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1. Glossary

1.1. Core Concepts

BaseModel

Abstract base class for all Quantum entities, providing `DataDomain`, audit fields, ID management, and validation hooks.

DataDomain

Scoping information attached to every model (`tenantId`, `orgRefName`, `ownerId`, etc.) that enables multi-tenant isolation and controlled sharing.

DomainContext

Runtime context representing the current execution scope (`tenant`, `org`, `user`, `functional area/domain`, `action`) used by repositories and security rules.

Functional Area

Broad business capability grouping (e.g., `Catalog`, `Collaboration`, `Identity`) used for organizing models and security policies.

Functional Domain

Specific entity type within a functional area (e.g., `Product` within `Catalog`, `Shipment` within `Collaboration`) used for fine-grained permissions.

RuleContext

Policy evaluation engine that determines allowed actions and contributes data filters based on identity, functional area/domain, and business rules.

1.2. Multi-Tenancy

Tenant

Logical partition representing a customer or organization in a multi-tenant system, identified by `tenantId`.

Organization (Org)

Business unit within a tenant, identified by `orgRefName`, enabling sub-tenant grouping and sharing.

Realm

Database or data partition, often corresponding to a MongoDB database, that can be selected per request via `X-Realm` header.

Shared Domain

Data domain accessible across multiple tenants (e.g., public catalogs, partner directories) as opposed to tenant-isolated data.

1.3. Security

Principal

Authenticated user identity with associated roles, tenant membership, and permissions.

Permission Rule

Declarative policy that matches requests (URL, method, headers, body) and decides ALLOW/DENY with optional data filters.

Access Resolver

Plugin that computes dynamic access lists (e.g., customer IDs a user can see) for use in permission filters.

Impersonation

Acting as another user identity for troubleshooting or administrative purposes, controlled by scripts and realm restrictions.

1.4. Data and Persistence

MorphiaRepo

Repository interface extending MongoDB operations with Quantum's DataDomain filtering, validation, and audit capabilities.

EntityReference

Lightweight reference object containing ID, type, refName, and displayName, used for foreign keys without full object loading.

StateGraph

Finite state machine definition for model fields, enforcing valid states and transitions (e.g., Order: Draft → Processing → Shipped).

Completion Task

Persistent work item with status tracking, used for checklists and long-running processes with audit trails.

1.5. REST and APIs

BaseResource

Abstract REST resource class providing consistent CRUD endpoints (find, get, list, save, update, delete) with automatic security and validation.

Query Language

ANTLR-based filter syntax used across all list endpoints, permission rules, and access resolvers for consistent data querying.

UIActions

List of actions a user can perform on a specific entity instance, computed based on entity state and user permissions.

CSV Import/Export

Built-in endpoints for bulk data operations with validation, preview sessions, and error handling.

1.6. Framework Components

ValidationInterceptor

Morphia interceptor that runs Jakarta Bean Validation and defaults DataDomain before persistence.

SecurityFilter

JAX-RS filter that builds security context (PrincipalContext, ResourceContext) and evaluates permissions for each request.

DataDomainResolver

Service that determines which DataDomain to assign to new entities based on functional area/domain policies.

Migration

Versioned database schema and data changes managed by Quantum's migration framework with changeset tracking.

1.7. Annotations

@FunctionalMapping

Class-level annotation declaring a model's functional area and domain, replacing legacy bmFunctionalArea() methods.

@FunctionalAction

Method-level annotation specifying the action performed by a REST endpoint when it differs from HTTP verb defaults.

@TrackReferences

Field annotation on @Reference fields that maintains back-reference sets for referential integrity checking.

@RegisterForReflection

Quarkus annotation ensuring classes are available for reflection in native images.

1.8. External Integrations

JWT Provider

Authentication module that validates JSON Web Tokens and populates security context with user identity and roles.

OIDC Integration

OpenID Connect support for enterprise identity providers like Keycloak, Auth0, and AWS Cognito.

Feature Flags

Configuration-driven capability toggles with targeting rules for gradual rollouts and A/B testing.

Postmark Integration

Email service integration for transactional messaging with template support.