VIM QUICK REFERENCE CARD

Frequently used VIM commands - Version v1.4 December 2015

Vim cheatsheet based on the version by Michael Goerz

Helpsections

:h <topic> will open the vimdocs to each topics helppage.

:h /zero-width matches with 'zero-width' (@!) patterns

Movements

:viu show a summary of all commands

Basic Movements

 \hookrightarrow :h motion

h l k j character left, right; line up, down

b wword or token left, right

ge eend of word or token left, right

0 _ \$ beginning, first, last character of line

 $nG ngg \dots line n$, default the last, first

% match of next brace, bracket, comment,

#define

- +line up, down on first non-blank character

B Wspace-separated word left, right

.....end of space-separated word left, right

g0 gm beginning, middle of screen line

g^ g\$ first, last character of screen line

f c F c next, previous occurrence of character c

 $tc Tc \dots before next$, previous occurence of c

Jumps — print jump list : jumps

⇒:h various-motions

{ } beginning of previous, next paragraph

() beginning of previous, next sentence

[[]]go to previous, next function	or	\section
$\mathrm{in}\ \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{E}}\!\mathrm{X}$		

[{]}.....beginning, end of current block

[z]z move to start, end of current open fold

 $n \hat{ } 0 n \hat{ } I \dots go to n^{th}$ older, newer position in jump

ng; ng, go to n older, newer position in change

'.jump back on last edited line

',' toggle back, forward to previous, next position

'0..9 go to last exit position

" go to position before jump, at last edit

'['] go to start, end of previously operated

^Tjump to the tag under cursor, return from tag (eg. inside of vimdocs)

Advanced Scrolling

 n^{Υ} n^{Υ} n^{Υ} scroll window n lines up, downwards

^D ^U scroll half a page up, down

F B scroll page up, down

zt zz zb current line to top, center, bottom of

zh zl scroll one character to the right, left

zH zL scroll half a screen to the right, left

H M L....jump to high, middle, low position in screen

Insert, Command & Visual Mode

Insertion, Replace \rightarrow insert mode

cm change text of movement command m

cc or S change current line

C change to the end of line

i a insert before, after cursor

o Oopen a new line below, above the current line

I A insert at beginning, end of line

gi gI insert text on last edited line, first colrc grc replace character under cursor, with-

out affecting layout R gRreplace characters starting at the cur-

sor, without affecting layout sc substitute character c under cursor \rightarrow

insert mode

Command Mode CTRL-Keys

 $^{\circ}$ Vc $^{\circ}$ Vn insert char c literally, decimal value n ^A ^Q insert previously inserted text, stop in-

 $sert \rightarrow command mode$ N P text completion before, after cursor

W 'U delete word before cursor, to start of

^D ^T shift left, right one shift width

 $\hat{O}c$ execute c in temporary command mode

 $\langle \operatorname{esc} \rangle$ or $\widehat{\ }] \dots$ abandon edition \to command mode

CTRL-R.

RA..... content under cursor to command mode

R = 5*5... insert 25 into text

Rx Rx ... insert content of register x, literally

CTRL-X (Command Mode Completions)

 $^{\hat{}}X^{\hat{}}L \dots$ whole lines

^X^N ^X^I..... keywords in current file, plus included

 $^X^K ^X^N \dots$ keywords in dictionary, the saurus

^X^] tags

 $^{\hat{}}X^{\hat{}}F$ file names

^X^D definitions or macros

 $^{\hat{}}X^{\hat{}}V$ vim command line

 $^{\hat{}}X^{\hat{}}U$ user defined completion

^X^O omni completion

Visual Mode

refer to :h object-select

v V ^Vstart or stop highlighting characters, lines,
block
o exchange cursor position with start of
highlighting
${\tt gv} \dots \dots {\tt start \; highlighting \; on \; previous \; visual \; area}$
aw as ap \ldots select a word, a sentence, a paragraph
ab aB \dots select a block (), a block { }
$g^G \dots$ Count words, character lines and bytes of selection

Delete, Copy to Registers

T 1	
Dei	$_{ m etion}$

refer to :h und-tree

x X delete character under, before cursor
$\mathtt{d} m \ \ldots \ldots$ delete text of movement command m
dd Ddelete current line, to the end of line
$\tt u \ \tt U \ \ldots \ldots undo$ last command, restore last changed
line

- ⇒ To revert the current buffer to the state before the very first change remembered by Vim in the undo list, use the command: :u1|u
- . \hat{R} repeat last n changes, redo last undo

Copying

" x use register x for next delete, yank, pu
y m
m
yy or Y yank current line into register
p P put register after, before cursor posi-
tion
] $p \ [p \ \dots]$ like p, P with indent adjusted
gp gP like p. P leaving cursor after new text

Registers & Macros

 $\begin{array}{ll} : \mathtt{reg} \leftarrow \texttt{,} & : \mathtt{reg} \ x & \text{show content of all registers, single} \\ & \quad \text{register } x \end{array}$

: $\mathbf{c}x$ execute register x as an Ex command
q x q X q record, append, stop recording typed characters as macro into register x
$\mathbf{Q}x$ execute macro of register x
\Rightarrow execute x on each file of buffer list: :bufdo exe "%normal $@x$ "
@@ repeat previous recorded macro
qxq empty register x
$\Rightarrow \text{delete lines with pattern } p \text{ into Register } x \text{ and copy to clipboard afterwards:} \\ : \text{g/}p/\text{d} \ x \ \ \text{let @+ = @x}$

 $q\colon$ @: \hdots list all, repeat macro

Search & Substitute

substitutions work like : s/p/q/flag, you may limit your search to an area between ranges (Ex ranges).

Search, Substitute Flags

С	confirm each substitution
e g	do not issue error messages and continue as if no error occurred replace all occurrences in the line
i I	ignore, mind case for the pat- tern (overwrites 'ignorecase' and 'smartcase' options)
p # 1	print the line containing the last substitute, like :list , prepend line number afterwards
&	must be the first one: keep flags from the previous substitute
n	report the number of matches, do not actually substitute. (the [c] flag is ignored.)

Forward & Backward Searches refer to :h search-commands

 $/s \hookleftarrow ?s \hookleftarrow \dots$ search forward, backward for s $/s/o \hookleftarrow ?s?o \hookleftarrow$

search fwd, bwd for s with offset o

Offsets

The offset gives the cursor position relative to the found match:

n, $-n$	lines down-, upwards, in col 1
e+n, e-n	characters to the right, left of the end of the match
s+n, e-n	characters to the right, left of the start of the match
b+n, e-n	identical to s+,- n above (mnemonic: begin)
;p	perform another search

Quick Search Commands

IN	or	?←repeat backward last search
#	*	search backward, forward for word un-
		der cursor

 $n_{or} / {\hookleftarrow} \dots$ repeat forward last search

 $g\#\ g*\ \ldots\ldots$ same, but also find partial matches

gd gD local, global definition of symbol under

Substitutions

refer to :h :sub

:rs/p/q/g ... substitute all p by q in range r

 $:rs \ q \ \dots :repeat substitution with new \ r \ \& \ q$

:rg/x/e:rv/x/e

execute e on range r where x matches, not matches

 \Rightarrow join any line containing the string x with previous line, if it lies between the a and b marks: :'a,'bg/x/-1j

:rg/x/s/p/q/g

for every line in r containing x, substitute p with q

:r&& :r& repeat last search or substitution on range r with, without flags

Ex Ranges

refer to :h cmdline-ranges

- , cursor position interpreted from current line
- the cursor position will be set to line of last search or substitution

n	an absolute line number n
. \$	the current, last line in file
% *	entire file, visual area
,t	position of mark t
/p/ ?p?	the next, previous line where p matches
-n + n	preceding, appending line n

Patterns (differences to Perl)

refer to :h pattern and :h /zero-width

\< \>	start, end of word
$\in \k \I \K$	an identifier, keyword; excldigits
$\f \p \F \P$	a file name, printable char.; excldigits
$\ensuremath{\setminus} e \t \t \t \t \$	$\langle \mathrm{esc} \rangle$, $\langle \mathrm{tab} \rangle$, $\langle \hookleftarrow \rangle$, $\langle \leftarrow \rangle$
\= * \+	match $01, 0\infty, 1\infty$ of preceding atoms
$\setminus \{n, m\}$	match n to m occurrences
$\setminus \{-\}$	non-greedy match
\	separate two branches ($\equiv or$)
\(\)	group patterns into an atom
& \1	the whole matched pattern, 1^{st} () group
\&	a branch: matches last concat, but only if all preceding concats also match at the same position

⇒ the following pattern finds all lines that contain both "red" and "blue", in any order: /.*red\&.*blue

$\u \ \1$	upper, lowercase character
\U \L	id., whole pattern
\c \C	ignore, match case on pattern
\@= \@!	<pre>char(?=pattern) char(?!pattern)</pre>

⇒ matches pattern, only when line is not ending in 'foo': pattern\(foo\)\@!\$

 $\ensuremath{\texttt{@}}\= \ensuremath{\texttt{@}}\= \ensuremath{\texttt{@}}\= \ensuremath{\texttt{e}}\= (?!pattern) char$

 \Rightarrow everything before the comment '#' is excluded from pattern: $/\(\#.*\)\$

	\@>	(?>pattern)
	_^ _\$	start-of-line, end-of-line, anywhere in pattern
	\-•	any single char, including end- of-line
\Rightarrow	find any pa	ttern $foo\ bar$, even when di-

 \Rightarrow find any pattern $foo\ bar$, even when divided by linebreak: foo_\s*bar

\zs \ze	set start, end of pattern
\%^ \%\$	match start, end of file
$\label{eq:linear_norm} \$ \%nc \%nv	matches specific line, column, virtual column n
\%x	match hex character
\%V	match inside visual area
\'m	match with position of mark m
\%(\)	unnamed grouping
_[]	collection with end-of-line included
\%[]	sequence of optionally matched atoms
\v	very magic: patterns almost like perl

Advanced Operations

Special Text Operations

cgn dgn change, delete the next search pattern match (repeat change, deletion with $\langle . \rangle$)
$\tt J \ gJ \ \dots \dots join \ current \ line \ with \ next, \ without \ space$
~ g~ m switch case and advance cursor, on movement m
$\mathtt{gu} m \ \mathtt{gU} m \ \ldots$ switch case, lc, uc on movement m
guu gUU lower-/uppercase line

Marks and Tags

:tags print tag list, :marks print the active marks list
mc mark current position with mark $c \in$
[aZ]
c C go to mark c in current, C in any file

Ex Commands (\leftarrow)

refer to :help holy-grail for list of all commands

Tags

:tselect t ..list matching tags and select one for jump

:tjump t jump to tag or select one if multiple matches

:tag ^[..... jump to tag (under cursor)

Reading from & writing to files

 $\begin{array}{l} : \texttt{edit} \ f \ \dots . \end{aligned} \ \text{edit} \ \text{file} \ f, \ \text{reload} \ \text{current} \ \text{file} \ \text{if} \ \text{no} \ f \\ : \texttt{args} \ f_1 \dots f_n \\ \texttt{load} \ n \ \text{files} \ \text{to} \ \text{buffer} \ \text{in} \ \text{background} \\ : r \texttt{write} \ f \ \dots \\ \texttt{write} \ range} \ r \ \text{to} \ \text{file} \ f \ \text{(this file} \ \text{if} \ \text{no} \ f) \\ : r \texttt{write} \ >> f \ \text{append} \ \text{range} \ r \ \text{to} \ \text{file} \ f \\ : \texttt{quit} \ : \texttt{quit}! \ \text{quit} \ \text{and} \ \text{confirm}, \ \text{discard} \ \text{changes} \\ : \texttt{wq} \ \textit{or} \ : \texttt{x} \ \textit{or} \ \texttt{ZZ} \\ \qquad \qquad \text{write} \ \text{to} \ \text{current} \ \text{file} \ \text{and} \ \text{exit} \\ : r \\ \texttt{delete} \ : r \\ \texttt{delete} \ r \\ \text{delete} \ r \\ \text{ange} \ r \ \text{lines}, \ \text{into} \ \text{register} \ x \\ \end{array}$

Filter Lines

 $!mc \hookleftarrow \ldots$ filter lines of movement m through command c $n!!c \hookleftarrow \ldots$ filter n lines through command c $:r!c \ldots$ filter range r lines through command c

Insert, Send Content

:rmove a....id. but move :rhardcopy > file.ps print range to ps file

:rha rw!lp ...sending r to printer (printout)

Compile

:clist :cfile list all errors, read errors from file :cnext :cprevious display the next, previous error :compiler c .set, show compiler plugins :copen navigate errors from make :make run makeprg, jump to first error

Standard Mode Formatting, Filtering

leave out m for visual mode commands

Indentation

set indent-foldmethod by :set fdm=indent

 $\langle m \rangle > m$... shift left, right text of movement m $n > n < = \dots$ indent, unindent n levels, reindent $n \ll n \gg \dots \text{shift } n \text{ lines left, right}$

Alignment

 $gqm gqgq \dots format movement m, current line$: $rce \ w \ \dots$ center lines in range r to width w $:rri \ w \ \ldots \ rightalign lines in range r to width w$:rle ileft align lines in range with indent i

Folds

zfm create fold of movement m: r**fo**ld create fold for range rzd zE delete fold at cursor, all in window zo zc zO zC open, close one fold; recursively zj zk move down, up to start, end of next zm zM fold more, close all folds zr zR fold less, open all folds zn zN zi fold non, fold normal, invert folding :set fdc=n . show foldcolumn to level n

Multiple Files, Buffers, Tabs (\leftarrow)

```
Generic Buffer Commands
:tab ball ...show buffers as tablist
:buffers .... show list of buffers
on ..... make current window one on screen
:new :vnew ..create new empty window (vert.)
:bn \dots \dots \dots switch to buffer n
:bn :bp :bf :bl
               buffer movement next, prev, first, last
:bdn ...... delete buffer n (also with filename)
      Delete all Buffers with Extension 'ext':
       :bd *.ext ^A
:badd f.txt load file into new buffer
:bufdo cmd.. execute cmd in each buffer in the buffer
:sbn ...... Split window and edit buffer n from the
               bufflist
```

Buffer Shortcuts

refer to :h ctrl-w

$\hat{\ }$ toggle between the current and the last
window
${\tt `Wf\ gf\}$ open file under cursor in new, current window
$\mathbf{\hat{W}} \mathbf{\hat{W}} \mathbf{\hat{W}} \dots \mathbf{\hat{w}}$ move to window below, above (wrap)
$\mathbf{\hat{W}j}$ $\mathbf{\hat{W}k}$ move to window below, above
${\operatorname{\widetilde{W}b}}$ move to top, bottom window
${\operatorname{\widetilde{Wo}}}$ ${\operatorname{\widetilde{Wo}}}$ close current, all other window(s)
$\mathbf{\hat{W}s}$ $\mathbf{\hat{W}v}$ split window in two (vert.)
$\mathbf{\hat{W}x}_{or} \mathbf{\hat{W}R} \ldots \mathbf{swap}$ open buffer windows
$\mathbf{\hat{W}}n\mathbf{+}\mathbf{\hat{W}}n\mathbf{-}\ldots$ increase, decrease window size by n lines
$\mathbf{\hat{W}}n > \mathbf{\hat{W}}n < \mathbf{\hat{I}}$. increase, decrease window width
$\mathbf{\hat{W}} \; = \; \ldots \ldots \ldots$ Make all windows equally high and wide
${\operatorname{\tilde{W}}}$ n set window height to n (default: very high)
${\bf \hat{W}} \ \ n \ \ \ldots \ldots \ {\bf set} \ {\bf current} \ {\bf window} \ {\bf width} \ {\bf to} \ n$

Tab Management

:tabs list all tabs including their displayed windows			
:tabfirstgo to first tab			
:tablast go to last tab			
:tabnew open a new empty tab page			
:tabcloseclose current tab page			
:qall :wqall quit, and save all tabs			
:tabonly close all other tabs			
gt gT go to next, previous Tab			
ngt goto tab in position n			

Miscellaneous

Spell Check

```
activate spellcheck: :set spell spelllang=en_us
]s [s ..... next, previous misspelled word
zg zG ...... add good word (to internal word list)
zug zuG..... undo the addition of a word to the dic-
zw zw ..... mark bad word (to internal word list)
z= ..... suggest corrections
```

Invocation

vimdiff f_1 f_2 $diff file_1 + file_2 using synchronized$ split windows vim -o/-0 f_1 $f_2 \dots f_n$ open files in horiz, vert split mode vim + n file . open file at nth line (eof if n omitted)

vim +/s file open file and search for string

vim -S name reload vim-session name

Special operations

Usefull (and not so usefull) operations which don't fit to any other section :-)

Krun keywordprg (manpage) on word under cursor

Common Digraphs

 $^{\hat{}}$ Kns $^{\hat{}}$ Kns Superscript, subscript Number n

github.com/emzap79/QRCs

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This TeXfile is based on Gabriel B. Burcas © git-qrc.tex and has then been modified to my own requirements, with permission!