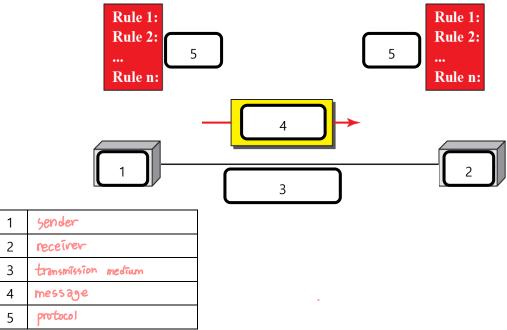
■ P1. What are the three most important network criteria?

- P2. Given the frequencies listed below, calculate the corresponding periods.
  - a. 60 Hz
- b. 2 MHz
- c. 1 KHz

$$a \cdot \frac{1}{60} S$$
  $b \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10^{-6} S$   $c \cdot 10^{-3} S$ 

$$= \frac{1}{2} p s = 1 ms$$

■ P3. The following picture shows the five components required for data communication. Look at the picture below and write the appropriate term for each number in the table.



■ P4. When we say we are doing "Data Communication", what are the essential components that must exist? (If you answer the number, it is considered incorrect)

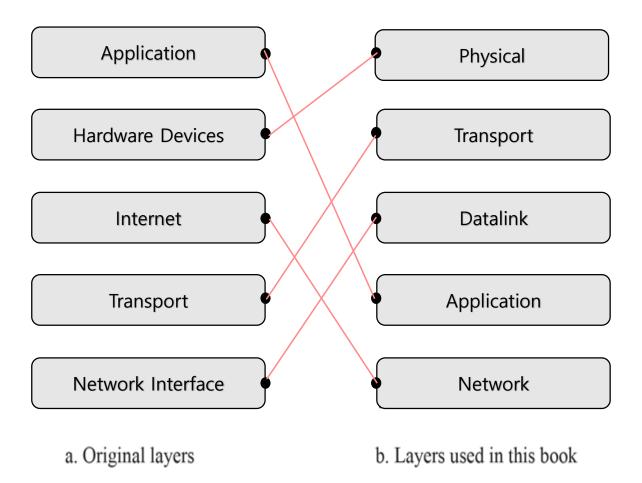
message, protocol

■ P5. Assume seven devices are arranged in a mesh topology. How many cables are needed? How many ports are needed for each device?

$$(7 \times 6 \div 2 = 2|)$$
 2| cables  
 $(7-1=6)$  6 ports

■ P6. List the layers responsible for each Switch and Router.

■ P7. Look at the picture below and draw a line so that the Original layer and Layers used in this book are connected correctly.

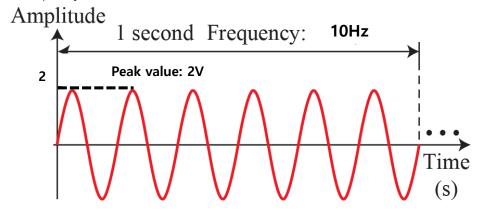


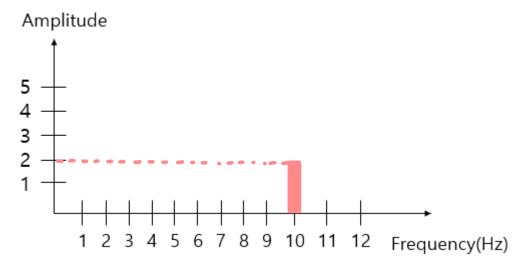
Layers in the TCP/IP protocol suite

■ P8. What are the layers in the OSI model that are not in the TCP/IP protocol? (Write it all down)

Presentation and Session

■ P9. The graph below expresses the signal in the time domain. Convert the signal below into frequency domain.





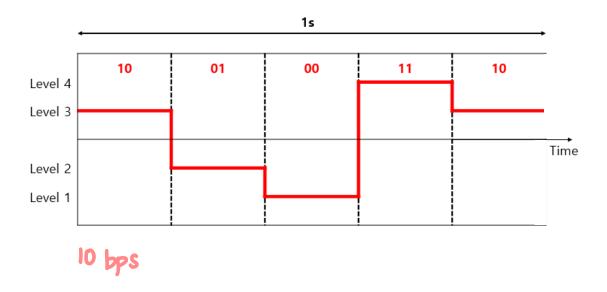
■ P10. A signal with 400 milliwatts power passes through 8 devices, each with an average noise of 5 microwatts. What is the SNR? What is the SNRdB?

$$SNR = (400,000 \text{ pW}/8) / 5 \text{ pW} = 10,000$$
  
 $SNR_{dB} = 10 \log_{10} 10^4 = 40$ 

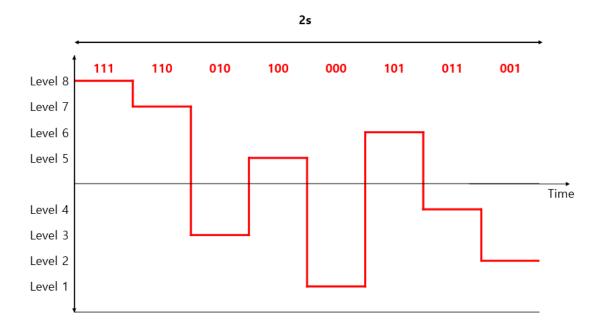
■ P11. A digital signal has sixteen levels. How many bits are needed per level?

P12 ~13. Look at the following digital signals and answer in bps.

■ P12.



■ P13.



$$8x3 \div 2 = /2$$
12 bps