FORMULA SHEET

MATH 1060-004 Trigonometry

The following formulas will be provided on the Final Test.

Sum and Difference Formula

$$\sin(A + B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$$

$$\sin(A - B) = \sin A \cos B - \cos A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A + B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A - B) = \cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B$$

$$\tan(A + B) = \frac{\tan A + \tan B}{1 - \tan A \tan B}$$

$$\tan(A - B) = \frac{\tan A - \tan B}{1 + \tan A \tan B}$$

Double Angle Formula

$$\sin(2A) = 2\sin A \cos A$$

$$\cos(2A) = \cos^2 A - \sin^2 A$$

$$\cos(2A) = 2\cos^2 A - 1 = 1 - 2\sin^2 A$$

$$\tan(2A) = \frac{2\tan A}{1 - \tan^2 A}$$

Half Angle Formula

$$\sin(\frac{A}{2}) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(A)}{2}}$$
$$\cos(\frac{A}{2}) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos(A)}{2}}$$
$$\tan(\frac{A}{2}) = \frac{1 - \cos A}{\sin A} = \frac{\sin A}{1 + \cos A}$$

Product to Sum

$$\cos A \cos B = \frac{1}{2}(\cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B))$$
$$\sin A \sin B = \frac{1}{2}(\cos(A-B) - \cos(A+B))$$
$$\sin A \cos B = \frac{1}{2}(\sin(A+B) + \sin(A-B))$$

Sum to Product

$$\sin A \pm \sin B = 2\sin(\frac{A \pm B}{2})\cos(\frac{A \mp B}{2})$$
$$\cos A - \cos B = -2\sin(\frac{A + B}{2})\sin(\frac{A - B}{2})$$
$$\cos A + \cos B = 2\cos(\frac{A + B}{2})\cos(\frac{A - B}{2})$$

Area of a Triangle

Area =
$$\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C = \frac{1}{2}bc\sin A$$

= $\frac{1}{2}ac\sin B = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$
where $s = \frac{a+b+c}{2}$

Law of Sines

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

Law of Cosines

$$\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$$

$$\cos B = \frac{a^2 + c^2 - b^2}{2ac}$$

$$\cos C = \frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2ab}$$

Vectors

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{v}} \cdot \overrightarrow{\mathbf{u}}}{\|\overrightarrow{\mathbf{v}}\| \|\overrightarrow{\mathbf{u}}\|}$$

$$\operatorname{Proj}_{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{v}}} \overrightarrow{\mathbf{u}} = \frac{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{u}} \cdot \overrightarrow{\mathbf{v}}}{\|\overrightarrow{\mathbf{v}}\|^{2}} \overrightarrow{\mathbf{v}}$$

$$\operatorname{Work} = \overrightarrow{\mathbf{F}} \cdot \overrightarrow{\mathbf{disp}}$$