ONLINE AUTHORIZATION INTEGRATOR

Date: Jan 3, 2024

Version: 0.1

TABLE OF CONTENT

DOCUMENT CONTROL AND VERSIONING	
INTRODUCTION	
Use cases	
Document scope and intention	
OVERVIEW	
TERMINOLOGY	
ENTRY FLOW	
EXIT FLOW	
TECH OVERVIEW	
PREREQUISITE	
TECHNICAL STACKS	
BACKEND	10
FRONTEND	10
SSL/TLS	10
DEPLOYMENT	11
DATABASE	12
BACKUP	12
RECOVERY	12
APPLICATION DASHBOARD	13
HOME PAGE	14
TRANSACTIONS	14
ONLINE AUTHORIZATION	15
DEFAULT	15
3RD PARTY	17
DEFAULT	17
FILTER	18
LOGS	19
DEFAULT	19
FILTER	20
LOGIN PAGE	21
USER MANAGEMENT	23
CREATE NEW USER	24
DELETE USER	25
CONFIGURATIONS	26
SNB CONFIGURATION	26
LISTING	26
DETAILS	27
3RD PARTY CONFIGURATION	28
LISTING	28
DETAILS	29

VENDOR SPECIFIC CONFIGURATIONS	30
TNG	30
REFERENCES	31

DOCUMENT CONTROL AND VERSIONING

No	Description	Version	Date	Status	Author
1	1st Draft	0.1	Jan 3, 2024	Draft	

INTRODUCTION

This document specifies the function for Online Authorization Integrator for 3rd parties to connect to SnB Online Authorization.

Use cases

- 1. As middleware between SnB Online Authorization and 3rd parties.
- 2. Allow information between SnB Online Authorization and 3rd parties to be visualized in a friendly manner.
- 3. 3rd parties here refers to any external or internal system that is integrating the Online Authorization system.

Document scope and intention

The purpose of this document is to provide information on how to use the Online Authorization Integrator system.

- This document describes how to use the Online Authorization Integrator dashboard to visualize what is happening between 3rd parties and the SnB system.
- This document describes how to configure integration with 3rd parties.
- The overall product scope is SnB Online Authorization and 3rd parties system.
- This document only covers how to configure SnB System integration point, how to configure 3rd parties integration point, visualizing high level information of the system and visualizing the flow of the integration.
- All final data should be referred from 3rd parties and the SnB System.

OVERVIEW



Figure shows the overall architecture of the Online Authorization Integrator system. Main components of the integration is:

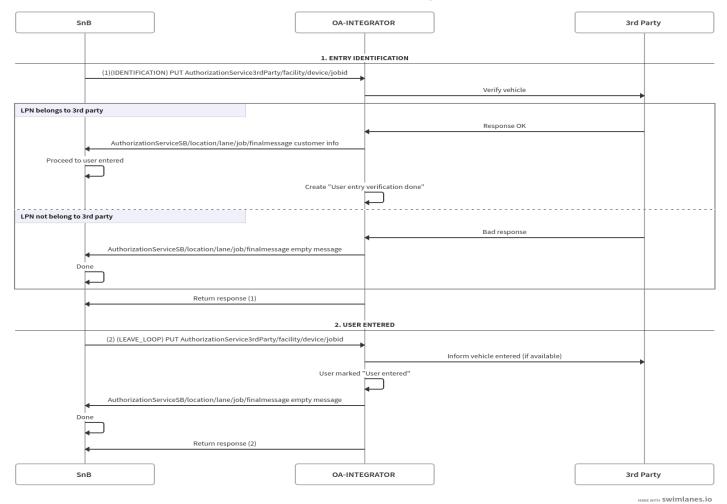
- 1. Parking Barrier
- 2. SnB Online Authorization system
- 3. Online Authorization Integrator system

TERMINOLOGY

Term	Description
3rd parties	Integrators that wants to integrate with premise parking system
OA-integrator	The name of this application
Job	Every entry / exit will trigger a job. Each job will have a specific id defined which is used by SnB
Facility	Parking Location / Premise
Lane	Entry / Exit lane that customer used to enter or exit the premise
Job - IDENTIFICATION	On every entry / exit, SnB will create job for identification to check if customer belongs to any 3rd party
Job - LEAVE_LOOP	Vehicle entered / left the premise
Job - PAYMENT	SnB will create this job to inform OA-integrator to perform payment from the 3rd party
Location code	Location identifier set in SnB system

ENTRY FLOW

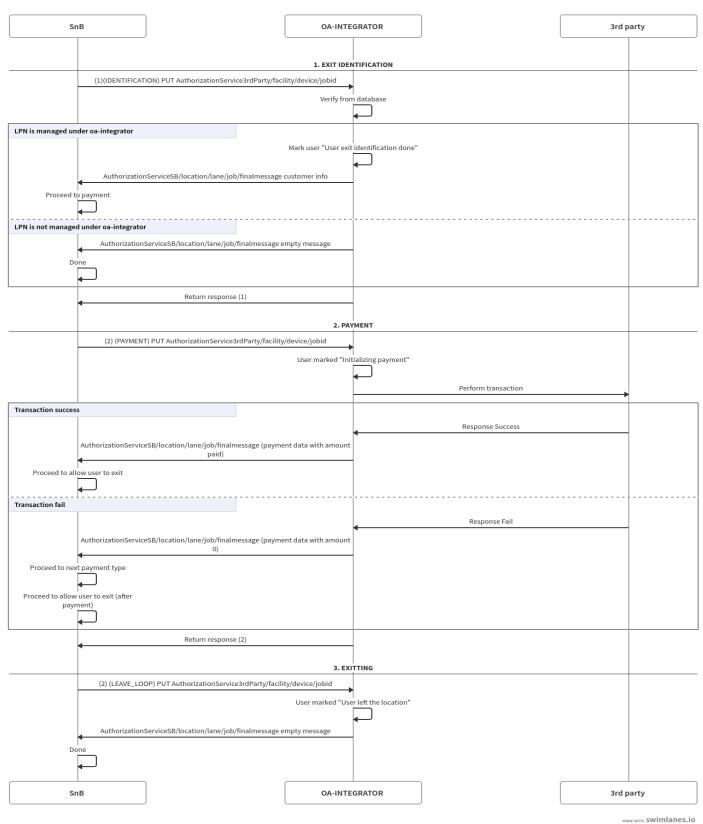
Online Authorisation Entry Flow



- As the user entered. SnB will send requests to this service with type IDENTIFICATION. This is the point where this service will call 3rd parties to verify the user.
- 2. If the user is confirmed to belong to any 3rd parties, it will send finalMessageCustomer to SnB with all relevant data.
- 3. If the user is not confirmed to belong to any 3rd parties, it will send an empty message on finalMessageCustomer and the process will end here.
- 4. Once the user enters the premises, and users are verified belong to 3rd parties, SnB will send a request to this service with type LEAVE_LOOP indicating that the user is already entered. For users that are not marked under any 3rd parties, SnB will not send this request.

EXIT FLOW

Online Authorisation Exit Flow



Document Name: Online Authorization Integrator Application

Subject to change

- 1. As the user exited. SnB will send requests to this service with type *IDENTIFICATION*. OA-integrator will check if the user exists in the database.
- 2. If the user exists, it will send finalMessageCustomer to SnB with all relevant data.
- 3. If the user does not exist in the database, it will send an empty message on finalMessageCustomer and the process will end here.
- 4. SnB will then send a request to OA-integrator with type *PAYMENT* to request for payment. OA-integrator will then call 3rd parties to request for payment.
- 5. If payment is successful, OA-integrator will send finalMessageCustomer to SnB with all relevant data.
- 6. If payment is not successful, OA-integrator will finalMessageCustomer to SnB with all relevant data but paid amount is 0. Indicated that SnB should proceed with other payment methods.
- 7. User is marked as "Payment success" or "Payment failed" based on payment status.
- 8. After the user leaves the premises, the user is marked with "User left the location"

TECH OVERVIEW

This application is designed with separation of backend and frontend application. Backend is written in Go with Echo to manage HTTP routing while frontend is a React application created through CRA(Create React App).

PREREQUISITE

- 1. Docker https://docs.docker.com/engine/install/ubuntu/
- 2. Docker compose https://docs.docker.com/compose/install/linux/

TECHNICAL STACKS

BACKEND

Description	Info	Reference
Language	Go	https://golang.org/
Framework	Echo	https://echo.labstack.com/
Database	Postgres	https://www.postgresql.org/

FRONTEND

Description	Info	Reference
Language	Typescript	https://www.typescriptlang.org/
Framework	React	https://reactjs.org/
UI Framework	Material UI React Hook Form Tailwind CSS	https://material-ui.com/https://react-hook-form.com/https://tailwindcss.com/

SSL/TLS

- 1. The application is served over HTTPS (currently using self-signed certificate).
- 2. Backend and Frontend are served with the same SSL certificate.

DEPLOYMENT

- 1. Clone repo (https://github.com/enctech/api-oa-integrator) or download from releases (https://github.com/enctech/api-oa-integrator/releases).
- 2. Update SSL certificate in ./cert folder. Create one if there's none.
- 3. Run make copy_cert. This will copy the certificate to the backend and frontend folder.
- 4. Run make run_application to start the application. This can be used for restarting the application for updates as well.
- 5. Head over to the dashboard at http(s)://localhost:3000 to view the application.
- 6. API documentation is done through swagger at http(s)://localhost:1323/swagger/index.html#/ and can be viewed here.

Auto start

This system is running through systemd. To create a new service, create a new systemd service file and let's give this service named oa-integrator,

- sudo vim /etc/systemd/system/oa-integrator.service
- 2. In the file, put this value

Unset

[Unit]

Description=Docker Compose Application Service

Requires=docker.service

After=docker.service

[Service]

Type=oneshot

RemainAfterExit=yes

WorkingDirectory=/home/tng/dev/api-oa-integrator

ExecStart=/usr/bin/docker-compose up -d

ExecStop=/usr/bin/docker-compose down

[Install]

WantedBy=multi-user.target

- 3. Run sudo systemctl daemon-reload to reload systemd
- 4. Enable this service with sudo systemctl enable oa-integrator.service
- 5. Start this service with sudo systemctl start oa-integrator.service
- 6. Check the start with sudo systemctl status oa-integrator.service
- In case of any failure, run sudo systemctl start oa-integrator.service or sudo systemctl status oa-integrator.service for more info why it fails.

DATABASE

This system uses the Relational Database Manage System (RDBMS) with Postgres as database.

BACKUP

- 1. Database backup script is defined in ./scripts/db_backup.sh.
- 2. Suggestion to use *crontab* to run the script periodically.
- 3. Run $chmod +x ./scripts/db_backup.sh$ to make the script executable.
- 4. Run crontab -e to edit the crontab.
- 5. Add the following line to the end of the file (This is for running cron jobs every 12 hours).

```
Unset
0 */12 * * * /path/to/script/db_backup.sh
```

- 6. The output of the script will be in \${HOME}/dev
- 7. The Maximum number of backups currently is set to 100 backups.

RECOVERY

- 1. Backup will appear in \${H0ME}/dev as a compressed Tar file. For example backup 20240105000001.sql.tar.qz
- 2. This file is in format YYYYMMDDHHMMSS.sql.tar.gz
- 3. Untar the file with tar -xvzf /path/to/your/tar.gz.
- 4. As a start, copy the backup file into the running database container. docker cp /path/to/your/dumpfile.sql

```
<container_name_or_id>:/tmp/dumpfile.sql
```

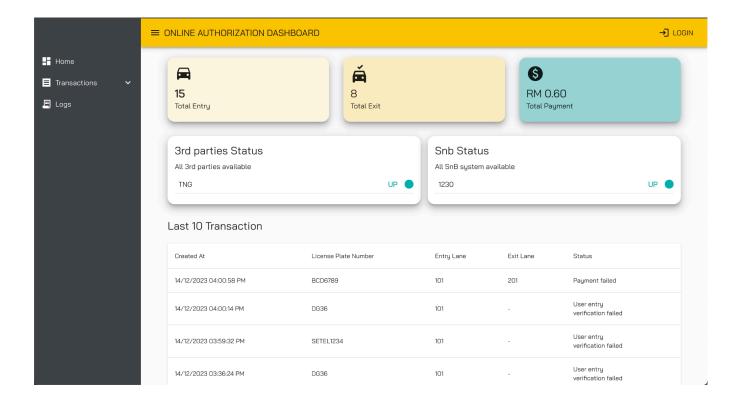
- 5. Enter container terminal with docker exec -it postgres_db bash
- Restore the database with psql -U <username> <dbname> < dumpfile.sql. For example psql -U postgres postgres < dumpfile.sql.
- 7. In case there are problems on recovering, drop all tables and the relations and then run the backup again.

APPLICATION DASHBOARD

The application dashboard serves as a platform to monitor transactions on both SnB and 3rd Parties. Most of the pages, specifically those that are view only pages do not require login. Admin access is required for configuration purposes.

By default, there is one **default** user created with admin access with username and password **admin**. At first, it is suggested to login with **admin:admin** and later on, create a new admin account (which will be shown in next few pages) and delete the default admin.

HOME PAGE



This is the landing page of the application. This page shows the high level of transactions and system availability. The data shown here is only for the current date and these are not filterable. For more information on transactions, look into the specific transactions. For information on status, only users with admin access can look at the configuration on the 3rd parties and SnB Online Authorizations.

The fields that is shown here are as follows:

- 1. Total Entry indicates the number of success entries (exit included).
- 2. **Total Exit** indicates the number of sessions that have already marked requesting for exit or user exit.
- 3. **Total Payment** is total successful payment made to 3rd parties.
- 4. **3rd Parties Status** indicates the status of all the 3rd parties that are currently connected to the application.
- 5. **SnB Status** indicates the status of SnB locations. The locations are currently based on location code that is used by SnB to call this service.
- 6. **Last 10 Transactions** shows the latest 10 SnB transactions.

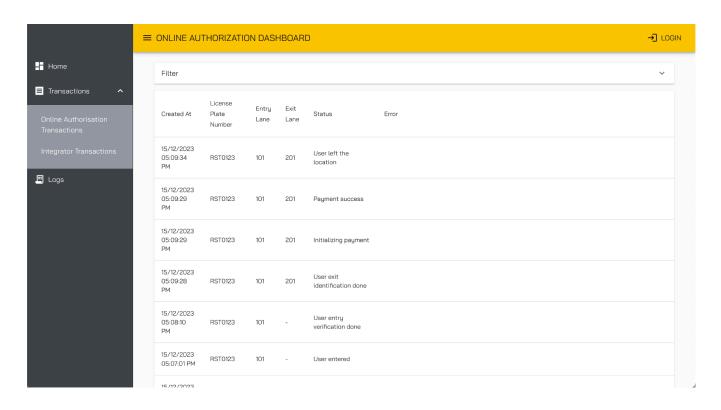
TRANSACTIONS

Transactions here refers to both user flow transactions that are done through SnB Online Authorization as well as 3rd parties payment transactions.

As of now, transactions are stored for 100 days and the data will be deleted through trigger after new data is inserted.

ONLINE AUTHORIZATION

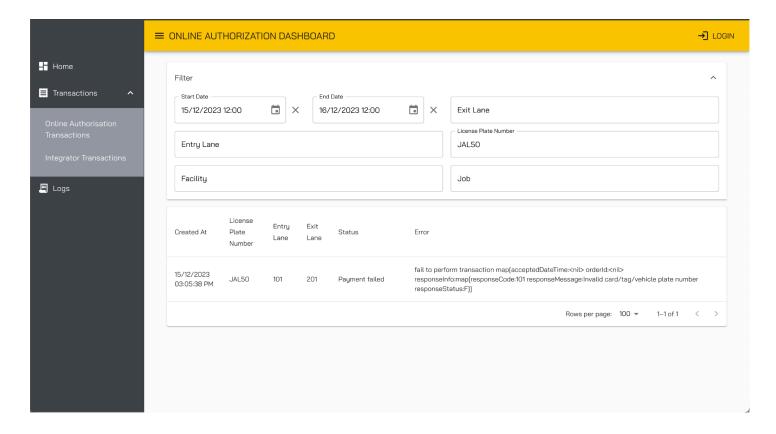
DEFAULT



This page shows all transactions that are made through Online Authorization. For more information on the status shown here, refer to <u>Overview</u>. By "all transaction", it shows **every stage of the transaction**, user entering, verifying, verified, performing payment, payment success or failure and user left the premise. This helps in getting the time when the action is made for troubleshooting.

For any issues, refer to the Error section. Once there are errors by any point of steps, the error will fall through the next step even if the next step is successful. For example, if a user fails to perform payment through Online Authorization Integrator, as the user leaves the premises, the same error should be visible in the same line too.

FILTER



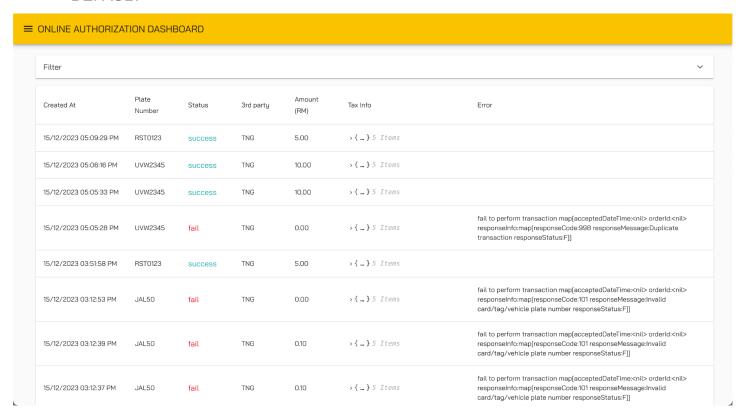
This page allows filters to scope down the transactions to find specific conditions especially during troubleshooting.

Current filters available are:

- a. Date range
- b. Entry Lane
- c. Exit Lane
- d. License Plate Number
- e. Facility
- f. Job

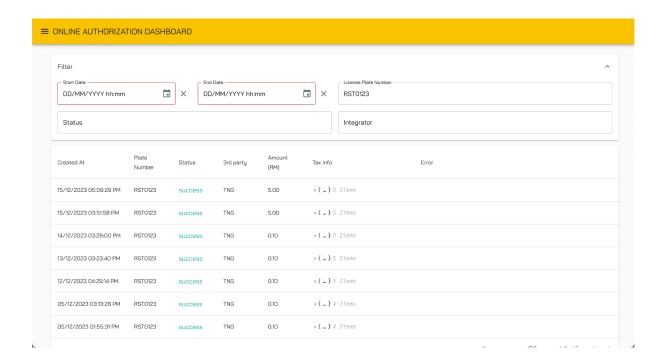
3RD PARTY

DEFAULT



This page shows all **payment transactions** made to 3rd parties. There is **Status** section that shows the status of the payment. The status is **success** or **fail**. **3rd Party** shows the name of the 3rd party that the payment is made to. As different parties are expected to have different tax mechanisms, in the **Tax** section, the system displays raw expandable json of tax based on the 3rd party requirement. **Error** section shows the error that is returned by 3rd parties.

FILTER



This page allows filters to scope down the transactions to find specific conditions. This helps for troubleshooting when there are issues.

Current filters available are:

- a. Date range
- b. License Plate Number
- c. Status
- d. 3rd Party

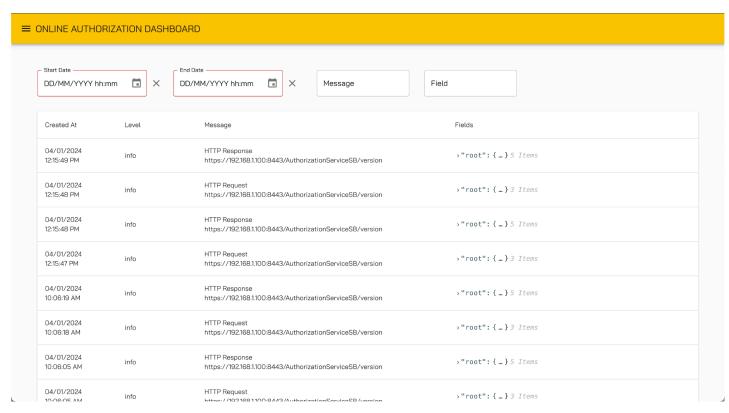
LOGS

As the application runs and emits logs to console, some of the logs are stored as reference. Typically this will be filled with HTTP Request and HTTP Response made to the application as well as application manual log. Errors such as OS, host machine are not covered here.

The most common message here will be HTTP Request <URL> and HTTP Response <URL> as all HTTP requests or responses made from the application to external systems (SnB, 3rd parties) are logged.

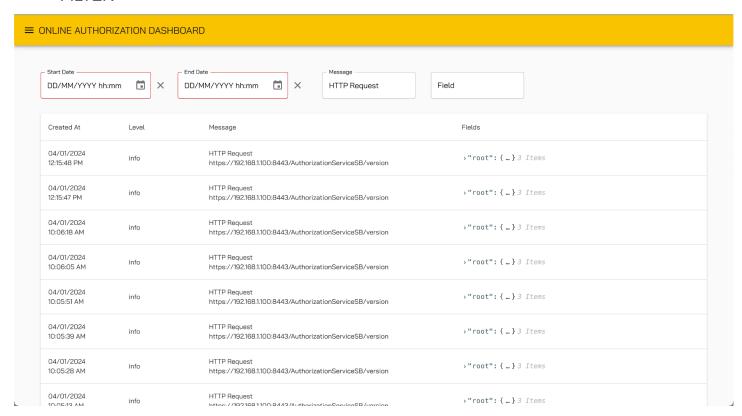
Currently, logs are stored for 100 days. After 100 days, the logs will be deleted through triggers upon new data inserted.

DEFAULT



By default, the start and end date will be empty. This will query all the data until current time, sorted by the latest at the top. Some values are set within the "Fields" section with every message that would be helpful as reference. Expand "Fields" to look into more info that is carried together with the message.

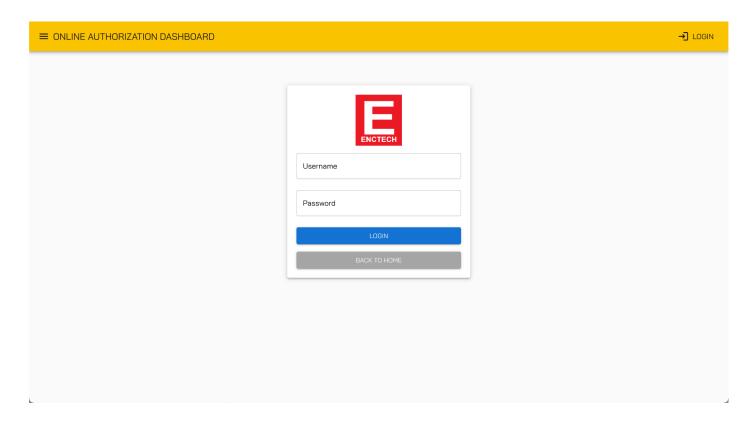
FILTER



As there are lots of logs generated, going through the logs can be overwhelming. This page is built with filter capability as such the logs can be filtered by:

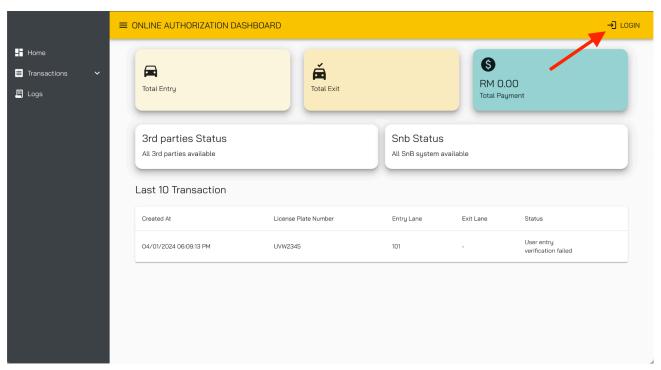
- a. Date range
- b. Message
- c. Fields

LOGIN PAGE

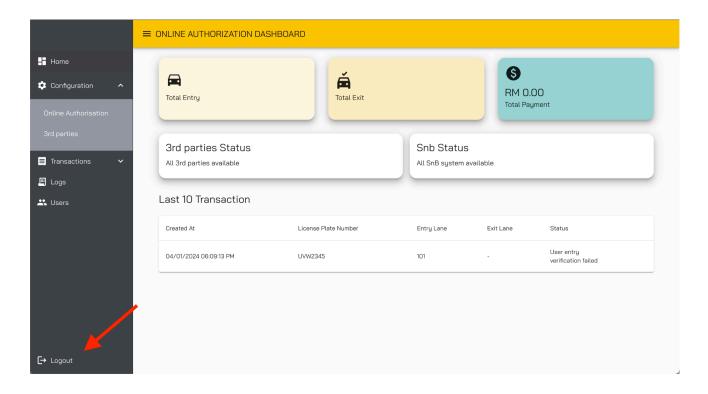


This is the login page for access. At this point, login will determine whether the user is admin or not. Some pages are hidden or viewed only to non-admin while admin users have full access to the dashboard content. Currently, Configuration and User management is accessible by admin only.

Login button can be accessed from the top right corner, and it's always visible on every page.



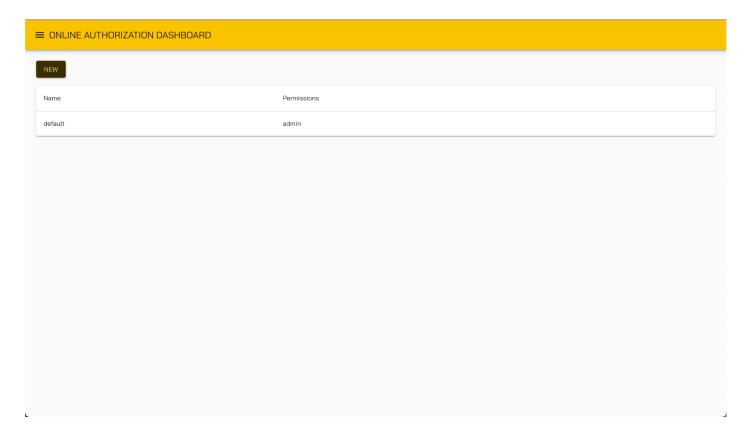
Only username and password is required for login. Upon login, the logout button will appear at the bottom left of the page, and it's always visible on every page.



Currently, there is no recovery password page, in case of forgotten password, get admin to recreate the account.

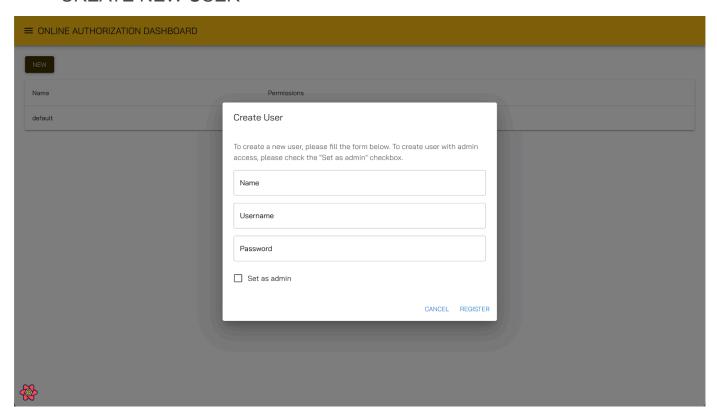
USER MANAGEMENT

As the application currently is meant to be simple - view transactions, set up some configuration, user management is made simple too. The main feature for managing users is to view, create and delete users.



This page initially shows the list of users that are created. By default, the system creates a "default" user with *admin* permission for access. Admin *is expected* to create a new user with another admin role. Click on *New* to create a new user.

CREATE NEW USER

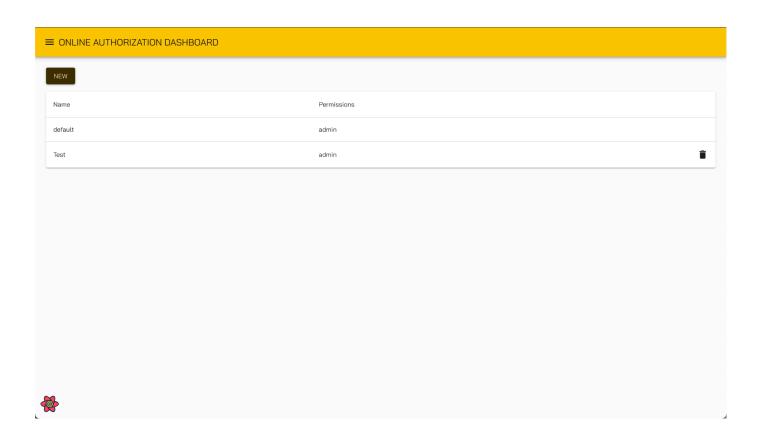


Fill in the appeared form for new user access.

The fields are as follows:

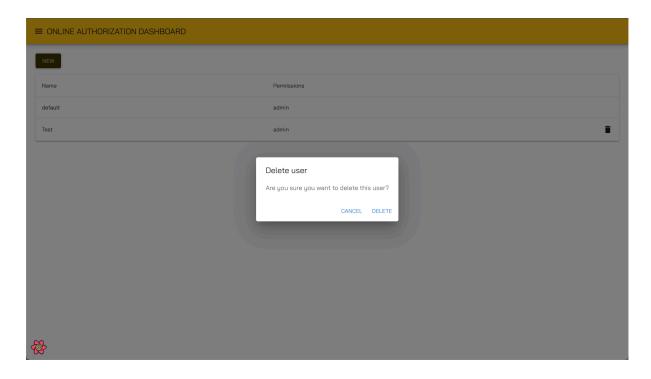
- 1. Name as identifier who the account belongs to.
- 2. **Username** will be the username used for the user to login.
- 3. **Password** is for the user's password. This field is obscured by security.
- 4. Set as admin checkbox is to mark the user has admin access.

By clicking register, the new user should be created and the list will be updated.



DELETE USER

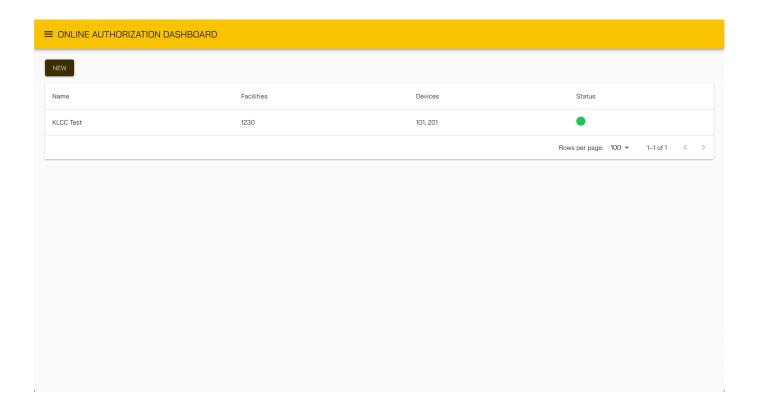
Admins have the capabilities to delete other users. To delete other users, click on and a prompt will appear. Click on "DELETE" and the user will be deleted.



CONFIGURATIONS

SNB CONFIGURATION

LISTING

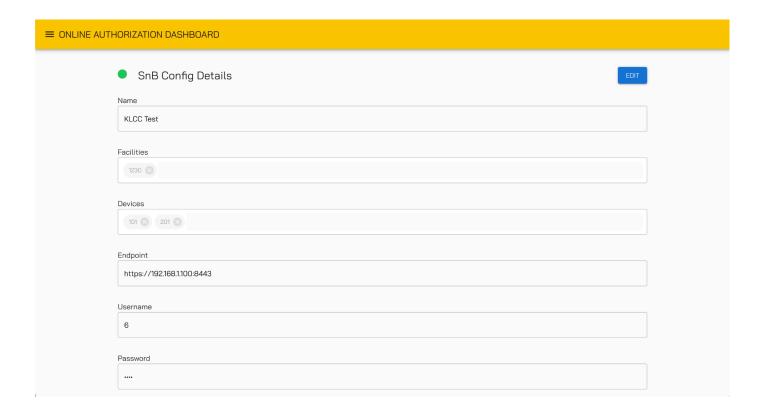


This system is meant to handle multiple SnB configurations defined by Facilities and Lanes. This is to cover servers handling multiple premises.

The default page shows a listing of the SnB configurations set. By default, this will be empty. This page shows all the SNB configurations defined in the system. Status indicates if the SNB system is running. **Green** means the system is **up**, **red** means the system is **down**.

To create a new configuration, click on the **New** button. To edit the configuration, click on the item to view details and edit.

DETAILS



Details page shows a status indicator with the same specification as the previous listing page. **Green** means the system is **up**, **red** means the system is **down**. This is only available during viewing details or editing, but not creating new configuration.

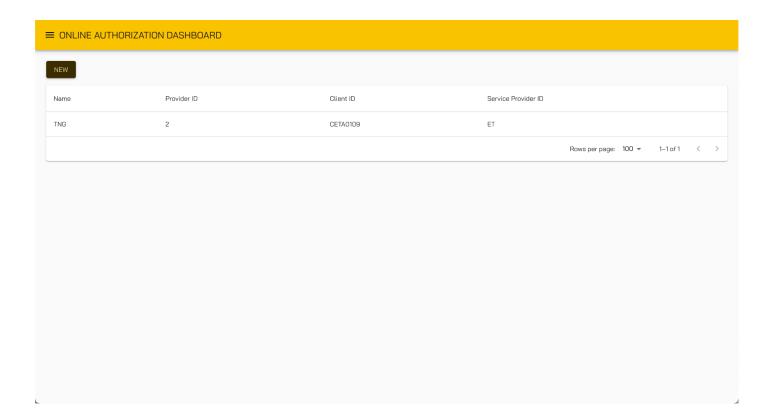
To edit, press on the Edit button and the fields will be editable. There is a **SAVE** button (appears only during edit mode) at the bottom of the form to save the change.

The input fields specifications are as follows:

- 1. **Name** fields is the name of the configuration, typically the premise name.
- 2. For **Facilities** and **Devices**, enter each value and press enter as value confirmation.
- 3. **Facilities** are based on the SnB system (Press enter after the value is confirmed).
- 4. **Devices** are the device ID set at each lane. This typically is also the lane name or number (Press enter after the value is confirmed).
- 5. **Endpoint** field is the endpoint to the SnB system. This usually is the ip or domain of the premise.
- 6. **Username** is the username set in the SnB system.
- 7. **Password** is the password set in the SnB system.

3RD PARTY CONFIGURATION

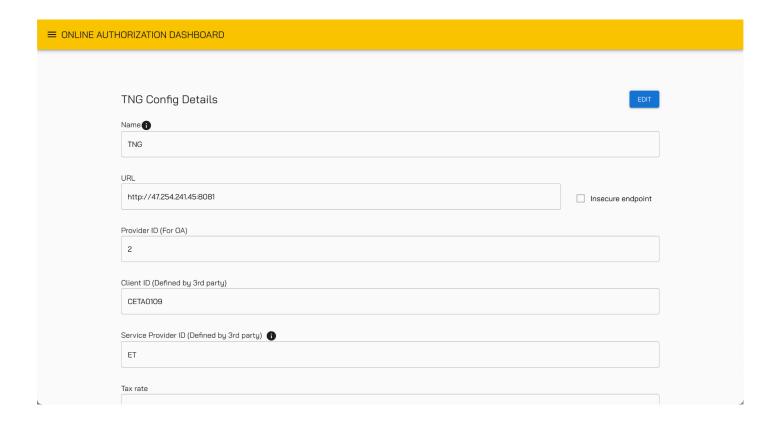
LISTING



This system is meant to handle multiple 3rd party configurations. However, manual development is required as it is expected to have custom configuration needed by the 3rd party. The vendor selection will also be updated after the custom configuration is implemented.

The default page shows listings of the 3rd party configurations set. By default, this will be empty. Click on the **New** button to create a new configuration or click on the item to edit the configuration.

DETAILS



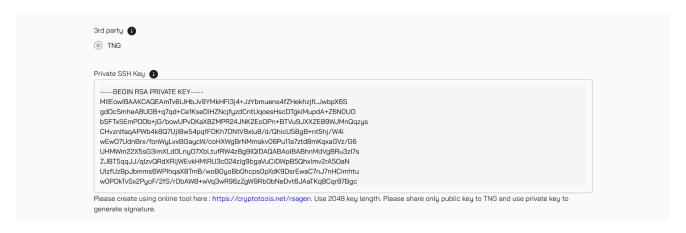
Integration to a new 3rd party is done manually by the developer following the spec of the 3rd party system. However, there are also some common configurations that are expected to be provided by 3rd parties. The current page is admittedly tuned to follow the first 3rd party, so it is expected some common fields will be changed after more 3rd parties come.

The fields are as follows:

- 1. **Name** field is the name of the 3rd party.
- 2. **URL** field is the URL that will be called by this system to the 3rd party.
- 3. **ProviderID** field is the ID that will be used by SnB to identify the 3rd party.
- 4. **ClientID** and Service Provider field is an identifier that is used by the 3rd party. This value should be defined by the 3rd party.
- 5. **Survive Provider ID** and Service Provider field is an identifier that is used by the 3rd party. This value should be defined by the 3rd party.
- 6. Tax Rate and Surcharge is defined by the business.
- 7. **Surcharge** comes with 2 types, which is **percentage** and **fixed amount**. This is defined by the business.
- 8. **3rd Party** selection is used to select which 3rd party to be used for the configuration. This is defined by the business. The values are pre-defined by the system upon integrating to the 3rd party.
- 9. **Plaza ID** mapper is for mapping the location id of the 3rd party to the location id of SnB. This is defined by the 3rd party as well as the SnB system.

VENDOR SPECIFIC CONFIGURATIONS

TNG

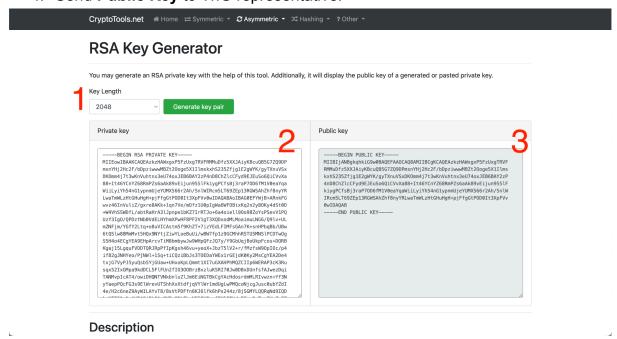


TnG requires a **Private SSH Key** to ensure the request is made from a legit source. As per stated by TnG representative

" Please create using online tool here: https://cryptotools.net/rsagen. Use 2048 key length. Please share only public key to TNG and use private key to generate signature."

Step by step guide to create the private key:

- 1. Open https://cryptotools.net/rsagen
- 2. Ensure Key Length is 2048.
- 3. Copy Private Key and save it in the configuration page.
- 4. Send **Public Key** to TnG representative.



REFERENCES

- 1. SnB Universal Interface Online Authorization.
- 2. TnG TNG CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNT BASED TRANSACTION IMPLEMENTATION (PARKING).