

# Spread Spectrum FTG for VIA MVP4

#### **Features**

- Maximized EMI suppression using Cypress's Spread Spectrum technology
- Single-chip implementation
- Four copies of CPU output
- Six copies of PCI output
- One 48-MHz output for USB
- One 24-MHz output for SIO
- · Two buffered reference outputs
- Thirteen SDRAM outputs provide support for 3 DIMMs
- Supports frequencies up to 124 MHz
- I<sup>2</sup>C™ interface for programming
- Power management control inputs

## **Key Specifications**

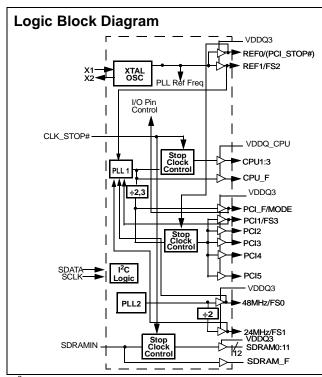
| CPU Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter:        | 250 ps        |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| CPU to CPU Output Skew:           | 300 ps        |
| CPU to PCI Output Skew:           | 1.5 to 4.0 ns |
| PCI to PCI Output Skew:           | 500 ps        |
| $V_{DDQ3} = V_{DDQ\_CPU} = \dots$ | 3.3V±5%       |
| SDRAMIN to SDRAM0:11 Delay:       | 4.7 ns typ.   |
| SDRAM0:11 (leads) to SDRAM_F Skew | 0.4 ns typ.   |
|                                   |               |

### Table 1. Mode Input Table

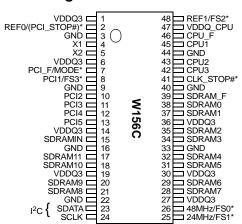
| Mode | Pin 3     |
|------|-----------|
| 0    | PCI_STOP# |
| 1    | REF0      |

**Table 2. Pin Selectable Frequency** 

| I   | Input Address |     | CPU, SDRAM | PCI_F, 1:5 |               |
|-----|---------------|-----|------------|------------|---------------|
| FS3 | FS2           | FS1 | FS0        | (MHz)      | (MHz)         |
| 1   | 1             | 1   | 1          | 60         | 30 (CPU/2)    |
| 1   | 1             | 1   | 0          | 66.8       | 33.4 (CPU/2)  |
| 1   | 1             | 0   | 1          | 70         | 35 (CPU/2)    |
| 1   | 1             | 0   | 0          | 75         | 25 (CPU/3)    |
| 1   | 0             | 1   | 1          | 97         | 32.3 (CPU/3)  |
| 1   | 0             | 1   | 0          | 83.3       | 27.7 (CPU/3)  |
| 1   | 0             | 0   | 1          | 95.25      | 31.75 (CPU/3) |
| 1   | 0             | 0   | 0          | 100        | 33.3 (CPU/3)  |
| 0   | 1             | 1   | 1          | 75         | 37.5 (CPU/2)  |
| 0   | 1             | 1   | 0          | 96.2       | 32.0 (CPU/3)  |
| 0   | 1             | 0   | 1          | 83.3       | 41.7 (CPU/2)  |
| 0   | 1             | 0   | 0          | 105        | 35 (CPU/3)    |
| 0   | 0             | 1   | 1          | 110        | 36.7 (CPU/3)  |
| 0   | 0             | 1   | 0          | 115        | 38.3 (CPU/3)  |
| 0   | 0             | 0   | 1          | 120        | 40 (CPU/3)    |
| 0   | 0             | 0   | 0          | 124        | 41.3 (CPU/3)  |



# Pin Configuration<sup>[1, 2]</sup>



#### Notes:

- Internal pull-up resistors of 250  $k\Omega$  to 3.3V present on inputs indicated
- Internal pull-up resistors should not be relied upon for setting I/O pins HIGH. Pin function with parentheses determined by MODE pin resistor strapping.

I<sup>2</sup>C is a trademark of Philips Corporation.



# **Pin Definitions**

| Pin Name             | Pin No.  | Pin<br>Type | Pin Description   |
|----------------------|--|-------------|---|
| CPU_F                | 46   | 0           | <b>Free-running CPU Clock:</b> Output voltage swing is controlled by the voltage applied to VDDQ_CPU. See <i>Tables 2</i> and 6 for detailed frequency information.   |
| CPU1:3               | 45,43,42   | 0           | CPU Clock Output 1 through 3: These CPU clock outputs are controlled by the CLK_STOP# control pin. Output voltage swing is controlled by voltage applied to VDDQ_CPU.   |
| PCI2:5               | 10, 11, 12, 13                                       | 0           | <b>PCI Clock Outputs 2 through 5:</b> These four PCI clock outputs are controlled by the PCI_STOP# control pin. Output voltage swing is controlled by voltage applied to VDDQ3.   |
| PCI1/FS3             | 8  | I/O         | <b>Fixed PCI Clock Output:</b> As an output, frequency is set by the FS0:3 inputs or through serial input interface, see <i>Tables 2</i> and <i>6</i> . This output is affected by the PCI_STOP# input. When an input, latches data selecting the frequency of the CPU and PCI outputs.   |
| PCI_F/MODE           | 7  | I/O         | <b>Fixed PCI Clock Output:</b> As an output, frequency is set by the FS0:3 inputs or through serial input interface, see <i>Tables 2</i> and <i>6</i> . This output is not affected by the PCI_STOP# input. When an input, sets function of pin 2.  |
| CLK_STOP#            | 41   | I           | <b>CLK_STOP# Input:</b> When brought LOW, affected clock outputs are stopped LOW after completing a full clock cycle (2–3 CPU clock latency). When brought HIGH, affected clock outputs start, beginning with a full clock cycle (2–3 CPU clock latency).   |
| 48MHz/FS0            | 26   | I/O         | <b>48-MHz Output:</b> 48 MHz is provided in normal operation. In standard systems, this output can be used as the reference for the Universal Serial Bus. Upon power-up FS0 input will be latched, which will set clock frequencies as described in <i>Table 2</i> .  |
| 24MHz/FS1            | 25   | I/O         | <b>24-MHz Output:</b> 24 MHz is provided in normal operation. In standard systems, this output can be used as the clock input for a Super I/O chip. Upon power-up FS1 input will be latched, which will set clock frequencies as described in <i>Table</i> 2.   |
| REF1/FS2             | 48   | I/O         | I/O Dual-Function REF0 and FS2 Pin: Upon power-up, FS2 input will be latched, which will set clock frequencies as described in Table 2. When an output, this pin provides a fixed clock signal equal in frequency to the reference signal provided at the X1/X2 pins.   |
| REF0/<br>(PCI_STOP#) | 2  | I/O         | Fixed 14.318-MHz Output 0 or PCI_STOP# Pin: Function determined by MODE pin. The PCI_STOP# input enables the PCI 1:5 outputs when HIGH and causes them to remain at logic 0 when LOW. The PCI_STOP signal is latched on the rising edge of PCI_F. Its effects take place on the next PCI_F clock cycle. When an output, this pin provides a fixed clock signal equal in frequency to the reference signal provided at the X1/X2 pins. |
| SDRAMIN              | 15   | I           | <b>Buffered Input Pin:</b> The signal provided to this input pin is buffered to 13 outputs (SDRAM0:11, SDRAM_F).  |
| SDRAM0:11            | 38, 37, 35, 34,<br>32, 31, 29, 28,<br>21, 20, 18, 17 | 0           | <b>Buffered Outputs:</b> These twelve dedicated outputs provide copies of the signal provided at the SDRAMIN input. The swing is set by VDDQ3, and they are deactivated when CLK_STOP# input is set LOW.  |
| SDRAM_F              | 39   | 0           | Free-running Buffered Output: This dedicated output provides a copy of the SDRAMIN input which is not affected by the CLK_STOP# input.  |
| SCLK                 | 24   | I           | Clock pin for I <sup>2</sup> C circuitry.   |
| SDATA                | 23   | I/O         | Data pin for I <sup>2</sup> C circuitry.  |
| X1                   | 4  | I           | <b>Crystal Connection or External Reference Frequency Input:</b> This pin has dual functions. It can be used as an external 14.318-MHz crystal connection or as an external reference frequency input.  |
| X2                   | 5  | I           | <b>Crystal Connection:</b> An input connection for an external 14.318-MHz crystal. If using an external reference, this pin must be left unconnected.   |
| VDDQ3                | 1, 6, 14, 19,<br>27, 30, 36                          | Р           | <b>Power Connection:</b> Power supply for core logic, PLL circuitry, SDRAM outputs, PCI outputs, reference outputs, 48-MHz output, and 24-MHz output. Connect to 3.3V supply  |
| VDDQ_CPU             | 47   | Р           | <b>Power Connection:</b> Power supply for CPU_F and CPU1:3 output buffers. Connect to 3.3V.   |
| GND                  | 3, 9, 16, 22,<br>33, 40, 44                          | G           | <b>Ground Connections:</b> Connect all ground pins to the common system ground plane.   |



#### Overview

The W156C was developed as a single-chip device to meet the clocking needs of VIA's MVP3 core logic chip set. In addition to the typical outputs for CPU, Super IO, and PCI, the W156C also provides 13 SDRAM clock outputs.

Cypress's proprietary spread spectrum frequency synthesis technique is a feature of the CPU and PCI outputs. When enabled, this feature reduces the peak EMI measurements of not only the output signals and their harmonics, but also of any other clock signals that are properly synchronized to them.

### **Functional Description**

### I/O Pin Operation

Pins 7, 8, 25, 26, and 48 are dual-purpose I/O pins. Upon power-up these pins act as logic inputs, allowing the determination of assigned device functions. A short time after power-up, the logic state of each pin is latched and the pins become clock outputs. This feature reduces device pin count by combining clock outputs with input select pins.

An external 10-k $\Omega$  "strapping" resistor is connected between the I/O pin and ground or V<sub>DD</sub>. Connection to ground sets a latch to "0," connection to V<sub>DD</sub> sets a latch to "1." *Figure 1* and *Figure 2* show two suggested methods for strapping resistor connections.

Upon W156C power-up, the first 2 ms of operation is used for input logic selection. During this period, the five I/O pins (7, 8, 25, 26, 48) are three-stated, allowing the output strapping resistor on the I/O pins to pull the pins and their associated capacitive clock load to either a logic HIGH or LOW state. At the end of the 2-ms period, the established logic "0" or "1" condition of the I/O pin is latched. Next the output buffer is enabled, converting the I/O pins into operating clock outputs. The 2-ms timer starts when  $V_{DD}$  reaches 2.0V. The input bits can only be reset by turning  $V_{DD}$  off and then back on again.

It should be noted that the strapping resistors have no significant effect on clock output signal integrity. The drive impedance of clock outputs is  ${<}40\Omega$  (nominal), which is minimally affected by the  $10\text{-}k\Omega$  strap to ground or  $V_{DD}.$  As with the series termination resistor, the output strapping resistor should be placed as close to the I/O pin as possible in order to keep the interconnecting trace short. The trace from the resistor to ground or  $V_{DD}$  should be kept less than two inches in length to minimize system noise coupling during input logic sampling.

When the clock outputs are enabled following the 2-ms input period, the corresponding specified output frequency is delivered on the pin, assuming that  $V_{DD}$  has stabilized. If  $V_{DD}$  has not yet reached full value, output frequency initially may be below target but will increase to target once  $V_{DD}$  voltage has stabilized. In either case, a short output clock cycle may be produced from the CPU clock outputs when the outputs are enabled.

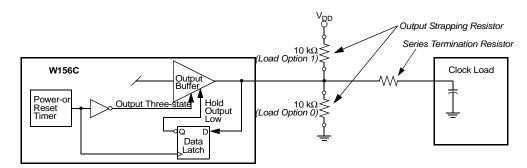


Figure 1. Input Logic Selection Through Resistor Load Option

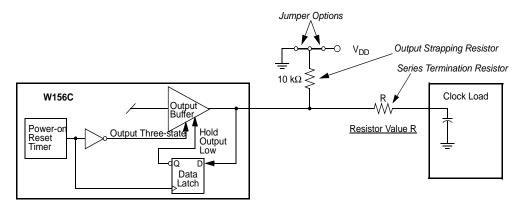


Figure 2. Input Logic Selection Through Jumper Option



### **Spread Spectrum Frequency Timing Generator**

The device generates a clock that is frequency modulated in order to increase the bandwidth that it occupies. By increasing the bandwidth of the fundamental and its harmonics, the amplitudes of the radiated electromagnetic emissions are reduced. This effect is depicted in *Figure 3*.

As shown in *Figure 3*, a harmonic of a modulated clock has a much lower amplitude than that of an unmodulated signal. The reduction in amplitude is dependent on the harmonic number and the frequency deviation or spread. The equation for the reduction is

dB = 6.5 + 9\*log10(P) + 9\*log10(F)

Where P is the percentage of deviation and F is the frequency in MHz where the reduction is measured.

The output clock is modulated with a waveform depicted in Figure 4. This waveform, as discussed in "Spread Spectrum Clock Generation for the Reduction of Radiated Emissions" by Bush, Fessler, and Hardin produces the maximum reduction in the amplitude of radiated electromagnetic emissions. The deviation selected for this chip is specified in Table 7. Figure 4 details the Cypress spreading pattern. Cypress does offer options with more spread and greater EMI reduction. Contact your local Sales representative for details on these devices.

Spread Spectrum clocking is activated or deactivated by selecting the appropriate values for bits 1–0 in data byte 0 of the I<sup>2</sup>C data stream. Refer to *Table 7* for more details.

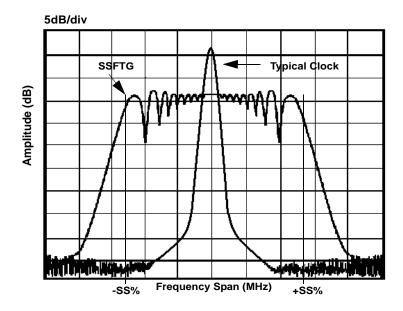


Figure 3. Clock Harmonic with and without SSCG Modulation Frequency Domain Representation

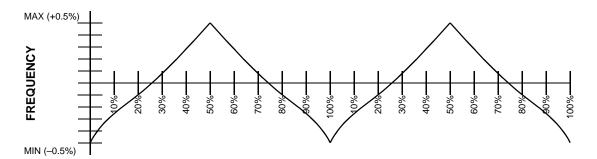


Figure 4. Typical Modulation Profile



### **Serial Data Interface**

The W156C features a two-pin, serial data interface that can be used to configure internal register settings that control particular device functions. Upon power-up, the W156C initializes with default register settings, therefore the use of this serial data interface is optional. The serial interface is write-only (to the clock chip) and is the dedicated function of device pins SDATA and SCLOCK. In motherboard applications, SDATA and SCLOCK are typically driven by two logic outputs of the

chipset. Clock device register changes are normally made upon system initialization, if any are required. The interface can also be used during system operation for power management functions. *Table 3* summarizes the control functions of the serial data interface.

### Operation

Data is written to the W156C in eleven bytes of eight bits each. Bytes are written in the order shown in *Table 4*.

Table 3. Serial Data Interface Control Functions Summary

| Control Function                 | Description  | Common Application   |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Clock Output Disable             | Any individual clock output(s) can be disabled. Disabled outputs are actively held LOW.                          | Unused outputs are disabled to reduce EMI and system power. Examples are clock outputs to unused PCI slots.  |
| CPU Clock Frequency<br>Selection | Provides CPU/PCI frequency selections through software. Frequency is changed in a smooth and controlled fashion. | For alternate microprocessors and power management options. Smooth frequency transition allows CPU frequency change under normal system operation. |
| Spread Spectrum<br>Enabling      | Enables or disables spread spectrum clocking.  | For EMI reduction.   |
| Output Three-state               | Puts clock output into a high-impedance state.   | Production PCB testing.  |
| (Reserved)                       | Reserved function for future device revision or production device testing.                                       | No user application. Register bit must be written as 0.  |

**Table 4. Byte Writing Sequence** 

| Byte<br>Sequence | Byte Name     | Bit Sequence     | Byte Description  |
|------------------|---------------|------------------|---|
| 1                | Slave Address | 11010010         | Commands the W156C to accept the bits in Data Bytes 0–6 for internal register configuration. Since other devices may exist on the same common serial data bus, it is necessary to have a specific slave address for each potential receiver. The slave receiver address for the W156C is 11010010. Register setting will not be made if the Slave Address is not correct (or is for an alternate slave receiver). |
| 2                | Command Code  | Don't Care       | Unused by the W156C, therefore bit values are ignored ("don't care"). This byte must be included in the data write sequence to maintain proper byte allocation. The Command Code Byte is part of the standard serial communication protocol and may be used when writing to another addressed slave receiver on the serial data bus.  |
| 3                | Byte Count    | Don't Care       | Unused by the W156C, therefore bit values are ignored ("don't care"). This byte must be included in the data write sequence to maintain proper byte allocation. The Byte Count Byte is part of the standard serial communication protocol and may be used when writing to another addressed slave receiver on the serial data bus.  |
| 4                | Data Byte 0   | Refer to Table 5 | The data bits in Data Bytes 0–7 set internal W156C registers that con-  |
| 5                | Data Byte 1   |                  | trol device operation. The data bits are only accepted when the Address Byte bit sequence is 11010010, as noted above. For description of bit   |
| 6                | Data Byte 2   |                  | control functions, refer to <i>Table 5</i> , Data Byte Serial Configuration Map.  |
| 7                | Data Byte 3   |                  |   |
| 8                | Data Byte 4   |                  |   |
| 9                | Data Byte 5   |                  |   |
| 10               | Data Byte 6   |                  |   |
| 11               | Data Byte 7   |                  |   |



### Writing Data Bytes

Each bit in Data Bytes 0–7 controls a particular device function except for the "reserved" bits, which must be written as a logic 0. Bits are written MSB (most significant bit) first, which is bit 7. *Table 5* gives the bit formats for registers located in Data Bytes 0–7.

Table 6 details additional frequency selections that are available through the serial data interface.

Table 7 details the select functions for Byte 0, bits 1 and 0.

Table 5. Data Bytes 0-7 Serial Configuration Map

|         | Affected Pin |          |  | Bit Co      | ontrol    |         |
|---------|--------------|----------|--|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Bit(s)  | Pin No.      | Pin Name | Control Function   | 0           | 1         | Default |
| Data By | te 0         |          | 1  | 1           |           |         |
| 7       |              |          | SEL_3  | See Table 6 |           | 0       |
| 6       |              |          | SEL_2  | See 7       | able 6    | 0       |
| 5       |              |          | SEL_1  | See 7       | able 6    | 0       |
| 4       |              |          | SEL_0  | See 7       | able 6    | 0       |
| 3       |              |          | Hardware/Software Frequency Select   | Hardware    | Software  | 0       |
| 2       |              |          | Reserved   |             |           | 0       |
| 1–0     |              |          | Bit 1 Bit 0 Function (See Table 7 0 Normal Operation 0 1 (Reserved) 1 0 Spread Spectrum On 1 All Outputs Three-state |             | <u>s)</u> | 00      |
| Data By | te 1         |          |  |             |           |         |
| 7       |              |          | (Reserved)   |             |           | 0       |
| 6       |              |          | (Reserved)   |             |           | 0       |
| 5       |              |          | (Reserved)   |             |           | 0       |
| 4       |              |          | (Reserved)   |             |           | 0       |
| 3       | 42           | CPU3     | Clock Output Disable   | Low         | Active    | 1       |
| 2       | 43           | CPU2     | Clock Output Disable   | Low         | Active    | 1       |
| 1       | 45           | CPU1     | Clock Output Disable   | Low         | Active    | 1       |
| 0       | 46           | CPU_F    | Clock Output Disable   | Low         | Active    | 1       |
| Data By | te 2         |          |  |             |           | •       |
| 7       |              |          | (Reserved)   |             |           | 0       |
| 6       | 7            | PCI_F    | Clock Output Disable   | Low         | Active    | 1       |
| 5       |              |          | (Reserved)   |             |           | 0       |
| 4       | 13           | PCI5     | Clock Output Disable   | Low         | Active    | 1       |
| 3       | 12           | PCI4     | Clock Output Disable   | Low         | Active    | 1       |
| 2       | 11           | PCI3     | Clock Output Disable   | Low         | Active    | 1       |
| 1       | 10           | PCI2     | Clock Output Disable   | Low         | Active    | 1       |
| 0       | 8            | PCI1     | Clock Output Disable   | Low         | Active    | 1       |
| Data By | te 3         |          |  |             |           |         |
| 7       |              |          | (Reserved)   |             |           | 0       |
| 6       |              |          | (Reserved)   |             |           | 0       |
| 5       | 26           | 48MHz    | Clock Output Disable   | Low         | Active    | 1       |
| 4       | 25           | 24MHz    | Clock Output Disable   | Low         | Active    | 1       |
| 3       | 39           | SDRAM_F  | Clock Output Disable   | Low         | Active    | 1       |



Table 5. Data Bytes 0-7 Serial Configuration Map (continued)

| Affected Pin |                   | ected Pin |                      | Bit C    | Bit Control |         |  |
|--------------|-------------------|-----------|----------------------|----------|-------------|---------|--|
| Bit(s)       |                   |           | Control Function     | 0        | 1           | Default |  |
| 2            | 21, 20,<br>18, 17 | SDRAM8:11 | Clock Output Disable | Low      | Active      | 1       |  |
| 1            | 32, 31,<br>29, 28 | SDRAM4:7  | Clock Output Disable | Low      | Active      | 1       |  |
| 0            | 38, 37,<br>35, 34 | SDRAM0:3  | Clock Output Disable | Low      | Active      | 1       |  |
| Data By      | rte 4             |           |                      | 1        | II.         |         |  |
| 7            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 6            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 5            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 4            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 3            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 2            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 1            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 0            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| Data By      | rte 5             |           |                      |          | I           |         |  |
| 7            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 6            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 5            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 4            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 3            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 2            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 1            | 48                | REF1      | Clock Output Disable | Low      | Active      | 1       |  |
| 0            | 2                 | REF0      | Clock Output Disable | Low      | Active      | 1       |  |
| Data By      | rte 6             | I         | 1                    | <b>-</b> | П           |         |  |
| 7            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 6            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 5            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 4            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 3            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 2            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 1            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 0            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| Data By      | rte 7             | I         | 1                    | <b>-</b> | Т           |         |  |
| 7            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 6            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 5            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 4            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 3            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 2            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 1            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |
| 0            |                   |           | (Reserved)           |          |             | 0       |  |



Table 6. Additional Frequency Selections through Serial Data Interface Data Bytes

|                | Input C        | Output F       | requency       |                            |                     |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
|                | Data Byte      | e 0, Bit 3 = 1 |                |                            |                     |
| Bit 7<br>SEL_3 | Bit 6<br>SEL_2 | Bit 5<br>SEL_1 | Bit 4<br>SEL_0 | CPU, SDRAM<br>Clocks (MHz) | PCI Clocks<br>(MHz) |
| 1              | 1              | 1              | 1              | 60                         | 30 (CPU/2)          |
| 1              | 1              | 1              | 0              | 66.8                       | 33.4 (CPU/2)        |
| 1              | 1              | 0              | 1              | 70                         | 35 (CPU/2)          |
| 1              | 1              | 0              | 0              | 75                         | 25 (CPU/3)          |
| 1              | 0              | 1              | 1              | 97                         | 32.3 (CPU/3)        |
| 1              | 0              | 1              | 0              | 83.3                       | 27.7 (CPU/3)        |
| 1              | 0              | 0              | 1              | 95.25                      | 31.75 (CPU/3)       |
| 1              | 0              | 0              | 0              | 100                        | 33.3 (CPU/3)        |
| 0              | 1              | 1              | 1              | 75                         | 37.5 (CPU/2)        |
| 0              | 1              | 1              | 0              | 96.2                       | 32.0 (CPU/3)        |
| 0              | 1              | 0              | 1              | 83.3                       | 41.7 (CPU/2)        |
| 0              | 1              | 0              | 0              | 105                        | 35 (CPU/3)          |
| 0              | 0              | 1              | 1              | 110                        | 36.7 (CPU/3)        |
| 0              | 0              | 1              | 0              | 115                        | 38.3 (CPU/3)        |
| 0              | 0              | 0              | 1              | 120                        | 40 (CPU/3)          |
| 0              | 0              | 0              | 0              | 124                        | 41.3 (CPU/3)        |

Table 7. Select Function for Data Byte 0, Bits 0:1

|                  | Input Co    | onditions | Output Conditions |        |            |        |        |  |
|------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|--------|------------|--------|--------|--|
|                  | Data Byte 0 |           | CPU_F,            | PCI_F, |            |        |        |  |
| Function         | Bit 1       | Bit 0     | CPU1              | PCI1:5 | REF0:1     | 48MHZ  | 24MHZ  |  |
| Normal Operation | 0           | 0         | Note 3            | Note 3 | 14.318 MHz | 48 MHz | 24 MHz |  |
| Spread Spectrum  | 1           | 0         | ±0.5%             | ±0.5%  | 14.318 MHz | 48 MHz | 24 MHz |  |
| Three-state      | 1           | 1         | Hi-Z              | Hi-Z   | Hi-Z       | Hi-Z   | Hi-Z   |  |

Note:

Document #: 38-07179 Rev. \*A

<sup>3.</sup> CPU and PCI frequency selections are listed in Table 2 and Table 6.



# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**<sup>[4]</sup>

Stresses greater than those listed in this table may cause permanent damage to the device. These represent a stress rating only. Operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those specified in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Maximum conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

| Parameter                         | Description                            | Rating       | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|--|--------------|------|
| V <sub>DD</sub> , V <sub>IN</sub> | Voltage on any pin with respect to GND | -0.5 to +7.0 | V    |
| T <sub>STG</sub>                  | Storage Temperature                    | -65 to +150  | °C   |
| T <sub>B</sub>                    | Ambient Temperature under Bias         | −55 to +125  | °C   |
| T <sub>A</sub>                    | Operating Temperature                  | 0 to +70     | °C   |
| ESD <sub>PROT</sub>               | Input ESD Protection                   | 2 (min)      | kV   |

# **DC Electrical Characteristics:** $T_A = 0$ °C to +70°C; $V_{DDQ3} = V_{DDQ CPU} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$

| Parameter       | Descr                             | iption        | Test Condition   | Min.      | Тур. | Max.                    | Unit |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|-----------|------|-------------------------|------|
| Supply Cur      | rent                              |               |  | l         | I    |                         |      |
| I <sub>DD</sub> | 3.3V Supply Current               |               | CPU_F: CPU1 = 100 MHz<br>Outputs Loaded <sup>[5]</sup> |           | 370  | 420                     | mA   |
| Logic Input     | s                                 |               | •  |           |      |                         |      |
| V <sub>IL</sub> | Input Low Voltage                 |               |  | GND - 0.3 |      | 0.8                     | V    |
| V <sub>IH</sub> | Input High Voltage                |               |  | 2.0       |      | V <sub>DDQ3</sub> + 0.3 | V    |
| I <sub>IL</sub> | Input Low Current <sup>[6]</sup>  |               |  |           |      | -25                     | μΑ   |
| I <sub>IH</sub> | Input High Current <sup>[6]</sup> |               |  |           |      | 10                      | μΑ   |
| I <sub>IL</sub> | Input Low Current (SI             | EL100/66#)    |  |           |      | <b>-</b> 5              | μΑ   |
| I <sub>IH</sub> | Input High Current (S             | EL100/66#)    |  |           |      | +5                      | μΑ   |
| Clock Outp      | uts                               |               |  |           | ı    |                         |      |
| V <sub>OL</sub> | Output Low Voltage                |               | I <sub>OL</sub> = 1 mA                                 |           |      | 50                      | mV   |
| V <sub>OH</sub> | Output High Voltage               |               | I <sub>OH</sub> = 1 mA                                 | 3.1       |      |                         | V    |
| V <sub>OH</sub> | Output High Voltage               | CPU_F, CPU1:3 | I <sub>OH</sub> = -1 mA                                | 2.2       |      |                         | V    |
| I <sub>OL</sub> | Output Low Current                | CPU_F, CPU1:3 | V <sub>OL</sub> = 1.5V                                 | 27        | 57   | 97                      | mΑ   |
|                 |                                   | PCI_F, PCI1:5 | V <sub>OL</sub> = 1.5V                                 | 20.5      | 53   | 139                     | mA   |
|                 |                                   | REF0:1        | V <sub>OL</sub> = 1.5V                                 | 25        | 37   | 76                      | mΑ   |
|                 |                                   | 48-MHz        | V <sub>OL</sub> = 1.5V                                 | 25        | 37   | 76                      | mΑ   |
|                 |                                   | 24-MHz        | V <sub>OL</sub> = 1.5V                                 | 25        | 37   | 76                      | mΑ   |
| I <sub>OH</sub> | Output High Current               | CPU_F, CPU1:3 | V <sub>OH</sub> = 1.5V                                 | 25        | 55   | 97                      | mA   |
|                 |                                   | PCI_F, PCI1:5 | V <sub>OH</sub> = 1.5V                                 | 31        | 55   | 139                     | mA   |
|                 |                                   | REF0:1        | V <sub>OH</sub> = 1.5V                                 | 27        | 44   | 94                      | mA   |
|                 |                                   | 48-MHz        | V <sub>OH</sub> = 1.5V                                 | 27        | 44   | 94                      | mA   |
|                 |                                   | 24-MHz        | V <sub>OH</sub> = 1.5V                                 | 25        | 37   | 76                      | mA   |

#### Notes:

- Multiple Supplies: The voltage on any input or I/O pin cannot exceed the power pin during power-up. Power supply sequencing is NOT required. All clock outputs loaded with 6"  $60\Omega$  traces with 22-pF capacitors. W156C logic inputs (except FS3) have internal pull-up devices (pull-ups not full CMOS level). Logic input FS3 has an internal pull-down device.



# **DC Electrical Characteristics:** (continued) $T_A = 0$ °C to +70°C; $V_{DDQ3} = V_{DDQ\_CPU} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$

| Parameter          | Description  | Test Condition     | Min. | Тур. Мах |   | Unit |
|--------------------|--|--------------------|------|----------|---|------|
| Crystal Osc        | illator  | ·                  | •    |          |   | II.  |
| V <sub>TH</sub>    | X1 Input threshold Voltage <sup>[7]</sup>                    | $V_{DDQ3} = 3.3V$  |      | 1.65     |   | V    |
| C <sub>LOAD</sub>  | Load Capacitance, Imposed on External Crystal <sup>[8]</sup> |                    |      | 14       |   | pF   |
| C <sub>IN,X1</sub> | X1 Input Capacitance <sup>[9]</sup>                          | Pin X2 unconnected |      | 28       |   | pF   |
| Pin Capacit        | ance/Inductance  | <u>.</u>           |      |          |   |      |
| C <sub>IN</sub>    | Input Pin Capacitance  | Except X1 and X2   |      |          | 5 | pF   |
| C <sub>OUT</sub>   | Output Pin Capacitance                                       |                    |      |          | 6 | pF   |
| L <sub>IN</sub>    | Input Pin Inductance   |                    |      |          | 7 | nΗ   |

#### Notes:

- 7. X1 input threshold voltage (typical) is  $V_{DDQ3}/2$ .
- The W156C contains an internal crystal load capacitor between pin X1 and ground and another between pin X2 and ground. Total load placed on crystal is 14 pF; this includes typical stray capacitance of short PCB traces to crystal.

  X1 input capacitance is applicable when driving X1 with an external clock source (X2 is left unconnected).

### **AC Electrical Characteristics**

## $T_A = 0$ °C to +70°C; $V_{DDQ3} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ ; $V_{DDQ2} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ ; $f_{XTL} = 14.31818$ MHz

AC clock parameters are tested and guaranteed over stated operating conditions using the stated lump capacitive load at the clock output; Spread Spectrum clocking is disabled.

### CPU Clock Outputs, CPU\_F, CPU1 (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 20 pF)

|                       |  |   | CPU                                   | = 66.6 | MHz  | CPU  | = 100 | MHz  |      |
|-----------------------|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------|------|------|-------|------|------|
| Parameter Description |  | Test Condition/Comments   | Min.                                  | Тур.   | Max. | Min. | Тур.  | Max. | Unit |
| t <sub>P</sub>        | Period   | Measured on rising edge at 1.5  | 15                                    |        | 15.5 | 10   |       | 10.5 | ns   |
| t <sub>H</sub>        | High Time  | Duration of clock cycle above 2.0V  | 5.2                                   |        |      | 3.0  |       |      | ns   |
| t <sub>L</sub>        | Low Time   | Duration of clock cycle below 0.4V  | 5.0                                   |        |      | 2.8  |       |      | ns   |
| t <sub>R</sub>        | Output Rise Edge Rate                              | Measured from 0.4V to 2.0V  | 1                                     |        | 4    | 1    |       | 4    | V/ns |
| t <sub>F</sub>        | Output Fall Edge Rate                              | Measured from 2.0V to 0.4V  | 1                                     |        | 4    | 1    |       | 4    | V/ns |
| t <sub>D</sub>        | Duty Cycle   | Measured on rising and falling edge at 1.5V 45  |                                       | 55     | 45   |      | 55    | %    |      |
| t <sub>JC</sub>       | Jitter, Cycle-to-Cycle                             | Measured on rising edge at 1.5V. Maximum difference of cycle time between two adjacent cycles.                      | imum difference of cycle time between |        | 250  |      |       | 250  | ps   |
| t <sub>SK</sub>       | Output Skew  | Measured on rising edge at 1.5V   |                                       |        | 300  |      |       | 300  | ps   |
| f <sub>ST</sub>       | Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start) | Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization. |                                       | 3      | ms   |      |       |      |      |
| Z <sub>o</sub>        | AC Output Impedance                                | Average value during switching transition. Used for determining series termination value.                           |                                       |        | 20   |      | Ω     |      |      |

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# PCI Clock Outputs, PCI\_F and PCI1:5 (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 30 pF)

| Parameter       | Description  | Test Condition/Comments   | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|--|---|------|------|------|------|
| t <sub>P</sub>  | Period   | Measured on rising edge at 1.5V   | 30   |      |      | ns   |
| t <sub>H</sub>  | High Time  | Duration of clock cycle above 2.4V  | 12.0 |      |      | ns   |
| t <sub>L</sub>  | Low Time   | Duration of clock cycle below 0.4V  | 12.0 |      |      | ns   |
| t <sub>R</sub>  | Output Rise Edge Rate                              | Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V  | 1    |      | 4    | V/ns |
| t <sub>F</sub>  | Output Fall Edge Rate                              | Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V  | 1    |      | 4    | V/ns |
| t <sub>D</sub>  | Duty Cycle   | Measured on rising and falling edge at 1.5V   | 55   | %    |      |      |
| t <sub>JC</sub> | Jitter, Cycle-to-Cycle                             | Measured on rising edge at 1.5V. Maximum difference of cycle time between two adjacent cycles.                      |      |      | 250  | ps   |
| t <sub>SK</sub> | Output Skew  | Measured on rising edge at 1.5V   |      |      | 500  | ps   |
| t <sub>O</sub>  | CPU to PCI Clock Skew                              | Covers all CPU/PCI outputs. Measured on rising edge at 1.5V. CPU leads PCI output.                                  | 1.5  |      | 4    | ns   |
| f <sub>ST</sub> | Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start) | Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization. |      |      |      | ms   |
| Z <sub>o</sub>  | AC Output Impedance                                | Average value during switching transition. Used for determining series termination value.                           |      | 30   |      | Ω    |

# REF0:1 Clock Outputs (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 20 pF)

| Parameter       | Description  | Test Condition/Comments   | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|--|---|------|------|------|------|
| f               | Frequency, Actual                                  | Frequency generated by crystal oscillator 14.318  |      |      |      | MHz  |
| t <sub>R</sub>  | Output Rise Edge Rate                              | Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V  |      |      | 2    | V/ns |
| t <sub>F</sub>  | Output Fall Edge Rate                              | Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V  | 0.5  |      | 2    | V/ns |
| t <sub>D</sub>  | Duty Cycle   | Measured on rising and falling edge at 1.5V.  |      |      | 55   | %    |
| f <sub>ST</sub> | Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start) | Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization. |      |      | 3    | ms   |
| Z <sub>o</sub>  | AC Output Impedance                                | Average value during switching transition. Used for determining series termination value.                           |      | 40   |      | Ω    |

# 48-MHz Clock Output (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 20 pF = 66.6/100 MHz)

| Parameter       | Description  | Test Condition/Comments   | Min. | Тур.   | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|--|---|------|--------|------|------|
| f               | Frequency, Actual                                  | Determined by PLL divider ratio (see m/n below)   |      | 48.008 |      |      |
| f <sub>D</sub>  | Deviation from 48 MHz                              | (48.008 – 48)/48  |      | +167   |      | ppm  |
| m/n             | PLL Ratio  | 14.31818 MHz x 57/17 = 48.008 MHz) 57/17  |      |        |      |      |
| t <sub>R</sub>  | Output Rise Edge Rate                              | Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V  |      |        | 2    | V/ns |
| t <sub>F</sub>  | Output Fall Edge Rate                              | Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V  |      |        | 2    | V/ns |
| t <sub>D</sub>  | Duty Cycle   | Measured on rising and falling edge at 1.5V   | 45   |        | 55   | %    |
| f <sub>ST</sub> | Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start) | Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization. |      |        | 3    | ms   |
| Z <sub>o</sub>  | AC Output Impedance                                | Average value during switching transition. Used for determining series termination value.                           |      | 40     |      | Ω    |



# 24-MHz Clock Output (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 20 pF)

| Parameter       | Description  | Test Condition/Comments   | Min.  | Тур.   | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|--|---|-------|--------|------|------|
| f               | Frequency, Actual                                  | Determined by PLL divider ratio (see m/n below)   |       | 24.004 |      | MHz  |
| f <sub>D</sub>  | Deviation from 24 MHz                              | (24.004 – 24)/24  | +167  |        |      | ppm  |
| m/n             | PLL Ratio  | (14.31818 MHz x 57/34 = 24.004 MHz)   | 57/34 |        |      |      |
| t <sub>R</sub>  | Output Rise Edge Rate                              | Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V  |       |        | 2    | V/ns |
| t <sub>F</sub>  | Output Fall Edge Rate                              | Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V  |       |        | 2    | V/ns |
| t <sub>D</sub>  | Duty Cycle   | Measured on rising and falling edge at 1.5V   | 45    |        | 55   | %    |
| f <sub>ST</sub> | Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start) | Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization. |       |        | 3    | ms   |
| Z <sub>o</sub>  | AC Output Impedance                                | Average value during switching transition. Used for de-<br>ermining series termination value.                       |       | 40     |      | Ω    |

# **Ordering Information**

| Ordering Code | Package<br>Name | Package Type          |
|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| W156C         | Н               | 48-Pin SSOP (300-mil) |

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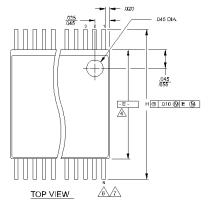
SEE DETAIL A

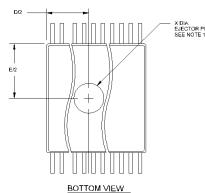
END VIEW

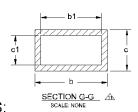


# **Package Diagram**

### 48-Pin Shrink Small Outline Package (SSOP, 300 mils)







# NOTES:

- MAXIMUM DIE THICKNESS ALLOWABLE IS .025.
- DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M 1982.

วิทธ

- © "N" IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINAL POSITIONS.

  ↑ TERMINAL POSITIONS ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY.

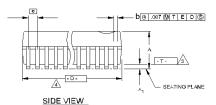
  ↑ FORMED LEADS SHALL BE PLANAR WITH RESPECT TO ONE ANOTHER WITHIN 003 INCHES AT SEATING PLANE.

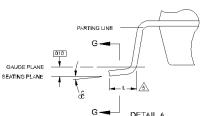
   CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCHES.

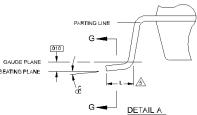
  10. COUNTRY OF ORIGIN LOCATION AND EJECTOR PIN ON PACKAGE BOTTOM IS OPTIONAL AND DEPENDS ON ASSEMBLY LOCATION.

  ↑ THESE DIMENSIONS APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD BETWEEN .005 INCHES AND .010 INCHES FROM THE LEAD TIPS.

  12. THIS PART IS COMPLIANT WITH JEDEC SPECIFICATION MO-118, VARIATIONS AA, AB, EXCEPT CHAMFER DIMENSION IN JEDEC SPECIFICATION FOR IN 10.015"/.025".







# Summary of nominal dimensions in inches:

Body Width: 0.296 Lead Pitch: 0.025 Body Length: 0.625 Body Height: 0.102

|                |      | COMMO          | V     |    | Т |  |
|----------------|------|----------------|-------|----|---|--|
| ">2m0"         | D    | Νп.            | Г     |    |   |  |
| 9              | MIN. | 11             | ı     |    |   |  |
| A              | .095 | .102           | .110  |    | Г |  |
| A,             | .008 | .012           | .016  |    |   |  |
| A.             | .088 | .090           | .092  |    | Г |  |
| ь              | .008 | .010           | .0135 |    |   |  |
| b              | .008 | .010           | .012  |    |   |  |
| С              | .005 | -              | .010  |    |   |  |
| C <sub>1</sub> | .005 | .006           | .0085 | 4  |   |  |
| ς<br>D<br>E    |      | SEE VARIATIONS |       |    |   |  |
| E              | .292 | .296           | .299  |    |   |  |
| e              |      | .025 BSC       |       |    |   |  |
| Н              | .400 | .406           | .410  |    |   |  |
| h              | .010 | .013           | .016  |    |   |  |
| L              | .024 | .032           | .040  |    |   |  |
| N              |      | VARIATION      |       | 6  |   |  |
| χ              | .085 | .093           | .100  | 10 |   |  |
| og             | 0°   | 5°             | 8°    |    |   |  |

NOM.

| S.     |       | COMMON    |       |     | NOTE   |           | 4        |            | 6   |
|--------|-------|-----------|-------|-----|--------|-----------|----------|------------|-----|
| M<br>B | D     | IMENSIOI  | NS .  | N a | VARI-  |           | D        |            | N   |
| 1 %    | MIN.  | NOM.      | MAX.  | 'E  | ATIONS | MIN.      | NOM.     | MAX.       |     |
| Α      | 2.41  | 2.59      | 2.79  |     | AA     | 15.75     | 15.88    | 16.00      | 48  |
| A,     | 0.20  | 0.31      | 0.41  |     | AB     | 18.29     | 18.42    | 18.54      | 56  |
| A,     | 2.24  | 2.29      | 2.34  |     |        |           |          |            |     |
| b      | 0.203 | 0.254     | 0.343 |     |        | T. 110 T. |          |            |     |
| b₁     | 0.203 | 0.254     | 0.305 |     |        | THIS TAI  | RE IN IN | ILLIIVIE I | ERS |
| С      | 0.127 | -         | 0.254 |     |        |           |          |            |     |
| Cı     | 0.127 | 0.152     | 0.216 |     |        |           |          |            |     |
| D      | SEE   | VARIATION | IS    | 4   |        |           |          |            |     |
| E      | 7.42  | 7.52      | 7.59  |     |        |           |          |            |     |
| е      |       | 0.635 BSC |       |     |        |           |          |            |     |
| H      | 10.16 | 10.31     | 10.41 |     |        |           |          |            |     |
| h      | 0.25  | 0.33      | 0.41  |     |        |           |          |            |     |
| L      | 0.61  | 0.81      | 1.02  |     |        |           |          |            |     |
| N      | SEE   | VARIATION | IS    | 6   |        |           |          |            |     |
| ď      | 2.16  | 2.36      | 2.54  | 10  |        |           |          |            |     |
| ď      | 0°    | 5°        | 8°    |     | 1      |           |          |            |     |
|        |       |           |       |     | ,      |           |          |            |     |



| Document Title: W156C Spread Spectrum FTG for VIA MVP4 Document Number: 38-07179 |        |                       |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--------|-----------------------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| REV.   Issue Date   Orig. of Change   Description of Change                      |        | Description of Change |     |  |  |  |  |  |
| **   | 110289 | 10/28/01              | SZV | Change from Spec number: 38-00867 to 38-07179            |  |  |  |  |
| *A   | 122819 | 12/22/02              | RBI | Add Power up Requirements to Maximum Ratings Information |  |  |  |  |

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