VIM QUICK REFERENCE CARD

Frequently used VIM commands – Version v1.5 July 2014 Vim cheatsheet based on the version by Michael Goerz

Movements

:viusage show a summary of all commands

Basic	Movements
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refer to helpsection:h motion.txt

h 1 k j character left, right; line up, down

b w word/token left, right

ge e end of word/token left, right

{ }..... beginning of previous, next paragraph

() beginning of previous, next sentence

[[]] go to previous, next function

[{]}..... beginning, end of current block

0 _ \$ beginning, first, last character of line

 $nG ngg \dots line n$, default the last, first

 $n \mid \dots \mid n$ of current line

% match of next brace, bracket, comment,

#define

- + line up, down on first non-blank char-

acter

B W space-separated word left, right

gE E end of space-separated word left, right

 $g0 gm \dots beginning, middle of screen line$

g^ g\$ first, last character of screen line

f
 c Fc $\,$ next, previous occurence of character
 c

tc Tc before next, previous occurence of c

Insertion & Replace \rightarrow insert mode

 $\mathtt{i} \ \mathtt{a} \ \ldots \ldots$ insert before, after cursor

I A insert at beginning, end of line

gi gI insert text on last edited line / first column

o $\ensuremath{\mathsf{0}}$ open a new line below, above the current line

 ${\tt r}c$ replace character under cursor with c

grc like r, but without affecting layout

R \ldots replace characters starting at the cursor

gR like R, but without affecting layout

sc.... substitute char. c under cursor

cm change text of movement command m

cc or S change current line

 ${\tt C}$ change to the end of line

Insert/ Command Mode

 $vc vr vn \dots$ insert char c literally, decimal value n

^A insert previously inserted text

 ${\bf \hat{Q}}$ same as ${\bf \hat{A}}$ and stop insert ightarrow command mode

 $Rx Rx Rx \dots$ insert content of register x, literally

^R^W..... content under cursor to command mode

N P text completion before, after cursor

`W delete word before cursor

U delete to start of current line

 ${\bf \hat{D}}$ ${\bf \hat{T}}$ shift left, right one shift width

 ${\bf \hat{0}}c$ execute c in temporary command mode

 $^{\hat{}}X^{\hat{}}E ^{\hat{}}X^{\hat{}}Y \dots$ scroll up, down

 $\langle \operatorname{esc} \rangle$ or ^] ... abandon edition \to command mode

Copying, Deleting to Registers

Deletion

 ${\tt x}\ {\tt X}\ \dots \dots$ delete character under, before cursor

 $\mathtt{d} m$ delete text of movement command m

dd D delete current line, to the end of line

dgn delete the next search pattern match

 $: rd : rdx \dots$ delete range r lines, into register x

u U undo last command, restore last changed line

Copying

"x use register x for next delete, yank, put

ym yank the text of movement command

yy or Y yank current line into register

p P put register after, before cursor position

]p [p like p, P with indent adjusted

gp gP like p, P leaving cursor after new text

Registers

. ^R repeat last changes, redo last undo

:reg :reg x show the content of all, specific register

n. repeat last changes with count replaced

qc qC record, append typed characters in register c

q stop recording

 $qxq \dots empty register x$

 \Rightarrow delete lines with pattern c into Register x and copy to clipboard afterwards: :g/c/d x | let @+ = @x

@c execute the content of register c

@@ repeat previous @ command

 $: \mathbf{0}c \ldots \mathbf{E}x$ execute register c as an Ex command

q: 0: list all, repeat previous Ex command(s)

Visual Mode & Advanced Operations

Visual Mode

:h object-select

v V ^V start/stop highlighting characters, lines,

o exchange cursor position with start of highlighting

gv start highlighting on previous visual area

aw as ap ... select a word, a sentence, a paragraph

ab aB select a block (), a block { }	$:rs x \dots rep$	beat substitution with new $r \& x$	/@>	(?>pattern)
g^G Count words, character lines and bytes of selection	$:rg/p/c :rv/p/c$ execute $Ex \ c$ on range r where p matches, not matches $:rg/p/-1j$ join all lines in r containing pattern p		_^ _\$	start-of-line/end-of-line, anywher in pattern
Join lines / change cases			\	any single char, including end- of-line
J gJ join current line with next, without space		with prevline		set start/end of pattern
$\tilde{g}m$ switch case and advance cursor, on move-	rg/o/s/q/y/g for every line in r containing o , substi-		\%^ \%\$	match start/end of file
ment m gu m gU m switch case, lc, uc on movement m		te p with q	\V	match inside visual area
	:' a ,' b g/ o / j . join any line containing the string o to	\'m	match with position of mark m	
guu gUU lower-/uppercase line	its subsequent line, if it lies between		\%(\)	unnamed grouping
Advanced Scrolling	tne	the a and b marks	_[]	collection with end-of-line include
n^{γ} n^{γ} n^{γ} Scroll window n lines up-/downwards	Patterns (differences to Perl) refer to :h pattern and :h zero-width		\%[]	sequence of optionally matched atoms
^D ^U scroll half a page up, down	\< \>	start, end of word	$\setminus v$	very magic: patterns almost like
F B scroll page up, down	\i \k \I \K	an identifier, keyword; excldigits		perl
zt zz zb current line to top, center, bottom of win.	\f \p \F \P	a file name, printable char.; excldigits	Substitute Flags	
zh zl scroll one character to the right, left	\e \t \r \b	$\langle \operatorname{esc} \rangle, \langle \operatorname{tab} \rangle, \langle \longleftrightarrow \rangle, \langle \longleftrightarrow \rangle$	refer to :h :s_flags	
zH zL scroll half a screen to the right, left	\= * \+	match $01, 0\infty, 1\infty$ of preceding atoms	c	Confirm each substitution
Search & Substitute refer to :h search-commands and :h :sub, respectively	$\setminus \{n,m\}$	match n to m occurrences	e	do not issue error messages and continue as if no error occurred
	\{-}	non-greedy match	g	Replace all occurrences in the line
	\	separate two branches $(\equiv or)$	i I	Ignore, don't ignore case for the
Forward & Backward Searches	\(\)	group patterns into an atom		pattern (overwrite 'ignorecase' and 'smartcase' options)
$/s \leftarrow ?s \leftarrow \dots$ search forward, backward for s $/s/o \leftarrow ?s?o \leftarrow$	\& \1	the whole matched pattern, 1^{st} () group	р#	Print the line containing the last substitute, prepend line number
search fwd, bwd for s with offset o n $_{or}$ / \hookleftarrow repeat forward last search	contain 1	the following pattern finds all lines that contain both "red" and "blue", in any or-		
N or ?← repeat backward last search	\u \l	upper, lowercase character	&	must be the first one: keep flags
# * search backward, forward for word under cursor	\c \C	ignore, match case on next pattern	\Rightarrow Repeat last	from the previous substitute t search or substitution with
g# g* same, but also find partial matches	\%x	match hex character	same subst	itute string: :&r (same as
$\begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} \beg$	\@= \@!	<pre>char(?=pattern) char(?!pattern)</pre>	:s//c or :~)	
	\@<= \@ </td <td>(?=pattern)char (?!pattern)char</td> <td>n</td> <td>Report the number of matches, do not actually substitute. (The</td>	(?=pattern)char (?!pattern)char	n	Report the number of matches, do not actually substitute. (The
Substitutions substitutions work like :s/p/q/flag - for appending flags like a c letc see subsection below!		use the special atom \@<= to as- atch before; use =.* to make it	[c] flag is ignored.)	

Ex Commands (\leftarrow)

anywhere before in that line:

:%s/\(=.*\)\@<=pattern/saturn/g

flags like g, c, l etc, see subsection below!

:rs/p/q/g ... substitute all p by q in range r

refer to :help holy-grail for list of all ${\it Ex}$ commands		
Reading from & writing to files		
: e f edit file f , reload current file if no f		

:e f edit file f, reload current file if no f
:rw f write range r to file f (this file if no f)
:rw >> f append range r to file f
:q :q! quit and confirm, quit and discard changes
:wq or :x or ZZ
write to current file and exit

Filter Lines

 $!mc \hookleftarrow \ldots$ filter lines of movement m through command c $n!!c \hookleftarrow \ldots$ filter n lines through command c $:r!c \ldots$ filter range r lines through command c

Insert or Move Content

Misc :exe Commands

Ex Ranges

both , and ; seperate line numbers. They differ in interpretation though (see also :h cmdline-ranges).

cursor position interpreted from current line (this line)

;	the cursor position will be set to that line before interpreting the next line specifier (that line)
n	an absolute line number n
. \$	the current, last line in file
% *	entire file, visual area
\dot{t}	position of mark t
$/p/\ ?p?$	the next, previous line where p matches
-n + n	preceding/appending line number

Compiling

:compiler c set/show compiler plugins
:make run makeprg, jump to first error
:cope navigate errors from make
:cn :cp display the next, previous error
:cl :cf list all errors, read errors from file

Standard Mode Formatting/ Filtering

set indent-foldmethod by :set fdm=indent

leave out m for visual mode commands

Indentation

 $\begin{array}{lll} < m &> m & ... \text{ shift left, right text of movement } m \\ n > n < &= & ... \text{ indent/unindent } n \text{ levels, reindent} \\ n < < n > & ... \text{ shift } n \text{ lines left, right} \\ \text{G=gg} \ldots \ldots & \text{auto (re)indent entire document} \end{array}$

Alignment

gqm gqgq ... format movement m/current paragraph
:rce w center lines in range r to width w
:rri w rightalign lines in range r to width w
:rle i left align lines in range with indent i

Folds

zfm create fold of movement m

:rfo create fold for range r
${\tt zd} {\tt zE} \ldots$ delete fold at cursor, all in window
zo zc zO zC open, close one fold; recursively
[z]z move to start, end of current open fold
zj zk move down, up to start, end of next fold
${\tt zm}\ {\tt zM}\ \ldots$ fold more, close all folds
zr zR fold less, open all folds
zn zN zi fold non, fold normal, invert folding
:set foldcolumn= n

Tags, marks & jumps

:tags print tag list, :marks print the active marks list

show foldcolumn n

Marks, Motions, and Tags

Jumps

print the jump list with : jumps

:ta ^[..... jump to tag (under cursor)

^O ^I jump to older/newer location btwbuffers

matches

 $ng; ng, \ldots$ go to n older/newer position in change list

,	jump back on last edited line
,,	toggle back/forward to previous/next position
Multiple Files	s, Buffers, Tabs (\leftarrow)
Generic Buffer	Commands
	show buffers as tablist
:buffers	show list of buffers
:on	make current window one on screen
:new :vnew .	create new empty window (vert.)
:bn :bn :bp :bf	switch to buffer n :bl
-	buffer movement next, prev, first, last
:bd n	delete buffer n (also with filename)
:badd f.txt	load file into new buffer
:sb <i>n</i>	Split window and edit buffer n from the bufflist
Buffer Shortcut :h ctrl-w	<u>s</u>
:bd *.ext ^A	Deletes all Buffers with Extension 'ext'
^~	toggle between the current and the last window
`Wf gf	open file under cursor in new/current window
$^{}\text{Ww} \ ^{}\text{W}^{} \ \dots .$	move to window below, above (wrap)
^Wj ^Wk	move to window below, above
^Wt ^Wb	move to top/bottom window
^Wc ^Wo	close $\operatorname{current/all}$ other $\operatorname{window}(s)$
^Ws ^Wv	split window in two (vert.)
^Wx	swap open buffer windows
${\bf \hat{W}}n$ + ${\bf \hat{W}}n$	increase/decrease window size by n lines
$\mathbf{\hat{W}}n > \mathbf{\hat{W}}n <$	increase/decrease window width
^W =	Make all windows equally high and wide
${ m \hat{W}}$ n	set window height to n (default: very high)

$\hat{\ }$ W $n \ \ldots$ set current window width to n
Tab Management
:tabs list all tabs including their displayed windows
:tabfirst go to first tab
:tablast go to last tab
:tabnew open a new empty tab page
:tabc close current tab page
:wqa :qa (save and) quit all tabs
:tabo close all other tabs
gt gT go to next/previous Tab
ngt goto tab in position n
Miscellaneous
Spell Check
:set spell spelllang=de_20 activate spellcheck
]s [s next, previous misspelled word
$\verb"zg zG add good word (to internal word list)"$
${\tt zug} \ {\tt zuG}$ undo the addition of a word to the dictionary
${\tt zw} {\tt zW} \ldots \max {\tt mark} \ {\tt bad} \ {\tt word} \ ({\tt to} \ {\tt internal} \ {\tt word} \ {\tt list})$
z= suggest corrections
Completion
^X^L whole lines
$^X^N ^X^I$ keywords in current file, plus included files
$\mathbf{\hat{X}^K} \mathbf{\hat{X}^N}$ keywords in dictionary, the saurus
^X^] tags
$\mathbf{\hat{X}\hat{F}}$ file names
$\mathbf{\hat{X}}\mathbf{\hat{D}}$ definitions or macros
$\mathbf{\hat{X}^{\hat{V}}}$ vim command line
$\mathbf{\hat{X}^{\hat{U}}}$ user defined completion

^X^O..... omni completion

Vim Start-Options

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{vimdiff} \ f_1 \ f_2 \\ \qquad \qquad \text{diff} \ file_1 + file_2 \ \text{using synchronized} \\ \qquad \qquad \text{split windows} \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{cccc} {\tt vim} & {\tt -o/-O} & f_1 & f_2 \\ & {\tt open} & files \text{ in horiz/vert split mode} \end{array}$

 $vim + n \ file$. open file at nth line (eof if n omitted) $vim +/s \ file$ open file and search for string

vim -S name reload vim-session name

Special operations

Usefull (and not so usefull) operations which don't fit any other section:-)

K run keywordprg (manpage) on word under cursor

^A ^X..... increment/decrement number under cur-

 $^{\hat{}}$ L redraw screen

R = 5*5.... insert 25 into text

ga show ASCII value of character under cursor

gf open filename under cursor

 $\operatorname{\mathsf{^{ ilde{K}}}} c_1 c_2$ or $c_1 \leftarrow c_2$ enter digraph $\{c_1, c_2\}$

⇒ for a complete list of all digraphs enter: :digraphs or :h digraph-table

Helpsections

:h /zero-width

matches with 'zero-width' (@!) patterns

github.com/emzap79/QRCs

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This TeXfile is based on Gabriel B. Burcas © git-qrc.tex and has then been modified to my own requirements.