REPORT ON PETITPURESCRIPT COMPILER PROJECT

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This memo summarises our project for the first part.

1. Compilation and usage

Compilation requires build tool dune of version 5.10.3. The simulator is implemented in OCaml version 5.1.0. The implementation was compiled and tested in Linux Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS through Window Subsystem for Linux. The source can be found on https://github.com/enbugging/CompilateursENS.

The source code is equipped with a Makefile, where command

- make builds the projects and results in an executable ppurs.exe available in the project's directory
- make tests builds the executable if necessary, and tests the compiler against the tests regarding syntactic analysis and typing analysis.
- make clean removes the build files and the executable.

The compiler has basic interface, of the form

./ppurs.exe [--parse-only] [--type-only] file.purs, with

- --parse-only: flag to print only the netlist after scheduling;
- --type-only: flag to specify nr, the number of cycles to be simulated;
- file.purs, the .purs file containing the source code in PetitPurescript. For further information, consult the documentation provided in ./doc, title sujet-v3.pdf.

2. Report

2.1. Syntactic analysis. The compiler supports PetitPurescript's syntax with indentation, and reports lexxing errors such as bad indentation, unexpected characters, unexpected line feed in gap, malformed strings and comments. The error messages are to follow the behaviours of PureScript as much as possible, whilst also following the error message format specified in the guideline.

Regarding the parsing error, however, the compile only reports the position of the error, and not the nature.

2.2. **Typing analysis.** Typing proved to be the most difficult and time-consuming part, which is why in order to create an operational compiler (at least on a non-zero part of the requested features) We preferred to move to code production despite the fact that it is not perfectly accomplished. Thus, even if it is only one test that it does not pass, it lacks some features such as checking that there are no two unifyable instances for example. The input point of the typing is the type_file function of the typer.ml file, it takes as input the syntax ast tree and returns a typed ast tree provided with the global environment obtained at the end of typing. In order to have a code as clean and organized as possible statements and expressions are typed by

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modules with corresponding names. Overall we tried to follow the subject as much as possible, whereby the functions have for the most part very explicit names. Error messages also comply with the subject. Finally, the environments are managed by lists and lists of associations and most of the questions with the environments uses the functions of the module gestionEnv, in addition to better segmenting the code it should allow us to replace the lists and the lists of associations by Maps and Sets which we did not do for lack of time.

2.3. Code production. We succeeded in compiling arithmetic expressions, do block, conditional, and function calls. We have been working on compiling let statements, but that proved to be difficult due to lack of time.

Initially we did not take into account the space for local variables, commonly denoted by fpcur when we compiled, so in order to compile function call, we considered the old value of rsp as an additional argument, and saved it in the stack. That means we had to increase the shifts from arguments to rbp, and unfortunately that also affects the calculation of fpcurs for let statements, and ultimately the let statements are compiled but produce incorrect results.

We have not been able to tackle constructors, i.e., data, nor class and instances, nor case. Some ideas were used at some point, such as adding hashes of types of arguments to distinguish different definitions of functions, but ultimately compiling pattern matching, which is necessary for the compilation of function definitions when there are many, requires significantly adding to the typing module.

We also had some difficulties compiling void functions, i.e. pure. We have scaffold of the assembly code, but the produced code has segmentation fault, which we suspect to be some stack alignment issues.