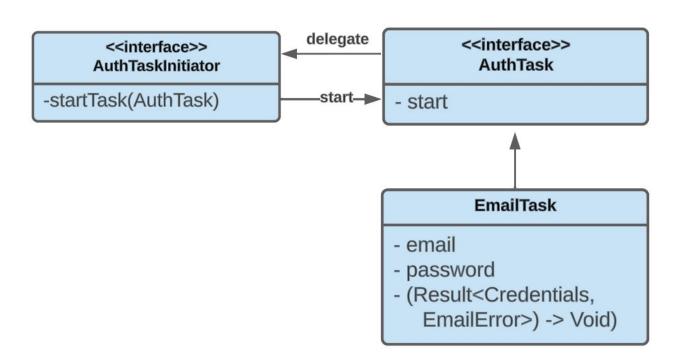
Authentication module: Task

- Data
- Callback
- Custom logic



Authentication module: Task

- Data
- Callback
- Custom logic



Authentication module: Alternative solution

Instead of creating a new type for each of the login tasks, they can be made available through a single API.

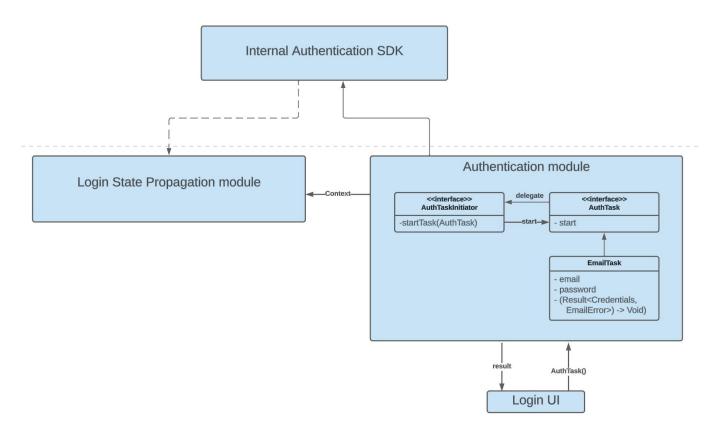
<<interface>> AuthController

- authWithEmail(email, password, (Result<Credentials, EmailError>) -> Void)
- authWithOneTimeToken(token, (Result<Credentials,OneTimeTokenError>) -> Void)
- authWithFacebook(facebookUserID, facebookAccessToken, (Result<Credentials, FacebookError>) -> Void)
- authWithApple(appleAuthCode, bundleID, (Result<Credentials, SignupError>) -> Void)
- authWithGoogle(googleAuthCode, (Result<Credentials, SignupError>) -> Void)
- getPhoneChallenge(number, (Result<Challenge, PhoneError>) -> Void)
- answerPhoneChallenge(Challenge, (Result<Credentials, SignupError> -> Void)

Background information

Internal Authentication SDK

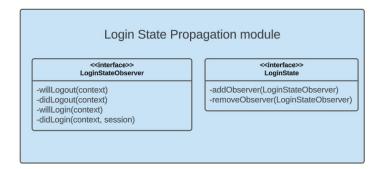
Authentication module: Communication

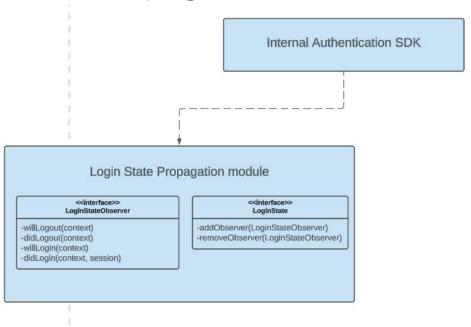


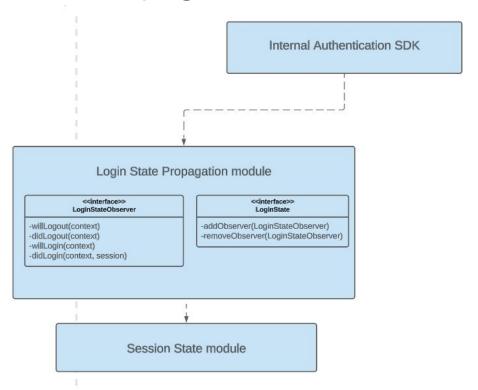
Login State Propagation

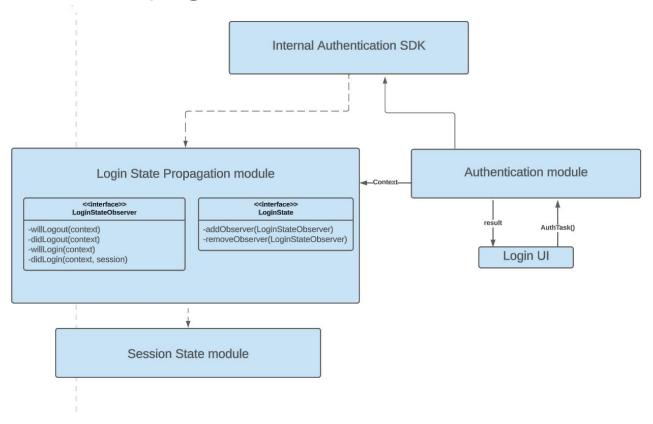
Internal Auth SDK:

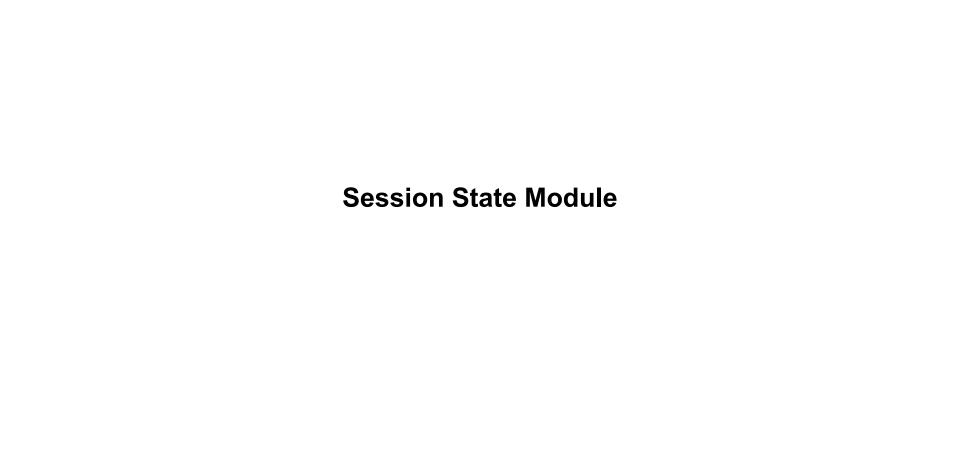
- is about to start authentication
- did authenticate
- is about to start log out
- did finish logout











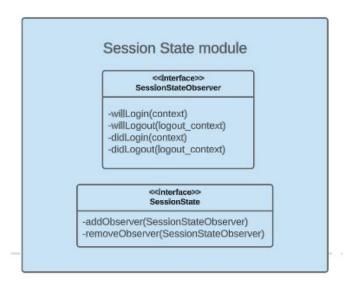
Session State Module: Responsibilities

- Observe and react to state change in Login state propagation module
- Switch UI between logged-in to logged-out modes
- Configure session before entering the logged-in mode
- Destroy session on exiting logged-in mode
- Notify consumers of API about change

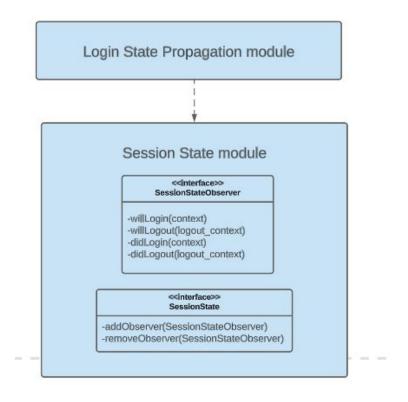
Session State Module: Why we need Context

- autologin
- manual login
- logout triggered by the user

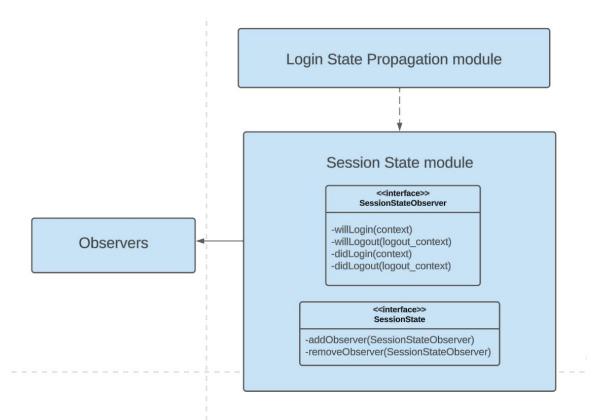
Session State Module: Communication

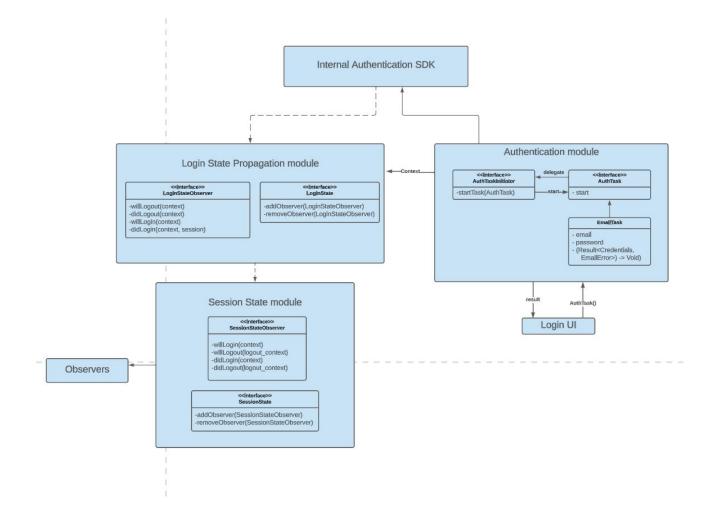


Session State Module: Communication



Session State Module: Communication





Lessons learned and things that helped us

- Brainstorming and drawing the diagrams
- A/B testing each module before the release
- No major incidents

The end result

- Manageable independent modules
- Improved our internal public interfaces
- Flexibility for adding new authentication methods
- Allowed us to migrate to new Internal Authentication SDK
- Migrated to Swift

41525 lines of Obj-C21045 lines of Swift

```
→ Login git:(master)
```

Thank you!

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