

VIM QUICK REFERENCE CARD

Most frequently used VIM commands – Version v1.1 Jun 2014

:viusage ... Show a summary of all commands

Movements

h l k j character left, right; line up, down
b w word/token left, right
ge e end of word/token left, right
{ } beginning of previous, next paragraph
() beginning of previous, next sentence
[[]] go to previous, next function
[{ }] beginning, end of current block
0 ^ \$ beginning, first, last character of line
nG ngg line *n*, default the last, first
n| column *n* of current line
% match of next brace, bracket, comment, **#define**
- + line up, down on first non-blank character
B W space-separated word left, right
gE E end of space-separated word left, right
g0 gm beginning, middle of *screen* line
g^ g\$ first, last character of *screen* line
fc Fc next, previous occurrence of character *c*
tc Tc before next, previous occurrence of *c*

Jumps

:jumps print the jump list
:ta ^[..... jump to tag (under cursor)
^O ^I jump to older/newer location btw buffers
ng; ng, go to *n* older/newer position in change list
'. jump back on last edited line
'' toggle back/forward to previous/next position

Insertion & Replace → insert mode

i a insert before, after cursor
I A insert at beginning, end of line
gi gI insert text on last edited line / first column
o O open a new line below, above the current line
rc replace character under cursor with *c*
grc like **r**, but without affecting layout
R replace characters starting at the cursor
gR like **R**, but without affecting layout
sc substitute char. *c* under cursor
cm change text of movement command *m*
cc or S change current line
C change to the end of line

Deletion

x X delete character under, before cursor
dm delete text of movement command *m*
dd D delete current line, to the end of line
dgn delete the next search pattern match
J gJ join current line with next, without space
:rd delete range *r* lines
:rdx delete range *r* lines into register *x*
qxq empty register *x*
:g/pattern/d x | let @+ = @x
delete lines with pattern *c* into Register *x* and copy to clipboard afterwards.

Insert/ Command Mode

^Vc ^Vn insert char *c* literally, decimal value *n*
^Vn insert decimal value of character
^A insert previously inserted text
^@ same as **^A** and stop insert → command mode

^Rx ^R^Rx ... insert content of register *x*, literally
^R^W content under cursor to command mode
^N ^P text completion before, after cursor
^W delete word before cursor
^U delete to start of current line
^D ^T shift left, right one shift width
^Oc execute *c* in temporary command mode
^X^E ^X^Y ... scroll up, down
<esc> or ^] or ^C abandon edition → command mode

Search & Substitution

/s↔ ?s↔ ... search forward, backward for *s*
/s/o↔ ?s?o↔
search fwd, bwd for *s* with offset *o*
n or /↔ repeat forward last search
N or ?↔ repeat backward last search
* search backward, forward for word under cursor
g# g* same, but also find partial matches
gd gD local, global definition of symbol under cursor
:rs/f/t/x ... substitute *f* by *t* in range *r*
:rco a :rm a
copy, move range *r* below line *a*
:rs x repeat substitution with new *r* & *x*
:rg/p/c :rv/p/c
execute *Ex c* on range *r* where *p* matches, not matches
:rg/p/-1j .. join all lines in *r* containing pattern *p* with prevline
:rg/p/s/q/y/g
for every line in *r* containing *p*, substitute *q* with *y*
: 'a, 'bg/p/j . join any line containing the string *p* to its subsequent line, if it lies between the *a* and *b* marks

Misc Ex Commands (↔)

:help holy-grail

:e *f* edit file *f*, reload current file if no *f*

:rw *f* write range *r* to file *f* (current file if no *f*)

:rw >> *f* append range *r* to file *f*

:q :q! quit and confirm, quit and discard changes

:wq *or* :x *or* ZZ write to current file and exit

:r *f* insert content of file *f* below cursor

:r! *c* insert output of command *c* below cursor

Miscellaneous

:rhardcopy rw!lp
 sending *r* to printer (printout)

:rhardcopy > file.ps
 print range to ps file

:mkview [*f*] :loadview [*f*]
 save/load configuration

:mks [*f*] :so [*f*]
 save/load session

:set ff=dos convert file to dos eol format

:e ++ff=unix
 reopen file in unix eol format

:sh :!*c* start shell, execute command *c* in shell

K run **keywordprg** (manpage) on word under cursor

^L redraw screen

^R = 5*5..... insert 25 into text

ga show ASCII value of character under cursor

gf open file which filename is under cursor

vim -S *name*
 reload vim-session *name*

Ex Ranges

, ; separates line numbers, set to first line

n an absolute line number *n*

. \$ the current line, the last line in file

% * entire file, visual area

'*t* position of mark *t*

/p/ ?*p*? the next, previous line where *p* matches

-*n* +*n* preceding/appending line number

Standard Mode Formatting/ Filtering

Leave out *m* for visual mode commands

gq*m* gqgq ... format movement *m*/current paragraph

:rce *w* center lines in range *r* to width *w*

:rri *w* rightalign lines in range *r* to width *w*

:rle *i* left align lines in range with indent *i*

!mc↔ filter lines of movement *m* through command *c*

n!c↔ filter *n* lines through command *c*

:r!*c* filter range *r* lines through command *c*

~ switch case and advance cursor

g~*m* gum gUm
 switch case, lc, uc on movement *m*

guu gUU..... lower-/uppercase line

< *m* > *m* .. shift left, right text of movement *m*

n << *n* >> .. shift *n* lines left, right

^A ^X..... increment/decrement number under cursor

Visual Mode

:h object-select

v V ^V start/stop highlighting characters, lines, block

o exchange cursor position with start of highlighting

gv start highlighting on previous visual area

aw as ap ... select a word, a sentence, a paragraph

ab aB select a block (), a block { }

g^G..... Count words, character lines and bytes of selection

Undoing, Repeating & Registers

u U undo last command, restore last changed line

. ^R repeat last changes, redo last undo

n. repeat last changes with count replaced by *n*

qc qC record, append typed characters in register *c*

q stop recording

@*c* execute the content of register *c*

@@ repeat previous @ command

:@*c* execute register *c* as an *Ex* command

Copying

"*x* use register *x* for next delete, yank, put

:reg show the content of all registers

:reg *x* show the content of registers *x*

ym yank the text of movement command *m*

yy *or* Y yank current line into register

p P put register after, before cursor position

]p [p like p, P with indent adjusted

gp gP like p, P leaving cursor after new text

Patterns (differences to Perl)

:help pattern

\< \> start, end of word

\i \k \I \K an identifier, keyword; excludigits

\f \p \F \P a file name, printable char.; excludigits

\e \t \r \b <esc>, <tab>, <↔>, <←>

\= * \+ match 0..1, 0..∞, 1..∞ of preceding atoms

\{*n,m*> match *n* to *m* occurrences

\{-> non-greedy match

\| separate two branches (≡ *or*)

\(\) group patterns into an atom

`\& \1` the whole matched pattern, 1st () group
`\u \l` upper, lowercase character
`\c \C` ignore, match case on next pattern
`\%x` match hex character
`\@= \@!` ... *char(=?pattern) char(?!pattern)*
`\@<= \@<!` (?=pattern)*char (?!pattern)char*
`\@>` (?>pattern)
`_^ _` \$ start-of-line/end-of-line, anywhere in pattern
`\.` any single char, including end-of-line
`\zs \ze` set start/end of pattern
`\%^ \%$` match start/end of file
`\%V` match inside visual area
`\'m` match with position of mark m
`\%(\\)` unnamed grouping
`\[]` collection with end-of-line included
`\[]` sequence of optionally matched atoms
`\v` very magic: patterns almost like perl

Spell Checking

`:set spell spelllang=de_20`
 activate spellcheck
`]s [s` next, previous misspelled word
`zg zG` add good word (to internal word list)
`zug zuG` undo the addition of a word to the dictionary
`zw zW` mark bad word (to internal word list)
`z=` suggest corrections

Marks, Motions, and Tags

`mc` mark current position with mark *c* ∈ [*a..Z*]
`:marks` print the active marks list
`'c 'C` go to mark *c* in current, *C* in any file
`'0..9` go to last exit position

`'' '"` go to position before jump, at last edit
`'[']` go to start, end of previously operated text
`n^O` go to *n*th older position in jump list
`n^I` go to *n*th newer position in jump list
`] ^T` jump to the tag under cursor, return from tag
`:ts t` list matching tags and select one for jump
`:tj t` jump to tag or select one if multiple matches
`:tags` print tag list

Multiple Files / Buffers (↔)

`:tab ball` .. show buffer tablist
`:buffers` ... show list of buffers
`:on` make current window one on screen
`:new :vnew` . create new empty window (vert.)
`:bn` switch to buffer *n*
`:bnext :bprev :bfirst :blast`
 buffer movement
`:bdn` delete buffer *n* (also with filename)
`:badd f.txt` load file into new buffer
`:sbn` Split window and edit buffer *n* from the bufflist

Buffer Shortcuts

`:h ctrl-w`
`:bd *.ext ^A` Deletes all Buffers with Extension 'ext'
`^^` toggle between the current and the last window
`^wf gf` open file under cursor in new/current window
`^Ww ^W^W` move to window below, above (wrap)
`^Wj ^Wk` move to window below, above
`^Wt ^Wb` move to top/bottom window
`^Wc ^Wo` close current/all other window(s)

`^Ws ^Wv` split window in two (vert.)
`^Wx` swap open buffer windows
`^Wn+ ^Wn-` ... increase/decrease window size by *n* lines
`^Wn > ^Wn <` increase/decrease window width
`^W =` Make all windows equally high and wide
`^W n_` set window height to *n* (default: very high)
`^W n|` set current window width to *n*

Tab Management

`:tabs` list all tabs including their displayed windows
`:tabfirst` .. go to first tab
`:tablast` ... go to last tab
`:tabnew` open a new empty tab page
`:tabc` close current tab page
`:wqa :qa` ... (save and) quit all tabs
`:tabo` close all other tabs
`gt gT` go to next/previous Tab
`ngt` goto tab in position *n*

Advanced Scrolling

`n^Y n^E` Scroll window *n* lines up-/downwards
`^D ^U` scroll half a page up, down
`^F ^B` scroll page up, down
`zt zz zb` ... current line to top, center, bottom of win.
`zh zl` scroll one character to the right, left
`zH zL` scroll half a screen to the right, left

Completion

`^X^L` whole lines
`^X^N ^X^I` keywords in current file, plus included files
`^X^K ^X^N` keywords in dictionary, thesaurus

`^X`]` tags
`^X`F` file names
`^X`D` definitions or macros
`^X`V` vim command line
`^X`U` user defined completion
`^X`O` omni completion

Folding

`zfm` create fold of movement *m*
`:rfo` create fold for range *r*
`zd zE` delete fold at cursor, all in window
`zo zc zO zC` open, close one fold; recursively
`[z]z` move to start, end of current open fold
`zj zk` move down, up to start, end of next fold
`zm zM` fold more, close all folds
`zr zR` fold less, open all folds
`zn zN zi` ... fold non, fold normal, invert folding
`:set foldcolumn=n`
show foldcolumn *n*

Compiling

`:compiler c` set/show compiler plugins
`:make` run `makeprg`, jump to first error
`:cope` navigate errors from make
`:cn :cp` display the next, previous error
`:cl :cf` list all errors, read errors from file

Indentation

`:set fdm=indent`
indent-foldmethod
`n> n< =` ... indent/unindent *n* levels, reindent
`n>> n<< ..` indent/dedent *n* lines
`G=gg` auto (re)indent entire document

Vim Start-Options

`vimdiff f1 f2`
diff *file*₁ + *file*₂ using synchronized
split windows
`vim -o/-O f1 f2`
open *files* in horiz/vert split mode
`vim +n file .` open *file* at *n*th line (eof if *n* omitted)
`vim +/s file` open *file* and search for *string*

Most Common Digraphs

`:digraphs` *or* `:h digraph-table`
complete list of all digraphs
`^Kc1c2 or c1←c2`
enter digraph {*c*₁, *c*₂}

Plugin Commands

`:Buf0nly` ... Deletes all other Buffers

<https://github.com/emzap79/QRCS>

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