

**AP Calculus Homework Two – Limit and Continuity**  
 1.4 Other Basic Limits; 1.5 Asymptotes

1. Use the Sandwich Theorem and the fact that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (|x| + 1) = 1$  to prove that

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x^2 + 1) = 1.$$

2. Find limits.

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{5x^3 + 27}{20x^2 + 10x + 9}$$

$$(b) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^{-x}}{2^x}$$

$$(c) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{4x^2 + 3x \sin x}{x^2}$$

$$(d) \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos t}{t^{2/3}}$$

$$(e) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{2}{x}\right)^x$$

$$(f) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}}{\sqrt{x+1}}$$

$$(g) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left( \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}} - \sqrt{x} \right)$$

3. Find a value of  $k$  such that  $g(x)$  is continuous at  $x = 0$ .

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} \ln(x+k), & \text{if } 0 < x < 3 \\ \cos(kx), & \text{if } x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

4. Find all asymptotes for the graph of  $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 4}{2 + 7x - 4x^2}$ .

5. Find all vertical and horizontal asymptotes for the graph of  $h(x) = \frac{e^{-x}}{x}$ .

6. For what values of  $k$  will  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x-3}{x^2 - 6x + k}$  exist?

7. Show that  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 5}{x + 1}$  has a root between  $x = 2$  and  $x = 3$ .