

# Transactions and Isolation Levels in SQL Server – Demos

This file contains the source code for the demonstrations.

## Create Database Schema

```
USE master;
GO

CREATE DATABASE Sales;
GO

USE Sales;
GO

CREATE TABLE Employees(
    EmployeeID int primary key identity,
    Name nvarchar(50),
    Salary money
);
GO

INSERT INTO Employees(Name, Salary) VALUES ('Baj Ivan', 600);
INSERT INTO Employees(Name, Salary) VALUES ('Kaka Nadka', 1000);
INSERT INTO Employees(Name, Salary) VALUES ('Dyado Mraz', 2000);
INSERT INTO Employees(Name, Salary) VALUES ('Lelya Spaska', 1300);

CREATE TABLE Accounts(
    AccountID int primary key identity,
    Name nvarchar(50),
    Balance money
);
GO

INSERT INTO Accounts(Name, Balance) VALUES ('Bate Goiko', 500);
INSERT INTO Accounts(Name, Balance) VALUES ('Kaka Penka', 500);
```

## Dirty Reads

First Transaction	Second Transaction
<pre>SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL READ UNCOMMITTED  BEGIN TRAN  SELECT * FROM Employees  WAITFOR DELAY '00:00:10'  SELECT * FROM Employees  ROLLBACK</pre>	<pre>BEGIN TRAN  UPDATE Employees SET Salary = Salary * 1.2  WAITFOR DELAY '00:00:10'  ROLLBACK</pre>

## Unrepeatable Reads

First Transaction	Second Transaction
<pre>SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL READ COMMITTED  BEGIN TRAN  SELECT * FROM Employees  WAITFOR DELAY '00:00:10'  SELECT * FROM Employees  ROLLBACK</pre>	<pre>BEGIN TRAN  UPDATE Employees SET Salary = Salary * 1.2  COMMIT</pre>

## Lost Updates

First Transaction	Second Transaction
<pre>SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL READ COMMITTED  BEGIN TRAN  DECLARE @OldBalance money  SELECT @OldBalance = Balance FROM Accounts WHERE Name = 'Kaka Penka'  WAITFOR DELAY '00:00:10'  UPDATE Accounts SET Balance = @OldBalance - 100 WHERE Name = 'Kaka Penka'  UPDATE Accounts SET Balance = @OldBalance + 100 WHERE Name = 'Bate Goiko'  COMMIT TRAN  SELECT * FROM Accounts</pre>	<pre>BEGIN TRAN  DECLARE @OldBalance money  SELECT @OldBalance = Balance FROM Accounts WHERE Name = 'Kaka Penka'  UPDATE Accounts SET Balance = @OldBalance - 100 WHERE Name = 'Kaka Penka'  UPDATE Accounts SET Balance = @OldBalance + 100 WHERE Name = 'Bate Goiko'  COMMIT TRAN  SELECT * FROM Accounts</pre>

What will happen if we change the first transaction's isolation level to **REPEATABLE READ**?

## Phantom Reads

First Transaction	Second Transaction
<pre>SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL REPEATABLE READ  BEGIN TRAN  SELECT * FROM Employees</pre>	<pre>BEGIN TRAN  INSERT INTO Employees(Name, Salary) VALUES ('New Employee', 500);  COMMIT</pre>

WAITFOR DELAY '00:00:10'  SELECT * FROM Employees  ROLLBACK	
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## Serializable Isolation

First Transaction	Second Transaction
SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL SERIALIZABLE  BEGIN TRAN  SELECT * FROM Employees  WAITFOR DELAY '00:00:10'  SELECT * FROM Employees  ROLLBACK	BEGIN TRAN  UPDATE Employees SET Salary = Salary * 1.2  INSERT INTO Employees(Name, Salary) VALUES ('New Employee Again', 800);  COMMIT

## Snapshot Isolation

First Transaction	Second Transaction
ALTER DATABASE Sales SET ALLOW_SNAPSHOT_ISOLATION ON  SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL SNAPSHOT  BEGIN TRAN  SELECT * FROM Employees  WAITFOR DELAY '00:00:10'  SELECT * FROM Employees  ROLLBACK  SELECT * FROM Employees	BEGIN TRAN  UPDATE Employees SET Salary = Salary * 1.2  INSERT INTO Employees(Name, Salary) VALUES ('New Employee Snapshot', 800);  COMMIT