

Permission Resource

Check APIs and Client Usage

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This guide explains how to use the Permission Resource check APIs and how to evaluate the server-produced access decisions on the client using the provided JavaScript library.

It covers:

- The `/check` API (server-evaluated permission)
- The `/check-with-index` API (client-evaluable snapshot)
- Request payloads and detailed response structures
- Scope and data-domain fallback behavior
- Using the JavaScript client in a browser, React, or Vue



This document reflects the current and evolving server behavior. The JavaScript client library is available at runtime from Quarkus as `/security/acl-client.js` and is forward-compatible with the scoped access-matrix format described here.

Chapter 1. APIs

1.1. POST /permission/check

Performs a server-side permission check for a single request using the caller identity and an optional data domain (organization/account/tenant/segment/owner).

Request

```
{
  "identity": "user-123",
  "realm": "b2bi",
  "area": "security",
  "functionalDomain": "userProfile",
  "action": "view",
  "resourceId": "12345",
  "orgRefName": "acme",
  "accountNumber": "A1",
  "tenantId": "t-001",
  "dataSegment": 0,
  "ownerId": "user-123",
  "roles": ["user", "admin"],
  "scope": "api"
}
```

Response (example)

```
{
  "finalEffect": "ALLOW",
  "winningRule": "SysAnyActionSecurity",
  "explanations": [
    { "rule": "SysAnyActionSecurity", "effect": "ALLOW" }
  ]
}
```

Notes: - This endpoint is authoritative and understands scripts/postconditions and any dynamic runtime evaluation. - Use `/check` when you must account for scripts, context-enriched rules, or when you don't have the precomputed snapshot.

1.2. POST /permission/check-with-index

Returns a precomputed permission snapshot for the supplied identity. This snapshot can be cached on the client and used for fast allow/deny decisions without server roundtrips.

Depending on server version/config, the response can include: - A legacy flat list of rules (for backward compatibility) - A scoped access matrix (recommended) keyed by data-domain scope → area → domain → action

Request (current servers; send data-domain as top-level fields)

```
{
  "identity": "user-123",
  "realm": "b2bi",
  "orgRefName": "acme",
  "accountNumber": "A1",
  "tenantId": "t-001",
  "dataSegment": 0,
  "ownerId": "user-123"
}
```



If your server version supports a nested dataDomain object, you may also send:

```
{
  "identity": "user-123",
  "realm": "b2bi",
  "dataDomain": {
    "orgRefName": "acme",
    "accountNumber": "A1",
    "tenantId": "t-001",
    "dataSegment": 0,
    "ownerId": "user-123"
  }
}
```

On servers that do not support nested dataDomain, this shape will produce: **400 Bad Request: Unrecognized field "dataDomain".**

Response: Scoped access matrix (recommended shape)

```
{
  "enabled": true,
  "version": 42,
  "policyVersion": 123,
  "sources": ["user:user-123", "role:user", "role:admin"],
  "requiresServer": false,

  "scopes": {
    "org=acme|acct=A1|tenant=t-001|seg=0|owner=user-123": {
      "requiresServer": false,
      "matrix": {
        "security": {
          "userProfile": {
            "view": { "effect": "ALLOW", "rule": "ViewOwnProfile", "priority": 5,
"finalRule": true, "source": "role:user" }
          },
          "credential": {
            "update": { "effect": "DENY", "rule": "NoUpdate", "priority": 10,
```

```

"finalRule": true, "source": "role:user" }
    }
  },
  "orders": {
    "manage": { "*" : { "effect": "DENY", "rule": "NoManage", "priority": 50,
"finalRule": true } } }
  }
},
    "org=acme|acct=A1|tenant=t-001|seg=*|owner=*": { "requiresServer": false, "matrix
": { "*" : { "*" : { "*" : { "effect": "DENY", "rule": "DefaultDeny", "priority": 999,
"finalRule": false } } } } },
    "org=*|acct=*|tenant=*|seg=*|owner=*": { "requiresServer": false, "matrix": {
"security": { "*" : { "*" : { "effect": "ALLOW", "rule": "SysRoleAnyActionSecurity",
"priority": 1, "finalRule": true } } } } }
  },
  "requestedScope": "org=acme|acct=A1|tenant=t-001|seg=0|owner=user-123",
  "requestedFallback": [
    "org=acme|acct=A1|tenant=t-001|seg=0|owner=*",
    "org=acme|acct=A1|tenant=t-001|seg=*|owner=*",
    "org=acme|acct=A1|tenant=*|seg=*|owner=*",
    "org=acme|acct=*|tenant=*|seg=*|owner=*",
    "org=*|acct=*|tenant=*|seg=*|owner="
  ],
  "rules": [
    { "name": "SysRoleAnyActionSecurity", "uri": "system:security:*:*:*:*:*:*:",
"effect": "ALLOW", "priority": 1, "finalRule": true }
  ]
}

```

Interpretation: - The client should prefer the scope that best matches its current data domain and then look up **area** → **domain** → **action** in that scope's matrix, falling back through **requestedFallback**. - Within a matrix, exact values beat wildcards; the matrix already encodes the winning outcome per triple. - If **requiresServer** is true (globally or for a specific scope), the client should call **/check** for decisions in those affected areas.

1.3. Response example (legacy rules present and requiresServer=true)

```

{
  "enabled": false,
  "version": 0,
  "policyVersion": 163044986023000,
  "rules": [
    {
      "name": "users can't delete anything in security area",
      "uri": "user:security*:delete|*:*:*:*:*:*:",

```

```

    "effect": "DENY",
    "priority": 10,
    "finalRule": true
  },
  {
    "name": "view your own resources",
    "uri": "user:*:*:*|system-com:*:*:*:*:*:",
    "effect": "ALLOW",
    "priority": 10,
    "finalRule": true
  },
  {
    "name": "view your own resources, limit to default dataSegment",
    "uri": "user:*:*:*|*:*:*:*:*:*:",
    "effect": "ALLOW",
    "priority": 10,
    "finalRule": false
  },
  {
    "name": "ViewSystemResources",
    "uri": "user:*:*:view|system-com:*:*:*:*:system@system.com:*:",
    "effect": "ALLOW",
    "priority": 10,
    "finalRule": true
  }
],
"sources": [
  "user"
],
"requiresServer": true,
"scopes": {
  "org=*|acct=*|tenant=*|seg=*|owner=system@system.com": {
    "matrix": {
      "*": {
        "*": {
          "view": {
            "effect": "ALLOW",
            "rule": "ViewSystemResources",
            "priority": 10,
            "finalRule": true,
            "source": "user"
          }
        }
      }
    }
  },
  "requiresServer": false
},
"org=*|acct=*|tenant=*|seg=*|owner=*": {
  "matrix": {
    "security": {
      "*": {

```

```

    "delete": {
      "effect": "DENY",
      "rule": "users can't delete anything in security area",
      "priority": 10,
      "finalRule": true,
      "source": "user"
    }
  },
  "*": {
    "*": {
      "*": {
        "effect": "ALLOW",
        "rule": "view your own resources, limit to default dataSegment",
        "priority": 10,
        "finalRule": false,
        "source": "user"
      }
    }
  }
},
"requiresServer": false
}
},
"requestedScope": "org=acme|acct=A1|tenant=t-001|seg=0|owner=user-123",
"requestedFallback": [
  "org=acme|acct=A1|tenant=t-001|seg=0|owner=*",
  "org=acme|acct=A1|tenant=t-001|seg=*|owner=*",
  "org=acme|acct=A1|tenant=*|seg=*|owner=*",
  "org=acme|acct=*|tenant=*|seg=*|owner=*",
  "org=*|acct=*|tenant=*|seg=*|owner="
]
}

```

Field semantics

- **enabled**: false indicates the compiled index is disabled or unavailable. Clients should treat the snapshot as non-authoritative and prefer calling `/permission/check` for critical decisions; the matrix may still be present for some scopes but is not guaranteed complete.
- **version**: 0 accompanies `enabled=false`. When `enabled` is true, `version` corresponds to the compiled index version and can be used for caching together with `policyVersion`.
- **policyVersion**: the ruleset/policy timestamp or version for cache invalidation.
- **rules**: legacy flat list preserved for backward compatibility. Clients should prefer the scoped matrix when available.
- **sources**: identities included when the snapshot was materialized (e.g., user id and/or roles).
- **requiresServer** (top-level): true means at least one rule could not be safely materialized (e.g., uses scripts/postconditions or dynamic filters). Clients should be prepared to call `/permission/check` for affected scopes/decisions.

- `scopes[<key>].requiresServer`: per-scope flag. If true, client should not rely on that scope's matrix for final decisions and should call `/permission/check` when evaluating in that scope.
- `requestedScope` / `requestedFallback`: convenience keys provided when the request included data-domain values. Clients should attempt lookup starting at `requestedScope`, then walk `requestedFallback` in order.

Chapter 2. Data-Domain Scope and Fallback

A scope key is a canonical string combining the data-domain dimensions:

```
org=<v>|acct=<v>|tenant=<v>|seg=<v>|owner=<v>
```

- Values are specific strings or ***** for wildcard.
- Fallback traversal order: owner → segment → tenant → account → org → global.

Chapter 3. JavaScript Client Library

The JavaScript client provides helpers to evaluate the snapshot on the client.

- Served by Quarkus at: `/security/acl-client.js`
- Path in repo: `quantum-framework/src/main/resources/META-INF/resources/security/acl-client.js`

Exported API

```
ACLClient.scopeKeyFromDataDomain(dataDomain) // => scope key string
ACLClient.buildFallbackChain(scopeKey)        // => [less-specific scope keys]
ACLClient.lookupAreaDomainAction(matrix, area, domain, action) // => Outcome | null
ACLClient.decide(snapshot, dataDomain, area, domain, action)  // => 'ALLOW' | 'DENY'
ACLClient.decideOutcome(snapshot, dataDomain, area, domain, action) // => Outcome | null
```

Outcome structure:

```
{
  "effect": "ALLOW",
  "rule": "<winning rule name>",
  "priority": 0,
  "finalRule": true,
  "source": "role:user"
}
```

Allowed effect values are "ALLOW" or "DENY".

3.1. Using in a Browser (no build tools)

HTML

```
<script src="/security/acl-client.js"></script>
<script>
  async function canViewProfile() {
    // 1) Get a snapshot for the user
    const res = await fetch('/permission/check-with-index', {
      method: 'POST', headers: { 'Content-Type': 'application/json' },
      body: JSON.stringify({ identity: 'user-123', realm: 'b2bi', orgRefName: 'acme',
        accountNumber: 'A1', tenantId: 't-001', dataSegment: 0, ownerId: 'user-123' })
    });
    const snapshot = await res.json();

    // 2) Evaluate locally
    const decision = ACLClient.decide(snapshot, { orgRefName: 'acme', accountNumber:
      'A1', tenantId: 't-001', dataSegment: 0, ownerId: 'user-123' }, 'security',
      'userProfile', 'view');
    if (decision === 'ALLOW') {
```

```

    // show UI
  } else {
    // hide or show alternative
  }
}
</script>

```

3.2. Using in React

Installation (served by your Quarkus backend)

- No npm package is required; include as an external script in `public/index.html` or via dynamic import.

React example

```

import { useEffect, useState } from 'react';

export default function ProfileButton() {
  const [allowed, setAllowed] = useState(false);

  useEffect(() => {
    async function run() {
      const res = await fetch('/permission/check-with-index', {
        method: 'POST', headers: { 'Content-Type': 'application/json' },
        body: JSON.stringify({ identity: 'user-123', realm: 'b2bi' })
      });
      const snapshot = await res.json();
      const effect = window.ACLClient.decide(snapshot, null, 'security',
'UserProfile', 'view');
      setAllowed(effect === 'ALLOW');
    }
    run();
  }, []);

  if (!allowed) return null;
  return <button>View Profile</button>;
}

```

3.3. Using in Vue

Vue component example

```

<template>
  <button v-if="allowed">View Profile</button>
</template>

<script>
export default {

```

```
data() { return { allowed: false }; },
async mounted() {
  const res = await fetch('/permission/check-with-index', {
    method: 'POST', headers: { 'Content-Type': 'application/json' },
    body: JSON.stringify({ identity: 'user-123', realm: 'b2bi' })
  });
  const snapshot = await res.json();
  const effect = window.ACLClient.decide(snapshot, null, 'security', 'userProfile',
'view');
  this.allowed = (effect === 'ALLOW');
}
}
</script>
```

Chapter 4. cURL Examples

Server-evaluated check

```
curl -sS -X POST \  
  -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \  
  http://localhost:8080/permission/check \  
  -d '{  
    "identity":"user-123",  
    "realm":"b2bi",  
    "area":"security",  
    "functionalDomain":"userProfile",  
    "action":"view",  
    "orgRefName":"acme",  
    "accountNumber":"A1",  
    "tenantId":"t-001",  
    "dataSegment":0,  
    "ownerId":"user-123"  
  }'
```

Client-evaluable snapshot

```
curl -sS -X POST \  
  -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \  
  http://localhost:8080/permission/check-with-index \  
  -d '{  
    "identity":"user-123",  
    "realm":"b2bi",  
    "orgRefName":"acme",  
    "accountNumber":"A1",  
    "tenantId":"t-001",  
    "dataSegment":0,  
    "ownerId":"user-123"  
  }'
```

Chapter 5. Caching Guidance

- Clients should cache the `/check-with-index` response keyed by `(identity, realm, version, policyVersion)`.
- Refresh the snapshot when either `version` or `policyVersion` changes.

Chapter 6. Troubleshooting

- If `requiresServer` is `true` (globally or per-scope), call `/check` for affected decisions.
- If no matrix entry is found in any scope fallback, default to `DENY` for safety.
- Ensure `effect` comparisons are case-insensitive on the client (`String(effect).toUpperCase()`).