0.1 The continuous and discrete problem

Let $\alpha > 0$, $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ bounded polyhedral Lipschitz domain, and $f \in L^2(\Omega)$.

The continuous problem minimizes

$$E(v) := \frac{\alpha}{2} \|v\|_{L^{2}(\Omega)}^{2} + |v|_{BV(\Omega)} + \|v\|_{L^{1}(\partial\Omega)} - \int_{\Omega} f \, v \, dx \tag{0.1}$$

amongst all $v \in V := BV(\Omega) \cap L^2(\Omega)$ where the BVseminorm $|v|_{BV(\Omega)}$ is equal to the $W^{1,1}$ seminorm for any $v \in W^{1,1}(\Omega)$.

The nonconforming problem minimizes

$$E_{\rm NC}(v_{\rm CR}) := \frac{\alpha}{2} \|v_{\rm CR}\|_{L^2(\Omega)}^2 + |v_{\rm CR}|_{1,1,\rm NC} - \int_{\Omega} f \, v_{\rm CR} \, \mathrm{d}x \tag{0.2}$$

amongst all $v_{\text{CR}} \in \text{CR}_0^1(\mathcal{T})$ where $|\cdot|_{1,1,\text{NC}} := \|\nabla_{\text{NC}} \cdot\|_{L^1(\Omega)}$.

0.2 Refinement indicator and guaranteed lower energy bound

For some $n \in \mathbb{N}$ (here n=2) and $0 < \gamma \le 1$ define a refinement indicator $\eta := \sum_{T \in \mathcal{T}} \eta(T)$ with

$$\eta(T) := \underbrace{|T|^{2/n} \|f - \alpha u_{\text{CR}}\|_{L^{2}(T)}^{2}}_{=:\eta_{\text{Vol}}(T)} + \underbrace{|T|^{\gamma/n} \sum_{F \in \mathcal{F}(T)} \|[u_{\text{CR}}]_{F}\|_{L^{1}(F)}}_{=:\eta_{\text{Lumps}}(T)}$$
(0.3)

for any $T \in \mathcal{T}$.

For $f \in H_0^1(\Omega)$ and $u \in H_0^1(\Omega)$ $(u_{CR} \in CR_0^1(\Omega))$ continuous (discrete) minimizer with minimal energy E(u) $(E_{NC}(u_{CR}))$ it holds

$$E_{\rm NC}(u_{\rm CR}) + \frac{\alpha}{2} \|u - u_{\rm CR}\|_{L^2(\Omega)}^2 - \frac{\kappa_{\rm CR}}{\alpha} \|h_{\mathcal{T}}(f - \alpha u_{\rm CR})\|_{L^2(\Omega)} |f|_{1,2} \leqslant E(u)$$
 (0.4)

where $|\cdot|_{1,2} = \|\nabla \cdot\|_{L^2(\Omega)}$.

Hence, for GLEB := $E_{\text{NC}}(u_{\text{CR}}) - \frac{\kappa_{\text{CR}}}{\alpha} \|h_{\mathcal{T}}(f - \alpha u_{\text{CR}})\|_{L^2(\Omega)} |f|_{1,2}$, it holds $E_{\text{NC}}(u_{\text{CR}}) \geqslant \text{GLEB}$ and $E(u) \geqslant \text{GLEB}$.

0.3 Experiments

In the following sections the termination criterion for the algorithm was TODO $< \varepsilon = 10^{-4}$.

0.4 Examples with exact solution

0.4.1 Example 1

For $\beta = 1$ define f as a function of the radius as

$$f(r) := \begin{cases} \alpha - 12(2 - 9r) & \text{if } 0 \leqslant r \leqslant \frac{1}{6}, \\ \alpha(1 + (6r - 1)^{\beta}) - \frac{1}{r} & \text{if } \frac{1}{6} \leqslant r \leqslant \frac{1}{3}, \\ 2\alpha + 6\pi \sin(\pi(6r - 2)) - \frac{1}{r}\cos(\pi(6r - 2)) & \text{if } \frac{1}{3} \leqslant r \leqslant \frac{1}{2}, \\ 2\alpha(\frac{5}{2} - 3r)^{\beta} + \frac{1}{r} & \text{if } \frac{1}{2} \leqslant r \leqslant \frac{5}{6}, \\ -3\pi \sin(\pi(6r - 5)) + \frac{1 + \cos(\pi(6r - 5))}{2r} & \text{if } \frac{5}{6} \leqslant r \leqslant 1, \end{cases}$$
(0.5)

with exact solution

$$u(r) := \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } 0 \leqslant r \leqslant \frac{1}{6}, \\ 1 + (6r - 1)^{\beta} & \text{if } \frac{1}{6} \leqslant r \leqslant \frac{1}{3}, \\ 2 & \text{if } \frac{1}{3} \leqslant r \leqslant \frac{1}{2}, \\ 2(\frac{5}{2} - 3r)^{\beta} & \text{if } \frac{1}{2} \leqslant r \leqslant \frac{5}{6}, \\ 0 & \text{if } \frac{5}{6} \leqslant r \leqslant 1. \end{cases}$$
(0.6)

For $\alpha = 1$ the exact energy E(u) was computed before the experiment.

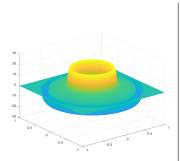


Figure 0.1: f for $\alpha = 1$

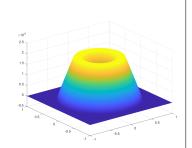


Figure 0.2: f for $\alpha = 10^4$

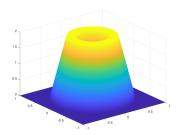


Figure 0.3: u

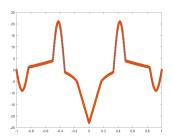


Figure 0.4: f along the axes for $\alpha = 1$

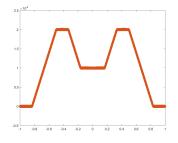


Figure 0.5: f along the axes for $\alpha = 10^4$

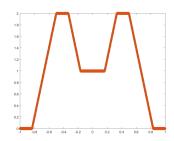


Figure 0.6: u along the axes

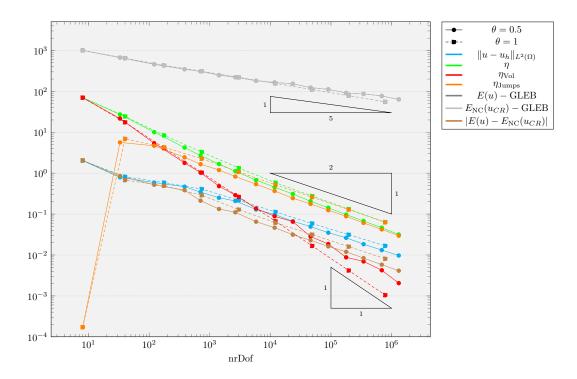


Figure 0.7: convergence history plot for $\alpha = 1$

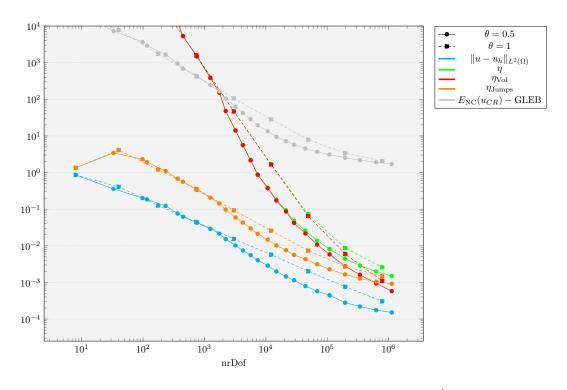


Figure 0.8: convergence history plot for $\alpha = 10^4$

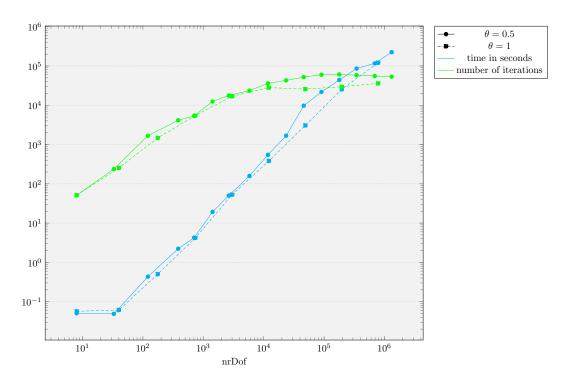


Figure 0.9: development of the number of iterations and the elapsed time for each iteration for $\alpha=1$

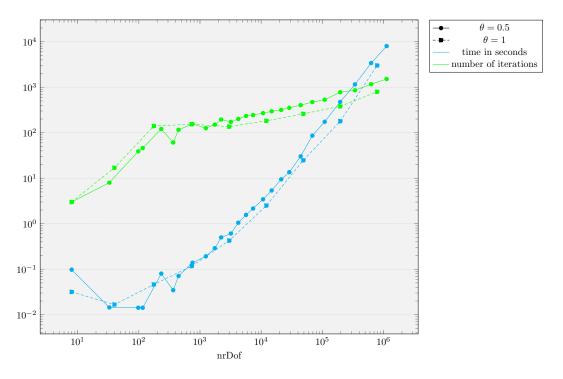


Figure 0.10: development of the number of iterations and the elapsed time for each iteration for $\alpha=10^4$

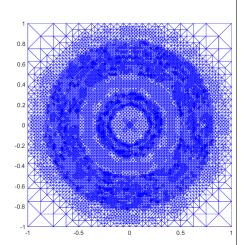


Figure 0.11: adaptive mesh for $\alpha=1$ and $\theta=0.5$ with 15393 nodes and 46016 degrees of freedom

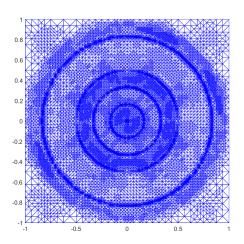


Figure 0.12: adaptive mesh for $\alpha=10^4$ and $\theta=0.5$ with 14808 nodes and 44157 degrees of freedom

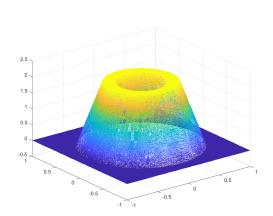


Figure 0.13: last iterate for $\alpha=1$ and $\theta=0.5$

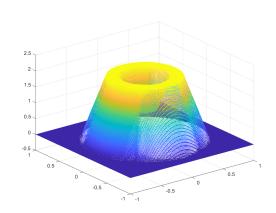


Figure 0.14: last iterate for $\alpha=1$ and $\theta=1$

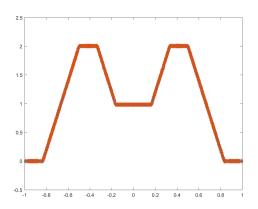


Figure 0.15: last $\ \, \text{iterate} \ \, \text{along} \ \, \text{the}$ axes for $\alpha=1$ and $\theta=0.5$

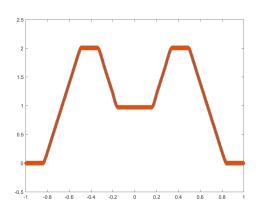


Figure 0.16: last iterate along the axes for $\alpha = 1$ and $\theta = 1$

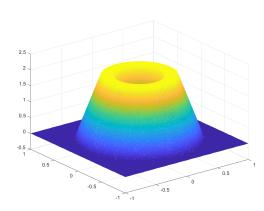


Figure 0.17: last iterate for $\alpha=10^4$ and $\theta=0.5$

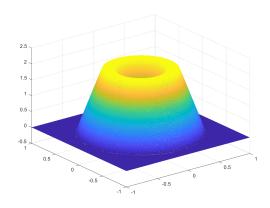


Figure 0.18: last iterate for $\alpha=10^4$ and $\theta=1$

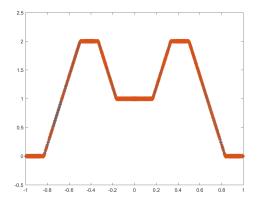


Figure 0.19: last iterate along the axes for $\alpha=10^4$ and $\theta=0.5$

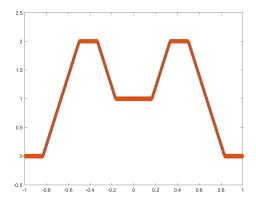


Figure 0.20: last $\ \, \text{iterate} \ \, \text{along} \ \, \text{the} \ \,$ axes for $\alpha = 10^4$ and $\theta = 1$

0.4.2 Example 2

0.5 Application to image

For $\alpha = 10000$ let f represent the grayscale of an image in $[0,1]^{256 \times 256}$ scaled to the domain $\Omega \in (0,1)^2$ as seen in fig. 0.21.



Figure 0.21: grayscale plot of the right-hand side f (view from above onto the x-y plane)

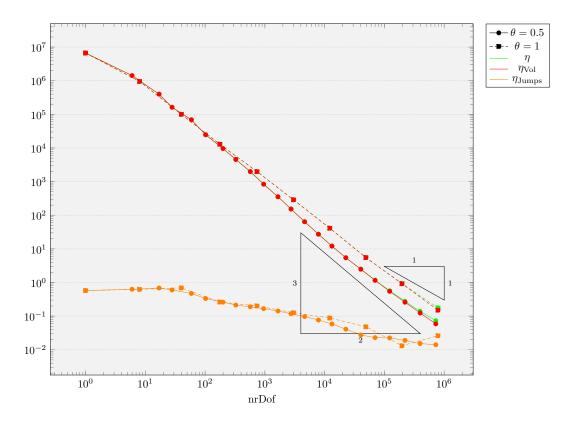


Figure 0.22: convergence history plot for $\eta,~\eta_{\rm Vol},$ and $\eta_{\rm Jumps}$

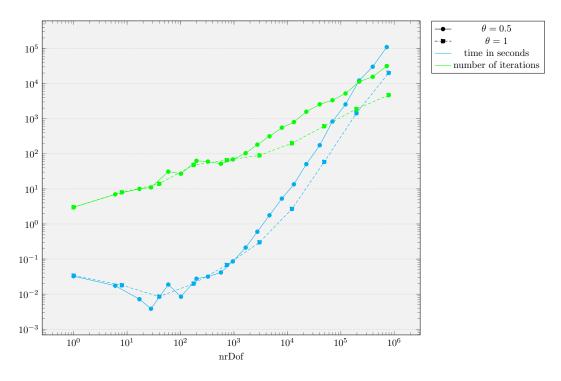


Figure 0.23: development of the number of iterations and the elapsed time for each iteration ${\bf r}$





Figure 0.24: grayscale plot of last iterate Figure 0.25: grayscale plot of last iterate for $\theta = 0.5$ for $\theta = 1$

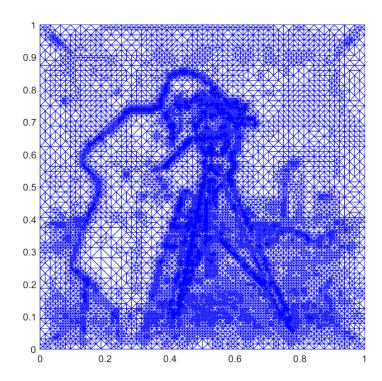


Figure 0.26: adaptive mesh for $\theta=0.5$ with 13555 nodes and 40300 degrees of freedom

0.6 Application to a function with discontinuity set

For $\alpha = 100$ define

$$f(x) := \begin{cases} 100 & \text{if } ||x||_{\infty} \leqslant \frac{1}{2}, \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$
 (0.7)

on $\Omega = (-1, 1)^2$.

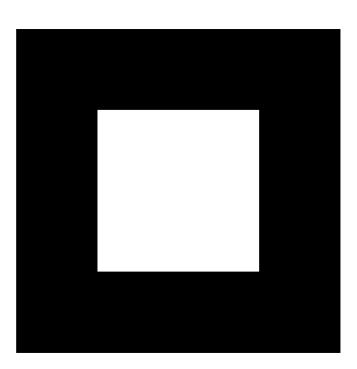


Figure 0.27: grayscale plot of the right-hand side f (view from above onto the x-y plane)

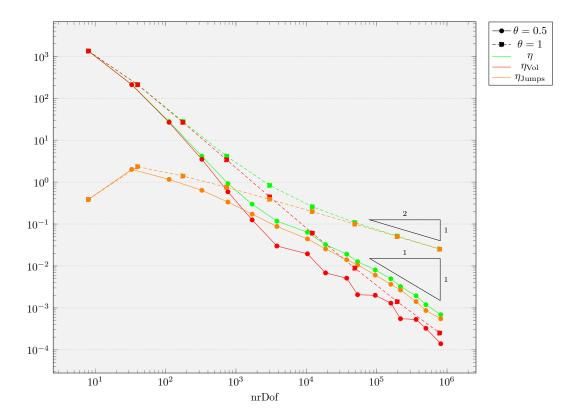


Figure 0.28: convergence history plot for $\eta,~\eta_{\rm Vol},$ and $\eta_{\rm Jumps}$

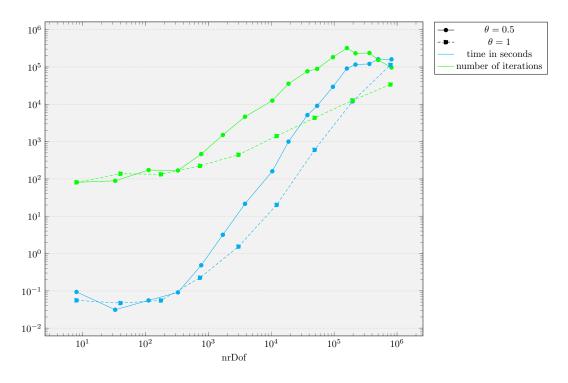
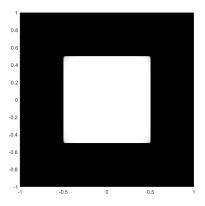


Figure 0.29: development of the number of iterations and the elapsed time for each iteration ${\bf r}$



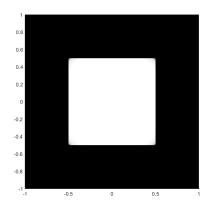


Figure 0.30: grayscale plot of last iterate Figure 0.31: grayscale plot of last iterate for $\theta=0.5$ for $\theta=1$

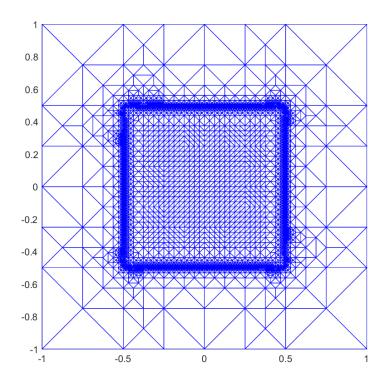


Figure 0.32: adaptive mesh for $\theta=0.5$ with 6278 nodes and 18783 degrees of freedom