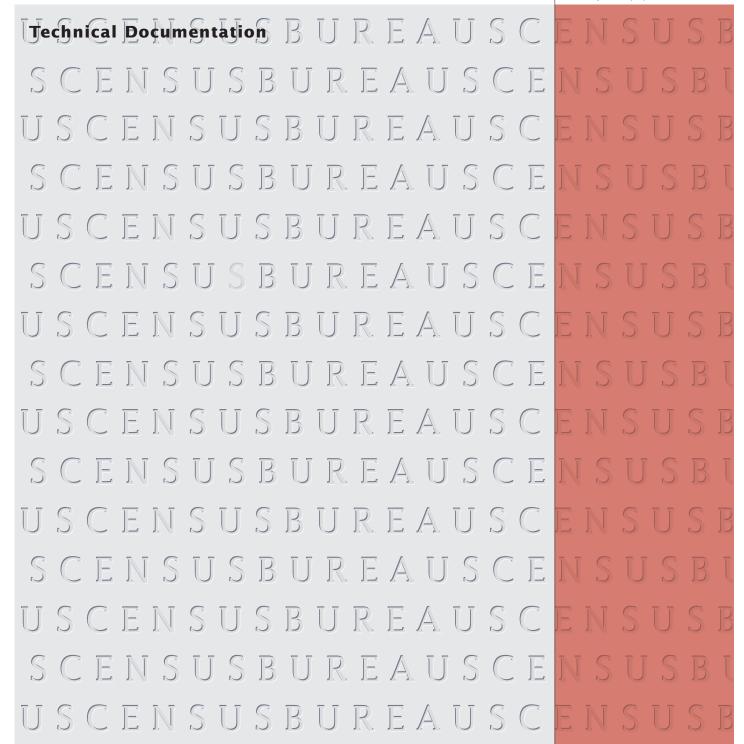
# Public Use Microdata Sample

<u> 2000</u>

2000 Census of Population and Housing

Issued October 2008

PUMS/16-US (RV)



	nal information concerning the files, contact Marketing Services Office, er, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233 or phone 301-763-INFO (	
and Customer	nal information concerning the technical documentation, contact Admin Services Division, Electronic Products Development Branch, U.S. Censu OC 20233 or phone 301-763-8004.	

# Public Use Microdata Sample

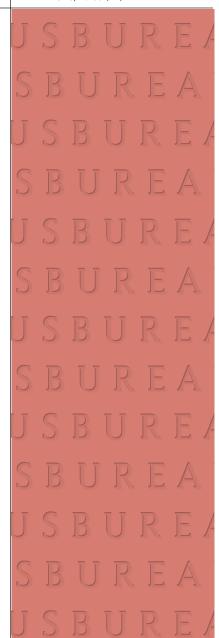
2000

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2000 Census of Population and Housing

PUMS/16-US (RV)

## **Technical Documentation**





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## CONTENTS

## Chapters

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Abstract Introduction How to Use This File. Accuracy of the Microdata Sample Estimates Sample Design and Estimation Data Dictionary (1-Percent) Data Dictionary (5-Percent) User Updates	1-1 2-1 3-1 4-1 5-1 6-1 7-1 8-1
Appe	endixes	
A. B. C.	Census 2000 Geographic Terms and Concepts	A-1 B-1 C-1
C. D.	Data Collection and Processing Procedures	D-1
E. F.	Data Products and User Assistance	E-1 F-1
r. G. H.	Code Lists Topcoded Variables and Corresponding State Means for Values	G-1
	Above the Topcode for the Housing Record and Person Record	H-1
l. J.	Total Unweighted and Weighted Population and Housing Counts Equivalency Files	l−1 J−1
K.	Relationship Between Super-PUMAs of Migration (MIGPUMA1) and Super-PUMAs (PUMA1)	K-1
L.	Relationship Between Super-PUMAs of Place of Work (POWPUMA1) and Super-PUMAs (PUMA1)	L-1
M.	Relationship Between PUMAs of Migration (MIGPUMA5) and PUMAs (PUMA5)	M-1
N.	Relationship Between PUMAs of Place Work (POWPUMA5) and PUMAs (PUMA5)	N-1

# Chapter 1. Abstract

#### **CITATION**

U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Census of Population and Housing, Public Use Microdata Sample, United States: Technical Documentation, 2003.

#### **TYPE OF FILE**

Microdata

#### **SUBJECT CONTENT**

Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) files contain records representing 5-percent or 1-percent samples of the occupied and vacant housing units in the U.S. and the people in the occupied units. Group quarters people also are included. The file contains individual weights for each person and housing unit, which when applied to the individual records, expand the sample to the relevant total. Please see Chapters 6 and 7 - Data Dictionary for a complete list of the variables and recodes.

Some of the items included on the housing record are: acreage; agricultural sales; allocation flags for housing items; bedrooms; condominium fee; contract rent; cost of utilities; family income in 1999; family, subfamily, and relationship recodes; farm residence; fire, hazard, and flood insurance; fuels used; gross rent; heating fuel; household income in 1999; household type; housing unit weight; kitchen facilities; linguistic isolation; meals included in rent; mobile home costs; mortgage payment; mortgage status; plumbing facilities; presence and age of own children; presence of subfamilies in household; real estate taxes; rooms; selected monthly owner costs; size of building (units in structure); state code; telephone service; tenure; vacancy status; value (of housing unit); vehicles available; year householder moved into unit; and year structure built.

Some of the items included on the person record are: ability to speak English; age; allocation flags for population items; ancestry; citizenship; class of worker; disability status; earnings in 1999; educational attainment; grandparents as caregivers; Hispanic origin; hours worked; income in 1999 by type; industry; language spoken at home; marital status; means of transportation to work; migration Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA); migration state; mobility status; veteran period of service; years of military service; occupation; person's weight; personal care limitation; place of birth; place of work PUMA; place of work state; poverty status in 1999; race; relationship; school enrollment and type of school; time of departure for work; travel time to work; vehicle occupancy; weeks worked in 1999; work limitation status; work status in 1999; and year of entry.

#### **GEOGRAPHIC CONTENT**

The Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) files contain geographic units known as super-Public Use Microdata Areas (super-PUMAs) and Public Use Microdata Areas (PUMAs). To maintain the confidentiality of the PUMS data, minimum population thresholds are set for PUMAs and super-PUMAs. For the 1-percent state-level files, the super-PUMAs contain a minimum population of 400,000 and are composed of a PUMA or a group of contiguous PUMAs delineated on the 5-percent state-level PUMS files. Super-PUMAs are a new geographic entity for Census 2000. The 5-percent state-level files contain PUMAs, each having a minimum population of 100,000; the 5-percent files also will show corresponding super-PUMAs codes. Each state is separately identified and may be comprised of one or more super-PUMAs or PUMAs. Large metropolitan areas may be subdivided into super-PUMAs and PUMAs. PUMAs and super-PUMAs do not cross state lines. Super-PUMAs and PUMAs also are defined for place of residence on April 1, 1995 and place of work.

Abstract 1–1

#### **USER UPDATES**

The section on User Updates informs data users about corrections, errata, and related explanatory information. However, sometimes this information becomes available too late to be reflected in this related documentation. The most up-to-date compilation of Census 2000 user updates is available on the Census Bureau's Internet site at www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html. Users also can register to receive user updates by e-mail by contacting Customer Services Center, Marketing Services Office, U.S. Census Bureau on 301-763-INFO (4636) (webmaster@census.gov).

#### **FILE ORDERING**

For ordering and pricing information, access the online catalog at the Census Bureau's Internet site (www.census.gov) or contact the Census Bureau's Customer Services Center (301-763-INFO).

1–2 Abstract

# Chapter 2. Introduction

#### **OVERVIEW**

Public use microdata sample files are ASCII files which contain individual records of the characteristics for a sample of people and housing units. Information which could identify a household or an individual is excluded in order to protect the confidentiality of respondents. Within the limits of the sample size, the geographic detail, and the confidentiality protection, these files allow users to prepare virtually any tabulation they require.

#### WHAT ARE MICRODATA?

Microdata are the individual records which contain information collected about each person and housing unit. They include the census basic record types, computerized versions of the question-naires collected from households, as coded and edited during census processing. The Census Bureau uses these confidential microdata in order to produce the summary data that go into the various reports, summary files, and special tabulations. Public use microdata samples are extracts from the confidential microdata taken in a manner that avoids disclosure of information about households or individuals. For Census 2000, the microdata are only available to the public through the Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) products.

#### PROTECTING CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

All data released (in print or electronic media) by the Census Bureau are subject to strict confidentiality measures imposed by the legislation under which our data are collected: Title 13, U.S. Code. Responses to the questionnaire can be used only for statistical purposes, and Census Bureau employees are sworn to protect respondents' identities.

Because of the rapid advances in computer technology since 1990 and the increased accessibility of census data to the user community, the Census Bureau has had to adopt more stringent measures to protect the confidentiality of public use microdata through enhanced disclosure limitation techniques. At the same time, the Census Bureau recognizes the data user's need for characteristic detail and geographic specificity. Hence, there are two sets of files: one that provides a fuller range of detailed characteristics (the 1-percent files) and one that provides greater geographic detail but less characteristic detail (the 5-percent files).

Confidentiality is protected, in part, by the use of the following processes: data-swapping, topcoding of selected variables, geographic population thresholds, age perturbation for large households, and reduced detail on some categorical variables.

Data swapping is a method of disclosure limitation designed to protect confidentiality in tables of frequency data (the number or percent of the population with certain characteristics). Data swapping is done by editing the source data or exchanging records for a sample of cases. Swapping is applied to individual records and, therefore, also protects microdata.

*Top-coding* is a method of disclosure limitation in which all cases in or above a certain percentage of the distribution are placed into a single category.

Geographic population thresholds prohibit the disclosure of data for individuals or housing units for geographic units with population counts below a specified level.

Age perturbation, that is, modifying the age of household members, is required for large households (households containing ten people or more) due to concerns about confidentiality.

Detail for categorical variables is collapsed if the number of occurrences in each category does not meet a specified national minimum threshold.

Introduction 2–1

#### 1-Percent Files

The 1-percent files give users the maximum amount of social, economic, and housing information available. There is no national minimum threshold for the identification of variable categories, with the exceptions of a national minimum population of 8,000 for race and Hispanic origin. The goal of these files is to provide a similar level of detail as was available in the 1990 PUMS files (and, in some cases, more detail).

In order to provide the level of characteristic detail for the 1-percent files described above, the minimum geographic population threshold needed to be raised above 100,000 (the PUMA minimum). A new geographic entity was created—the super-PUMA. Super-PUMAs have a minimum population of 400,000 and are composed of a PUMA or PUMAs delineated on the 5-percent PUMS files.¹ Each state will be identified, and any state with a population of 800,000 or greater can be subdivided into two or more super-PUMAs.

#### **5-Percent Files**

To maintain confidentiality, while retaining as much characteristic detail as possible, a minimum threshold of 10,000 nationally is set for the identification of variable categories within categorical variables in the 5-percent PUMS files.

Each PUMA in the 5-percent files must meet a minimum population threshold of 100,000. The minimum PUMA threshold was held at 100,000 by increasing the degree of variable collapsing as described above. The 100,000 minimum population threshold—the threshold set for both the 1980 and 1990 PUMS files—permits greater historical comparability.

#### **USES OF MICRODATA FILES**

Public use microdata files essentially allow "do-it-yourself" special tabulations. The Census 2000 files furnish nearly all of the detail recorded on long-form questionnaires in the census, subject to the limitations of sample size, geographic identification, and confidentiality protection. Users can construct a wide variety of tabulations interrelating any desired set of variables. They have almost the same freedom to manipulate the data that they would have if they had collected the data in their own sample survey, yet these files offer the precision of census data collection techniques and sample sizes larger than would be feasible in most independent sample surveys.

Microdata samples are useful to users who are doing research that does not require the identification of specific small geographic areas or detailed crosstabulations for small populations. Microdata users frequently study relationships among census variables not shown in existing census tabulations, or concentrate on the characteristics of specially defined populations.

#### **SAMPLE DESIGN AND SIZE**

Each microdata file is a stratified sample of the population which was created by subsampling the full census sample (approximately 15.8 percent of all housing units) that received census long form questionnaires. Initial sampling was done address-by-address in order to allow the study of family relationships and housing unit characteristics for occupied and vacant units. Sampling of people in institutions and other group quarters was done on a person-by-person basis.

There are two independently drawn samples, designated "5 percent" and "1 percent," each featuring a different geographic scheme. Nationwide, the Census 2000 5-percent sample provides the user records for over 14 million people and over 5 million housing units. For the 1-percent sample, there are records for over 2.8 million people and over 1 million housing units. Since processing a smaller sample is less resource intensive, some users may want to produce extracts using the subsample numbers provided in the housing record. The sample design is discussed more thoroughly in Chapter 5. Sample Design and Estimation.

2–2 Introduction

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The super-PUMAs will be identified in the 5-percent files as well.

Like 1990, each file contains individual weights for both the housing units and the people. The user can estimate the frequency of a particular characteristic for the entire population by summing the weight variables for records with that characteristic from the microdata file. A section of Chapter 5 discusses the preparation and verification of estimates (see page 5-2) and Appendix I provides control counts.

Reliability improves with increases in sample size, so the choice of sample size must represent a balance between the level of precision desired and the resources available for working with microdata files. By using tables provided in Chapter 4 (see page 4-3), one can estimate the degree to which sampling error will affect any specific estimate prepared from a microdata file of a particular sample size.

Many factors affect the user's decision on which file to use. Users of microdata files for state or Metropolitan Area (MA) estimates would normally use a 1-percent or 5-percent sample, while users concerned only with national figures can frequently get by with a smaller sample, say a 0.1 percent (one-in-a-thousand) sample. Although we do not provide a 0.1-percent file, we do provide subsample numbers which allow scientifically designed extracts of various sizes to be drawn. Even national users may need a 1-percent or a 5-percent sample if extremely detailed tabulations are desired, or if users are concerned with very small segments of the population, for example, females 75 years old or over of Italian ancestry. One of the examples in Chapter 4 discusses the selection of the appropriate sample size for a particular study.

#### **SUBJECT CONTENT**

Microdata files contain the full range of population and housing information collected in Census 2000. These files allow users to study how characteristics are interrelated (for example, income and educational attainment of husbands and wives).

Information for each housing unit in the sample appears on a 314-character record with geographic, household, and housing items, followed by a variable number of 314-character records with person-level information, one record for each member of the household. Information for each group quarters person in the sample appears on a 314-character pseudo housing unit record. Items on the housing record are listed beginning on page 6-23; items on the person record are listed beginning on page 6-42. Although the subjects are further defined in Appendix B of this document, it is important to note that some items on the microdata file were modified in order to provide protection for individual respondents.

The sample questionnaires were edited for completeness and consistency, and substitutions or allocations were made for most missing data. Allocation flags appear interspersed throughout the file indicating each item that has been allocated. Thus, a user desiring to tabulate only actually observed values can eliminate variables with allocated values. Editing and allocation flags are discussed beginning on page 4-17.

#### **GEOGRAPHIC CONTENT**

The Census Bureau offered State Data Centers (SDCs) the opportunity to delineate, or coordinate the delineation of, the super-PUMAs and the PUMAs. The SDCs (or their equivalents) in 48 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico participated in the delineation program. The Florida and Rhode Island SDCs did not participate; in these two states, the Census Bureau delineated the super-PUMAs and the PUMAs.

Super-PUMAs are identified by a 5-digit code. The first two digits of each super-PUMA code within a given state contain that state's federal information processing standard (FIPS) code. A 5-digit number, unique within state, identifies each PUMA; PUMA codes must be used in conjunction with the 2-digit FIPS state codes.

Maps of super-PUMAs and PUMAs, as well as a geographic equivalency file, also are provided to the user via File Transfer Protocol (FTP) and on CD-ROM/DVD.

Introduction 2–3

To maintain the confidentiality of the PUMS data, minimum population thresholds are set for PUMAs and super-PUMAs. For the 1-percent state-level files, the super-PUMAs contain a minimum population of 400,000 and are composed of a PUMA or a group of contiguous PUMAs delineated on the 5-percent state-level PUMS files. Super-PUMAs are a new geographic entity for Census 2000. The 5-percent state-level files contain PUMAs, each having a minimum population of 100,000; the 5-percent files also will show corresponding super-PUMA codes. Each state is separately identified and may be comprised of one or more super-PUMAs or PUMAs. Large metropolitan areas may be subdivided into super-PUMAs and PUMAs. PUMAs and super-PUMAs do not cross state lines.

In addition to super-PUMAs and PUMAs, there also are modified super-PUMAs and PUMAs for two specific variables, place of residence on April 1, 1995 and place of work. The descriptions that follow apply to PUMAs, as well as to super-PUMAs. Migration super-PUMAs and place of work super-PUMAs are the geographic units that contain information on place of residence on April 1, 1995 and place of work, respectively. Outside of the six New England states (Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut), migration super-PUMAs and place of work super-PUMAs are defined only to the whole county (or county equivalent) or groups of counties. In some instances, place of work super-PUMAs are defined to places. In the six New England states, migration super-PUMAs and place of work super-PUMAs are defined to minor civil divisions (MCDs) or groups of MCDs. Appendix K illustrates the relationship between migration super-PUMAs (MIGPUMA1) and super-PUMAs (PUMA1) and Appendix L illustrates the relationship between place of work super-PUMAs (POWPUMA1) and super-PUMAs (PUMA1).

#### **CORRESPONDING MICRODATA FROM EARLIER CENSUSES**

PUMS files exist for the 1960, 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses. Samples from the 1960 through 1990 censuses employed a 1-percent sample size; the 5-percent sample has only been produced since 1980. In 2000, all states met the minimum population threshold for the 1-percent files so a separate file was produced for each state. Very little comparability exists between geographic identifiers on each of the previous files, but housing and population characteristics are similar. Because of this similarity, microdata files from the most recent censuses are a rich resource for analysis of trends. Items which were added, dropped, or substantially changed between 1990 and 2000 are listed in Chapter 3. How to Use This File. Appendix B discusses historical comparability of items in greater detail.

2–4 Introduction

# Chapter 3. How To Use This File

#### INTRODUCTION

This chapter serves as a guide for data users to both the data files and the technical documentation. Novice users trying to understand how to use the documentation and the file should read this chapter first.

#### **DATA FORMAT AND ACCESS TOOLS**

The 2000 Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) data files are available in flat ASCII format. Users of the DVD/CD-ROM may access the PUMS data in two ways: with software and without software.

- The DVD/CD-ROM with software is designed to perform basic cross tabulations of any desired set of variables on the PUMS file.
- For the DVD/CD-ROM without software, users can utilize off-the-shelf standard statistical software packages to manipulate the data. (Also, files are available for downloading via FTP from the Census Bureau Web site.)

The 2000 PUMS are accompanied by electronic data dictionaries in a format that will allow the user to read in ASCII characters and prepare statements transforming the variables and their corresponding descriptions and values to the proper statements required by the software package of choice.

#### **TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION**

The 2000 PUMS file structure is hierarchical and contains two basic record types of 314 characters each: the housing unit record and the person record. The PUMS files are released in this format because of the tremendous amount of data contained in one record.

Each record has a unique identifier (serial number) that links the people in the housing unit to the proper housing unit record. The inclusion of the serial number on both record types affords the option of processing the data either sequentially or hierarchically. The file is sorted to maintain the relationship between both record types, so that a user does not have to be concerned about keeping the record sequence as the file was delivered. Each housing unit record is followed by a variable number of person records, one for each occupant. Vacant housing units will have no person record, and selected people in group quarters will have a pseudo housing record and a person record. The only types of group quarters that are identified are institutional and noninstitutional.

A housing unit weight appears on the housing unit record and a person weight appears on the person record. Weights allow users to produce estimates that closely approximate published data in other products.

Geographic identifiers and subsample identifiers appear only on the housing unit record. Thus, most tabulations of person characteristics require manipulation of both housing unit and person records. The item "PERSONS" on the housing unit record indicates the exact number of person records following before the next housing unit record. This feature allows a program to anticipate what type of record will appear next, if necessary. Most statistical software packages are capable of handling the data either hierarchically or sequentially. Many users may still want to create extract files with household data repeated with each person's record. All fields are numeric with the following exceptions. (1) Record Type is either "H" or "P." (2) The Standard Occupational Classification (SOC)-based code for occupation and the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)-based code for industry may have an "X" or "Y."

How to Use This File 3–1

#### RECORD SEQUENCE

The files are released on a state-by-state basis. Records on these files are sorted by geographic area within state. On the 5-percent sample, all households sampled within a particular Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA) appear together. Super-PUMA is a new geographical entity that comprise areas of at least 400,000 people. On the 1-percent sample, all households sampled within a particular super-PUMA appear together. On the 5-percent sample, PUMAs are sequenced in ascending order within super-PUMA within state. Super-PUMAS are sequenced in ascending order within state. In order to provide an extra measure of protection from disclosure of individual households within each geographic area, we scramble the records to avoid any implication of geographic information beyond that which meets Census Bureau disclosure rules for the 2000 PUMS.

The householder record always immediately follows the housing unit record for an occupied unit. This feature simplifies tabulation of households or families by race of householder, ancestry of householder, and even poverty status—since the desired indicators are always on the first person record. The next person record following the householder record is the spouse (if there is a spouse) followed by all family member records, in no particular order. Nonfamily members come last in the household, in no particular order. People sampled from within the same group quarters are not identifiable as such, since each person has an independent pseudo-housing unit record.

#### **METROPOLITAN AREAS**

The following items on the housing unit record refer to metropolitan areas. Substitutions should be made as shown.

- AREATYP1, AREATYP5 (substitute "PUMA" wherever super-PUMA is mentioned),
- MIGAREA1 (substitute "super-PUMA of migration" wherever super-PUMA is mentioned),
- MIGAREA5 (substitute "PUMA of migration" wherever super-PUMA is mentioned)
- POWAREA1 substitute "super-PUMA of place of work" wherever super-PUMA is mentioned)
- POWAREA5 (substitute "PUMA of place of work" wherever super-PUMA is mentioned)

Metropolitan Area (MA) codes are based upon June 30, 1999 Office of Management and Budget definitions. A "fully-identified" MA indicates that the entire MA—and no other territory—is shown in one or more super-PUMAs. A "partially-identified" MA indicates that at least one portion of the MA is contained within a super-PUMA (or super-PUMAs) that also contains territory outside of the particular MA.

**Example 1.** Two-county MSA (containing county A and county B) with the only central city (as well as other noncentral city part) in county A. Super-PUMA 1 only contains county A and Super-PUMA 2 only contains county B. Super-PUMA 1 receives the code "13" indicating that it "contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)." Super-PUMA 2 receives the code "12" indicating that it "contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)."

**Example 2.** Two-county MSA (containing county A and county B) with the only central city (as well as other noncentral city part) in county A. Super-PUMA 1 only contains county A and Super-PUMA 2 contains county B, plus a non-MA county. Super-PUMA 1 receives the code "23" indicating that it "contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)." Super-PUMA 2 receives the code "70" indicating that it "contains both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan territory."

#### MACHINE-READABLE DOCUMENTATION

Every file includes a machine readable "data dictionary" or record layout. The record layout is the same for the 1-percent and 5-percent files. A user can produce hard copy documentation for extract files or labels for tabulations created; or with minor modifications, can use the data dictionary file with software packages or user programs to automatically specify the layout of the microdata files.

3–2 How to Use This File

The PUMS Equivalency Files also are available in machine-readable form. These files lists the geographic components (counties or MCDs, places, tracts where available) and their assigned PUMA and super-PUMA codes for the 5-percent and 1-percent samples, respectively. See Appendix J. Equivalency Files.

#### PREPARING AND VERIFYING TABULATIONS

**Estimation.** Estimates of totals may be made from tabulations of public use microdata samples by using a simple inflation estimate, that is, summing the weights associated with that variable (e.g. for housing characteristics, use the housing unit weight; for person characteristics, use the person weight.) Those users using subsample numbers to vary the sample size must apply an appropriate factor, or, otherwise adjust the weights to derive an appropriate estimation of totals. We further explain the use of weights and subsample numbers in Chapter 5. Sample Design and Estimation.

**Estimation of percentages.** A user can estimate percentages by simply dividing the weighted estimate of people or housing units with a given characteristic by the weighted sample estimate for the base. Normally, this yields the same as would be obtained if one made the computation using sample tallies rather than weighted estimates. For example, the percentage of housing units with air conditioning in a 1-percent sample can be obtained by simply dividing the tally of sample housing units with air conditioning by the total number of sample housing units.

**Verifying tabulations.** Producing desired estimates from the PUMS is relatively easy. File structure and coding of items is straightforward. There are no missing data (see the section "Use of Allocation Flags" in Chapter 4). Records not applicable for each item are assigned to specific NA categories, and it is frequently not necessary to determine in a separate operation whether a record is in the universe or not. PUMS "universe" and variable "definitions may differ from other products produced from sample data primarily because of concerns about disclosure risks (e.g. PUMS files may have different topcodes from SF 3, or the recodes may vary because the components were topcoded). Thus, user tabulations should be verified against other available tallies. Two ways for the user to verify estimates follow:

- 1. Using control counts from the samples. Total unweighted and weighted population and housing counts are provided for each state. See Appendix I.
- 2. Using published data from Census 2000. Tabulations from the Census 2000 data base are available in the printed census publications and on the summary data files. Users may check the reasonableness of statistics derived from PUMS against these sources. A familiarity with summary data already available may also facilitate planning of tabulations to be made from microdata. Those publications series likely to be of greatest use for this purpose are listed in PHC-2, Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics and Summary File 3 (SF 3). In comparing sample tabulations with published data, one must carefully note the universe of the published tabulation. For instance, on PUMS person records, Industry (character position 211-213) is reported for the civilian labor force and for people not in the labor force who reported having worked in 1995 or later. Industry tabulations in Census 2000 publications are presented only for the employed population.

Thus, a tally of industry for all people from whom industry is reported in PUMS records would not correspond directly to any published tabulation. A user should always pay particular attention to concept definitions, as presented in Appendix B. Definitions of Subject Characteristics. One cannot, of course, expect exact agreement between census publications that are based on the complete census count, full sample estimates, or a subsample of the census sample and user estimates based on tallies of a 5-percent or smaller sample. They will inevitably differ to some extent due to chance in selection of actual cases for PUMS.

Chapter 5. Sample Design and Estimate discusses sampling variability and its measurement. User experience has indicated that careful verification of sample tabulations is essential—so important that it may frequently be advisable to include additional cells in a tabulation for no other reason than to provide counts or to yield marginal totals, not otherwise available, which may be verified against available tabulations.

How to Use This File 3–3

#### 1990-2000 SUBJECT COMPARABILITY

Most of the items for 2000 are comparable to 1990. A few items found in the 1990 PUMS are not in the 2000 PUMS file, primarily because the questions were not asked. Full descriptions of item comparability are given in Appendix B. Definitions of Subject Characteristics.

### 2000 items not on 1990 files 1990 items not on 2000 files

Grandparents as care givers Children ever born

Source of water Sewage disposal Condominium status

## **Concepts substantially changed**

Race. Users were allowed to identify multiple races. Geography. The concept of Super-PUMA is new.

# Chapter 4. Accuracy of the Microdata Sample Estimates

#### INTRODUCTION

The data contained in this product are based on the Census 2000 sample. The data summarized from these files are estimates of the actual figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. Estimates derived from the census sample files are expected to differ from the 100-percent figures because they are subject to sampling and nonsampling errors. Sampling error in data arises from the selection of people and housing units included in the sample. Nonsampling error affects both sample and 100-percent data and is introduced as a result of errors that may occur during the data collection and processing phases of the census. This chapter provides a detailed discussion of both types of errors and a description of the estimation procedures.

In the Public Use Microdata Samples (PUMS), the basic unit is an individual housing unit and the people who live in occupied housing units or group quarters. However, microdata records in these samples do not contain names or addresses. A more detailed discussion of methods to protect confidentiality of individual responses follows.

#### CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA

The Census Bureau has modified or suppressed some data in this data release to protect confidentiality. Title 13, United States Code, Section 9, prohibits the Census Bureau from publishing results in which an individual can be identified. The Census Bureau's internal Disclosure Review Board sets the confidentiality rules for all data releases. A checklist approach is used to ensure that all potential risks to the confidentiality of the data are considered and addressed.

**Title 13, United States Code.** Title 13 of the United States Code authorizes the Census Bureau to conduct censuses and surveys. Section 9 of the same Title requires that any information collected from the public under the authority of Title 13 be maintained as confidential. Section 214 of Title 13 and Sections 3559 and 3571 of Title 18 of the United States Code provide for the imposition of penalties of up to 5 years in prison and up to \$250,000 in fines for wrongful disclosure of confidential census information.

**Disclosure limitation.** Disclosure limitation is the process for protecting the confidentiality of data. A disclosure of data occurs when someone can use published or released statistical information to identify an individual who provided information under a pledge of confidentiality. Using disclosure limitation procedures, the Census Bureau modifies or removes the characteristics that put confidential information at risk for disclosure. Although it may appear that the PUMS files show information about a specific individual, the Census Bureau has taken steps to disguise the original data while making sure the results are still useful. The techniques used by the Census Bureau to protect confidentiality in tabulations vary, depending on the type of data.

**Data swapping.** Data swapping is a method of disclosure limitation designed to protect confidentiality in data (the number or percentage of the population with certain characteristics). Data swapping is done by editing the source data or exchanging records for a sample of cases. A sample of households is selected and matched on a set of selected key variables with households in neighboring geographic areas that have similar characteristics. Because the swap often occurs within a neighboring area, there is usually no effect on the marginal totals for the area or for totals that include data from multiple areas. Data swapping procedures were first used in the 1990 census and were also used for Census 2000.

Since microdata records are the actual housing unit and person records, the Census Bureau takes further steps to prevent the identification of specific individuals, households, or housing units. The main disclosure avoidance method used is to limit the geographic detail shown in the files. A

minimum threshold of 10,000 for the national population was set for identification of groups within categorical variables in the state level PUMS files. A geographic area must have a minimum of 100,000 population to be fully identified in the 5 percent file, and 400,000 for the 1 percent sample file. Furthermore, certain variables are topcoded, or the actual values of the characteristics are replaced by a descriptive statistic, such as the mean.

#### **ERRORS IN THE DATA**

Statistics in this data product are based on a sample. Therefore, they may differ somewhat from 100-percent figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, people within those housing units, and people living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same question-naires, instructions, enumerators, and so forth. The sample estimate also would differ from other samples of housing units, people within those housing units, and people living in group quarters. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a sample estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples. Thus, it measures the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this product appears in the section called "Calculation of Standard Errors".

In addition to the variability that arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and 100percent data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during any of the various complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Nonsampling Error" in this chapter.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways: errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and, therefore, should be reflected in the standard error; errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and 100-percent data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their incomes, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will tend to be understated for the higher income categories and overstated for the lower income categories. Such systematic biases are not reflected in the standard error.

#### **Limitations of the Group Quarters Data**

By definition, universes that include the total population include both the household population and the group quarters population. For example, the universe defined as the population 15 years and over includes all people 15 years and over in both households and group quarters.

In previous censuses and in Census 2000, allocation rates for demographic characteristics (such as age, sex, and race) of the group quarters population were similar to those for the total population. However, allocation rates for sample characteristics, such as school enrollment, educational attainment, income, and veteran status for the institutionalized and noninstitutionalized group quarters population have been substantially higher than those for the household population since at least the 1960 Census. A review of the Census 2000 allocation rates for sample characteristics indicated that this trend continued.

Although allocation rates for sample characteristics are higher for the group quarters population, it is important to include the group quarters population in the total population universe. In most areas, the group quarters population represents a small proportion of the total population. As a result, the higher allocation rates associated with the group quarters population have minimal impact on the sample characteristics for the area of interest. In areas where the group quarters population represents a larger percentage of the total population, the Census Bureau cautions data users about the impact higher allocation rates may have on the sample characteristics.

As shown by the allocation rates, in some geographic areas and for some characteristics of interest, a significant amount of data was not reported. These data were assigned using accepted survey methods to account for missing data. In assigning these missing data, the Census Bureau uses data from similar population groups, such as similar types of group quarters. These methods attempt to minimize the effect of missing data. The Census Bureau advises users to review the characteristics for reasonableness and assess the usability of these data.

#### **Calculation of Standard Errors**

**Totals and percentages.** Tables A through E, at the end of this chapter, contain the necessary information for calculating standard errors of sample estimates in this data product. To calculate the standard error, it is necessary to know:

- 1. The unadjusted standard error for the characteristic (given in Tables A and C for estimated totals from the 5- or the 1-percent sample, respectively, or Tables B and D for estimated percentages from the 5- or the 1-percent sample, respectively) that would result under a simple random sample design of people, housing units, households, or families.
- 2. The design factor for the geography and the particular characteristic estimated based on the sample design and estimation techniques employed to produce long form data estimates (given in Table E).

The design factor is the ratio of the estimated standard error to the standard error of a simple random sample. The design factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and the complex ratio estimation procedure used for the Census 2000 sample data.

Note: Design factors for the U.S. and for individual states (including the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico) are included in Table E. Use the state level design factors for estimates at the state level and below. Use the U.S. design factors for all estimates that cross state boundaries.

3. The estimated number of people, housing units, households, or families in the geographic area tabulated.

Use the steps given below to calculate the standard error of an estimated total or percentage contained in this product. A percentage is defined here as a ratio of a numerator to a denominator multiplied by 100 where the numerator is a subset of the denominator. For example, the percentage of Black or African American teachers is the ratio of Black or African American teachers to all teachers multiplied by 100.

- 1. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from Table A, B, C, or D (or use the formula given below each table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- 2. Use Table E to obtain the appropriate design factor, based on the characteristic (Employment status, School enrollment, etc.) and the geography.
- 3. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this design factor.

The unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages will approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the publication areas to which they correspond. Nevertheless, these estimated totals and percentages are still subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate. For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the unadjusted standard errors in Tables B and D that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total using the 5 percent sample that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the publication area, use an unadjusted standard error of 138. For an estimated total using the 1 percent sample that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the publication area, use an unadjusted standard error of 314.

Examples using Tables A through E are given in the section titled "Using Tables to Compute Standard Errors and Confidence Intervals."

**Sums and differences.** The standard errors estimated from Tables A, B, C, and D are not directly applicable to sums of and differences between two sample estimates. To estimate the standard error of a sum or difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- 1. For the sum of, or difference between, a sample estimate and a 100-percent value use the standard error of the sample estimate. The complete count value is not subject to sampling error.
- 2. For the sum of or difference between two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors  $SE(\hat{X})$  and  $SE(\hat{Y})$  of estimates  $\hat{X}$  and  $\hat{Y}$ , respectively:

$$\text{SE}(\hat{\textbf{X}} + \hat{\textbf{Y}}) = \text{SE}(\hat{\textbf{X}} - \hat{\textbf{Y}}) = \sqrt{[\text{SE}(\hat{\textbf{X}})]^2 + [\text{SE}(\hat{\textbf{Y}})]^2}$$

This method is, however, an approximation as the two estimates of interest in a sum or a difference are likely to be correlated. If the two quantities X and Y are positively correlated, this method underestimates the standard error of the sum of  $\hat{X}$  and  $\hat{Y}$  and overestimates the standard error of the difference between the two estimates. If the two estimates are negatively correlated, this method overestimates the standard error of the sum and underestimates the standard error of the difference.

This method may also be used for the sum of or the difference between sample estimates from two censuses or from a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the Census 2000 sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this chapter.

3. For the differences between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest. For example, to determine the estimate of non-Black or African-American teachers, subtract the estimate of Black or African-American teachers from the estimate of total teachers. To determine the standard error of the estimate of non-Black or African-American teachers, apply formula 1 or 3 directly. They are located beneath Tables A and C respectively.

**Ratios.** Frequently, the statistic of interest is the ratio of two variables, where the numerator is not a subset of the denominator. An example is the ratio of students to teachers in public elementary schools. (Note that this method cannot be used to compute a standard error for a sample mean.) The standard error of the ratio between two sample estimates is estimated as follows:

- 1. If the ratio is a proportion, then follow the procedure outlined for "totals and percentages."
- 2. If the ratio is not a proportion, then approximate the standard error using the formula:

$$\text{SE}\!\left(\!\frac{\hat{X}}{\hat{Y}}\!\right) = \left(\!\frac{\hat{X}}{\hat{Y}}\!\right) \sqrt{\frac{[\text{SE}(\hat{X})]^2}{\hat{X}^2} + \frac{[\text{SE}(\hat{Y})]^2}{\hat{Y}^2}}$$

**Medians.** The sampling variability of an estimated median depends on the form of the distribution and the size of its base. The standard error of an estimated median is approximated by constructing a 68-percent confidence interval. Estimate the 68-percent confidence limits of a median based on sample data using the following procedure.

- 1. Obtain the frequency distribution for the selected variable. Cumulate these frequencies to yield the base.
- 2. Determine the standard error from:
  - a. the 5 percent sample of the estimate of 50 percent from the distribution using the formula:

SE(50 percent) = 
$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{19}{\text{base}} \times 50^2\right)} \times \text{Design Factor}$$

b. the 1-percent sample of the estimate of 50 percent from the distribution using the formula:

SE(50 percent) = 
$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{99}{\text{base}} \times 50^2\right)} \times \text{Design Factor}$$

3. Subtract from and add to 50 percent the standard error determined in step 2.

$$p_lower = 50 - SE (50 percent)$$
  
 $p_lower = 50 + SE (50 percent)$ 

4. Determine the category in the distribution containing p\_lower and the category in the distribution containing p\_upper.

If p\_lower and p\_upper fall in the same category, follow the steps below. If p\_lower and p\_upper fall in different categories, go to step 7.

- Define A1 as the smallest value in that category.
- Define A2 to be the smallest value in the next (higher) category.
- Define C1 as the cumulative percent of units strictly less than A1.
- Define C2 as the cumulative percent of units strictly less than A2.
- 5. Use the following formulas with p\_lower, p\_upper, A1, A2, C1, and C2 to determine lower and upper bounds for a confidence interval about the median:

$$Lower \ Bound = \left[\frac{p\_lower - C1}{C2 - C1}\right] x \ (A2 - A1) \ + \ A1$$

$$Upper \ Bound = \left[\frac{p\_upper - C1}{C2 - C1}\right] x \ (A2 - A1) \ + \ A1$$

6. Divide the difference between the lower and upper bounds, determined in step 5, by two to obtain the estimated standard error of the estimated median:

$$SE(median) = \frac{Upper\ Bound - Lower\ Bound}{2}$$

- 7. For the category:
  - a. containing p-lower, define the values A1, A2, C1, and C2 as described in step 4 above. Use these values and the formula in step 5 to obtain the Lower Bound.
  - b. containing p-upper, define a new set of values for A1, A2, C1, and C2 as described in step 4. Use these values and the formula in step 5 to obtain the Upper Bound.
- 8. Use the lower bound and upper bound obtained in step 7 and the formula in step 6 to calculate the standard error of the estimated median.

**Means.** A mean is defined here as the average quantity of some characteristic (other than the number of people, housing units, households, or families) per person, housing unit, household, or family. For example, a mean could be the average annual income of females age 25 to 34. The standard error of a mean can be approximated by the formula below. Because of the approximation used in developing this formula, the estimated standard error of the mean obtained from this formula will generally underestimate the true standard error.

The formula for estimating the standard error of a mean,  $\bar{x}$ , from the 5-percent sample is:

$$SE(\overline{x}) = \sqrt{\frac{19}{base} \times s^2} \times Design Factor$$

The formula for estimating the standard error of a mean,  $\bar{x}$ , from the 1-percent sample is:

$$SE(\overline{x}) = \sqrt{\frac{99}{\text{base}} \times \text{s}^2} \times \text{Design Factor}$$

where s<sup>2</sup> is the estimated population variance of the characteristic and the base is the total number of units in the population. The population variance, s<sup>2</sup>, may be estimated using data that has been grouped into intervals.

For this method, the range of values for the characteristic is divided into c intervals, where the lower and upper boundaries of interval j are  $L_j$  and  $U_j$ , respectively. Each person is placed into one of the c intervals such that the value of the characteristic is between  $L_j$  and  $U_j$ . The estimated population variance,  $s^2$ , is then given by:

$$s^2 = \sum_{j=1}^{c} p_j m_j^2 - (\overline{x})^2$$

where  $p_j$  is the estimated proportion of people in interval j (based on weighted data) and  $m_j$  is the midpoint of the j<sup>th</sup> interval, calculated as:

$$m_j = \frac{L_j + U_j}{2}.$$

If the  $c^{th}$  interval is open-ended, (i.e., no upper interval boundary exists) then approximate  $m_c$  by:

$$m_c = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right) L_c$$
.

The estimated sample mean,  $\bar{x}$ , can be obtained using the following formula:

$$\overline{x} = \sum_{i=1}^{c} p_j m_j$$
.

**Confidence intervals.** A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability.

For example, if all possible samples that could result under the Census 2000 sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

a. 68-percent confidence interval.

Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

b. 90-percent confidence interval.

Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 times the estimated standard error below the estimate to 1.645 times the estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

c. 95-percent confidence interval.

Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples either is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus, the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval cannot be made. Rather, one can say with a specified probability of confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples.

Confidence intervals also may be constructed for the ratio, sum of, or difference between two sample estimates. First compute the ratio, sum, or difference. Next, obtain the standard error of the ratio, sum, or difference (using the formulas given earlier). Finally, form a confidence interval for this estimated ratio, sum, or difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the ratio, sum, or difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

**Calculating the confidence interval from the standard error.** To calculate the lower and upper bounds of the 90 percent confidence interval around an estimate using the standard error, multiply the standard error by 1.645, then add and subtract the product from the estimate.

Lower bound = Estimate - (Standard Error x 1.645)

Upper bound = Estimate + (Standard Error x 1.645)

**Limitations.** Be careful when computing and interpreting confidence intervals. The estimated standard errors given in this chapter do not include all portions of the variability because of nonsampling error that may be present in the data. In addition to sampling variance, the standard errors reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not the effect of correlated errors introduced by enumerators, coders, or other field or processing personnel. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors might not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68, 90, or 95 percent). Thus, be careful interpreting the data in this data product based on the estimated standard errors.

A standard sampling theory text should be helpful if the user needs more information about confidence intervals and nonsampling errors.

**Zero or small estimates; very large estimates.** The value of almost all Census 2000 characteristics is greater than or equal to zero by definition. The method given previously for calculating confidence intervals relies on large sample theory and may result in negative values for zero or small estimates, which are not admissible for most characteristics. In this case, the lower limit of the confidence interval is set to zero by default. A similar caution holds for estimates of totals that are close to the population total and for estimated proportions near one, where the upper limit of the confidence interval is set to its largest admissible value. In these situations, the level of confidence of the adjusted range of values is less than the prescribed confidence level.

#### **Using Tables to Calculate Standard Errors and Confidence Intervals**

Two methods for estimating standard errors of estimated totals and percentages are described in this section. The first method is very simple. This method uses standard errors that have been calculated for specific sizes of estimated totals and percentages given in Tables A through D, presented later in this section. The estimated standard errors shown in Tables A through D were calculated assuming simple random sampling while the microdata sample (and the census sample) were selected using a systematic sampling procedure. The numbers shown in Table E, referred to as design factors, are defined as the ratio of the standard error from the actual sample design to the standard error from a simple random sample.

The standard errors in Tables A through D used in conjunction with the appropriate design factors from Table E produce a reasonable measure of reliability for microdata sample estimates. A second, alternative methodology by which more precise standard errors can be obtained requires additional data processing and file manipulation. This method uses the formulas directly. The trade off is an increase in precision for more data processing. Given the technology available today, the second method is preferable and strongly recommended. However, the standard error tables may be very useful in producing acceptable approximations of the standard errors. On the other hand, for many statistics, particularly from detailed cross-tabulations, standard errors using the second method are applicable to a wider variety of statistics, such as means and ratios.

To produce standard error estimates, one obtains (1) the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic that would result from a simple random sample design (of people, families, or housing units) and estimation methodology; and (2) a design factor, which partially reflects the effects of the actual sample design and estimation procedure used for the Census 2000 public use microdata samples for the geography and the particular characteristic estimated. The design factors provided in this chapter are based on computations from the full census sample and, as such, do not reflect the additional stratification used in the selection of the public use microdata samples (see Chapter 5). In general, these factors provide conservative estimates of the standard error. In addition, these factors only pertain to individual data items (e.g., educational attainment, employment status) and are not entirely appropriate for use with detailed cross-tabulated data. To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate from the 5-percent or 1-percent sample follow the steps given below.

1. Obtain the unadjusted standard error for the sampling rate used from Table A or C for estimated totals or from Table B or D for estimated percentages. Alternately, the formula given at the bottom of each table may be used to calculate the unadjusted standard error (for sample sizes other than 5- or 1-percent see the subsampling section).

In using Table A or C, or the corresponding formulas for estimated totals, use weighted figures rather than unweighted sample counts to select the appropriate row. To select the applicable column for person characteristics, use the total population in the area being tabulated (not just the total of the universe being examined), or use the total count of housing units if the estimated total is a housing unit characteristic. Similarly, in using Table B or D, or the corresponding formula for estimated percentages, use weighted figures to select the appropriate column.

2. Use Table E to obtain the design factor for the geography and the characteristic (e.g., place of work or educational attainment). If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, scan Table E for the appropriate factors and use the largest factor. Multiply the unadjusted standard error from step 1 by this design factor.

Note: All of the following examples use the 5-percent sample.

**Example 1— Standard error of a total.** Suppose we tally a 5-percent public use microdata sample for state A. Further, suppose that for county A, the sum of the PUMS weights for all people is 131,220.

The sum of the PUMS weights for those people who are age 16 years and over and in the civilian labor force is 59,948, which in the formula below is  $\hat{Y}$ .

The basic standard error for the estimated total is obtained from Table A, or from the formula given below Table A. To avoid interpolation, the use of the formula will be demonstrated here. The formula for the basic standard error, SE, for the 5-percent sample is:

$$SE(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{19(\hat{Y}) \left(1 - \frac{\hat{Y}}{N}\right)}$$

So, the basic standard error in example 1 is:

$$SE(59,948) = \sqrt{19(59,948) \left(1 - \frac{59,948}{131,220}\right)} \approx 787 \text{ People}$$

The standard error of the estimated 59,948 people 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is found by multiplying the basic standard error, 787, by the appropriate design factor (Employment Status) from Table E. Assume the design factor from Table E for employment status for state A is 1.2, thus the standard error is:

$$SE(59,948) = 787 \times 1.2 \approx 944 \text{ people}$$

Note that in this example the total weighted count of people in county A of 131,220 was used.

**Example 2— Standard error of a percent.** Suppose there are 95,763 people in county A in state A aged 16 years and over. The estimated percent of people 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force,  $\hat{p}$ , is 62.6. The formula for the unadjusted standard error of a percentage given in Table B, is:

$$SE\ (\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{19}{B}\,\hat{p}(100-\hat{p})}$$
 
$$SE(62.6) = \sqrt{\frac{19}{95,763}\,62.6(100-62.6)}\approx 0.68 \text{ percentage points}$$

Therefore, the standard error for the estimated 62.6 percent of people 16 years and over, who were in the civilian labor force is  $0.68 \times 1.2 = 0.82$  percentage points. Note that in this example the base, B, is defined as the weighted count of people 16 years old and over, 95,763.

A note of caution concerning numerical values is necessary. Standard errors of percentages derived in this manner are approximate. Calculations can be expressed to several decimal places, but to do so would indicate more precision in the data than is justifiable. Final results should contain no more than two decimal places when the estimated standard error is one percentage point (i.e. 1.00) or more.

**Example 3— Computing a confidence interval.** In example 1, the standard error of the 59,948 people 16 years and over in county A, in state A who were in the civilian labor force was approximately 944. Thus, a 90-percent confidence interval for this estimated total is:

$$[59,948 - (1.645 \times 944)]$$
 to  $[59,948 + (1.645 \times 944)]$  or  $[58,395,61,501]$ 

One can say that 90 percent of the intervals constructed from repeated samples of the same population will contain the value obtained by averaging all possible values.

**Example 4— Computing a confidence interval for a sum or difference.** Suppose the estimate of people in county B, age 16 years and over, who were in the civilian labor force was 69,314 and the estimated total number of people 16 years and over was 116,666. Further, suppose the population of county B was 225,225. Thus, the estimated percentage of people 16 years and over, who were in the civilian labor force is approximately 59.4 percent. The unadjusted standard error from Table B is approximately 0.63 percentage points. Assume Table E shows the design factor to be 1.2 for "Employment Status" for the state containing county B. Thus, the approximate standard error of the percentage (59.4 percent) is  $0.63 \times 1.2 = 0.76$  percentage points.

Now, suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the difference between county A and county B of the percentage of people who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force. The difference in the percentages of interest for the two cities is:

$$62.6 - 59.4 = 3.2$$
 percentage points.

Using the results of the previous example:

$$SE(3.2) = SE(62.6 - 59.4) = \sqrt{{{{{(0.82)}^2} + {{{(0.76)}^2}}}} \approx \text{1.12 percentage points}$$

The 90-percent confidence interval for the difference is formed as before:

$$[3.20 - (1.645 \times 1.12])$$
 to  $[3.20 + (1.645 \times 1.12)]$  or  $[1.36\%, 5.04\%]$ 

One can say with 90-percent confidence that the interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

When, as in this example, the interval does not include zero, one can conclude, again with 90-percent confidence, that the difference observed between the two counties for this characteristic is greater than can be attributed to sampling error.

**Example 5— Computing the standard error and confidence interval for a ratio.** For reasonably large samples, ratio estimates are approximately normally distributed, particularly for the census population. Therefore, if we can calculate the standard error of a ratio estimate, then we can form a confidence interval around the ratio.

Suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the ratio of the estimate of people who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in county A to the estimate of people who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in county B. The ratio of the two estimates of interest is:

$$SE(0.86) = \left| \frac{59,948}{69,314} \right| \sqrt{\frac{(944)^2}{(59,948)^2} + \frac{(1,146)^2}{(69,314)^2}} \approx 0.02$$

Using the results above, the 90-percent confidence interval for this ratio would be:

$$\hbox{[0.86-(1.645\ x\ 0.02)] to [0.86+(1.645\ x\ 0.02)] or [0.83,\,0.89]}$$

**Example 6— Computing the standard error and confidence interval of a median.** The following example shows the steps for calculating an estimated standard error and confidence interval for the median housing value in a hypothetical city, city C.

- 1. Suppose the design factor in Table E for the housing characteristic "Value" is 1.2 for the state containing city C.
- 2. Obtain the weighted frequency distribution for housing values in city C. The base is the sum of the weighted frequencies (4,227).

Table 1. Frequency Distribution and Cumulative Totals for Housing Value

Housing value	Frequency	Cumulative sum	Cumulative percent
Less than \$50,000 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more	820 752 524 300 248	1,548 2,368 3,120 3,644 3,944 4,192 4,227	36.62 56.02 73.81 86.21 93.30 99.17 100.00

3. Determine the standard error of the estimate of 50 percent from the distribution:

SE(50 percent) = 
$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{19}{4,227} \times 50^2\right)} \times 1.2 \approx 4.02$$

4. Calculate a confidence interval with bounds:

$$p_{lower} = 50 - 4.02 = 45.98$$

$$p\_upper = 50 + 4.02 = 54.02$$

From the given distribution, the category with the cumulative percent first exceeding 45.98 percent is \$50,000 to \$99,999. Therefore, A1 = \$50,000. C1 is the cumulative percent of housing units with value less than \$50,000. As a result, C1 = 36.62 percent.

The category with the cumulative percent that first exceeds 54.02 percent is also \$50,000 to \$99,999. A2 is the smallest value in the next (higher) category, resulting in A2 = \$100,000. C2 is the cumulative percent of housing units with value less than \$100,000. Thus, C2 = 56.02 percent.

5. Given the values obtained in earlier steps, calculate the lower and upper bounds of the confidence interval about the median:

The confidence interval is [\$74,124, \$94,845]

6. The estimated standard error of the median is:

$$SE(median) = \frac{\$94,845 - \$74,124}{2} \approx \$10,361$$

**Example 7— Computing the standard error of a mean.** This example shows the steps for calculating the standard error for the average commuting time for those who commute to work in a hypothetical city, city D. The frequency distribution is given in Table 2.

**Table 2.Frequency Distribution for Travel Time to Work** 

Travel time to work	Frequency
Did not work at home:	776,619
Less than 5 minutes	14,602
5 to 9 minutes	69,066
10 to 14 minutes	107,161
15 to 19 minutes	138,187
20 to 24 minutes	139,726
25 to 29 minutes	52,879
30 to 34 minutes	120,636
35 to 39 minutes	19,751
40 to 44 minutes	25,791
45 to 59 minutes	50,322
60 to 89 minutes	29,178
90 or more minutes	9,320
Worked at home	19,986

- 1. Cumulating the frequencies over the 12 categories for those who commuted to work (i.e., did not work at home) yields the population count (base) of 776,619 workers age 16 years and over.
- 2. Find the midpoint  $m_j$  for each of the 12 categories. Multiply each category's proportion  $p_j$  by the square of the midpoint and sum this product over all categories.

For example, the midpoint of category 1 "Less than 5 minutes" is

$$m_1 = \frac{0+5}{2} = 2.5$$
 minutes,

while the midpoint of the 12th category "90 or more minutes" is

$$m_{12} = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right) 90 = 135 \text{ minutes.}$$

The proportion of units in the first category,  $p_1$ , is

$$p_1 = \frac{14,602}{776,619} = 0.019.$$

Necessary products for the standard error calculation are given in Table 3 along with totals.

Table 3. Calculations for Travel Time to Work

Travel time to work	p <sub>j</sub>	m <sub>j</sub>	p <sub>j</sub> m <sub>j</sub> <sup>2</sup>	p <sub>j</sub> m <sub>j</sub>
Did not work at home:				
Less than 5 minutes	0.019	2.5	0.119	0.048
5 to 9 minutes	0.089	7	4.361	0.623
10 to 14 minutes	0.138	12	19.872	1.656
15 to 19 minutes	0.178	17	51.442	3.026
20 to 24 minutes	0.180	22	87.120	3.960
25 to 29 minutes	0.068	27	49.572	1.836
30 to 34 minutes	0.155	32	158.720	4.960
35 to 39 minutes	0.025	37	34.225	0.925
40 to 44 minutes	0.033	42	58.212	1.386
45 to 59 minutes	0.065	52	175.760	3.380
60 to 89 minutes	0.038	74.5	210.910	2.831
90 or more minutes	0.012	135	218.700	1.620
Total			1069.013	26.251

- 3. To estimate the mean commuting time for people in city D, multiply each category's proportion by its midpoint and sum over all categories in the universe. Table 3 shows an estimated mean travel time to work,  $\bar{x}$ , of 26 minutes.
- 4. Calculate the estimated population variance.

$$s^2 = 1069.013 - (26)^2 = 393.013$$

5. Assume the design factor for "Travel time to work" for the state containing city D is 1.3. Use this information and the results from steps 1 through 4 to calculate an estimated standard error for the mean as:

$$SE(\overline{x}) = \sqrt{\frac{19}{776,619} \times 393.013} \times 1.3 \approx 0.13 \text{ minutes.}$$

#### SELECTING AN APPROPRIATE SAMPLE SIZE

One virtue in the use of the Tables A through D for calculating standard errors and confidence intervals is that this method can be employed prior to making any sample tabulation, and thus, can help the user decide whether a 5-percent or 1-percent sample size is most appropriate for a proposed study.

Suppose that in example 1, the 59,948 figure was based on published census sample data. The confidence interval could be calculated as above. In this case, tabulating a 5-percent sample for this particular characteristic would result in a 90-percent confidence interval [58,395, 61,501]. The width of this interval is 3,106. Tabulating from a 1-percent sample for the same characteristic would result in a confidence interval of [56,404, 63,042]. The width of the interval from the 1-percent sample is 7,088 (over two times the width of the confidence interval from the 5-percent sample). A data user may find this information useful in deciding which sample to use.

Another criterion used in making this type of decision is the coefficient of variation (CV). The CV is a measure of reliability and is defined as the ratio of the standard error of the estimate and the absolute value of the expected value of the estimate. To get an estimate of the CV, substitute the estimate itself for the expected value in the CV formula. In this example, if the 59,948 estimate is obtained from the 5-percent sample, the CV would be 1.6 percent. If the 1-percent sample is tallied to get the estimate then the CV would be 3.6 percent. The smaller the CV, the more reliable the estimate. There is no particular rule of thumb that dictates how large a confidence interval or CV is acceptable. This depends on the relative precision necessary for a particular application as balanced against the relative cost of tabulating microdata samples of the various sizes.

#### USING TABLES A THROUGH D FOR OTHER SAMPLE SIZES

Tables A through D may also be used to approximate the unadjusted standard errors for other sample sizes by adjusting for the sample size desired. The adjustment for sample size is obtained as described below.

Let:  $f_1$  be the sampling rate in any of the Tables A through D, and;

 $f_2$  be the sampling rate for the sample size to be used. The adjustment for sample size can be read from the following table:

### Standard Error Sample Size Adjustment Factors for Different Sampling Rates

$f_1 = 0.05$	j	f <sub>1</sub> = 0.0	1
$f_2$	Adjustment factor	f <sub>2</sub>	Adjustment factor
0.06 0.04 0.03 0.02	1.12 1.30	0.009 0.005 0.003 0.002	1.42 1.83

For example, if the user were to select a subsample of one half of a 1-percent sample, i.e.,  $f_2 = 0.005$ , then the standard errors shown in Tables C or D for a 1-percent sample must be multiplied by 1.42 to obtain the standard errors for a 0.005 sample. The factor of 1.42 shows that the standard errors increase by 42 percent when the sample size is halved.

The principle is also applicable when combining microdata samples to achieve a sample size larger than 5 percent. If, for example, both samples are combined for the same area to obtain an estimate of a characteristic, the standard errors for this sample size (i.e., 6 percent) can be obtained by multiplying those shown in Tables A and B by 0.91. Thus, the increase from a 5-percent to a 6-percent sample reduces the standard error by 9 percent.

The formula used to compute the sample size adjustment factor is:

Adjustment Factor = 
$$\frac{\sqrt{\left|\frac{1}{f_2}\right| - 1}}{\sqrt{\left|\frac{1}{f_1}\right| - 1}}$$

Alternatively, the user may wish to use the following formulas to calculate the unadjusted standard errors directly. For estimated totals the formula is:

$$SE(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{\left|\frac{1}{f_2} - 1\right|\hat{Y}\left(1 - \left(\frac{\hat{Y}}{N}\right)\right)}$$

where:

N = size of geographic area, and;

Y = estimate (weighted) of characteristic total.

Example 1 shows the unadjusted standard error for the figure 59,948 to be 787. Using the above formula with  $f_2$ = 0.06 yields an unadjusted standard error of 714 for a 9-percent reduction in the standard error as shown in the above table.

For an estimated percentage the formula is:

$$\text{SE}(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{\left|\frac{1}{f_2} - 1\right|\left|\frac{\hat{p}(100 - \hat{p})}{B}\right|}$$

where:

p = estimated percentage, and;

B = base of estimated percentage (weighted estimate).

#### ESTIMATION OF STANDARD ERRORS DIRECTLY FROM THE MICRODATA SAMPLES

Use of tables or formulas to derive approximate standard errors as discussed above is simple and does not complicate processing. Nonetheless, a more accurate estimate of the standard error can be obtained from the samples themselves, using the random group method. Using this method it is also possible to compute standard errors for mean ratios, indexes, correlation coefficients, or other statistics for which the tables or formulas presented earlier do not apply.

The random group method does increase processing time somewhat since it requires that the statistic of interest, for example a total, be computed separately for each of up to 100 random groups. The variability of that statistic for the sample as a whole is estimated from the variability of the statistic among the various random groups within the sample. The procedure for calculating a standard error by the random group method for various statistics is given below.

**Totals.** To obtain the standard errors of estimated totals the following method should be used. The random groups estimate of variance of  $\hat{X}$  is given by:

$$var(\hat{X}) = \left(\frac{t}{t-1}\right) \sum_{g=1}^{t} \left[ X_g - \frac{1}{t} (\sum_{g=1}^{t} X_g) \right]^2$$

or the computational formula:

$$var(\hat{X}) = \left(\frac{t}{t-1}\right) \sum_{g=1}^{t} x_g^2 - t\overline{x}_g^2$$

where:

t = number of random groups, and;

 $x_g$  = the weighted microdata sample total of the characteristic of interest from the  $g^{th}$  random group.

$$\overline{\mathbf{x}}_{g} = \sum_{q=1}^{t} \frac{\mathbf{x}_{g}}{t}$$

$$SE(\hat{X}) = \sqrt{var(\hat{X})}$$

It is suggested that t = 100 for estimating the standard error of a total since, as it is discussed in the next chapter, each of the sample records was assigned a two-digit subsample number sequentially from 00 to 99. The two-digit number can be used to form 100 random groups.

For example, a sample case with 01 as the two-digit number will be in random group 1. All sample cases with 02 as the two-digit number will be in random group 2, etc., up to 00 as the one hundredth random group. The reliability of the random group variance estimator is a function of both the kurtosis of the estimator and the number of groups, t. If t is small, the coefficient of variation (CV) will be large, and therefore, the variance estimator will be of low precision. In general, the larger t is, the more reliable the variance estimator will be.

**Percentages, ratios, and means.** To obtain the estimated standard error of a percent, ratio, or mean, the following method should be used.

Let

$$\hat{\hat{r}} = \frac{\hat{x}}{\hat{x}} \text{ be the estimated percent ratio, or mean where: } \hat{y}$$

 $\hat{x}$  and  $\hat{y}$  = the estimated totals as defined above for the X and Y characteristics.

For the case where both the numerator and the denominator are obtained from the full microdata sample (i.e. the file was not subsampled) then the variance of is given by

$$var(\hat{r}) = \left(\frac{t}{t-1}\right) \left(\frac{1}{\hat{y}}\right)^2 \sum_{g=1}^{t} (x_g - \hat{r} y_g)^2$$

where:

t and  $x_{\alpha}$  are defined above,

y = the weighted full microdata sample total for the y characteristic, and;

y  $_{\rm g}$  = the corresponding weighted total for the  ${\rm g}^{\rm th}$  random group.

#### CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS, REGRESSION COEFFICIENTS AND COMPLEX STATISTICS

The random group method for computing the variance of correlation coefficients, regression coefficients, and other complex nonlinear statistics may be expressed as:

$$var(\hat{A}) = \left(\frac{t}{t-1}\right) \sum_{g=1}^{t} (\hat{A}_g - \hat{A})^2$$

where:

 $\hat{A}_g$  = the weighted estimate (at the tabulation area level) of the statistic of interest computed from the  $g^{th}$  random group, and;

A = corresponding weighted estimate computed from the full microdata sample.

Care must be exercised when using this variance estimator for complex nonlinear statistics as its properties have not been fully explored for such statistics. In particular, the choice of the number of random groups must be considered more carefully. When using the 5-percent sample, use of t=100 for all areas tabulated is recommended. When using the 1-percent sample or samples having a smaller sampling fraction, the user should consider using a smaller number of random groups to ensure that each random group contains at least 25 records. Fewer than 100 random groups can be formed by appropriate combination of the two-digit subsample numbers. For example, to construct 50 random groups assign all records in which the subsample number is 01 or 51 to the first random group; all records in which the subsample number is 02 or 52 to the second random group, etc. Finally, assign all records in which the subsample number is 00 or 50 to random group 50. Ten random groups can be constructed by including all records having subsample numbers with the same "units" digit in a particular random group. For example, subsample numbers 00,10,...,90 would form one random group; subsample numbers 01,11,...,91 would form a second random group, etc.

#### STANDARD ERRORS FOR SMALL ESTIMATES

Percentage estimates of zero and estimated totals of zero are subject to both sampling and non-sampling error. While the magnitude of the error is difficult to quantify, users should be aware that such estimates are nevertheless subject to both sampling and nonsampling error even though in the case of zero estimates the corresponding random groups estimate of variance will be zero.

Also, the standard error estimates obtained using the random groups method do not include all components of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Therefore, the standard errors calculated using the methods described in this section represent a lower bound for the total error. Data users should be aware that, in general, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors do not meet the stated levels of confidence. Data users are advised to be conservative when making inferences from the data provided in this data product.

#### **NONSAMPLING ERROR**

In any large-scale statistical operation, such as Census 2000, human and processing errors occur. These errors are commonly referred to as nonsampling errors. Such errors include: not enumerating every household or every person in the population, failing to obtain all required information from the respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information incorrectly. In addition, errors can occur during the field review of the enumerators' work, during clerical handling of the census questionnaires, or during the electronic data capturing and processing of the questionnaires.

While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the decennial census, the Census Bureau attempts to control the sources of such error during the data collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted to control this error in Census 2000 are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census.

#### **Types of Nonsampling Error**

**Nonresponse.** Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire or the failure to obtain any information for a housing unit allows for the introduction of bias into the data because the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any imputation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect these differences either at the elemental level (individual person or housing unit) or on average. As part of the data processing, people and/or housing units for which sample data were not collected may have their data imputed to ensure a sufficient number of sample people/housing units in a given area. As a result, the imputation rates for some small geographic areas, such as tracts, may be very high. The Census Bureau cautions data users about the impact the higher imputation rates may have on the sample characteristics. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. Characteristics for the nonresponses were imputed by using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics.

**Respondent and enumerator error.** The person answering the mail questionnaire for a household or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error, although the question wording was extensively tested in several experimental studies prior to the census. The mail respondent may overlook or misunderstand a question, or answer a question in a way that cannot be interpreted correctly by the data capture system. Also, the enumerator may: misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent, fail to collect some of the information for a person or household, or collect data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. Enumerators were monitored carefully to minimize these types of field enumeration problems. Field staff was prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages that included hands-on experience with census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by each enumerator was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of fabricated data being submitted by enumerators.

**Processing error.** The many phases involved in processing the census data represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires completed by enumerators included field review by the crew leader, check-in, and transmittal of completed questionnaires. No field reviews were done on the mail return questionnaires. Error may also be introduced by the misinterpretation of data by the data capture system, or the failure to capture all the information that the respondents or enumerators provided on the forms. Write-in entries go through coding operations, which may also be a source of processing error in the data. Many of the various field, coding, and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to help ensure their accurate application.

#### **Reduction of Nonsampling Error**

A number of techniques were implemented during the census planning and development stages to reduce various types of nonsampling errors. Quality assurance methods were used throughout the data collection and processing phases of the census to improve the quality of the data. In addition, the Census Bureau implemented a reinterview program to minimize errors in the data-collection phase for enumerator-filled questionnaires.

Several initiatives were implemented during Census 2000 to minimize the undercoverage of population and housing units and to reduce costs. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1990 decennial census and results from the Census 2000 testing cycle. They included:

- Be Counted questionnaires—unaddressed forms requesting all short form data and a few additional items - were available in public locations for people who believed they were not otherwise counted.
- An introductory letter was sent to all Mailout/Mailback addresses and many addresses in Update/Leave areas prior to the mailing of the census form. A reminder postcard was also sent to these addresses.

- Forms in Spanish and other languages were mailed to those who requested them by returning the introductory letter.
- A well-publicized, toll-free telephone number was available to answer questions about the census forms. Responses from people in households who received a short form could be taken over the telephone.
- Under the Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) program, local officials had the opportunity to address specific concerns about the accuracy and completeness of the Master Address File before mailings began.

#### **Resolving Multiple Responses**

There were multiple modes of response for Census 2000. Because there were various ways people could initiate their enumeration in the census it was very likely that some people could be enumerated more than once. A special computer process was implemented to control this type of nonsampling error by resolving situations where more than one form was received from a particular housing unit, as designated by its identification (ID). The process consisted of several steps. IDs that had more than one viable returned census form were analyzed to create a household roster. Within each of these IDs, the person records on each return were compared with person records on the other return(s). People included on two or more different returns were marked as such, and only one of the person records was used in the creation of the household roster.

#### **EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA**

The objective of the processing operation was to produce a set of data that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. In a major change from past practice, the information on Census 2000 questionnaires generally was not edited for consistency, completeness, or acceptability during field data collection or data capture operations. Census crew leaders and local office clerks reviewed enumerator-filled questionnaires for adherence to specified procedures. Unlike previous censuses, mail return questionnaires were not subjected to clerical review and households were not contacted to collect missing data.

Most census questionnaires received by mail from respondents as well as those filled by enumerators were processed through a new contractor-built image scanning system that used optical mark and character recognition to convert the responses into computer files. The optical character recognition, or OCR, process used several pattern and context checks to estimate accuracy thresholds for each write-in field. The system also used "soft edits" on most interpreted numeric write-in responses to decide whether the field values read by the machine interpretation were acceptable. If the value read had a lower than acceptable accuracy threshold or was outside the soft edit range, the image of the item was displayed to a keyer who then entered the response.

To control the possible creation of erroneous people from questionnaires containing stray marks or completed incorrectly, the data capture system included an edit for the number of people indicated on each mail return and enumerator-filled questionnaire. If the edit failed, the questionnaire image was reviewed at a workstation by an operator. The operator identified erroneous person records and corrected OCR interpretation errors in the population count field.

At Census Bureau headquarters, the mail response data records were subjected to a computer edit that identified households exhibiting a possible coverage problem and those with more than six household members - the maximum number of people who could be enumerated on a mail questionnaire. Attempts were made to contact these households on the telephone to correct the count inconsistency and to collect census data for those people for whom there was no room on the questionnaire.

Incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaire data records was assigned acceptable values using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person that was consistent with entries for people with similar characteristics. Assigning acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data

Another way in which corrections were made during the computer editing process was substitution. Substitution assigned a full set of characteristics for people in a household. If there was an indication that a household was occupied by a specified number of people but the questionnaire contained no information for people within the household, or if the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, the Census Bureau selected a previously accepted household of the same size with the same demographic characteristics and substituted its full set of characteristics for this household.

#### **USE OF ALLOCATION FLAGS IN THESE FILES**

As a result of the editing there are no blank fields or missing data in public use microdata sample files. Each field contains a data value or a "not applicable" indicator, except for the few items where allocation was not appropriate and a "not reported" indicator is included. For every subject item it is possible for the user to differentiate between entries which were allocated, by means of "allocation flags" in the microdata files. For all items it is possible to compute the allocation rate and, if the rate is appreciable, compute the distribution of actually observed values (with allocated data omitted) and compare it with the overall distribution including allocated values. The allocation flags indicate the changes made between observed and final output values.

These flags may indicate up to four possible types of allocations:

- a. **Pre-edit.** When the original entry was rejected because it fell outside the range of acceptable values.
- b. **Consistency.** Imputed missing characteristics based on other information recorded for the person or housing unit.
- c. **Hot Deck.** Supplied the missing information from the record of another person or housing unit.
- d. Cold Deck. Supplied missing information from a predetermined distribution.

In general, the allocation procedures provide better data than could be obtained by simply weighting up the observed distribution to account for missing values. The procedures reflect local variations in characteristics as well as variations among the strata used in imputation. There are, however, certain circumstances where allocated data may introduce undesirable bias. It may be particularly important to analyze allocations of data in detailed studies of subpopulations or in statistics derived from cross-classification of variables, such as correlation coefficients or measures of regression. The degree of editing required was greater for some subjects than for others. While the allocation procedure was designed to yield appropriate statistics for the overall distribution or for specific subpopulations (the strata used in the allocation process), allocated characteristics will not necessarily have a valid relationship with other observed variables for the same individual. For example, consider a tabulation of people 80 years old and over by income. Income allocations were made separately for different age groupings, including the category 65 years old and over, but not separately for people 80 years old and over.

If people 65 to 70 or 75 are more likely to have significant earnings than people 80 or over, allocated income data for the latter group might be biased upward. Thus, if the rate of allocations for the group is appreciably large, and a bias in the allocated value is evident, it may be desirable to exclude allocated data from the analysis.

It should also be apparent from this illustration that knowledge of the specific allocation procedures is valuable in detailed subject analysis. Descriptions of the editing and allocation procedures for each item are being incorporated in the History of the 2000 Census of Population and Housing to be published later. A user may contact either the Population Division or Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division, Bureau of the Census, if more information is desired on the allocation scheme for a specific subject item.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals from Census 2000 5-Percent PUMS

Fatiment of total 1	Size of geographic area tabulated <sup>2</sup>												
Estimated total <sup>1</sup>	100,000	250,000	500,000	750,000	1,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	25,000,000					
1,000 2,500 5,000 10,000 15,000 25,000 75,000 100,000 500,000 750,000 1,000,000 5,000,000 1,000,000	137 215 300 414 492 597 597	138 217 305 427 518 654 999 1,068	138 217 307 432 526 672 1,101 1,233 1,541	138 218 307 433 528 678 1,132 1,283 1,780	138 218 307 434 530 681 1,148 1,308 1,887 2,179 1,887	138 218 308 435 533 687 1,185 1,365 2,124 2,924 3,480 3,899	138 218 308 436 533 688 1,189 1,371 2,152 3,004 3,631 4,135 6,892	138 218 308 436 534 689 1,192 1,376 2,169 3,051 3,718 4,271 8,718 10,677					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For estimated totals larger than 10,000,000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula (1) given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

$$SE(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{19(\hat{Y})\left(1 - \frac{\hat{Y}}{N}\right)}$$
 (1)

N = Size of geographic area

 $\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Percentages from Census 2000 5-Percent PUMS (Standard Errors Expressed in Percentage Points)

Estimated		Base (weighted total) of percentage <sup>1</sup>											
percentage	1,000	1,500	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000		
2 or 98	1.9	1.6	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1		
5 or 95	3.0	2.5	1.9	1.3	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1		
10 or 90	4.1	3.4	2.6	1.8	1.5	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2		
15 or 85	4.9	4.0	3.1	2.2	1.8	1.6	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2		
20 or 80	5.5	4.5	3.5	2.5	2.0	1.7	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.2		
25 or 75	6.0	4.9	3.8	2.7	2.2	1.9	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.3		
30 or 70	6.3	5.2	4.0	2.8	2.3	2.0	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3		
35 or 65	6.6	5.4	4.2	2.9	2.4	2.1	1.3	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.3		
50	6.9	5.6	4.4	3.1	2.5	2.2	1.4	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.3		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For a percentage and/or base of a percentage not shown in the table, use the formula (2) given below to calculate the standard error.

$$SE(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{19}{B}\hat{p}(100 - \hat{p})}$$
 (2)

B = Base of estimated percentage

 $\hat{p}$  = Estimated percentage

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Total count of people, housing units, households, or families in the area if the estimated total is a person, housing unit, household, or family characteristic, respectively.

Table C. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals from Census 2000 1-Percent PUMS

Estimated total <sup>1</sup>	Size of geographic area tabulated <sup>1</sup>											
Estimated total	100,000	250,000	500,000	750,000	1,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	25,000,000				
1,000 2,500 5,000 10,000 15,000 25,000 75,000 100,000 500,000 750,000 1,000,000 5,000,000 1,000,000	313 491 686 944 1,123 1,362 1,362	314 495 696 975 1,181 1,492 2,280 2,437	314 496 700 985 1,200 1,533 2,512 2,814 3,518	314 497 701 988 1,206 1,547 2,585 2,929 4,062 4,062	314 497 702 990 1,209 1,553 2,621 2,985 4,308 4,975 4,308	315 497 703 994 1,217 1,569 2,704 3,115 4,849 6,675 7,944 8,899	315 497 703 994 1,218 1,571 2,715 3,131 4,912 6,857 8,287 9,439 15,732	315 497 703 995 1,218 1,572 2,721 3,140 4,950 6,965 8,487 9,749 19,900 24,372				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For estimated totals larger than 10,000,000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula (3) given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

$$SE(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{99(\hat{Y})\left(1 - \frac{\hat{Y}}{N}\right)}$$
 (3)

N = Size of geographic area

 $\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

Table D. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Percentages from Census 2000 1-Percent PUMS (Standard Errors Expressed in Percentage Points)

Estimated	Base (weighted total) of percentage <sup>1</sup>											
percentage	1,000	1,500	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000	
2 or 98	4.4	3.6	2.8	2.0	1.6	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	
5 or 95	6.9	5.6	4.3	3.1	2.5	2.2	1.4	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.3	
10 or 90	9.4	7.7	6.0	4.2	3.4	3.0	1.9	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	
15 or 85	11.2	9.2	7.1	5.0	4.1	3.6	2.2	1.6	1.1	0.7	0.5	
20 or 80	12.6	10.3	8.0	5.6	4.6	4.0	2.5	1.8	1.3	0.8	0.6	
25 or 75	13.6	11.1	8.6	6.1	5.0	4.3	2.7	1.9	1.4	0.9	0.6	
30 or 70	14.4	11.8	9.1	6.4	5.3	4.6	2.9	2.0	1.4	0.9	0.6	
35 or 65	15.0	12.3	9.5	6.7	5.5	4.7	3.0	2.1	1.5	0.9	0.7	
50	15.7	12.8	9.9	7.0	5.7	5.0	3.1	2.2	1.6	1.0	0.7	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For a percentage and/or base of a percentage not shown in the table, use the formula (4) given below to calculate the standard error.

$$SE(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{99 \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}{B}}$$
 (4)

B = Base of estimated percentage

p = Estimated percentage

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Total count of people, housing units, households, or families in the area if the estimated total is a person, housing unit, household, or family characteristic, respectively.

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—United States

Characteristic	Desiç fact
POPULATION	
Age	1
Sex	1
Race	2
dispanic or Latino	2
Marital status	1
lousehold type and relationship	1
bisabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	1
lace of birth	1
itizenship status	1
esidence in 1995	2
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
busehold type	
amily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
nployment statusdustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
Imber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
rpe of income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999	
unily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ace of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
nits in structure	
nure	
ccupancy status	
lue	
oss rent.	
pusehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
elephone service available	
phicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Alabama

Characteristic	Designation Designation
POPULATION	
Age	1
iex.	1
Race	2
lispanic or Latino	2
larital status	1
lousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	1
ace of birth	1
tizenship status	
esidence in 1995	•
ear of entry	
Inguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
busehold type	
mily type	
Diamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
mber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
vusehold income in 1999	
milly income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
verty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
be of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
ımbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Alaska

Characteristic	Desi fac
OPULATION	
ge	1
ex	1
ace	1
ispanic or Latino.	1
arital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	-
ace of birth	
tizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ar of entry	
inguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
busehold type	
mily type	
bfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
pployment status	
Justry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ice of work	
eans of transportation to work	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
vate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
susehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999	
verty status in 1999 (people)	
verty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
ue	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
Imbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
ephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Arizona

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	1
Sex.	1
Pace.	2
lispanic or Latino	2
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural).	
pusehold type	
amily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
imber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work.	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
/pe of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999.	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
e of householder	
ice of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
ccupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
ımbing facilities	
puse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Arkansas

Characteristic	Desi fac
OPULATION	
ge	1
ex	1
ace.	2
ispanic or Latino	2
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
susehold type	
mily type	
bfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
pusehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overtý status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status.	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent.	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities.	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
oss rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—California

Characteristic	Desi fact
POPULATION	
Age	1
Sex .	1
Pace.	2
dispanic or Latino	2
Agrital status	1
lousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	1
lace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	:
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
amily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
umber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
ravel time to work	
ime leaving home to go to work.	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
ype of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999.	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
lilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ace of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
nits in structure	
nure	
ccupancy status	
ilue	
oss rent	
busehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
ooms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
elephone service available	
Phicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Colorado

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	1
Sex	1
Pace.	2
dispanic or Latino	2
farital status	1
lousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	1
lace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
/pe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
mber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
/pe of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
e of householder	
nce of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
puse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Connecticut

Characteristic	Desig fact
POPULATION	
\ge	1
ex	1
ace	2
ispanic or Latino	2
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	1
ace of birth tizenship status	1
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
inguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
lucational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
busehold type	
mily type	:
bfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
rual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of workeans of transportation to work	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ioms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities.	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Delaware

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	
Sex	-
Pace.	2
lispanic or Latino	2
larital status	
ousehold type and relationship	-
isabled and employment disability	-
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
/pe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
mber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work.	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
/pe of income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999.	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householderspanic or Latino householderspanic or Latino householder	
·	
be of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—District of Columbia

Characteristic	Desigr facto
POPULATION	
Age	1.3
Sex	1.2
Race	1.9
Hispanic or Latino	1.8
Marital status	1.2
Household type and relationship	1.2
Disabled and employment disability	1.3
Ancestry	1.0
Place of birth	1.: 1.:
Residence in 1995	1.8
/ear of entry	1.0
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English	1.0
Educational attainment	1.3
School enrollment	1.4
Type of residence (urban/rural)	N/A
Household type	1.2
-amily type	2.
Subfamily type and presence of children	1.3
Grandparent status and responsibility for grandchild	1.5
Employment status	1.3
ndustry	1.3
Occupation	1.
Class of worker	1.
Jsual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	1.
lumber of workers in family in 1999	1.
Place of work	1. 1.
ravel time to work	1.
Time leaving home to go to work.	1.
Private vehicle occupancy	1.
Type of income in 1999	1.
Household income in 1999	1.
Family income in 1999	1.
Poverty status in 1999 (people)	1.
Poverty status in 1999 (families)	1.
Military service and veteran status	1.
HOUSING	
ge of householder	1.
Race of householder	1.
dispanic or Latino householder	1.
ype of residence (urban/rural)	N/
Inits in structure	1.
enure	1.
ocupancy status	1
alue	1
lousehold income in 1999	1
ear structure built	i
ooms, bedrooms.	1
itchen facilities	1
lumbing facilities	1
ouse heating fuel	1
elephone service available	1
'ehicles available	1
ear householder moved into unit	1
Nortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	1
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	1.
Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	1.
Household income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	1.

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Florida

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	
ex.	
ace.	2
ispanic or Latino	2
arital status	
ousehold type and relationship	
sabled and employment disability	
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
busehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
ployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
mber of workers in family in 1999.	
ice of work	
eans of transportation to work	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
/pe of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
illitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ace of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Georgia

Characteristic	Design fact
POPULATION	
Age	1
iex	1
dace	2
lispanic or Latino	2
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	1
ace of birth	
tizenship status	
esidence in 1995	2
ear of entry	
Inguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)busehold type	
mily type	
bfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
mber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
vate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
usehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999	
verty status in 1999 (people)	
verty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
be of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Hawaii

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Nge	1
ex.	1
lace.	2
lispanic or Latino	2
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	-
isabled and employment disability	
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
par of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
Imber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
/pe of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ace of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
pe of residence (urban/rurar)	
nure	
cupancy status	
lueoss rent.	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
shicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Idaho

Characteristic	Desig fact
POPULATION	
Age	1
ex	1
ace	2
ispanic or Latino	2
arital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	1
ace of birth tizenship status	-
esidence in 1995	2
ear of entry	
Inguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
lucational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
bfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to workeans of transportation to workeavel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities.	
Imbing facilities	
shibing facilities	
ephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Illinois

Characteristic	Desi fac
OPULATION	
ge	
ex.	
ace.	2
ispanic or Latino	2
arital status	
ousehold type and relationship	
sabled and employment disability	
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
rpe of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ace of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lueoss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortages status and monthly mortages socta	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Indiana

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
.ge	1
lex.	1
lace.	2
lispanic or Latino	2
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	-
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	:
par of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
amily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
imber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
ravel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
/pe of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ace of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
rpe of residence (urban/rural).	
nits in structure	
nure	
ccupancy status	
ross rent	
busehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
puse heating fuel	
lanhana aaniiga ayailahla	
· ·	
phicles available	
ehicles availableear householder moved into unit	
ehicles available	
elephone service available ehicles available ear householder moved into unit ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs. ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—lowa

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
.ge	1
iex.	1
ace.	2
ispanic or Latino	2
arital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability.	1
ncestry	-
ace of birth	
tizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
nguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
lucational attainment.	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
susehold type	
mily type	
bfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
ployment status	
dustry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
mber of workers in family in 1999.	
inder of workers in family in 1999.	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
usehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999.	
verty status in 1999 (people)	
verty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status.	
DUSING	
e of householder.	
ce of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
be of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
ue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
mbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
ephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
oss rent as a percentage of household income in 1999busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Kansas

Characteristic	Desi fac
OPULATION	
ge	1
ex	1
ace.	2
spanic or Latino	2
arital status	-
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	
ace of birth	
tizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
hool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
ployment status	
dustry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999	
verty status in 1999 (people)	
everty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status.	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lueoss rent	
usehold income in 1999ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Kentucky

Characteristic	Desi fac
OPULATION	
ge	
SX	
ace.	
spanic or Latino	
arital status	
ousehold type and relationship	
sabled and employment disability	
ncestry	
ace of birth	
tizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
inguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
hool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
usehold type	
mily type	
bfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
ployment status	
Justry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
vate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
usehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999	
verty status in 1999 (people)	
verty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status.	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder.	
panic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
its in structure	
nis in structure	
cupancy status	
ue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities.	
mbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
ephone service availablebisles available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
noracia status and monitov monosos rosis	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Louisiana

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
ge	1
iex.	1
ace	2
ispanic or Latino	2
arital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability.	1
ncestry	-
ace of birth	
tizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
nguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
lucational attainment.	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
susehold type	
mily type	
bfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
ployment status	
dustry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
mber of workers in family in 1999.	
inder of workers in family in 1999.	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
vate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
usehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999.	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
verty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status.	
DUSING	
e of householder.	
ce of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
ue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
mbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
ephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
oss rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Maine

Characteristic	Desi fac
OPULATION	
ge	1
ex	1
ace	1
lispanic or Latino	1
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
sabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	
ace of birth	
tizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
inguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
susehold type	
mily type	
bfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
Justry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
vate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
usehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999	
verty status in 1999 (people)	
vertý status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status.	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
ue	
oss rent.	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities.	
Imbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Maryland

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	1
Sex .	1
ace	2
lispanic or Latino	2
larital status	-
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	:
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
ployment status	
dustry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
pusehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householderspanic or Latino householderspanic or Latino householder	
·	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
and the second of the second s	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Massachusetts

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	1
jex	1
Race	2
lispanic or Latino	2
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	-
sabled and employment disability	
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
par of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
umber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
ype of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
illitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ace of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
rpe of residence (urban/rural).	
nits in structure	
ints in structure	
ccupancy status	
alue	
ousehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
chicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Michigan

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	1
iex.	1
dace	1
lispanic or Latino	2
larital status	2
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	1
ace of birth	
tizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ar of entry	
nguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
biamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
mber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999	
verty status in 1999 (people)	
verty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
be of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
ue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
mbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Minnesota

Characteristic	Design fact
POPULATION	
Age	1
Sex	1
Race	2
dispanic or Latino	2
Marital status	1
lousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	1
lace of birth	1
itizenship status	1
esidence in 1995	1
ear of entry	1
ducational attainment	-
chool enrollment	1
ype of residence (urban/rural).	1
ousehold type	-
amily type	:
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
mployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
umber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to workrivate vehicle occupancy	
/pe of income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status	
OUSING	
je of householder	
ace of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
nits in structure	
enure	
ccupancy status	
alue	
oss rent.	
busehold income in 1999	
ear structure built	
poms, bedroomstaban facilities	
tchen facilities	
umbing facilities	
blephone service available	
ehicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
lortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
lortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Mississippi

Characteristic	Desig facto
POPULATION	
Age	1.3
Sex	1.3
Race	2.
Hispanic or Latino	2.
Marital status	1.
Household type and relationship	1.
Disabled and employment disability	1.
Ancestry	1.
Place of birth	1. 1.
Residence in 1995	1.
/ear of entry	1.
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	1.
Educational attainment	1.
School enrollment	1.
Type of residence (urban/rural)	1.
lousehold type	1.
amily type	2
Subfamily type and presence of children	1
Grandparent status and responsibility for grandchild	1
Imployment status	1
ndustry	1
Occupation	1
lass of worker	1
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	1
umber of workers in family in 1999lace of work	1
leans of transportation to work.	1
ravel time to work	1
ime leaving home to go to work.	1
Private vehicle occupancy	1
ype of income in 1999	1
ousehold income in 1999	1
ramily income in 1999	1
Poverty status in 1999 (people)	1
Poverty status in 1999 (families)	1
filitary service and veteran status	1
OUSING	
ge of householder	1
ace of householder	1
ispanic or Latino householder	1
ype of residence (urban/rural)	0
nits in structure	0
enure	1
ocupancy status	1
alue	1
ousehold income in 1999	1
ear structure built	i
ooms, bedrooms.	1
itchen facilities	Ċ
lumbing facilities	1
ouse heating fuel	1
elephone service available	1
ehicles available	1
ear householder moved into unit	1
Nortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	1
Nortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	1
Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	1
Household income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	1

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Missouri

Characteristic	Desi fac
OPULATION	
ge	-
ex.	-
ace.	2
ispanic or Latino	2
larital status	-
ousehold type and relationship	-
isabled and employment disability	-
ncestry	-
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
par of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
busehold type	
amily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
rpe of income in 1999	
pusehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ice of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lueoss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
IST DOUGEDOUGE TOOMED INTO UNIT	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs.  ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs.  ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999.	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Montana

POPULATION Age. Sex. Race. Hispanic or Latino.	
Sex	
Sex	
Race	
lispanic or Latino	
larital status	
ousehold type and relationship	
isabled and employment disability	
ncestry	
ace of birth	
tizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
inguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment.	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
usehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
ployment status	
Justry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ice of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
vate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
usehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999	
verty status in 1999 (people)	
verty status in 1999 (families)	
itary service and veteran status.	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householderganic or Latino householder	
penic of Latino householder	
its in structure	
cupancy status	
ue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
Imbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Nebraska

Characteristic	Designation of the design of t
POPULATION	
Nge	1
Sex .	1
Pace.	2
dispanic or Latino	2
farital status	1
lousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	-
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
amily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
mployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
umber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
leans of transportation to work	
ravel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
ype of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
filitary service and veteran status	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ace of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
/pe of residence (urban/rural)	
nits in structure	
enure	
ccupancy status	
alue	
ross rent	
busehold income in 1999	
ear structure built	
poms, bedrooms	
tchen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
elephone service available	
ehicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
lortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Nevada

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	
iex.	-
ace.	2
lispanic or Latino	2
arital status	
ousehold type and relationship	
sabled and employment disability	
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
rpe of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ace of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lueoss rent.	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
shicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—New Hampshire

Characteristic	Desi fac
OPULATION	
.ge	1
iex.	1
Race.	1
lispanic or Latino	1
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	
ace of birth	
tizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
susehold type	
mily type	
bfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
usehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
vvertý status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status.	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent.	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities.	
Imbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
oss rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—New Jersey

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	1
ex.	1
ace.	2
lispanic or Latino	2
arital status	
ousehold type and relationship	
sabled and employment disability	
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
busehold type	
imily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
lass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
Imber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work.	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
/pe of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
illitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ace of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
rpe of residence (urban/rural).	
nits in structure	
enure	
ccupancy status	
alue	
pusehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
elephone service available	
ehicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
lortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costsross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
nos nem as a necentade or nonsenou (ICOME III 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—New Mexico

Characteristic	Desiq fact
POPULATION	
\ge	1
Sex	1
Race	2
lispanic or Latino	2
Marital status	1
lousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	1
ace of birth	1
tizenship status	•
esidence in 1995	2
ear of entry	
Inguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
busehold type	
mily type	
bfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of workeans of transportation to work	
avel time to work.	
me leaving home to go to work.	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status.	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—New York

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	
iex.	
ace	2
ispanic or Latino	2
arital status	
ousehold type and relationship	
sabled and employment disability	
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
inguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
busehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
coupation	
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	
ass of worker	
ual flours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
rpe of income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
ımbing facilities	
suse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—North Carolina

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	1
jex	1
Race	2
lispanic or Latino	2
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	-
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
par of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
busehold type	
amily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
mployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
umber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
ravel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work.	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
/pe of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ace of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
rpe of residence (urban/rural).	
nits in structure	
enure	
ccupancy status	
alue	
busehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
elephone service available	
Phicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
lortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
lortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—North Dakota

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	1
jex	1
Race	2
lispanic or Latino	2
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	-
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
par of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
busehold type	
amily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
mployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
umber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
ravel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work.	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
/pe of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ace of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
rpe of residence (urban/rural).	
nits in structure	
enure	
ccupancy status	
alue	
busehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
elephone service available	
Phicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
lortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
lortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Ohio

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
.ge	
iex.	
ace	:
lispanic or Latino	
larital status	
ousehold type and relationship	
isabled and employment disability	
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
ployment status	
dustry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
mber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
rpe of income in 1999	
pusehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ice of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
its in structure	
nis in structure	
cupancy status	
lue	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
Imbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Oklahoma

Characteristic	Design fact
POPULATION	
.ge	1
iex	1
lace.	2
ispanic or Latino	2
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability.	1
ncestry	1
ace of birth	
tizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
inguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
busehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to workavel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999.	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status.	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
be of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
puse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
oss rent as a percentage of household income in 1999busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Oregon

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
.ge	
Sex	-
lace	2
dispanic or Latino	2
farital status	-
ousehold type and relationship	-
isabled and employment disability	-
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
ployment status	
dustry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
mber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
rpe of income in 1999	
pusehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ce of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
·	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
oss rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Pennsylvania

Characteristic	Desi fac
OPULATION	
ge	
ex.	
ace.	2
ispanic or Latino	2
arital status	
ousehold type and relationship	
sabled and employment disability	
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
par of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
DUSING	
ge of householder	
ce of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lueoss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
Imbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Rhode Island

Characteristic	Designation of the design of t
OPULATION	
ge	1
ex	1
ace	2
lispanic or Latino	2
flarital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	-
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
par of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
amily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
umber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work	
ravel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
/pe of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
ace of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
rpe of residence (urban/rural).	
nits in structure	
nure	
alue	
busehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
elephone service available	
ehicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs. ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs. ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999.	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—South Carolina

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	1
lex.	1
Race	2
lispanic or Latino	2
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	-
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
/pe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
lass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
Imber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
ravel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work.	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
ype of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
lilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
' I	
ace of householderspanic or Latino householder	
·	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
nits in structure	
nure	
ccupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
shicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—South Dakota

Characteristic	Desiç fact
POPULATION	
\ge	1
Sex	1
Race	2
dispanic or Latino	2
Marital status	1
lousehold type and relationship	1
bisabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	1
lace of birth	1
itizenship status	1
esidence in 1995	1
ear of entry	-
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	-
ducational attainment	1
chool enrollment	1
/pe of residence (urban/rural)	
busehold type	
ımily type	:
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
umber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work	
ravel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
rivate vehicle occupancy/pe of income in 1999	
pusehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999.	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status.	
DUSING	
ge of householder	
spanic or Lating householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
nure	
ccupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
busehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
elephone service available	
phicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Tennessee

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
nge	-
iex.	-
lace	2
lispanic or Latino	2
larital status	-
ousehold type and relationship	-
isabled and employment disability	-
ncestry	-
ace of birth	
tizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
inguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
imily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ace of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
ımbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Texas

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	1
Sex	1
Pace.	2
dispanic or Latino	2
farital status	1
lousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	1
lace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	2
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
Imber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
ype of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
e of householder	
ace of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
puse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
Phicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Utah

Characteristic	Desigi facto
POPULATION	
Age	1.3
Sex	1.2
Race	2.3
Hispanic or Latino	2.3
Marital status	1.0
Household type and relationship	1.
Disabled and employment disability	1.4
Ancestry	2.
Place of birth	1.
Citizenship status	1. 2.
Residence in 1995	2. 1.
/ear of entry	1.
Educational attainment.	1.
School enrollment	1.
Type of residence (urban/rural).	1.
lousehold type	1.
family type	2
Subfamily type and presence of children	1.
arandparent status and responsibility for grandchild	1
mployment status	1
ndustry	1
Occupation	1
lass of worker	1
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	1
umber of workers in family in 1999	1
lace of work	1
Means of transportation to work	1
ravel time to work	1
ime leaving home to go to work	1
ype of income in 1999	i
lousehold income in 1999	1
amily income in 1999	1
overty status in 1999 (people)	1
Poverty status in 1999 (families)	1
filitary service and veteran status	1
IOUSING	
ge of householder	1
ace of householder	1
ispanic or Latino householder	1
ype of residence (urban/rural)	0
nits in structure	1
enure	1
Occupancy status	1
alue	1
ross rent	1
ousehold income in 1999	1
ear structure built	1
ooms, bedroomsitchen facilities	1
lumbing facilities	1
ouse heating fuel	1
elephone service available	1
ehicles available	1
ear householder moved into unit	1
fortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	1
fortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	1
Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	1
stoss tent as a percentage of nousehold income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Vermont

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	1
lex.	1
lace	1
lispanic or Latino	1
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	-
sabled and employment disability	
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
Imber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
/pe of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
ge of householder	
' I	
ce of householderspanic or Latino householderspanic or Latino householder	
·	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Virginia

Characteristic	Design fact
POPULATION	
\dge	1
ex	1
ace	2
ispanic or Latino	2
arital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
sabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	
ace of birth tizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ar of entry	
nguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
lucational attainment	
hool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
busehold type	
mily type	
bfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
rual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of workeans of transportation to work	
avel time to work	
ne leaving home to go to work.	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
verty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lueoss rent.	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities.	
umbing facilities	
puse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Washington

Characteristic	Desig fact
POPULATION	
ge	1
ex	1
dace	2
lispanic or Latino	2
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	1
ace of birth	1
tizenship status	1
esidence in 1995	2
ear of entry	
nguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
pusehold type	
mily type	
bfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
cupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of workeans of transportation to work	
avel time to work.	
me leaving home to go to work	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999	
mily income in 1999	
verty status in 1999 (people)	
verty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status.	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder.	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
ımbing facilities	
buse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—West Virginia

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	
Sex	
Pace.	-
lispanic or Latino	-
larital status	-
ousehold type and relationship	-
isabled and employment disability	-
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural).	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
Imber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work.	
ivate vehicle occupancy	
pe of income in 1999	
pusehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999.	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
e of householder	
ce of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms.	
chen facilities	
ımbing facilities	
puse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Wisconsin

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	1
Sex	1
lace	2
lispanic or Latino	2
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural).	
pusehold type	
amily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
randparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
imber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
/pe of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999.	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
•	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ice of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
ccupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
ımbing facilities	
puse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
Phicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Wyoming

Characteristic	Desi fac
OPULATION	
ge	1
ex	1
ace.	2
ispanic or Latino	2
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	
ace of birth	
tizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
inguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
busehold type	
imily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
ual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999	
mber of workers in family in 1999	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work	
avel time to work	
me leaving home to go to work	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
rpe of income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
litary service and veteran status	
DUSING	
e of householder	
ice of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
umbing facilities	
use heating fuel	
ephone service available	
hicles available	
ar householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	

Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors—Puerto Rico

Characteristic	Desi fac
POPULATION	
Age	1
jex	1
Race	1
lispanic or Latino	1
larital status	1
ousehold type and relationship	1
isabled and employment disability	1
ncestry	-
ace of birth	
itizenship status	
esidence in 1995	
ear of entry	
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	
ducational attainment	
chool enrollment	
rpe of residence (urban/rural).	
pusehold type	
mily type	
ubfamily type and presence of children	
andparent status and responsibility for grandchild	
nployment status	
dustry	
ccupation	
ass of worker	
sual hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1999.	
Imber of workers in family in 1999.	
ace of work	
eans of transportation to work.	
avel time to work.	
me leaving home to go to work.	
rivate vehicle occupancy	
/pe of income in 1999	
ousehold income in 1999	
amily income in 1999.	
overty status in 1999 (people)	
overty status in 1999 (families)	
ilitary service and veteran status.	
OUSING	
e of householder	
ace of householder	
spanic or Latino householder	
pe of residence (urban/rural)	
its in structure	
nure	
cupancy status	
lue	
oss rent	
usehold income in 1999	
ar structure built	
oms, bedrooms	
chen facilities	
ımbing facilities	
puse heating fuel	
lephone service available	
hicles available	
ear householder moved into unit	
ortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	
ortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	
ross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999	
busehold income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999	

## Chapter 5. Sample Design and Estimation

#### PRODUCING ESTIMATES OR TABULATIONS

To produce estimates or tabulations of 100 percent characteristics from the PUMS files, simply add the weights of all persons or housing units that possess the characteristic of interest.

To create person estimates, use the person weight. To create estimates of households or families, use the person weight of the householder. Use the housing unit weight for housing unit estimates.

For instance, if the characteristic of interest is total number of Hispanic males, aged 5-17, simply determine the sex, age, and Hispanic origin of all persons and cumulate the weights of those who match the characteristic of interest. The PUMS weight is a function of the full census sample weight and the PUMS sample design. The Census 2000 PUMS design is not a self-weighting design.

To get estimates of proportions simply divide the weighted estimate of persons or housing units with a given characteristic by the base sample estimate. For example, the proportion of owner occupied housing units with plumbing facilities is obtained by dividing the PUMS estimate of owner occupied housing units with plumbing facilities by the PUMS estimate of total housing units.

To get estimates of characteristics such as the total number of related children in households, simply multiply the PUMS weight by the value of the characteristic and sum across all household records. If the desired estimate is the number of households with at least one related child in household, add the PUMS person weight of the householder for all households with a value not equal to zero for the characteristic.

#### LONG FORM SAMPLE DESIGN

The Public Use Microdata Samples are chosen from the universe of Census 2000 Long Form records. Every person and housing unit in the United States was asked basic demographic and housing questions (for example, race, age, and relationship to householder). A sample of these people and housing units was asked more detailed questions about items, such as income, occupation, and housing costs. The sampling unit for Census 2000 was the housing unit, including all occupants. There were four different housing unit sampling rates: 1-in-8, 1-in-6, 1-in-4, and 1in-2 (designed for an overall average of about 1-in-6). The Census Bureau assigned these varying rates based on precensus occupied housing unit estimates of various geographic and statistical entities, such as incorporated places and interim census tracts. For people living in group quarters or enumerated at long form eligible service sites (shelters and soup kitchens), the sampling unit was the person and the sampling rate was 1-in-6.

The sample designation method for housing units depended on the data collection procedures. The majority of the population was enumerated by the mailback procedure. In these areas, the Census Bureau used the Decennial Master Address File (DMAF) to select a probability sample. The questionnaires were either mailed or hand-delivered to selected addresses with instructions to complete and mail back the form.

The housing unit sampling rate varied by census block. Long Form Sampling Entities (LFSEs) were used to determine sampling rates in Census 2000 similarly to the way governmental units were used in the 1990 census sample design. LFSEs were defined to be:

- Counties and county equivalents (such as parishes in Louisiana).
- Cities.
- Incorporated places (including consolidated cities).
- Census designated places in Hawaii only.
- Minor civil divisions in certain states only (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin).
- School districts (based on the 1995-1996 school year).
- American Indian reservations.
- Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Areas (now known as Oklahoma Tribal Statistical Areas).
- Alaska Native village statistical areas.

Size estimates for LFSEs were based on housing unit counts from the DMAF and occupancy rates from the 1990 census. If the smallest LFSE that included all or any part of a block had an estimated housing unit count of less than 800, the housing units in the block were sampled at a 1in-2 rate. If the smallest LFSE that included all or any part of a block had an estimated housing unit count of 800 or more but less than 1,200, housing units in the block were sampled at a 1-in-4 rate. If a block was not in either of the two previous sampling rate categories, and was part of an interim census tract with 2,000 or more estimated housing units, the housing units in the block were sampled at a 1-in-8 rate. Housing units in all remaining blocks (those not assigned to 1-in-2, 1-in4, or 1-in-8 rates) were sampled at a 1-in-6 rate.

In List/Enumerate areas (accounting for less than 0.5 percent of the housing units), each enumerator was given a blank address register with designated sample lines. Only two sampling rates, 1-in-2 and 1-in-6 were used in these areas. Beginning about Census Day (April 1, 2000), the enumerator systematically canvassed an Assignment Area (AA) and listed all housing units in the address register in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit listed on a designated sample line, were collected. If an AA contained any blocks that would qualify for a 1-in-2 or 1-in-4 rate, all households in the AA were sampled at 1-in-2. Housing units in all other AAs were sampled at 1-in-6.

Housing units in American Indian reservations, Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Areas (now known as Oklahoma Tribal Statistical Areas), and Alaska Native villages were sampled according to the same criteria as other LFSEs, except the size estimates of these LFSEs were based on the American Indian and Alaska Native population in those areas, as measured in the 1990 census. Trust lands were sampled at the highest rate of any part of their associated American Indian reservations. If the associated American Indian reservation was entirely outside the state containing the trust land, then the trust land was sampled at a 1-in-2 rate. All remote Alaska assignment areas were sampled at a rate of 1-in-2. All housing units in Puerto Rico were sampled at a 1-in-6 rate.

Variable sampling rates provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas and decrease respondent burden in more densely populated areas, while maintaining data reliability. When all sampling rates were taken into account across the nation, approximately 1 out of every 6 housing units was included in the Census 2000 sample.

#### **ESTIMATION PROCEDURE**

The weights that appear on the PUMS files are the product of the long form weight and the PUMS sampling weight. The long form weights were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure (iterative proportional fitting) resulting in the assignment of a weight to each sample person and housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by

summing the weights assigned to the people or housing units possessing the characteristic in the tabulation area. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weight assigned to the family member designated as householder. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value 6, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of 6. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights varying from person to person and housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined weighting areas. Generally, weighting areas were formed of contiguous geographic units within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 people. Also, weighting areas never crossed county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count below 400 people, the minimum sample size condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Augmentation of the Census 2000 sample occurred in a relatively small number of weighting areas where the realized sample size was determined to be inadequate. A systematic sample of person and housing unit records was selected and sample data was imputed for these records.

#### **People**

Within a weighting area, the long form sample was ratio-adjusted to equal the 100-percent totals for certain data groups. There were four stages of ratio adjustment for people. The first stage used 21 household-type groups. The second stage used three groups with the following sampling rates: 1-in-2, 1-in-4, and less than 1-in-4. The third stage used the dichotomy householders/nonhouseholders and the fourth stage used 312 aggregate age-sex-race-Hispanic origin groups. The stages were defined as follows:

Stage I: Type of Household

Group	Family with own children under 18: Number of people in housing unit
1	2
2	3
3	4
4	5
5	6-7
6	8 or more
7.10	Family without own children under 18: 2 through 8 or more
7-12	
	All other housing units:
13	1
14-19	2 through 8 or more
20	People in group quarters
21	Service Based Enumerations

Stage II: Sampling Type

Group	
1	1-in-2
2	1-in-4
3	1-in-6 or 1-in-8

#### Stage III: Householder Status

Group	
1	Householder
2	Nonhouseholder

#### Stage IV: Age/Sex/Race/Hispanic origin

People of Hispanic origin: Black or African American: Male:

Group	Age
1	0-4
2	5-14
3	15-17
4	18-19
5	20-24
6	25-29
7	30-34
8	35-44
9	
10	50-54
11	55-64
12	65-74
13	75+
14-26	Female: Same age categories as 1-13
27-52	American Indian or Alaska Native: Same gender and age categories as 1-26
53-78	Asian: Same gender and age categories as 1-26
79-104	Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander: Same gender and age categories as 1-26
105-130	White: Same gender and age categories as 1-26
131-156	Some Other Race: Same gender and age categories as 1-26
157-312	People not of Hispanic origin: Same race, gender, and age categories as 1-156

Note: Multiple race respondents were included in one of the six race groups for estimation purposes only, however the PUMS files include the full set of responses to the race item.

The ratio estimation procedure for people was conducted within a weighting area in four stages. Prior to performing the four stage adjustment, the following steps were taken:

- 1. Each sample person record was assigned an initial weight approximately equal to the inverse of the observed sampling rate for the weighting area.
- 2. Prior to iterative proportional fitting, the categories within each final weighting area described above were combined, if necessary, to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. Any group that did not meet pre-specified criteria for the unweighted sample count or for the ratio of the 100-percent to the initially weighted sample count was combined with another group according to a specified collapsing pattern. There was an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count people in each race/Hispanic origin category in the second estimation stage.

#### **Ratio Adjustment**

The initial weights underwent four stages of ratio adjustment applying the grouping procedures described above.

**Stage I.** At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each Stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the Stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight.

**Stage II.** The Stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the Stage I weights for sample people in each Stage II group.

**Stage III.** The Stage II weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the Stage II weights for sample people in each Stage III group.

**Stage IV.** The Stage III weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the Stage III weights for sample people in each Stage IV group.

The four stages of ratio adjustment were repeated in the order given above until the predefined stopping criteria were met. The weights obtained from the final iteration of Stage IV were assigned to the sample person records. However, to provide whole numbers of persons and housing units for tabulated data, integer weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight of the people in a particular group was 7.25, then 1/4 of the sample people in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8, while the remaining 3/4 received a weight of 7.

#### **Housing Units**

The ratio estimation procedure for housing units was essentially the same as that for people, except that vacant housing units were treated separately. The occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in three stages. The first stage for occupied housing units used 19 household type groups while the second stage used three sampling type groups. The third stage used 24 race Hispanic origin-tenure groups. The vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in a single stage with three groups. The stages for ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

#### **Occupied Housing Units**

#### Stage I: Type of Household

Group	Family with own children under 18: Number of people in housing unit
1	2
2	
3	4
4	5
5	6-7
6	8 or more
7-12	Family without own children under 18: 2 through 8 or more
	All other housing units:
13	1
	2 through 8 or more

#### Stage II: Sampling Type

Group	
1 2 3	1-in-2
2	1-in-4
3	1-in-6 or 1-in-8

## Stage III: Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder/Tenure

Group	Owner: Hispanic origin:
	Black or African American American Indian or Alaska Native
3	
	Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander
5	
	Some Other Race
7-12	Owner: Not of Hispanic origin: Same race categories as 1-6
13-24	Renter: Same Hispanic origin and race categories as 1-12

#### **Vacant Housing Units**

Group	
1	Vacant for sale

As was done for persons, both occupied and vacant housing unit records were assigned an initial weight, and the groupings within each final weighting area went through a similar collapsing procedure.

The weights produced by this estimation procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio-estimation groups before sampling, and if the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial, unadjusted weight. Also, this estimation procedure produces estimates that are consistent with the complete count of persons and housing units at the county level and higher.

#### SELECTION OF THE PUBLIC USE MICRODATA SAMPLES

A stratified systematic selection procedure with equal probability was used to select each of the public use microdata samples. The sampling universe was defined as all occupied housing units including all occupants, vacant housing units, and group quarters people in the census sample. The sample units were stratified during the selection process. The stratification was intended to improve the reliability of estimates derived from the public use microdata samples by defining strata, within which there is a high degree of homogeneity among the census sample households with respect to characteristics of major interest.

The occupied housing unit stratification was performed using a matrix containing 34,080 cells made by combining 71 race groups, 5 Hispanic origin groups, 3 family types, 2 tenure groups, 4 groups based on maximum age of household members, and the 4 long form sampling rates. In the case of occupied housing units the primary sampling units selected by the systematic selection process are housing units and all person records are extracted after the housing units are chosen. Therefore, the race and Hispanic origin correspond to the householder. The maximum age variable, in contrast, can come from any household member. For group quarters people, the race, Hispanic origin, and age will be those of the individual group quarters person. Table A contains a representation of the occupied housing unit stratification matrix.

The vacant housing unit stratification was performed within a matrix consisting of 12 cells made by combining the four long form sampling rates with three vacancy statuses. Table B contains a representation of the vacant housing unit stratification matrix.

The group quarters stratification used a matrix of 2,840 cells made by combining 71 race groups, five Hispanic Origin groups, four group quarters person age groups, and two types of group quarters. Table C contains a representation of the group quarters person stratification matrix.

#### **SUBSAMPLING THE PUMS FILES**

The sample selection procedures were performed separately for each of the three subsampling universes: occupied housing units (including all people in them), vacant housing units, and group quarters persons, as follows. The number of 1-percent public use microdata samples for a given state was determined by the full census sample size for that state. For instance, if the full census sample for a state was 20 percent, then the census sample was divided into 20 subsamples of approximately equal size. The 1-percent public use microdata sample was designated at random from the 20 subsamples. From the remaining 19 subsamples, five 1-percent subsamples were designated at random and merged to produce the 5-percent public use microdata sample.

During the sample selection operation, consecutive two-digit subsample numbers from 00 to 99 were assigned to each sample case in the 5-percent and 1-percent samples to allow for the designation of various size subsamples and, as discussed in the preceding chapter, to allow for the calculation of standard errors. As an example, for a 1-percent public use microdata sample, the choice of records having subsample numbers with the same "units" digit (e.g., the two "units" digit includes subsample numbers (2,12,22,....,92) will provide a 1-in-1000 subsample.

Samples of any size between 1/20 and 1/10000 may be selected in a similar manner by using appropriate two-digit subsample numbers assigned to either of the microdata samples. Care must be exercised when selecting such samples. If only one "units" digit is required, the units digit should be randomly selected. If two "units" digits are required, the first should be randomly selected and the second should be either 5 more or 5 less than the first. Failure to use this procedure, e.g., selection of records with the same "tens" digit instead of records with the same "units" digit, would provide a 1-in-10 subsample but one that would be somewhat more clustered and as a result subject to larger sampling error.

#### **SERVICE-BASED ENUMERATION**

Service Based Enumeration was designed to account for people without a usual residence who use service facilities (i.e., shelters, soup kitchens and mobile food vans). Only people using the service facility on the interview day were enumerated. In addition, people enumerated in Targeted Non-Shelter Outdoor Locations (TNSOLS) and people without a usual residence that filed Be Counted Forms (BCF) augmented the enumeration. Note that only people enumerated in shelters and soup kitchens were eligible for selection in the initial census sample. **This component of the enumeration should not be interpreted as a complete count of the population without a usual residence.** 

Table A: Census 2000 PUMS Stratification Matrix - Occupied Households

Sampling rate (1-in-2, 1-in-4, 1-in-6, 1-in-8)					
		White			(71 detailed race groups)
	Maximum age	Hispani (5 cells for the	ic origin e 5 categories)		
Household type	in HH	Owner	Renter		(Tenure)
Family with own children under 18 .  Family without own children under 18 .	0-59 60-74 75-89 90+ 0-59 60-74 75-89 90+				
Other household (nonfamily)	0-59 60-74 75-89 90+			 	

Table B: Census 2000 PUMS Stratification Matrix - Vacant Housing Units

Vacancy status	Sampling rate				
Vacancy status	1-in-2	1-in-4	1-in-6	1-in-8	
Vacant, for sale					
Vacant, for rent					
Vacant, other					

Table C: Census 2000 PUMS Stratification Matrix - Group Quarters People

GQ type	Institutional or military			Noi	ninstitutional	and Nonmi	litary	
Race	White/other	Black				(71 De	etailed race	groups)
Hispanic origin/ age	Hispanic origin (5 categories)							
0-59								
60-74								
75-89								
90+								

# Chapter 6. Data Dictionary

#### **CONTENTS**

Indexes	Page
Alphabetical Index by Variable Name	6-1
Housing Unit Record	6-1
Person Record	6-5
Alphabetical Index by Description	6-9
Housing Unit Record	6-9
Person Record	
Character Location Index	6-16
Housing Unit Record	
Person Record	6-19
Record Layout	
Housing Unit Record	6-23
Person Record	

This chapter, in conjunction with several appendixes, defines the record layout and applicable codes for the Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) files. Six indexes (three housing unit and three person) are included in the following introductory pages for use in quickly locating data items in the PUMS files. Data fields in the indexes are specified beginning with an H for housing unit record or P for person record. For example, P9-10 is a two-character field beginning in character location 9 of the person record.

The record layout follows the indexes. The H designation appears only at the beginning of the housing unit record and the P designation appears only at the beginning of the person record. Character location in the record layout is expressed in three separate elements, SIZE, BEGIN, and END for each variable or data item.

**INDEXES** 

Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Housing Unit Record)

	•	
Variable name	Character location	Description
ACRES	H138	Acreage
ACRESA	H139	Acreage Allocation Flag
AGSALES	H140	Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999
AGSALESA	H141	Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 Allocation Flag
AREATYP1	H42-43	Metropolitan Area: Super-PUMA Relationship to MA
BEDRMS	H124	Number of Bedrooms
BEDRMSA	H125	Number of Bedrooms Allocation Flag
BLDGSZ	H115-H116	Size of Building
BLDGSZA	H117	Size of Building Allocation Flag
BUSINES	H136	Commercial Business on Property
BUSINESA	H137	Commercial Business on Property Allocation Flag
CKITCH	H128	Complete Kitchen Facilities
CKITCHA	H129	Complete Kitchen Facilities Allocation Flag

Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Housing Unit Record)—Con.

Variable name	Character location	Description
CONDFEE	H197-200	Condominium Fee (monthly)
CONDFEEA	H201	Condominium Fee (monthly) Allocation Flag
CPLUMB	H126	Complete Plumbing Facilities
CPLUMBA	H127	Complete Plumbing Facilities Allocation Flag
DIVISION	H13	Division Code
ELEC	H142-145	Cost of Electricity (annual)
ELECA	H146	Cost of Electricity (annual) Allocation Flag
EMPSTAT	H248	Family Type and Employment Status
FILLER	H14-18	Filler
FILLER	H24-27	Filler
FILLER	H267-314	Filler
FILLER	H28-31	Filler
FILLER	H40-41	Filler
FILLER	H44-57	Filler
FILLER	H58-71	Filler
FINC	H259-266	Family Total Income in 1999
FNF	H244	Farm/Nonfarm Recode
FUEL	H132	Heating Fuel
FUELA	H133	Heating Fuel Allocation Flag
GAS	H147-150	Cost of Gas (annual)
GASA	H151	Cost of Gas (annual) Allocation Flag
GRAPI	H241-243	Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income
GRENT	H237-240	Gross Rent
HAUG	H110	Augmentation Flag
HHL	H245	Household Language
HHT	H213	Household/Family Type
HINC	H251-258	Household Total Income in 1999
HSUB	H109	Substitution Flag
HWEIGHT	H102-105	Housing unit weight
INSAMT	H192-195	Property Insurance Amount (annual)
INSAMTA	H196	Property Insurance Amount (annual) Allocation Flag
INSINCL	H190	Property Insurance Status
INSINCLA	H191	Property Insurance Status Allocation Flag
LNDPUMA1	H86-99	Land Area of Super-PUMA
LNGI	H246	Linguistic Isolation
MEALS	H167	Meals Included in Rent
MEALSA	H168	Meals Included in Rent Allocation Flag
MHCOST	H207-211	Mobile Home Costs
MHCOSTA	H212	Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag
MHLOAN	H205	Mobile Home Loan Status
MHLOANA	H206	Mobile Home Loan Status Allocation Flag
MORTG1	H169	Mortgage Status
MORTG1A	H170	Mortgage Status Allocation Flag
MORTG2	H177	Second Mortgage Status
MORTG2A	H178	Second Mortgage Status Allocation Flag
MRT1AMT	H171-175	Mortgage Payment (monthly amount)
MRT1AMTA	H176	Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag
MRT2AMT	H179-183	Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount)

6-2 Data Dictionary

Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Housing Unit Record)—Con.

Variable name	Character location	Description
MRT2AMTA	H184	Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag
MSACMSA1	H32-35	Metropolitan Area: MSA/CMSA for Super-PUMA
MSAPMSA1	H36-39	Metropolitan Area: MSA/PMSA for Super-PUMA
NOC	H220-221	Number of own children under 18 years in household
NPF	H218-219	Number of people in family
NRC	H222-223	Number of related children under 18 years in household
OIL	H157-160	Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual)
OILA	H161	Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) Allocation Flag
P18	H216-217	Number of people under 18 years in household
P65	H214-215	Number of people 65 years and over in house- hold
PAOC	H225	Presence and Age of Own Children under 18 years
PARC	H226	Presence and Age of Related Children under 18 years
PERSONS	H106-107	Number of person records following this hous- ing record
PHONE	H130	Telephone Availability
PHONEA	H131	Telephone Availability Allocation Flag
PSF	H224	Presence of Subfamily in Household
PUMA1	H19-23	Super-Public Use Microdata Area Code (Super-PUMA)
RECTYPE	H1	Record Type
REGION	H12	Region Code
RENT	H162-165	Monthly Rent
RENTA	H166	Monthly Rent Allocation Flag
ROOMS	H122	Number of Rooms
ROOMSA	H123	Number of Rooms Allocation Flag
SAMPLE	H9	Sample Identifier
SERIALNO	H2-8	Housing/Group Quarters Unit Serial Number
SMOC	H228-232	Selected Monthly Owner Costs
SMOCAPI	H233-235	Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income
SRNT	H236	Specified Rent Indicator
STATE	H10-11	State Code
SUBSAMPL	H100-101	Subsample Number
SVAL	H227	Specified Value Indicator
TAXAMT	H187-188	Property Tax Amount (annual)
TAXAMTA	H189	Property Tax Amount (annual) Allocation Flag
TAXINCL	H185	Property Tax Status
TAXINCLA	H186	Property Tax Status Allocation Flag
TENURE	H113	Home Ownership
TENUREA	H114	Home Ownership Allocation Flag
TOTPUMA1	H72-85	Total Area of Super-PUMA
UNITTYPE	H108	Type of unit
VACSTAT	H111	Vacancy Status

## Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Housing Unit Record)—Con.

Variable name	Character location	Description
VACSTATA	H112	Vacancy Status Allocation Flag
VALUE	H202-203	Property Value
VALUEA	H204	Property Value Allocation Flag
VEHICL	H134	Number of Vehicles Available
VEHICLA	H135	Number of Vehicles Available Allocation Flag
WATER	H152-155	Cost of Water and Sewer (annual)
WATERA	H156	Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) Allocation Flag
WIF	H247	Number of workers in family
WORKEXP	H249-250	Family Type and Work Experience of House- holder
YRBUILT	H118	Year Building Built
YRBUILTA	H119	Year Building Built Allocation Flag
YRMOVED	H120	Year Moved In
YRMOVEDA	H121	Year Moved In Allocation Flag

## Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Person Record)

Variable name	Character location	Description
ABGO	P127	Able to Go Out Disability
ABGOA	P128	Able to Go Out Disability Allocation Flag
ABSENT	P205	Absent from Work
ABWORK	P129	Employment Disability
ABWORKA	P130	Employment Disability Allocation Flag
AGE	P25-26	Age
AGEA	P27	Age Allocation Flag
AIAN	P34	American Indian and Alaska Native Recode
ANCA	P62	Ancestry Allocation Flag
ANCFRST1	P56-58	Ancestry Code 1 for 1% File
ANCR	P63	Ancestry Recode
ANCSCND1	P59-61	Ancestry Code 2 for 1% File
ASIAN	P35	Asian Recode
BACKWRK	P208	Back to Work
BLACK	P33	Black or African American Recode
CARPOOL	P194	Vehicle Occupancy
CARPOOLA	P195	Vehicle Occupancy Allocation Flag
CLWKR	P234	Class of Worker
CLWKRA	P235	Class of Worker Allocation Flag
CTZ	P76	Citizenship Status
CTZA	P77	Citizenship Status Allocation Flag
DDP	P12	Data-defined Person Flag
DISABLE	P131	Disability Recode
EARNS	P305-311	Person's Total Earnings in 1999
EDUC	P53-54	Educational Attainment
EDUCA	P55	Educational Attainment Allocation Flag
ENGABIL	P70	English Ability
ENGABILA	P71	English Ability Allocation Flag
ENROLL	P49	School Enrollment; Attended since February 1, 2000
ENROLLA	P50	School Enrollment; Attended since February 1, 2000 Allocation Flag
ESP	P156	Employment Status of Parent(s)
ESR	P154	Employment Status Recode
ESRA	P155	Employment Status Allocation Flag
FILLER	P103-106	Filler
FILLER	P111-114	Filler
FILLER	P161-165	Filler
FILLER	P171-172	Filler
FILLER	P175-178	Filler
FILLER	P183-186	Filler
FILLER	P89-93	Filler
FILLER	P99-100	Filler
GRADE	P51	School Enrollment: Grade Level Attending
GRADEA	P52	School Enrollment: Grade Level Attending Allo- cation Flag
GRANDC	P132	Presence of Grandchildren under 18 years
GRANDCA	P133	Presence of Grandchildren under 18 years Allo- cation Flag

Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Person Record)—Con.

Variable name	Character location	Description
HISPAN	P28-29	Hispanic or Latino Origin
HISPANA	P30	Hispanic or Latino Origin Allocation Flag
HOURS	P241-242	Hours Per Week in 1999
HOURSA	P243	Hours Per Week in 1999 Allocation Flag
HOWLONG	P136	Length of Responsibility for Grandchildren
HOWLONGA	P137	Length of Responsibility for Grandchildren Allo- cation Flag
INCINT	P258-263	Interest Income in 1999
INCINTA	P264	Interest Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INCOTH	P290-295	Other Income in 1999
INCOTHA	P296	Other Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INCPA	P277-281	Public Assistance Income in 1999
INCPAA	P282	Public Assistance Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INCRET	P283-288	Retirement Income in 1999
INCRETA	P289	Retirement Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INCSE	P251-256	Self-Employment Income in 1999
INCSEA	P257	Self-Employment Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INCSS	P265-269	Social Security Income in 1999
INCSSA	P270	Social Security Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INCSSI	P271-275	Supplemental Security Income in 1999
INCSSIA	P276	Supplemental Security Income in 1999 Alloca- tion Flag
INCTOT	P297-303	Person's Total Income in 1999
INCTOTA	P304	Person's Total Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INCWS	P244-249	Wage/Salary Income in 1999
INCWSA	P250	Wage/Salary Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INDCEN	P211-213	Industry (Census)
INDCENA	P214	Industry (Census) Allocation Flag
INDNAICS	P215-222	Industry (NAICS)
LANG1	P66-68	Language Spoken for 1% file
LANGA	P69	Language Spoken Allocation Flag
LASTWRK	P209	Year Last Worked
LASTWRKA	P210	Year Last Worked Allocation Flag
LAYOFF	P204	Layoff from Job
LOOKWRK	P207	Looking for Work
LVTIME	P196-198	Time Leaving for Work
LVTIMEA	P199	Time Leaving for Work Allocation Flag
MARSTAT	P44	Marital Status
MARSTATA	P45	Marital Status Allocation Flag
MENTAL	P123	Mental Disability
MENTALA	P124	Mental Disability Allocation Flag
MIGA	P88	Migration State or Foreign Country Code Alloca- tion Flag
MIGAREA1	P101-102	Migration Super-PUMA Relationship to MA
MIGCMA1	P107-110	Migration MA: MSA/CMSA for Migration Super- PUMA
MIGPMA1	P115-118	Migration MA: MSA/PMSA for Migration Super- PUMA
MIGPUMA1	P94-98	Migration Super-PUMA

6-6 Data Dictionary

Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Person Record)—Con.

Variable name	Character location	Description
MIGST1	P85-87	Migration State or Foreign Country Code for 1% file
MILTARY	P138	Military Service
MILTARYA	P139	Military Service Allocation Flag
MILYRS	P150	Years of Military Service
MILYRSA	P151	Years of Military Service Allocation Flag
MOB	P83	Residence 5 Years Ago
MOBA	P84	Residence 5 Years Ago Allocation Flag
MSP	P46	Married, Spouse Present Recode
NHPI	P36	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander Recode
NUMRACE	P31	Number of Major Race Groups Marked
OC	P20	Own Child Indicator
OCCCEN1	P223-225	Occupation (Census) for 1% File
OCCCENA	P226	Occupation (Census) Allocation Flag
OCCSOC1	P227-233	Occupation (SOC) for 1% File
OTHER	P37	Some Other Race Recode
PAOCF	P22	Presence and Age of Own Children, Females
PAUG	P11	Augmented Person Flag
PHYSCL	P121	Physical Disability
PHYSCLA	P122	Physical Disability Allocation Flag
PNUM	P9-10	Person Sequence Number
POB1	P72-74	Place of Birth for 1% file
POBA	P75	Place of Birth Allocation Flag
POVRTY	P312-314	Person's Poverty Status
POWAREA1	P173-174	Place of Work Super-PUMA Relationship to MA
POWCMA1	P179-182	Place of Work MA: MSA/CMSA for Place of Work Super-PUMA
POWPMA1	P187-190	Place of Work MA: MSA/PMSA for Place of Work Super-PUMA
POWPUMA1	P166-170	Place of Work Super-PUMA
POWST1	P157-159	Place of Work State or Foreign Country Code for 1% file
POWSTA	P160	Place of Work State or Foreign Country Code Allocation Flag
PWEIGHT	P13-16	Person Weight
RACE1	P38	Race Recode 1
RACE2	P39-40	Race Recode 2
RACE3	P41-42	Race Recode 3
RACEA	P43	Race Allocation Flag
RC	P21	Related Child Indicator
RECALL	P206	Return-to-Work Recall
RECTYPE	P1	Record Type
RELATE	P17-18	Relationship
RELATEA	P19	Relationship Allocation Flag
RSPNSBL	P134	Responsible for Grandchildren
RSPNSBLA	P135	Responsible for Grandchildren Allocation Flag
SENSRY	P119	Sensory Disability
SENSRYA	P120	Sensory Disability Allocation Flag
SERIALNO	P2-8	Housing /Group Quarters Unit Serial Number

Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Person Record)—Con.

Variable	Character	
name	location	Description
SEX	P23	Sex
SEXA	P24	Sex Allocation Flag
SFN	P47	Subfamily Number for this person
SFREL	P48	Subfamily Relationship
SLFCARE	P125	Self-Care Disability
SLFCAREA	P126	Self-Care Disability Allocation Flag
SPEAK	P64	Non-English Language
SPEAKA	P65	Non-English Language Allocation Flag
TRVMNS	P191-192	Means of Transportation to Work
TRVMNSA	P193	Means of Transportation to Work Allocation Flag
TRVTIME	P200-202	Travel Time to Work
TRVTIMEA	P203	Travel Time to Work Allocation Flag
VPS1	P140	Veteran's Period of Service 1: On active duty April 1995 or later
VPS2	P141	Veteran's Period of Service 2: On active duty August 1990 to March 1995 (including Persian Gulf War)
VPS3	P142	Veteran's Period of Service 3: On active duty September 1980 to July 1990
VPS4	P143	Veteran's Period of Service 4: On active duty May 1975 to August 1980
VPS5	P144	Veteran's Period of Service 5: On active duty during the Vietnam Era (August 1964 to April 1975)
VPS6	P145	Veteran's Period of Service 6: On active duty February 1955 to July 1964
VPS7	P146	Veteran's Period of Service 7: On active duty during the Korean War (June 1950 to January 1955)
VPS8	P147	Veteran's Period of Service 8: On active duty during World War II (September 1940 to July 1947)
VPS9	P148	Veteran's Period of Service 9: On active duty any other time
VPSA	P149	Veteran's Period of Service Allocation Flag
VPSR	P152-153	Veteran's Period of Service Recode
WEEKS	P238-239	Weeks Worked in 1999
WEEKSA	P240	Weeks Worked in 1999 Allocation Flag
WHITE	P32	White recode
WRKLYR	P236	Worked in 1999
WRKLYRA	P237	Worked in 1999 Allocation Flag
YR2US	P78-81	Year of Entry to United States
YR2USA	P82	Year of Entry to United States Allocation Flag

6-8 Data Dictionary

## Alphabetical Index by Description (Housing Unit Record)

Description	Variable name	Character location
Acreage	ACRES	H138
Acreage Allocation Flag	ACRESA	H139
Augmentation Flag	HAUG	H110
Commercial Business on Property	BUSINES	H136
Commercial Business on Property	BUSINESA	H137
Allocation Flag		
Complete Kitchen Facilities	CKITCH	H128
Complete Kitchen Facilities Allocation Flag	CKITCHA	H129
Complete Plumbing Facilities	CPLUMB	H126
Complete Plumbing Facilities Allocation Flag	CPLUMBA	H127
Condominium Fee (monthly)	CONDFEE	H197-200
Condominium Fee (monthly) Allocation Flag	CONDFEEA	H201
Cost of Electricity (annual)	ELEC	H142-145
Cost of Electricity (annual) Allocation Flag	ELECA	H146
Cost of Gas (annual)	GAS	H147-150
Cost of Gas (annual) Allocation Flag	GASA	H151
Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual)	OIL	H157-160
Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) Allocation Flag	OILA	H161
Cost of Water and Sewer (annual)	WATER	H152-155
Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) Allocation Flag	WATERA	H156
Division Code	DIVISION	H13
Family Type and Employment Status	EMPSTAT	H248
Family Total Income in 1999	FINC	H259-266
Family Type and Work Experience of Householder	WORKEXP	H249-250
Farm/Nonfarm Recode	FNF	H244
Filler	FILLER	H14-18
Filler	FILLER	H24-27
Filler	FILLER	H28-31
Filler	FILLER	H40-41
Filler	FILLER	H44-57
Filler	FILLER	H58-71
Filler	FILLER	H267-314
Gross Rent	GRENT	H237-240
Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income	GRAPI	H241-243
Heating Fuel	FUEL	H132
Heating Fuel Allocation Flag	FUELA	H133
Home Ownership	TENURE	H113
Home Ownership Allocation Flag	TENUREA	H114
Household Language	HHL	H245
Household Total Income in 1999	HINC	H251-258
Household/Family Type	HHT	H213
Housing/Group Quarters Unit Serial Number	SERIALNO	H2-8
Housing unit weight	HWEIGHT	H102-105
Land Area of Super-PUMA	LNDPUMA1	H86-99
Linguistic Isolation	LNGI	H246

Alphabetical Index by Description (Housing Unit Record)—Con.

	.,	
Description	Variable name	Character location
Meals Included in Rent	MEALS	H167
Meals Included in Rent Allocation Flag	MEALSA	H168
Metropolitan Area: MSA/CMSA for Super-PUMA	MSACMSA1	H32-35
Metropolitan Area: MSA/PMSA for Super-PUMA	MSAPMSA1	H36-39
Metropolitan Area: Super-PUMA Relationship to MA	AREATYP1	H42-43
Mobile Home Costs	MHCOST	H207-211
Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag	MHCOSTA	H212
Mobile Home Loan Status	MHLOAN	H205
Mobile Home Loan Status Allocation Flag	MHLOANA	H206
Monthly Rent	RENT	H162-165
Monthly Rent Allocation Flag	RENTA	H166
Mortgage Payment (monthly amount)	MRT1AMT	H171-175
Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag	MRT1 AMTA	H176
Mortgage Status	MORTG1	H169
Mortgage Status Allocation Flag	MORTG1A	H170
Number of Bedrooms	BEDRMS	H124
Number of Bedrooms Allocation Flag	BEDRMSA	H125
Number of own children under 18 years in household	NOC	H220-221
Number of people 65 years and over in household	P65	H214-215
Number of people in family	NPF	H218-219
Number of people under 18 years in household	P18	H216-217
Number of person records following this housing record	PERSONS	H106-107
Number of related children under 18 years in household	NRC	H222-223
Number of Rooms	ROOMS	H122
Number of Rooms Allocation Flag	ROOMSA	H123
Number of Vehicles Available	VEHICL	H134
Number of Vehicles Available Allocation Flag	VEHICLA	H135
Number of workers in family	WIF	H247
Presence and Age of Own Children under 18 years	PAOC	H225
Presence and Age of Related Children under 18 years	PARC	H226
Presence of Subfamily in Household	PSF	H224
Property Insurance Amount (annual)	INSAMT	H192-195
Property Insurance Amount (annual) Allocation Flag	INSAMTA	H196
Property Insurance Status	INSINCL	H190
Property Insurance Status Allocation Flag	INSINCLA	H191
Property Tax Amount (annual)	TAXAMT	H187-188
Property Tax Amount (annual) Allocation Flag	TAXAMTA	H189
Property Tax Status	TAXINCL	H185
Property Tax Status Allocation Flag	TAXINCLA	H186
Property Value	VALUE	H202-203
Property Value Allocation Flag	VALUEA	H204

6-10 Data Dictionary

## Alphabetical Index by Description (Housing Unit Record)—Con.

Description	Variable name	Character location
Record Type	RECTYPE	H1
Region Code	REGION	H12
Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999	AGSALES	H140
Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 Allocation Flag	AGSALESA	H141
Sample Identifier	SAMPLE	H9
Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount)	MRT2AMT	H179-183
Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag	MRT2AMTA	H184
Second Mortgage Status	MORTG2	H177
Second Mortgage Status Allocation Flag	MORTG2A	H178
Selected Monthly Owner Costs	SMOC	H228-232
Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income	SMOCAPI	H233-235
Size of Building	BLDGSZ	H115-H116
Size of Building Allocation Flag	BLDGSZA	H117
Specified Rent Indicator	SRNT	H236
Specified Value Indicator	SVAL	H227
State Code	STATE	H10-11
Subsample number	SUBSAMPL	H100-101
Substitution Flag	HSUB	H109
Super-Public Use Microdata Area Code (Super-PUMA)	PUMA1	H19-23
Telephone Availability	PHONE	H130
Telephone Availability Allocation Flag	PHONEA	H131
Total Area of Super-PUMA	TOTPUMA1	H72-85
Type of unit	UNITTYPE	H108
Vacancy Status	VACSTAT	H111
Vacancy Status Allocation Flag	VACSTATA	H112
Year Building Built	YRBUILT	H118
Year Building Built Allocation Flag	YRBUILTA	H119
Year Moved In	YRMOVED	H120
Year Moved In Allocation Flag	YRMOVEDA	H121

### Alphabetical Index by Description (Person Record)

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Description	Variable name	Character location
Description	Hairie	
Able to Go Out Disability	ABGO	P127
Able to Go Out Disability Allocation Flag	ABGOA	P128
Absent from Work	ABSENT	P205
Age	AGE	P25-26
Age Allocation Flag	AGEA	P27
American Indian and Alaska Native recode	AIAN	P34
Ancestry Allocation Flag	ANCA	P62
Ancestry Code 1 for 1% file	ANCFRST1	P56-58
Ancestry Code 2 for 1% file	ANCSCND1	P59-61
Ancestry Recode	ANCR	P63
Asian Recode	ASIAN	P35
Augmented Person Flag	PAUG	P11
Back to Work	BACKWRK	P208
Black or African American recode	BLACK	P33
Citizenship Status	CTZ	P76
Citizenship Status Allocation Flag	CTZA	P77
Class of Worker	CLWKR	P234
Class of Worker Allocation Flag	CLWKRA	P235
Data-defined Person Flag	DDP	P12
Disability Recode	DISABLE	P131
Educational Attainment	EDUC	P53-54
Educational Attainment Allocation Flag	EDUCA	P55
Employment Disability	ABWORK	P129
Employment Disability Allocation Flag	ABWORKA	P130
Employment Status Allocation Flag	ESRA	P155
Employment Status of Parent(s)	ESP	P156
Employment Status Recode	ESR	P154
English Ability	ENGABIL	P70
English Ability Allocation Flag	ENGABILA	P71
Filler	FILLER	P89-93
Filler	FILLER	P99-100
Filler	FILLER	P103-106
Filler	FILLER	P111-114
Filler	FILLER	P161-165
Filler	FILLER	P171-172
Filler	FILLER	P175-178
Filler	FILLER	P183-186
Hispanic or Latino Origin	HISPAN	P28-29
Hispanic or Latino Origin Allocation Flag	HISPANA	P30
Hours Per Week in 1999	HOURS	P241-242
Hours Per Week in 1999 Allocation Flag	HOURSA	P243
Housing /Group Quarters Unit Serial Number	SERIALNO	P2-8
Industry (Census)	INDCEN	P211-213
Industry (Census) Allocation Flag	INDCENA	P214
Industry (NAICS)	INDNAICS	P215-222
Interest Income in 1999	INCINT	P258-263
Interest Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCINTA	P264
Language Spoken Allocation Flag	LANGA	P69
Language Spoken for 1% file	LANG1	P66-68
33		

Alphabetical Index by Description (Person Record)—Con.

Description	Variable name	Character location
Layoff from Job	LAYOFF	P204
Length of Responsibility for Grandchildren	HOWLONG	P136
Length of Responsibility for Grandchildren Allo- cation Flag	HOWLONGA	P137
Looking for Work	LOOKWRK	P207
Marital Status	MARSTAT	P44
Marital Status Allocation Flag	MARSTATA	P45
Married, Spouse Present Recode	MSP	P46
Means of Transportation to Work	TRVMNS	P191-192
Means of Transportation to Work Allocation Flag	TRVMNSA	P193
Mental Disability	MENTAL	P123
Mental Disability Allocation Flag	MENTALA	P124
Migration MA: MSA/CMSA for Migration Super- PUMA	MIGCMA1	P107-110
Migration MA: MSA/PMSA for Migration Super- PUMA	MIGPMA1	P115-118
Migration State or Foreign Country Code Allocation Flag	MIGA	P88
Migration State or Foreign Country Code for 1% file	MIGST1	P85-87
Migration Super-PUMA	MIGPUMA1	P94-98
Migration Super-PUMA Relationship to MA	MIGAREA1	P101-102
Military Service	MILTARY	P138
Military Service Allocation Flag	MILTARYA	P139
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander recode	NHPI	P36
Non-English Language	SPEAK	P64
Non-English Language Allocation Flag	SPEAKA	P65
Number of Major Race Groups Marked	NUMRACE	P31
Occupation (Census) Allocation Flag	OCCCENA	P226
Occupation (Census) for 1% file	OCCCEN1	P223-225
Occupation (SOC) for 1% file	OCCSOC1	P227-233
Other Income in 1999	INCOTH	P290-295
Other Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCOTHA	P296
Own Child Indicator	OC	P20
Person Sequence Number	PNUM	P9-10
Person Weight	PWEIGHT	P13-16
Person's Poverty Status	POVRTY	P312-314
Person's Total Earnings in 1999 Person's Total Income in 1999	EARNS	P305-311
	INCTOTA	P297-303
Person's Total Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCTOTA	P304
Physical Disability Physical Disability Allocation Flag	PHYSCL PHYSCLA	P121 P122
Place of Birth Allocation Flag	POBA	P75
Place of Birth Anocation Flag	POB1	P72-74
Place of Work MA: MSA/CMSA for Place of Work	POWCMA1	P179-182
Super-PUMA		
Place of Work MA: MSA/PMSA for Place of Work Super-PUMA	POWPMA1	P187-190

Alphabetical Index by Description (Person Record)—Con.

Description	Variable name	Character location
Place of Work State or Foreign Country Code Allocation Flag	POWSTA	P160
Place of Work State or Foreign Country Code for 1% file	POWST1	P157-159
Place of Work Super-PUMA	POWPUMA1	P166-170
Place of Work Super-PUMA Relationship to MA	POWAREA1	P173-174
Presence and Age of Own Children, Females	PAOCF	P22
Presence of Grandchildren under 18 years	GRANDC	P132
Presence of Grandchildren under 18 years Allocation Flag	GRANDCA	P133
Public Assistance Income in 1999	INCPA	P277-281
Public Assistance Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCPAA	P282
Race Allocation Flag	RACEA	P43
Race Recode 1	RACE1	P38
Race Recode 2	RACE2	P39-40
Race Recode 3	RACE3	P41-42
Record Type	RECTYPE	P1
Related Child Indicator	RC	P21
Relationship	RELATE	P17-18
Relationship Allocation Flag	RELATEA	P19
Residence 5 Years Ago	MOB	P83
Residence 5 Years Ago Allocation Flag	MOBA	P84
Responsible for Grandchildren	RSPNSBL	P134
Responsible for Grandchildren Allocation Flag	RSPNSBLA	P135
Retirement Income in 1999	INCRET	P283-288
Retirement Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCRETA	P289
Return-to-Work Recall	RECALL	P206
School Enrollment: Grade Level Attending	GRADE	P51
School Enrollment: Grade Level Attending Allocation Flag	GRADEA	P52
School Enrollment; Attended since February 1, 2000	ENROLL	P49
School Enrollment; Attended since February 1, 2000 Allocation Flag	ENROLLA	P50
Self-Care Disability	SLFCARE	P125
Self-Care Disability Allocation Flag	SLFCAREA	P126
Self-Employment Income in 1999	INCSE	P251-256
Self-Employment Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCSEA	P257
Sensory Disability	SENSRY	P119
Sensory Disability Allocation Flag	SENSRYA	P120
Sex	SEX	P23
Sex Allocation Flag	SEXA	P24
Social Security Income in 1999	INCSS	P265-269
Social Security Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCSSA	P270
Some other race recode	OTHER	P37
Subfamily Number for this person	SFN	P47
Subfamily Relationship	SFREL	P48
Supplemental Security Income in 1999	INCSSI	P271-275

6-14 Data Dictionary

Alphabetical Index by Description (Person Record)—Con.

	Variable	Character
Description	name	location
Supplemental Security Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCSSIA	P276
Time Leaving for Work	LVTIME	P196-198
Time Leaving for Work Allocation Flag	LVTIMEA	P199
Travel Time to Work	TRVTIME	P200-202
Travel Time to Work Allocation Flag	TRVTIMEA	P203
Vehicle Occupancy	CARPOOL	P194
Vehicle Occupancy Allocation Flag	CARPOOLA	P195
Veteran's Period of Service 1: On active duty April 1995 or later	VPS1	P140
Veteran's Period of Service 2: On active duty August 1990 to March 1995 (including Persian Gulf War)	VPS2	P141
Veteran's Period of Service 3: On active duty September 1980 to July 1990	VPS3	P142
Veteran's Period of Service 4: On active duty May 1975 to August 1980	VPS4	P143
Veteran's Period of Service 5: On active duty during the Vietnam Era (August 1964 to April 1975)	VPS5	P144
Veteran's Period of Service 6: On active duty February 1955 to July 1964	VPS6	P145
Veteran's Period of Service 7: On active duty during the Korean War (June 1950 to January 1955)	VPS7	P146
Veteran's Period of Service 8: On active duty during World War II (September 1940 to July 1947)	VPS8	P147
Veteran's Period of Service 9: On active duty any other time	VPS9	P148
Veteran's Period of Service Allocation Flag	VPSA	P149
Veteran's Period of Service Recode	VPSR	P152-153
Wage/Salary Income in 1999	INCWS	P244-249
Wage/Salary Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCWSA	P250
Weeks Worked in 1999	WEEKS	P238-239
Weeks Worked in 1999 Allocation Flag	WEEKSA	P240
White recode	WHITE	P32
Worked in 1999	WRKLYR	P236
Worked in 1999 Allocation Flag	WRKLYRA	P237
Year Last Worked	LASTWRK	P209
Year Last Worked Allocation Flag	LASTWRKA	P210
Year of Entry to United States	YR2US	P78-81
Year of Entry to United States Allocation Flag	YR2USA	P82
Years of Military Service	MILYRS	P150
Years of Military Service Allocation Flag	MILYRSA	P151

## Character Location Index (Housing Unit Record)

Character location	Variable	Description
- Iocation	name	Description
H1	RECTYPE	Record Type
H2-8	SERIALNO	Housing/Group Quarters Unit Serial Number
H9	SAMPLE	Sample Identifier
H10-11	STATE	State Code
H12	REGION	Region Code
H13	DIVISION	Division Code
H14-18	FILLER	Filler
H19-23	PUMA1	Super-Public Use Microdata Area Code (Super-PUMA)
H24-27	FILLER	Filler
H28-31	FILLER	Filler
H32-35	MSACMSA1	Metropolitan Area: MSA/CMSA for Super-PUMA
H36-39	MSAPMSA1	Metropolitan Area: MSA/PMSA for Super-PUMA
H40-41	FILLER	Filler
H42-43	AREATYP1	Metropolitan Area: Super-PUMA Relationship to MA
H44-57	FILLER	Filler
H58-71	FILLER	Filler
H72-85	TOTPUMA1	Total Area of Super-PUMA
H86-99	LNDPUMA1	Land Area of Super-PUMA
H100-101	SUBSAMPL	Subsample number
H102-105	HWEIGHT	Housing unit weight
H106-107	PERSONS	Number of person records following this housing record
H108	UNITTYPE	Type of unit
H109	HSUB	Substitution Flag
H110	HAUG	Augmentation Flag
H111	VACSTAT	Vacancy Status
H112	VACSTATA	Vacancy Status Allocation Flag
H113	TENURE	Home Ownership
H114	TENUREA	Home Ownership Allocation Flag
H115-H116	BLDGSZ	Size of Building
H117	BLDGSZA	Size of Building Allocation Flag
H118	YRBUILT	Year Building Built
H119	YRBUILTA	Year Building Built Allocation Flag
H120	YRMOVED	Year Moved In
H121	YRMOVEDA	Year Moved In Allocation Flag
H122	ROOMS	Number of Rooms
H123	ROOMSA	Number of Rooms Allocation Flag
H124	BEDRMS	Number of Bedrooms
H125	BEDRMSA	Number of Bedrooms Allocation Flag
H126	CPLUMB	Complete Plumbing Facilities
H127	CPLUMBA	Complete Plumbing Facilities Allocation Flag
H128	CKITCH	Complete Kitchen Facilities
H129	CKITCHA	Complete Kitchen Facilities Allocation Flag
H130	PHONE	Telephone Availability
H131	PHONEA	Telephone Availability Allocation Flag
H132	FUEL	Heating Fuel
H133	FUELA	Heating Fuel Allocation Flag
H134	VEHICL	Number of Vehicles Available
H135	VEHICLA	Number of Vehicles Available Allocation Flag
H136	BUSINES	Commercial Business on Property

6-16 Data Dictionary

Character Location Index (Housing Unit Record)—Con.

Character	Variable	
location	name	Description
H137	BUSINESA	Commercial Business on Property Allocation Flag
H138	ACRES	Acreage
H139	ACRESA	Acreage Allocation Flag
H140	AGSALES	Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999
H141	AGSALESA	Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 Allocation Flag
H142-145	ELEC	Cost of Electricity (annual)
H146	ELECA	Cost of Electricity (annual) Allocation Flag
H147-150	GAS	Cost of Gas (annual)
H151	GASA	Cost of Gas (annual) Allocation Flag
H152-155	WATER	Cost of Water and Sewer (annual)
H156	WATERA	Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) Allocation Flag
H157-160	OIL	Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual)
H161	OILA	Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) Allocation Flag
H162-165	RENT	Monthly Rent
H166	RENTA	Monthly Rent Allocation Flag
H167	MEALS	Meals Included in Rent
H168	MEALSA	Meals Included in Rent Allocation Flag
H169	MORTG1	Mortgage Status
H170	MORTG1A	Mortgage Status Allocation Flag
H171-175	MRT1AMT	Mortgage Payment (monthly amount)
H176	MRT1 AMTA	Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag
H177	MORTG2	Second Mortgage Status
H178	MORTG2A	Second Mortgage Status Allocation Flag
H179-183	MRT2AMT	Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount)
H184	MRT2AMTA	Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag
H185	TAXINCL	Property Tax Status
H186	TAXINCLA	Property Tax Status Allocation Flag
H187-188	TAXAMT	Property Tax Amount (annual)
H189	TAXAMTA	Property Tax Amount (annual) Allocation Flag
H190	INSINCL	Property Insurance Status
H191	INSINCLA	Property Insurance Status Allocation Flag
H192-195	INSAMT	Property Insurance Amount (annual)
H196	INSAMTA	Property Insurance Amount (annual) Allocation Flag
H197-200	CONDFEE	Condominium Fee (monthly)
H201	CONDFEEA	Condominium Fee (monthly) Allocation Flag
H202-203	VALUE	Property Value
H204	VALUEA	Property Value Allocation Flag
H205	MHLOAN	Mobile Home Loan Status
H206	MHLOANA	Mobile Home Loan Status Allocation Flag
H207-211	MHCOST	Mobile Home Costs
H212	MHCOSTA	Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag
H213	HHT	Household/Family Type
H214-215	P65	Number of people 65 years and over in household
H216-217	P18	Number of people under 18 years in household
H218-219	NPF	Number of people in family
H220-221	NOC	Number of own children under 18 years in household
H222-223	NRC	Number of related children under 18 years in household
H224	PSF	Presence of Subfamily in Household

# Character Location Index (Housing Unit Record)—Con.

Character location	Variable name	Description
H225	PAOC	Presence and Age of Own Children under 18 years
H226	PARC	Presence and Age of Related Children under 18 years
H227	SVAL	Specified Value Indicator
H228-232	SMOC	Selected Monthly Owner Costs
H233-235	SMOCAPI	Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income
H236	SRNT	Specified Rent Indicator
H237-240	GRENT	Gross Rent
H241-243	GRAPI	Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income
H244	FNF	Farm/Nonfarm Recode
H245	HHL	Household Language
H246	LNGI	Linguistic Isolation
H247	WIF	Number of workers in family
H248	<b>EMPSTAT</b>	Family Type and Employment Status
H249-250	WORKEXP	Family Type and Work Experience of Householder
H251-258	HINC	Household Total Income in 1999
H259-266	FINC	Family Total Income in 1999
H267-314	FILLER	Filler

# Character Location Index (Person Record)

Character location	Variable name	Description
P1	RECTYPE	Record Type
P2-8	SERIALNO	Housing /Group Quarters Unit Serial Number
P9-10	PNUM	Person Sequence Number
P11	PAUG	Augmented Person Flag
P12	DDP	Data-defined Person Flag
P13-16	PWEIGHT	Person Weight
P17-18	RELATE	Relationship
P19	RELATEA	Relationship Allocation Flag
P20	OC	Own Child Indicator
P21	RC	Related Child Indicator
P22	PAOCF	Presence and Age of Own Children, Females
P23	SEX	Sex
P24	SEXA	Sex Allocation Flag
P25-26	AGE	
P23-20 P27		Age Allocation Flag
P27 P28-29	AGEA	Age Allocation Flag
	HISPAN	Hispanic or Latino Origin
P30	HISPANA	Hispanic or Latino Origin Allocation Flag
P31	NUMRACE	Number of Major Race Groups Marked White recode
P32	WHITE	
P33	BLACK	Black or African American recode
P34	AIAN	American Indian and Alaska Native recode
P35	ASIAN	Asian recode
P36	NHPI	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander recode
P37	OTHER	Some other race recode
P38	RACE1	Race Recode 1
P39-40	RACE2	Race Recode 2
P41-42	RACE3	Race Recode 3
P43	RACEA	Race Allocation Flag
P44	MARSTAT	Marital Status
P45	MARSTATA	Marital Status Allocation Flag
P46	MSP	Married, Spouse Present Recode
P47	SFN	Subfamily Number for this person
P48	SFREL	Subfamily Relationship
P49	ENROLL	School Enrollment; Attended since February 1, 2000
P50	ENROLLA	School Enrollment; Attended since February 1, 2000 Allocation Flag
P51	GRADE	School Enrollment: Grade Level Attending
P52	GRADEA	School Enrollment: Grade Level Attending Allocation Flag
P53-54	EDUC	Educational Attainment
P55	EDUCA	Educational Attainment Allocation Flag
P56-58	ANCFRST1	Ancestry Code 1 for 1% file
P59-61	ANCSCND1	Ancestry Code 2 for 1% file
P62	ANCA	Ancestry Allocation Flag
P63	ANCR	Ancestry Recode
P64	SPEAK	Non-English Language
P65	SPEAKA	Non-English Language Allocation Flag
P66-68	LANG1	Language Spoken for 1% file
P69	LANGA	Language Spoken Allocation Flag
P70	ENGABIL	English Ability

Character Location Index (Person Record)—Con.

Character location	Variable name	Description
P71	ENGABILA	English Ability Allocation Flag
P72-74	POB1	Place of Birth for 1% file
P75	POBA	Place of Birth Allocation Flag
P76	CTZ	Citizenship Status
P77	CTZA	Citizenship Status Allocation Flag
P78-81	YR2US	Year of Entry to United States
P82	YR2USA	Year of Entry to United States Allocation Flag
P83	MOB	Residence 5 Years Ago
P84	MOBA	Residence 5 Years Ago Allocation Flag
P85-87	MIGST1	Migration State or Foreign Country Code for 1% file
P88	MIGA	Migration State or Foreign Country Code Allocation Flag
P89-93	FILLER	Filler
P94-98	MIGPUMA1	Migration Super-PUMA
P99-100	FILLER	Filler
P101-102	MIGAREA1	Migration Super-PUMA Relationship to MA
P103-106	FILLER	Filler
P107-110	MIGCMA1	Migration MA: MSA/CMSA for Migration Super-PUMA
P111-114	FILLER	Filler
P115-118	MIGPMA1	Migration MA: MSA/PMSA for Migration Super-PUMA
P119	SENSRY	Sensory Disability
P120	SENSRYA	Sensory Disability Allocation Flag
P121	PHYSCL	Physical Disability
P122	PHYSCLA	Physical Disability Allocation Flag
P123	MENTAL	Mental Disability
P124	MENTALA	Mental Disability Allocation Flag
P125	SLFCARE	Self-Care Disability
P126	SLFCAREA	Self-Care Disability Allocation Flag
P127	ABGO	Able to Go Out Disability
P128	ABGOA	Able to Go Out Disability Allocation Flag
P129	ABWORK	Employment Disability
P130	ABWORKA	Employment Disability Allocation Flag
P131	DISABLE	Disability Recode
P132	GRANDC	Presence of Grandchildren under 18 years
P133	GRANDCA	Presence of Grandchildren under 18 years Allocation Flag
P134	RSPNSBL	Responsible for Grandchildren
P135	RSPNSBLA	Responsible for Grandchildren Allocation Flag
P136	HOWLONG	Length of Responsibility for Grandchildren
P137	HOWLONGA	Length of Responsibility For Grandchildren Allocation Flag
P138	MILTARY	Military Service
P139	MILTARYA	Military Service Allocation Flag
P140	VPS1	Veteran's Period of Service 1: On active duty April 1995
F140	VF31	or later
P141	VPS2	Veteran's Period of Service 2: On active duty August 1990 to March 1995 (including Persian Gulf War)
P142	VPS3	Veteran's Period of Service 3: On active duty
P143	VPS4	September 1980 to July 1990 Veteran's Period of Service 4: On active duty May 1975 to August 1980
P144	VPS5	Veteran's Period of Service 5: On active duty during the Vietnam Era (August 1964 to April 1975)

6-20 Data Dictionary

Character Location Index (Person Record)—Con.

Character location	Variable name	Description
P145	VPS6	Veteran's Period of Service 6: On active duty February 1955 to July 1964
P146	VPS7	Veteran's Period of Service 7: On active duty during the Korean War (June 1950 to January 1955)
P147	VPS8	Veteran's Period of Service 8: On active duty during World War II (September 1940 to July 1947)
P148	VPS9	Veteran's Period of Service 9: On active duty any other time
P149	VPSA	Veteran's Period of Service Allocation Flag
P150	MILYRS	Years of Military Service
P151	MILYRSA	Years of Military Service Allocation Flag
P152-153	VPSR	Veteran's Period of Service Recode
P154	ESR	Employment Status Recode
P155	ESRA	Employment Status Allocation Flag
P156	ESP	Employment Status of Parent(s)
P157-159	POWST1	Place of Work State or Foreign Country Code for 1% file
P160	POWSTA	Place of Work State or Foreign Country Code Allocation Flag
P161-165	FILLER	Filler
P166-170	POWPUMA1	Place of Work Super-PUMA
P171-172	FILLER	Filler
P173-174	POWAREA1	Place of Work Super-PUMA Relationship to MA
P175-178	FILLER	Filler
P179-182	POWCMA1	Place of Work MA: MSA/CMSA for Place of Work Super-PUMA
P183-186	FILLER	Filler
P187-190	POWPMA1	Place of Work MA: MSA/PMSA for Place of Work Super- PUMA
P191-192	TRVMNS	Means of Transportation to Work
P193	TRVMNSA	Means of Transportation to Work Allocation Flag
P194	CARPOOL	Vehicle Occupancy
P195	CARPOOLA	Vehicle Occupancy Allocation Flag
P196-198	LVTIME	Time Leaving for Work
P199	LVTIMEA	Time Leaving for Work Allocation Flag
P200-202	TRVTIME	Travel Time to Work
P203	TRVTIMEA	Travel Time to Work Allocation Flag
P204	LAYOFF	Layoff from Job
P205	ABSENT	Absent from Work
P206	RECALL	Return-to-Work Recall
P207	LOOKWRK	Looking for Work
P208	BACKWRK	Back to Work
P209	LASTWRK	Year Last Worked
P210	LASTWRKA	Year Last Worked Allocation Flag
P211-213	INDCEN	Industry (Census)
P214	INDCENA	Industry (Census) Allocation Flag
P215-222	INDNAICS	Industry (NAICS)
P223-225	OCCCEN1	Occupation (Census) for 1% file
P226	OCCCENA	Occupation (Census) Allocation Flag
P227-233	OCCSOC1	Occupation (SOC) for 1% file
,		= · [· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Clasus stau	\/a vi a la la	
Character location	Variable name	Description
	Harrie	Bescription
P235	CLWKRA	Class of Worker Allocation Flag
P236	WRKLYR	Worked in 1999
P237	WRKLYRA	Worked in 1999 Allocation Flag
P238-239	WEEKS	Weeks Worked in 1999
P240	WEEKSA	Weeks Worked in 1999 Allocation Flag
P241-242	HOURS	Hours Per Week in 1999
P243	HOURSA	Hours Per Week in 1999 Allocation Flag
P244-249	INCWS	Wage/Salary Income in 1999
P250	INCWSA	Wage/Salary Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P251-256	INCSE	Self-Employment Income in 1999
P257	INCSEA	Self-Employment Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P258-263	INCINT	Interest Income in 1999
P264	INCINTA	Interest Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P265-269	INCSS	Social Security Income in 1999
P270	INCSSA	Social Security Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P271-275	INCSSI	Supplemental Security Income in 1999
P276	INCSSIA	Supplemental Security Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P277-281	INCPA	Public Assistance Income in 1999
P282	INCPAA	Public Assistance Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P283-288	INCRET	Retirement Income in 1999
P289	INCRETA	Retirement Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P290-295	INCOTH	Other Income in 1999
P296	INCOTHA	Other Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P297-303	INCTOT	Person's Total Income in 1999
P304	INCTOTA	Person's Total Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P305-311	EARNS	Person's Total Earnings in 1999
P312-314	POVRTY	Person's Poverty Status

6-22 Data Dictionary

#### RECORD LAYOUT

The files for the Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) are provided as one file for each state. It is comprised of the housing unit record and the person record. The data fields in each record are 314 characters in length.

The first character position of each line in this data dictionary determines its type as shown below:

A "D" in the first position represents data item description. This line provides the variable name, the size of the field, the beginning position, and the ending position. (The variable name on this line is limited to 8 characters.)

A "T" in the first position provides an English description of the variable name.

An "R" in the first position indicates that the value is a range. The upper and lower values of the range are separated with ".."

The value description line has a "V" in the first position and a "." in position 24. This line provides the value code to the left of the "." and the value description to the right of the "." The description text may be continued for as many lines as are needed.

The layout is presented below.

### HOUSING UNIT RECORD

DATA D RECTYPE T Record Type V	SIZE 1	н.	BEGIN  1  Housing or Group Qu	END  1 arters Unit
		d al	2 Number Il persons within the ui Unique identifier assi	
D SAMPLE T Sample Identifier V	1	1.	9 1% sample	9
D STATE T State Code R V			FIPS State Code (see A	11 Appendix G)
D REGION T Region Code V V V V V		<ol> <li>1</li> <li>2</li> <li>3</li> <li>4</li> </ol>	Region not identified Northeast Midwest South West Puerto Rico	12
D DIVISION T Division Code V V		1.	13 Division not identified New England Middle Atlantic	13 d (Puerto Rico)

HOUSING UNIT RECOV V V V V V V	ORD—Con.	4 . 5 . 6 . 7 . 8 .	East North Central West North Central South Atlantic East South Central West South Central Mountain Pacific	
D FILLER	5		14	18
D PUMA1 T Super-Public Use I Desginates area of R	5 Microdata Area Code 400,000 or more p 01100728	opul	ation.	23
D FILLER	4		24	27
D FILLER	4		28	31
D MSACMSA1 T Metropolitan Area R V	004093 99	60 . 97 .	FIPS MSA/CMSA Code	d nonmetropolitan ter-
V			MSAs/CMSAs Not in metropolitan a	
D MSAPMSA1 4 36 39 T Metropolitan Area: MSA/PMSA for Super-PUMA R 00409360 . FIPS MSA/PMSA Code V 9997 . Mixed MSA/PMSA and nonmetropolitan territory				d nonmetropolitan ter-
V V			Not in metropolitan a	/or entire MSAs/PMSAs rea
D FILLER	2		40	41
D AREATYP1 T Metropolitan Area V V V V		<ul><li>11 .</li><li>12 .</li><li>13 .</li><li>14 .</li></ul>	central city (MSA part MSA) Contains only metrop inside and outside ce fully-identified MSA) Contains an entire MS tory) Contains only metrop	politan territory inside of fully-identified politan territory outside of fully-identified politan territory both ontral city (MSA part of SA (and no other terri-

6-24 Data Dictionary

HOUSING UNIT REC	ORD—Con.			
V		22 .		olitan territory outside of partially-identified
V		23 .	Contains only metrop	ntral city (MSA part of
V		31 .	Contains only metrop central city (PMSA par PMSA and fully-identi	olitan territory inside t of fully-identified
V		32 .	•	olitan territory outside t of fully-identified
V		33 .	Contains only metrop	olitan territory both ntral city (PMSA part of
V		34 .	Contains an entire PM tory) (PMSA belongs t CMSA)	•
V		41 .	Contains only metrop central city (PMSA par PMSA and partially-ide	t of fully-identified
V		42 .	Contains only metrop central city (PMSA par PMSA and partially-ide	
V		43 .		olitan territory both ntral city (PMSA part of and partially-identified
V		44 .	Contains an entire PM tory) (PMSA belongs t CMSA)	ISA (and no other terrion a partially-identified
V		51 .	Contains only metrop central city (PMSA par PMSA and partially-ide	t of partially-identified
V		52 .		olitan territory outside t of partially-identified entified CMSA)
V		53 .	Contains only metrop inside and outside ce partially-identified PM identified CMSA)	ntral city (PMSA part of
V		70 .	Contains both metrop politan territory	oolitan and nonmetro-
V		80 .	Contains only metrop or more partial and/o MSAs/PMSAs/CMSAs	
V		90 .	Contains only nonme	tropolitan territory
D FILLER	14		44	57
D FILLER	14		58	71
D TOTPUMA1 T Total Area of Supe	14 er-PUMA		72	85
R	099999999999	999 .	Square meters	

HOUSING UNIT REC	ORD—Con.			
D LNDPUMA1 T Land Area of Sup	14 er-PUMA		86	99
R	099999999999	99 .	Square meters	
D SUBSAMPL T Subsample numb Use to pull extra			100	101
R		99 .		
D HWEIGHT T Housing unit wei		75	102	105
R	000019	/5 .		
D PERSONS T Number of perso	2 n records following		_	107
V			Vacant unit Householder living al	one or any person in
R			group quarters Number of persons in	
D UNITTYPE T Type of unit	1		108	108
V V V		1.	Housing unit Institutional group qu Noninstitutional grou	
D HSUB	1		109	109
T Substitution Flag V V			Not substituted or GO Substituted	Q
D HAUG T Augmentation Fla	1		110	110
V V	19		Not augmented or GO Augmented	Q
D VACSTAT	1		111	111
T Vacancy Status V V V V V V		1 . 2 . 3 . 4 . 5 .	Not in universe (occur For rent For sale only Rented or sold, not o For seasonal, recreati For migrant workers Other vacant	
D VACSTATA	llocation Flag		112	112
T Vacancy Status A V V	nocation riag		Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D TENURE	1		113	113

6-26 Data Dictionary

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con. T Home Ownership			
V V		Not in universe (vaca	-
•		Owned by you or son hold with a mortgage	or Ioan
V	2.	Owned by you or son hold free and clear (w loan)	neone in this house- vithout a mortgage or
V V	_	Rented for cash rent Occupied without pay	ment of cash rent
D TENUREA 1 T Home Ownership Allocation Flag		114	114
V V		Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D BLDGSZ 2		115	116
T Size of Building V V V V V V V V V V V T D BLDGSZA 1 T Size of Building Allocation Flag	01 . 02 . 03 . 04 . 05 . 06 . 07 . 08 .	Not in universe (GQ) A mobile home A one-family house d other house A one-family house a houses A building with 2 apa A building with 3 or 4 A building with 5 to 9 A building with 10 to A building with 20 to A building with 50 or Boat, RV, van, etc.	ttached to one or more artments 4 apartments 9 apartments 19 apartments 49 apartments
V 0 V		Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D YRBUILT 1 T Year Building Built V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	1 . 2 . 3 . 4 . 5 . 6 . 7 . 8 .	Not in universe (GQ) 1999 to 2000 1995 to 1998 1990 to 1994 1980 to 1989 1970 to 1979 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	118

HOUSING UNIT RECO D YRBUILTA T Year Building Built V V	1		119 Not allocated or GQ Allocated	119
D YRMOVED T Year Moved In	1		120	120
V V V V V V		1 2 3 4 5	 Not in universe (vacar 1999 or 2000 1995 to 1998 1990 to 1994 1980 to 1989 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier	nt or GQ)
D YRMOVEDA T Year Moved In Allo	1 ocation Flag		121	121
V V	cation riag		Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D ROOMS T Number of Rooms	1		122	122
V R V		18	Not in universe (GQ) 1 to 8 rooms 9 or more rooms	
D ROOMSA	]		123	123
T Number of Rooms V V	Allocation Flag	0	Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D BEDRMS T Number of Bedroo	1		124	124
V V R V	1113	0 14	Not in universe (GQ) No bedrooms 1 to 4 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms	
D BEDRMSA T Number of Bedroo	1	lag	125	125
V V	illis Allocation F	0	Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D CPLUMB T Complete Plumbin	]		126	126
V V V	g racincies	1	Not in universe (GQ) Yes, have all three fac No	ilities

6-28 Data Dictionary

HOUSING UNIT RECO D CPLUMBA T Complete Plumbir V V	1	0		127 ag Not allocated or GQ Allocated	127
D CKITCH T Complete Kitchen	1 Facilities			128	128
V V V		1		Not in universe (GQ) Yes, have all three faci No	ilities
D CKITCHA T Complete Kitchen	l Facilities Alloca	ntion Fl	lan	129	129
V V	Tacilities Alloca	0		Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D PHONE T Telephone Availab	1 pility			130	130
V V V	micy	1		Not in universe (vacan Yes No	it or GQ)
D PHONEA T Telephone Availab	]	Elag		131	131
V V	mity Allocation	0		Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D FUEL T Heating Fuel	1			132	132
V V				Not in universe (vacan Gas: from undergroun borhood	
V				Gas: bottled, tank, or	LP
V V		4		Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	
V V				Coal or coke Wood	
V		7		Solar energy	
V V				Other fuel No fuel used	
D FUELA T Heating Fuel Alloo	l cation Flag			133	133
V V	J			Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D VEHICL T Number of Vehicle	1 es Available			134	134
V V R V	ES AVAIIADIC	0 15		Not in universe (vacan No vehicles 1 to 5 vehicles 6 or more vehicles	it or GQ)
		-	·		

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con.  D VEHICLA 1 T Number of Vehicles Available Alloc V V	0 .	135 lag Not allocated or GQ Allocated	135
D BUSINES 1 T Commercial Business on Property V	alank	136	136
V V V	1.	BLDGSZ>3) Yes No	nt or GQ; occupied and
D BUSINESA 1 T Commercial Business on Property A V V	0.	137 on Flag Not allocated or GQ Allocated	137
D ACRES T Acreage	1	138	138
5	olank .	Not in universe (vaca BLDGSZ>3)	nt or GQ; occupied and
V V V	2 .	Less than 1 acre 1.0 to 9.9 acres 10 acres or more	
D ACRESA 1 T Acreage Allocation Flag		139	139
V V		Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D AGSALES 1 T Sales of Agricultural Products in 19	199	140	140
		Not in universe (vaca ACRES=1 or BDLGSZ>	nt or GQ; occupied and 3)
V V		None \$1 to \$999	
V	2 .	\$1,000 to \$2,499	
V V		\$2,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$9,999	
V		\$10,000 or more	
D AGSALESA 1 T Sales of Agricultural Products in 19 V V	0 .	141 ocation Flag Not allocated or GQ Allocated	141

6-30 Data Dictionary

HOUSING UNIT RECO D ELEC T Cost of Electricity ( V V V V R V V	4 (annual) (blank . 0000 . 0001 . 0002 . 00034799 . 4800 .	Not in universe (vacar Included in rent or co No charge or not used \$1 or \$2 \$3 to \$4,799 Topcode State mean of topcode	ndominium fee
D ELECAT		146 Not allocated or GQ Allocated	146
D GAS T Cost of Gas (annually V) V V V R V V	blank . 0000 . 0001 . 0002 . 00032999 . 3000 .	Not in universe (vacar Included in rent or co No charge or not used \$1 or \$2 \$3 to \$2,999 Topcode State mean of topcode	ndominium fee
D GASA T Cost of Gas (annua V V	0 .	Not allocated or GQ Allocated	151
D WATER T Cost of Water and S V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	blank . 0000 . 0001 . 0002 . 00031999 . 2000 .	Not in universe (vacar Included in rent or co No charge or not used \$1 or \$2 \$3 to \$1,999 Topcode State mean of topcode	ndominium fee I
D III II EI O I	1 Sewer (annual) Allocatio 0 .	156 on Flag Not allocated or GQ	156

1 . Allocated

٧

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con.  D OIL 4 T Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	blank . 0000 . 0001 . 0002 . 032099 . 2100 .	Not in universe (vaca Included in rent or co No charge or not use \$1 or \$2 \$3 to \$2,099 Topcode State mean of topcod	ondominium fee ed
D OILA 1 T Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood V V	0 .	161 llocation Flag Not allocated or GQ Allocated	161
D RENT 4 T Monthly Rent		162	165
V	)11699 . 1700 .	Not in universe (GQ; and SISVAC is not 1) \$1 to \$1,699 Topcode State mean of topcod	
D RENTA 1 T Monthly Rent Allocation Flag V V		166 Not allocated or GQ Allocated	166
D MEALS 1 T Meals Included in Rent		167	167
V V V	1 .	Not in universe (GQ; VACSTAT is not 1) Yes No	or TENURE is not 3 and
D MEALSA 1		168	168
T Meals Included in Rent Allocation V V	0.	Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D MORTG1 1 T Mortgage Status		169	169
V	blank .	Not in universe (vaca occupied)	ant, GQ, or renter-
V V V	2 .	-	of trust or similar debt hase
D MORTG1A 1 T Mortgage Status Allocation Flag		170	170
V V	0 .	Not allocated or GQ Allocated	

6-32 Data Dictionary

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con.  D MRT1AMT 5	171 175
T Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) V blank	. Not in universe (vacant, GQ, renter- occupied, or owner- occupied and MORTG1 = 3)
R 0000102999 V 03000	. No regular payment
	176 176 ocation Flag . Not allocated or GQ . Allocated
D MORTG2 1 T Second Mortgage Status	177 177
	. Not in universe (vacant, GQ, renter- occupied, or owner- occupied and MORTG1 = 3)
V 2 V 3	<ul> <li>= 3)</li> <li>Yes, a 2nd mortgage</li> <li>Yes, a home equity loan</li> <li>No</li> <li>Both a 2nd mortgage and a home equity loan</li> </ul>
	178 178  . Not allocated . Allocated
D MRT2AMT 5 T Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amo blank)  V 00000 R 0000101099 V 01100	179 183 unt)  Not in universe (vacant, GQ, renteroccupied, or owner-occupied and MORTG1 = 3)  No regular payment
	184 184 unt) Allocation Flag . Not allocated or GQ . Allocated
D TAXINCL 1 T Property Tax Status	185 185
	. Not in universe (vacant, GQ, renter- occupied, or owner- occupied and MORTG1 = 3)
	<ul> <li>Yes, taxes included in mortgage payment</li> <li>No, taxes paid separately, or taxes not required</li> </ul>

Property lax Status Allocation Flag   V	HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con. D TAXINCLA 1	186 186
T Property Tax Amount (annual)  V	-	
V         00         Not in universe (GQ, renter-occupied or vacant but VACSTAT not 2)           V         01         No taxes paid           V         02         S1 to S49           V         03         S50 to S99           V         04         S100 to \$149           V         05         S150 to \$199           V         06         S200 to \$249           V         07         S250 to \$299           V         08         S300 to \$349           V         09         S350 to \$399           V         09         S350 to \$399           V         10         S400 to \$449           V         11         S450 to \$499           V         12         S500 to \$549           V         12         S500 to \$549           V         13         S550 to \$599           V         16         S700 to \$749           V         17         S750 to \$799           V         18         S800 to \$849           V         19         S850 to \$899           V         19         S850 to \$899           V         20         S900 to \$949           V         21 <th< td=""><td></td><td>187 188</td></th<>		187 188
V	•	vacant but VACSTAT not 2)
V		•
V		
V		
V		
V		
V	V	
V	V	08 . \$300 to \$349
V		09 . \$350 to \$399
V		
V		
V		
V		
V		
V		
V		
V		
V	V	
V	V	20 . \$900 to \$949
V		
V		
V 25 . \$1,300 to \$1,399 V 26 . \$1,400 to \$1,499 V 27 . \$1,500 to \$1,599 V 28 . \$1,600 to \$1,699 V 29 . \$1,700 to \$1,799 V 30 . \$1,800 to \$1,899 V 31 . \$1,900 to \$1,999 V 32 . \$2,000 to \$2,099 V 33 . \$2,100 to \$2,199 V 34 . \$2,200 to \$2,299 V 35 . \$2,300 to \$2,399 V 36 . \$2,400 to \$2,499 V 37 . \$2,500 to \$2,599 V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,599 V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799 V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799 V 40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899 V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		
V 26 . \$1,400 to \$1,499 V 27 . \$1,500 to \$1,599 V 28 . \$1,600 to \$1,699 V 29 . \$1,700 to \$1,799 V 30 . \$1,800 to \$1,899 V 31 . \$1,900 to \$1,999 V 32 . \$2,000 to \$2,099 V 33 . \$2,100 to \$2,199 V 34 . \$2,200 to \$2,299 V 35 . \$2,300 to \$2,399 V 36 . \$2,400 to \$2,499 V 37 . \$2,500 to \$2,599 V 38 . \$2,600 to \$2,699 V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799 V 40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899 V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		
V 27 . \$1,500 to \$1,599 V 28 . \$1,600 to \$1,699 V 29 . \$1,700 to \$1,799 V 30 . \$1,800 to \$1,899 V 31 . \$1,900 to \$1,999 V 32 . \$2,000 to \$2,099 V 33 . \$2,100 to \$2,199 V 34 . \$2,200 to \$2,299 V 35 . \$2,300 to \$2,399 V 36 . \$2,400 to \$2,499 V 37 . \$2,500 to \$2,599 V 38 . \$2,600 to \$2,699 V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799 V 40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899 V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		
V 28 . \$1,600 to \$1,699 V 29 . \$1,700 to \$1,799 V 30 . \$1,800 to \$1,899 V 31 . \$1,900 to \$1,999 V 32 . \$2,000 to \$2,099 V 33 . \$2,100 to \$2,199 V 34 . \$2,200 to \$2,299 V 35 . \$2,300 to \$2,399 V 36 . \$2,400 to \$2,499 V 37 . \$2,500 to \$2,599 V 38 . \$2,600 to \$2,699 V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799 V 40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899 V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		
V 29 . \$1,700 to \$1,799 V 30 . \$1,800 to \$1,899 V 31 . \$1,900 to \$1,999 V 32 . \$2,000 to \$2,099 V 33 . \$2,100 to \$2,199 V 34 . \$2,200 to \$2,299 V 35 . \$2,300 to \$2,399 V 36 . \$2,400 to \$2,499 V 37 . \$2,500 to \$2,599 V 38 . \$2,600 to \$2,699 V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799 V 40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899 V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		
V 30 . \$1,800 to \$1,899 V 31 . \$1,900 to \$1,999 V 32 . \$2,000 to \$2,099 V 33 . \$2,100 to \$2,199 V 34 . \$2,200 to \$2,299 V 35 . \$2,300 to \$2,399 V 36 . \$2,400 to \$2,499 V 37 . \$2,500 to \$2,599 V 38 . \$2,600 to \$2,699 V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799 V 40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899 V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		
V 31 . \$1,900 to \$1,999 V 32 . \$2,000 to \$2,099 V 33 . \$2,100 to \$2,199 V 34 . \$2,200 to \$2,299 V 35 . \$2,300 to \$2,399 V 36 . \$2,400 to \$2,499 V 37 . \$2,500 to \$2,599 V 38 . \$2,600 to \$2,699 V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799 V 40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899 V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		
V 32 . \$2,000 to \$2,099 V 33 . \$2,100 to \$2,199 V 34 . \$2,200 to \$2,299 V 35 . \$2,300 to \$2,399 V 36 . \$2,400 to \$2,499 V 37 . \$2,500 to \$2,599 V 38 . \$2,600 to \$2,699 V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799 V 40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899 V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		
V 34 . \$2,200 to \$2,299 V 35 . \$2,300 to \$2,399 V 36 . \$2,400 to \$2,499 V 37 . \$2,500 to \$2,599 V 38 . \$2,600 to \$2,699 V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799 V 40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899 V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099	V	
V 35 . \$2,300 to \$2,399 V 36 . \$2,400 to \$2,499 V 37 . \$2,500 to \$2,599 V 38 . \$2,600 to \$2,699 V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799 V 40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899 V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		33 . \$2,100 to \$2,199
V 36 . \$2,400 to \$2,499 V 37 . \$2,500 to \$2,599 V 38 . \$2,600 to \$2,699 V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799 V 40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899 V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		
V 37 . \$2,500 to \$2,599 V 38 . \$2,600 to \$2,699 V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799 V 40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899 V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		
V 38 . \$2,600 to \$2,699 V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799 V 40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899 V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		
V 39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799 V 40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899 V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		
V 40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899 V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		
V 41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999 V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		
V 42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099		

6-34 Data Dictionary

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con.			
V	44 .	\$3,200 to \$3,299	
V	45 .	\$3,300 to \$3,399	
V	46 .	\$3,400 to \$3,499	
V	47 .	\$3,500 to \$3,599	
		\$3,600 to \$3,699	
		\$3,700 to \$3,799	
		\$3,800 to \$3,899	
		\$3,900 to \$3,999	
		\$4,000 to \$4,099	
		\$4,100 to \$4,199	
		\$4,200 to \$4,299	
		\$4,300 to \$4,399	
		\$4,400 to \$4,499	
		\$4,500 to \$4,599	
		\$4,600 to \$4,699	
		\$4,700 to \$4,799	
		\$4,800 to \$4,899	
		\$4,900 to \$4,999	
		\$5,000 to \$5,499	
		\$5,500 to \$5,999	
		\$6,000 to \$6,999	
		\$7,000 to \$7,999	
		\$8,000 to \$9,099 \$9,100 or more	
V	57.	\$9,100 of filore	
D TAXAMTA 1		189	189
T Property Tax Amount (annual) Allocati	ion F	lag	
V	0 .	Not allocated or GQ	
V	1.	Allocated	
D INSINCL 1		100	190
D INSINCL I T Property Insurance Status		190	190
	nk	Not in universe (vacar	nt CO rantar
v Diai	IIK .	occupied, or owner- o = 3)	
V	1.	Yes, insurance include	ed in mortgage pay-
V	2	ment	
V	۷.	No, insurance paid se ance	parately, or no insur-
D INSINCLA 1 T Property Insurance Status Allocation F	lan	191	191
V	_	Not allocated or GQ	
V		Allocated	
	-		

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Cor D INSAMT 4 T Property Insurance Amount		192	195
V		Not in universe (vaca occupied)	nt, GQ, or renter-
V R V	00012499 .	No insurance paymer \$1 to \$2,499 Topcode	nt
V		State mean of topcod	led values
D INSAMTA 1 T Property Insurance Amount		_	196
V V		Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D CONDFEE 4 T Condominium Fee (monthly	y)	197	200
V		Not in universe (vaca occupied)	nt, GQ, or renter-
V R	. 0000 . 00010719	Not a condominium \$1 to \$719	
V V		Topcode State mean of topcod	led values
D CONDFEEA 1 T Condominium Fee (monthly V V	y) Allocation Fl 0 .	201	201
D VALUE 2 T Property Value		202	203
V	blank .	Not in universe (GQ, STAT = 1, 3-6)	TENURE = 3-4, or VAC-
V		Less than \$10,000	
V V		\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,99	
V V		\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$29,999	
V V		\$30,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$34,999	
V		\$35,000 to \$39,999	
V V		\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	
V	10 .	\$60,000 to \$69,999	
V V		\$70,000 to \$79,999	
V V		\$80,000 to \$89,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999	
V	14 .	\$100,000 to \$124,99	
V V		\$125,000 to \$149,99	
V V		\$150,000 to \$174,99 \$175,000 to \$199,99	
V	18 .	\$200,000 to \$249,99	99
V V		\$250,000 to \$299,99 \$300,000 to \$399,99	
<del>-</del>			- <del>-</del>

6-36 Data Dictionary
U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con.			
V		\$400,000 to \$499,99	
V		\$500,000 to \$749,99	
V		\$750,000 to \$999,99	99
V	24 .	\$1,000,000 or more	
D VALUEA 1		204	204
T Property Value Allocation Flag	0	Not allocated as CO	
V		Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
V	١.	Allocated	
D MHLOAN	1	205	205
T Mobile Home Loan Status			TENUIDE . 1.0
V	olank .	Not in universe (GQ, BLDGSZ not 1)	TENURE not 1-2, or
V	1.	Yes	
V	2.	No	
D MIII O ANA		205	206
D MHLOANA 1 T Mobile Home Loan Status Allocation	n Elaa	206	206
V	_	Not allocated or GQ	
V		Allocated	
D MHCOST 5 T Mobile Home Costs		207	211
	olank .	Not in universe (GQ,	TFNURF not 1-2, or
		BLDGSZ not 1)	
		No cost	
		\$1 to \$9,999	
		Topcode State mean of topcod	led values
•		State mean of topeoc	ica varacs
D MHCOSTA 1		212	212
T Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag	0	Natalla sataday CO	
V		Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
•	٠.	Allocated	
D HHT 1		213	213
T Household/Family Type	•		
V		Not in universe (vaca Family household: m	=-
V		Family household: m	•
•		wife present	
V	3.	Family household: fe	male householder, no
V	4	husband present Nonfamily household	l· male householder
•	٠.	living alone	i. maie nousenoidei,
V	5.	Nonfamily household	l: male householder,
V	6	not living alone	l: female householder,
v	υ.	living alone	i. Temaie nousenoidel,
\/		_	
V	7.	Nonfamily household	l: female householder,
D P65 2	7 .	Nonfamily household not living alone 214	l: female householder, 215

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Co T Number of people 65 year V R		
D P18 2 T Number of people under 1	216 8 years in household	217
V R	00 . Not in universe (v 0197 . 1 to 97 people ur	
D NPF 2	218	219
T Number of people in famil V	00 . Not in universe (v	acant, GQ, or HHT not
R	1-3) 0297 . 2 to 97 related pe	eople in family
D NOC 2	220	221
T Number of own children u V	00 . None (includes no	ot in universe: vacant or
R	GQ) 0196 . 1 to 96 own child	lren under 18 years
D NRC 2	222 n under 18 years in household	223
V	-	ot in universe: vacant or
R	0196 . 1 to 96 related ch	nildren under 18 years
D PSF 1 T Presence of Subfamily in H	224 Iousehold	224
V		ncludes not in universe:
V	1 . 1 or more subfam	nilies
D PAOC 1	225	225
T Presence and Age of Own V	0 . Not in universe (v	/acant or GQ)
V	1 . With own children	-
V V	<ul><li>2 . With own children</li><li>3 . With own children</li></ul>	n 6 to 17 years only n under 6 years and 6 to
V	17 years 4 . No own children	under 18 years
D PARC 1 T Presence and Age of Relate	226	226
V	0 . Not in universe (v	acant or GQ)
V V		ren under 6 years only
V		ren 6 to 17 years only ren under 6 years and 6 to
V	4 . No related childre	en under 18 years
D SVAL 1 T Specified Value Indicator	227	227

6-38

Data Dictionary

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

HOUSING UNIT REC	ORD—Con.	0	Not specified unit (in	cludos CO roptal units)
V			. Specified unit	cludes GQ, rental units)
D SMOC T Selected Monthly	5 Owner Cost	ts	228	232
V	Owner cost		. Not in universe (vaca owner-occupied)	nt, GQ, no costs, not
R V			. \$1 to \$24,999 . \$25,000 or more	
D SMOCAPI T Selected Monthly V	3 Owner Cost	000	233 entage of Household Ind . Not in universe (vaca owner-occupied, or h than \$1) . 1% to 100%	
V		101	. 101% or more	
D SRNT T Specified Rent Inc	1 dicator		236	236
V			. Not specified rental u owned units)	init (includes GQ,
v D GRENT	4	ı	. Specified 237	240
T Gross Rent V	4	0000	. Not in universe (vaca	nt, GQ, owner-
R V	0		occupied, not rented . \$1 to \$9,998 . \$9,999 or more	for cash rent)
D GRAPI	3	£ 11 a a a la a la l	241	243
T Gross Rent as a P V	ercentage o		<ul> <li>Not in universe (vaca occupied, not rented household income is</li> </ul>	for cash rent, or
R V	101		. 1% to 100% . 101% or more	
D FNF T Farm/Nonfarm R	1 ecode		244	244
V V V		1	<ul><li>. Not in universe (GQ)</li><li>. Farm</li><li>. Nonfarm (includes ur</li></ul>	ban)
D HHL	1		245	245
T Household Langu V V V V V D LNGI	age	1 2 3 4	<ul> <li>Not in universe (vaca</li> <li>English only</li> <li>Spanish</li> <li>Other Indo-European</li> <li>Asian or Pacific Island</li> <li>Other language</li> <li>246</li> </ul>	
T Linguistic Isolatio	n			

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con. V V V	1.	Not in universe (vacant or on the linguistically isolated Linguistically isolated	GQ)
D WIF 1 T Number of workers in family		247 247	
V		Not in universe (vacant, GC 1-3)	), or HHT not
V V	2 .	No workers in family 1 worker in family	
V V		2 workers in family 3 or more workers in famil	у
D EMPSTAT 1 T Family Type and Employment Status		248 248	
V		Not in universe (vacant, GC 1-3)	), or HHT not
V	1.	Married-couple family; hus force, wife in labor force	band in labor
V		Married-couple family; hus force, wife not in labor force	ce
V		Married-couple family; hus force, wife in labor force	
V		Married-couple family; hus force, wife not in labor force	ce
V		Other family, male househousehousehousehousehousehousehouse	
V		Other family, male househor present, not in labor force Other family, female house	
V		band present, in labor force Other family, female house	e
•	ο.	band present, not in labor	
D WORKEXP 2 T Family Type and Work Experience of	Hous	249 250 eholder	
V		Not in universe (vacant, GC 1-3)	), or HHT not
V	01 .	Married-couple family; hou full-time year- round in 199 worked full-time year-round	99, spouse
V	02 .	Married-couple family; hou full-time year- round in 199 worked less than full-time 1999	seholder worked 99, spouse
V	03 .	Married-couple family; hou full-time year- round in 199 not work in 1999	
V	04 .	Married-couple family; hou less than full-time year-rou	nd in 1999,
V	05 .	spouse worked full-time ye Married-couple family; hou less than full-time year-rou spouse worked less than fu round in 1999	seholder worked nd in 1999,

6-40 Data Dictionary

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—C	Con.	
V	06	Married-couple family; householder worked less than full-time year-round in 1999, spouse did not work in 1999
V	07	Married-couple family; householder did not work in 1999, spouse worked full-time year-round in 1999
V	08	Married-couple family; householder did not work in 1999, spouse worked less than full-time year-round in 1999
V	09	Married-couple family; householder did not work in 1999, spouse did not work in 1999
V	10	Other family; male householder, no wife present, householder worked full-time year-round in 1999
V		Other family; male householder, no wife present, householder worked less than full-time year-round in 1999
V	12	Other family; male householder, no wife present, householder did not work in 1999
V	13	Other family; female householder, no husband present, householder worked full-time year-round in 1999
V	14	Other family; female householder, no husband present, householder worked less than full-time year-round in 1999
V	15	Other family; female householder, no husband present, householder did not work in 1999
D HINC 8		251 258
T Household Total Income V		Lang of \$50,000 on many
•		Loss of \$59,999 or more Loss of \$1 to \$59,998
V -0000		Not in universe (vacant, GQ, no income)
V		\$1 or break even
R 000000		\$2 to \$99,999,998
V	99999999	\$99,999,999 or more
D FINC 8		259 266
T Family Total Income in 1		
V		Loss of \$59,999 or more
R -0000		Loss of \$1 to \$59,998 Not in universe (vacant, GQ, no income)
V		\$1 or break even
		\$2 to \$99,999,998
V		\$99,999,999 or more

PERSON RECORD				
DATA	SIZE		BEGIN	END
D RECTYPE T Record Type	1		1	1
V		Ρ.	Person record	
		nd al	2 Number I persons within the ur Unique identifier assi	
D PNUM T Person Sequence	2 Number		9	10
R		.97 .	Person Number	
D PAUG T Augmented Perso	l on Flag		11	11
V V			Not augmented Augmented	
D DDP T Data-defined Pers	l son Flag		12	12
V V V	.c rag	1.	Yes No, imputed by edit No, substituted	
D PWEIGHT T Person Weight	4		13	16
R	000014	106 .	Person weight	
D RELATE T Relationship	2		17	18
V			Householder	
V			Husband/wife Natural born son/dau	ahter
V			Adopted son/daughte	-
V			Stepson/Stepdaughte	r
V			Brother/sister	
V			Father/mother Grandchild	
V			Parent-in-law	
V			Son-in-law/daughter-i	n-law
V			Other relative	
V			Brother-in-law/sister-i	n-law
V			Nephew/niece Grandparent	
V			Uncle/aunt	
V		16 .	Cousin	
V			Roomer/boarder	
V V			Housemate/roommat Unmarried partner	e
V			Foster child	

6-42 Data Dictionary

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

PERSON RECORD—	Con.			
V		21 .	Other nonrelative	
V			Institutionalized GQ	
V		23 .	Noninstitutionalized	GQ person
D RELATEA	1		19	19
T Relationship Allo	cation Flag		N . II I	
V			Not allocated Allocated	
•	_	١.		
D OC T Own Child Indica	1		20	20
V	tor	0	Not an own child und	der 18 vears(includes
•			GQ)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
V		1.	Yes, own child under	18 years
D RC	1		21	21
T Related Child Ind	icator		N	
V		0.	Not a related child ur	nder 18 years (includes
V		1.	Yes, related child und	ler 18 years
D PAOCF	1		22	22
T Presence and Age	-	n, Femal		22
V			Not in universe (GQ,	male, and females
V		1	under 16 years)	dar C vaara anly
V			With own children un With own children 6	
V			With own children un	-
			17 years	
V		4 .	No own children und	er 18 years
D SEX	1		23	23
T Sex V		1	Male	
V			Female	
D SEXA	1		24	24
T Sex Allocation Fla			24	24
V	5	0.	Not allocated	
V		1.	Allocated	
D AGE	2		25	26
T Age		_		
V R			Under 1 year	
K V			1 to 89 years Topcode	
V			State mean of topcod	led values
D AGEA	1		27	27
T Age Allocation Fl	•			2,
V			Not allocated	
V		1.	Allocated	
D HISPAN	2		28	29
T Hispanic or Latin	o Origin	0.1	Mar Illana Control	
V			Not Hispanic or Latin Mexican	0
v		υΖ.	IVICAICAII	

PERSON RECORD—Con.			
V	03	. Puerto Rican	
V		. Cuban	
V		. Dominican	
V		. Costa Rican	
V		. Guatemalan	
V		. Honduran . Nicaraguan	
V		. Nicaraguan . Panamanian	
V	_	. Salvadoran	
V		. Other Central Americ	an
V		. Argentinean	
V		. Bolivian	
V		. Chilean . Colombian	
V		. Ecuadorian	
V		. Paraguayan	
V		. Peruvian	
V	20	. Uruguayan	
V		. Venezuelan	
V		. Other South America	n
V		. Spaniard Other Spanish or Lati	no
·	24	. Other Spanish or Lati	
D HISPANA 1	<b>-</b> 1	30	30
T Hispanic or Latino Origin Allocation V	_	. Not allocated	
V		. Allocated	
D NUMBACE 1	·		2.1
D NUMRACE 1 T Number of Major Race Groups Marke	ha	31	31
V		. One race	
V		. Two races	
V	3	. Three races	
V		. Four races	
V		. Five races	
V	6	. Six races	
D WHITE 1		32	32
T White recode	0	NI.	
V		. No Yos along or in comb	vination with one or
V	'	<ul> <li>Yes, alone or in comb more other races</li> </ul>	mation with one of
D BLACK 1		33	33
D BLACK T Black or African American recode		33	33
V	0	. No	
V		. Yes, alone or in comb	ination with one or
		more other races	
D AIAN 1		34	34
T American Indian and Alaska Native r			
V		. No	
V	1	<ul> <li>Yes, alone or in comb more other races</li> </ul>	oination with one or
		more other races	

6-44 Data Dictionary

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

PERSON RECORD—	Con.			
D ASIAN T Asian recode	1		35	35
V V		-	No Yes, alone or in comb more other races	ination with one or
D NHPI T Native Hawaiian	1 and Other Pacific Isl	ande	36 r recode	36
V		0.	No Yes, alone or in comb more other races	ination with one or
D OTHER	1		37	37
T Some other race	recode			
V V			No Yes, alone or in comb more other races	ination with one or
D RACE1 T Race Recode 1	1		38	38
V		1.	White alone	
V			Black or African Amer	
V			American Indian alone	е
V			Alaska Native alone	Alaalia Nasti ia siitaa
V		5.	American Indian and a specified, and Americ Native, not specified,	an Indian or Alaska
V			Asian alone	
V			Native Hawaiian and (	
V V			Some other race alone Two or more major ra	
D RACE2 T Race Recode 2	2		39	40
V		-	White alone	
V	1. 1	02 .	Black or African Amer	rican alone
American Inc V		02	Apache alone	
V			Blackfeet alone	
V			Cherokee alone	
V		06 .	Cheyenne alone	
V		07 .	Chickasaw alone	
V			Chippewa alone	
V			Choctaw alone	
V			Comanche alone Creek alone	
V			Crow alone	
V			Delaware alone	
V			Iroquois alone	
V			Kiowa alone	
V			Latin American Indian	alone
V			Lumbee alone	
V		۱8.	Navajo alone	

PERSO	ON RECORD—Con.	
V		19 . Paiute alone
V		20 . Pima alone
V		21 . Potawatomi alone
V		22 . Pueblo alone
V		23 . Puget Sound Salish alone
V		24 . Seminole alone
V		25 . Sioux alone
V		26 . Tohono O'Odham alone
V		27 . Yakama alone
V		28 . Yaqui alone
V		<ul> <li>29 . Other specified American Indian tribes alone</li> </ul>
V		<ol> <li>All other specified American Indian tribe combinations</li> </ol>
	Alaska Native alone:	
V		31 . Alaskan Athabascan alone
V		32 . Aleut alone
V		33 . Eskimo alone
V		34 . Tlingit-Haida alone
V		35 . All specified American Indian and Alaska Native tribes alone or in combination with other tribes
V		36 . American Indian and Alaska Native, not specified
	Asian alone:	·
V		37 . Asian Indian alone
V		38 . Bangladeshi alone
V		39 . Cambodian alone
V		40 . Chinese, except Taiwanese, alone
V		41 . Taiwanese alone
V		42 . Filipino alone
V		43 . Hmong alone
V		44 . Indonesian alone
V		45 . Japanese alone
V		46 . Korean alone
V		47 . Laotian alone
V		48 . Malaysian alone
V		49 . Pakistani alone
V		50 . Sri Lankan alone
V		51 . Thai alone
V		52 . Vietnamese alone
V		53 . Other specified Asian alone
V		54 . Asian, not specified, alone
V		55 . All combinations of Asian races only

## PERSON RECORD—Con.

PERSON RECORD—C		
Native Hawai	ian and Other Pacific Isla	ınder alone:
V	56 .	Native Hawaiian alone
V	57 .	Samoan alone
V	58 .	Tongan alone
V		Other Polynesian alone or in combination with other Polynesian races
V	60	Guamanian or Chamorro alone
V		Other Micronesian alone or in combination
		with other Micronesian races
V	62 .	Melanesian alone or in combination with other Melanesian races
V	63 .	Other Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
V	64 .	Some other race alone
V		Two or more major races
D RACE3 T Race Recode 3	2	41 42
V	01 .	Some other race alone
V	02 .	Other Pacific Islander alone
V		Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
V		Samoan alone
V		Guamanian or Chamorro alone
V		Native Hawaiian alone
		Other Asian alone
V		
V		Other Asian; Some other race
V		Other Asian; Other Pacific Islander
V		Vietnamese alone
V		Korean alone
V	12 .	Japanese alone
V	13 .	Japanese; Some other race
V	14 .	Japanese; Native Hawaiian
V	15 .	Filipino alone
V	16 .	Filipino; Some other race
V		Filipino; Other Pacific Islander
V		Filipino; Native Hawaiian
V		Filipino; Japanese
V		Chinese alone
V		Chinese; Some other race
V		Chinese; Native Hawaiian
-		
V		Chinese; Other Asian
V		Chinese; Vietnamese
V		Chinese; Japanese
V		Chinese; Filipino
V		Chinese; Filipino; Native Hawaiian
V		Asian Indian alone
V	29 .	Asian Indian; Some other race
V	30 .	Asian Indian; Other Pacific Islander
V	31 .	Asian Indian; Other Asian
V		American Indian and Alaska Native alone
V		American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race

PERSON RECORD—	Con.		
V		4 . American Indi	ian and Alaska Native; Other
		Asian	. IAI I N
V			ian and Alaska Native; Filipino ian and Alaska Native; Asian
V		Indian	iali aliu Alaska Native, Asiali
V		7 . Black or Africa	an American alone
V			an American; Some other race
V			an American; Other Pacific
V		Islander	an American; Other Asian
V			an American; Korean
V			an American; Japanese
V			an American; Filipino
V			an American; Chinese
V		5 . Black or Africa	an American; Asian Indian
V			an American; American Indian
		and Alaska Na	ative
V		7. White alone	athan maga
V		8 . White; Some of a white; Other I	
V		0 . White; Samoa	
V		•	inian or Chamorro
V		2. White; Native	
V		3 . White; Other	
V		4 . White; Other	Asian; Some other race
V		5 . White; Vietnai	mese
V		6 . White; Korean	
V		7 . White; Japane	
V			se; Native Hawaiian
V		9 . White; Filiping	o; Some other race
V			o; Native Hawaiian
V		2. White; Chines	
V		•	e; Native Hawaiian
V			e; Filipino; Native Hawaiian
V		5 . White; Asian I	ndian
V		•	an Indian and Alaska Native
V			an Indian and Alaska Native;
V		Some other ra	
V		•	or African American or African American; Some
V		other race	or African American, 30me
V		0 . White; Black o	or African American; American
		Indian and Ala	aska Native
V		1 . All other race	combinations
D RACEA	1	43	43
T Race Allocation F	lag		
V		0 . Not allocated	
V		1 . Allocated	
D MARSTAT	1	44	44
T Marital Status			
V		1 . Now married	

6-48 Data Dictionary

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

PERSON RECORD—Con.			
V		/idowed	
V		ivorced eparated	
V		ever married (includes under 1	5 years)
D MARSTATA 1		5 45	
T Marital Status Allocation Flag			
V	-	ot allocated	
V	I	llocated	
D MSP 1		6 46	
T Married, Spouse Present Recode V	0	ot in universe (Under 15 years	`
· -	U	ot in universe (Under 15 years	)
V		ow married, spouse present	
V		ow married, spouse absent	
V		/idowed	
V		ivorced	
V		eparated ever married	
•	U		
D SFN 1 T Subfamily Number for this person		7 47	
V	0	ot in a subfamily	
-		·	
V		subfamily #1	
V		subfamily #2	
V V		n subfamily #3 n subfamily #4	
•	7	•	
D SFREL 1		48 48	
T Subfamily Relationship V	٥	ot in a subfamily	
V		usband/wife, no children	
V		usband/wife, with children	
V		arent in one-parent subfamily	
V	4	hild in married-couple subfam	ily
V		hild in mother-child subfamily	
V	6	hild in father-child subfamily	
D ENROLL 1		9 49	
T School Enrollment; Attended since Fe			
V		ot in universe (Under 3 years) o, has not attended since Febr	an./ 1
V		es, public school or college	uary i
V		es, private school or college	
D ENROLLA 1		0 50	
T School Enrollment: Attended since Fe	hrua	•	
V		ot allocated	
V		llocated	
D GRADE 1		1 51	
T School Enrollment: Grade Level Atten	ding	_	
	_		

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
V	0	. Not in universe (Under 3 years or ENROLL = 1)
V	1	Nursery school, preschool
V	2	. Kindergarten
V		. Grade 1 to grade 4
V		. Grade 5 to grade 8
V		Grade 9 to grade 12
V V		. College undergraduate . Graduate or professional school
•	7	·
D GRADEA 1	al Attandina	52 52
T School Enrollment: Grade Lev V		Not allocated
V		. Allocated
D EDUC 2	•	53 54
T Educational Attainment		33 34
V	00	. Not in universe (Under 3 years)
V		No schooling completed
V	02	Nursery school to 4th grade
V		. 5th grade or 6th grade
V		. 7th grade or 8th grade
V		. 9th grade
V V		. 10th grade . 11th grade
V		. 11th grade . 12th grade, no diploma
V		. High school graduate
V		Some college, but less than 1 year
V		One or more years of college, no degree
V		. Associate degree
V		. Bachelor's degree
V		. Master's degree
V V		Professional degree
•	10	. Doctorate degree
D EDUCA 1		55 55
T Educational Attainment Alloc V	_	. Not allocated
V		. Allocated . Allocated
D ANCFRST1 3		56 58
T Ancestry Code 1 for 1% file R	001 000	. See Appendix G
	001999	
D ANCSCND1 3		59 61
T Ancestry Code 2 for 1% file	001 000	Soo Annondiy C
R	001999	. See Appendix G
D ANCA 1		62 62
T Ancestry Allocation Flag	0	Not allocated
V V		. Not allocated . Allocated
•	I .	
D ANCR 1		63 63
T Ancestry Recode		

6-50 Data Dictionary

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
V		. Single
V		. Multiple
V		. Unclassified . Not reported
•	4	·
D SPEAK 1 T Non-English Language		64 64
V	blank	. Not in universe (Under 5 years)
V		. Yes
V	2	. No
D SPEAKA 1 T Non-English Language Allocation	Flag	65 65
V		. Not allocated
V	I	. Allocated
D LANG1 3		66 68
T Language Spoken for 1% file V	000	. Not in universe (Less than 5 years or SPEAK
V	000	= 2)
R 00	1999	. See Appendix G
D LANGA 1		69 69
T Language Spoken Allocation Flag		
V		. Not allocated . Allocated
•	ı	
D ENGABIL 1 T English Ability		70 70
V	blank	. Not in universe (Under 5 years or SPEAK =
V	1	2)
V		. Very well . Well
V		. Not well
V	4	. Not at all
D ENGABILA 1		71 71
T English Ability Allocation Flag	_	
V		. Not allocated . Allocated
•	ı	
D POB1 3 T Place of Birth for 1% file		72 74
	1056	. FIPS Codes for U.S. States
		. Specific Island Areas
R 10	0554	. Foreign countries or at sea
D POBA 1		75 75
T Place of Birth Allocation Flag		No. 11
V		. Not allocated . Allocated
•	'	
D CITIZEN 1 T Citizenship Status		76 76
V	1	. Yes, born in the United States

PERSON RECORD—Con.	
V 2 . Yes, born in Puerto Rico Islands, American Samo Marianas	
V 3 . Yes, born abroad of Am	erican parent or
V parents 4 . Yes, U.S. citizen by natu	uralization
V 5 . No, not a citizen of the	United States
D CITIZENA 1 77 7 T Citizenship Status Allocation Flag	77
V 0 . Not allocated	
V 1 . Allocated	
	31
T Year of Entry to United States V 0000 . Not in universe (CITIZE)	N = 1)
V 1910 . 1910 or earlier	,
R 19112000 . 1911 to 2000	
D YR2USA 1 82 8 T Year of Entry to United States Allocation Flag	32
V 0 . Not allocated	
V 1 . Allocated	
	33
T Residence 5 Years Ago V 0 . Not in universe (Under	5 vears)
V 1 . Yes, same house	5 years)
V 2 . No, outside the U.S. (ou Puerto Rico if Puerto Ric dence)	itside the U.S. or co is state of resi-
V 3 . No, different house in the house in Puerto Rico or Rico is the state of residual to the state of the st	the U.S. if Puerto
D MOBA 1 84 8	34
T Residence 5 Years Ago Allocation Flag	
V 0 .Not allocated V 1 . Allocated	
	37
T Migration State or Foreign Country Code for 1% file V 000 . Not in universe (Under	5 years or MOR -1)
R 001056 . FIPS State Code	5 years or MOB =1)
R 060095 . FIPS Island Area Code	
R 100554 . Foreign country or at so	
D MIGSTA 1 88 8 T Migration State or Foreign County Code Allocation Flag	38
V 0 . Not allocated	
V 1 . Allocated	
D FILLER 5 89	93
	98
T Migration Super-PUMA	

6-52 Data Dictionary

PERSON RECORD—	Con.		
V		00001 .	Did not live in the United States or in Puerto Rico in 1995
V		00002 .	Lived in Puerto Rico in 1995 and in the U.S. in 2000
R	01100	72800 .	Assigned Migration Super-PUMA (See Appendix K)
D FILLER	2		99 100
D MIGAREA1	2		101 102
T Migration Super-F	'UMA Relationsh	-	· · ·
V V			Not in universe (Under 5 years or MOB=1) Did not live in the United States or in Puerto Rico in 1995
V		02 .	Lived in Puerto Rico in 1995 and in the U.S. in 2000
V		11 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V		12 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V		13 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V		14 .	Contains an entire MSA (and no other territory)
V		21 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V		22 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V		23 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V		31 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V		32 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V		33 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V		34 .	Contains an entire PMSA (and no other territory) (PMSA belongs to a fully-identified CMSA)
V		41 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V		42 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)

PERSON RECORD—	Con.			
V		43 .		oolitan territory both ntral city (PMSA part of and partially-identified
V		44 .		ISA (and no other terri- o a partially-identified
V		51 .	Contains only metrop central city (PMSA par PMSA and partially-ide	rt of partially-identified
V		52 .		politan territory outside rt of partially-identified entified CMSA)
V		53 .	Contains only metrop inside and outside ce partially-identified PM identified CMSA)	ntral city (PMSA part of
V		70 .	Contains both metrop politan territory	politan and nonmetro-
V		80 .	Contains only metrop or more partial and/o MSAs/PMSAs/CMSAs	
V		90 .	Contains only nonme	tropolitan territory
D FILLER	4		103	106
D MIGCMA1 T Migration MA: MS	4 SA/CMSA for Migr		-	110
V V			Not in universe (Under Did not live in the Un Rico in 1995	ited States or in Puerto
V		0002 .	Lived in Puerto Rico in 2000	n 1995 and in the U.S.
R	0040.		FIPS MSA/CMSA Code	
V		9997 .	Mixed MSA/CMSA and ritory	d nonmetropolitan ter-
V		9998 .	2 or more partial and MSAs/CMSAs	or entire
V		9999 .	Not in metropolitan a	rea
D FILLER	4		111	114
D MIGPMA1	4		115	118
T Migration MA: MS	SA/PMSA for Migr		-	
V			Not in universe (Unde	er 5 years or MOB=1) ited States or in Puerto
			Rico in 1995	
V		0002 .	Lived in Puerto Rico in 2000	n 1995 and in the U.S.
R	0040.	.9360 .	FIPS MSA/PMSA Code	
V		9997 .	Mixed MSA/PMSA and ritory	l nonmetropolitan ter-
V		9998 .	2 or more partial and MSAs/PMSAs	/or entire
V		9999 .	Not in metropolitan a	rea

6-54 Data Dictionary

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

PERSON RECORD—Co	on.			
D SENSORY 1 T Sensory Disability	1		119	119
V V V		1	Not in universe (Undei Yes No	5 years)
D SENSORYA 1 T Sensory Disability A	•		120	120
V V			Not allocated Allocated	
D PHYSCL 1 T Physical Disability	1		121	121
V V V		1	Not in universe (Undei Yes No	5 years)
D PHYSCLA 1 T Physical Disability	•		122	122
V V			Not allocated Allocated	
D MENTAL 1 T Mental Disability	1		123	123
V V		1	Not in universe (Undei Yes No	5 years)
D MENTALA 1 T Mental Disability Al	•		124	124
V V	nocation riag		Not allocated Allocated	
D SLFCARE 1 T Self-Care Disability	•		125	125
V V V		1	Not in universe (Undei Yes No	5 years)
D SLFCAREA I T Self-Care Disability	-	1	126	126
V V	7	0	Not allocated Allocated	
D ABGO T Able to Go Out Disa	•		127	127
V V V		1	Not in universe (Undei Yes No	16 years)
D ABGOA	1		128	128
T Able to Go Out Disa V V	ability Allocatio	0	Not allocated Allocated	

PERSON RECORD—C	Con.			
D ABWORK T Employment Disa	1 bility		129	129
V V V	•	1.	Not in universe (Under Yes No	er 16 years)
D ABWORKA	1		130	130
T Employment Disal V	bility Allocation F	_	Not allocated	
V			Allocated	
D DISABLE T Disability Recode	1		131	131
V V V		1.	Not in universe (Under With a disability Without a disability	er 5 years)
D GRANDC	1		132	132
T Presence of Grand V	lchildren under 18	•		or 15 (00rs)
V V		1.	Not in universe (Unde Yes No	er 15 years)
D GRANDCA	1		133	133
T Presence of Grand V	lchildren under 18	-	Allocation Flag Not allocated	
V			Allocated	
D RSPNSBL T Responsible for G	1 randchildren		134	134
V	randenmaren		= 2)	er 15 years or GRANDC
V			Yes No	
V DEDNICOLA	1	۷.		125
D RSPNSBLA T Responsible for G	ा randchildren Allo	cation	135 Flag	135
V		0 .	Not allocated	
V		1.	Allocated	
D HOWLONG	]	، ، ، ، اد ا : ، اد	136	136
T Length of Respon	sibility for Grando			er 15 years or RSPNSBL
V		1.	Less than 6 months	
V			6 to 11 months	
V			1 or 2 years 3 or 4 years	
V			5 years or more	
D HOWLONGA T Length of Respon	1 sibility for Grando	childrer	137 n Allocation Flag	137
V V			Not allocated Allocated	

6-56 Data Dictionary

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

PERSON RECORD—Con.			
D MILTARY 1 T Military Service		138	138
V V V	1 . 2 . 3 .	No, training for reser	the past, but not now ves or National Guard
V D MILTARYA 1	4.	No active duty servic	139
T Military Service Allocation Flag V V		Not allocated Allocated	133
D VPS1 1		140	140
T Veteran's Period of Service 1: On activ V	0 .	uty April 1995 or later Did not serve in this years Served in this period	period or under 17
D VPS2 1		141	141
T Veteran's Period of Service 2: On active Persian Gulf War)	ve di	uty August 1990 to Ma	rch 1995 (including
V	0 .	Did not serve in this years	period or under 17
V	1.	Served in this period	
D VPS3 1 T Veteran's Period of Service 3: On activ	0 .	Did not serve in this years	-
V	Ι.	Served in this period	1.42
D VPS4 1 T Veteran's Period of Service 4: On activ	0 .	143 uty May 1975 to Augus Did not serve in this years Served in this period	
D VPS5 1 T Veteran's Period of Service 5: On activ April 1975)	ve di	144 uty during the Vietnam	144 Era (August 1964 to
V	0 .	Did not serve in this years	period or under 17
V	1.	Served in this period	
D VPS6 1 T Veteran's Period of Service 6: On activ	0 .	Did not serve in this years	-
V D VPS7 1	1.	Served in this period 146	146
T.Vahamania Daniari al Comitar 7: Comit			17U

T Veteran's Period of Service 7: On active duty during the Korean War (June 1950 to January 1955)

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
V	0 . Did not serve in this period or und	er 17
V	years  1 . Served in this period	
D VPS8 1	147 147	
T Veteran's Period of Service 8: On act July 1947)	e duty during World War II (September 1	940 to
V V	<ol> <li>Did not serve in this period or und years</li> </ol>	er 17
V	1 . Served in this period	
D VPS9 1	148 148	
T Veteran's Period of Service 9: On act V	<ul><li>duty any other time</li><li>0 . Did not serve in this period or und years</li></ul>	er 17
V	1 . Served in this period	
D VPSA 1	149 149	
T Veteran's Period of Service Allocation V	ilag 0 . Not allocated	
V	1 . Allocated	
D MILYRS 1	150 150	
T Years of Military Service	0 1 1 17	
V	<ul><li>0 . Not in universe (Under 17 years)</li><li>1 . Less than 2 years</li></ul>	
V	2 . 2 years or more	
D MILYRSA 1	151 151	
T Years of Military Service Allocation F		
V V	0 . Not allocated 1 . Allocated	
D VPSR 2	152 153	
T Veteran's Period of Service Recode V	O Not in universe (Under 19 years or	no activo
V	<ol><li>Not in universe (Under 18 years or duty military service)</li></ol>	no active
V	1 . August 1990 or later (including Per War); Served in Vietnam era	rsian Gulf
V	2 . August 1990 or later (including Per War); No Vietnam era service; Septe	ember
V	1980 or later only; Served under 2 3 . August 1990 or later (including Per	rsian Gulf
	War); No Vietnam era service; Septo 1980 or later only; Served 2 years	
V	4 . August 1990 or later (including Per	rsian Gulf
	War); No Vietnam era service; Septo 1980 or later only; Served prior to ber 1980	
V	5 . May 1975 to July 1990 only: Septe	mber
	1980 to July 1990 only: Served und years	
V	6 . May 1975 to July 1990 only: Septe	
	1980 to July 1990 only: Served 2 y more	ears or

6-58 Data Dictionary

PERSON RECORD—Con.				
V	07 .	May 1975 to July 198 1980 to July 1990 on August 1980 service	30 only: September ly; Other May 1975 to	
V	08 .	Vietnam era, no Korean War, no WWII, no August 1990 or later		
V	09 .	Vietnam era, Korean	War, no WWII	
V		Vietnam era, Korean V		
V	11 .	February 1955 to July	/ 1964 only	
V		Korean War, no Vietna		
V		Korean War and WWII		
V		WWII, no Korean War, Other service only	no vietnam era	
•	15.	•	154	
D ESR 1 T Employment Status Recode		154	154	
V	0.	Not in universe (Unde	er 16 vears)	
V		Employed, at work	, , , , ,	
V	2 .	Employed, with a job	but not at work	
V		Unemployed		
V		Armed Forces, at wor		
V		Armed Forces, with a	job but not at work	
V	о.	Not in labor force		
D ESRA 1		155	155	
T Employment Status Allocation Flag	0	Nickallanasad		
V V		Not allocated Allocated		
•	١.		1.5.0	
D ESP 1		156	156	
T Employment Status of Parent(s) V	0	Not in universe (not o	own child in family or	
•		child in subfamily)		
V	1.	Living with 2 parents force	, both parents in labor	
V	2 .	Living with 2 parents force	, father only in labor	
V	3 .	Living with 2 parents force	, mother only in labor	
V	4 .	Living with 2 parents labor force	, neither parent in	
V	5.	Living with one parer father in labor force	nt: living with father;	
V	6 .	Living with one parer father not in labor for		
V	7 .	Living with one parer mother in labor force	nt: living with mother;	
V	8 .	Living with one parer mother not in labor for	nt; living with mother; orce	
D POWST1 3 T Place of Work State or Foreign Coun	itry Co	157 de for 1% file	159	
V	000 -	Not in universe (Unde	er 16 years or ESR not	
		1 and not 4)	7,232 2. 2500	
R 001	.056 .	FIPS State Code		

PERSON RECORD—	Con.			
R V			Island Area Puerto Rico	
R			Island Area	
V			Island Area not specifi	ed
R V			Foreign Country At sea	
V			Abroad, country not s	pecified
D POWSTA	1	<b>.</b>	160	160
V	te or Foreign Country		de Allocation Flag Not allocated	
V			Allocated	
D FILLER	5		161	165
D POWPUMA1 T Place of Work Sup	5 per-PUMA		166	170
V		00 .	Not in universe (Under 1 and not 4)	r 16 years or ESR not
V	0000	01 .	Did not work in the Ur Puerto Rico	nited States or in
R	011007280	. 00	Assigned Place of Wor Appendix L)	k Super-PUMA (See
D FILLER	2		171	172
D POWAREA1	2		173	174
-	oer-PUMA Relationshi	-		
V			Not in universe (Under 1 and not 4)	•
V			Did not work in the Ur Puerto Rico	
V	]	11 .	Contains only metropo central city (MSA part MSA)	
V	1	12 .	Contains only metropo central city (MSA part MSA)	olitan territory outside of fully-identified
V	1	13 .	Contains only metropoinside and outside cer	
V	1	14 .	fully-identified MSA) Contains an entire MSA tory)	A (and no other terri-
V	2	21.	Contains only metropo	olitan territory inside
			central city (MSA part MSA)	
V	2	22 .	Contains only metropo central city (MSA part MSA)	
V	2	23 .	Contains only metropoinside and outside cer partially-identified MS.	itral city (MSA part of
V	3	31 .	Contains only metropo central city (PMSA part PMSA and fully-identif	t of fully-identified

6-60 Data Dictionary

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

PERSON RECORD—(	Con.		
V		32 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V		33 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V		34 .	Contains an entire PMSA (and no other territory) (PMSA belongs to a fully-identified CMSA)
V		41 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V		42 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V		43 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V		44 .	Contains an entire PMSA (and no other territory) (PMSA belongs to a partially-identified CMSA)
V		51 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V		52 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V		53 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V		70 .	Contains both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan territory
V		80 .	Contains only metropolitan territory in two or more partial and/or entire MSAs/PMSAs/CMSAs
V		90 .	Contains only nonmetropolitan territory
D FILLER	4		175 178
D POWCMA1	4		179 182
T Place of Work MA V			Not in universe (Under 16 years or ESR not
V		0001 .	1 and not 4) Did not work in the United States or in
R	0040	9360	Puerto Rico FIPS MSA/CMSA Code
V			Mixed MSA/CMSA and nonmetropolitan territory
V		9998 .	2 or more partial and/or entire MSAs/CMSAs

PERSON RECORD—	-Con.			
V		9999 .	Not in metropolitan area	
D FILLER	4		183	186
D POWPMA1	4		187	190
T Place of Work MA	4: MSA/PMSA for F			
V		0000 .	Not in universe (Und 1 and not 4)	er 16 years or ESR not
V		0001 .	Did not work in the l Puerto Rico	Jnited States or in
R	0040.		FIPS MSA/PMSA Code	
V			Mixed MSA/PMSA an territory	·
V				l/or entire MSAs/PMSAs
V		9999 .	Not in metropolitan a	
D TRVMNS	2		191	192
T Means of Transp V	ortation to work	00	Not in universe (Und	er 16 years or ESR not
•		00 .	1 and not 4	er to years of Esix flot
V			Car, truck, or van	
V			Bus or trolley bus	nu (múlalian in Dunuta
·			Streetcar or trolley ca Rico)	ar (publico in Puerto
V			Subway or elevated Railroad	
V			Ferryboat	
V			Taxicab	
V			Motorcycle	
V			Bicycle	
V V		_	Walked Worked at home	
V			Other method	
D TRVMNSA	1		193	193
T Means of Transp	ortation to Work A		-	
V			Not allocated	
V		١.	Allocated	
D CARPOOL	1		194	194
T Vehicle Occupan V	СУ	0	Not in universe (Und	er 16 vears FSR not 1
V		0.	or 4, TRVMNS not 1)	er ro years, Esteriot r
V			Drove alone	
V			2 people	
V V			3 people 4 people	
V			5 or 6 people	
V			7 or more people	
D CARPOOLA	1		195	195
T Vehicle Occupan	cy Allocation Flag			
V			Not allocated	

6-62 Data Dictionary

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

PERSON RECORD—Con.	
V	1 . Allocated
D LVTIME 3	196 198
T Time Leaving for Work	130
V	000 . Not in universe (Under 16 years, ESR not 1
	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11)
V	001 . 12:00 am to 12:29 am
V	002 . 12:30 am to 12:59 am
V	003 . 1:00 am to 1:29 am
V	004 . 1:30 am to 1:59 am
V	005 . 2:00 am to 2:29 am
V	006 . 2:30 am to 2:59 am
V	007 . 3:00 am to 3:09 am
V	008 . 3:10 am to 3:19 am
V	009 . 3:20 am to 3:29 am
V	010 . 3:30 am to 3:39 am
V	011 . 3:40 am to 3:49 am
V	012 . 3:50 am to 3:59 am
V	013 . 4:00 am to 4:09 am
V	014 . 4:10 am to 4:19 am
V	015 . 4:20 am to 4:29 am
V	016 . 4:30 am to 4:39 am
V	017 . 4:40 am to 4:49 am
V	018 . 4:50 am to 4:59 am
V	019 . 5:00 am to 5:04 am
V	020 . 5:05 am to 5:09 am
V	021 . 5:10 am to 5:14 am
V	022 . 5:15 am to 5:19 am
V	023 . 5:20 am to 5:24 am
V	024 . 5:25 am to 5:29 am
V	025 . 5:30 am to 5:34 am
V	026 . 5:35 am to 5:39 am
V	027 . 5:40 am to 5:44 am
V	028 . 5:45 am to 5:49 am
V	029 . 5:50 am to 5:54 am
V	030 . 5:55 am to 5:59 am
V	031 . 6:00 am to 6:04 am
V	032 . 6:05 am to 6:09 am
V V	033 . 6:10 am to 6:14 am 034 . 6:15 am to 6:19 am
V	035 . 6:20 am to 6:24 am
V	036 . 6:25 am to 6:29 am
V	037 . 6:30 am to 6:34 am
V	038 . 6:35 am to 6:39 am
V	039 . 6:40 am to 6:44 am
V	040 . 6:45 am to 6:49 am
V	040 . 6:50 am to 6:54 am
V	042 . 6:55 am to 6:59 am
V	043 . 7:00 am to 7:04 am
V	044 . 7:05 am to 7:09 am
V	045 7:10 am to 7:14 am

045 . 7:10 am to 7:14 am 046 . 7:15 am to 7:19 am

PERSON RECORD—Con.	
V	047 . 7:20 am to 7:24 am
V	048 . 7:25 am to 7:29 am
V	049 . 7:30 am to 7:34 am
V	050 . 7:35 am to 7:39 am
V	051 . 7:40 am to 7:44 am
V	052 . 7:45 am to 7:49 am
V	053 . 7:50 am to 7:54 am
V	054 . 7:55 am to 7:59 am
V	055 . 8:00 am to 8:04 am
V	056 . 8:05 am to 8:09 am
V	057 . 8:10 am to 8:14 am
V	058 . 8:15 am to 8:19 am
V	059 . 8:20 am to 8:24 am
V	060 . 8:25 am to 8:29 am
V	061 . 8:30 am to 8:34 am
V	062 . 8:35 am to 8:39 am
V	063 . 8:40 am to 8:44 am
V	064 . 8:45 am to 8:49 am
V	065 . 8:50 am to 8:54 am
V	066 . 8:55 am to 8:59 am
V	067 . 9:00 am to 9:04 am
V	068 . 9:05 am to 9:09 am
V	069 . 9:10 am to 9:14 am
V	070 . 9:15 am to 9:19 am
V	071 . 9:20 am to 9:24 am
V	072 . 9:25 am to 9:29 am
V	073 . 9:30 am to 9:34 am
V	074 . 9:35 am to 9:39 am
V	075 . 9:40 am to 9:44 am
V	076 . 9:45 am to 9:49 am
V	077 . 9:50 am to 9:54 am
V	078 . 9:55 am to 9:59 am
V	079 . 10:00 am to 10:04 am
V	080 . 10:05 am to 10:09 am
V	081 . 10:10 am to 10:14 am
V	082 . 10:15 am to 10:19 am
V	083 . 10:20 am to 10:24 am
V	084 . 10:25 am to 10:29 am
V	085 . 10:30 am to 10:34 am
V	086 . 10:35 am to 10:39 am
V	087 . 10:40 am to 10:44 am
V	088 . 10:45 am to 10:49 am
V	089 . 10:50 am to 10:54 am
V	090 . 10:55 am to 10:59 am
V	091 . 11:00 am to 11:09 am
V	092 . 11:10 am to 11:19 am
V	093 . 11:20 am to 11:29 am
V	094 . 11:30 am to 11:39 am
V	095 . 11:40 am to 11:49 am
V	096 . 11:50 am to 11:59 am
V	097 . 12:00 pm to 12:09 pm
V	098 . 12:10 pm to 12:19 pm
	•

6-64 Data Dictionary

PERSON RECORD—Con.	
V	099 . 12:20 pm to 12:29 pm
V	100 . 12:30 pm to 12:39 pm
V	101 . 12:40 pm to 12:49 pm
V	102 . 12:50 pm to 12:59 pm
V	103 . 1:00 pm to 1:09 pm
V	104 . 1:10 pm to 1:19 pm
V	105 . 1:20 pm to 1:29 pm
V	106 . 1:30 pm to 1:39 pm
V	107 . 1:40 pm to 1:49 pm
V	108 . 1:50 pm to 1:59 pm
V	109 . 2:00 pm to 2:09 pm
V	110 . 2:10 pm to 2:19 pm
V	111 . 2:20 pm to 2:29 pm
V	112 . 2:30 pm to 2:39 pm
V	113 . 2:40 pm to 2:49 pm
V	114 . 2:50 pm to 2:59 pm
V	115 . 3:00 pm to 3:09 pm
V	116 . 3:10 pm to 3:19 pm
V	117 . 3:20:pm to 3:29 pm
V	118 . 3:30 pm to 3:39 pm
V	119 . 3:40 pm to 3:49 pm
V	120 . 3:50 pm to 3:59 pm
V	121 . 4:00 pm to 4:09 pm
V	122 . 4:10 pm to 4:19 pm
V	123 . 4:20 pm to 4:29 pm
V	124 . 4:30 pm to 4:39 pm
V	125 . 4:40 pm to 4:49 pm
V	126 . 4:50 pm to 4:59 pm
V	127 . 5:00 pm to 5:09 pm
V	128 . 5:10 pm to 5:19 pm
V	129 . 5:20 pm to 5:29 pm
V	130 . 5:30 pm to 5:39 pm
V	131 . 5:40 pm to 5:49 pm
V	132 . 5:50 pm to 5:59 pm
V	133 . 6:00 pm to 6:09 pm
V	134 . 6:10 pm to 6:19 pm
V	135 . 6:20 pm to 6:29 pm
V	136 . 6:30 pm to 6:39 pm
V	137 . 6:40 pm to 6:49 pm
V	138 . 6:50 pm to 6:59 pm
V	139 . 7:00 pm to 7:09 pm
V	140 . 7:10 pm to 7:19 pm
V	141 . 7:20 pm to 7:29 pm
V	142 . 7:30 pm to 7:39 pm
V	143 . 7:40 pm to 7:49 pm
V	144 . 7:50 pm to 7:59 pm
V	145 . 8:00 pm to 8:09 pm
V	146 . 8:10 pm to 8:19 pm
V	147 . 8:20 pm to 8:29 pm
V	148 . 8:30 pm to 8:39 pm
V	149 . 8:40 pm to 8:49 pm
V	150 . 8:50 pm to 8:59 pm

6-65 Data Dictionary

PERSON RECORD—(	Con.			
V	1.	51.	9:00 pm to 9:09 pm	
V			9:10 pm to 9:19 pm	
V			9:20 pm to 9:29 pm	
V			9:30 pm to 9:39 pm	
V			9:40 pm to 9:49 pm	
V			9:50 pm to 9:59 pm	
V			10:00 pm to 10:09 p	
V			10:10 pm to 10:19 p	
V			10:20 pm to 10:29 p	
V			10:30 pm to 10:39 p	
V			10:40 pm to 10:49 p 10:50 pm to 10:59 p	
V			11:00 pm to 11:09 p	
V			11:10 pm to 11:19 p	
V			11:20 pm to 11:29 p	
V			11:30 pm to 11:39 p	
V			11:40 pm to 11:49 p	
V			11:50 pm to 11:59 p	
•		00 .		
D LVTIMEA	1		199	199
_	Work Allocation Flag	-	N . II . I	
V		-	Not allocated	
V		١.	Allocated	
D TRVTIME	3		200	202
T Travel Time to Wo	ork			
V	00	00 .	Not in universe (Unde	
			and not 4, or TRVMN	S = 11)
R			1 to 119 Minutes	
V			topcode	
V	120	0+ .	State mean of topcod	led values
D TRVTIMEA	1		203	203
T Travel Time to Wo	ork Allocation Flag			
V		0.	Not allocated	
V		1.	Allocated	
D LAYOFF	1		204	204
T Layoff from Job	'		204	204
V		0	Not in universe (Unde	er 16 years, ESR = 0, 1
•		٠.	or 4)	21 10 years, 2510 0, 1
V		1.	Yes, on layoff	
V			No	
V		3.	Not reported	
D ADCENIT	1			205
D ABSENT T Absent from Work	, I		205	205
i Absent from Work				
V		0 .	Not in universe (Unde	er 16 years, ESR = 0, 1
•		٠.	or 4)	21 10 years, 2510 0, 1
V		1.	Yes, temporarily abse	ent from work
V			No	
V		3.	Not reported	
D RECALL	1		206	206
D RECALL	•		200	200

6-66 Data Dictionary

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

PERSON RECORD— T Return-to-Work R					
V	ccan	0		Not in universe (Unde	r 16 years, ESR = 0, 1
V		1		or 4) Yes	
V V				No Not reported	
D LOOKWRK	1	3	•	207	207
T Looking for Work	•			207	207
V		0		Not in universe (Unde or 4)	r 16 years, ESR = 0, 1
V				Yes, looking for work	in last 4 weeks
V				No Not reported	
D BACKWRK	1	3	•	208	208
T Back to Work	•				
V		0		Not in universe (Unde or 4)	r 16 years, ESR = 0, 1
V				Yes, could have gone	
V V				No, because of tempo No, because of other	-
				etc.)	icasons (in senson,
V	,	4	•	Not reported	200
D LASTWRK T Year Last Worked	1			209	209
V				Not in universe (Unde	r 16 years)
V V				1995 to 2000 1994 or earlier, or nev	ver worked
D LASTWRKA	1			210	210
T Year Last Worked	Allocation Flag	-		No. 11	
V V				Not allocated Allocated	
D INDCEN	3			211	213
T Industry (Census	)	000		N	1.C LAST
V		000	•	Not in universe (Unde WRK = 2)	r 16 years or LAST-
R	C	01997		Legal census 2000 inc	dustry code
D INDCENA	) Allocation Fla	-		214	214
T Industry (Census)	) Allocation Fia	_		Not allocated	
V		1		Allocated	
D INDNAICS T Industry (NAICS)	8			215	222
V	00	000000		Not in universe (Unde	r 16 years or LAST-
R	1000000099	999999		WRK = 2) Industry NAICS code	
D OCCCEN1	3		•	223	225
T Occupation (Cens	sus) for 1% file				

PERSON RECORD—Con.			
V	000	. Not in universe (Undo WRK = 2)	er 16 years or LAST-
R	001997	. Legal census occupat	tion code
D OCCCENA 1		226	226
T Occupation (Census) A	_	Nick all control	
V V		. Not allocated . Allocated	
D OCCSOC1 7	10/ 5:1-	227	233
T Occupation (SOC) for T V		. Not in universe (Unde WRK = 2)	er 16 years or LAST-
R 10	0-000099-9999	. Occupation SOC code	2
D CLWKR 1		234	234
T Class of Worker			1.6
V	0	<ul><li>Not in universe (Under WRK = 2)</li></ul>	er 16 years or LASI-
V		. Employee of private	
V V		. Employee of private : . Employee of local go	not-for- profit company
V		. Employee of local go . Employee of state go	
V	5	. Employee of federal	government
V	6	. Self-employed in unii	ncorporated business
V	7	or company . Self-employed in inco company	orporated business or
V	8	. Unpaid family worke	r
V			k experience in the last
D CLWKRA 1		235	235
T Class of Worker Alloca	_	Nessallanasad	
V V		. Not allocated . Allocated	
D WRKLYR 1		236	236
T Worked in 1999		230	230
V		. Not in universe (Und	er 16 years)
V V		. Yes . No	
•	2		227
D WRKLYRA 1 T Worked in 1999 Alloca	ition Flag	237	237
V		. Not allocated	
V	1	. Allocated	
D WEEKS 2		238	239
T Weeks Worked in 1999 V		Not in universe (Und	er 16 years or WRKLYR
•	00	= 0 or 2)	c. 10 years or WINELIN
R	0152	. 1 to 52 weeks	
D WEEKSA 1		240	240
T Weeks Worked in 1999	Allocation Flag		

6-68 Data Dictionary

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

PERSON RECORD—	Con.		
V	0	. Not allocated	
V		. Allocated	
D HOURS	2	241	242
T Hours Per Week i V		. Not in universe (Unde	er 16 years or WRKLYR
R	0199	. 1 to 99 hours worked	d per week
D HOURSA	1	243	243
	n 1999 Allocation Flag		
V		. Not allocated	
V	I	. Allocated	
D INCWS	6	244	249
T Wage/Salary Inco		Nietie weisene (Heel	1
V		. Not in universe (Unde . No/none	er 15 years)
R	000001174999		
V		. Topcode	
V	175000+	. State mean of topcod	led values
D INCWSA	1	250	250
	me in 1999 Allocation F	lag	
V		. Not allocated	
V	1	. Allocated	
D INCSE	6	251	256
T Self-Employment			
V		. Not in universe (Unde	-
V R		. Loss of \$9,999 or mo . Loss of \$1 to \$9,998	ore
V		. No/none	
V		. \$1 or break even	
R	000002125999	. \$2 to \$125,999	
V		. Topcode	
V	126000+	. State mean of topcod	led values
D INCSEA	1	257	257
	Income in 1999 Allocati	_	
V		. Not allocated . Allocated	
-	ı		
D INCINT	6	258	263
T Interest Income in V		Not in universe (Unde	or 15 years)
V		. Not in universe (Unde . Loss of \$9,999 or mo	-
R		Loss of \$1 to \$9,998	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
V		. No/none	
V		. \$1 or break even	
R	000002049999	. \$2 to \$49,999	
V		. Topcode	
V	050000+	. State mean of topcod	led values
D INCINTA	1	264	264

PERSON RECORD—Con.			
T Interest Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	_		
V V		Not allocated Allocated	
D INCSS 5		265	269
T Social Security Income in 1999 V blan	ık	Not in universe (Unde	r 15 voars)
		No/none	i i j years)
		\$1 to \$17,999	
		Topcode	ممييامير
	+ .	State mean of topcode	
D INCSSA 1 T Social Security Income in 1999 Allocat	ion	270 Flag	270
•		Not allocated	
V	1.	Allocated	
D INCSSI 5		271	275
T Supplemental Security Income in 1999			
		Not in universe (Under No/none	r 15 years)
		\$1 to \$13,799	
V 1380	0 .	Topcode	
V 13800	+ .	State mean of topcode	ed values
D INCSSIA 1		276	276
T Supplemental Security Income in 1999 V		Not allocated	
V		Allocated	
D INCPA 5		277	281
T Public Assistance Income in 1999			
		Not in universe (Under	r 15 years)
		No/none \$1 to \$12,299	
		Topcode	
V 12300	+ .	State mean of topcode	ed values
D INCPAA 1		282	282
T Public Assistance Income in 1999 Allo		_	
		Not allocated Allocated	
D INCRET 6		283	288
T Retirement Income in 1999		203	200
		Not in universe (Unde	r 15 years)
		No/none	
R 00000105199 V 05200		Topcode	
		State mean of topcode	ed values
D INCRETA 1		289	289
T Retirement Income in 1999 Allocation	Flag		203
V	0 .	Not allocated	
V	Ι.	Allocated	

6-70 Data Dictionary

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

PERSON RECORD—C	PERSON RECORD—Con.				
D INCOTH T Other Income in 1	6 999	290	295		
V V R V	blank 000000 000001037799 037800	Not in universe (Unde No/none \$1 to \$37,799 Topcode State mean of topcod			
D INCOTHA	1	296	296		
T Other Income in 1 V V	0 .	. Not allocated . Allocated			
D INCTOT T Person's Total Inco	7 ome in 1999	297	303		
V V R V V R	-019998 -000001019997 0000000 0000001 00000024999999	. \$1 or break even	ore		
D INCTOTA T Person's Total Inco V V		304 Flag . Not allocated . Allocated	304		
D EARNS T Person's Total Earn	7	305	311		
V V R V V R	blank -009999 -000001009998 0000000 0000001	. \$1 or break even			
D POVERTY	3	312	314		
T Person's Poverty S V V R	000 . 001 . 002500 .	Not in universe (Instit dormitories or militar children under 15 yea Less than 1.0% 1.0% to 499.9% 500% or more	y quarters; unrelated		
V	501 .	. 300/0 01 111016			

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# Chapter 7. Data Dictionary (5-Percent)

#### **CONTENTS**

Indexes	Page
Alphabetical Index by Variable Name	7-1
Housing Unit Record	7-1
Person Record	7-5
Alphabetical Index by Description	7-9
Housing Unit Record	7-9
Person Record	7-12
Character Location Index	
Housing Unit Record	7-16
Person Record	7-19
Record Layout	
Housing Unit Record	
Person Record	7-44

This chapter, in conjunction with several appendixes, defines the record layout and applicable codes for the Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) files. Six indexes (three housing unit and three person) are included in the following introductory pages for use in quickly locating data items in the PUMS files. Data fields in the indexes are specified beginning with an H for housing unit record or P for person record. For example, P9-10 is a two-character field beginning in character location 9 of the person record.

The record layout follows the indexes. The H designation appears only at the beginning of the housing unit record and the P designation appears only at the beginning of the person record. Character location in the record layout is expressed in three separate elements, SIZE, BEGIN, and END for each variable or data item.

#### **INDEXES**

Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Housing Unit Record)

Variable name	Character location	Description
ACRES	H138	Acreage
ACRESA	H139	Acreage Allocation Flag
AGSALES	H140	Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999
AGSALESA	H141	Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 Allocation Flag
AREATYP1	H42-43	Metropolitan Area: Super-PUMA Relationship to MA
AREATYP5	H40-41	Metropolitan Area: PUMA Relationship to MA
BEDRMS	H124	Number of Bedrooms
BEDRMSA	H125	Number of Bedrooms Allocation Flag
BLDGSZ	H115-H116	Size of Building
BLDGSZA	H117	Size of Building Allocation Flag
BUSINES	H136	Commercial Business on Property

Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Housing Unit Record)—Con.

Variable name	Character location	Description
BUSINESA	H137	Commercial Business on Property Allocation Flag
CKITCH	H128	Complete Kitchen Facilities
CKITCHA	H129	Complete Kitchen Facilities Allocation Flag
CONDFEE	H197-200	Condominium Fee (monthly)
CONDFEEA	H201	Condominium Fee (monthly) Allocation Flag
CPLUMB	H126	Complete Plumbing Facilities
CPLUMBA	H127	Complete Plumbing Facilities Allocation Flag
DIVISION	H13	Division Code
ELEC	H142-145	Cost of Electricity (annual)
ELECA	H146	Cost of Electricity (annual) Allocation Flag
EMPSTAT	H248	Family Type and Employment Status
FILLER	H267-316	Filler
FINC	H259-266	Family Total Income in 1999
FNF	H244	Farm/Nonfarm Recode
FUEL	H132	Heating Fuel
FUELA	H133	Heating Fuel Allocation Flag
GAS	H147-150	Cost of Gas (annual)
GASA	H151	Cost of Gas (annual) Allocation Flag
GRAPI	H241-243	Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income
GRENT	H237-240	Gross Rent
HAUG	H110	Augmentation Flag
HHL	H245	Household Language
HHT	H213	Household/Family Type
HINC	H251-258	Household Total Income in 1999
HSUB	H109	Substitution Flag
HWEIGHT	H102-105	Housing unit weight
INSAMT	H192-195	Property Insurance Amount (annual)
INSAMTA	H196	Property Insurance Amount (annual) Allocation Flag
INSINCL	H190	Property Insurance Status
INSINCLA	H191	Property Insurance Status Allocation Flag
LNDPUMA1	H86-99	Land Area of Super-PUMA
LNDPUMA5	H58-71	Land Area of PUMA
LNGI	H246	Linguistic Isolation
MEALS	H167	Meals Included in Rent
MEALSA	H168	Meals Included in Rent Allocation Flag
MHCOST	H207-211	Mobile Home Costs
MHCOSTA	H212	Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag
MHLOAN	H205	Mobile Home Loan Status
MHLOANA	H206	Mobile Home Loan Status Allocation Flag
MORTG1	H169	Mortgage Status
MORTG1A	H170	Mortgage Status Allocation Flag
MORTG2	H177	Second Mortgage Status
MORTG2A	H178	Second Mortgage Status Allocation Flag
MRT1AMT	H171-175	Mortgage Payment (monthly amount)
MRT1AMTA	H176	Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag

Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Housing Unit Record)—Con.

Variable name	Character location	Description
MRT2AMT MRT2AMTA	H179-183 H184	Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag
MSACMSA1 MSACMSA5	H32-35 H24-27	Metropolitan Area: MSA/CMSA for Super-PUMA Metropolitan Area: MSA/CMSA for PUMA
MSAPMSA1 MSAPMSA5 NOC	H36-39 H28-31 H220-221	Metropolitan Area: MSA/PMSA for Super-PUMA Metropolitan Area: MSA/PMSA for PUMA Number of own children under 18 years in
NPF NRC	H218-219 H222-223	household Number of people in family Number of related children under 18 years in
OIL OILA	H157-160 H161	household Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual)
P18	H216-217	Allocation Flag Number of people under 18 years in household
P65 PAOC	H214-215 H225	Number of people 65 years and over in household Presence and Age of Own Children under 18
PARC	H226	years Presence and Age of Related Children under 18 years
PERSONS PHONE	H106-107 H130	Number of person records following this housing record Telephone Availability
PHONEA PSF	H131 H224	Telephone Availability Allocation Flag Presence of Subfamily in Household
PUMA1 PUMA5 RECTYPE	H19-23 H14-18 H1	Super-Public Use Microdata Area (Super-PUMA) Public Use Microdata Area Code (PUMA) Record Type
REGION RENT	H12 H162-165	Region Code Monthly Rent
RENTA ROOMS ROOMSA	H166 H122 H123	Monthly Rent Allocation Flag Number of Rooms Number of Rooms Allocation Flag
SAMPLE SERIALNO	H9 H2-8	Sample Identifier Housing/Group Quarters Unit Serial Number
SMOC SMOCAPI	H228-232 H233-235	Selected Monthly Owner Costs Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income
SRNT STATE SUBSAMPL	H236 H10-11 H100-101	Specified Rent Indicator State Code Subsample Number
SVAL TAXAMT	H227 H187-188	Specified Value Indicator Property Tax Amount (annual)
TAXAMTA TAXINCL TAXINCLA	H189 H185 H186	Property Tax Amount (annual) Allocation Flag Property Tax Status Property Tax Status Allocation Flag
TENURE TENUREA	H113 H114	Home Ownership Allocation Flag

## Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Housing Unit Record)—Con.

Variable name	Character location	Description
TOTPUMA1	H72-85	Total Area of Super-PUMA
TOTPUMA5	H44-57	Total Area of PUMA
UNITTYPE	H108	Type of unit
VACSTAT	H111	Vacancy Status
VACSTATA	H112	Vacancy Status Allocation Flag
VALUE	H202-203	Property Value
VALUEA	H204	Property Value Allocation Flag
VEHICL	H134	Number of Vehicles Available
VEHICLA	H135	Number of Vehicles Available Allocation Flag
WATER	H152-155	Cost of Water and Sewer (annual)
WATERA	H156	Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) Allocation Flag
WIF	H247	Number of workers in family
WORKEXP	H249-250	Family Type and Work Experience of Householder
YRBUILT	H118	Year Building Built
YRBUILTA	H119	Year Building Built Allocation Flag
YRMOVED	H120	Year Moved In
YRMOVEDA	H121	Year Moved In Allocation Flag

## Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Person Record)

Variable name	Character location	Description location
ABGO	P127	Able to Go Out Disability
ABGOA	P128	Able to Go Out Disability Allocation Flag
ABSENT	P205	Absent from Work
ABWORK	P129	Employment Disability
ABWORKA	P130	Employment Disability Allocation Flag
AGE	P25-26	Age
AGEA	P27	Age Allocation Flag
AIAN	P34	American Indian and Alaska Native Recode
ANCA	P62	Ancestry Allocation Flag
ANCFRST5	P56-58	Ancestry Code 1 for 5% File
ANCR	P63	Ancestry Recode
ANCSCND5	P59-61	Ancestry Code 2 for 5% File
ASIAN	P35	Asian Recode
BACKWRK	P208	Back to Work
BLACK	P33	Black or African American Recode
CARPOOL	P194	Vehicle Occupancy
CARPOOLA	P195	Vehicle Occupancy Allocation Flag
CLWKR	P234	Class of Worker
CLWKRA	P235	Class of Worker Allocation Flag
CITIZEN	P76	Citizenship Status
CITIZENA	P77	Citizenship Status Allocation Flag
DDP	P12	Data-defined Person Flag
DISABLE	P131	Disability Recode
EARNS	P305-311	Person's Total Earnings in 1999
EDUC	P53-54	Educational Attainment
EDUCA	P55	Educational Attainment Allocation Flag
ENGABIL	P70	English Ability
ENGABILA	P71	English Ability Allocation Flag
ENROLL	P49	School Enrollment; Attended since February 1, 2000
ENROLLA	P50	School Enrollment; Attended since February 1, 2000 Allocation Flag
ESP	P156	Employment Status of Parent(s)
ESR	P154	Employment Status Recode
ESRA	P155	Employment Status Allocation Flag
FILLER	P315-316	Filler
GRADE	P51	School Enrollment: Grade Level Attending
GRADEA	P52	School Enrollment: Grade Level Attending Allocation Flag
GRANDC	P132	Presence of Grandchildren under 18 years
GRANDCA	P133	Presence of Grandchildren under 18 years Allocation Flag
HISPAN	P28-29	Hispanic or Latino Origin
HISPANA	P30	Hispanic or Latino Origin Allocation Flag
HOURS	P241-242	Hours Per Week in 1999
HOURSA	P243	Hours Per Week in 1999 Allocation Flag
HOWLONG	P136	Length of Responsibility for Grandchildren
HOWLONGA	P137	Length of Responsibility for Grandchildren Allocation Flag
INCINT	P258-263	Interest Income in 1999

Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Person Record)—Con.

Variable name	Character location	Description location
INCINTA	P264	Interest Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INCOTH	P290-295	Other Income in 1999
INCOTHA	P296	Other Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INCPA	P277-281	Public Assistance Income in 1999
INCPAA	P282	Public Assistance Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INCRET	P283-288	Retirement Income in 1999
INCRETA	P289	Retirement Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INCSE	P251-256	Self-Employment Income in 1999
INCSEA	P257	Self-Employment Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INCSS	P265-269	Social Security Income in 1999
INCSSA	P270	Social Security Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INCSSI	P271-275	Supplemental Security Income in 1999
INCSSIA	P276	Supplemental Security Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INCTOT	P297-303	Person's Total Income in 1999
INCTOTA	P304	Person's Total Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INCWS	P244-249	Wage/Salary Income in 1999
INCWSA	P250	Wage/Salary Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
INDCEN	P211-213	Industry (Census)
INDCENA	P214	Industry (Census) Allocation Flag
INDNAICS	P215-222	Industry (NAICS)
LANG5	P66-68	Language Spoken for 5% file
LANGA	P69	Language Spoken Allocation Flag
LASTWRK	P209	Year Last Worked
LASTWRKA	P210	Year Last Worked Allocation Flag
LAYOFF	P204	Layoff from Job
LOOKWRK	P207	Looking for Work
LVTIME	P196-198	Time Leaving for Work
LVTIMEA	P199	Time Leaving for Work Allocation Flag
MARSTAT	P44	Marital Status
MARSTATA	P45	Marital Status Allocation Flag
MENTAL	P123	Mental Disability
MENTALA	P124	Mental Disability Allocation Flag
MIGSTA	P88	Migration State or Foreign Country Code Alloca- tion Flag
MIGAREA1	P101-102	Migration Super-PUMA Relationship to MA
MIGAREA5	P99-100	Migration PUMA Relationship to MA
MIGCMA1	P107-110	Migration MA: MSA/CMSA for Migration Super- PUMA
MIGCMA5	P103-106	Migration MA: MSA/CMSA for Migration PUMA
MIGPMA1	P115-118	Migration MA: MSA/PMSA for Migration Super- PUMA
MIGPMA5	P111-114	Migration MA: MSA/PMSA for Migration PUMA
MIGPUMA1	P94-98	Migration Super-PUMA
MIGPUMA5	P89-93	Migration PUMA
MIGST5	P85-87	Migration State or Foreign Country Code for 5% file

Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Person Record)—Con.

Variable name	Character location	Description location
MILTARY	P138	Military Service
MILTARYA	P139	Military Service Allocation Flag
MILYRS	P150	Years of Military Service
MILYRSA	P151	Years of Military Service Allocation Flag
MOB	P83	Residence 5 Years Ago
MOBA	P84	Residence 5 Years Ago Allocation Flag
MSP	P46	Married, Spouse Present Recode
NHPI	P36	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander Recode
NUMRACE	P31	Number of Major Race Groups Marked
OC	P20	Own Child Indicator
OCCCEN5	P223-225	Occupation (Census) for 5% File
OCCCENA	P226	Occupation (Census) Allocation Flag
OCCSOC5	P227-233	Occupation (SOC) for 5% File
OTHER	P37	Some Other Race Recode
PAOCF	P22	Presence and Age of Own Children, Females
PAUG	P11	Augmented Person Flag
PHYSCL	P121	Physical Disability
PHYSCLA	P122	Physical Disability Allocation Flag
PNUM	P9-10	Person Sequence Number
POB5	P72-74	Place of Birth for 5% file
POBA	P75	Place of Birth Allocation Flag
POVRTY	P312-314	Person's Poverty Status
POWAREA1	P173-174	Place of Work Super-PUMA Relationship to MA
POWAREA5	P171-172	Place of Work PUMA Relationship to MA
POWCMA1	P179-182	Place of Work MA: MSA/CMSA for Place of Work Super-PUMA
POWCMA5	P175-178	Place of Work MA: MSA/PMSA for Place of Work Super-PUMA
POWPMA1	P187-190	Place of Work MA: MSA/PMSA for Place of Work Super-PUMA
POWPMA5	P183-186	Place of Work MA: MSA/PMSA for Place of Work PUMA
POWPUMA1	P166-170	Place of Work Super-PUMA
POWPUMA5	P161-165	Place of Work PUMA
POWST5	P157-159	Place of Work State or Foreign Country Code for 5% file
POWSTA	P160	Place of Work State or Foreign Country Code Allocation Flag
PWEIGHT	P13-16	Person Weight
RACE1	P38	Race Recode 1
RACE2	P39-40	Race Recode 2
RACE3	P41-42	Race Recode 3
RACEA	P43	Race Allocation Flag
RC	P21	Related Child Indicator
RECALL	P206	Return-to-Work Recall
RECTYPE	P1	Record Type
RELATE	P17-18	Relationship
RELATEA	P19	Relationship Allocation Flag

Alphabetical Index by Variable Name (Person Record)—Con.

Variable name	Character location	Description location
RSPNSBL	P134	Responsible for Grandchildren
RSPNSBLA	P135	Responsible for Grandchildren Allocation Flag
SENSORY	P119	Sensory Disability
SENSORYA	P120	Sensory Disability Allocation Flag
SERIALNO	P2-8	Housing /Group Quarters Unit Serial Number
SEX	P23	Sex
SEXA	P24	Sex Allocation Flag
SFN	P47	Subfamily Number for this person
SFREL	P48	Subfamily Relationship
SLFCARE	P125	Self-Care Disability
SLFCAREA	P126	Self-Care Disability Allocation Flag
SPEAK	P64	Non-English Language
SPEAKA	P65	Non-English Language Allocation Flag
TRVMNS	P191-192	Means of Transportation to Work
TRVMNSA	P193	Means of Transportation to Work Allocation Flag
TRVTIME	P200-202	Travel Time to Work
TRVTIMEA	P203	Travel Time to Work Allocation Flag
VPS1	P140	Veteran's Period of Service 1: On active duty April 1995 or later
VPS2	P141	Veteran's Period of Service 2: On active duty August 1990 to March 1995 (including Persian Gulf War)
VPS3	P142	Veteran's Period of Service 3: On active duty September 1980 to July 1990
VPS4	P143	Veteran's Period of Service 4: On active duty May 1975 to August 1980
VPS5	P144	Veteran's Period of Service 5: On active duty during the Vietnam Era (August 1964 to April 1975)
VPS6	P145	Veteran's Period of Service 6: On active duty February 1955 to July 1964
VPS7	P146	Veteran's Period of Service 7: On active duty during the Korean War (June 1950 to January 1955)
VPS8	P147	Veteran's Period of Service 8: On active duty during World War II (September 1940 to July 1947)
VPS9	P148	Veteran's Period of Service 9: On active duty any other time
VPSA	P149	Veteran's Period of Service Allocation Flag
VPSR	P152-153	Veteran's Period of Service Recode
WEEKS	P238-239	Weeks Worked in 1999
WEEKSA	P240	Weeks Worked in 1999 Allocation Flag
WHITE	P32	White recode
WRKLYR	P236	Worked in 1999
WRKLYRA	P237	Worked in 1999 Allocation Flag
YR2US	P78-81	Year of Entry to United States
YR2USA	P82	Year of Entry to United States Allocation Flag

## Alphabetical Index by Description (Housing Unit Record)

	\ /= u! = l= l =	Clearanter
Description	Variable name	Character location
Description	Hanne	
Acreage	ACRES	H138
Acreage Allocation Flag	ACRESA	H139
Augmentation Flag	HAUG	H110
Commercial Business on Property	BUSINES	H136
Commercial Business on Property	BUSINESA	H137
Allocation Flag		
Complete Kitchen Facilities	CKITCH	H128
Complete Kitchen Facilities Allocation Flag	CKITCHA	H129
Complete Plumbing Facilities	CPLUMB	H126
Complete Plumbing Facilities Allocation Flag	CPLUMBA	H127
Condominium Fee (monthly)	CONDFEE	H197-200
Condominium Fee (monthly) Allocation Flag	CONDFEEA	H201
Cost of Electricity (annual)	ELEC	H142-145
Cost of Electricity (annual) Allocation Flag	ELECA	H146
Cost of Gas (annual)	GAS	H147-150
Cost of Gas (annual) Allocation Flag	GASA	H151
Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual)	OIL	H157-160
Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) Allocation Flag	OILA	H161
Cost of Water and Sewer (annual)	WATER	H152-155
Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) Allocation Flag	WATERA	H156
Division Code	DIVISION	H13
Family Type and Employment Status	EMPSTAT	H248
Family Total Income in 1999	FINC	H259-266
Family Type and Work Experience of Householder	WORKEXP	H249-250
Farm/Nonfarm Recode	FNF	H244
Filler	FILLER	H267-316
Gross Rent	GRENT	H237-240
Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income	GRAPI	H241-243
Heating Fuel	FUEL	H132
Heating Fuel Allocation Flag	FUELA	H133
Home Ownership	TENURE	H113
Home Ownership Allocation Flag	TENUREA	H114
Household Language	HHL	H245
Household Total Income in 1999	HINC	H251-258
Household/Family Type	HHT	H213
Housing/Group Quarters Unit Serial Number	SERIALNO	H2-8
Housing unit weight	HWEIGHT	H102-105
Land Area of PUMA	LNDPUMA5	H58-71
Land Area of Super-PUMA	LNDPUMA1	H86-99
Linguistic Isolation	LNGI	H246
Meals Included in Rent	MEALS	H167
Meals Included in Rent Allocation Flag	MEALSA	H168
Metropolitan Area: MSA/CMSA for PUMA	MSACMSA5	H24-27
Metropolitan Area: MSA/PMSA for PUMA	MSAPMSA5	H28-31
Metropolitan Area:MSA/CMSA for Super-PUMA	MSACMSA1	H32-35
Metropolitan Area: MSA/PMSA for Super-PUMA	MSAPMSA1	H36-39

Alphabetical Index by Description (Housing Unit Record)—Con.

Alphabetical fluex by Description (flousing offic recoil	u) con.	
Description	Variable name	Character location
Metropolitan Area: PUMA Relationship to MA	AREATYP5	H40-41
Metropolitan Area: Super-PUMA Relationship to MA	AREATYP1	H42-43
Mobile Home Costs	MHCOST	H207-211
Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag	MHCOSTA	H212
Mobile Home Loan Status	MHLOAN	H205
Mobile Home Loan Status Allocation Flag	MHLOANA	H206
Monthly Rent	RENT	H162-165
Monthly Rent Allocation Flag	RENTA	H166
Mortgage Payment (monthly amount)	MRT1AMT	H171-175
Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag	MRT1AMTA	H176
Mortgage Status	MORTG1	H169
Mortgage Status Allocation Flag	MORTG1A	H170
Number of Bedrooms	BEDRMS	H124
Number of Bedrooms Allocation Flag	BEDRMSA	H125
Number of own children under 18 years in household	NOC	H220-221
Number of people 65 years and over in household	P65	H214-215
Number of people in family	NPF	H218-219
Number of people under 18 years in household	P18	H216-217
Number of person records following this housing record	PERSONS	H106-107
Number of related children under 18 years in household	NRC	H222-223
Number of Rooms	ROOMS	H122
Number of Rooms Allocation Flag	ROOMSA	H123
Number of Vehicles Available	VEHICL	H134
Number of Vehicles Available Allocation Flag	VEHICLA	H135
Number of workers in family	WIF	H247
Presence and Age of Own Children under 18 years	PAOC	H225
Presence and Age of Related Children under 18 years	PARC	H226
Presence of Subfamily in Household	PSF	H224
Property Insurance Amount (annual)	INSAMT	H192-195
Property Insurance Amount (annual) Allocation Flag	INSAMTA	H196
Property Insurance Status	INSINCL	H190
Property Insurance Status Allocation Flag	INSINCLA	H191
Property Tax Amount (annual)	TAXAMT	H187-188
Property Tax Amount (annual) Allocation Flag	TAXAMTA	H189
Property Tax Status	TAXINCL	H185
Property Tax Status Allocation Flag	TAXINCLA	H186
Property Value	VALUE	H202-203
Property Value Allocation Flag	VALUEA	H204
Public Use Microdata Area Code (PUMA)	PUMA5	H14-18

## Alphabetical Index by Description (Housing Unit Record)—Con.

Description	Variable name	Character location
Record Type	RECTYPE	H1
Region Code	REGION	H12
Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999	AGSALES	H140
Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 Allocation Flag	AGSALESA	H141
Sample Identifier	SAMPLE	H9
Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount)	MRT2AMT	H179-183
Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag	MRT2AMTA	H184
Second Mortgage Status	MORTG2	H177
Second Mortgage Status Allocation Flag	MORTG2A	H178
Selected Monthly Owner Costs	SMOC	H228-232
Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income	SMOCAPI	H233-235
Size of Building	BLDGSZ	H115-H116
Size of Building Allocation Flag	BLDGSZA	H117
Specified Rent Indicator	SRNT	H236
Specified Value Indicator	SVAL	H227
State Code	STATE	H10-11
Subsample number	SUBSAMPL	H100-101
Substitution Flag	HSUB	H109
Super-Public Use Microdata Area (Super-PUMA)	PUMA1	H19-23
Telephone Availability	PHONE	H130
Telephone Availability Allocation Flag	PHONEA	H131
Total Area of PUMA	TOTPUMA5	H44-57
Total Area of Super-PUMA	TOTPUMA1	H72-85
Type of unit	UNITTYPE	H108
Vacancy Status	VACSTAT	H111
Vacancy Status Allocation Flag	VACSTATA	H112
Year Building Built	YRBUILT	H118
Year Building Built Allocation Flag	YRBUILTA	H119
Year Moved In	YRMOVED	H120
Year Moved In Allocation Flag	YRMOVEDA	H121

## Alphabetical Index by Description (Person Record)

Variable	
	Character location
	P127
	P128
	P205
	P25-26
	P27
	P34
	P62
	P56-58
	P59-61
	P63
	P35
	P11
	P208
	P33
	P76
CITIZENA	P77
CLWKR	P234
CLWKRA	P235
	P12
	P131
EDUC	P53-54
EDUCA	P55
	P129
ABWORKA	P130
ESRA	P155
ESP	P156
ESR	P154
ENGABIL	P70
	P71
HISPAN	P28-29
HISPANA	P30
HOURS	P241-242
HOURSA	P243
	P2-8
	P211-213
	P214
	P215-222
	P258-263
	P264
	P69
	P66-68
	P204
	P136
	P137
LOOKWRK	P207
MARSTAT	P44
MARSTATA	P45
MSP	P46
	ABGO ABGOA ABSENT AGE AGEA AIAN ANCA ANCFRST5 ANCSCND5 ANCR ASIAN PAUG BACKWRK BLACK CITIZEN CITIZENA CLWKR CLWKRA DDP DISABLE EDUC EDUCA ABWORK ABWORKA ESRA ESP ESR ENGABIL ENGABILA HISPAN HISPANA HOURS HOURSA SERIALNO INDCEN

Alphabetical Index by Description (Person Record)-Con.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Variable	Charcter
Description	name	location
Means of Transportation to Work	TRVMNS	P191-192
Means of Transportation to Work Allocation Flag	TRVMNSA	P193
Mental Disability	MENTAL	P123
Mental Disability Allocation Flag	MENTALA	P124
Migration MA: MSA/CMSA for Migration PUMA	MIGCMA5	P103-106
Migration MA: MSA/CMSA for Migration Super- PUMA	MIGCMA1	P107-110
Migration MA: MSA/PMSA for Migration PUMA	MIGPMA5	P111-114
Migration MA: MSA/PMSA for Migration Super- PUMA	MIGPMA1	P115-118
Migration State or Foreign Country Code Allocation Flag	MIGSTA	P88
Migration State or Foreign Country Code for 5% file	MIGST5	P85-87
Migration PUMA	MIGPUMA5	P89-93
Migration PUMA Relationship to MA	MIGAREA5	P99-100
Migration Super-PUMA	MIGPUMA1	P94-98
Migration Super-PUMA Relationship to MA	MIGAREA1	P101-102
Military Service	MILTARY	P138
Military Service Allocation Flag	MILTARYA	P139
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander recode	NHPI	P36
Non-English Language	SPEAK	P64
Non-English Language Allocation Flag	SPEAKA	P65
Number of Major Race Groups Marked	NUMRACE	P31
Occupation (Census) Allocation Flag	OCCCENA	P226
Occupation (Census) for 5% file	OCCCEN5	P223-225
Occupation (SOC) for 5% file	OCCSOC5	P227-233
Other Income in 1999	INCOTH	P290-295
Other Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCOTHA	P296
Own Child Indicator	OC	P20
Person Sequence Number	PNUM	P9-10
Person Weight	PWEIGHT	P13-16
Person's Poverty Status	POVRTY	P312-314
Person's Total Earnings in 1999	EARNS	P305-311
Person's Total Income in 1999	INCTOT	P297-303
Person's Total Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCTOTA	P304
Physical Disability	PHYSCL	P121
Physical Disability Allocation Flag	PHYSCLA	P122
Place of Birth Allocation Flag	POBA	P75
Place of Birth for 5% file	POB5	P72-74
Place of Work MA: MSA/CMSA for Place of Work PUMA	POWCMA5	P175-178
Place of Work MA: MSA/PMSA for Place of Work PUMA	POWPMA5	P183-186
Place of Work MA: MSA/CMSA for Place of Work Super-PUMA	POWCMA1	P179-182

Alphabetical Index by Description (Person Record)—Con.

,		
Description	Variable name	Charcter location
Place of Work MA: MSA/PMSA for Place of Work Super-PUMA	POWPMA1	P187-190
Place of Work State or Foreign Country Code Allocation Flag	POWSTA	P160
Place of Work State or Foreign Country Code for 5% file	POWST5	P157-159
Place of Work PUMA	POWPUMA5	P161-165
Place of Work PUMA Relationship to MA	POWAREA5	P171-172
Place of Work Super-PUMA	POWPUMA1	P166-170
Place of Work Super-PUMA Relationship to MA	POWAREA1	P173-174
Presence and Age of Own Children, Females	PAOCF	P22
Presence of Grandchildren under 18 years	GRANDC	P132
Presence of Grandchildren under 18 years Allocation Flag	GRANDCA	P133
Public Assistance Income in 1999	INCPA	P277-281
Public Assistance Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCPAA	P282
Race Allocation Flag	RACEA	P43
Race Recode 1	RACE1	P38
Race Recode 2	RACE2	P39-40
Race Recode 3	RACE3	P41-42
Record Type	RECTYPE	P1
Related Child Indicator	RC	P21
Relationship	RELATE	P17-18
Relationship Allocation Flag	RELATEA	P19
Residence 5 Years Ago	MOB	P83
Residence 5 Years Ago Allocation Flag	MOBA	P84
Responsible for Grandchildren	RSPNSBL	P134
Responsible for Grandchildren Allocation Flag	RSPNSBLA	P135
Retirement Income in 1999	INCRET	P283-288
Retirement Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCRETA	P289
Return-to-Work Recall	RECALL	P206
School Enrollment: Grade Level Attending	GRADE	P51
School Enrollment: Grade Level Attending Allocation Flag	GRADEA	P52
School Enrollment; Attended since February 1, 2000	ENROLL	P49
School Enrollment; Attended since February 1, 2000 Allocation Flag	ENROLLA	P50
Self-Care Disability	SLFCARE	P125
Self-Care Disability Allocation Flag	SLFCAREA	P126
Self-Employment Income in 1999	INCSE	P251-256
Self-Employment Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCSEA	P257
Sensory Disability	SENSORY	P119
Sensory Disability Allocation Flag	SENSORYA	P120
Sex	SEX	P23
Sex Allocation Flag	SEXA	P24
Social Security Income in 1999	INCSS	P265-269
Social Security Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCSSA	P270
Some other race recode	OTHER	P37

Alphabetical Index by Description (Person Record)-Con.

Description	Variable name	Charcter location
Subfamily Number for this person	SFN	P47
Subfamily Relationship	SFREL	P48
Supplemental Security Income in 1999	INCSSI	P271-275
Supplemental Security Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCSSIA	P276
Time Leaving for Work	LVTIME	P196-198
Time Leaving for Work Allocation Flag	LVTIMEA	P199
Travel Time to Work	TRVTIME	P200-202
Travel Time to Work Allocation Flag	TRVTIMEA	P203
Vehicle Occupancy	CARPOOL	P194
Vehicle Occupancy Allocation Flag	CARPOOLA	P195
Veteran's Period of Service 1: On active duty April 1995 or later	VPS1	P140
Veteran's Period of Service 2: On active duty August 1990 to March 1995 (including Persian Gulf War)	VPS2	P141
Veteran's Period of Service 3: On active duty September 1980 to July 1990	VPS3	P142
Veteran's Period of Service 4: On active duty May 1975 to August 1980	VPS4	P143
Veteran's Period of Service 5: On active duty during the Vietnam Era (August 1964 to April 1975)	VPS5	P144
Veteran's Period of Service 6: On active duty February 1955 to July 1964	VPS6	P145
Veteran's Period of Service 7: On active duty during the Korean War (June 1950 to January 1955)	VPS7	P146
Veteran's Period of Service 8: On active duty during World War II (September 1940 to July 1947)	VPS8	P147
Veteran's Period of Service 9: On active duty any other time	VPS9	P148
Veteran's Period of Service Allocation Flag	VPSA	P149
Veteran's Period of Service Recode	VPSR	P152-153
Wage/Salary Income in 1999	INCWS	P244-249
Wage/Salary Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	INCWSA	P250
Weeks Worked in 1999	WEEKS	P238-239
Weeks Worked in 1999 Allocation Flag	WEEKSA	P240
White recode	WHITE	P32
Worked in 1999	WRKLYR	P236
Worked in 1999 Allocation Flag	WRKLYRA	P237
Year Last Worked	LASTWRK	P209
Year Last Worked Allocation Flag	LASTWRKA	P210
Year of Entry to United States	YR2US	P78-81
Year of Entry to United States Allocation Flag	YR2USA	P82
Years of Military Service	MILYRS	P150
Years of Military Service Allocation Flag	MILYRSA	P151

# Character Location Index (Housing Unit Record)

Character	\/a wia la la	<b>3</b> • • • • • • •
Character location	Variable name	Description
	Tiarrie	Description
H1	RECTYPE	Record Type
H2-8	SERIALNO	Housing/Group Quarters Unit Serial Number
H9	SAMPLE	Sample Identifier
H10-11	STATE	State Code
H12	REGION	Region Code
H13	DIVISION	Division Code
H14-18	PUMA5	Public Use Microdata Area Code (PUMA)
H19-23	PUMA1	Public Use Microdata Area Code (Super-PUMA)
H24-27	MSACMSA5	Metropolitan Area (MA): MSA/CMSA for PUMA
H28-31	MSAPMSA5	Metropolitan Area (MA): MSA/PMSA for PUMA
H32-35	MSACMSA1	Metropolitan Area (MA): MSA/CMSA for Super-PUMA
H36-39	MSAPMSA1	Metropolitan Area (MA): MSA/PMSA for Super-PUMA
H40-41	AREATYP5	Metropolitan Area (MA): PUMA Relationship to MA
H42-43	AREATYP1	Metropolitan Area (MA): Super-PUMA Relationship to MA
H44-57	TOTPUMA5	Total Area of PUMA
H58-71	LNDPUMA5	Land Area of PUMA
H72-85	TOTPUMA1	Total Area of Super-PUMA
H86-99	LNDPUMA1	Land Area of Super-PUMA
H100-101	SUBSAMPL	Subsample number
H102-105	HWEIGHT	Housing unit weight
H106-107	PERSONS	Number of person records following this housing record
H108	UNITTYPE	Type of unit
H109	HSUB	Substitution Flag
H110	HAUG	Augmentation Flag
H111	VACSTAT	Vacancy Status
H112	VACSTATA	Vacancy Status Allocation Flag
H113	TENURE	Home Ownership
H114	TENUREA	Home Ownership Allocation Flag
H115-116	BLDGSZ	Size of Building
H117	BLDGSZA	Size of Building Allocation Flag
H118	YRBUILT	Year Building Built
H119	YRBUILTA	Year Building Built Allocation Flag
H120	YRMOVED	Year Moved In
H121	YRMOVEDA	Year Moved In Allocation Flag
H122	ROOMS	Number of Rooms
H123	ROOMSA	Number of Rooms Allocation Flag
H124	BEDRMS	Number of Bedrooms
H125	BEDRMSA	Number of Bedrooms Allocation Flag
H126	CPLUMB	Complete Plumbing Facilities
H127	CPLUMBA	Complete Plumbing Facilities Allocation Flag
H128	CKITCH	Complete Kitchen Facilities
H129	CKITCHA	Complete Kitchen Facilities Allocation Flag
H130	PHONE	Telephone Availability
H131	PHONEA	Telephone Availability Allocation Flag
H132	FUEL	Heating Fuel
H133	FUELA	Heating Fuel Allocation Flag
H134	VEHICL	Number of Vehicles Available

Character Location Index (Housing Unit Record)—Con.

Incation name Description  H135 VEHICLA Number of Vehicles Available Allocation Flag H136 BUSINES Commercial Business on Property H137 BUSINESA Commercial Business on Property Allocation Flag H138 ACRES Acreage H139 ACRESA Acreage Allocation Flag H140 AGSALES Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 H141 AGSALESA Sales of Electricity (annual) H142 ELEC Cost of Electricity (annual) H146 ELECA Cost of Electricity (annual) H151 GASA Cost of Gas (annual) H151 GASA Cost of Gas (annual) H152-155 WATER Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H156 WATERA Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H161 OILA Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) Allocation Flag H162-165 RENT Monthly Rent Allocation Flag H166 RENTA Monthly Rent Allocation Flag H167 MGALS Meals Included in Rent H168 MEALSA Meals Included in Rent H168 MEALSA Meals Included in Rent H170 MORTG1 Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H171-175 MRT1 AMT Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H177 MORTG2 Second Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H179-183 MRT2AMTA Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H184 MRT2AMTA Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H185 TAXINCL Property Tax Status H186 TAXINCLA Property Tax Status H189 TAXAMT Property Tax Status Allocation Flag H187-188 TAXINCL Property Tax Status Allocation Flag H187-188 TAXINCL Property Tax Status Allocation Flag H189 TAXAMT Property Tax Amount (annual) H190 INSINCL Property Tax Status Allocation Flag H189 TAXAMT Property Tax Amount (annual) H190 INSINCL Property Tax Status Allocation Flag H191 INSINCL Property Tax Amount (annual) H196 INSAMTA Property Insurance Status H197-200 CONDFEE Condominium Fee (monthly) Allocation Flag H197-200 WALUE Property Insurance Amount (annual) H196 MHLOAN Mobile Home Loan Status H206 MHLOAN Mobile Home Loan Status H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs H212 MHCOSTA Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H207-217 MHCOSTA Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H208 MHLOAN Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H209 Number of people under 18 years in household	Character	Variable	
H135 VEHICLA Number of Vehicles Available Allocation Flag H136 BUSINES Commercial Business on Property H137 BUSINESA Commercial Business on Property Allocation Flag H138 ACRES Acreage H139 ACRESA Acreage Allocation Flag H140 AGSALES Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 H141 AGSALES Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 Allocation Flag H142-145 ELEC Cost of Electricity (annual) H146 ELECA Cost of Gas (annual) Allocation Flag H147-150 GAS Cost of Gas (annual) Allocation Flag H151 GASA Cost of Gas (annual) Allocation Flag H152-155 WATER Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H156 WATERA Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) Allocation Flag H157-160 OIL Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) H161 OILA Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) Allocation Flag H162-165 RENT Monthly Rent Allocation Flag H166 RENTA Monthly Rent Allocation Flag H167 MEALS Meals Included in Rent H168 MEALSA Meals Included in Rent H169 MORTG1 Mortgage Status Mlocation Flag H171-175 MRT1 AMTA Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H176 MRT1 AMTA Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag H179-183 MRT2AMT Second Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H179-183 MRT2AMT Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag H185 TAXINCL Property Tax Status H186 TAXINCLA Property Tax Status H187 TAXAMTA Property Tax Status Allocation Flag H189 TAXAMTA Property Tax Amount (annual) H189 TAXAMTA Property Tax Amount (annual) H189 INSINCL Property Tax Amount (annual) H190 INSINCL Property Tax Amount (annual) H190 INSINCL Property Insurance Status Allocation Flag H197-200 CONDFEE Condominium Fee (monthly) H201 CONDFEE Condominium Fee (monthly) H202 VALUE Property Value Allocation Flag H203 MHLOAN Mobile Home Loan Status H204 VALUEA Property Value H204 VALUEA Property Value H206 MHLOAN Mobile Home Costs Mlocation Flag H204 VALUEA Property Value H206 Fost years and over in household			Description
H136 BUSINES Commercial Business on Property H137 BUSINESA Commercial Business on Property Allocation Flag H138 ACRES Acreage H139 ACRESA Acreage Allocation Flag H140 AGSALES Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 H141 AGSALESA Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 Allocation Flag H142-145 ELEC Cost of Electricity (annual) H146 ELECA Cost of Electricity (annual) H151 GASA Cost of Gas (annual) Allocation Flag H152-155 WATER Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H156 WATERA Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H167 OIL Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) H161 OILA Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) H162-165 RENT Monthly Rent Allocation Flag H166 RENTA Monthly Rent Allocation Flag H167 MEALS Meals Included in Rent H168 MEALSA Meals Included in Rent H169 MORTG1 Mortgage Status Mortgage Status MORTG1A Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H170 MORTG2 Second Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H179-183 MRT2AMT Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H184 MRT2AMTA Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag H185 TAXINCL Property Tax Status H180 TAXAMTA Property Tax Status H189 TAXAMTA Property Tax Status Allocation Flag H189 TAXAMTA Property Tax Amount (annual) H189 TAXAMTA Property Tax Amount (annual) H189 TAXAMTA Property Tax Amount (annual) H190 INSINCL Property Tax Amount (annual) H190 INSINCL Property Tax Amount (annual) H190 INSINCL Property Tax Amount (annual) Allocation Flag H197-200 CONDFEE Condominium Fee (monthly) H201 CONDFEE Condominium Fee (monthly) H202-203 VALUE Property Value Allocation Flag H204 VALUEA Property Value Allocation Flag H205 MHLOAN Mobile Home Loan Status H206 MHLOAN Mobile Home Loan Status H207-211 MHCOSTA Mortgage Feyers and over in household	-	\/FLUCI A	·
H137 BUSINESA ACRES Acreage H138 ACRES Acreage H140 AGSALES Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 H141 AGSALES Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 Allocation Flag H142-145 ELEC Cost of Electricity (annual) H146 ELECA Cost of Electricity (annual) H151 CASA Cost of Gas (annual) H151 CASA Cost of Gas (annual) H152-155 WATER Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) Allocation Flag H157-160 OIL Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) H161 OILA Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) H162-165 RENT Monthly Rent H168 MEALSA Meals Included in Rent H168 MEALSA Meals Included in Rent Allocation Flag H170 MORTCI Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H171-175 MRT IAMT Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag H179-183 MRT2AMT Second Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H185 TAXINCL Property Tax Status H180 TAXAMTA Property Tax Status H191 INSINCLA Property Tax Amount (annual) H192-195 INSAMT Property Insurance Status H204 VALUEA Property Value Allocation Flag H205 MHLOAN Mobile Home Loan Status H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household			
H138 ACRES Acreage H139 ACRESA Acreage Allocation Flag H140 AGSALES Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 H141 AGSALESA Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 Allocation Flag H142-145 ELEC Cost of Electricity (annual) H146 ELECA Cost of Gas (annual) Allocation Flag H147-150 GAS Cost of Gas (annual) Allocation Flag H151 GASA Cost of Gas (annual) H151 GASA Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H156 WATERA Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H161 OILA Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) H161 OILA Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) Allocation Flag H162-165 RENT Monthly Rent H166 RENTA Monthly Rent Allocation Flag H167 MEALS Meals Included in Rent H168 MEALSA Meals Included in Rent Allocation Flag H171-175 MRT1AMT Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H171-175 MRT1AMT Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H176 MORTG1 Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag H179-183 MRT2AMT Second Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H185 TAXINCL Property Tax Status H180 MRT2AMT Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag H185 TAXINCL Property Tax Status H180 INSINCL Property Tax Status H190 INSINCL Property Tax Status Allocation Flag H191 INSINCLA Property Tax Amount (annual) H192-195 INSAMT Property Tax Amount (annual) H196 INSAMT Property Insurance Status H197-200 CONDFEE Condominium Fee (monthly) H201 CONDFEE Condominium Fee (monthly) H204 VALUEA Property Value Allocation Flag H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs M1212 MHCOSTA Mobile Home Costs M1212 MHCOSTA Mobile Home Costs M1214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household			
H139 ACRESA Acreage Allocation Flag H140 ACSALES Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 H141 ACSALES Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 Allocation Flag H142-145 ELEC Cost of Electricity (annual) H146 ELECA Cost of Electricity (annual) Allocation Flag H147-150 CAS Cost of Gas (annual) H151 CASA Cost of Gas (annual) Allocation Flag H152-155 WATER Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H156 WATERA Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H157-160 OIL Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) H161 OILA Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) Allocation Flag H162-165 RENT Monthly Rent H166 RENTA Monthly Rent H167 MEALS Meals Included in Rent H168 MEALSA Meals Included in Rent Allocation Flag H170 MORTG1 Mortgage Status H170 MORTG1 Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H171-175 MRT1AMTA Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H176 MRT1AMTA Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H177 MORTG2 Second Mortgage Status H179-183 MRT2AMT Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H184 MRT2AMTA Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H185 TAXINCL Property Tax Status H186 TAXINCLA Property Tax Status H189 TAXAMT Property Tax Amount (annual) H189 TAXAMTA Property Tax Amount (annual) H190 INSINCLA Property Insurance Status Allocation Flag H191 INSINCLA Property Insurance Status Allocation Flag H197-200 CONDFEE Condominium Fee (monthly) H201 CONDFEEA Condominium Fee (monthly) H202 CONDFEEA Condominium Fee (monthly) H203 MHLOAN Mobile Home Costs H204 VALUEA Property Value Allocation Flag H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H213 HHT Household/Family Type H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household			
H140 ACSALES Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 H141 ACSALESA Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 Allocation Flag H142-145 ELEC Cost of Electricity (annual) H146 ELECA Cost of Electricity (annual) H147-150 GAS Cost of Gas (annual) H151 GASA Cost of Gas (annual) H152-155 WATER Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H156 WATERA Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H157-160 OIL Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) Allocation Flag H161 OILA Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) Allocation Flag H162-165 RENT Monthly Rent Allocation Flag H166 RENTA Monthly Rent Allocation Flag H167 MEALS Meals Included in Rent H168 MEALSA Meals Included in Rent Allocation Flag H170 MORTG1 Mortgage Status H170 MORTG1 Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H171-175 MRT1AMT Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H176 MRT1AMT Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag H179-183 MRT2AMT Second Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H179-183 MRT2AMT Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag H185 TAXINCL Property Tax Status Allocation Flag H186 TAXINCLA Property Tax Status H187 TAXAMTA Property Tax Amount (annual) H189 TAXAMTA Property Tax Amount (annual) H189 TAXAMTA Property Insurance Status H190 INSINCLA Property Insurance Status H190 INSINCLA Property Insurance Status H190 INSINCLA Property Insurance Amount (annual) H190 INSINCLA Property Insurance Amount (annual) H190 INSINCLA Property Insurance Amount (annual) H191 INSINCLA Property Insurance Amount (annual) H192-195 INSAMTA Property Insurance Amount (annual) H190 INSINCLA Property Insurance Amount (annual) H191 INSINCLA Property Insurance Amount (annual) H192-195 INSAMTA Property Insurance Amount (annual) H191 INSINCLA Property Value H202-203 VALUE Property Value H204 VALUEA Property Value Allocation Flag H205 MHLOAN Mobile Home Loan Status H206 MHLOAN Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H213 HHT Household/Family Type H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household			
H141 ACSALESA Sales of Agricultural Products in 1999 Allocation Flag H142-145 ELEC Cost of Electricity (annual) H146 ELECA Cost of Electricity (annual) H157 GASA Cost of Gas (annual) Allocation Flag H152-155 WATER Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H156 WATERA Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H157-160 OIL Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) H161 OILA Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) H162-165 RENT Monthly Rent H166 RENTA Monthly Rent Allocation Flag H167 MEALS Meals Included in Rent H168 MEALSA Meals Included in Rent H169 MORTG1 Mortgage Status H170 MORTG1A Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H176 MRT1AMT Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H177 MORTG2 Second Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H179-183 MRT2AMT Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H184 MRT2AMTA Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H185 TAXINCL Property Tax Status H186 TAXINCLA Property Tax Status H187 TAXAMT Property Tax Status Allocation Flag H189 TAXAMT Property Tax Amount (annual) H180 INSINCL Property Tax Amount (annual) H190 INSINCL Property Insurance Status Allocation Flag H191 INSINCLA Property Insurance Status Allocation Flag H191 INSINCLA Property Insurance Status Allocation Flag H192-195 INSAMT Property Insurance Amount (annual) Allocation Flag H197-200 CONDFEE Condominium Fee (monthly) Allocation Flag H190 MHLOAN Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H202-203 VALUE Property Value Allocation Flag H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H213 HHT Household/Family Type H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household			
H142-145 ELEC Cost of Electricity (annual) H146 ELECA Cost of Electricity (annual) H147-150 GAS Cost of Gas (annual) H151 GASA Cost of Gas (annual) H152-155 WATER Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H156 WATERA Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H157-160 OIL Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) H161 OILA Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) Allocation Flag H162-165 RENT Monthly Rent H166 RENTA Monthly Rent Allocation Flag H167 MEALS Meals Included in Rent H168 MEALS Meals Included in Rent H169 MORTG1 Mortgage Status H170 MORTG1 Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H171-175 MRT1AMT Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H176 MRT1AMTA Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H178 MORTG2 Second Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H179-183 MRT2AMT Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H184 MRT2AMT Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H185 TAXINCL Property Tax Status H186 TAXINCLA Property Tax Status H189 TAXAMTA Property Tax Amount (annual) H189 TAXAMTA Property Tax Amount (annual) H190 INSINCL Property Insurance Status Allocation Flag H191 INSINCL Property Insurance Status Allocation Flag H192-195 INSAMT Property Insurance Amount (annual) H196 INSAMT Property Insurance Amount (annual) H197-200 CONDFEE Condominium Fee (monthly) CONDFEEA Condominium Fee (monthly) H204 VALUEA Property Value H205 MHLOANA Mobile Home Loan Status Allocation Flag H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs H212 MHCOSTA Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H213 HHT Household/Family Type H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household	_		
H146 ELECA Cost of Electricity (annual) Allocation Flag H147-150 GAS Cost of Gas (annual) H151 GASA Cost of Gas (annual) H152-155 WATER Cost of Water and Sewer (annual) H156 WATERA Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) H157-160 OIL Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) H161 OILA Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or Wood (annual) Allocation Flag H162-165 RENT Monthly Rent H166 RENTA Monthly Rent Allocation Flag H167 MEALS Meals Included in Rent H168 MEALSA Meals Included in Rent Allocation Flag H169 MORTG1 Mortgage Status H170 MORTG1A Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H176 MRT1AMT Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H176 MRT1AMTA Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag H177 MORTG2 Second Mortgage Status Allocation Flag H179-183 MRT2AMT Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H184 MRT2AMT Second Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) H185 TAXINCL Property Tax Status Allocation Flag H187-188 TAXAMT Property Tax Status Allocation Flag H189 TAXAMTA Property Tax Status Allocation Flag H190 INSINCLA Property Tax Status Allocation Flag H191 INSINCLA Property Tax Amount (annual) H190 INSINCLA Property Tax Amount (annual) H191 INSINCLA Property Insurance Status H192-195 INSAMT Property Insurance Status Allocation Flag H197-200 CONDFEEA Condominium Fee (monthly) Allocation Flag H197-200 CONDFEEA Condominium Fee (monthly) H201 CONDFEEA Condominium Fee (monthly) H202-203 VALUE Property Value H204 VALUEA Property Value H205 MHLOANA Mobile Home Loan Status H206 MHLOANA Mobile Home Loan Status H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs H212 MHCOSTA Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H213 HHT Household/Family Type H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household			
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H192-195 INSAMT Property Insurance Amount (annual) H196 INSAMTA Property Insurance Amount (annual) Allocation Flag H197-200 CONDFEE Condominium Fee (monthly) H201 CONDFEEA Condominium Fee (monthly) Allocation Flag H202-203 VALUE Property Value H204 VALUEA Property Value Allocation Flag H205 MHLOAN Mobile Home Loan Status H206 MHLOANA Mobile Home Loan Status Allocation Flag H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs H212 MHCOSTA Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H213 HHT Household/Family Type H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household	H190	INSINCL	Property Insurance Status
H196 INSAMTA Property Insurance Amount (annual) Allocation Flag H197-200 CONDFEE Condominium Fee (monthly) H201 CONDFEEA Condominium Fee (monthly) Allocation Flag H202-203 VALUE Property Value H204 VALUEA Property Value Allocation Flag H205 MHLOAN Mobile Home Loan Status H206 MHLOANA Mobile Home Loan Status Allocation Flag H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs H212 MHCOSTA Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H213 HHT Household/Family Type H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household	H191	INSINCLA	· · ·
H197-200 CONDFEE Condominium Fee (monthly) H201 CONDFEEA Condominium Fee (monthly) Allocation Flag H202-203 VALUE Property Value H204 VALUEA Property Value Allocation Flag H205 MHLOAN Mobile Home Loan Status H206 MHLOANA Mobile Home Loan Status Allocation Flag H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs H212 MHCOSTA Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H213 HHT Household/Family Type H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household	H192-195	INSAMT	
H201CONDFEEACondominium Fee (monthly) Allocation FlagH202-203VALUEProperty ValueH204VALUEAProperty Value Allocation FlagH205MHLOANMobile Home Loan StatusH206MHLOANAMobile Home Loan Status Allocation FlagH207-211MHCOSTMobile Home CostsH212MHCOSTAMobile Home Costs Allocation FlagH213HHTHousehold/Family TypeH214-215P65Number of people 65 years and over in household			· · · ·
H202-203VALUEProperty ValueH204VALUEAProperty Value Allocation FlagH205MHLOANMobile Home Loan StatusH206MHLOANAMobile Home Loan Status Allocation FlagH207-211MHCOSTMobile Home CostsH212MHCOSTAMobile Home Costs Allocation FlagH213HHTHousehold/Family TypeH214-215P65Number of people 65 years and over in household			•
H204 VALUEA Property Value Allocation Flag H205 MHLOAN Mobile Home Loan Status H206 MHLOANA Mobile Home Loan Status Allocation Flag H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs H212 MHCOSTA Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H213 HHT Household/Family Type H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
H205 MHLOAN Mobile Home Loan Status H206 MHLOANA Mobile Home Loan Status Allocation Flag H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs H212 MHCOSTA Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H213 HHT Household/Family Type H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household			• •
H206 MHLOANA Mobile Home Loan Status Allocation Flag H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs H212 MHCOSTA Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H213 HHT Household/Family Type H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household			
H207-211 MHCOST Mobile Home Costs H212 MHCOSTA Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H213 HHT Household/Family Type H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household			
H212 MHCOSTA Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag H213 HHT Household/Family Type H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household			_
H213 HHT Household/Family Type H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household			
H214-215 P65 Number of people 65 years and over in household			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
H216-217 P18 Number of people under 18 years in household			
	H216-217	P18	Number of people under 18 years in household

# Character Location Index (Housing Unit Record)—Con.

Character location	Variable name	Description
H218-219	NPF	Number of people in family
H220-221	NOC	Number of own children under 18 years in household
H222-223	NRC	Number of related children under 18 years in household
H224	PSF	Presence of Subfamily in Household
H225	PAOC	Presence and Age of Own Children under 18 years
H226	PARC	Presence and Age of Related Children under 18 years
H227	SVAL	Specified Value Indicator
H228-232	SMOC	Selected Monthly Owner Costs
H233-235	SMOCAPI	Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income
H236	SRNT	Specified Rent Indicator
H237-240	GRENT	Gross Rent
H241-243	GRAPI	Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income
H244	FNF	Farm/Nonfarm Recode
H245	HHL	Household Language
H246	LNGI	Linguistic Isolation
H247	WIF	Number of workers in family
H248	<b>EMPSTAT</b>	Family Type and Employment Status
H249-250	WORKEXP	Family Type and Work Experience of Householder
H251-258	HINC	Household Total Income in 1999
H259-266	FINC	Family Total Income in 1999
H267-316	FILLER	Filler

#### Character Location Index (Person Record)

P1 RECTYPE Record Type P2-8 SERIALNO Housing / Group Quarters Unit September P9-10 PNUM Person Sequence Number P11 PAUG Augmented Person Flag P12 DDP Data-defined Person Flag P13-16 PWEIGHT Person Weight P17-18 RELATE Relationship P19 RELATEA Relationship Allocation Flag P20 OC Own Child Indicator P21 RC Related Child Indicator	Serial Number
P9-10 PNUM Person Sequence Number P11 PAUG Augmented Person Flag P12 DDP Data-defined Person Flag P13-16 PWEIGHT Person Weight P17-18 RELATE Relationship P19 RELATEA Relationship Allocation Flag P20 OC Own Child Indicator	Serial Number
P11 PAUG Augmented Person Flag P12 DDP Data-defined Person Flag P13-16 PWEIGHT Person Weight P17-18 RELATE Relationship P19 RELATEA Relationship Allocation Flag P20 OC Own Child Indicator	
P12 DDP Data-defined Person Flag P13-16 PWEIGHT Person Weight P17-18 RELATE Relationship P19 RELATEA Relationship Allocation Flag P20 OC Own Child Indicator	
P13-16 PWEIGHT Person Weight P17-18 RELATE Relationship P19 RELATEA Relationship Allocation Flag P20 OC Own Child Indicator	
P17-18 RELATE Relationship P19 RELATEA Relationship Allocation Flag P20 OC Own Child Indicator	
P19 RELATEA Relationship Allocation Flag P20 OC Own Child Indicator	
P20 OC Own Child Indicator	
P21 RC Related Child Indicator	
TET RE RELATED	
P22 PAOCF Presence and Age of Own Child	dren, Females
P23 SEX Sex	
P24 SEXA Sex Allocation Flag	
P25-26 AGE Age	
P27 AGEA Age Allocation Flag	
P28-29 HISPAN Hispanic or Latino Origin	
P30 HISPANA Hispanic or Latino Origin Alloca	ation Flag
P31 NUMRACE Number of Major Race Groups	•
P32 WHITE White recode	
P33 BLACK Black or African American reco	de
P34 AIAN American Indian and Alaska Na	
P35 ASIAN Asian recode	
P36 NHPI Native Hawaiian and Other Paci	ific Islander recode
P37 OTHER Some other race recode	
P38 RACE1 Race Recode 1	
P39-40 RACE2 Race Recode 2	
P41-42 RACE3 Race Recode 3	
P43 RACEA Race Allocation Flag	
P44 MARSTAT Marital Status	
P45 MARSTATA Marital Status Allocation Flag	
P46 MSP Married, Spouse Present Recode	e
P47 SFN Subfamily Number for this pers	
P48 SFREL Subfamily Relationship	
P49 ENROLL School Enrollment; Attended sin	nce February 1. 2000
P50 ENROLLA School Enrollment; Attended sin	
P51 GRADE School Enrollment: Grade Level	l Attending
P52 GRADEA School Enrollment: Grade Level	_
P53-54 EDUC Educational Attainment	
P55 EDUCA Educational Attainment Allocati	ion Flag
P56-58 ANCFRST5 Ancestry Code 1 for 5% file	
P59-61 ANCSCND5 Ancestry Code 2 for 5% file	
P62 ANCA Ancestry Allocation Flag	
P63 ANCR Ancestry Recode	
P64 SPEAK Non-English Language	
P65 SPEAKA Non-English Language Allocation	on Flag
P66-68 LANG5 Language Spoken for 5% file	_
P69 LANGA Language Spoken Allocation Fla	ag
P70 ENGABIL English Ability	-

Character Location Index (Person Record)—Con.

Character location	Variable name	Description
P71	ENGABILA	English Ability Allocation Flag
P72-74	POB5	Place of Birth for 5% file
P75	POBA	Place of Birth Allocation Flag
P76	CITIZEN	Citizenship Status
P77	CITIZENA	Citizenship Status Allocation Flag
P78-81	YR2US	Year of Entry to United States
P82	YR2USA	Year of Entry to United States Allocation Flag
P83	MOB	Residence 5 Years Ago
P84	MOBA	Residence 5 Years Ago Allocation Flag
P85-87	MIGST5	Migration State or Foreign Country Code for 5% file
P88	MIGSTA	Migration State or Foreign Country Code Allocation Flag
P89-93	MIGPUMA5	Migration PUMA
P94-98	MIGPUMA1	Migration Super-PUMA
P99-100	MIGAREA5	Migration PUMA Relationship to MA
P101-102	MIGAREA1	Migration Super-PUMA Relationship to MA
P103-106	MIGCMA5	Migration MA: MSA/CMSA for Migration PUMA
P107-110	MIGCMA1	Migration MA: MSA/CMSA for Migration Super-PUMA
P111-114	MIGPMA5	Migration MA: MSA/PMSA for Migration PUMA
P115-118	MIGPMA1	Migration MA: MSA/PMSA for Migration Super-PUMA
P119	SENSORY	Sensory Disability
P120	SENSORYA	Sensory Disability Allocation Flag
P121	PHYSCL	Physical Disability
P122	PHYSCLA	Physical Disability Allocation Flag
P123	MENTAL	Mental Disability
P124	MENTALA	Mental Disability Allocation Flag
P125	SLFCARE	Self-Care Disability
P126	SLFCAREA	Self-Care Disability Allocation Flag
P127	ABGO	Able to Go Out Disability
P128	ABGOA	Able to Go Out Disability Allocation Flag
P129	ABWORK	Employment Disability
P130	ABWORKA	Employment Disability Allocation Flag
P131	DISABLE	Disability Recode
P132	GRANDC	Presence of Grandchildren under 18 years
P133	GRANDCA	Presence of Grandchildren under 18 years Allocation Flag
P134	RSPNSBL	Responsible for Grandchildren
P135	RSPNSBLA	Responsible for Grandchildren Allocation Flag
P136	HOWLONG	Length of Responsibility for Grandchildren
P137	HOWLONGA	Length of Responsibility For Grandchildren Allocation Flag
P138	MILTARY	Military Service
P139	MILTARYA	Military Service Allocation Flag
P140	VPS1	Veteran's Period of Service 1: On active duty April 1995 or later
P141	VPS2	Veteran's Period of Service 2: On active duty August 1990 to March 1995 (including Persian Gulf War)
P142	VPS3	Veteran's Period of Service 3: On active duty September 1980 to July 1990
P143	VPS4	Veteran's Period of Service 4: On active duty May 1975 to August 1980
P144	VPS5	Veteran's Period of Service 5: On active duty during the Vietnam Era (August 1964 to April 1975)

Character Location Index (Person Record)—Con.

Character location	Variable name	Description
P145	VPS6	Veteran's Period of Service 6: On active duty February 1955 to July 1964
P146	VPS7	Veteran's Period of Service 7: On active duty during the Korean War (June 1950 to January 1955)
P147	VPS8	Veteran's Period of Service 8: On active duty during World War II (September 1940 to July 1947)
P148	VPS9	Veteran's Period of Service 9: On active duty any other time
P149	VPSA	Veteran's Period of Service Allocation Flag
P150	MILYRS	Years of Military Service
P151	MILYRSA	Years of Military Service Allocation Flag
P152-153	VPSR	Veteran's Period of Service Recode
P154	ESR	Employment Status Recode
P155	ESRA	Employment Status Allocation Flag
P156	ESP	Employment Status of Parent(s)
P157-159	POWST5	Place of Work State or Foreign Country Code for 5% file
P160	POWSTA	Place of Work State or Foreign Country Code Allocation Flag
P161-165	POWPUMA5	Place of Work PUMA
P166-170	POWPUMA1	Place of Work Super-PUMA
P171-172	POWAREA5	Place of Work PUMA Relationship to MA
P173-174	POWAREA1	Place of Work Super-PUMA Relationship to MA
P175-178	POWCMA5	Place of Work MA: MSA/CMSA for Place of Work PUMA
P179-182	POWCMA1	Place of Work MA: MSA/CMSA for Place of Work Super-PUMA
P183-186	POWPMA5	Place of Work MA: MSA/PMSA for Place of Work PUMA
P187-190	POWPMA1	Place of Work MA: MSA/PMSA for Place of Work Super-PUMA
P191-192	TRVMNS	Means of Transportation to Work
P193	TRVMNSA	Means of Transportation to Work Allocation Flag
P194	CARPOOL	Vehicle Occupancy
P195	CARPOOLA	Vehicle Occupancy Allocation Flag
P196-198	LVTIME	Time Leaving for Work
P199	LVTIMEA	Time Leaving for Work Allocation Flag
P200-202	TRVTIME	Travel Time to Work
P203	TRVTIMEA	Travel Time to Work Allocation Flag
P204	LAYOFF	Layoff from Job Absent from Work
P205	ABSENT	Return-to-Work Recall
P206	RECALL	
P207	LOOKWRK	Looking for Work Back to Work
P208 P209	BACKWRK LASTWRK	Year Last Worked
P210	LASTWRKA	Year Last Worked Year Last Worked Allocation Flag
P211-213	INDCEN	Industry (Census)
P214	INDCENA	Industry (Census) Industry (Census) Allocation Flag
P215-222	INDNAICS	Industry (NAICS)
P223-225	OCCCEN5	Occupation (Census) for 5% file
P226	OCCCENA	Occupation (Census) Allocation Flag
	<b></b>	

Character	Variable	Description
location	name	Description
P227-233	OCCSOC5	Occupation (SOC) for 5% file
P234	CLWKR	Class of Worker
P235	CLWKRA	Class of Worker Allocation Flag
P236	WRKLYR	Worked in 1999
P237	WRKLYRA	Worked in 1999 Allocation Flag
P238-239	WEEKS	Weeks Worked in 1999
P240	WEEKSA	Weeks Worked in 1999 Allocation Flag
P241-242	HOURS	Hours Per Week in 1999
P243	HOURSA	Hours Per Week in 1999 Allocation Flag
P244-249	INCWS	Wage/Salary Income in 1999
P250	INCWSA	Wage/Salary Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P251-256	INCSE	Self-Employment Income in 1999
P257	INCSEA	Self-Employment Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P258-263	INCINT	Interest Income in 1999
P264	INCINTA	Interest Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P265-269	INCSS	Social Security Income in 1999
P270	INCSSA	Social Security Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P271-275	INCSSI	Supplemental Security Income in 1999
P276	INCSSIA	Supplemental Security Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P277-281	INCPA	Public Assistance Income in 1999
P282	INCPAA	Public Assistance Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P283-288	INCRET	Retirement Income in 1999
P289	INCRETA	Retirement Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P290-295	INCOTH	Other Income in 1999
P296	INCOTHA	Other Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P297-303	INCTOT	Person's Total Income in 1999
P304	INCTOTA	Person's Total Income in 1999 Allocation Flag
P305-311	EARNS	Person's Total Earnings in 1999
P312-314	POVERTY	Person's Poverty Status
P315-316	FILLER	Filler

#### RECORD LAYOUT

The files for the Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) are provided as one file for each state. It is comprised of the housing unit record and the person record. The data fields in each record are 316 characters in length.

The first character position of each line in this data dictionary determines its type as shown below:

A "D" in the first position represents data item description. This line provides the variable name, the size of the field, the beginning position, and the ending position. (The variable name on this line is limited to 8 characters.)

A "T" in the first position provides an English description of the variable name.

An "R" in the first position indicates that the value is a range. The upper and lower values of the range are separated with ".."

The value description line has a "V" in the first position and a "." in position 24. This line provides the value code to the left of the "." and the value description to the right of the "." The description text may be continued for as many lines as are needed.

The layout is presented below.

#### HOUSING UNIT RECORD

DATA D RECTYPE	SIZE		BEGIN 1	END 1
T Record Type V	1	н.	Housing or Group Qu	•
		nd al	2 Number I persons within the ui Unique identifier assi	
D SAMPLE T Sample Identifier	1		9	9
V		5 .	5% sample	
D STATE T State Code	2		10	11
R V	01		FIPS State Code (see A Puerto Rico	Appendix G)
D REGION T Region Code	1		12	12
V V V V V		1 . 2 . 3 .	Region not identified Northeast Midwest South West	(Puerto Rico)
D DIVISION	1		13	13
T Division Code V V V		1.	Division not identified New England Middle Atlantic	d (Puerto Rico)

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con.			
V		East North Central	
V		West North Central South Atlantic	
V		East South Central	
V		West South Central	
V		Mountain	
V	9.	Pacific	
D PUMA5 5 T Public Use Microdata Area Code (I	PUMA)	14	18
Designates area of 100,000 or mo	re popul		for unique code.
R 00100	08200 .		
D PUMA1 5	- 1 (6	19	23
T Super-Public Use Microdata Area ( Designates area of 400,000 or mo		-	
R 01100		ation	
D MSACMSA5 4		24	27
T Metropolitan Area (MA): MSA/CMS			
R 0040		FIPS MSA/CMSA Code	
V	9997 .	Mixed MSA/CMSA and territory	i nonnetropolitan
V			or entire MSAs/PMSAs
V	9999 .	Not in metropolitan a	rea
D MSAPMSA5 4	DUINAA	28	31
T Metropolitan Area: MSA/PMSA for R 0040		FIPS MSA/PMSA Code	
V		Mixed MSA/PMSA and territory	nonmetropolitan
V		2 or more partial and,	or entire MSAs/PMSAs
V	9999 .	Not in metropolitan a	rea
D MSACMSA1 4	C	32	35
T Metropolitan Area:MSA/PMSA for R 0040	-		
V		Mixed MSA/PMSA and	
٧	0008	territory.	/or optire MSAs/DMSAs
V		Not in metropolita are	or entire MSAs/PMSAs ea
D MSAPMSA1 4		36	39
T Metropolitan Area: MSA/PMSA for	-		
R 0040		Fips MSA/PMSA Code	l nammatuan alitan
V	9997 .	Mixed MSA/PMSA and territory.	nonmetropolitan
V			or entire MSAs/PMSAs
V	9999 .	Not in metropolitan a	rea
D AREATYPS 2	ا د د دامام	40	41
T Metropolitan Area: PUMA Relation V	-	MA (see page 3-2) . Contains only metrop	olitan territory inside
		central city (MSA part MSA)	

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con.		
V		Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V		Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	14 .	Contains an entire MSA (and no other territory)
V	21 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V		Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V		Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V		Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V		Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V		Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V	34 .	Contains an entire PMSA (and no other territory) (PMSA belongs to a fully-identified CMSA)
V		Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V		Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V		Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V		Contains an entire PMSA (and no other territory) (PMSA belongs to a partially-identified CMSA)
V		Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V		Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V		Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V		Contains both metropolitan and nonmetro-

politan territory

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con.		
V	80 .	Contains only metropolitan territory in two or more partial and/or entire MSAs/PMSAs/CMSAs
V	90 .	Contains only nonmetropolitan territory
D AREATYP1 2		42 43
T Metropolitan Area: Super-PUMA Relat		
V	11 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	12 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	13 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	14 .	Contains an entire MSA (and no other territory)
V	21 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V	22 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V	23 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V	31 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V	32 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V	33 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V	34 .	Contains an entire PMSA (and no other territory) (PMSA belongs to a fully-identified CMSA)
V	41 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	42 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	43 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	44 .	Contains an entire PMSA (and no other territory) (PMSA belongs to a partially-identified CMSA)
V	51 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)

HOUSING UNIT REC	ORD—Con.			
V		52 .	Contains only metrop central city (PMSA par PMSA and partially-ide	t of partially-identified
V		53 .	Contains only metrop	olitan territory both ntral city (PMSA part of
V		70 .	Contains both metrop politan territory	olitan and nonmetro-
V		80 .	Contains only metrop or more partial and/o MSAs/PMSAs/CMSAs	
V		90 .	Contains only nonmet	ropolitan territory
D TOTPUMA5	14		44	57
T Total Area of PUM R		000	Sauara matars	
	0999999999999999999999999999999999999	999 .	•	71
D LNDPUMA5 T Land Area of PUM	14 A		58	71
R	0999999999999	999 .	Square meters	
D TOTPUMA1	14		72	85
T Total Area of Supe	er-PUMA 09999999999999	99 .	Square meters	
D LNDPUMA1	14		86	99
T Land Area of Supe	er-PUMA 0999999999999	000	Square meters	
D. CLIDCAMDI		, 66,	•	101
D SUBSAMPL T Subsample numb	2 er		100	101
Use to pull extrac				
R	00.	99 .		
D HWEIGHT	4		102	105
T Housing unit weig R	ght 000008	2 <i>4</i> 5		
		575.	106	107
D PERSONS  T Number of persor	2 1 records following	this	106 housina record	107
V	3		Vacant unit	
V		01 .	Householder living ald group quarters	one or any person in
R	02.	97 .	Number of persons in	household
D UNITTYPE	1		108	108
T Type of unit V		0	Housing unit	
V			. Housing unit . Institutional group qu	arters
V			Noninstitutional group	

HOUSING UNIT REC	CORD—Con.			
D HSUB T Substitution Flag	1		109	109
V V			Not substituted or GO Substituted	Q
D HAUG T Augmentation Fla	] aa		110	110
V V	-9		Not augmented or GO Augmented	Q
D VACSTAT T Vacancy Status	1		111	111
V V V		1 . 2 . 3 .	Not in universe (occu For rent For sale only Rented or sold, not o	ccupied
V V V		5.	For seasonal, recreati For migrant workers Other vacant	ional or occasional use
D VACSTATA T Vacancy Status A	llocation Flag		112	112
V V	nocation riag		Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D TENURE T Home Ownership	1		113	113
V V	,	1 .	Not in universe (vaca Owned by you or sor household with a mo	neone in this rtgage or loan
V			Owned by you or sor household free and c gage or loan)	lear (without a mort-
V V			Rented for cash rent Occupied without pa	yment of cash rent
D TENUREA T Home Ownership	1 Allocation Flag		114	114
V V	J		Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D BLDGSZ T Size of Building	2		115	116
V V			Not in universe (GQ) A mobile home	
V			A one-family house dother house	etached from any
V		03 .		ttached to one or more
V V			A building with 2 apa A building with 3 or	
V		06 .	A building with 5 to 9	9 apartments
V V			A building with 10 to A building with 20 to	-

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con. V V	09 . A building with 50 10 . Boat, RV, van, etc.	or more apartments
D BLDGSZA 1 T Size of Building Allocation Flag V 0 V	. Not allocated or G	117 Q
v D YRBUILT 1 T Year Building Built	118	118
V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	blank . Not in universe (Go 1 . 1999 to 2000 2 . 1995 to 1998 3 . 1990 to 1994 4 . 1980 to 1989 5 . 1970 to 1979 6 . 1960 to 1969 7 . 1950 to 1959 8 . 1940 to 1949 9 . 1939 or earlier	Q)
D YRBUILTA 1 T Year Building Built Allocation Fla V V	119 g 0 . Not allocated or G 1 . Allocated	119 Q
D YRMOVED 1 T Year Moved In V V V V V V	120  blank . Not in universe (value of 1 . 1999 or 2000 2 . 1995 to 1998 3 . 1990 to 1994 4 . 1980 to 1989 5 . 1970 to 1979 6 . 1969 or earlier	120 acant or GQ)
D YRMOVEDA 1 T Year Moved In Allocation Flag V V	121 0 . Not allocated or Go 1 . Allocated	121 Q
D ROOMS 1 T Number of Rooms V R V	blank . Not in universe (Golden) 18 . 1 to 8 rooms 9 . 9 or more rooms	122 Q)
D ROOMSA 1 T Number of Rooms Allocation Fla V V	123 g 0 . Not allocated or Go 1 . Allocated	123 Q

D BEDRMS 1 T Number of Bedrooms		124	124
V V R V	0 . 14 .	Not in universe (GQ) No bedrooms 1 to 4 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms	
D BEDRMSA 1 T Number of Bedrooms Allocation V V	0 .	125 . Not allocated or GQ . Allocated	125
D CPLUMB 1		126	126
T Complete Plumbing Facilities V V V	1 .	. Not in universe (GQ) . Yes, have all three fac . No	cilities
D CPLUMBA 1 T Complete Plumbing Facilities Allo V V	0 .	127 lag . Not allocated or GQ . Allocated	127
D CKITCH 1 T Complete Kitchen Facilities		128	128
V V V	1.	. Not in universe (GQ) . Yes, have all three fac . No	cilities
D CKITCHA 1 T Complete Kitchen Facilities Alloca	ation Fla	129	129
V V	0 .	. Not allocated or GQ . Allocated	
D PHONE 1 T Telephone Availability		130	130
V V V	1.	. Not in universe (vaca . Yes . No	nt or GQ)
D PHONEA 1 T Telephone Availability Allocation	Flag	131	131
V V	0 .	Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D FUEL 1 T Heating Fuel		132	132
V V V	1 .	Not in universe (vaca Gas: from undergroum neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or Electricity	nd pipes serving

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con.  V V V V V V	<ul> <li>4 . Fuel oil, kerosene, e</li> <li>5 . Coal or coke</li> <li>6 . Wood</li> <li>7 . Solar energy</li> <li>8 . Other fuel</li> <li>9 . No fuel used</li> </ul>	tc.
D FUELA 1 T Heating Fuel Allocation Flag V V	133  0 . Not allocated or GQ 1 . Allocated	133
D VEHICL 1 T Number of Vehicles Available V V R V D VEHICLA 1 T Number of Vehicles Available Alloc V	134  plank . Not in universe (vacation of the control of the contr	134 ant or GQ) 135
D BUSINES 1 T Commercial Business on Property	136  Plank . Not in universe (vaca BLDGSZ>3)  1 . Yes 2 . No	136 ant or GQ; occupied and
D BUSINESA 1 T Commercial Business on Property A V	137 Allocation Flag 0 . Not allocated or GQ 1 . Allocated	137
D ACRES T Acreage V V V	1 138  plank . Not in universe (vacable BLDGSZ>3)  1 . Less than 1 acre 2 . 1.0 to 9.9 acres 3 . 10 acres or more	138 ant or GQ; occupied and

D AGSALES 1 T Sales of Agricultural F	Products in 1999	140	140
V V	blank . 0 .	Not in universe (vaca ACRES=1 or BDLGSZ> None \$1 to \$999	nt or GQ; occupied and 3)
V V V	2 . 3 . 4 .	\$1,000 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 or more	
D AGSALESA 1 T Sales of Agricultural F V V	roducts in 1999 Allo	141	141
D ELEC 4 T Cost of Electricity (an	nual)	142	145
V V V V R V V	blank . 0000 . 0001 . 0002 . 00034799 . 4800 .	Not in universe (vacal Included in rent or co No charge or not used \$1 or \$2 \$3 to \$4,799 Topcode State mean of topcod	ndominium fee d
D ELECA 1 T Cost of Electricity (an V V	0 .	146 Not allocated or GQ Allocated	146
D GAS 4 T Cost of Gas (annual)		147	150
V V V V V R V	0000 . 0001 . 0002 . 00032999 . 3000 .	Not in universe (vacal Included in rent or co No charge or not used \$1 or \$2 \$3 to \$2,999 Topcode State mean of topcod	ndominium fee d
D GASA 1 T Cost of Gas (annual) A	Allocation Flag	151	151
V	0 .	Not allocated or GQ Allocated	

D WATER 4	152	155
T Cost of Water and Sewer (a V V V V R V	blank . Not in univers	nt or condominium fee not used
D WATERA 1 T Cost of Water and Sewer (a V V	156 annual) Allocation Flag 0 . Not allocated 1 . Allocated	156 or GQ
D OIL 4	157	160
T Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or V V V V V R V	blank . Not in univers	nt or condominium fee not used
D OILA 1 T Cost of Oil, Kerosene, or V V	161 Wood (annual) Allocation Flag 0 . Not allocated 1 . Allocated	161 or GQ
D RENT 4	162	165
T Monthly Rent V R V V	blank . Not in univers and SISVAC is 00011699 . \$1 to \$1,699 1700 . Topcode 1700+ . State mean of	
D RENTA 1	166	166
T Monthly Rent Allocation Fl V V	lag 0 . Not allocated 1 . Allocated	or GQ
D MEALS 1 T Meals Included in Rent	167	167
V V	blank . Not in univers VACSTAT is no 1 . Yes 2 . No	e (GQ; or TENURE is not 3 and t 1)

D MEALSA 168 168 T Meals Included in Rent Allocation Flag 0 . Not allocated or GQ V 1 . Allocated D MORTG1 1 169 169 T Mortgage Status blank. Not in universe (vacant, GQ, or renteroccupied) ٧ 1. Yes, mortgage, deed of trust or similar debt 2. Yes, contract to purchase 3 . No D MORTG1A 170 170 T Mortgage Status Allocation Flag 0 . Not allocated or GQ V V 1 . Allocated D MRT1AMT 5 171 175 T Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) blank . Not in universe (vacant, GQ, renteroccupied, or owner- occupied and MORTG1 = 3)00000. No regular payment R 00001..02999 . \$1 to \$2,999 03000 . Topcode V 03000+ . State mean of topcoded values D MRT1AMTA 176 176 T Mortgage Payment (monthly amount) Allocation Flag 0 . Not allocated or GQ ٧ 1 . Allocated D MORTG2 177 177 T Second Mortgage Status blank . Not in universe (vacant, GQ, renteroccupied, or owner- occupied and MORTG1 1. Yes, a 2nd mortgage 2. Yes, a home equity loan 3 . No 4. Both a 2nd mortgage and a home equity loan 178 D MORTG2A 1 178 T Second Mortgage Status Allocation Flag 0 . Not allocated or GQ ٧ 1 . Allocated

D MRT2AMT 5 T Second Mortgage Payment (monthly		183
V bl		verse (vacant, GQ, renter- or owner- occupied and MORTG1
	000 . No regular 099 . \$1 to \$1,0	• •
	00 . Topcode 00+ . State mear	n of topcoded values
D MRT2AMTA 1 T Second Mortgage Payment (monthly	184	184
V V	0 . Not allocated	_
D TAXINCL 1 T Property Tax Status	185	185
• •		verse (vacant, GQ, renter- or owner- occupied and MORTG1
V V	2 . No, taxes	included in mortgage payment paid separately, or taxes not
D TAXINCLA 1 T Property Tax Status Allocation Flag	required 186	186
V V	<ul><li>0 . Not allocated</li></ul>	ted or GQ
D TAXAMT 2	187	188
T Property Tax Amount (annual) V		verse (GQ, renter-occupied or : VACSTAT not 2)
V	01 . No taxes p	
V	02 . \$1 to \$49 03 . \$50 to \$99	a
V	04 . \$100 to \$3	
V	05 . \$150 to \$	
V V	06 . \$200 to \$2 07 . \$250 to \$2	
V	08 . \$300 to \$3	
V	09 . \$350 to \$3	
V	10 . \$400 to \$4	
V V	11 . \$450 to \$4 12 . \$500 to \$5	
V	13 . \$550 to \$!	
V	14 . \$600 to \$6	
V	15 . \$650 to \$6	
V V	16 . \$700 to \$7	
V	18 . \$800 to \$8	
V	19 . \$850 to \$8	
V V	20 . \$900 to \$9 21 . \$950 to \$9	
•		

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con.		
V	22 . \$1,000 to \$1,099	
V	23 . \$1,100 to \$1,199	
V	24 . \$1,200 to \$1,299	
V	25 . \$1,300 to \$1,399	
V	26 . \$1,400 to \$1,499	
V	27 . \$1,500 to \$1,599	
V	28 . \$1,600 to \$1,699	
V	29 . \$1,700 to \$1,799	
V	30 . \$1,800 to \$1,899	
V	31 . \$1,900 to \$1,999	
V	32 . \$2,000 to \$2,099	
V	33 . \$2,100 to \$2,199	
V	34 . \$2,200 to \$2,299	
V	35 . \$2,300 to \$2,399	
V	36 . \$2,400 to \$2,499	
V	37 . \$2,500 to \$2,599	
V	38 . \$2,600 to \$2,699	
V	39 . \$2,700 to \$2,799	
V	40 . \$2,800 to \$2,899	
V	41 . \$2,900 to \$2,999	
V	42 . \$3,000 to \$3,099	
V	43 . \$3,100 to \$3,199	
V	44 . \$3,200 to \$3,299	
V	45 . \$3,300 to \$3,399	
V	46 . \$3,400 to \$3,499	
V	47 . \$3,500 to \$3,599	
V	48 . \$3,600 to \$3,699	
V	49 . \$3,700 to \$3,799	
V	50 . \$3,800 to \$3,899	
V	51 . \$3,900 to \$3,999	
V	52 . \$4,000 to \$4,099	
V	53 . \$4,100 to \$4,199	
V	54 . \$4,200 to \$4,299	
V	55 . \$4,300 to \$4,399	
V	56 . \$4,400 to \$4,499	
V	57 . \$4,500 to \$4,599	
V	58 . \$4,600 to \$4,699	
V	59 . \$4,700 to \$4,799	
V	60 . \$4,800 to \$4,899	
V	61 . \$4,900 to \$4,999	
V	62 . \$5,000 to \$5,499	
V	63 . \$5,500 to \$5,999	
V	64 . \$6,000 to \$6,999	
V	65 . \$7,000 to \$7,999	
V	66 . \$8,000 to \$9,099	
V	67 . \$9,100 or more	
v	οι . Ψ <i>3</i> ,100 01 III016	
D TAXAMTA 1	189	189
T Property Tax Amount (annual) Alloca	_	
V	0 . Not allocated or GQ	
V	1 . Allocated	

D INSINCL 1 T Property Insurance Status	190	190
	Not in universe (vacar occupied, or owner- o = 3)	
V 1.	Yes, insurance include ment	ed in mortgage pay-
V 2 .	No, insurance paid se ance	parately, or no insur-
	191 Not allocated or GQ Allocated	191
D INSAMT 4	192	195
V 0000 . R 00012499 . V 2500 .	Not in universe (vacal renter-occupied) No insurance paymen \$1 to \$2,499 Topcode State mean of topcod	t
	196 cation Flag Not allocated or GQ Allocated	196
D CONDFEE 4	197	200
T Condominium Fee (monthly) V blank .	Not in universe (vacai	nt, GQ, or
R 00010719 . V 0720 .	renter-occupied) Not a condominium \$1 to \$719 Topcode State mean of topcod	ed values
D CONDFEEA 1	201	201
T Condominium Fee (monthly) Allocation Fl V $$ 0 $$ .	ag Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
D VALUE 2	202	203
T Property Value V blank .	Not in universe (GQ, TACSTAT = 1, 3-6)	ΓENURE = 3-4, or
	Less than \$10,000	
V 03 .	\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,99	
	\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$29,999	

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con.				
			\$30,000 to \$34,999	
			\$35,000 to \$39,999	
			\$40,000 to \$49,999	
			\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$69,999	
			\$70,000 to \$79,999	
			\$80,000 to \$89,999	
V 13	3		\$90,000 to \$99,999	
			\$100,000 to \$124,99	
			\$125,000 to \$149,99	
			\$150,000 to \$174,99 \$175,000 to \$199,99	
			\$200,000 to \$249,99	
			\$250,000 to \$213,33	
			\$300,000 to \$399,99	
			\$400,000 to \$499,99	
			\$500,000 to \$749,99	
			\$750,000 to \$999,99	9
V 24	7	•	\$1,000,000 or more	
D VALUEA 1			204	204
T Property Value Allocation Flag			National and CO	
			Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
V		•	Allocated	
D MHLOAN 1	I		205	205
T Mobile Home Loan Status				
V blank	(		Not in universe (GQ, BLDGSZ not 1)	ΓENURE not 1-2, or
V 1	ı		Yes	
			No	
D MHLOANA 1			206	206
T Mobile Home Loan Status Allocation Fla	_		National and CO	
			Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
V		•	Allocated	
D MHCOST 5			207	211
T Mobile Home Costs				
V blank	<		Not in universe (GQ,	ΓENURE not 1-2, or
V 00000	`		BLDGSZ not 1)	
V 00000 R 0000109999			No cost	
			Topcode	
			State mean of topcod	ed values
			·	
D MHCOSTA 1			212	212
T Mobile Home Costs Allocation Flag	`		Not allocated an CO	
			Not allocated or GQ Allocated	
V	ı	•	Anocateu	

D HHT 1		213	213
T Household/Family Typ V V V	0 . 1 .	Not in universe (Vaca Family household: Ma Family household: Ma	arried-couple
V	3 .	wife present Family household: Fe husband present	male householder, no
V	4 .	Nonfamily household living alone	: Male householder,
V	5 .	Nonfamily household not living alone	: Male householder,
V	6 .	_	: Female householder,
V	7 .		: Female householder,
D P65 2 T Number of people 65 V R	00 .	214 ousehold Not in universe (vaca 1 to 97 people 65 yea	-
D P18 2 T Number of people und V R	00 .	216 ehold Not in universe (vaca 1 to 97 people under	-
D NPF 2 T Number of people in f V	•	218  Not in universe (vaca 1-3)	219 nt, GQ, or HHT not
R	0297 .	2 to 97 related people	e in family
D NOC 2 T Number of own childr V	00 .	220 n household None (includes not in GQ) 1 to 96 own children	
D NRC 2 T Number of related chi V	-	222 s in household None (includes not in GQ)	223 universe: vacant or
R	0196 .	1 to 96 related childr	en under 18 years
D PSF 1 T Presence of Subfamily V	0 .	No subfamilies (incluvacant or GQ)  or more subfamilies	

V V V	225  ler 18 years  0 . Not in universe (vacant or GQ)  1 . With own children under 6 years only  2 . With own children 6 to 17 years only  3 . With own children under 6 years and 6  17 years  4 . No own children under 18 years	to
V V V	226 226 under 18 years 0 . Not in universe (vacant or GQ) 1 . With related children under 6 years only 2 . With related children 6 to 17 years only 3 . With related children under 6 years and 17 years 4 . No related children under 18 years	
D SVAL 1 T Specified Value Indicator V	227 227  0 . Not specified unit (includes GQ, rental to 1). Specified unit	ınits)
R 000012499	228 232  O . Not in universe (vacant, GQ, no costs, no c	ot
R 00110	233 235 reentage of Household Income 0 . Not in universe (vacant, GQ, no costs, nowner-occupied, or household income I than \$1) 0 . 1% to 100% 1 . 101% or more	
D SRNT 1 T Specified Rent Indicator	236 236	
V	<ul><li>0 . Not specified rental unit (includes GQ, owned units)</li><li>1 . Specified</li></ul>	
	237 240  O . Not in universe (vacant, GQ, owner-occupied, not rented for cash rent)  8 . \$1 to \$9,998	
	9 . \$9,999 or more	

D GRAPI 3 T Gross Rent as a Percentage of House	ehold	241 Income	243
		Not in universe (vacal occupied, not rented household income is	for cash rent, or
R 001 V 101		1% to 100% 101% or more	, , ,
D FNF 1 T Farm/Nonfarm Recode		244	244
V V V	1.	Not in universe (GQ) Farm Nonfarm (includes ur	ban)
D HHL T Household Language		245	245
V V V V V V	1 . 2 . 3 . 4 .	Not in universe (vacal English only Spanish Other Indo-European Asian or Pacific Island Other language	-
D LNGI 1 T Linguistic Isolation		246	246
V V V	1.	Not in universe (vaca Not linguistically isola Linguistically isolated	ated
D WIF 1		247	247
T Number of workers in family V	0 .	Not in universe (vacai	nt, GQ, or HHT not
V V V	2 . 3 .	No workers in family 1 worker in family 2 workers in family 3 or more workers in	family
D EMPSTAT 1 T Family Type and Employment Status	_	248	248
V		Not in universe (vacal 1-3)	nt, GQ, or HHT not
V	1.	Married-couple family force, wife in labor fo	
V	2 .	Married-couple family force, wife not in labor	; husband in labor
V	3 .		; husband not in labor
V	4 .		; husband not in labor
V	5 .	Other family, male ho present, in labor force	
V	6 .	Other family, male ho present, not in labor	

HOUSING UNIT RECORD—Con.		
V	7 .	Other family, female householder, no hus-
V	8	band present, in labor force  Other family, female householder, no hus-
•		band present, not in labor force
D WORKEYR 2		340 350
D WORKEXP 2 T Family Type and Work Experience of	Hous	249 250 seholder
V		. Not in universe (vacant, GQ, or HHT not
V	0.1	1-3) . Married-couple family; householder worked
V	OI.	full-time year- round in 1999, spouse
V	0.2	worked full-time year-round in 1999
V	02	Married-couple family; householder worked full-time year- round in 1999, spouse
		worked less than full-time year-round in
V	03	1999 . Married-couple family; householder worked
		full-time year- round in 1999, spouse did
V	04	not work in 1999 . Married-couple family; householder worked
•		less than full-time year-round in 1999,
V	05	spouse worked full-time year-round in 1999. Married-couple family; householder worked
V	05	less than full-time year-round in 1999,
		spouse worked less than full-time year- round in 1999
V	06	. Married-couple family; householder worked
		less than full-time year-round in 1999,
V	07	spouse did not work in 1999 Married-couple family; householder did not
		work in 1999, spouse worked full-time
V	08	year-round in 1999 . Married-couple family; householder did not
•		work in 1999, spouse worked less than full-
V	09	time year-round in 1999 . Married-couple family; householder did not
•	05	work in 1999, spouse did not work in 1999
V	10	Other family; male householder, no wife present, householder worked full-time year-
		round in 1999
V	11 .	Other family; male householder, no wife
		present, householder worked less than full- time year-round in 1999
V	12	Other family; male householder, no wife
V	12	present, householder did not work in 1999  Other family; female householder, no hus-
V	13	band present, householder worked full-time
V	1.4	year-round in 1999
V	14.	Other family; female householder, no husband present, householder worked less
V		than full-time year-round in 1999
V	15	Other family; female householder, no husband present, householder did not work in
		1999

D HINC T Household Total V R V V R V	-0059999 -00000010059998 00000000 00000001 0000000299999998	. Not in universe (vaca . \$1 or break even	8
D FINC T Family Total Inc	8 ome in 1999	259	266
V R V V R V	-0059999 -00000010059998 00000000 00000001 0000000299999998	. Not in universe (vaca . \$1 or break even	8
D FILLER	50	267	316

D RECTYPE 1 1 1 1 T Record Type V P . Person record	e
	e
D CERTAINIO -	е
D SERIALNO 7 2 8 T Housing/Group Quarters (GQ) Unit Serial No. R 00000019999999 . Unique identifier assigned within state	
D PNUM 2 9 10 T Person Sequence Number	
R 0197 . Person Number	
D PAUG 1 11 11 11 T Augmented Person Flag	
V 0 . Not augmented V 1 . Augmented	
D DDP 1 12 12	
T Data-defined Person Flag  V 0 . Yes  V 1 . No, imputed by edit  V 2 . No, substituted	
D PWEIGHT 4 13 16 T Person Weight	
R 00000320 . Person weight	
D RELATE 2 17 18 T Relationship	
V 01 . Householder	
V 02 . Husband/wife V 03 . Natural born son/daughter	
V 04 . Adopted son/daughter	
V 05 . Stepson/stepdaughter	
V 06 . Brother/sister	
V 07 . Father/mother V 08 . Grandchild	
V 09 . Parent-in-law	
V 10 . Son-in-law/daughter-in-law	
V 11 . Other relative V 12 . Brother-in-law/sister-in-law	
V 12 . Brother-in-law/sister-in-law V 13 . Nephew/niece	
V 14 . Grandparent	
V 15 . Uncle/aunt	
V 16 . Cousin V 17 . Roomer/boarder	
V 18 . Housemate/roommate	
V 19 . Unmarried partner V 20 . Foster child	

PERSON RECORD—	Con.			
V		21 .	Other nonrelative	
V			Institutionalized GQ	
V		23 .	Noninstitutionalized	GQ person
D RELATEA	1		19	19
T Relationship Allo	cation Flag	0	Not allocated	
V			Allocated	
D OC	1		20	20
T Own Child Indica	tor		20	20
V		0 .	Not an own child und	der 18 years(includes
V		1	GQ) Yes, own child under	· 18 years
•	1			
D RC T Related Child Ind	l icator		21	21
V		0 .	Not a related child u	nder 18 years (includes
V		1	GQ)	dar 10 vaars
V	_	١.	Yes, related child und	
D PAOCF T Presence and Age	l of Own Children	Fama	22	22
V	e or own children		Not in universe (GQ,	male. and females
			under 16 years)	
V			With own children ur	-
V V			. With own children 6 . With own children ur	
•			17 years	
V		4 .	No own children und	er 18 years
D SEX	1		23	23
T Sex V		1	Male	
V			Female	
D SEXA	1		24	24
T Sex Allocation Fla				2.1
V			Not allocated	
V		1.	Allocated	
D AGE	2		25	26
T Age V		0	. Under 1 year	
R			1 to 89 years	
V			Topcode	
V		90+ .	State mean of topcoo	ded values
D AGEA	1		27	27
T Age Allocation Fla	ag	0	Not allocated	
V V			Allocated	
D HISPAN	2		28	29
T Hispanic or Latin			20	<i>L J</i>
V	-		Not Hispanic or Latin	10
V		02 .	Mexican	

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
V	03	. Puerto Rican
V	04	. Cuban
		. Dominican
		. Costa Rican
		. Guatemalan
		. Honduran
		. Nicaraguan
		. Panamanian
		. Salvadoran
		. Other Central American
		. Argentinean
		. Bolivian . Chilean
		. Colombian
		. Ecuadorian
		. Not used
	_	. Peruvian
		. Uruguayan
		. Venezuelan
		. Other South American
		. Spaniard
		. Other Spanish or Latino
	_ 1	
D HISPANA 1		30 30
T Hispanic or Lation Origin Allocation F	_	
V		. Not allocated
V	ı	. Allocated
D NUMRACE 1		31 31
T Number of Major Race Groups Market	d	
V	1	. One race
V	2	. Two races
V	3	. Three races
V	4	. Four races
V	5	. Five races
V	6	. Six races
D WHITE 1		32 32
T White recode		32
	_	N
V		. No
V	I	. Yes, alone or in combination with one of
		more other races
D BLACK 1		33
T Black or African American recode		
V		. No
V	1	. Yes, alone or in combination with one or
		more other races
D AIAN 1		34 34
T American Indian and Alaska Native re	cod	le
V	0	. No
V	1	. Yes, alone or in combination with one or
		more other races

PERSON RECORD—Con.					
D ASIAN T Asian recode	1		5		35
V V				lone or in comb other races	ination with one or
D NHPI T Native Hawaiian	1 and Other Pacific Isl	and	5 recod	e	36
V			No		
V		1		lone or in comb other races	ination with one or
D OTHER	1		7		37
T Some other race	recode				
V		_	No		
V		1		lone or in comb other races	ination with one or
D RACE1 T Race Recode 1	1		38		38
V		1	White	alone	
V				or African Amei	
V				can Indian alon	e
V				a Native alone	Al I Ni i vil
V		5	specif	ied, and Americ	Alaska Native tribes can Indian or Alaska and no other races
V		6	Asian	alone	
V			alone		Other Pacific Islander
V				other race aloner more major ra	
D RACE2	2		39		40
T Race Recode 2		0.1			
V				alone	vicen eleme
V Amorican	Indian alone:	02	ыаск	or African Amei	rican alone
V	mulan alone.	03	Anach	ie alone	
V				eet alone	
V		05	Chero	kee alone	
V		06	Cheye	enne alone	
V		07	Chick	asaw alone	
V				ewa alone	
V				aw alone	
V				nche alone	
V				alone	
V			Not us Not us		
V				seu ois alone	
V			Not us		
V				American Indiar	n alone
V				ee alone	-
V		18	Navaj	o alone	

PERSON RECORD—Con.	
V	19 . Not used
V	20 . Not used
V	21 . Potawatomi alone
V	22 . Pueblo alone
V	23 . Puget Sound Salish alone
V	24 . Seminole alone
V	25 . Sioux alone
V	26 . Tohono O'Odham alone
V	27 . Not used
V	28 . Yaqui alone
V	29 . Other specified American Indian tribes alone
V	<ol> <li>All other specified American Indian tribe combinations</li> </ol>
Alaska Native alone:	
V	31 . Alaskan Athabascan alone
V	32 . Aleut alone
V	33 . Eskimo alone
V	34 . Tlingit-Haida alone
V	35 . All specified American Indian and Alaska
	Native tribes alone or in combination with other tribes
V	36 . American Indian and Alaska Natibe, not specified
Asian alone:	
V	37 . Asian Indian alone
V	38 . Bangladeshi alone
V	39 . Cambodian alone
V	40 . Chinese, except Taiwanese, alone
V	41 . Taiwanese alone
V	42 . Filipino alone
V	43 . Hmong alone
V	44 . Indonesian alone
V	45 . Japanese alone
V	46 . Korean alone
V	47 . Laotian alone
V	48 . Malaysian alone
V	49 . Palistani alone
V	50 . Sri Lankan alone
V	51. Thai alone
V	52 . Vietnamese alone
V	53 . Other specified Asian alone
V	54 . Asian, not specified, alone
V	55 . All combinations of Asian races only

#### PERSON RECORD—Con.

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacif	ic Islaı	nder alone:
V	56 .	Native Hawaiian alone
V	57.	Samoan alone
V	58.	Tongan alone
V		Other Polynesian alone or in combination
		with other Polynesian races
V		Guamanian or Chamorro alone
V	61 .	Other Micronesian alone or in combination with other Micronesian races
V	62 .	Melanesian alone or in combination with other Melanesian races
V	63 .	Other Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific
V	6.4	Islander
V		Some other race alone
V	65 .	Two or more major races
D RACE3 2 T Race Recode 3		41 42
V	0.1	Some other race alone
V		Other Pacific Islander alone
·	-	
V		Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
V	-	Samoan alone
V		Guamanian or Chamorro alone
V		Native Hawaiian alone
V		Other Asian alone
V		Other Asian; Some other race
V	09 .	Other Asian; Other Pacific Islander
V	10 .	Vietnamese alone
V	11 .	Korean alone
V	12 .	Japanese alone
V	13 .	Not used
V	14.	Not used
V		Filipino alone
V		Filipino; Some other race
V		Filipino; Other Pacific Islander
V		Filipino; Native Hawaiian
V		Filipino; Japanese
V		Chinese alone
V		Chinese; Some other race
•		
V		Chinese; Native Hawaiian
V		Chinese; Other Asian
V		Chinese; Vietnamese
V		Chinese; Japanese
V		Chinese; Filipino
V		Not used
V		Asian Indian alone
V		Asian Indian; Some other race
V	30 .	Not used
V		Asian Indian; Other Asian
V	32 .	American Indian and Alaska Native alone
V	33 .	American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
V	34	Not used
V	_	Not used
V		American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian Indian
V	27	Black or African American alone
V		Black or African American; Some other race
V		Black or African American; Other Pacific
V		Islander
V		Black or African American; Other Asian
V	41.	Black or African American; Korean
V	42 .	Black or African American; Japanese
V		Black or African American; Filipino
V	44 .	Black or African American; Chinese
V	45 .	Black or African American; Asian Indian
V	46 .	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native
V	47 .	White alone
V		White; Some other race
V		White; Other Pacific Islander
V		White; Samoan
V		White; Guamanian or Chamorro
V		White; Native Hawaiian
V		White; Other Asian
V		Not used
V		White; Vietnamese
V		White; Korean
V		White; Japanese
V		Not used
V		White; Filipino
V		Not used
V		White; Filipino; Native Hawaiian
V		White; Chinese
V		White; Chinese; Native Hawaiian
V		Not used
V		White; Asian Indian
V		White; American Indian and Alaska Native
V		White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
V	68	White; Black or African American
V		White; Black or African American; Some
V	05.	other race
V	70 .	White; Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native
V	71	All other race combinations
•	/ 1 .	
D RACEA 1 T Race Allocation Flag		43 43
V	0 -	Not allocated
V	_	Allocated
D MARSTAT 1		44 44
T Marital Status		
V	1	Now married
V		Widowed
•	۷.	TTIGOTYCG

PERSON RECORD—Con. V V	4 .	Divorced Separated Never married (includes	under 15 vears)
D MARSTATA 1 T Marital Status Allocation Flag	Э.	45 45	
V V		Not Allocated Allocated	
D MSP 1 T Married, Spouse Present Recode	0	46 46	
V V V V V	1 . 2 . 3 . 4 . 5 .	Not in universe (Under 1 Now marries, spouse pre Now married, spouse abs Widowed Divorced Separated Never married	esent
D SFN 1 T Subfamily Number for this person		47 47	7
V V V V	1 . 2 . 3 .	Not in a subfamily In subfamily #1 In subfamily #2 In subfamily #3 In subfamily #4	
D SFREL 1 T Subfamily Relationship		48 48	3
V V V	1 . 2 .	Not in a subfamily Husband/wife, no childre Husband/wife, with child Parent in one-parent subfamily	
V V		Child in married- couple subfamily Child in mother-child sub	ofamily
V		Child in father-child subf	•
D ENROLL 1 T School Enrollment; Attended since Fe V V V V	0 . 1 . 2 .	49 49  ry 1, 2000  Not in universe (Under 3  No, has not attended sin  Yes, public school or coll  Yes, private school or col	years) ce February 1 lege
D ENROLLA 1 T School Enrollment: Attended since Fe V V	0 .	50 50 ry 1, 2000 Allocation Flag Not allocated Allocated	

PERSON RECORD—Con.			
D GRADE 1		51	51
T School Enrollment: Grade Lev V			(Under 3 years or
•		ENROLL=1)	·
V V		. Nursery school . Kindergarten	, preschool
V		. Grade 1 to grad	de 4
V	3 .	. Grade 5 to grad	de 8
V		. Grade 9 to grad	
V V		. College underg . Graduate or pro	raduate ofessional school
D GRADEA 1		52	52
T School Enrollment: Grade Lev	el Attending	<b>5 –</b>	32
V	0	. Not allocated	
V	1 .	. Allocated	
D EDUC 2		53	54
T Educational Attainment V	00	Not in universe	e (Under 3 years)
V		. No schooling c	
V		. Nursery school	•
V		. 5th grade or 6t	_
V V		. 7th grade or 8t . 9th grade	th grade
V		. 10th grade	
V	07	. 11th grade	
V		. 12th grade, no	-
V V		. High school gra	aduate out less than 1 year
V		_	ears of college, no degree
V	12	. Associate degr	ee
V		. Bachelor's degr	
V V		. Master's degree . Professional de	
V		. Doctorate degr	
D EDUCA 1		55	55
T Educational Attainment Alloc	ation Flag	33	33
V		. Not allocated	
V	1 .	. Allocated	
D ANCFRST5 3		56	58
T Ancestry Code 1 for 5% file R	001 000	. See Appendix (	-
	001333		
D ANCSCND5 3 T Ancestry Code 2 for 5% file		59	61
R	001999	. See Appendix (	Ĝ
D ANCA 1		62	62
T Angestry Allegation Floor		J-	<b>~</b> =

0 . Not allocated

1 . Allocated

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T Ancestry Allocation Flag

PERSON RECORD—C	Con.				
D ANCR T Ancestry Recode	1		6	53	63
V				Single	
V V				Multiple Jnclassified	
V				Not reported	
D SPEAK T Non-English Lang	l l			54	64
V		blank	. N	Not in universe (Unde	r 5 years)
V			. Y		
V		2	. N	No	
D SPEAKA	1		6	55	65
T Non-English Lang V	uage Allocati	_	N	Not allocated	
V				Allocated	
D LANG5	3			56	68
T Language Spoken	_			00	00
V			=	= 2)	than 5 years or SPEAK
R		001999	. S	See Appendix G	
D LANGA	1		6	59	69
T Language Spoken	Allocation Fl	-			
V V				Not allocated Allocated	
D ENGABIL T English Ability	1		7	70	70
V		blank	_	Not in universe (Unde 2)	r 5 years or SPEAK =
V				/ery well	
V				Vell	
V V				Not well Not at all	
D ENGABILA	1	,		71	71
T English Ability All	ı ocation Flag		,	′ 1	71
V	ocation riag	0	. N	Not allocated	
V		1	. 🗡	Allocated	
D POB5 T Place of Birth for	3 5% file		7	72	74
R		001056	. F	FIPS Codes for U.S. Sta	ates
R				Specific Island Areas	
R		100554	. F	Foreign countries or a	t sea
D POBA	1		7	75	75
T Place of Birth Allo	cation Flag	•		lakallar t	
V V				Not allocated Allocated	
V		1	. /-	niocateu	

PERSON RECORD—Con.				
D CITIZEN 1 T Citizenship Status			76	76
V V			Yes, born in the United Yes, born in Puerto Ric Islands, American Sam	co, Guam, U.S. Virgin
V	3		Marianas Yes, born abroad of Ar parents	merican parent or
V V			Yes, U.S. citizen by nat No, not a citizen of the	
D CITIZENA 1 T Citizenship Status Allocation Flag			77	77
V V			Not allocated Allocated	
D YR2US 4 T Year of Entry to United States			78	81
V V	1910		Not in universe (CITIZI 1910 or earlier	EN = 1)
V			1911 to 1914	
V			Not used Not used	
V			Not used	
V			1915 to 1919	
V			Not used	
V			Not used	
V			Not used	
V			Not used	
V			1920	
V	1921		1921	
V	1922		1922	
V	1923		1923	
V	1924		1924	
V			1925	
V			1926	
V			1927	
V			1928	
V			1929	
V			1930 to 1034	
V			Not used	
V V			Not used Not used	
V			Not used Not used	
			1935 to 2000	
	.2000	•		
D YR2USA 1			82	82
T Year of Entry to United States Allo			_	
V			Not allocated	
V	I	٠	Allocated	

PERSON RECORD—C	Con.		
D MOB T Residence 5 Years	l Ago	83	83
V V V	1	<ul> <li>Not in universe (Unde</li> <li>Yes, same house</li> <li>No, outside the U.S. (or Puerto Rico if Puerto I residence)</li> </ul>	outside the U.S. or
V	3	. No, different house in house in Puerto Rico of Rico is the state of res	or the U.S. if Puerto
D MOBA	1	84	84
T Residence 5 Years V	-	.Not allocated	
V		. Allocated	
D MIGST5	3	85	87
T Migration State or V	Foreign Country Code	e for 5% file . Not in universe (Unde	r 5 years or MOR -1)
R		. FIPS State Code	1 3 years or MOB =1)
R		. FIPS Island Area Code	
R	100554	. Foreign country or at	sea
D MIGSTA	1	88	88
_	Foreign County Code	_	
V		. Not allocated	
V		. Allocated	
D MIGPUMA5 T Migration PUMA	5	89	93
V V		<ul> <li>Not in universe (Unde</li> <li>Did not live in the Universe Rico in 1995</li> </ul>	-
V	00002	. Lived in Puerto Rico in 2000	n 1995 and in the U.S.
R	0010008200	. Assigned Migration Pl M). Use with MIGST5	
D MIGPUMA1	5	94	98
T Migration Super-P			
		<ul> <li>Not in universe (unde</li> <li>Did not live in the Universe (unde</li> <li>Rico in 1995.</li> </ul>	-
	00002	. Lived in Puerto Rico in 2000.	n 1995 and in the U.S.
	0110072800	. Assigned migration States Appendix K)	uper-PUMA. (See
D MIGAREA5	2	99	100
<del>-</del>	elationship to MA (See	. •	
V		. Not in universe (Unde	-
V	01	. Did not live in the Uni Rico in 1995	iteu states of ill Puerto
V	02	. Lived in Puerto Rico in 2000	n 1995 and in the U.S.

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
V	11 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	12 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	13 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	14 .	Contains an entire MSA (and no other territory)
V	21 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V	22 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V	23 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V	31 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V	32 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V	33 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V	34 .	Contains an entire PMSA (and no other territory) (PMSA belongs to a fully-identified CMSA)
V	41 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	42 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	43 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	44 .	Contains an entire PMSA (and no other territory) (PMSA belongs to a partially-identified CMSA)
V	51 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	52 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified
V	53 .	PMSA and partially-identified CMSA) Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially- identified CMSA)

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
V	70	Contains both metropolitan and nonmetro-
V	80	politan territory  Contains only metropolitan territory in two
		or more partial and/or entire MSAs/PMSAs/CMSAs
V	90	Contains only nonmetropolitan territory
D MIGAREA1 2	N 4 A /	101 102
Migration Super-PUMA Relationship to V		Not in universe (Under 5 years or MOB=1)
V		Did not live in the United States or in Puert Rico in 1995
V	02	Lived in Puerto Rico in 1995 and in the U.S in $2000$
V	11	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	12	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	13	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	14	Contains an entire MSA (and no other territory)
V	21	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V	22	Contains only metropolitan territory outsid central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V	23	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V	31	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V	32	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V	33	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V	34	Contains an entire PMSA (and no other terr tory) (PMSA belongs to a fully-identified CMSA)
V	41	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	42	Contains only metropolitan territory outsid central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	43	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
V	44 .	Contains an entire PMSA (and no other territory) (PMSA belongs to a partially-identified CMSA)
V	51 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	52 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	53 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	70 .	Contains both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan territory
V	80 .	Contains only metropolitan territory in two or more partial and/or entire MSAs/PMSAs/CMSAs
V	90 .	Contains only nonmetropolitan territory
D MIGCMA5 4 T Migration MA: MSA/CMSA fo	or Migration P	103 106 UMA
V	_	Not in universe (Under 5 years or MOB =1)
V		Did not live in the United States or in Puerto Rico in 1995
V	0002 .	Lived in Puerto Rico in 1995 and in the U.S. in 2000
R	00409360 .	FIPS MSA/CMSA Code
V	9997 .	Mixed MSA/CMSA and nonmetropolitan territory
V	9998 .	2 or more partial and/or entire MSAs/CMSAs
V	9999 .	Not in metropolitan area
D MIGCMA1 4 Migration MA: MSA/CMSA or N	Migration Sun	107 110
_	-	Not in universe (Under 5 years or MOB =1)
V		Did not live in the United States or in Puerto Rico in 1995
V	0002 .	Lived in Puerto Rico in 1995 and in the U.S. in 2000
R	00409360 .	FIPS MSA/CMSA Code
V	9997 .	Mixed MSA/CMSA and nonmetropolitan territory
V	9998 .	2 or more partial and/or entire MSAs/CMSAs
V	9999 .	Not in metropolitan area
D MIGPMA5 4 T Migration MA: MSA/PMSA fo	r Migration Pl	111 114 JMA
V	-	Not in universe (Under 5 years or MOB=1)
V		Did not live in the United States or in Puerto Rico in 1995
V	0002 .	Lived in Puerto Rico in 1995 and in the U.S. in 2000
R	00409360 .	FIPS MSA/PMSA Code

V		0007		Mixed MCA /DMCA and	nonmotropolitan tor
V		9997	•	Mixed MSA/PMSA and ritory	nonmetropolitan ter-
V		9998		2 or more partial and MSAs/PMSAs	/or entire
V		9999		Not in metropolitan a	rea
D MIGPMA1	4		_	115	118
T Migration MA: MS	A/PMSA for Migi			-	
V				Not in universe (Unde	•
V		0001	•	Rico in 1995	ted States or in Puerto
V		0002		Lived in Puerto Rico ir in 2000	1 1995 and in the U.S.
R	0040.	.9360		FIPS MSA/PMSA Code	
V				Mixed MSA/PMSA and ritory	nonmetropolitan ter-
V		9998		2 or more partial and	/or entire
V		0000		MSAs/PMSAs	***
•		9999	•	Not in metropolitan a	
D SENSORY	1			119	119
T Sensory Disability				AL	- \
V				Not in universe (Unde	r 5 years)
V				Yes No	
•		۷	•		
D SENSORYA	Allocation Flor			120	120
T Sensory Disability V	Allocation Flag	0		Not allocated	
V				Allocated	
•	1	•	·		121
D PHYSCL T Physical Disability	,			121	121
V		blank		Not in universe (Unde	r 5 vears)
V				Yes	- , ,
V		2		No	
D PHYSCLA	1			122	122
T Physical Disability					
V				Not allocated	
V		1		Allocated	
D MENTAL	1			123	123
T Mental Disability					
V				Not in universe (Unde	r 5 years)
V				Yes	
V		2	•	No	
D MENTALA	1			124	124
T Mental Disability	Allocation Flag	^		Net allegated	
V				Not allocated Allocated	
V		- 1	•	Allocateu	

PERSON RECORD—Co	on.			
D SLFCARE T Self-Care Disability	1		125	125
V V V	k	1.	Not in universe (Unde Yes No	r 5 years)
D SLFCAREA T Self-Care Disability V	l Allocation Flag	0.	126 Not allocated	126
V			Allocated	
D ABGO T Able to Go Out Dis	1 ability		127	127
V V V	k	1.	Not in universe (Unde Yes No	r 16 years)
D ABGOA	1		128	128
T Able to Go Out Dis V V	ability Allocatior	0.	Not allocated Allocated	
D ABWORK T Employment Disab	] ility		129	129
V V V	•	1.	Not in universe (Unde Yes No	r 16 years)
D / IDW OTHER	]	'la a	130	130
T Employment Disab V V	mily Anocation F	0 .	Not allocated Allocated	
	1		131	131
T Disability Recode V V V		1.	Not in universe (Unde With a disability Without a disability	r 5 years)
	] shildran undar 1	0 ,,,,,,,	132	132
T Presence of Grando V V V	Lniiaren unaer i	0.	Not in universe (Unde Yes No	r 15 years)
D GRANDCA T Presence of Grando V	1 children under 1	-	133 Allocation Flag Not allocated	133

1 . Allocated

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PERSON RECORD—Con.		
D RSPNSBL 1 T Responsible for Grandchildren	134	134
V	0 . Not in unit = 2)	verse (Under 15 years or GRANDC
V V	1 . Yes 2 . No	
D RSPNSBLA 1 T Responsible for Grandchildren Alloca		135
V V	<ul><li>0 . Not alloca</li><li>1 . Allocated</li></ul>	ted
D HOWLONG 1 T Length of Responsibility for Grandch	136 Idren	136
V		verse (Under 15 years or RSPNSBL
V V	1 . Less than 2 . 6 to 11 m	
V V	3 . 1 or 2 yea 4 . 3 or 4 yea	rs
V	5 . 5 years or	
D HOWLONGA 1 T Length of Responsibility for Grandch	137 Idren Allocation	137 Flag
V V	<ul><li>0 . Not alloca</li><li>1 . Allocated</li></ul>	ted
D MILTARY 1 T Military Service	138	138
V V	0 . Not in unit	verse (Under 17 years)
V	2 . Yes, on ac	tive duty in the past, but not now
V	only	ng for reserves or National Guard
V D MILTARYA 1	4 . No active	auty service 139
T Military Service Allocation Flag V	0 . Not alloca	
V	1 . Allocated	teu
D VPS1 1 T Veteran's Period of Service 1: On acti	140 e dutv April 19	140 95 or later
V		rve in this period or under 17
V	1 . Served in	this period
D VPS2 1 T Veteran's Period of Service 2: On acti Persian Gulf War)	141 e duty August	141 1990 to March 1995 (including
V	0 . Did not se	rve in this period or under 17
V	1 . Served in	this period

PERSON RECORD—Con.			
D VPS3 1 T Veteran's Period of Service 3: On activ V		142 uty September 1980 to Did not serve in this p years	
V	1.	Served in this period	
D VPS4 1 T Veteran's Period of Service 4: On activ	0 .	143 Ity May 1975 to Augus Did not serve in this p years Served in this period	
D VPS5 1		144	144
T Veteran's Period of Service 5: On activ April 1975)	ve dı	uty during the Vietnam	Era (August 1964 to
V	0 .	Did not serve in this pyears	period or under 17
V	1.	Served in this period	
D VPS6 1		145	145
T Veteran's Period of Service 6: On activ V		Did not serve in this p	
V	1.	years Served in this period	
D VPS7 1		146	146
T Veteran's Period of Service 7: On activ January 1955)	ve dı	uty during the Korean \	War (June 1950 to
V	0 .	Did not serve in this pyears	period or under 17
V	1.	Served in this period	
D VPS8 1		147	147
T Veteran's Period of Service 8: On activ July 1947)	ve dı	ıty during World War II	(September 1940 to
V	0 .	Did not serve in this pyears	period or under 17
V	1.	Served in this period	
D VPS9 1		148	148
T Veteran's Period of Service 9: On activ V		Did not serve in this p	period or under 17
V	1.	years Served in this period	
D VPSA 1		149	149
T Veteran's Period of Service Allocation			
V V		Not allocated Allocated	
D MILYRS 1 T Years of Military Service		150	150
V	0.	Not in universe (Unde	r 17 years)
V V		Less than 2 years 2 years or more	

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
D MILYRSA 1 T Years of Military Service Allocation F	-lag	151 151
V V	0	Not allocated Allocated
D VPSR 2 T Veteran's Period of Service Recode		152 153
V	00	Not in universe (Under 18 years or no active duty military service)
V	01	August 1990 or later (including Persian Gulf War); Served in Vietnam era
V	02	August 1990 or later (including Persian Gulf War); No Vietnam era service; September 1980 or later only; Served under 2 years
V	03	August 1990 or later (including Persian Gulf War); No Vietnam era service; September 1980 or later only; Served 2 years or more
V	04	August 1990 or later (including Persian Gulf War); No Vietnam era service; September 1980 or later only; Served prior to September 1980
V	05	May 1975 to July 1990 only: September 1980 to July 1990 only: Served under 2 years
V	06	May 1975 to July 1990 only: September 1980 to July 1990 only: Served 2 years or more
V	07	May 1975 to July 1980 only: September 1980 to July 1990 only; Other May 1975 to August 1980 service
V	08	Vietnam era, no Korean War, no WWII, no August 1990 or later
V	09	Vietnam era, Korean War, no WWII
V		Vietnam era, Korean War, and WWII
V	11	February 1955 to July 1964 only
V	12	Korean War, no Vietnam era, no WWII
V	13	Korean War and WWII, no Vietnam era
V	14	WWII, no Korean War, no Vietnam era
V	15	Other service only
D ESR 1 T Employment Status Recode		154 154
V	Ο	Not in universe (Under 16 years)
V		Employed, at work
V		Employed, at work Employed, with a job but not at work
V		Unemployed
V		Armed Forces, at work
V		Armed Forces, with a job but not at work
v \/		Not in labor force

6 . Not in labor force

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
D ESRA 1 T Employment Status Allo	cation Flag	155 155
V V	0	. Not allocated . Allocated
D ESP 1 T Employment Status of P	arent(s)	156 156
V		. Not in universe (not own child in family or child in subfamily)
V	1	. Living with 2 parents, both parents in labor force
V	2	. Living with 2 parents, father only in labor force
V	3	. Living with 2 parents, mother only in labor force
V	4	. Living with 2 parents, neither parent in labor force
V	5	. Living with one parent: living with father; father in labor force
V	6	Living with one parent; living with father; father not in labor force
V	7	Living with one parent: living with mother; mother in labor force
V	8	Living with one parent; living with mother; mother not in labor force
D POWST5 3 T Place of Work State or F	oreign Country Co	157 159 ode for 5% file
V	000	. Not in universe (Under 16 years or ESR not
R	001056	1 and not 4) . FIPS State Code
R		. Island Area
V		. Puerto Rico
R V		. Island Area . Island Area not specified
v R		. Foreign Country
V		. At sea
V	555	. Abroad, country not specified
D POWSTA 1		160 160
T Place of Work State or F	oreign Country Co	
V		. Not allocated
V	1	. Allocated
D POWPUMA5 5 T Place of Work PUMA		161 165
V	00000	. Not in universe (Under 16 years or ESR not 1 and not 4)
V	00001	. Did not work in the United States or in Puerto Rico
R	0010008200	. Assigned Place of Work PUMA (Use with POWST5 for unique code.)

D POWPUMA1 5 Place of Work Super-PUMA		166 170
	0000	Not in universe (Under 16 years or ESR not 1 and not 4)
0	0001	Did not work in the United States or in Puerto Rico.
011007	2800	Assigned place of Work Super-PUMA (see Appendix L)
D POWAREA5 2		171 172
T Place of Work PUMA Relationship t V		see page 3-2) . Not in universe (Under 16 years or ESR not
		1 and not 4)
V	01	Did not work in the United States or in Puerto Rico
V	11 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	12 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	13 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	14	Contains an entire MSA (and no other territory)
V	21 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V	22 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V	23 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V	31 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V	32	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V	33 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V	34	Contains an entire PMSA (and no other territory) (PMSA belongs to a fully-identified CMSA)
V	41 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	42	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
V	43 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	44 .	Contains an entire PMSA (and no other territory) (PMSA belongs to a partially-identified CMSA)
V	51 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	52 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	53 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	70 .	Contains both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan territory
V	80 .	Contains only metropolitan territory in two or more partial and/or entire MSAs/PMSAs/CMSAs
V	90 .	Contains only nonmetropolitan territory
D POWAREA1 2		173 174
T Place of Work Super-PUMA Relations		
V	00 .	Not in universe (Under 16 years or ESR not 1 and not 4)
V	01 .	Did not work in the United States or in Puerto Rico
V	11 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	12 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	13 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of fully-identified MSA)
V	14 .	Contains an entire MSA (and no other territory)
V	21 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V	22 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V	23 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (MSA part of partially-identified MSA)
V	31 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V	32 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
V	33 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and fully-identified CMSA)
V	34 .	Contains an entire PMSA (and no other territory) (PMSA belongs to a fully-identified CMSA)
V	41 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	42 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	43 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of fully-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	44 .	Contains an entire PMSA (and no other territory) (PMSA belongs to a partially-identified CMSA)
V	51 .	Contains only metropolitan territory inside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	52 .	Contains only metropolitan territory outside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	53 .	Contains only metropolitan territory both inside and outside central city (PMSA part of partially-identified PMSA and partially-identified CMSA)
V	70 .	Contains both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan territory
V	80 .	Contains only metropolitan territory in two or more partial and/or entire MSAs/PMSAs/CMSAs
V	90 .	Contains only nonmetropolitan territory
D POWCMA5 4		175 178
T Place of Work MA: MSA/CMSA for		
V	0000 .	Not in universe (Under 16 years or ESR not 1 and not 4)
V	0001 .	Did not work in the United States or in Puerto Rico
R 0040	09360 .	FIPS MSA/CMSA Code
V		Mixed MSA/CMSA and nonmetropolitan territory
V	9998 .	2 or more partial and/or entire MSAs/CMSAs
V	9999 .	Not in metropolitan area

D POWCMA1	4		179	182
T Place of Work MA:			Work Super-PUMA Not in universe (Unde	r 16 years or FCD not
V	00	. 000	1 and not 4)	r to years or ESK not
V	00	001 .	Did not work in the U Puerto Rico	nited States or in
R			FIPS MSA/CMSA Code	
V	99	997 .	Mixed MSA/CMSA and territory	l nonmetropolitan
V	99	98 .	2 or more partial and, MSAs/CMSAs	or entire
V	99	99 .	Not in metropolitan area	
D POWPMA5	4		183	186
T Place of Work MA:	•			
V			Not in universe (Unde 1 and not 4)	,
V	00	001 .	Did not work in the U Puerto Rico	nited States or in
R			FIPS MSA/PMSA Code	
V	99	997 .	Mixed MSA/PMSA and territory	nonmetropolitan
V			2 or more partial and,	or entire MSAs/PMSAs
V	99	999 .	Not in metropolitan a	rea
D POWPMA1	4		187	190
T Place of Work MA:				r 16 waars ar ESD not
•			Not in universe (Unde 1 and not 4)	
V			Did not work in the U Puerto Rico	nited States or in
R V			FIPS MSA/PMSA Code	nonmotropolitan
V	99	197 .	Mixed MSA/PMSA and territory	nonmetropolitan
V				or entire MSAs/PMSAs
V	99	999 .	Not in metropolitan a	rea
D TRVMNS	2		191	192
T Means of Transpo V		00	Not in universe (Unde	r 16 years or ESR not
V		00 .	1 and not 4	1 TO YEARS OF ESICHOL
V			Car, truck, or van	
V V			Bus or trolley bus Streetcar or trolley car	r (núblico in Puerto
•			Rico)	(publico III r uerto
V			Subway or elevated Railroad	
V			Ferryboat	
V		07 .	Taxicab	
V			Motorcycle	
V		09.	Bicycle	

PERSON RECORD—Con.			
V		. Walked	
V V		. Worked at home . Other method	
•	12 .		
D TRVMNSA 1	H	193	193
T Means of Transportation to Work A V		on Flag . Not allocated	
V		. Allocated	
			104
D CARPOOL 1 T Vehicle Occupancy		194	194
V	0 .	. Not in universe (Unde	er 16 vears. ESR not 1
		or 4, TRVMNS not 1)	, ,
V		. Drove alone	
V V		. 2 people	
V		. 3 people . 4 people	
V		. 5 or 6 people	
V		. 7 or more people	
D CARPOOLA 1		195	195
T Vehicle Occupancy Allocation Flag V	0	. Not allocated	
V		. Allocated	
D D/TIME 2			100
D LVTIME 3 T Time Leaving for Work		196	198
I Tillic Leaving for Work			
V	000 .	. Not in universe (Unde	er 16 years, ESR not 1
		. Not in universe (Unde or 4, or TRVMNS = 11	)
V	001 .	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11 . 12:00 am to 12:29 ar	) n
V V	001 .	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11 . 12:00 am to 12:29 ar . 12:30 am to 12:59 ar	) n
V V V	001 . 002 . 003 .	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11 . 12:00 am to 12:29 ar . 12:30 am to 12:59 ar . 1:00 am to 1:29 am	) n
V V	001 . 002 . 003 . 004 .	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11 . 12:00 am to 12:29 ar . 12:30 am to 12:59 ar	) n
V V V	001 . 002 . 003 . 004 . 005 .	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11 . 12:00 am to 12:29 ar . 12:30 am to 12:59 ar . 1:00 am to 1:29 am . 1:30 am to 1:59 am	) n
V V V V V	001 . 002 . 003 . 004 . 005 . 006 .	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11 . 12:00 am to 12:29 ar . 12:30 am to 12:59 ar . 1:00 am to 1:29 am . 1:30 am to 1:59 am . 2:00 am to 2:29 am . 2:30 am to 2:59 am . 3:00 am to 3:09 am	) n
V V V V V V	001 002 003 004 005 006 007	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11 . 12:00 am to 12:29 ar . 12:30 am to 12:59 ar . 1:00 am to 1:29 am . 1:30 am to 1:59 am . 2:00 am to 2:29 am . 2:30 am to 2:59 am . 3:00 am to 3:09 am . 3:10 am to 3:19 am	) n
V V V V V V	001 . 002 . 003 . 004 . 005 . 006 . 007 . 008 .	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11 . 12:00 am to 12:29 ar . 12:30 am to 12:59 am . 1:00 am to 1:29 am . 1:30 am to 1:59 am . 2:00 am to 2:29 am . 2:30 am to 2:59 am . 3:00 am to 3:09 am . 3:10 am to 3:19 am . 3:20 am to 3:29 am	) n
V V V V V V	001 002 003 004 005 006 007 008 009	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11 . 12:00 am to 12:29 ar . 12:30 am to 12:59 ar . 1:00 am to 1:29 am . 1:30 am to 1:59 am . 2:00 am to 2:29 am . 2:30 am to 2:59 am . 3:00 am to 3:09 am . 3:10 am to 3:19 am	) n
V V V V V V	001 002 003 004 005 006 007 008 009 010	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11 . 12:00 am to 12:29 ar . 12:30 am to 12:59 am . 1:00 am to 1:29 am . 1:30 am to 1:59 am . 2:00 am to 2:29 am . 2:30 am to 2:59 am . 3:00 am to 3:09 am . 3:10 am to 3:19 am . 3:20 am to 3:29 am . 3:30 am to 3:39 am	) n
V V V V V V V V	001 . 002 . 003 . 004 . 005 . 006 . 007 . 008 . 009 . 011 . 012 . 013 .	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11 . 12:00 am to 12:29 ar . 12:30 am to 12:59 ar . 1:00 am to 1:29 am . 1:30 am to 1:59 am . 2:00 am to 2:29 am . 2:30 am to 2:59 am . 3:00 am to 3:09 am . 3:10 am to 3:19 am . 3:20 am to 3:29 am . 3:30 am to 3:39 am . 3:40 am to 3:49 am . 3:50 am to 3:59 am . 4:00 am to 4:09 am	) n
V V V V V V V V	001 . 002 . 003 . 004 . 005 . 006 . 007 . 008 . 009 . 010 . 011 . 012 . 013 . 014 .	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11 . 12:00 am to 12:29 ar . 12:30 am to 12:59 am . 1:00 am to 1:29 am . 1:30 am to 1:59 am . 2:00 am to 2:29 am . 2:30 am to 2:59 am . 3:00 am to 3:09 am . 3:10 am to 3:19 am . 3:20 am to 3:39 am . 3:30 am to 3:39 am . 3:40 am to 3:49 am . 3:50 am to 3:59 am . 4:00 am to 4:09 am . 4:10 am to 4:19 am	) n
V V V V V V V V V	001 002 003 004 005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013 014	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11 . 12:00 am to 12:29 ar . 12:30 am to 12:59 ar . 1:00 am to 1:29 am . 1:30 am to 1:59 am . 2:00 am to 2:29 am . 2:30 am to 2:59 am . 3:00 am to 3:09 am . 3:10 am to 3:19 am . 3:20 am to 3:39 am . 3:30 am to 3:39 am . 3:40 am to 3:49 am . 3:50 am to 3:59 am . 4:00 am to 4:19 am . 4:10 am to 4:19 am . 4:20 am to 4:29 am	) n
V V V V V V V V	001 . 002 . 003 . 004 . 005 . 006 . 007 . 008 . 009 . 010 . 011 . 012 . 013 . 014 . 015 . 016 .	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11 . 12:00 am to 12:29 ar . 12:30 am to 12:59 am . 1:00 am to 1:29 am . 1:30 am to 1:59 am . 2:00 am to 2:29 am . 2:30 am to 2:59 am . 3:00 am to 3:09 am . 3:10 am to 3:19 am . 3:20 am to 3:39 am . 3:30 am to 3:39 am . 3:40 am to 3:49 am . 3:50 am to 3:59 am . 4:00 am to 4:09 am . 4:10 am to 4:19 am	) n
V V V V V V V V V V	001 . 002 . 003 . 004 . 005 . 006 . 007 . 008 . 009 . 010 . 011 . 012 . 013 . 014 . 015 . 016 . 017 .	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11  12:00 am to 12:29 ar  12:30 am to 12:59 am  1:00 am to 1:29 am  1:30 am to 1:59 am  2:00 am to 2:29 am  2:30 am to 2:59 am  3:00 am to 3:09 am  3:10 am to 3:19 am  3:20 am to 3:29 am  3:30 am to 3:39 am  3:40 am to 3:49 am  3:50 am to 3:59 am  4:00 am to 4:09 am  4:10 am to 4:19 am  4:20 am to 4:29 am  4:30 am to 4:39 am	) n
V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	001 002 003 004 005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013 014 015 016 017	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11  12:00 am to 12:29 ar  12:30 am to 12:59 ar  1:00 am to 1:29 am  1:30 am to 1:59 am  2:00 am to 2:29 am  2:30 am to 2:59 am  3:00 am to 3:09 am  3:10 am to 3:19 am  3:20 am to 3:39 am  3:20 am to 3:39 am  3:40 am to 3:49 am  3:50 am to 3:59 am  4:00 am to 4:19 am  4:10 am to 4:19 am  4:20 am to 4:29 am  4:30 am to 4:39 am  4:40 am to 4:49 am  4:50 am to 4:59 am  5:00 am to 5:04 am	) n
V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	001 . 002 . 003 . 004 . 005 . 006 . 007 . 008 . 009 . 010 . 011 . 012 . 013 . 014 . 015 . 016 . 017 . 018 . 019 . 020	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11  12:00 am to 12:29 ar  12:30 am to 12:59 am  1:00 am to 1:29 am  1:30 am to 1:59 am  2:00 am to 2:29 am  2:30 am to 2:59 am  3:00 am to 3:09 am  3:10 am to 3:19 am  3:20 am to 3:29 am  3:30 am to 3:39 am  3:40 am to 3:49 am  3:50 am to 3:59 am  4:10 am to 4:19 am  4:10 am to 4:19 am  4:20 am to 4:29 am  4:30 am to 4:39 am  4:40 am to 4:49 am  4:50 am to 4:59 am  5:00 am to 5:04 am  5:05 am to 5:09 am	) n
V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	001 002 003 004 005 006 007 008 010 011 012 013 014 015 016 017 018 019 020	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11  12:00 am to 12:29 ar  12:30 am to 12:59 ar  1:00 am to 1:29 am  1:30 am to 1:59 am  2:00 am to 2:29 am  2:30 am to 2:59 am  3:00 am to 3:09 am  3:10 am to 3:19 am  3:20 am to 3:29 am  3:30 am to 3:39 am  3:40 am to 3:49 am  3:50 am to 3:59 am  4:00 am to 4:09 am  4:10 am to 4:19 am  4:20 am to 4:29 am  4:30 am to 4:39 am  4:40 am to 4:49 am  4:50 am to 4:59 am  5:00 am to 5:04 am  5:05 am to 5:09 am  5:10 am to 5:14 am	) n
V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	001	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11  12:00 am to 12:29 ar  12:30 am to 12:59 am  1:00 am to 1:29 am  1:30 am to 1:59 am  2:00 am to 2:29 am  2:30 am to 2:59 am  3:00 am to 3:09 am  3:10 am to 3:19 am  3:20 am to 3:29 am  3:30 am to 3:39 am  3:40 am to 3:49 am  3:50 am to 3:59 am  4:10 am to 4:19 am  4:10 am to 4:19 am  4:20 am to 4:29 am  4:30 am to 4:39 am  4:40 am to 4:49 am  4:50 am to 4:59 am  5:00 am to 5:04 am  5:05 am to 5:09 am	) n
V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	001 002 003 004 005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013 014 015 016 017 018 019 020 021 022 023	or 4, or TRVMNS = 11  12:00 am to 12:29 ar  12:30 am to 12:59 ar  1:00 am to 1:29 am  1:30 am to 1:59 am  2:00 am to 2:29 am  2:30 am to 2:59 am  3:00 am to 3:09 am  3:10 am to 3:19 am  3:20 am to 3:29 am  3:30 am to 3:39 am  3:40 am to 3:49 am  3:50 am to 3:59 am  4:00 am to 4:09 am  4:10 am to 4:19 am  4:20 am to 4:29 am  4:30 am to 4:39 am  4:40 am to 4:49 am  4:50 am to 5:04 am  5:05 am to 5:04 am  5:10 am to 5:14 am  5:15 am to 5:19 am	) n

PERSON RECORD—Con.	
	025 5:20 are to 5:24 are
V	025 . 5:30 am to 5:34 am
V	026 . 5:35 am to 5:39 am
V	027 . 5:40 am to 5:44 am
V	028 . 5:45 am to 5:49 am
V	029 . 5:50 am to 5:54 am
V	030 . 5:55 am to 5:59 am
V	031 . 6:00 am to 6:04 am
V	032 . 6:05 am to 6:09 am
V	033 . 6:10 am to 6:14 am
V	034 . 6:15 am to 6:19 am
V	035 . 6:20 am to 6:24 am
V	036 . 6:25 am to 6:29 am
V	037 . 6:30 am to 6:34 am
V	038 . 6:35 am to 6:39 am
V	039 . 6:40 am to 6:44 am
V	040 . 6:45 am to 6:49 am
V	041 . 6:50 am to 6:54 am
V	042 . 6:55 am to 6:59 am
V	043 . 7:00 am to 7:04 am
V	044 . 7:05 am to 7:09 am
V	045 . 7:10 am to 7:14 am
V	046 . 7:15 am to 7:19 am
V	047 . 7:20 am to 7:24 am
V	048 . 7:25 am to 7:29 am
V	049 . 7:30 am to 7:34 am
V	050 . 7:35 am to 7:39 am
V	051 . 7:40 am to 7:44 am
V	052 . 7:45 am to 7:49 am
V	052 . 7:43 am to 7:43 am
V	054 . 7:55 am to 7:59 am
V	055 . 8:00 am to 8:04 am
•	
V	056 . 8:05 am to 8:09 am
V	057 . 8:10 am to 8:14 am
V	058 . 8:15 am to 8:19 am
V	059 . 8:20 am to 8:24 am
V	060 . 8:25 am to 8:29 am
V	061 . 8:30 am to 8:34 am
V	062 . 8:35 am to 8:39 am
V	063 . 8:40 am to 8:44 am
V	064 . 8:45 am to 8:49 am
V	065 . 8:50 am to 8:54 am
V	066 . 8:55 am to 8:59 am
V	067 . 9:00 am to 9:04 am
V	068 . 9:05 am to 9:09 am
V	069 . 9:10 am to 9:14 am
V	070 . 9:15 am to 9:19 am
V	071 . 9:20 am to 9:24 am
V	072 . 9:25 am to 9:29 am
V	073 . 9:30 am to 9:34 am
M	074 0.25 am to 0.20 am

074 . 9:35 am to 9:39 am 075 . 9:40 am to 9:44 am 076 . 9:45 am to 9:49 am

LICOND—COII.	
V	077 . 9:50 am to 9:54 am
V	078 . 9:55 am to 9:59 am
V	079 . 10:00 am to 10:09 am
V	080 . Not used
V	081 . 10:10 am to 10:19 am
V	082 . Not used
-	
V	083 . 10:20 am to 10:29 am
V	084 . Not used
V	085 . 10:30 am to 10:39 am
V	086 . Not used
V	087 . 10:40 am to 10:49 am
V	088 . Not used
V	089 . 10:50 am to 10:59 am
V	090 . Not used
V	091 . 11:00 am to 11:09 am
V	092 . 11:10 am to 11:19 am
V	093 . 11:20 am to 11:29 am
V	094 . 11:30 am to 11:39 am
V	095 . 11:40 am to 11:49 am
V	096 . 11:50 am to 11:59 am
V	097 . 12:00 pm to 12:09 pm
V	098 . 12:10 pm to 12:19 pm
V	099 . 12:20 pm to 12:29 pm
V	·
V	100 . 12:30 pm to 12:39 pm
-	101 . 12:40 pm to 12:49 pm
V	102 . 12:50 pm to 12:59 pm
V	103 . 1:00 pm to 1:09 pm
V	104 . 1:10 pm to 1:19 pm
V	105 . 1:20 pm to 1:29 pm
V	106 . 1:30 pm to 1:39 pm
V	107 . 1:40 pm to 1:49 pm
V	108 . 1:50 pm to 1:59 pm
V	109 . 2:00 pm to 2:09 pm
V	110 . 2:10 pm to 2:19 pm
V	111 . 2:20 pm to 2:29 pm
V	112 . 2:30 pm to 2:39 pm
V	113 . 2:40 pm to 2:49 pm
V	114 . 2:50 pm to 2:59 pm
V	115 . 3:00 pm to 3:09 pm
V	116 . 3:10 pm to 3:19 pm
V	117 . 3:20:pm to 3:29 pm
V	118 . 3:30 pm to 3:39 pm
V	119 . 3:40 pm to 3:49 pm
V	120 . 3:50 pm to 3:59 pm
V	121 . 4:00 pm to 4:09 pm
V	122 . 4:10 pm to 4:19 pm
V	123 . 4:20 pm to 4:29 pm
V	124 . 4:30 pm to 4:39 pm
V	125 . 4:40 pm to 4:49 pm
V	126 . 4:50 pm to 4:59 pm
V	•
	127 . 5:00 pm to 5:09 pm
V	128 . 5:10 pm to 5:19 pm

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
V	129	. 5:20 pm to 5:29 pm
V	130	. 5:30 pm to 5:39 pm
V		. 5:40 pm to 5:49 pm
V		. 5:50 pm to 5:59 pm
V		. 6:00 pm to 6:09 pm
V		. 6:10 pm to 6:19 pm
V		. 6:20 pm to 6:29 pm
V		. 6:30 pm to 6:39 pm
V		. 6:40 pm to 6:49 pm
V		. 6:50 pm to 6:59 pm
V		. 7:00 pm to 7:09 pm
V		. 7:10 pm to 7:29 pm . Not used
V V		
V		. 7:30 pm to 7:39 pm
V		. 7:40 pm to 7:49 pm
V		. 7:50 pm to 7:59 pm . 8:00 pm to 8:09 pm
V		. 8:10 pm to 8:29 pm
V		. Not used
V		. 8:30 pm to 8:39 pm
V		. 8:40 pm to 8:59 pm
V		. Not used
V		. 9:00 pm to 9:09 pm
V		. 9:10 pm to 9:19 pm
V		. 9:20 pm to 9:29 pm
V		. 9:30 pm to 9:39 pm
V		. 9:40 pm to 9:49 pm
V		. 9:50 pm to 9:59 pm
V		. 10:00 pm to 10:09 pm
V		. 10:10 pm to 10:19 pm
V		. 10:20 pm to 10:29 pm
V	160	. 10:30 pm to 10:39 pm
V	161	. 10:40 pm to 10:49 pm
V	162	. 10:50 pm to 10:59 pm
V		. 11:00 pm to 11:09 pm
V		. 11:10 pm to 11:19 pm
V		. 11:20 pm to 11:29 pm
V		. 11:30 pm to 11:39 pm
V		. 11:40 pm to 11:59 pm
V	168	. Not used
D LVTIMEA 1		199 199
T Time Leaving for Work Allocat	ion Flag	
V		. Not allocated
V	1	. Allocated
D TRVTIME 3		200 202
T Travel Time to Work		200 202
V	000	. Not in universe (Under 16 years, ESR not 1
•	000	and not 4, or TRVMNS = 11)
R	001119	. 1 to 119 Minutes
V		. topcode
V		. State mean of topcoded values
		•

PERSON RECORD—Con.			
D TRVTIMEA 1 T Travel Time to Work Allocation	n Flag	203	203
V V	0 .	Not allocated Allocated	
D LAYOFF 1 T Layoff from Job		204	204
V		or 4)	e (Under 16 years, ESR = 0, 1
V V V	2 .	Yes, on layoff No Not reported	
D ABSENT 1	Э.	205	205
T Absent from Work			
V	0 .	Not in universe or 4)	e (Under 16 years, ESR = 0, 1
V V		Yes, temporaril No	y absent from work
V		Not reported	
D RECALL 1		206	206
T Return-to-Work Recall V	0 .	Not in universe or 4)	e (Under 16 years, ESR = 0, 1
V	1 .	Yes, given a red	call
V		No	
V	3 .	Not reported	
D LOOKWRK 1 T Looking for Work		207	207
V	0 .	Not in universe or 4)	e (Under 16 years, ESR = 0, 1
V		Yes, looking fo	r work in last 4 weeks
V V		No Not reported	
D BACKWRK 1 T Back to Work		208	208
V	0 .	Not in universe or 4)	e (Under 16 years, ESR = 0, 1
V		Yes, could have	
V V		No, because of	temporary illness other reasons (in school,
V	4 .	etc.) Not reported	

PERSON RECORD—	Con.			
D LASTWRK T Year Last Worked	1		209	209
V V		1.	Not in universe (Unde 1995 to 2000 1994 or earlier, or nev	
D LASTWRKA	1		210	210
T Year Last Worked	Allocation Flag	0	Necellerand	
V V			Not allocated Allocated	
D INDCEN T Industry (Census)	3		211	213
V		00 .	Not in universe (Unde WRK = 2)	r 16 years or LAST-
R	00199	97 .	Legal census 2000 inc	dustry code
D INDCENA T Industry (Census)	1 Allocation Flag		214	214
V V	7 mocación riag		Not allocated Allocated	
D INDNAICS	8	٠.	215	222
T Industry (NAICS)	·		213	
V	000000	00 .	Not in universe (Unde WRK = 2)	r 16 years or LAST-
R	100000009999999	99 .	Industry NAICS code	
D OCCCEN5	3		223	225
T Occupation (Cens		00 .	Not in universe (Unde	r 16 years or LAST-
R	0019	97 .	WRK = 2) Legal census occupati	ion code
D OCCCENA	1		226	226
T Occupation (Cens	sus) Allocation Flag	0	Not allocated	
V			Allocated	
D OCCSOC5	7		227	233
T Occupation (SOC)		00	Not in universe (Unde	r 16 vears or LAST-
			WRK = 2)	
R		99 .	Occupation SOC code	
D CLWKR T Class of Worker	1		234	234
V		0.	Not in universe (Unde	r 16 years or LAST-
V		1.	WRK = 2) Employee of private for	or-profit company
V			Employee of private not-for- profit company Employee of local government Employee of state government	
V V				
V			Employee of federal g	

PERSON RECORD—Con.			
V	6.	Self-employed in unir or company	corporated business
V	7.	Self-employed in inco	rporated business or
V	8.	company Unpaid family worker	
V		Unemployed, no worl	
D CLWKRA 1 T Class of Worker Allocation Flag		235	235
V V		Not allocated Allocated	
D WRKLYR 1 T Worked in 1999		236	236
V		Not in universe (Unde	er 16 years)
V V		Yes No	
D WRKLYRA 1		237	237
T Worked in 1999 Allocation Flag V	0.	Not allocated	
V	1.	Allocated	
D WEEKS 2 T Weeks Worked in 1999		238	239
V	00 .	Not in universe (Unde = 0 or 2)	er 16 years or WRKLYR
R 0	152 .	1 to 52 weeks	
D WEEKSA 1 T Weeks Worked in 1999 Allocation F	lag	240	240
V V		Not allocated Allocated	
D HOURS 2	١.	241	242
T Hours Per Week in 1999 V	00	Not in universe (Unde	er 16 years or WRKLYR
		= 0  or  2)	•
	199 .	1 to 99 hours worked	•
D HOURSA 1 T Hours Per Week in 1999 Allocation	Flag	243	243
V V	0.	Not allocated Allocated	
D INCWS 6		244	249
T Wage/Salary Income in 1999 V	olank .	Not in universe (Unde	er 15 years)
V 000	0000 .	No/none	,/
		\$1 to \$174,999 Topcode	
		State mean of topcod	ed values

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
	250 lag . Not allocated . Allocated	250
V -09999 R -0000109998 V 000000	251  Not in universe (Unde Loss of \$9,999 or mo Loss of \$1 to \$9,998 No/none \$1 or break even \$2 to \$125,999	•
V 126000	. Topcode . State mean of topcod	ed values
	257 on Flag . Not allocated . Allocated	257
V -09999 R -0000109998 V 000000	258  Not in universe (Unde Loss of \$9,999 or mo Loss of \$1 to \$9,998 No/none \$1 or break even \$2 to \$49,999	
	. Topcode . State mean of topcod	ed values
	264  Not allocated Allocated	264
D INCSS 5 T Social Security Income in 1999	265	269
V 00000 R 0000117999 V 18000	<ul><li>Not in universe (Unde</li><li>No/none</li><li>\$1 to \$17,999</li><li>Topcode</li><li>State mean of topcode</li></ul>	·
D INCSSA 1 T Social Security Income in 1999 Allocation V 0	270 Flag . Not allocated	270

1 . Allocated

PERSON RECORD—Con.		
D INCSSI 5	271	275
T Supplemental Security Income in 1999		
	. Not in universe (Unde	er 15 years)
	. No/none	
R 0000113799 .	. \$1 to \$13,799 . Topcode	
	. Topcode . State mean of topcod	ed values
	·	
D INCSSIA 1 T Supplemental Security Income in 1999 Al	276 location Flag	276
• •	. Not allocated	
	. Allocated	
D INCPA 5	277	281
T Public Assistance Income in 1999	277	201
	. Not in universe (Unde	er 15 years)
	. No/none	
R 0000112299	-	
	. Topcode	مما يامان
V 12300+ .	. State mean of topcod	ed values
D INCPAA 1	282	282
T Public Assistance Income in 1999 Allocati	ion Flag . Not allocated	
	. Allocated	
		200
D INCRET 6 T Retirement Income in 1999	283	288
	. Not in universe (Unde	er 15 vears)
	. No/none	11 13 years)
R 000001051999	-	
	. Topcode	
V 052000+	. State mean of topcod	ed values
D INCRETA 1	289	289
T Retirement Income in 1999 Allocation Fla		203
	. Not allocated	
V 1 .	. Allocated	
D INCOTH 6	290	295
T Other Income in 1999		
	. Not in universe (Unde	er 15 years)
	. No/none	
R 000001037799 .	. \$1 to \$37,799 . Topcode	
	. Topcode . State mean of topcod	ed values
	•	
D INCOTHA 1 T Other Income in 1999 Allocation Flag	296	296
V Allocation Flag	Nat alla sata d	

0 . Not allocated

1 . Allocated

٧

**D INCTOT** 297 303 T Person's Total Income in 1999 ٧ blank. Not in universe (Under 15 years) V -019998 . Loss of \$19,998 or more -000001..019997 . Loss of \$1 to \$19,997 R 0000000 . No/none V ٧ 0000001 . \$1 or break even 0000002..4999999 . \$2 to \$4,999,999 R 5000000 . \$5,000,000 or more **D INCTOTA** 1 304 304 T Person's Total Income in 1999 Allocation Flag V 0 . Not allocated ٧ 1 . Allocated **D EARNS** 7 305 311 T Person's Total Earnings in 1999 blank. Not in universe (Under 15 years) ٧ -009999 . Loss of \$9,999 or more R -000001..-009998 . Loss of \$1 to \$9,998 0000000 . No/none V 0000001 . \$1 or break even V R 0000002..0309999 . \$2 to \$309,999 0310000 . \$310,000 or more V D POVERTY 3 312 314 T Person's Poverty Status 000 . Not in universe (Institutional GQ; in college V dormitories or military quarters; unrelated children under 15 years) V 001 . Less than 1.0% 002..500 . 1.0% to 499.9% R 501 . 500% or more V D FILLER 2 316 315

# Chapter 8. User Updates

User updates supply data users with additional or corrected information that becomes available after the technical documentation and files are prepared. They are issued as Data Notes, Geography Notes, and Technical Documentation Notes in a numbered series and are available in portable document format (PDF) on our Web site at http://www.census.gov.

If you print the documentation, please file the user updates behind this page. If there are technical documentation replacement pages, they should be filed in their proper location and the original pages destroyed.

User Updates 8–1

# TECHNICAL NOTE ON SAME-SEX UNMARRIED PARTNER DATA FROM THE 1990 AND 2000 CENSUSES

The release of data from the 2000 census has brought with it a number of analyses documenting change that has occurred since the last census was conducted in 1990. While many of the variables and processes between the two censuses are comparable, some are not, and direct comparison of some estimates may lead to misleading conclusions. This note discusses one such topic, that of "unmarried partners," and advises that for some analyses—those involving unmarried same-sex partners—direct comparison of the 1990 and 2000 estimates is not substantively valid.

The household relationship item in both the 1990 and the 2000 censuses offered many ways of identifying how other people in the household were related to the householder (the person in whose name the house is owned or rented). Categories included spouse, child or other relative of the householder, housemate/roommate, roomer/boarder, and unmarried partner. In all circumstances, the respondent was asked to choose the category that best represented how other members of the household were related to the householder.

In both censuses, the "spouse" and "unmarried partner" response categories were defined and asked the same way. However, there were important differences in data processing that mean that some of the data are not comparable, limiting the usefulness of comparisons of the number of samesex unmarried partners between these two censuses.

In both censuses, if a person was identified as the "spouse" of the householder and was the same sex as the householder, the "spouse" response was flagged for further review and allocation, that is, assignment of a value other than that originally reported, based on other data on the form. In 1990, the edit and allocation procedures did not allow same-sex "spouse" combinations to occur, thus resulting in the allocation of one of these two items in order to achieve editing consistency among the responses.

Processing steps were changed for Census 2000 for households that contained same-sex "spouses." If the person with the "spouse" category was the same sex as the householder and if neither person had their sex previously allocated, a relationship response of "spouse" was allocated as an "unmarried partner" response. Data allocation is a standard statistical practice that is followed by most data collection agencies. Data on the relationship item (as other items) were subject to allocation in the census, as they are in virtually all Census Bureau surveys.

Two principal factors affected our decision to take this approach for Census 2000.

 Marriage Act (H.R. 3396) passed by the 104th Congress. This act instructs all federal agencies only to recognize opposite-sex marriages for the purposes of enacting any agency programs. In order for Census Bureau data to be consistent with this act and the data requirements of other federal agencies, same-sex spouse responses were invalidated. The legislation defines marriage and spouse as follows:

"In determining the meaning of any Act of Congress, or of any ruling, regulation or interpretation of the various administrative bureaus and agencies of the United States, the word 'marriage' means only a legal union between one man and one woman as husband and wife, and the word 'spouse' refers only to a person of the opposite sex who is a husband or wife." In order for the Census Bureau to be consistent with this act and the data requirements of other federal agencies, same-sex "spouse" responses were invalidated.

2. The second factor took into consideration that couples in long term same-sex relationships may consider themselves as "married partners" and thus respond as such on the census form. In addition, at the time of writing the editing program for Census 2000, there were several challenges in the courts concerning the legality of same-sex marriages. Clearly, we could not ignore the fact that same-sex spouse responses were going to be recorded during Census 2000. In light of these social and legal aspects and the lack of a key variable in the statistical allocation routine (marital status) the assignment of same-sex "married" couples to the same-sex "unmarried partner" category was the procedure chosen for the editing process. We were adverse to a randomized allocation of these responses after people had clearly marked a close relationship preference on the census form.

As a result of these changes in the processing routine, estimates of same-sex unmarried partners are not comparable between the 1990 and 2000 census. We believe 2000 census estimates of this category are better estimates than those produced in 1990. It should also be noted that estimates of opposite-sex unmarried partners, however, were not affected by these editing procedures and changes and are comparable between the two censuses.

For further information on this topic, please contact the Fertility and Family Statistics Branch on 301-763-2416.

March 2003

The variable PNUM, Person Sequence Number, on the Housing Unit record of the 1-percent PUMS files should not be used. Users will have to create their own sort key. However, the number of person records is correct and matches the number in the variable PERSONS on the Housing Unit record.

April 2003

The variable TAXAMT on the housing unit record erroneously includes data for a code of 68 for the 1-percent files. Data for code 68 should be collapsed into code 67.

May 2003

The geographic equivalency file in the ftp directory for Montana for the 1-percent PUMS files inadvertently contained data for Kansas

(http://www2.census.gov/census\_2000/datasets/PUMS/OnePercent/Montana/PUMEQ1-MT.TXT). The file was replaced with the geographic equivalency file data for Montana.

June 2003

Two weights are present in microdata records, the weight of the housing unit, labeled HWEIGHT, and the weight of each person, labeled PWEIGHT.

The basic rules for determining the correct weight to use for a particular table are listed below:

- a. Tables with a universe of "Housing units," "occupied housing units," "vacant housing units," or "occupied housing units with a particular characteristic" use the housing unit weight.
- b. Tables with a universe of "Population," "population of a particular type, such as race/Hispanic/American Indian tribe," "population XX years and over," and subsets of a population such as "institutionalized population" or "population for whom poverty status is determined" use the person weight.
- c. Tables with a universe of "Households," "households with a householder who is......," "families," and "families with a householder who is ......" are usually tallied by the householder's characteristics and use the person weight of the person who is the householder.
- d. Tables with a specific universe, such as "own children," "civilian noninstitutionalized population," and "population in subfamilies" describe subsets of the population and use the person weight of the individual people who meet the specific criteria.
- e. Tables with a universe of subfamilies use the weight of the "reference person" for each subfamily. There can be a maximum of four different subfamilies in the same household, but each person can only be in one subfamily. The reference person is defined independently for each subfamily and varies by the type of subfamily: in a parent-child subfamily, the reference person is the parent; in a husband/wife subfamily, the reference person is the husband.
- f. In some tables, one may want to tally the number of households where the characteristic of a person other than the householder qualifies a household for inclusion in the specific table. In this situation, the person weight of the person who is the householder is always used, even though the householder's characteristics would not have qualified the household for inclusion. For example, when tallying the number of households with a disabled person, one would tally the householder's weight based on the presence of any person (which may or may not be the householder) who is disabled.

September 2003

### 1-Percent and 5-Percent PUMS

When compiling PUMS income data for households or for families, users should combine the income variable of interest with other variables on the file to obtain the correct counts.

### **Example 1: Total Household income** distributions are derived using the variables:

	For the DVD	For the ASCII and SAS
Household income	h_hinc	hinc
Relationship—householder	p_relate	relate
Person weight	p_pweight	pweight

### **Example 2: Total Family income** distributions are derived using the variables:

	For the DVD	For the ASCII and SAS
Family income	h_finc	finc
Relationship—householder	p_relate	relate
Household type—families	h_hht	hht
Person weight	p_pweight	pweight

November 2003

### Why the Poverty Recode on PUMS Does Not Match the Total Income Amounts

The Census 2000 Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) files contain an apparent inconsistency between the variable called POVERTY and the variables defining person or family total income, INCTOT and FINC respectively. In some instances the difference is more than can be attributed to rounding. Such differences are due to the order in which variables are topcoded. In these cases, the value in POVERTY is more accurate than the value calculated from the components.

Specifically, the Census Bureau rounds all reported income amounts using a graduated rounding scheme, where large values are rounded more than smaller values on the PUMS file and further puts an upper limit on the amount of income reported by type of income. For example, any individual with retirement income (INCRET) greater than \$52,000 has his or her reported value replaced with the state mean of retirement income over the topcode amount. As a result, in the PUM 5-percent file in Alabama, 424 people have retirement income equal to \$137,000. Some of those people originally reported retirement income greater than \$137,000. Others originally reported retirement income less than \$137,000, but greater than or equal to \$52,000.

To see the full explanation of how poverty is calculated in general, see Appendix B of the Technical Documentation, Definitions of Subject Characteristics. The POVERTY recode is based on the ratio between the total income and the relevant poverty threshold for families or people. Using the unconstrained income reported, the Census Bureau creates the poverty recode in two basic steps.

- (1) Calculate the ratio of income to poverty
  Ratio = 100\* (Income/Threshold)
- (2) Recode the ratio
  - 0 = Not in universe
  - 1 = Less than 1%
  - 2 = 1% to less than 2%
  - 3 = 2% to less than 3%
  - etcetera...

For example, the poverty threshold for a person under 65 years old living with no relatives in 1999 was \$8,667. If the person had only income from Supplemental Security Income (SSI) equal to \$14,500, then the poverty ratio would equal 167.3 and the poverty recode (POVERTY) would equal 168. On the PUMS file, this person's income would be subject to the topcode. If the person lived in Alabama, their SSI would be set to \$18,100. As a result, if a user calculated the ratio of income to poverty using the dollar figure for income on the PUMS, they would get a ratio equal to 208.8 and expect the poverty recode to equal 209. However, the result would not match the variable POVERTY, which is calculated before topcoding and remains 168 on the PUMS file. As this example shows, there may be cases on the public use file where the POVERTY recode is inconsistent with a poverty recode a user makes based on the PUMS income variables, which are rounded and topcoded.

December 2003

# Why the Percent of Income Spent on Owner/Renter Cost Recodes on PUMS May Not Match Independently Calculated Recodes

The Census 2000 Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) files contain an apparent inconsistency between the variables called GRAPI and SMOCAPI and the variables defining household total income (HINC), Gross Rent (GRENT), and Selected Monthly Owner Costs (SMOC). This situation is the result of inconsistencies in the topcoding of variables. Small differences are likely due to rounding. Larger differences are related to the inconsistency.

Specifically, the Census Bureau rounds all reported income amounts using a graduated rounding scheme where large values are rounded more than smaller values on the PUMS file and further puts an upper limit on the amount of income reported by type of income. For example, any individual with retirement income (INCRET) greater than \$52,000 has his or her reported value replaced with the state mean of retirement income over the topcode amount. As a result, in the PUMS 5-percent file in Alabama, 424 people have retirement income equal to \$137,000. Some of those people originally reported retirement income greater than \$137,000. Others originally reported retirement income less than \$137,000, but greater than or equal to \$52,000. The income from all individuals in a household are summed to create the household income (HINC).

Gross Rent (GRENT) and Selected Monthly Owner Costs (SMOC) are also calculated using rounded and topcoded values for RENT, MRT1AMT, MRT2AMT, INSAMT, CONDFEE, MHCOST, ELEC, GAS, WATER, and OIL.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income (GRAPI) is calculated by dividing the GRENT by the monthly household income (HINC/12). When calculated independently using the GRENT and the HINC from the PUMS, the answer may not agree with the GRAPI presented on the PUMS. Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income (SMOCAPI) is treated the same way as GRAPI.

Example: RENT=\$160, ELEC=\$1,100, GAS=\$1,000, WATER=\$180, OIL=\$3,800, GRENT=\$667, HINC=\$14,450. Because OIL is topcoded (topcode=state mean of all answers over \$2,100), GRENT/(HINC/12)=55 percent; but is reported as the pre-topcoded value of 44 percent on the PUMS file.

As this example shows, there may be cases on the public use file where housing recodes are inconsistent with recodes a user makes based on the PUMS variables, which are rounded and topcoded.

December 2003

# Public Use Microdata Sample <u>Data Note 9</u>

### 1-Percent and 5-Percent PUMS

A table showing the percent urban for each Super-PUMA and PUMA was released to the public in July 2004 as PHC-T-36. The title of the table is "Percent Urban for Super-PUMAs and PUMAs." It can be found at http://www.census.gov/population/www/cen2000/phc-t36.html.

July 2004

#### 1-Percent and 5-Percent PUMS

In Census 2000, during the conversion process of making the race write-in entries on the enumerator-filled questionnaire consistent with those in the mailout/mailback questionnaire, a step was inadvertently omitted. This resulted in an overstatement by about 1 million people reporting more than one race (or about 15 percent of the Two or More Races population). This overstatement almost entirely affects race combinations involving Some Other Race with the five race groups identified by the Office of Management and Budget (White, Black or African American, American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander). The overstatement does not significantly affect the totals for the Office of Management and Budget race groups reporting a single race ("race alone") or the reporting of the single race and at least one other race ("race alone or in combination").

March 2005

#### 1-Percent and 5-Percent PUMS

There is an error in the way the imputation flag for citizenship was set in the 1-Percent and 5-Percent files. This error led to an understatement of the number of people for whom citizenship was imputed. People who had their place of birth (i.e., country of birth) imputed as the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or the Northern Marianas should also have had their citizenship flag set to imputed. However, this did not occur. This error will be corrected in future releases of the ACS data files.

December 2005

#### 1 Percent and 5 Percent PUMS

Disclosure avoidance techniques were applied to the Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) data to protect the confidentiality of census responses. One of these techniques resulted in some abnormal ratios for the number of men to the number of women (sex ratio) for people age 65 and over. The PUMS files will not be re-released using a modified technique as that would pose a disclosure risk. The table below displays Summary File 3 (SF3), Table P8 age groupings for ages 60 and over. A clear example of the problem is seen in the national sex ratio for ages 65-66 in the PUMS file which should have been around the 87 in SF3 instead of 107.

al					
Summa	ry File 3, Tab	le P8		1% PUMS	
Male	Female	Sex ratio	Male	Female	Sex ratio
2,152,721	2,362,727	91	2,160,337	2,344,796	92
2,961,857	3,310,674	89	2,948,764	3,322,590	89
1,810,985	2,079,990	87	1,885,990	1,765,273	107
2,604,417	3,073,807	85	2,557,712	3,031,165	84
3,940,173	4,991,777	79	3,797,707	5,147,497	74
3,008,302	4,377,481	69	2,909,346	4,332,497	67
1,815,117	3,116,362	58	1,913,673	3,235,286	59
1,203,376	2,957,185	41	1,329,349	3,037,908	44
	Summa Male 2,152,721 2,961,857 1,810,985 2,604,417 3,940,173 3,008,302 1,815,117	Summary File 3, Tab       Male     Female       2,152,721     2,362,727       2,961,857     3,310,674       1,810,985     2,079,990       2,604,417     3,073,807       3,940,173     4,991,777       3,008,302     4,377,481       1,815,117     3,116,362	Summary File 3, Table P8           Male         Female         Sex ratio           2,152,721         2,362,727         91           2,961,857         3,310,674         89           1,810,985         2,079,990         87           2,604,417         3,073,807         85           3,940,173         4,991,777         79           3,008,302         4,377,481         69           1,815,117         3,116,362         58	Summary File 3, Table P8           Male         Female         Sex ratio         Male           2,152,721         2,362,727         91         2,160,337           2,961,857         3,310,674         89         2,948,764           1,810,985         2,079,990         87         1,885,990           2,604,417         3,073,807         85         2,557,712           3,940,173         4,991,777         79         3,797,707           3,008,302         4,377,481         69         2,909,346           1,815,117         3,116,362         58         1,913,673	Summary File 3, Table P8         1% PUMS           Male         Female         Sex ratio         Male         Female           2,152,721         2,362,727         91         2,160,337         2,344,796           2,961,857         3,310,674         89         2,948,764         3,322,590           1,810,985         2,079,990         87         1,885,990         1,765,273           2,604,417         3,073,807         85         2,557,712         3,031,165           3,940,173         4,991,777         79         3,797,707         5,147,497           3,008,302         4,377,481         69         2,909,346         4,332,497           1,815,117         3,116,362         58         1,913,673         3,235,286

October 2008

### **Update:**

The Census 2000 1 percent and 5 percent files were rereleased in October 2010. See Data Note 13.

October 2010

#### 1 Percent and 5 Percent PUMS

The Census 2000 1 percent and 5 percent PUMS files have been revised by applying a modified age perturbation edit to these files. Age perturbation is one of several disclosure avoidance techniques used in the creation of the Census 2000 PUMS files. It disguises original data by randomly adjusting the reported ages for a subset of individuals. As discussed in Data Note 12, this technique in the original files resulted in inconsistent sex ratios for selected age groups, especially ages 65 and over. The modified age perturbation edit was applied to people aged 65 and over to reduce inconsistencies among this group. The revised file estimates for people 65 and older align closer to the Census 2000 full sample by single year of age for sex ratios.

The revised files have been placed in the same location as the original files. The revised files are named REVISEDPUMSX\_YY, where X equals the file (i.e., "1" or "5") and YY equals the state code. The original files are retained for reproducibility of results.

http://www2.census.gov/census\_2000/datasets/PUMS/OnePercent/

http://www2.census.gov/census\_2000/datasets/PUMS/FivePercent/

October 2010

# Public Use Microdata Sample Files Geography Note 1

### New Jersey: 34

Super-PUMA 34101 is not contiguous. A small portion of the super-PUMA, comprising the Saddle River borough, is detached from the main area of super-PUMA 34101.

April 2003

The definition for some variables in Chapter 6 (Data Dictionary) may not be easily found in Appendix B (Definitions of Subject Characteristics). Below is a list of the subjects that may be difficult to locate and the appropriate topic to refer to in Appendix B.

### **Housing Record Type Variable Description**

Size of building Year building built Cost of electricity (annual)

Cost of gas (annual)

Cost of water and sewer (annual) Cost of oil, kerosene, or wood (annual)

Number of people 65 years and over

in household

Number of people under 18 years in

household

Number of people in family

Number of own children under 18 years

in household

Number of related children under

18 years in household

Presence of subfamily in household

Presence and age of own children

under 18 years

Presence and age of related children

under 18 years

Specified value indicator

Family type and employment status

Family type and work experience of householder

### **Person Record Type Variable Description**

Able to go out disability Military service Years of military service Vehicle occupancy Layoff from job Absent from work Return-to-work recall Looking for work

Hours per week in 1999

Back to work

### Appendix B Topic

See Units in Structure

See Year Structure Built

See Utilities

See Utilities

See Utilities

See Utilities

See Household Type and Relationship

See Value

See Household Type and Relationship and

see Employment Type

See Household Type and Relationship and

see Work Status in 1999

### **Appendix B Topic**

See Veteran Status See Veteran Status See Journey to Work See Employment Status See Employment Status See Employment Status

See Disability Status

See Employment Status

See Employment Status See Work Status in 1999

The unweighted counts for housing units for all states in Appendix I were incorrect. Appendix I (column 2) has been corrected to include the correct total housing unweighted counts.

The value for the variable SAMPLE in the housing unit record of the Data Dictionary (Chapter 6) for the 1-percent files was incorrectly listed as 2. It has been corrected to show a value of 1.

The value of 9 for the variable CLWRKR in the person record of the Data Dictionary (Chapter 6) for the 1-percent files was missing. It has been corrected as shown below.

#### **CLWKR**

#### Class of Worker

- 0. Not in universe (Under 16 years of LASTWRK = 2)
- 1. Employee of private for-profit company
- 2. Employee of private not-for-profit company
- 3. Employee of local government
- 4. Employee of state government
- 5. Employee of federal government
- 6. Self-employed in unincorporated business or company
- 7. Self-employed in incorporated business or company
- 8. Unpaid family worker
- 9. Unemployed, no work experience in the last 5 years

The last line of the Housing Unit Record of the Data Dictionary (Chapter 6, page 6-41) for the 1-percent files was incorrectly listed as FILLER in character positions 267-314. It has been corrected to show that the last variable is FINC in character positions 259-266.

The last variable of the Person Record of the Data Dictionary (Chapter 6, page 6-71) for the 1-percent files was incorrectly listed as POVERTY in character positions 312-314. It has been corrected to show that the last line is FILLER in character positions 315-316.

June 2003

The last line of Table E. Census 2000 PUMS Standard Error Design Factors, "Household income in 1999 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income in 1999" was inadvertently omitted on page 4-29 (Delaware) and page 4-55 (North Carolina). These pages have been corrected.

July 2003

Two codes for the variable REGION in Chapter 6 (Data Dictionary) of the technical documentation were not correct. "Region not identified" and "Puerto Rico" have been corrected as shown below.

### **REGION**

### Region Code

- 0. Region not identified
- 1. Northeast
- 2. Midwest
- 3. South
- 4. West
- 9. Puerto Rico

August 2003

In the Race section of the Code List appendix, the tribes with codes F49-F52 were incorrectly listed under the tribal grouping "Monacan." These tribes should have appeared under the tribal grouping "Mono" as shown below.

### Monacan

F52

F48	Monacan Indian Nation
Mono	
F49	Mono
F50	North Fork Rancheria
F51	Cold Springs Rancheria

Big Sandy Rancheria

September 2003

The Language section of the Code List appendix had two spelling errors. They have been corrected to read as follows:

772 Tahitian

971 OTO-MANGUEAN

September 2003

This technical documentation has been updated to include components for the 5-Percent PUM!	This technical of	documentation h	as heen	cundated to	include cor	mponents <sup>a</sup>	for the '	5-Percent	PUM
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October 2003

An explanatory note was inadvertently omitted from Appendix G. Code List "One-to-One Correspondence of Census 2000 Codes and Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Equivalent Codes (Sorted by Census 2000 Codes)." Page G-138 is corrected to include the note.

November 2003

The variable FNF was incorrectly defined in the Data Dictionary (Chapter 6 and Chapter 7) of the technical documentation. It is now corrected as shown below.

**FNF** 

Farm/Nonfarm Recode

- 0 . Not in universe (GQ)
- 1 . Farm
- 2. Nonfarm (includes urban)

A number of languages in the Language Code List for the 5-Percent PUMS in Appendix G. Code Lists of the technical documentation were incorrectly listed. They are corrected as shown below.

### **Language Code List for the 5-Percent PUMS Files**

Codes	Language
643	Kashubian (See code 983)
661	Ossete (See code 985)
684	Chuvash (See code 986)
693	Yakut (See code 986)
696	Caucasian (See code 994)
699	Brahui (See code 986)
707	Burushaski (See code 986)
727	Paleo-Siberian Languages, n.e.c. (See code 986)
729	Muong (See code 986)
733	Achinese (See code 988)
740	Minangkabau (See code 988)
749	Gorontalo (See code 988)
831	Nootka (See code 993)
833	Lower Chehalis (See code 993)
838	Cowlitz (See code 993)
840	Nootsack (See code 993)
855	Tanana (See code 993)
856	Tanacross (See code 993)
858	Tutchone (See code 993)
878	Santiam (See code 993)
886	Atsugewi (See code 993)
889	Shastan (See code 993)
891	Up River Yuman (See code 993)
897	Upland Yuman (See code 993)
918	Hichita (See code 993)
923	Wappo (See code 993)
944	Kawaiisu (See code 991)
947	Panamint (See code 991)
994	Other languages (Includes 680-681, 683, 696-697, 998-999)

# Appendix A. Census 2000 Geographic Terms and Concepts

### **CONTENTS**

Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC) (See American Indian Area, Alaska Native Area,
Hawaiian Home Land)
Home Land)
American Indian Area, Alaska Native Area, Hawaiian Home Land
American Indian Off-Reservation Trust Land (See American Indian Area, Alaska Native Area, Hawaiian Home Land)
American Indian Reservation (See American Indian Area, Alaska Native Area, Hawaiian Home Land).
American Indian Tribal Subdivision (See American Indian Area, Alaska Native Area, Hawaiian Home Land)
American Samoa (See Island Areas of the United States)
Area Measurement
Barrio (See Puerto Rico)
Barrio-Pueblo (See Puerto Rico)
Block (See Census Block)
Block Group (BG)
see Place)
Boundary Changes
Census Area (See County (or Statistically Equivalent Entity))
Census Block
Census Code (See Geographic Code)
Census County Division (CCD) (See County Subdivision)
Census Designated Place (CDP) (See Place)
Census Division (See also Census Region)
Census Geographic Code (See Geographic Code)
Census Region (See also Census Division)
Census Subarea (See County Subdivision)
Census Tract
Central City (See Metropolitan Area)
Central Place (See Urban and Rural)
City (See Place)
Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (See Island Areas of the United States)
Comparability (See Boundary Changes)
Comunidad (See Puerto Rico)
Congressional District (CD)
Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA) (See Metropolitan Area)
Consolidated City (See Place)
County (or Statistically Equivalent Entity)
County Subdivision
District (See County (or Statistically Equivalent Entity))
Division (See Census Division)
Extended City (See Urban and Rural)
Extended Place (See Urban and Rural)
Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code (See Geographic Code)
Geographic Code
Geographic Hierarchy (See Introduction—Geographic Presentation of Data)

Geographic Presentation (See Introduction—Geographic Presentation of Data)
Guam (See Island Areas of the United States)
Hawaiian Home Land (HHL) (See American Indian Area, Alaska Native Area, Hawaiian
Home Land)
Hierarchical Presentation (See Introduction—Geographic Presentation of Data)
Incorporated Place (See Place, see County Subdivision)
Independent City (See County (or Statistically Equivalent Entity))
Internal Point
Introduction—Geographic Presentation of Data
Inventory Presentation (See Introduction—Geographic Presentation of Data)
Island (See County (or Statistically Equivalent Entity))
Island Areas of the United States
Joint Use Area (See American Indian Area, Alaska Native Area, Hawaiian Home Land)
Land Area (See Area Measurement)
Latitude (See Internal Point)
Longitude (See Internal Point)
Metropolitan Area (MA)
Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) (See Metropolitan Area)
Minor Civil Division (MCD) (See County Subdivision)
Municipality (See County (or Statistically Equivalent Entity))
Municipio (See Puerto Rico)
New England County Metropolitan Area (NECMA) (See Metropolitan Area)
Off-Reservation Trust Land (See American Indian Area, Alaska Native Area, Hawaiian Home
Land)
Oklahoma Tribal Statistical Area (OTSA) (See American Indian Area, Alaska Native Area,
Hawaiian Home Land)
Outlying Areas (See Island Areas of the United States)
Parish (See County)
Place
Place Within Consolidated City (See Place)
Population or Housing Unit Density
Precinct (See Voting District)
Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (PMSA) (See Metropolitan Area)
Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA)
Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File (See Public Use Microdata Area)
Puerto Rico
Region (See Census Region)
Rural (See Urban and Rural)
School District
State (or Statistically Equivalent Entity)
State Designated American Indian Statistical Area (SDAISA) (See American Indian Area,
Alaska Native Area, Hawaiian Home Land)
State Legislative District (SLD)
Subbarrio (See Puerto Rico)
Sub-MCD (See Puerto Rico)
Super-PUMA (See Public Use Microdata Area)
Tabulation Block Group (See Block Group)
TIGER® Database
Town (See County Subdivision, see Place)
Township (See County Subdivision)
Tract (See Census Tract)
Traffic Analysis Zone (TAZ)
Tribal Block Group
Tribal Census Tract
Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA) (See American Indian Area, Alaska Native Area,
Hawaiian Home Land)
Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA) (See American Indian Area, Alaska Native Area,
Hawaiian Home Land)
Trust Land (See American Indian Area, Alaska Native Area, Hawaiian Home Land)
United States

United States Postal Service (USPS) Code (See Geographic Code)	A-15
Unorganized Territory (See County Subdivision)	A-14
Urban (See Urban and Rural)	A-22
Urban and Rural	A-22
Urban Cluster (UC) (See Urban and Rural)	A-23
Urban Cluster Central Place (See Urban and Rural)	A-23
Urban Cluster Title and Code (See Urban and Rural)	A-22
Urban Growth Area (UGA)	A-23
Urban Growth Boundary (See Urban Growth Area)	A-23
Urbanized Area (UA) (See Urban and Rural)	A-22
Urbanized Area Central Place (See Urban and Rural)	A-23
Urbanized Area Title and Code (See Urban and Rural)	A-23
Village (See Place)	A-18
Virgin Islands of the United States (See Island Areas of the United States)	A-16
Voting District (VTD)	A-24
Water Area (See Area Measurement)	A-8
ZIP Code® (See ZIP Code® Tabulation Area)	A-24
ZIP Code® Tabulation Area (ZCTA™)	A-24
Zona Urbana (See Puerto Rico)	A-20

### INTRODUCTION—GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION OF DATA

In decennial census data products, geographic entities usually are presented in an hierarchical arrangement or as an inventory listing.

#### **Hierarchical Presentation**

An hierarchical geographic presentation shows the geographic entities in a superior/subordinate structure. This structure is derived from the legal, administrative, or areal relationships of the entities. The hierarchical structure is depicted in report tables by means of indentation and is explained for computer-readable media in the geographic coverage portion of the abstract in the technical documentation. An example of hierarchical presentation is the "standard census geographic hierarchy": census block, within block group, within census tract, within place, within county subdivision, within county, within state, within division, within region, within the United States. Graphically, this is shown as:

```
United States
Region
Division
State
County
County subdivision
Place (or part)
Census tract (or part)
Block group (or part)
Census block
```

Figure A-1, which is a diagram of the geographic hierarchy, presents this information as a series of "nesting" relationships. For example, a line joining the lower-level entity "place" and the higher-level entity "state" means that a place cannot cross a state boundary; a line linking "census tract" and "county" means that a census tract cannot cross a county line; and so forth.

### **Inventory Presentation**

An inventory presentation of geographic entities is one in which all entities of the same type are shown in alphabetical, code, or geographic sequence, without reference to their hierarchical relationships. Generally, an inventory presentation shows totals for entities that may be split in a hierarchical presentation, such as place, census tract, or block group. An example of a series of

inventory presentations is state, followed by all the counties in that state, followed by all the places in that state. Graphically, this is shown as:

State

County A

County B

County C

Place X

Place Y

Place Z

### American Indian/Alaska Native Area/Hawaiian Home Land (AIANA/HHL) Entities

Exceptions to the standard hierarchical presentation occur in the case of some American Indian/Alaska Native area (AIANA) entities, which do not necessarily "nest" within states and counties. For instance, the following American Indian entities can cross state lines: federally recognized American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, tribal subdivisions, and tribal designated statistical areas. National summary data for American Indian reservations may be presented as an alphabetical listing of reservation names followed by the state portions of each reservation. Also, a census tract or block group delineated by American Indian tribal authorities may be located in more than one state or county (see CENSUS TRACT, TRIBAL BLOCK GROUP, and TRIBAL CENSUS TRACT) for the purpose of presenting census data in the American Indian/Alaska Native area/Hawaiian home land (AIANA/HHL) hierarchy.

The diagram in Figure A-2 shows geographic relationships among geographic entities in the AIANA/HHL hierarchy. It does not show the geographic levels "county," "county subdivision," and "place" because AIANA/HHL entities do not necessarily nest within them.

The definitions below are for geographic entities and concepts that the U.S. Census Bureau includes in its standard data products. Not all entities and concepts are shown in any one data product.

### AMERICAN INDIAN AREA, ALASKA NATIVE AREA, HAWAIIAN HOME LAND

There are both legal and statistical American Indian, Alaska Native, and native Hawaiian entities for which the U.S. Census Bureau provides data for Census 2000. The legal entities consist of federally recognized American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust land areas, the tribal subdivisions that can divide these entities, state recognized American Indian reservations, Alaska Native Regional Corporations, and Hawaiian home lands. The statistical entities are Alaska Native village statistical areas, Oklahoma tribal statistical areas, tribal designated statistical areas, and state designated American Indian statistical areas. Tribal subdivisions can exist within the statistical Oklahoma tribal statistical areas.

In all cases, these areas are mutually exclusive in that no American Indian, Alaska Native, or Hawaiian home land can overlap another tribal entity, except for tribal subdivisions, which subdivide some American Indian entities, and Alaska Native village statistical areas, which exist within Alaska Native Regional Corporations. In some cases where more than one tribe claims jurisdiction over an area, the U.S. Census Bureau creates a joint use area as a separate entity to define this area of dual claims. The following provides more detail about each of the various American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and Hawaiian home lands.

### Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC)

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRCs) are corporate entities established to conduct both business and nonprofit affairs of Alaska Natives pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972 (Public Law 92-203). Twelve ANRCs are geographic entities that cover most of the state of Alaska (the Annette Island Reserve–an American Indian reservation–is excluded from any ANRC). (A thirteenth ANRC represents Alaska Natives who do not live in Alaska and do not identify with any of the 12 corporations; the U.S. Census Bureau does not provide data for this ANRC because it has no geographic extent.) The boundaries of ANRCs have been legally established.

The U.S. Census Bureau offers representatives of the 12 nonprofit ANRCs the opportunity to review and update the ANRC boundaries. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for ANRCs for the 1990 census.

Each ANRC is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code, which is assigned in alphabetical order by ANRC name.

### Alaska Native Village Statistical Area (ANVSA)

Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSAs) are statistical entities that represent the densely settled portion of Alaska Native villages (ANVs), which constitute associations, bands, clans, communities, groups, tribes or villages, recognized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972 (Public Law 92-203). ANVSAs are reviewed and delineated by officials of the ANV (or officials of the Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC) in which the ANV is located if no ANV official chooses to participate in the delineation process) solely for data presentation purposes.

An ANVSA may not overlap the boundary of another ANVSA, an American Indian reservation, or a tribal designated statistical area. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for ANVSAs for the 1990 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a national four-digit census code ranging from 6000 through 7999. Each ANVSA also is assigned a state-based five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order by ANVSA name.

#### **American Indian Reservation**

Federal American Indian reservations are areas that have been set aside by the United States for the use of tribes, the exterior boundaries of which are more particularly defined in the final tribal treaties, agreements, executive orders, federal statutes, secretarial orders, or judicial determinations. The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes federal reservations as territory over which American Indian tribes have primary governmental authority. These entities are known as colonies, communities, pueblos, rancherias, ranches, reservations, reserves, villages, Indian communities, and Indian villages. The Bureau of Indian Affairs maintains a list of federally recognized tribal governments. The U.S. Census Bureau contacts representatives of American Indian tribal governments to identify the boundaries for federal reservations.

Some state governments have established reservations for tribes recognized by the state. A governor-appointed state liaison provides the names and boundaries for state recognized American Indian reservations to the U.S. Census Bureau. The names of these reservations are followed by "(State)" in census data presentations.

Federal reservations may cross state boundaries, and federal and state reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries. For reservations that cross state boundaries, only the portions of the reservations in a given state are shown in the data products for that state. Lands that are administered jointly and/or are claimed by two tribes, whether federally or state recognized, are called "joint use areas," and are treated as if they are separate American Indian reservations for data presentation purposes. The entire reservations are shown in data products for the United States. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for American Indian reservations in the 1970 census.

Each federal American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001 through 4999. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservation names nationwide, except that joint use areas appear at the end of the code range. Each state American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9000 through 9499. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code; because FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical sequence within each state, the FIPS code is different in each state for reservations that include territory in more than one state.

#### **American Indian Off-Reservation Trust Land**

Trust lands are areas for which the United States holds title in trust for the benefit of a tribe (tribal trust land) or for an individual American Indian (individual trust land). Trust lands can be alienated or encumbered only by the owner with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior or his/her authorized representative. Trust lands may be located on or off of a reservation. The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes and tabulates data for reservations and off-reservation trust lands because American Indian tribes have primary governmental authority over these lands. Primary tribal governmental authority generally is not attached to tribal lands located off the reservation until the lands are placed in trust.

In the U.S. Census Bureau's data tabulations, off-reservation trust lands always are associated with a specific federally recognized reservation and/or tribal government. Such trust lands may be located in more than one state. Only the portions of off-reservation trust lands in a given state are shown in the data products for that state; all off-reservation trust lands associated with a reservation or tribe are shown in data products for the United States. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided trust land data for off-reservation tribal trust lands in the 1980 census; in 1990, the trust land data included both tribal and individual trust lands. The U.S. Census Bureau does not identify restricted fee land or land in fee simple status as a specific geographic category.

In decennial census data tabulations, off-reservation trust lands are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code that is the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated. As with reservations, FIPS codes for off-reservation trust lands are unique within state, so they will differ if they extend into more than one state. The FIPS codes for such off-reservation trust lands are the same as those for the associated reservation. In the TIGER/Line® products, a letter code—"T" for tribal and "I" for individual—

identifies off-reservation trust lands. In decennial census data tabulations, a trust land flag uniquely identifies off-reservation trust lands. Printed reports show separate tabulations for all off-reservation trust land areas, but do not provide separate tabulations for the tribal versus individual trust lands. Trust lands associated with tribes that do not have a reservation are presented and coded by tribal name, interspersed alphabetically among the reservation names.

### **American Indian Tribal Subdivision**

American Indian tribal subdivisions are administrative subdivisions of federally recognized American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, or Oklahoma tribal statistical areas (OTSAs), known as areas, chapters, communities, or districts. These entities are internal units of self-government or administration that serve social, cultural, and/or economic purposes for the American Indians on the reservations, off-reservation trust lands, or OTSAs.

The U.S. Census Bureau obtains the boundary and name information for tribal subdivisions from tribal governments. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for American Indian tribal subdivisions in the 1980 census when it identified them as "American Indian subreservation areas." It did not provide data for these entities in conjunction with the 1990 census.

Each American Indian tribal subdivision is assigned a three-digit census code that is alphabetically in order and unique within each reservation, associated off-reservation trust land, and OTSA. Each tribal subdivision also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code. FIPS codes are assigned alphabetically within state; the FIPS codes are different in each state for tribal subdivisions that extend into more than one state.

#### **Hawaiian Home Land (HHL)**

Hawaiian home lands (HHLs) are areas held in trust for native Hawaiians by the state of Hawaii, pursuant to the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended. The U.S. Census Bureau obtained the names and boundaries of HHLs from state officials. HHLs are a new geographic entity for Census 2000.

Each HHL area is assigned a national four-digit census code ranging from 5000 through 5499 based on the alphabetical sequence of each HHL name. Each HHL also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within the state of Hawaii.

#### Oklahoma Tribal Statistical Area (OTSA)

Oklahoma tribal statistical areas (OTSAs) are statistical entities identified and delineated by the U.S. Census Bureau in consultation with federally recognized American Indian tribes in Oklahoma that do not currently have a reservation, but once had a reservation in that state. Boundaries of OTSAs will be those of the former reservations in Oklahoma, except where modified by agreements with neighboring tribes for data presentation purposes. OTSAs replace the "tribal jurisdiction statistical areas" of the 1990 census. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for the former Oklahoma reservations in conjunction with the 1980 census, when it defined a single allencompassing geographic entity called the "Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas)."

Each OTSA is assigned a national four-digit census code ranging from 5500 through 5999 based on the alphabetical sequence of each OTSA's name, except that the joint use areas appear at the end of the code range. Each OTSA also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order in Oklahoma.

### State Designated American Indian Statistical Area (SDAISA)

State designated American Indian statistical areas (SDAISAs) are statistical entities for state recognized American Indian tribes that do not have a state recognized land base (reservation). SDAISAs are identified and delineated for the U.S. Census Bureau by a state liaison identified by the governor's office in each state. SDAISAs generally encompass a compact and contiguous area that contains a concentration of people who identify with a state recognized American Indian tribe and in which there is structured or organized tribal activity. A SDAISA may not be located in more than one state unless the tribe is recognized by both states, and it may not include area within an American Indian reservation, off-reservation trust land, Alaska Native village statistical area, tribal designated statistical area (TDSA), or Oklahoma tribal statistical area.

The U.S. Census Bureau established SDAISAs as a new geographic statistical entity for Census 2000, to differentiate between state recognized tribes without a land base and federally recognized tribes without a land base. For the 1990 census, all such tribal entities had been identified as TDSAs.

Each SDAISA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9500 through 9999 in alphabetical sequence of SDAISA names nationwide. Each SDAISA also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within state.

#### Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)

Tribal designated statistical areas (TDSAs) are statistical entities identified and delineated for the U.S. Census Bureau by federally recognized American Indian tribes that do not currently have a federally recognized land base (reservation or off-reservation trust land). A TDSA generally encompasses a compact and contiguous area that contains a concentration of people who identify with a federally recognized American Indian tribe and in which there is structured or organized tribal activity. A TDSA may be located in more than one state, and it may not include area within an American Indian reservation, off-reservation trust land, Alaska Native village statistical area, state designated American Indian statistical area (SDAISA), or Oklahoma tribal statistical area.

The U.S. Census Bureau first reported data for TDSAs in conjunction with the 1990 census, when both federally and state recognized tribes could identify and delineate TDSAs. TDSAs now apply only to federally recognized tribes. State recognized tribes without a land base, including those that were TDSAs in 1990, are identified as SDAISAs, a new geographic entity for Census 2000.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 8000 through 8999 in alphabetical sequence of TDSA names nationwide. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within state; because FIPS codes are assigned within each state, the FIPS code is different in each state for TDSAs that extend into more than one state.

#### AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement data provide the size, in square units (metric and nonmetric) of geographic entities for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates and disseminates data. Area is calculated from the specific boundary recorded for each entity in the U.S. Census Bureau's geographic database (see TIGER® database). These area measurements are recorded as whole square meters. (To convert square meters to square kilometers, divide by 1,000,000; to convert square kilometers to square miles, divide by 2.589988; to convert square meters to square miles, divide by 2,589,988.)

The U.S. Census Bureau provides area measurement data for both land area and total water area. The water area figures include inland, coastal, Great Lakes, and territorial water. (For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau provided area measurements for land and total water; water area for each of the four water classifications was available in the Geographic Identification Code Scheme (GICS) product only.) "Inland water" consists of any lake, reservoir, pond, or similar body of water that is recorded in the U.S. Census Bureau's geographic database. It also includes any river, creek, canal, stream, or similar feature that is recorded in that database as a two-dimensional feature (rather than as a single line). The portions of the oceans and related large embayments (such as the Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound), the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea that belong to the United States and its territories are classified as "coastal" and "territorial" waters; the Great Lakes are treated as a separate water entity. Rivers and bays that empty into these bodies of water are treated as "inland water" from the point beyond which they are narrower than one nautical mile across. Identification of land and inland, coastal, territorial, and Great Lakes waters is for data presentation purposes only and does not necessarily reflect their legal definitions.

Land and water area measurements may disagree with the information displayed on U.S. Census Bureau maps and in the TIGER® database because, for area measurement purposes, features identified as "intermittent water" and "glacier" are reported as land area. For this reason, it may not be possible to derive the land area for an entity by summing the land area of its component census blocks. In addition, the water area measurement reported for some geographic entities includes water that is not included in any lower-level geographic entity. Therefore, because water is contained only in a higher-level geographic entity, summing the water measurements for all the component lower-level geographic entities will not yield the water area of that higher-level entity. This occurs, for example, where water is associated with a county but is not within the legal boundary of any minor civil division. Crews-of-vessels entities (see CENSUS TRACT and CENSUS BLOCK) do not encompass territory and, therefore, have no area measurements.

The accuracy of any area measurement data is limited by the accuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary information in the TIGER® database, (2) the location and shapes of the shorelines of water bodies in that database, and (3) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements.

#### **BLOCK GROUP (BG)**

A block group (BG) consists of all census blocks having the same first digit of their four-digit identifying numbers within a census tract. For example, block group 3 (BG 3) within a census tract includes all blocks numbered from 3000 to 3999. BGs generally contain between 600 and 3,000 people, with an optimum size of 1,500 people. BGs on American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, and special places must contain a minimum of 300 people. (Special places include correctional institutions, military installations, college campuses, worker's dormitories, hospitals, nursing homes, and group homes.)

Most BGs were delineated by local participants as part of the U.S. Census Bureau's Participant Statistical Areas Program. The U.S. Census Bureau delineated BGs only where a local, state, or tribal government declined to participate or where the U.S. Census Bureau could not identify a potential local or tribal participant.

BGs never cross the boundaries of states, counties, or statistically equivalent entities, except for a BG delineated by American Indian tribal authorities, and then only when tabulated within the American Indian hierarchy (see TRIBAL BLOCK GROUP). BGs never cross the boundaries of census tracts, but may cross the boundary of any other geographic entity required as a census block boundary (see CENSUS BLOCK).

In decennial census data tabulations, a BG may be split to present data for every unique combination of American Indian area, Alaska Native area, Hawaiian home land, congressional district, county subdivision, place, voting district, or other tabulation entity shown in the data products. For example, if BG 3 is partly in a city and partly outside the city, there are separate tabulated records for each portion of BG 3. BGs are used in tabulating data nationwide, as was done for the 1990 census, for all block-numbered areas in the 1980 census, and for selected areas in the 1970 census. For data presentation purposes, BGs are a substitute for the enumeration districts (EDs) used for reporting data in many parts of the United States for the 1970 and 1980 censuses and in all areas before 1970. Also, BGs are the lowest level of the geographic hierarchy for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates and presents sample data.

#### **BOUNDARY CHANGES**

Many of the legal and statistical entities for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates decennial census data have had boundary changes between the 1990 census and Census 2000; that is, between January 2, 1990, and January 1, 2000. Boundary changes to legal entities result from:

- 1. Annexations to or detachments from legally established governmental units.
- 2. Mergers or consolidations of two or more governmental units.
- 3. Establishment of new governmental units.
- 4. Disincorporations or disorganizations of existing governmental units.
- 5. Changes in treaties or executive orders, and governmental action placing additional lands in trust.
- 6. Decisions by federal, state, and local courts.
- 7. Redistricting for congressional districts or county subdivisions that represent single-member districts for election to a county governing board.

Statistical entity boundaries generally are reviewed by local, state, or tribal governments and can have changes to adjust boundaries to visible features to better define the geographic area each encompasses or to account for shifts and changes in the population distribution within an area.

The historical counts shown for counties, county subdivisions, places, and American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian areas are not updated for such changes, and thus reflect the population and housing units in each entity as delineated at the time of each decennial census. Boundary changes are not reported for some entities, such as census designated places and block groups.

Changes to the boundaries for census tracts and, for the first time, for census blocks are available in relationship files, which are only available in computer-readable form. The census tract relationship files feature the relationship of census tracts/block numbering areas at the time of the 1990 census to census tracts for Census 2000, and vice versa, including partial relationships. For the first time, the census tract relationship files show a measure of the magnitude of change using the proportion of the length of roads and sides of roads contained in partial census tracts. This information can be used to proportion the data for the areas where census tracts have changed.

The census block relationship files, which are available only in computer-readable form, present relationships of the 1990 census and Census 2000 blocks on the basis of whole blocks or part blocks ("P"). The following relationships can be derived:

	1990 census block	2000 census block
One to one	601 101 P 101 P	1017 3028 2834
Many to many	410 503 404 501 P 502 P	2554 P 2554 P 2554 P 1007 P 1007 P 1008 P

Block relationship files are available to compare the following sets of census blocks:

1990 tabulation block to 2000 collection block, 2000 collection block to 2000 tabulation block, and 1990 tabulation block to 2000 tabulation block.

Census tract relationship files and block relationship files are not geographic equivalency files. For a true areal comparison between the census tracts/block numbering areas and blocks used for the 1990 census and the census tracts and blocks used for Census 2000 (as well as other geographic areas), it is necessary to use the 2000 TIGER/Line® files. The 2000 TIGER/Line files will contain 1990 and 2000 boundaries for counties and statistically equivalent entities, county subdivisions, places, American Indian areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, census tracts, census blocks, and by derivation from the census blocks, block groups.

#### **CENSUS BLOCK**

Census blocks are areas bounded on all sides by visible features, such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries, such as city, town, township, and county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of streets and roads. Generally, census blocks are small in area; for example, a block bounded by city streets. However, census blocks in sparsely settled areas may contain many square miles of territory.

All territory in the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Island Areas has been assigned block numbers, as was the case for the 1990 census. To improve operational efficiency and geographic identifications, the U.S. Census Bureau has introduced different numbering systems for tabulation blocks used in decennial census data products, and for collection blocks, used in administering the census. (In 1990, there generally was a single numbering system.) Collection block numbers are available only in the TIGER/Line® data products; the U.S. Census Bureau does not tabulate data for collection blocks.

Many tabulation blocks, used in decennial census data products, represent the same geographic area as the collection blocks used in the Census 2000 enumeration process. Where the collection blocks include territory in two or more geographic entities, each unique piece required for data tabulation is identified as a separate tabulation block with a separate block number. It is possible for two or more collection blocks to be combined into a single tabulation block. This situation can occur when a visible feature established as a collection block boundary is deleted during the field update operation. Tabulation blocks do not cross the boundaries of any entity for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates data, including American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, Hawaiian home lands, census tracts, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, state legislative districts, urban and rural areas, school districts, voting districts, and ZIP Code® tabulation areas. Tabulation blocks also generally do not cross the boundaries of certain landmarks, including military installations, national parks, and national monuments.

Tabulation blocks are identified uniquely within census tract by means of a four-digit number. (The 1990 census block numbers had three digits, with a potential alphabetic suffix.) The Census 2000 collection blocks are numbered uniquely within county (or statistically equivalent entity), and consist of four or five digits. For its Census 2000 data tabulations, the U.S. Census Bureau created a unique set of census block numbers immediately before beginning the tabulation process. These

are the census block numbers seen in the data presentations. For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau created a separate block with a suffix of "Z" to identify crews-of-vessels population. For Census 2000, crews-of-vessels population is assigned to the land block identified by the U.S. Census Bureau as associated with the home port of the vessel.

Participants in certain U.S. Census Bureau-sponsored programs were able to request that line features in the TIGER® database be held as tabulation block boundaries, provided that these conformed to U.S. Census Bureau criteria. This option was available to participants in the Census 2000 Redistricting Data Program (the Block Boundary Suggestion Project), American Indian and Alaska Native Area Tribal Review (Block Definition Project), and the District of Columbia and the Puerto Rico Block Boundary Definition Project.

The U.S. Census Bureau introduced a different method for identifying the water areas of census blocks. For the 1990 census, water was not uniquely identified within a census block; instead, all water area internal to a block group was given a single block number ending in "99" (for example, in block group 1, all water was identified as block 199). A suffix was added to each water block number where the block existed in more than one tabulation entity within its block group. For Census 2000, water area located completely within the boundary of a single land tabulation block has the same block number as that land block. Water area that touches more than one land block is assigned a unique block number not associated with any adjacent land block. The water block numbers begin with the block group number followed by "999" and proceed in descending order (for example, in block group 3, the numbers assigned to water areas that border multiple land blocks are 3999, 3998, etc.). In some block groups, the numbering of land blocks might use enough of the available numbers to reach beyond the 900 range within the block group. For this reason, and because some land blocks include water (ponds and small lakes), no conclusions about whether a block is all land or all water can be made by looking at the block number. The land/water flag, set at the polygon level in the TIGER® database and shown in TIGER/Line® and statistical data tabulation files, is the only way to know if a block is all water when viewing the computer files. On maps, water areas are shown with a screen symbol.

### **CENSUS DIVISION**

Census divisions are groupings of states and the District of Columbia that are subdivisions of the four census regions. There are nine census divisions, which the U.S. Census Bureau established in 1910 for the presentation of census data. Each census division is identified by a one-digit census code; the same number appears as the first digit in the two-digit census state code (see STATE).

Puerto Rico and the Island Areas are not part of any census region or census division. For a list of all census regions, census divisions, and their constituent states, see Figure A-3.

#### **CENSUS REGION**

Census regions are groupings of states and the District of Columbia that subdivide the United States for the presentation of census data. There are four census regions—Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. Each of the four census regions is divided into two or more census divisions. Before 1984, the Midwest region was named the North Central region. From 1910, when census regions were established, through the 1940s, there were three census regions—North, South, and West. Each census region is identified by a single-digit census code.

Puerto Rico and the Island Areas are not part of any census region or census division. For a list of all census regions, census divisions, and their constituent states, see Figure A-3.

#### **CENSUS TRACT**

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county or statistically equivalent entity delineated by local participants as part of the U.S. Census Bureau's Participant Statistical Areas Program. The U.S. Census Bureau delineated census tracts where no local participant existed or where a local or tribal government declined to participate. The primary purpose of

census tracts is to provide a stable set of geographic units for the presentation of decennial census data. This is the first decennial census for which the entire United States is covered by census tracts. For the 1990 census, some counties had census tracts and others had block numbering areas (BNAs). For Census 2000, all BNAs were replaced by census tracts, which may or may not represent the same areas.

Census tracts in the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States generally have between 1,500 and 8,000 people, with an optimum size of 4,000 people. For American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam, the optimum size is 2,500 people. Counties and statistically equivalent entities with fewer than 1,500 people have a single census tract. Census tracts on American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, and special places must contain a minimum of 1,000 people. (Special places include correctional institutions, military installations, college campuses, workers' dormitories, hospitals, nursing homes, and group homes.) When first delineated, census tracts are designed to be relatively homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. The spatial size of census tracts varies widely depending on the density of settlement. Census tract boundaries are delineated with the intention of being maintained over many decades so that statistical comparisons can be made from decennial census to decennial census. However, physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, new developments, and so forth, may require occasional boundary revisions. In addition, census tracts occasionally are split due to population growth or combined as a result of substantial population decline.

Census tracts are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit numeric suffix; for example, 6059.02. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in the printed reports and on census maps. In computer-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many census tracts do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is either left blank or is zero-filled. Leading zeros in a census tract number (for example, 002502) are shown only in computer-readable files. Census tract suffixes may range from .01 to .98. For the 1990 census, the .99 suffix was reserved for census tracts/block numbering areas (BNAs) that contained only crews-of-vessels population; for Census 2000, the crews-of-vessels population is included with the related census tract.

Census tract numbers range from 1 to 9999 and are unique within a county or statistically equivalent entity. The U.S. Census Bureau reserves the basic census tract numbers 9400 to 9499 for census tracts delineated within or to encompass American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust lands that exist in multiple states or counties (see TRIBAL CENSUS TRACTS). The number 0000 in computer-readable files identifies a census tract delineated to provide complete coverage of water area in territorial seas and the Great Lakes.

### **CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD)**

Congressional districts (CDs) are the 435 areas from which people are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. After the apportionment of congressional seats among the states, based on census population counts, each state is responsible for establishing CDs for the purpose of electing representatives. Each CD is to be as equal in population to all other CDs in the state as practicable.

The CDs in effect at the time of Census 2000 are those of the 106th Congress, whose session began in January 1999. The CDs of the 103rd Congress (January 1993 to 1995) were the first to reflect redistricting based on the 1990 census. These CD boundaries and numbers remained in effect until after Census 2000, except where a state initiative or a court-ordered redistricting had required a change. Six states redistricted for the 104th Congress (Georgia, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, South Carolina, and Virginia), five states redistricted for the 105th Congress (Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, and Texas), and three states (New York, North Carolina, and Virginia) redistricted for the 106th Congress. The 108th Congress will be the first to reflect reapportionment and redistricting based on Census 2000 data.

CDs are identified with a two-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code. The code "00" is used for states with a single representative.

American Samoa, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, and the District of Columbia are represented in the House of Representatives by a delegate, and Puerto Rico by a resident commissioner, all of whom may not vote on the floor of the House of Representatives, but may vote on legislation as it is considered by committees to which they have been named. In computer-readable data products that display a congressional district field, the two-digit FIPS code "98" is used to identify such representational areas. The Northern Mariana Islands does not have representation in Congress. The FIPS code "99" identifies areas with no representation in Congress.

#### **COUNTY (OR STATISTICALLY EQUIVALENT ENTITY)**

The primary legal divisions of most states are termed "counties." In Louisiana, these divisions are known as parishes. In Alaska, which has no counties, the statistically equivalent entities are census areas, city and boroughs (as in Juneau City and Borough), a municipality (Anchorage), and organized boroughs. Census areas are delineated cooperatively for data presentation purposes by the state of Alaska and the U.S. Census Bureau. In four states (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more incorporated places that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their states; these incorporated places are known as "independent cities" and are treated as equivalent to counties for data presentation purposes. (In some data presentations, they may be treated as county subdivisions and places.) The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for data presentation purposes. In American Samoa, the primary divisions are districts and islands; in the Northern Mariana Islands, municipalities; in the Virgin Islands of the United States, the principal islands of St. Croix, St. John, and St. Thomas. Guam has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for data presentation purposes.

Each county and statistically equivalent entity is assigned a three-digit Federal Information Processing Standards code that is unique within state. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within state, except for the independent cities, which are assigned codes higher than and following the listing of counties.

#### **COUNTY SUBDIVISION**

County subdivisions are the primary divisions of counties and statistically equivalent entities for data presentation purposes. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions (MCDs), unorganized territories, and incorporated places that are independent of any MCD.

Each county subdivision is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within each state.

### **Census County Division (CCD)**

Census county divisions (CCDs) are county subdivisions that were delineated by the U.S. Census Bureau, in cooperation with state and local government officials for data presentation purposes. CCDs have been established in 21 states where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCDs), where the MCDs do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCDs are ambiguous or change frequently, and/or where the MCDs generally are not known to the public. CCDs have no legal functions and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCDs usually are delineated to follow visible features and coincide with census tracts where applicable. (In a few instances, two CCDs may constitute a single census tract.) The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCDs have been established in the following 21 states: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

#### **Census Subarea**

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs, census areas, city and boroughs, and the municipality (entities that are statistically equivalent to counties) in Alaska. Census subareas are delineated cooperatively by the state of Alaska and the U.S. Census Bureau. They were first used for data presentation purposes in conjunction with the 1980 census.

#### **Minor Civil Division (MCD)**

Minor civil divisions (MCDs) are the primary governmental or administrative divisions of a county in many states (parish in Louisiana). MCDs represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCDs are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, charter townships, election districts, election precincts, gores, grants, locations, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, road districts, supervisors' districts, towns, and townships. In some states, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD (independent places) and thus serve as MCDs in their own right. In other states, incorporated places are part of the MCDs in which they are located (dependent places), or the pattern is mixed–some incorporated places are independent of MCDs and others are included within one or more MCDs. Independent cities, which are statistically equivalent to a county, also are treated as a separate MCD equivalent in states containing MCDs. In Maine and New York, there are American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust lands that serve as MCD equivalents; a separate MCD is created in each case where the American Indian area crosses a county boundary.

The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes MCDs in the following 28 states: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the city of Washington is considered equivalent to an MCD for data presentation purposes. Arlington County, VA, also has no MCDs and the entire county is designated as an MCD with the name Arlington.

In the Island Areas, the U.S. Census Bureau recognizes the following entities as MCDs:

- American Samoa: Counties (within the three districts; the two islands have no legal subdivisions).
- Northern Mariana Islands: Municipal districts.
- Guam: Election districts.
- Virgin Islands of the United States: Census subdistricts.

The MCDs in 12 states (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments that generally can perform the same governmental functions as incorporated places. The U.S. Census Bureau presents data for these MCDs in all data products in which it provides data for places.

In eight MCD states (Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, and South Dakota) the MCD townships serve as general-purpose local governments but do not have the ability to perform all the governmental functions as incorporated places. This category also includes the counties in American Samoa. Missouri is exceptional in that it has a minority of townships that serve as general-purpose governments (the majority of townships in Missouri fall into the category described below).

In the remaining eight MCD states (Arkansas, Iowa, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia); the counties containing precincts in Illinois and Nebraska; the townships in Williamson County, Illinois; and the majority of townships in Missouri, the MCDs are geographic subdivisions of the counties and are not governmental units. The MCDs in Puerto Rico and the Island Areas (except American Samoa) also fall into this classification.

### **Unorganized Territory**

Unorganized territories occur in 10 minor civil division (MCD) states (Arkansas, Indiana, Iowa, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, and South Dakota) where portions of counties are not included in any legally established MCD or independent incorporated place. The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes such areas as one or more separate county subdivisions

for purposes of data presentation. It assigns each unorganized territory a descriptive name, followed by the designation "unorganized territory" or "UT." Unorganized territories were first used for data presentation purposes in conjunction with the 1960 census.

#### **GEOGRAPHIC CODE**

Geographic codes are shown primarily in computer-readable data products, such as computer tape and CD-ROM/DVD media, including data tabulations and data tables associated with computer-readable boundary files, but they also are shown on some U.S. Census Bureau maps. Census codes are used only if there is no Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the same geographic entity or if the FIPS code is not adequate for data presentation. A code that is not identified as either "census" or "FIPS" is usually a census code for which there is no FIPS equivalent. Entities that use only FIPS codes in U.S. Census Bureau products are congressional district, county and statistically equivalent entity, county subdivision, subbarrio, Alaska Native Regional Corporation, metropolitan area (that is, metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, primary metropolitan statistical area, and New England county metropolitan area), place, and state. (A census code exists for each state, but was not assigned in alphabetical sequence and serves to organize the states by census region and census division.)

#### **Census Code**

Census codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian area, Alaska Native village statistical area, Hawaiian home land, census division, census region, urbanized area, urban cluster, state legislative district, school district, urban growth area, and voting district. The structure, format, and meaning of census codes used in U.S. Census Bureau data products appear in the appropriate technical documentation.

# Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian area, Alaska Native area, Hawaiian home land, congressional district, county, county subdivision, metropolitan area, place, and state. The structure, format, and meaning of FIPS codes used in U.S. Census Bureau data products appear in the appropriate technical documentation.

The objective of FIPS codes is to improve the ability to use the data resources of the federal government and avoid unnecessary duplication and incompatibilities in the collection, processing, and dissemination of data. The FIPS codes and FIPS code documentation are available online at http://www.itl.nist.gov/fipspubs/index.htm. Further information about the FIPS 5-2, 6-4, and 9-1 publications (states, counties, and congressional districts, respectively) is available from the Geographic Areas Branch, Geography Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-7400, telephone 301- 457-1099. Further information about the FIPS 55-DC3 publication (places, consolidated cities, county subdivisions, and noncensus locational entities) is available from the Geographic Names Office, National Mapping Division, U.S. Geological Survey, 523 National Center, Reston, VA 20192, telephone 703-648-4544.

# **United States Postal Service (USPS) Code**

United States Postal Service (USPS) codes for states are used in all decennial census data products. The codes are two-character alphabetic abbreviations. These codes are the same as the Federal Information Processing Standards two-character alphabetic abbreviations.

# **INTERNAL POINT**

An internal point is a set of geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity; for many entities, this point represents the approximate geographic center of that entity. If the shape of the entity causes this point to be located outside the boundary of the entity or in a water body, it is relocated to land area within the entity. In computer-readable products, internal points are shown to six decimal places; the decimal point is implied.

The first character of the latitude or longitude is a plus (+) or a minus (-) sign. A plus sign in the latitude identifies the point as being in the Northern Hemisphere, while a minus sign identifies a location in the Southern Hemisphere. For longitude, a plus sign identifies the point as being in the Eastern Hemisphere, while a minus sign identifies a location in the Western Hemisphere.

#### ISLAND AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES

The Island Areas of the United States are American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Mariana Islands), and the Virgin Islands of the United States. The U.S. Census Bureau treats the Island Areas as entities that are statistically equivalent to states for data presentation purposes. Geographic definitions specific to the Island Areas are shown in the appropriate publications and documentation that accompany the data products for the Island Areas.

Sometimes the Island Areas are referred to as "Island Territories" or "Insular Areas." For the 1990 and previous censuses, the U.S. Census Bureau referred to the entities as "Outlying Areas." The term "U.S. Minor Outlying Islands" refers to certain small islands under U.S. jurisdiction in the Caribbean and Pacific: Baker Island, Howland Island, Jarvis Island, Johnston Atoll, Kingman Reef, Midway Islands, Navassa Island, Palmyra Atoll, and Wake Island.

#### **METROPOLITAN AREA (MA)**

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Some MAs are defined around two or more nuclei.

The MAs and the central cities within an MA are designated and defined by the federal Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official standards that are published in a Federal Register Notice. These standards were developed by the interagency Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, with the aim of producing definitions that are as consistent as possible for all MAs nationwide.

Each MA must contain either a place with a minimum population of 50,000 or a U.S. Census Bureau-defined urbanized area and a total MA population of at least 100,000 (75,000 in New England). An MA contains one or more central counties. An MA also may include one or more outlying counties that have close economic and social relationships with the central county. An outlying county must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and also must meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, MAs consist of groupings of cities and county subdivisions (mostly towns) rather than whole counties.

The territory, population, and housing units in MAs are referred to as "metropolitan." The metropolitan category is subdivided into "inside central city" and "outside central city." The territory, population, and housing units located outside territory designated "metropolitan" are referred to as "nonmetropolitan." The metropolitan and nonmetropolitan classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, generally there are both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

To meet the needs of various users, the standards provide for a flexible structure of metropolitan definitions that classify each MA either as a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or as a consolidated metropolitan statistical area divided into primary metropolitan statistical areas. In New England, there also is an alternative county-based definition of MSAs known as the New England County Metropolitan Areas. (See definitions below.) Documentation of the MA standards and how they are applied is available from the Population Distribution Branch, Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-8800, telephone 301-457-2419.

# **Central City**

In each metropolitan statistical area and consolidated metropolitan statistical area, the largest place and, in some cases, one or more additional places are designated as "central cities" under the official standards. A few primary metropolitan statistical areas do not have central cities. The

largest central city and, in some cases, up to two additional central cities, are included in the title of the metropolitan area (MA); there also are central cities that are not included in an MA title. An MA central city does not include any part of that place that extends outside the MA boundary.

# Consolidated and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA and PMSA)

If an area that qualifies as a metropolitan area (MA) has 1 million people or more, two or more primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSAs) may be defined within it. Each PMSA consists of a large urbanized county or cluster of counties (cities and towns in New England) that demonstrate very strong internal economic and social links, in addition to close ties to other portions of the larger area. When PMSAs are established, the larger MA of which they are component parts is designated a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA). CMSAs and PMSAs are established only where local governments favor such designations for a large MA.

# Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

Metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) are metropolitan areas (MAs) that are not closely associated with other MAs. These areas typically are surrounded by nonmetropolitan counties (county subdivisions in New England).

# **Metropolitan Area Title and Code**

The title of a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) contains the name of its largest central city and up to two additional central city names, provided that the additional places meet specified levels of population, employment, and commuting. Generally, a place with a population of 250,000 or more is in the title, regardless of other criteria.

The title of a primary metropolitan statistical area (PMSA) may contain up to three place names, as determined above, or up to three county names, sequenced in order of population size, from largest to smallest. A consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) title also may include up to three names, the first of which generally is the most populous central city in the area. The second name may be the first city or county name in the most populous remaining PMSA; the third name may be the first city or county name in the next most populous PMSA. A regional designation may be substituted for the second and/or third names in a CMSA title if local opinion supports such a designation and the federal Office of Management and Budget deems it to be unambiguous and suitable.

The titles for all metropolitan areas (MAs) also contain the U.S. Postal Service's abbreviation for the name of each state in which the MA is located. Each MA is assigned a four-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code, in alphabetical order nationwide. If the fourth digit of the code is "2," it identifies a CMSA. Additionally, there is a separate set of two-digit FIPS codes for CMSAs, also assigned alphabetically.

# **New England County Metropolitan Area (NECMA)**

New England county metropolitan areas (NECMAs) are defined as a county-based alternative to the city- and town-based New England metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) and consolidated metropolitan statistical areas (CMSAs). The NECMA defined for an MSA or a CMSA includes:

- The county containing the first-named city in that MSA/CMSA title (this county may include the first-named cities of other MSAs/CMSAs as well), and
- Each additional county having at least half its population in the MSAs/CMSAs whose first-named cities are in the previously identified county. NECMAs are not identified for individual primary metropolitan statistical areas.

Central cities of a NECMA are those places in the NECMA that qualify as central cities of an MSA or a CMSA. NECMA titles derive from the names of these central cities. Each NECMA is assigned a four-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code.

#### **PLACE**

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places, consolidated cities, and incorporated places. Each place is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code, based on the alphabetical order of the place name within each state. If place names are duplicated within a state and they represent distinctly different areas, a separate code is assigned to each place name alphabetically by primary county in which each place is located, or if both places are in the same county, alphabetically by their legal description (for example, "city" before "village").

# **Census Designated Place (CDP)**

Census designated places (CDPs) are delineated for each decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDPs are delineated to provide census data for concentrations of population, housing, and commercial structures that are identifiable by name but are not within an incorporated place. CDP boundaries usually are defined in cooperation with state, local, and tribal officials. These boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place or other legal entity boundary, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change from one decennial census to the next with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in an earlier census does not necessarily have the same boundary.

For Census 2000, for the first time, CDPs did not need to meet a minimum population threshold to qualify for tabulation of census data. For the 1990 census and earlier censuses, the U.S. Census Bureau required CDPs to qualify on the basis of various minimum population size criteria.

Beginning with the 1950 census, the U.S. Census Bureau, in cooperation with state and local governments (and American Indian tribal officials starting with the 1990 census), identified and delineated boundaries and names for CDPs. In the data products issued in conjunction with Census 2000, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP," as was the case for the 1990 and 1980 censuses. In the data products issued in conjunction with the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Hawaii is the only state that has no incorporated places recognized by the U.S. Census Bureau. All places shown in the data products for Hawaii are CDPs. By agreement with the state of Hawaii, the U.S. Census Bureau does not show data separately for the city of Honolulu, which is coextensive with Honolulu County.

All places in the Northern Mariana Islands and Guam are CDPs. The Virgin Islands of the United States has both CDPs and incorporated places. There are no CDPs in American Samoa; the U.S. Census Bureau treats the traditional villages as statistically equivalent to incorporated places.

# **Consolidated City**

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a consolidated city.

The presentation of data for consolidated cities varies depending on the geographic presentation. In some hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the places within the consolidated city and the "consolidated city (balance)." Although hierarchical presentations do not show the consolidated city, the data for it are the same as the county or county subdivision with which it is coextensive. Other hierarchical presentations do show the consolidated city, county or county subdivision, and (balance) as separate entities.

For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears alphabetically sequenced within the listing of places; in 1990, consolidated places appeared at the end of the listing. The data for the consolidated city include the data for all places that are part of and within the consolidated city. The "consolidated city (balance)" entry shows the data for the portion of the consolidated government minus the separately incorporated places within the consolidated city, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places that comprise the consolidated city. For data presentation purposes these "balance" entities are treated as statistically equivalent to a place; they have no legal basis or functions.

In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places within consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the "consolidated city (balance)." A few incorporated places are partially inside and partially outside a consolidated city. Data tabulations by place will include all territory within the place, while the tabulation for the place within a consolidated city is only for part of the place.

Each consolidated city is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code that is unique within state. The places within consolidated cities and the "consolidated city (balance)" also are assigned five-digit FIPS place codes that are unique within state. The code assigned to each place within a consolidated city is the same as its regular place code; a place that is partially included in a consolidated city does not have a different code for the portions inside and outside the consolidated city. FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical sequence within each state.

#### **Incorporated Place**

Incorporated places recognized in decennial census data products are those reported to the U.S. Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 2000, under the laws of their respective states, as cities, boroughs, city and boroughs, municipalities, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England states, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for decennial census purposes; the boroughs, city and boroughs (as in Juneau City and Borough), and municipality (Anchorage) in Alaska are county equivalents for decennial census statistical presentation purposes. In four states (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more incorporated places known as "independent cities" that are primary divisions of a state and legally not part of any county. For data presentation purposes, the U.S. Census Bureau may treat an independent city as a county equivalent, county subdivision, and place.

The U.S. Census Bureau treats the villages in American Samoa as incorporated places because they have their own officials, who have specific legal powers as authorized in the American Samoa Code. The village boundaries are traditional rather than being specific, legally defined locations. There are no incorporated places in Guam and the Northern Mariana Islands. The U.S. Census Bureau treats the three towns in the Virgin Islands of the United States as incorporated places.

There are a few incorporated places that do not have a legal description. An incorporated place is established to provide governmental functions for a concentration of people as opposed to a minor civil division, which generally is created to provide services or administer an area without regard, necessarily, to population.

# POPULATION OR HOUSING UNIT DENSITY

Population and housing unit density are computed by dividing the total population or number of housing units within a geographic entity (for example, United States, state, county, place) by the land area of that entity measured in square kilometers or square miles. Density is expressed as both "people (or housing units) per square kilometer" and "people (or housing units) per square mile" of land area.

# **PUBLIC USE MICRODATA AREA (PUMA)**

A public use microdata area (PUMA) is a decennial census area for which the U.S. Census Bureau provides specially selected extracts of raw data from a small sample of long-form census records that are screened to protect confidentiality. These extracts are referred to as "public use microdata sample (PUMS)" files. Since 1960, data users have been using these files to create their own statistical tabulations and data summaries.

For Census 2000, state, District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico participants, following U.S. Census Bureau criteria, delineated two types of PUMAs within their states. PUMAs of one type comprise areas that contain at least 100,000 people. The PUMS files for these PUMAs contain a 5-percent sample of the long-form records. The other type of PUMAs, super-PUMAs, comprise areas of at least 400,000 people. The sample size is 1 percent for the PUMS files for super-PUMAs.

PUMAs cannot be in more than one state or statistically equivalent entity. The larger 1-percent PUMAs are aggregations of the smaller 5-percent PUMAs.

#### **PUERTO RICO**

The U.S. Census Bureau treats the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico as the statistical equivalent of a state for data presentation purposes. Each state and statistically equivalent entity is assigned a two-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by state name, followed in alphabetical order by Puerto Rico and the Island Areas. Each state and statistically equivalent entity also is assigned the two-letter FIPS/U.S. Postal Service code.

#### Municipio

The primary legal divisions of Puerto Rico are termed "municipios." For data presentation purposes, the U.S. Census Bureau treats a municipio as the equivalent of a county in the United States.

Each municipio is assigned a unique three-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within Puerto Rico.

# Barrio, Barrio-Pueblo, and Subbarrio

The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes barrios and barrios-pueblo as the primary legal divisions of municipios. These entities are similar to the minor civil divisions (MCDs) used for reporting decennial census data in 28 states of the United States. Subbarrios in 23 municipios are the primary legal subdivisions of the barrios-pueblo and some barrios. The U.S. Census Bureau presents the same types of Census 2000 data for these "sub-MCDs" as it does for the barrios and barrios-pueblo. (There is no geographic entity in the United States equivalent to the subbarrio.)

Each barrio, barrio-pueblo, and subbarrio is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within Puerto Rico.

# Zona Urbana and Comunidad

There are no incorporated places in Puerto Rico; instead, the U.S. Census Bureau provides decennial census data for two types of census designated places (CDPs): (1) zonas urbanas, representing the governmental center of each municipio, and (2) comunidades, representing other settlements. For Census 2000, there are no minimum population size requirements for CDPs. (For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau had required comunidades to have at least 1,000 people.)

Each zona urbana and comunidad is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within Puerto Rico.

Some types of geographic entities do not apply in Puerto Rico. For instance, Puerto Rico is not in any census region or census division. In addition, the U.S. Census Bureau does not tabulate data for state legislative districts and traffic analysis zones in Puerto Rico. (See also CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD).)

# **SCHOOL DISTRICT**

School districts are geographic entities within which state, county, or local officials or the Department of Defense provide public educational services for the areas residents. The U.S. Census Bureau obtains the boundaries and names for school districts from state officials. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for school districts in conjunction with the 1970 census. For Census 2000, the U.S. Census Bureau tabulated data for three types of school districts: elementary, secondary, and unified.

Each school district is assigned a five-digit code that is unique within state. School district codes are assigned by the Department of Education and are not necessarily in alphabetical order by school district name.

# STATE (OR STATISTICALLY EQUIVALENT ENTITY)

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a state for data presentation purposes. For Census 2000, the U.S. Census Bureau also treats a number of entities that are not legal divisions of the United States as statistically equivalent to a state: American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States.

Each state and statistically equivalent entity is assigned a two-digit numeric Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by state name, followed in alphabetical order by Puerto Rico and the Island Areas. Each state and statistically equivalent entity also is assigned a two-letter FIPS/U.S. Postal Service code and a two-digit census code. The census code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of each state within each census division; the first digit of the code identifies the respective division, except for Puerto Rico and the Island Areas, which are not assigned to any region or division. The census regions, census divisions, and their component states are listed in Figure A–3.

#### STATE LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT (SLD)

State legislative districts (SLDs) are the areas from which members are elected to state legislatures. The SLDs embody the upper (senate) and lower (house) chambers of the state legislature. (Nebraska has a unicameral legislature that the U.S. Census Bureau treats as an upper-chamber legislative area for data presentation purposes. There are, therefore, no data by lower chamber.) A unique census code of up to three characters, identified by state participants, is assigned to each SLD within state. The code "ZZZ" identifies parts of a county in which no SLDs were identified.

As an option in the Census 2000 Redistricting Data Program (Public Law 94-171), participating states receive P.L. 94-171 census data for their SLDs (see VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)). Not all states delineated SLDs for the purpose of presenting Census 2000 data, in which case the entire state is treated as a single SLD coded with blanks at both levels.

#### **TIGER® DATABASE**

TIGER® is an acronym for the Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (System or database). It is a digital (computer-readable) geographic database that automates the mapping and related geographic activities required to support the U.S. Census Bureau's census and survey programs. The U.S. Census Bureau developed the TIGER System to automate the geographic support processes needed to meet the major geographic needs of the 1990 census: producing the cartographic products to support data collection and map presentations, providing the geographic structure for tabulation and dissemination of the collected statistical data, assigning residential and employer addresses to the correct geographic location and relating those locations to the geographic entities used for data tabulation, and so forth. The content of the TIGER database is undergoing continuous updates and is made available to the public through a variety of TIGER/Line® files that may be obtained free of charge from the Internet or packaged on CD-ROM or DVD from Customer Services, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-1900; telephone 301-763-INFO (4636); Internet http://www.census.gov/geo/www/tiger.

# TRAFFIC ANALYSIS ZONE (TAZ)

A traffic analysis zone (TAZ) is a statistical entity delineated by state and/or local transportation officials for tabulating traffic-related census data–especially journey-to-work and place-of-work statistics. A TAZ usually consists of one or more census blocks, block groups, or census tracts. For the 1990 census, TAZs were defined as part of the Census Transportation Planning Package (CTPP). The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for TAZs in conjunction with the 1980 census, when it identified them as "traffic zones."

Each TAZ is identified by a six-character alphanumeric code that is unique within county or statistically equivalent entity. For the 1990 census, TAZ codes were unique within CTPP area, which generally conformed to a metropolitan area.

#### TRIBAL BLOCK GROUP

A tribal block group (BG) is a cluster of census blocks having the same first digit of their four-digit identifying numbers and are within a single tribal census tract. For example, tribal BG 3 consists of all blocks within tribal tract 9406 numbered from 3000 to 3999. Where a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land crosses county and/or state lines, the same tribal BG may be assigned on both sides of the state/county boundary within a tribal census tract that is numbered from 9400 to 9499. The optimum size for a tribal BG is 1,000 people; it must contain a minimum of 300 people. (See also BLOCK GROUP (BG).)

The difference between a tribal BG and a nontribal BG is in the hierarchical presentation of the data. A tribal BG is part of the American Indian hierarchy; that is, the tribal BG is within a tribal census tract that is within a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land. (See INTRODUCTION—GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION OF DATA.)

#### TRIBAL CENSUS TRACT

Tribal census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land. The optimum size for a tribal census tract is 2,500 people; it must contain a minimum of 1,000 people. Where a federally recognized American Indian reservation or off-reservation trust land crosses county or state lines, the same tribal census tract number may be assigned on both sides of the state/county boundary. The U.S. Census Bureau uses the census tract numbers 9400 to 9499 for tribal census tracts that cross state/county boundaries and are within or encompassing American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust land. (See also CENSUS TRACT.)

The difference between a tribal census tract and a nontribal census tract is in the hierarchical presentation of the data. A tribal census tract is part of the American Indian hierarchy; that is, the tribal census tract is within a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land. (See INTRODUCTION—GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION OF DATA.)

#### **UNITED STATES**

The United States consists of the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

# **URBAN AND RURAL**

The U.S. Census Bureau classifies as urban all territory, population, and housing units located within urbanized areas (UAs) and urban clusters (UCs). It delineates UA and UC boundaries to encompass densely settled territory, which generally consists of:

- A cluster of one or more block groups or census blocks each of which has a population density of at least 1,000 people per square mile at the time.
- Surrounding block groups and census blocks each of which has a population density of at least 500 people per square mile at the time.
- Less densely settled blocks that form enclaves or indentations, or are used to connect discontiguous areas with qualifying densities.

Rural consists of all territory, population, and housing units located outside of UAs and UCs.

Geographic entities, such as metropolitan areas, counties, minor civil divisions, and places, often contain both urban and rural territory, population, and housing units.

This urban and rural classification applies to the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Virgin Islands of the United States.

#### **Urbanized Area (UA)**

An urbanized area (UA) consists of densely settled territory that contains 50,000 or more people. The U.S. Census Bureau delineates UAs to provide a better separation of urban and rural territory, population, and housing in the vicinity of large places.

For Census 2000, the UA criteria were extensively revised and the delineations were performed using a zero-based approach. Because of more stringent density requirements, some territory that was classified as urbanized for the 1990 census has been reclassified as rural. (Area that was part of a 1990 UA has not been automatically grandfathered into the 2000 UA.) In addition, some areas that were identified as UAs for the 1990 census have been reclassified as urban clusters.

# **Urban Cluster (UC)**

An urban cluster (UC) consists of densely settled territory that has at least 2,500 people but fewer than 50,000 people.

The U.S. Census Bureau introduced the UC for Census 2000 to provide a more consistent and accurate measure of the population concentration in and around places. UCs are defined using the same criteria that are used to define UAs. UCs replace the provision in the 1990 and previous censuses that defined as urban only those places with 2,500 or more people located outside of urbanized areas.

#### **Urban Area Title and Code**

The title of each urbanized area (UA) and urban cluster (UC) may contain up to three incorporated place names, and will include the two-letter U.S. Postal Service abbreviation for each state into which the UA or UC extends. However, if the UA or UC does not contain an incorporated place, the urban area title will include the single name of a census designated place, minor civil division, or populated place recognized by the U.S. Geological Survey's Geographic Names Information System.

Each UA and UC is assigned a five-digit numeric code, based on a national alphabetical sequence of all urban area names. For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau assigned a four-digit UA code based on the metropolitan area codes. A separate flag is included in data tabulation files to differentiate between UAs and UCs. In printed reports, this differentiation is included in the name.

#### **Urban Area Central Place**

A central place functions as the dominant center of an urban area. The U.S. Census Bureau identifies one or more central places for each urbanized area (UA) or urban cluster (UC) that contains a place. Any incorporated place or census designated place (CDP) that is in the title of the urban area is a central place of that UA or UC. In addition, any other incorporated place or CDP that has an urban population of 50,000 or an urban population of at least 2,500 people and is at least 2/3 the size of the largest place within the urban area also is a central place.

#### **Extended Place**

As a result of the urbanized area (UA) and urban cluster (UC) delineations, an incorporated place or census designated place may be partially within and partially outside of a UA or UC. Any place that is split by a UA or UC is referred to as an extended place.

Documentation of the UA, UC, and extended place criteria is available from the Geographic Areas Branch, Geography Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-7400; telephone 301-457-1099.

# **URBAN GROWTH AREA (UGA)**

An urban growth area (UGA) is a legally defined geographic entity in Oregon that the U.S. Census Bureau includes in the TIGER® database in agreement with the state. UGAs, which are defined around incorporated places, are used to control urban growth. UGA boundaries, which need not follow visible features, are delineated cooperatively by state and local officials and then confirmed in state law. UGAs are a new geographic entity for Census 2000.

Each UGA is identified by a five-digit census code, which generally is the same as the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the incorporated place for which the UGA is named. The codes are assigned alphabetically within Oregon.

# **VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)**

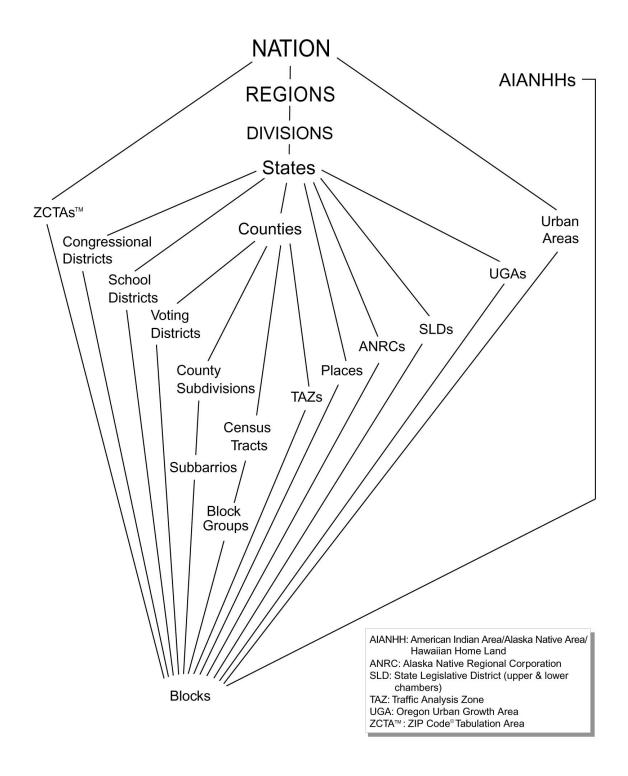
Voting district (VTD) is the generic name for geographic entities, such as precincts, wards, and election districts, established by state, local, and tribal governments for the purpose of conducting elections. States participating in the Census 2000 Redistricting Data Program as part of Public Law 94-171 (1975) may provide boundaries, codes, and names for their VTDs to the U.S. Census Bureau. The U.S. Census Bureau first reported data for VTDs following the 1980 census. Because the U.S. Census Bureau requires that VTDs follow boundaries of census blocks, participating states often adjusted the boundaries of the VTDs they submit to conform to census block boundaries for data presentation purposes. If requested by the participating state, the U.S. Census Bureau identifies the VTDs that have not been adjusted as an "A" for actual in the VTD indicator field of the PL data file. The VTD indicator for all other VTDs is shown as "P" for pseudo.

For Census 2000, each VTD is identified by a one- to six-character alphanumeric census code that is unique within county. The code "ZZZZZZ" identifies parts of a county in which no VTDs were identified. For a state or county that did not participate in the VTD project, the code fields are blank.

# ZIP CODE® TABULATION AREA (ZCTA™)

A ZIP Code® tabulation area (ZCTA™) is a statistical geographic entity that approximates the delivery area for a U.S. Postal Service five-digit or three-digit ZIP Code. ZCTAs are aggregations of census blocks that have the same predominant ZIP Code associated with the residential mailing addresses in the U.S. Census Bureau's Master Address File. Three-digit ZCTA codes are applied to large contiguous areas for which the U.S. Census Bureau does not have five-digit ZIP Code information in its Master Address File. ZCTAs do not precisely depict ZIP Code delivery areas, and do not include all ZIP Codes used for mail delivery. The U.S. Census Bureau has established ZCTAs as a new geographic entity similar to, but replacing, data tabulations for ZIP Codes undertaken in conjunction with the 1990 and earlier censuses.

Figure A-1. Standard Hierarchy of Census Geographic Entities



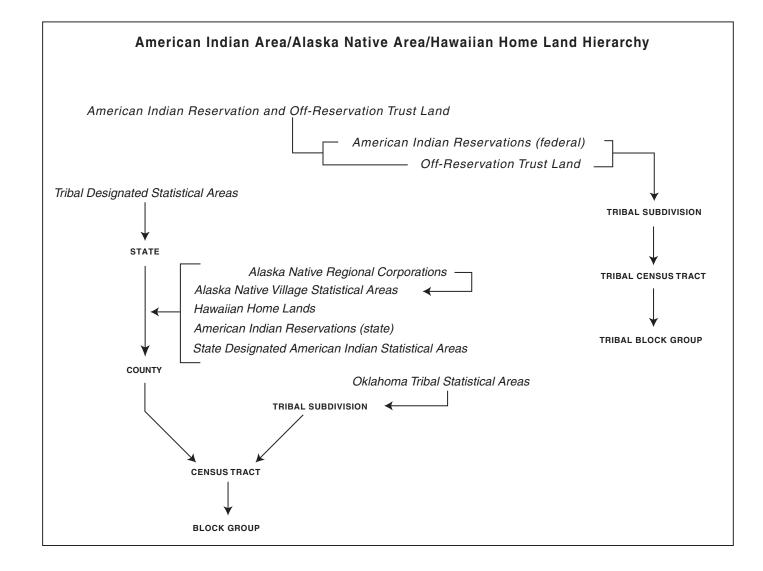


Figure A-2.

Hierarchy of American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian Entities

# Figure A-3. Census Regions, Census Divisions, and Their Constituent States

# **Northeast Region**

New England Division:

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut

Middle Atlantic Division:

New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania

# **Midwest Region**

East North Central Division:

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin

West North Central Division:

Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

# **South Region**

South Atlantic Division:

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida

East South Central Division:

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi

West South Central Division:

Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas

# **West Region**

Mountain Division:

Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada

Pacific Division:

Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

# Appendix B. Definitions of Subject Characteristics

# **CONTENTS**

# POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Ability to Speak English (See Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English)
Adopted Son/Daughter (See Household Type and Relationship)
Age
Ancestry
Average Family Size (See Household Type and Relationship)
Average Household Size (See Household Type and Relationship)
Brother/Sister (See Household Type and Relationship)
Carpooling (See Journey to Work)
Child (See Household Type and Relationship)
Citizenship Status
Civilian Labor Force (See Employment Status)
Class of Worker (See Industry, Occupation, and Class of Worker)
Daughter-in-law (See Household Type and Relationship)
Disability Status
Earnings in 1999 (See Income in 1999)
Educational Attainment
Employment Disability (See Disability Status)
Employment Status
Family (See Household Type and Relationship).
Family Income in 1999 (See Income in 1999)
Family Size (See Household Type and Relationship)
Family Type (See Household Type and Relationship)
Farm Population (See Farm Residence under Housing Characteristics)
Foreign Born (See Citizenship Status)
Foster Child (See Household Type and Relationship)
Full-Time, Year-Round Workers (See Work Status in 1999)
Gender (See Sex)
Going Outside the Home Disability (See Disability Status)
Grade in Which Enrolled
Grandchild (See Household Type and Relationship)
Grandparents as Caregivers
Group Quarters
Hispanic or Latino
Household (See Household Type and Relationship)
Household Income in 1999 (See Income in 1999)
Household Language (See Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English)
Household Size (See Household Type and Relationship) (Also a Housing Characteristic)
Household Type and Relationship
Householder (See Household Type and Relationship)
Housemate or Roommate (See Household Type and Relationship)
Income Deficit (See Poverty Status in 1999)
Income in 1999
Income Type in 1999 (See Income in 1999)
Industry, Occupation, and Class of Worker
Institutionalized Population (See Group Quarters)
Journey to Work
Labor Force (See Employment Status)
Language Density (See Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English)
Language Density (See Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English)

Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English
Linguistic Isolation (See Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English)
Marital Status
Means of Transportation to Work (See Journey to Work)
Mental Disability (See Disability Status)
Migration (See Residence 5 Years Ago)
Native (See Citizenship Status)
Nativity (See Place of Birth)
Natural-born son/daughter (See Household Type and Relationship)
Noninstitutionalized Population (See Group Quarters)
Nonrelatives (See Household Type and Relationship)
Occupation (See Industry, Occupation, and Class of Worker)
Other Relatives (See Household Type and Relationship)
Own Child (See Household Type and Relationship)
Parent/Parent-in-law (See Household Type and Relationship)
Per Capita Income (See Income in 1999)
Period of Military Service (See Veteran Status)
Physical Disability (See Disability Status)
Place of Birth
Place of Work (See Journey to Work)
Poverty Status in 1999
Poverty Status of Households in 1999 (Also a Housing Characteristic)
Presence of Children (See Household Type and Relationship)
Private Vehicle Occupancy (See Journey to Work)
Race
Relationship to Householder (See Household Type and Relationship)
Relatives (See Household Type and Relationship)
Reference Week
Related Children (See Household Type and Relationship)
Residence 5 Years Ago
Roomer, Boarder (See Household Type and Relationship)
School Enrollment and Employment Status
School Enrollment and Type of School
Self-Care Disability (See Disability Status)
Sensory Disability (See Disability Status)
Sex
Son-in-law (See Household Type and Relationship)
Spanish Origin (See Hispanic Origin)
Spouse (Husband/Wife) (See Household Type and Relationship)
Stepson/Stepdaughter (See Household Type and Relationship)
Summary Statistics (See Derived Measures)
Travel Time to Work (See Journey to Work)
Type of School (See School Enrollment and Type of School)
Unemployed (See Employment Status)
Unmarried-Partner/Unmarried-Partner Household (See Household Type and Relationship)
Unrelated Individual (See Household Type and Relationship)
Usual Hours Worked Per Week Worked in 1999 (See Work Status in 1999)
Veteran Status
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Work Status in 1999
Worker (See Employment Status; See Industry, Occupation, and Class of Worker; See
Journey to Work; See Work Status in 1999; also see page B–49)
Workers in Family in 1999 (See Work Status in 1999)
Year of Entry

# HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Acreage (Cuerda)	B-51
Available Housing (See Vacancy Status)	B-66
Agricultural Sales	B-51
Average Household Size (See Household Size)	
	B-56
Bedrooms	B-52
Business on Property	B-52
Condominium Fee	B-52
Congregate Housing (See Meals Included in Rent)	B-57
Contract Rent	B-53
Crop Sales (See Agricultural Sales)	B-51
Cuerda (See Acreage)	B-51
Farm Residence	B-54
Gross Rent	B-54
Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1999	B-55
Home Equity Loan (See Second or Junior Mortgage)	B-61
	B-65
Homeowner Vacancy Rate (See Vacancy Status)	
House Heating Fuel	B-55
Household Size (Also a Population Characteristic)	B-56
Housing Unit (See Living Quarters)	B-50
Insurance for Fire, Hazard, and Flood	B-56
Kitchen Facilities	B-56
Living Quarters	B-50
Meals Included in Rent	B-57
Mobile Home Costs	B-57
Mortgage Payment	B-57
Mortgage Status	B-58
	B-58
Occupants Per Room	
Occupied Housing Unit (See Living Quarters)	B-50
Owner-Occupied Housing Unit (See Tenure)	B-63
Plumbing Facilities	B-59
Population in Occupied Units	B-59
Poverty Status of Households in 1999 (Also a Population Characteristic)	B-59
Real Estate Taxes	B-59
Rental Vacancy Rate (See Vacancy Status)	B-65
Renter-Occupied Housing Unit (See Tenure)	B-63
Rooms	B-60
Second or Junior Mortgage or Home Equity Loan	B-61
Selected Conditions	B-61
Selected Monthly Owner Costs	B-61
Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1999	B-62
Summary Statistics (See Derived Measures)	B-68
Telephone Service Available	B-62
Tenure	B-63
Type of Structure (See Units in Structure)	B-64
Units in Structure	B-64
Usual Home Elsewhere	B-64
Utilities	B-65
Vacancy Status	B-65
Vacant Housing Unit (See Living Quarters)	B-50
Value	B-66
Vehicles Available	B-67
Year Householder Moved Into Unit	B-67
Year Structure Built	B-68
DERIVED MEASURES	
Aggregate (See Mean)	B-69
Aggregates Subject to Rounding (See Mean)	B-69
Average (See Mean)	B-69
Interpolation	B-68
Mean	B-69

#### DERIVED MEASURES—Con.

Median	B-70
Percentage	B-77
Quartile	B-77
Rate	B-77
Ratio	B-77
Rounding for Selected Aggregates (See Mean)	
Special Rounding Rules for Aggregates (See Mean)	B-69
Standard Distributions (See Median)	B-70

#### **POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS**

**Contact list:** To obtain additional information on these and other Census 2000 subjects, see the list of *Census 2000 Contacts* on the Internet at http://www.census.gov/contacts/www/c-census2000.html.

**Puerto Rico:** Please note that for Census 2000, the definitions below apply to both the United States and Puerto Rico, except where noted. For 1990 and earlier censuses, references on comparability refer only to the United States. Please refer to the appropriate technical documentation for Puerto Rico for comparability statements pertaining to 1990 and earlier censuses.

#### AGE

The data on age, which was asked of all people, were derived from answers to the long-form questionnaire Item 4 and short-form questionnaire Item 6. The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 2000. The age of the person usually was derived from their date of birth information. Their reported age was used only when date of birth information was unavailable.

Data on age are used to determine the applicability of some of the sample questions for a person and to classify other characteristics in census tabulations. Age data are needed to interpret most social and economic characteristics used to plan and examine many programs and policies. Therefore, age is tabulated by single years of age and by many different groupings, such as 5-year age groups.

**Median age.** Median age divides the age distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median age and one-half above the median. Median age is computed on the basis of a single year of age standard distribution (see the "Standard Distributions" section under "Derived Measures"). Median age is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on medians, see "Derived Measures.")

**Limitation of the data.** The most general limitation for many decades has been the tendency of people to overreport ages or years of birth that end in zero or 5. This phenomenon is called "age heaping." In addition, the counts in the 1970 and 1980 censuses for people 100 years old and over were substantially overstated. So also were the counts of people 69 years old in 1970 and 79 years old in 1980. Improvements have been made since then in the questionnaire design and in the imputation procedures that have minimized these problems.

Review of detailed 1990 census information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age as of April 1, 1990. One reason this happened was that respondents were not specifically instructed to provide their age as of April 1, 1990. Another reason was that data collection efforts continued well past the census date. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round their age up if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of people in most age groups were actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements were largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age zero because people lost to age 1 probably were not fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990. Also, there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as zero years. (Age in complete months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than true age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in calendar year 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the 1960, 1970, and 1980 censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth.

These shortcomings were minimized in Census 2000 because age was usually calculated from exact date of birth and because respondents were specifically asked to provide their age as of April 1, 2000. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

**Comparability.** Age data have been collected in every census. For the first time since 1950, the 1990 data were not available by quarter year of age. This change was made so that coded information could be obtained for both age and year of birth. In 2000, each individual has both an age and an exact date of birth. In each census since 1940, the age of a person was assigned when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, people of unknown age were shown as a separate category. Since 1960, assignment of unknown age has been performed by a general procedure described as "imputation." The specific procedures for imputing age have been different in each census. (For more information on imputation, see "Accuracy of the Data.")

#### **ANCESTRY**

The data on ancestry were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 10, which was asked of a sample of the population. The data represent self-classification by people according to the ancestry group or groups with which they most closely identify. Ancestry refers to a person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," heritage, or the place of birth of the person, the person's parents, or their ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Some ethnic identities, such as Egyptian or Polish, can be traced to geographic areas outside the United States, while other ethnicities, such as Pennsylvania German or Cajun, evolved in the United States.

The intent of the ancestry question was not to measure the degree of attachment the respondent had to a particular ethnicity. For example, a response of "Irish" might reflect total involvement in an Irish community or only a memory of ancestors several generations removed from the individual. Also, the question was intended to provide data for groups that were not included in the Hispanic origin and race questions. Official Hispanic origin data come from long-form questionnaire Item 5, and official race data come from long-form questionnaire Item 6. Therefore, although data on all groups are collected, the ancestry data shown in these tabulations are for non-Hispanic and nonrace groups. Hispanic and race groups are included in the "Other groups" category for the ancestry tables in these tabulations.

The ancestry question allowed respondents to report one or more ancestry groups, although only the first two were coded. If a response was in terms of a dual ancestry, for example, "Irish English," the person was assigned two codes, in this case one for Irish and another for English. However, in certain cases, multiple responses such as "French Canadian," "Greek Cypriote," and "Scotch Irish" were assigned a single code reflecting their status as unique groups. If a person reported one of these unique groups in addition to another group, for example, "Scotch Irish English," resulting in three terms, that person received one code for the unique group (Scotch-Irish) and another one for the remaining group (English). If a person reported "English Irish French," only English and Irish were coded. Certain combinations of ancestries where the ancestry group is a part of another, such as "German-Bavarian," were coded as a single ancestry using the more specific group (Bavarian). Also, responses such as "Polish-American" or "Italian-American" were coded and tabulated as a single entry (Polish or Italian).

The Census Bureau accepted "American" as a unique ethnicity if it was given alone, with an ambiguous response, or with state names. If the respondent listed any other ethnic identity such as "Italian-American," generally the "American" portion of the response was not coded. However, distinct groups such as "American Indian," "Mexican American," and "African American" were coded and identified separately because they represented groups who considered themselves different from those who reported as "Indian," "Mexican," or "African," respectively.

In all tabulations, when respondents provided an unclassifiable ethnic identity (for example, "multinational," "adopted," or "I have no idea"), the answer was included in tabulation category "Unclassified or not reported."

The tabulations on ancestry are presented using two types of data presentations — one using total people as the base, and the other using total responses as the base. The following are categories shown in the two data presentations.

#### **Presentation Based on People**

Single ancestries reported — Includes all people who reported only one ancestry group. Included in this category are people with multiple-term responses such as "Greek Cypriote" who are assigned a single code.

*Multiple ancestries reported* — Includes all people who reported more than one group and were assigned two ancestry codes.

Ancestry unclassified — Includes all people who provided a response that could not be assigned an ancestry code because they provided unclear entries or entries that represent religious groups.

#### **Presentation Based on Responses**

First ancestry reported — Includes the first response of all people who reported at least one codeable entry. For example, in this category, the count for Danish would include all those who reported only Danish and those who reported Danish first and then some other group.

Second ancestry reported — Includes the second response of all people who reported a multiple ancestry. Thus, the count for Danish in this category includes all people who reported Danish as the second response, regardless of the first response provided.

Total ancestries reported or total ancestries tallied — Includes the total number of ancestries reported and coded. If a person reported a multiple ancestry such as "French Danish," that response was counted twice in the tabulations once in the French category and again in the Danish category. Thus, the sum of the counts in this type of presentation is not the total population but the total of all responses.

An automated coding system was used for coding ancestry in Census 2000. This greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with knowledge of the subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses. The code list used in Census 2000, containing over 1,000 categories, reflects the results of the Census Bureau's experience with the 1990 ancestry question, research, and consultation with many ethnic experts. Many decisions were made to determine the classification of responses. These decisions affected the grouping of the tabulated data. For example, the Italian category includes the responses of Sicilian and Tuscan, as well as a number of other responses.

**Limitation of the data.** Although some people consider religious affiliation a component of ethnic identity, the ancestry question was not designed to collect any information concerning religion. Thus, if a religion was given as an answer to the ancestry question, it was listed in the "Other groups" category.

Ancestry should not be confused with a person's place of birth, although a person's place of birth and ancestry may be the same (see "Place of Birth").

The ancestry data in these tabulations are limited to groups that were not shown in the Hispanic origin and race tabulations. For example, since Mexican is shown in the Hispanic origin tables, it is not shown in the ancestry tables. Likewise, since Korean is shown in the race tables, it is not shown in the ancestry tables. Hispanic and race groups are included in the "Other groups" category for the ancestry tables in these tabulations.

Unlike other census questions, there was no imputation for nonresponse to the ancestry question.

**Comparability.** The ancestry question was first introduced in 1980 as "What is this person's ancestry?" In 1990, the question was changed to "What is this person's ancestry or ethnic origin?" to improve understanding and response. This question was used again in Census 2000.

The ancestry groups used as examples have changed over time. The changes were introduced to avoid or to minimize example-induced responses, and to ensure broad geographic and group coverage.

# **CITIZENSHIP STATUS**

The data on citizenship were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 13, which was asked of a sample of the population. On the stateside questionnaire, respondents were asked to select one of five categories: (1) born in the United States, (2) born in Puerto Rico or a U.S. Island Area (such as Guam), (3) born abroad of American parent(s), (4) naturalized citizen, (5) not a citizen. On the Puerto Rico questionnaire, respondents were asked to select one of five categories: (1) born in Puerto Rico, (2) born in a U.S. state, District of Columbia, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or the Northern Mariana Islands, (3) born abroad of American parent or parent(s), (4) U.S. citizen by naturalization, (5) not a citizen of the United States. People not reporting citizenship were assigned citizenship based on a set of criteria including the citizenship status of other household members and place of birth. (See "Place of Birth.")

**Citizen.** This category includes respondents who indicated that they were born in the United States, Puerto Rico, a U.S. Island Area, or abroad of American parent or parents. People who indicated that they were U.S. citizens through naturalization are also citizens.

Not a citizen. This category includes respondents who indicated that they were not U.S. citizens.

**Native.** The native population includes people born in the United States, Puerto Rico, or the U.S. Island Areas (such as Guam). People who were born in a foreign country but have at least one American (U.S. citizen) parent also are included in this category. The native population includes anyone who was a U.S. citizen at birth.

**Foreign born.** The foreign-born population includes all people who were not U.S. citizens at birth. Foreign-born people are those who indicated they were either a U.S. citizen by naturalization or they were not a citizen of the United States.

Census 2000 does not ask about immigration status. The population surveyed includes all people who indicated that the United States was their usual place of residence on the census date. The foreign-born population includes: immigrants (legal permanent residents), temporary migrants (e.g., students), humanitarian migrants (e.g., refugees), and unauthorized migrants (people illegally residing in the United States).

The foreign-born population is shown by selected area, country, or region of birth. The places of birth shown in data products were chosen based on the number of respondents who reported that area or country of birth. (See "Place of Birth.")

**Comparability.** The citizenship status questions for the 2000 decennial census and the 1990 decennial census are identical.

#### **DISABILITY STATUS**

The data on disability status were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 16 and 17. Item 16 was a two-part question that asked about the existence of the following long-lasting conditions: (a) blindness, deafness, or a severe vision or hearing impairment (sensory disability) and (b) a condition that substantially limits one or more basic physical activities, such as walking, climbing stairs, reaching, lifting, or carrying (physical disability). Item 16 was asked of a sample of the population 5 years old and over.

Item 17 was a four-part question that asked if the individual had a physical, mental, or emotional condition lasting 6 months or more that made it difficult to perform certain activities. The four activity categories were: (a) learning, remembering, or concentrating (mental disability); (b) dressing, bathing, or getting around inside the home (self-care disability); (c) going outside the home alone to shop or visit a doctor's office (going outside the home disability); and (d) working at a job or business (employment disability). Categories 17a and 17b were asked of a sample of the population 5 years old and over; 17c and 17d were asked of a sample of the population 16 years old and over.

For data products that use the items individually, the following terms are used: sensory disability for 16a, physical disability for 16b, mental disability for 17a, self-care disability for 17b, going outside the home disability for 17c, and employment disability for 17d.

For data products that use a disability status indicator, individuals were classified as having a disability if any of the following three conditions were true: (1) they were 5 years old and over and had a response of "yes" to a sensory, physical, mental or self-care disability; (2) they were 16 years old and over and had a response of "yes" to going outside the home disability; or (3) they were 16 to 64 years old and had a response of "yes" to employment disability.

**Comparability.** The 1990 census data products did not include a general disability status indicator. Furthermore, a comparable indicator could not be constructed since the conceptual framework of the 1990 census was more limited. The questionnaire included only three types of disability in questions with four subparts. The questions asked about whether an individual had a condition that had lasted for 6 months or more and that (1) limited the kind or amount of work that he or she could do at a job, (2) prevented the individual from working at a job, (3) made it difficult to go outside the home alone (for example, to shop or visit a doctor's office), and (4) made it difficult to take care of his or her own personal needs, such as bathing, dressing, or getting around inside the home. The 1990 disability questions were asked on the long form questionnaire of the population 15 years old and over.

#### **EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT**

Data on educational attainment were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 9, which was asked of a sample of the population. Data on attainment are tabulated for the population 25 years old and over. However, when educational attainment is cross-tabulated by other variables, the universe may change. (For example, when educational attainment is crossed by disability status, the data are tabulated for the civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 34 years old.) People are classified according to the highest degree or level of school completed.

The order in which degrees were listed on the questionnaire suggested that doctorate degrees were "higher" than professional school degrees, which were "higher" than master's degrees. The question included instructions for people currently enrolled in school to report the level of the previous grade attended or the highest degree received. Respondents who did not report educational attainment or enrollment level were assigned the attainment of a person of the same age, race, Hispanic or Latino origin, occupation and sex, where possible, who resided in the same or a nearby area. Respondents who filled more than one box were edited to the highest level or degree reported.

The question included a response category that allowed respondents to report completing the 12th grade without receiving a high school diploma. It allowed people who received either a high school diploma or the equivalent, for example, passed the Test of General Educational Development (G.E.D.) and did not attend college, to be reported as "high school graduate(s)." The category "Associate degree" included people whose highest degree is an associate degree, which generally requires 2 years of college level work and is either in an occupational program that prepares them for a specific occupation, or an academic program primarily in the arts and sciences. The course work may or may not be transferable to a bachelor's degree. Master's degrees include the traditional MA and MS degrees and field-specific degrees, such as MSW, MEd, MBA, MLS, and MEng. Some examples of professional degrees include medicine, dentistry,

chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology. Vocational and technical training, such as barber school training; business, trade, technical, and vocational schools; or other training for a specific trade, are specifically excluded.

**High school graduate or higher.** This category includes people whose highest degree was a high school diploma or its equivalent, people who attended college but did not receive a degree, and people who received a college, university, or professional degree. People who reported completing the 12th grade but not receiving a diploma are not high school graduates.

**Not enrolled, not high school graduate.** This category includes people of compulsory school attendance age or above who were not enrolled in school and were not high school graduates. These people may be referred to as "high school dropouts." However, there is no criterion regarding when they "dropped out" of school, so they may have never attended high school.

**Comparability.** From 1840 to 1930, the census measured educational attainment by means of a basic literacy question. In 1940, a single question was asked on highest grade of school completed. In the 1950 to 1980 censuses, a two-part question was used to construct highest grade or year of school completed. The question asked (1) the highest grade of school attended and (2) whether that grade was finished. For people who have not attended college, the response categories in the current educational attainment question should produce data that are comparable to data on highest grade completed from earlier censuses. For people who attended college, there is less comparability between years of school completed and highest degree.

Beginning in 1990, the response categories for people who have attended college were modified from earlier censuses because there was some ambiguity in interpreting responses in terms of the number of years of college completed. For instance, it was not clear whether "completed the fourth year of college," "completed the senior year of college," and "college graduate" were synonymous. Research conducted shortly before the 1990 census suggests that these terms were more distinct than in earlier decades, and this change may have threatened the ability to estimate the number of "college graduates" from the number of people reported as having completed the fourth or a higher year of college. It was even more difficult to make inferences about post-baccalaureate degrees and "Associate" degrees from highest year of college completed. Thus, comparisons of post-secondary educational attainment in the 2000 and 1990 censuses with data from the earlier censuses should be made with great caution.

Changes between 1990 and Census 2000 were slight. The two associate degree categories in 1990 were combined into one for Census 2000. "Some college, no degree" was split into two categories, "Some college credit, but less than 1 year," and "1 or more years of college, no degree." Prior to 1990, the college levels reported began with "Completed 1 year of college." Beginning in 1990, the first category was "Some college, no degree," which allowed people with less than 1 year of college to be given credit for college. Prior to 1990, they were included in "High school, 4 years." The two revised categories will accommodate comparisons with either data series and allow the tabulation of students who completed at least 1 year of college, as some data users wish. This will not change the total number who completed some college.

The category "12th grade, no diploma" was counted as high school completion or "Completed high school, 4 years" prior to 1990 and as "Less than high school graduate" in 1990 and 2000. In the 1960 and subsequent censuses, people for whom educational attainment was not reported were assigned the same attainment level as a similar person whose residence was in the same or a nearby area. In the 1940 and 1950 censuses, people for whom educational attainment was not reported were not allocated.

In censuses prior to 1990, "median school years completed" was used as a summary measure of educational attainment. Using the current educational attainment question, the median can only be calculated for groups of which less than half the members have attended college. "Percent high school graduate or higher" and "percent bachelor's degree or higher" are summary measures that can be calculated from the present data and offer quite readily interpretable measures of differences between population subgroups.

#### **EMPLOYMENT STATUS**

The data on employment status (referred to as labor force status in previous censuses), were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 21 and 25, which were asked of a sample of the population 15 years old and over. The series of questions on employment status was designed to identify, in this sequence: (1) people who worked at any time during the reference week; (2) people who did not work during the reference week, but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent (excluding people on layoff); (3) people on temporary layoff who expected to be recalled to work within the next 6 months or who had been given a date to return to work, and who were available for work during the reference week; and (4) people who did not work during the reference week, who had looked for work during the reference week or the three previous weeks, and who were available for work during the reference week. (For more information, see "Reference Week.")

The employment status data shown in Census 2000 tabulations relate to people 16 years old and over. In the 1940, 1950, and 1960 censuses, employment status data were presented for people 14 years old and over. The change in the universe was made in 1970 to agree with the official measurement of the labor force as revised in January 1967 by the U.S. Department of Labor. The 1970 census was the last to show employment data for people 14 and 15 years old.

**Employed.** All civilians 16 years old and over who were either (1) "at work" — those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession, worked on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (2) were "with a job but not at work" — those who did not work during the reference week, but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are people whose only activity consisted of work around their own house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or unpaid volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations. Also excluded are all institutionalized people and people on active duty in the United States Armed Forces.

**Civilian employed.** This term is defined exactly the same as the term "employed" above.

**Unemployed.** All civilians 16 years old and over were classified as unemployed if they were neither "at work" nor "with a job but not at work" during the reference week, were looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and were available to start a job. Also included as unemployed were civilians 16 years old and over who: did not work at all during the reference week, were on temporary layoff from a job, had been informed that they would be recalled to work within the next 6 months or had been given a date to return to work, and were available to return to work during the reference week, except for temporary illness. Examples of job seeking activities were:

- Registering at a public or private employment office
- Meeting with prospective employers
- Investigating possibilities for starting a professional practice or opening a business
- Placing or answering advertisements
- Writing letters of application
- Being on a union or professional register

**Civilian labor force.** Consists of people classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

**Labor force.** All people classified in the civilian labor force (i.e., "employed" and "unemployed" people), plus members of the U.S. Armed Forces (people on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard).

**Not in labor force.** All people 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force. This category consists mainly of students, individuals taking care of home or family, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an off-season who were not looking for work, institutionalized people (all institutionalized people are placed in this category regardless of any work activities they may have done in the reference week), and people doing only incidental unpaid family work (fewer than 15 hours during the reference week).

**Worker.** The terms "worker" and "work" appear in connection with several subjects: employment status, journey-to-work, class of worker, and work status in 1999. Their meaning varies and, therefore, should be determined by referring to the definition of the subject in which they appear. When used in the concepts "Workers in Family," "Workers in Family in 1999," and "Full-Time, Year-Round Workers," the term "worker" relates to the meaning of work defined for the "Work Status in 1999" subject.

# Full-time, year-round workers. See "Work status in 1999."

**Limitation of the data.** The census may understate the number of employed people because people who have irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs sometimes report themselves as not working. The number of employed people "at work" is probably overstated in the census (and conversely, the number of employed "with a job, but not at work" is understated) since some people who were on vacation or sick leave erroneously reported themselves as working. This problem has no effect on the total number of employed people. The reference week for the employment data is not the same calendar week for all people. Since people can change their employment status from 1 week to another, the lack of a uniform reference week may mean that the employment data do not reflect the reality of the employment situation of any given week. (For more information, see "Reference Week.")

Note: The Census Bureau is aware there may be a problem or problems in the employment-status data of Census 2000 Summary File 3 (including tables P38, P43-P46, P149A-I, P150A-I, PCT35, PCT69A-I, and PCT70A-I). The labor force data for some places where colleges are located appear to overstate the number in the labor force, the number unemployed, and the percent unemployed, probably because of reporting or processing error. The exact cause is unknown, but the Census Bureau will continue to research the problem.

**Comparability.** The questionnaire items and employment status concepts for Census 2000 are essentially the same as those used in the 1970 to 1990 censuses. However, these concepts differ in many respects from those associated with the 1950 and 1960 censuses. Since employment data from the census are obtained from respondents in households, they differ from statistics based on reports from individual business establishments, farm enterprises, and certain government programs. People employed at more than one job are counted only once in the census and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. In statistics based on reports from business and farm establishments. people who work for more than one establishment may be counted more than once. Moreover, some establishment-based tabulations may exclude private household workers, unpaid family workers, and self-employed people, but may include workers less than 16 years old. Census tabulations count people who had a job but were not at work among the employed, but these people may be excluded from employment figures based on establishment payroll reports. Furthermore, census employment tabulations include people on the basis of place of residence regardless of where they work; whereas, establishment data report people at their place of work regardless of where they live. This latter consideration is particularly significant when comparing data for workers who commute between areas.

For several reasons, the unemployment figures of the Census Bureau are not comparable with published figures on unemployment compensation claims. For example, figures on unemployment compensation claims exclude people who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and people losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (including some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used by the Census Bureau. People working only a few hours during the week and people with a job, but not at work are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as "employed" in the census. Differences in the geographical distribution of unemployment data arise because the place where claims are filed may not necessarily be the same as the place of residence of the unemployed worker.

The figures on employment status from the decennial census are generally comparable with similar data collected in the Current Population Survey, which is the official source of the monthly national unemployment rate. However, some differences may exist because of variations between the two data sources in enumeration and processing techniques.

#### **GRADE IN WHICH ENROLLED**

The data on grade or level in which enrolled were derived from long-form questionnaire Item 8b, which was asked of a sample of the population. People who were enrolled in school were classified as enrolled in "Nursery school, preschool," "Kindergarten," "Grade 1 to 4" or "Grade 5 to 8," "Grade 9 to 12," "College undergraduate years (freshman to senior)" or "Graduate and professional school (for example: medical, dental, or law school)."

**Comparability.** Grade of enrollment was first available in the 1940 census, where it was obtained from responses to the question on highest grade of school completed. Enumerators were instructed that "for a person still in school, the last grade completed will be the grade preceding the one in which he or she was now enrolled." From 1950 to 1980, grade of enrollment was obtained from the highest grade attended in the two-part question used to measure educational attainment. (For more information, see the discussion under "Educational Attainment.") The form of the question from which level of enrollment was derived in the 1990 census most closely corresponds to the question used in 1940. While data from prior censuses can be aggregated to provide levels of enrollment comparable to the 1990 census and Census 2000, the data from these sources cannot be disaggregated to show single grade of enrollment as in previous censuses.

In the 1990 census, people who were enrolled in school were classified as enrolled in "preprimary school," "elementary or high school," or "college," according to their response to long-form questionnaire Item 12 (years of school completed or highest degree received). Those who were enrolled and reported completing nursery school or less were classified as enrolled in "preprimary school," which includes kindergarten. Similarly, those enrolled who had completed at least kindergarten, but not high school, were classified as enrolled in elementary or high school. The enrolled who also reported completing high school or some college or having received a post-secondary degree were classified as enrolled in "college." Those who reported completing the twelfth grade but receiving "NO DIPLOMA" were classified as enrolled in high school.

The Census 2000 question is the first to be asked only of the enrolled and does not serve to measure both year of enrollment and educational attainment. While the attainment item in 1990 served the needs for educational attainment data better than the question used in earlier censuses, it did not serve reporting of enrollment level well.

#### **GRANDPARENTS AS CAREGIVERS**

The data on grandparents as caregivers were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire ltem 19, which was asked of a sample of the population 15 years old and over. Data were collected on whether a grandchild lives in the household, whether the grandparent has responsibility for the basic needs of the grandchild, and the duration of that responsibility. Because of the very low number of people under 30 years old who are grandparents, data are only shown for people 30 years old and over.

**Existence of a grandchild in the household.** This was determined by a "Yes" answer to the sample question, "Does this person have any of his/her own grandchildren under the age of 18 living in this house or apartment?"

**Responsibility for basic needs.** This question determines if the grandparent is financially responsible for food, shelter, clothing, day care, etc., for any or all grandchildren living in the household.

**Duration of responsibility.** The answer refers to the grandchild for whom the grandparent has been responsible for the longest period of time. Duration categories ranged from less than 6 months to 5 years or more.

**Comparability.** These questions are new to Census 2000. The Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 mandated that the decennial census collect data on this subject.

# **GROUP QUARTERS**

The group quarters population includes all people not living in households. Two general categories of people in group quarters are recognized: (1) the institutionalized population and (2) the noninstitutionalized population.

**Institutionalized population.** The institutionalized population includes people under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration; such as correctional institutions, nursing homes, and juvenile institutions.

**Noninstitutionalized population.** The noninstitutionalized population includes all people who live in group quarters other than institutions, such as college dormitories, military quarters, and group homes. Also, included are staff residing at institutional group quarters.

For a complete description of the types of group quarters included in Census 2000, see the Technical Documentation for Summary File 1, 2000 Census of Population and Housing, at http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/doc/sf1.pdf.

#### HISPANIC OR LATINO

The data on the Hispanic or Latino population, which was asked of all people, were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 5, and short-form questionnaire Item 7. The terms "Spanish," "Hispanic origin," and "Latino" are used interchangeably. Some respondents identify with all three terms, while others may identify with only one of these three specific terms. Hispanics or Latinos who identify with the terms "Spanish," "Hispanic," or "Latino" are those who classify themselves in one of the specific Hispanic or Latino categories listed on the questionnaire — "Mexican," "Puerto Rican," or "Cuban" — as well as those who indicate that they are "other Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino." People who do not identify with one of the specific origins listed on the questionnaire but indicate that they are "other Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino" are those whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, the Dominican Republic, or people identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano, Latino, and so on. All write-in responses to the "other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino" category were coded.

Origin can be viewed as the heritage, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. People who identify their origin as Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino may be of any race.

Some tabulations are shown by the origin of the householder. In all cases where the origin of households, families, or occupied housing units is classified as Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino, the origin of the householder is used. (For more information, see the discussion of householder under "Household Type and Relationship.")

If an individual could not provide a Hispanic origin response, their origin was assigned using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if origin was missing for a natural-born daughter in the household, then either the origin of the householder, another natural-born child, or the spouse of the householder was assigned. If Hispanic origin was not reported for anyone in the household, the origin of a householder in a previously processed household with the same race was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in "Accuracy of the Data," and is similar to those used in 1990, except that for Census 2000, race and Spanish surnames were used to assist in assigning an origin. (For more information, see the "Comparability" section below.)

**Comparability.** There are two important changes to the Hispanic origin question for Census 2000. First, the sequence of the race and Hispanic origin questions for Census 2000 differs from that in 1990; in 1990, the race question preceded the Hispanic origin question. Testing prior to Census 2000 indicated that response to the Hispanic origin question could be improved by

placing it before the race question without affecting the response to the race question. Second, there is an instruction preceding the Hispanic origin question indicating that respondents should answer both the Hispanic origin and the race questions. This instruction was added to give emphasis to the distinct concepts of the Hispanic origin and race questions and to emphasize the need for both pieces of information.

Furthermore, there has been a change in the processing of the Hispanic origin and race responses. In 1990, the Hispanic origin question and the race question had separate edits; therefore, although information may have been present on the questionnaire, it was not fully utilized due to the discrete nature of the edits. However, for Census 2000, there was a joint race and Hispanic origin edit which for example, made use of race responses in the Hispanic origin question to impute a race if none was given.

#### HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP

#### Household

A household includes all of the people who occupy a housing unit. (People not living in households are classified as living in group quarters.) A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied (or if vacant, intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live separately from any other people in the building and that have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated people who share living quarters.

In 100-percent tabulations, the count of households or householders always equals the count of occupied housing units. In sample tabulations, the numbers may differ as a result of the weighting process.

**Average household size.** A measure obtained by dividing the number of people in households by the total number of households (or householders). In cases where household members are tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, household members are classified by the race or Hispanic origin of the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual. Average household size is rounded to the nearest hundredth.

# Relationship to Householder

**Householder.** The data on relationship to householder were derived from the question, "How is this person related to Person 1," which was asked of Persons 2 and higher in housing units. One person in each household is designated as the householder (Person 1). In most cases, the householder is the person, or one of the people, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member 15 years old and over could be designated as the householder (i.e., Person 1).

Households are classified by type according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. Two types of householders are distinguished: family householders and nonfamily householders. A family householder is a householder living with one or more individuals related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all of the people in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

**Spouse (husband/wife).** A spouse (husband/wife) is a person married to and living with a householder. People in formal marriages, as well as people in common-law marriages, are included. The number of spouses is equal to the number of "married-couple families" or "married-couple households" in 100-percent tabulations. Marital status categories cannot be inferred from the 100-percent tabulations since the marital status question was not included on the 100-percent form. In sample tabulations, the number of spouses may not be equal to the number of married-couple households due to the differences in the weighting procedures for sample data.

**Child.** A child is a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or an adopted child of the householder, regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, and foster children.

Natural-born son/daughter. Natural-born son/daughter includes a son or daughter of the householder by birth, regardless of the age of the child.

Adopted son/daughter. Adopted son/daughter includes a son or daughter of the householder by legal adoption, regardless of the age of the child. If a stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is then classified as an adopted child.

Stepson/stepdaughter. Stepson/stepdaughter includes a son or daughter of the householder through marriage but not by birth, regardless of the age of the child. If a stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is then classified as an adopted child.

Own child. Own child is a never-married child under 18 years who is a son or daughter of the householder by birth, marriage (a stepchild), or adoption. For 100-percent tabulations, own children consists of all sons/daughters of householders who are under 18 years old. For sample data, own children consists of sons/daughters of householders who are under 18 years old and who have never been married. Therefore, numbers of own children of householders may be different in these two tabulations since marital status was not collected as a 100-percent item in Census 2000.

In certain tabulations, own children are further classified as living with two parents or with one parent only. Own children living with two parents are by definition found only in married-couple families. In a subfamily, an "own child" is a child under 18 years old who is a natural-born child, stepchild, or an adopted child of a mother in a mother-child subfamily, a father in father-child subfamily, or either spouse in a married-couple subfamily. (Note: In the tabulation under "EMPLOYMENT STATUS" of own children under 6 years by employment status of parents, the number of "own children" includes any child under 6 years old in a family or a subfamily who is a son or daughter, by birth, marriage, or adoption, of a member of the householder's family, but not necessarily of the householder.)

Related children. Related children include the sons and daughters of the householder (including natural-born, adopted, or stepchildren) and all other people under 18 years old, regardless of marital status, in the household, who are related to the householder, except the spouse of the householder. Foster children are not included since they are not related to the householder.

**Other relatives.** Other relatives include any household member related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included specifically in another relationship category. In certain detailed tabulations, the following categories may be shown:

Grandchild. A grandchild is a grandson or granddaughter of the householder.

*Brother/sister.* Brother/sister refers to the brother or sister of the householder, including stepbrothers, stepsisters, and brothers and sisters by adoption. Brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law are included in the "Other relative" category on the questionnaire.

*Parent.* Parent refers to the father or mother of the householder, including a stepparent or adoptive parent. Fathers-in-law and mothers-in-law are included in the "Parent-in-law" category on the questionnaire.

Parent-in-law. A parent-in-law is the mother-in-law or father-in-law of the householder.

Son-in-law/daughter-in-law. A son-in-law/daughter-in-law, by definition, is a spouse of the child of the householder.

Other relatives. Other relatives include anyone not listed in a reported category above who is related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption (brother-in-law, grandparent, nephew, aunt, cousin, and so forth).

**Nonrelatives.** Nonrelatives include any household member not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, including foster children. The following categories may be presented in more detailed tabulations:

Roomer, boarder. A roomer or boarder is a person who lives in a room in the household of Person 1 (householder). Some sort of cash or noncash payment (e.g., chores) is usually made for their living accommodations.

Housemate or roommate. A housemate or roommate is a person who is not related to the householder and who shares living quarters primarily to share expenses.

*Unmarried partner.* An unmarried partner is a person who is not related to the householder, who shares living quarters, and who has a close personal relationship with the householder.

Foster child. A foster child is a person who is under 18 years old placed by the local government in a household to receive parental care. They may be living in the household for just a brief period or for several years. Foster children are nonrelatives of the householder. If the foster child is also related to the householder, the child should be classified as that specific relative.

Other nonrelatives. Other nonrelatives includes individuals who are not related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the householder and who are not described by the categories given above.

#### **Unrelated Individual**

An unrelated individual is: (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

# Family Type

A family includes a householder and one or more other people living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All people in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A family household may contain people not related to the householder, but those people are not included as part of the householder's family in census tabulations. Thus, the number of family households is equal to the number of families, but family households may include more members than do families. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may be comprised of a group of unrelated people or of one person living alone.

Families are classified by type as either a "married-couple family" or "other family" according to the presence of a spouse. "Other family" is further broken out according to the sex of the householder. The data on family type are based on answers to questions on sex and relationship that were asked on a 100-percent basis.

Married-couple family. This category includes a family in which the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household.

#### Other family:

Male householder, no wife present. This category includes a family with a male maintaining a household with no wife of the householder present.

Female householder, no husband present. This category includes a family with a female maintaining a household with no husband of the householder present.

Nonfamily household. This category includes a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

**Average family size.** A measure obtained by dividing the number of people in families by the total number of families (or family householders). In cases where this measure is tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, the race or Hispanic origin refers to that of the householder rather than to the race or Hispanic origin of each individual. Average family size is rounded to the nearest hundredth.

# **Subfamily**

A subfamily is a married couple with or without own children under 18 years old who are never-married, or a single parent with one or more own never-married children under 18 years old. A subfamily does not maintain their own household, but lives in a household where the householder or householder's spouse is a relative. Subfamilies are defined during processing of sample data.

In some labor force tabulations, both one-parent families and one-parent subfamilies are included in the total number of children living with one parent, while both married-couple families and married-couple subfamilies are included in the total number of children living with two parents.

#### **Unmarried-Partner Household**

An unmarried-partner household is a household that includes a householder and an "unmarried partner." An "unmarried partner" can be of the same or of the opposite sex of the householder. An "unmarried partner" in an "unmarried-partner household" is an adult who is unrelated to the householder, but shares living quarters and has a close personal relationship with the householder. An unmarried-partner household may also be a family household or a nonfamily household, depending on the presence or absence of another person in the household who is related to the householder. There may be only one unmarried-partner per household, and an unmarried partner may not be included in a married-couple household as the householder cannot have both a spouse and an unmarried partner.

Comparability. The 1990 relationship category, "Natural-born or adopted son/daughter" has been replaced by "Natural-born son/daughter" and "Adopted son/daughter." The following categories were added in Census 2000: "Parent-in-law" and "Son-in-law/daughter-in-law." The 1990 nonrelative category, "Roomer, boarder, or foster child" was replaced by two categories: "Roomer, boarder" and "Foster child." In 2000, foster children had to be in the local government's foster care system to be so classified. In 1990, foster children were estimated to be those children in households who were not related to the householder and for whom there were no people 18 years old and over who may have been their parents. In 1990, stepchildren who were adopted by the householder were still classified as stepchildren. In 2000, stepchildren who were legally adopted by the householder were classified as adopted children. Own children shown in 100-percent tabulations may be of any marital status. For comparability with previous censuses, own children shown for sample data are still restricted to never-married children. Some tables may show relationship to householder and be labeled "child." These tabulations include all marital status categories of natural-born, adopted, or stepchildren. Because of changes in editing procedures, same sex unmarried-partner households in 1990 should not be compared with same sex unmarried-partner households in Census 2000.

#### **INCOME IN 1999**

The data on income in 1999 were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 31 and 32, which were asked of a sample of the population 15 years old and over. "Total income" is the sum of the amounts reported separately for wage or salary income; net self-employment income; interest, dividends, or net rental or royalty income or income from estates and trusts; social security or railroad retirement income; Supplemental Security Income (SSI); public assistance or welfare payments; retirement, survivor, or disability pensions; and all other income.

"Earnings" are defined as the sum of wage or salary income and net income from selfemployment. "Earnings" represent the amount of income received regularly for people 16 years old and over before deductions for personal income taxes, social security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc. Receipts from the following sources are not included as income: capital gains, money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer contributions for individuals, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; and gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

# **Income Type in 1999**

The eight types of income reported in the census are defined as follows:

- 1. **Wage or salary income.** Wage or salary income includes total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year 1999. It includes wages, salary, armed forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.
- 2. **Self-employment income.** Self-employment income includes both farm and nonfarm self-employment income. *Nonfarm self-employment income* includes net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc. *Farm self-employment income* includes net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his or her own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government farm programs, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not state and federal personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income.
- 3. **Interest, dividends, or net rental income.** Interest, dividends, or net rental income includes interest on savings or bonds, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, net income from rental of property to others and receipts from boarders or lodgers, net royalties, and periodic payments from an estate or trust fund.
- 4. **Social security income.** Social security income includes social security pensions and survivors benefits, permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. government. Medicare reimbursements are not included.
- 5. **Supplemental Security Income (SSI).** Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a nationwide U.S. assistance program administered by the Social Security Administration that guarantees a minimum level of income for needy aged, blind, or disabled individuals. The census questionnaire for Puerto Rico asked about the receipt of SSI; however, SSI is not a federally administered program in Puerto Rico. Therefore, it is probably not being interpreted by most respondents as the same as SSI in the United States. The only way a resident of Puerto Rico could have appropriately reported SSI would have been if they lived in the United States at any time during calendar year 1999 and received SSI.
- 6. **Public assistance income.** Public assistance income includes general assistance and Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF). Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded. This does not include Supplemental Security Income (SSI).
- 7. **Retirement income.** Retirement income includes: (1) retirement pensions and survivor benefits from a former employer; labor union; or federal, state, or local government; and the

U.S. military; (2) income from workers' compensation; disability income from companies or unions; federal, state, or local government; and the U.S. military; (3) periodic receipts from annuities and insurance; and (4) regular income from IRA and KEOGH plans. This does not include social security income.

8. **All other income.** All other income includes unemployment compensation, Veterans' Administration (VA) payments, alimony and child support, contributions received periodically from people not living in the household, military family allotments, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

**Income of households.** This includes the income of the householder and all other individuals 15 years old and over in the household, whether they are related to the householder or not. Because many households consist of only one person, average household income is usually less than average family income. Although the household income statistics cover calendar year 1999, the characteristics of individuals and the composition of households refer to the time of enumeration (April 1, 2000). Thus, the income of the household does not include amounts received by individuals who were members of the household during all or part of calendar year 1999 if these individuals no longer resided in the household at the time of enumeration. Similarly, income amounts reported by individuals who did not reside in the household during 1999 but who were members of the household at the time of enumeration are included. However, the composition of most households was the same during 1999 as at the time of enumeration.

**Income of families.** In compiling statistics on family income, the incomes of all members 15 years old and over related to the householder are summed and treated as a single amount. Although the family income statistics cover calendar year 1999, the characteristics of individuals and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1, 2000). Thus, the income of the family does not include amounts received by individuals who were members of the family during all or part of calendar year 1999 if these individuals no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. Similarly, income amounts reported by individuals who did not reside with the family during 1999 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration are included. However, the composition of most families was the same during 1999 as at the time of enumeration.

**Income of individuals.** Income for individuals is obtained by summing the eight types of income for each person 15 years old and over. The characteristics of individuals are based on the time of enumeration (April 1, 2000), even though the amounts are for calendar year 1999.

**Median income.** The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median income and one-half above the median. For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of households and families including those with no income. The median income for individuals is based on individuals 15 years old and over with income. Median income for households, families, and individuals is computed on the basis of a standard distribution (see the "Standard Distributions" section under "Derived Measures"). Median income is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. Median income figures are calculated using linear interpolation if the width of the interval containing the estimate is \$2,500 or less. If the width of the interval containing the estimate is greater than \$2,500, Pareto interpolation is used. (For more information on medians and interpolation, see "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate income.** Aggregate income is the sum of all incomes for a particular universe. Aggregate income is subject to rounding, which means that all cells in a matrix are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information, see "Aggregate" under "Derived Measures.")

**Mean income.** Mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the aggregate income of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. (The aggregate used to calculate mean income is rounded. For more information, see "Aggregate income.")

For the various types of income, the means are based on households having those types of income. For households and families, the mean income is based on the distribution of the total number of households and families including those with no income. The mean income for individuals is based on individuals 15 years old and over with income. Mean income is rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values for small subgroups of the population. Because the mean is influenced strongly by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in some data products for most small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtained summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in census tabulations. (For more information on means, see "Derived Measures.")

**Earnings.** Earnings are defined as the sum of wage or salary income and net income from self-employment. "Earnings" represent the amount of income received regularly for people 16 years old and over before deductions for personal income taxes, social security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

**Median earnings.** The median divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median earnings and one-half above the median. Median earnings is restricted to individuals 16 years old and over and is computed on the basis of a standard distribution (see the "Standard Distributions" section under "Derived Measures"). Median earnings figures are calculated using linear interpolation if the width of the interval containing the estimate is \$2,500 or less. If the width of the interval containing the estimate is greater than \$2,500, Pareto interpolation is used. (For more information on medians and interpolation, see "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate earnings.** Aggregate earnings are the sum of wage/salary and net self-employment income for a particular universe of people 16 years old and over. Aggregate earnings are subject to rounding, which means that all cells in a matrix are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information, see "Aggregate" under "Derived Measures.")

**Mean earnings.** Mean earnings is calculated by dividing aggregate earnings by the population 16 years old and over with earnings. (The aggregate used to calculate mean earnings is rounded. For more information, see "Aggregate earnings.") Mean earnings is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on means, see "Derived Measures.")

**Per capita income.** Per capita income is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group. (The aggregate used to calculate per capita income is rounded. For more information, see "Aggregate" under "Derived Measures.") Per capita income is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on means, see "Derived Measures.")

**Limitation of the data.** Since answers to income questions are frequently based on memory and not on records, many people tended to forget minor or sporadic sources of income and, therefore, underreport their income. Underreporting tends to be more pronounced for income sources that are not derived from earnings, such as public assistance, interest, dividends, and net rental income.

Extensive computer editing procedures were instituted in the data processing operation to reduce some of these reporting errors and to improve the accuracy of the income data. These procedures corrected various reporting deficiencies and improved the consistency of reported income items associated with work experience and information on occupation and class of worker. For example, if people reported they were self employed on their own farm, not incorporated, but had reported

wage and salary earnings only, the latter amount was shifted to self-employment income. Also, if any respondent reported total income only, the amount was generally assigned to one of the types of income items according to responses to the work experience and class-of-worker questions. Another type of problem involved nonreporting of income data. Where income information was not reported, procedures were devised to impute appropriate values with either no income or positive or negative dollar amounts for the missing entries. (For more information on imputation, see "Accuracy of the Data.")

In income tabulations for households and families, the lowest income group (for example, less than \$10,000) includes units that were classified as having no 1999 income. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts, were newly created families, or were families in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or left the household. However, many of the households and families who reported no income probably had some money income that was not reported in the census.

**Comparability.** The income data collected in the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses are similar to Census 2000 data, but there are variations in the detail of the questions. In 1990, income information for 1989 was collected from people in approximately 17 percent of all housing units and group quarters. Each person 15 years old and over was required to report:

- Wage or salary income
- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income
- Social security or railroad retirement income
- Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Aid to Families With Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance income
- Retirement, survivor, or disability income
- Income from all other sources

Since the number of respondents reporting farm self-employment income has become smaller over the years, the farm and nonfarm self-employment items were combined into one item for Census 2000. Data users are still able to obtain an estimate of "farm self-employment" income by looking at net self-employment income in combination with other labor force related questions such as "occupation of longest job." Supplemental Security Income (SSI) was asked separately from other public assistance income or welfare received from a state or local welfare office in Census 2000.

Between the 1990 census and Census 2000, there were minor differences in the processing of the data. In both censuses, all people with missing values in one or more of the detailed type of income items were designated as allocated. Each missing entry was imputed either as a "no" or as a dollar amount. If total income was reported and one or more of the type of income fields was not answered, then the entry in total income generally was assigned to one of the income types according to the socioeconomic characteristics of the income recipient. This person was designated as unallocated.

In 2000 and 1990, all nonrespondents with income not reported (whether householders or other people) were assigned the reported income of people with similar characteristics. (For more information on imputation, see "Accuracy of the Data.")

In 1980, income information for 1979 was collected from people in approximately 19 percent of all housing units and group quarters. Each person 15 years old and over was required to report:

- Wage or salary income
- Net nonfarm self-employment income

- Net farm self-employment income
- Interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income
- Social security or railroad retirement income
- Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Aid to Families With Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance income
- Income from all other sources

There was a difference in the method of computer derivation of aggregate income from individual amounts. In the 1980 census, income amounts less than \$100,000 were coded in tens of dollars, and amounts of \$100,000 or more were coded in thousands of dollars; \$5 was added to each amount coded in tens of dollars and \$500 to each amount coded in thousands of dollars. Entries of \$999,000 or more were treated as \$999,500 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999. In the 1990 and 2000 censuses, income amounts less than \$999,999 were keyed to the nearest dollar. Amounts of \$999,999 or more were treated as \$999,999 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999 in all of the computer derivations of aggregate income.

In 1970, information on income in 1969 was obtained from all members in every fifth housing unit 14 years old and over and small group quarters (less than 15 people) and every fifth person in all other group quarters. Each person 14 years old and over was required to report:

- Wage or salary income
- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Social security or railroad retirement income
- Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Aid to Families With Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance income
- Income from all other sources

If a person reported a dollar amount in wage or salary, net nonfarm self-employment income, or net farm self-employment income, the person was considered as unallocated only if no further dollar amounts were imputed for any additional missing entries.

In 1960, data on income were obtained from all members 14 years old and over in every fourth housing unit and from every fourth person 14 years old and over living in group quarters. Each person was required to report wage or salary income, net self-employment income, and income other than earnings received in 1959. An assumption was made in the editing process that no other type of income was received by a person who reported the receipt of either wage and salary income or self-employment but who had failed to report the receipt of other money income.

For several reasons, the income data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with those that may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income, as defined for federal tax purposes, differs somewhat from the Census Bureau concept. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is different because of the exemptions of people having small amounts of income and the inclusion of net capital gains in tax returns. Furthermore, members of some families file separate returns and others file joint returns; consequently, the income reporting unit is not consistently either a family or a person.

The earnings data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with earnings records of the Social Security Administration. The earnings record data for 1999 excluded the earnings of some civilian government employees, some employees of nonprofit organizations, workers covered by the Railroad Retirement Act, and people not covered by the program because of insufficient earnings. Because census data are obtained from household questionnaires, they may differ from Social Security Administration earnings record data, which are based upon employers' reports and the federal income tax returns of self-employed people.

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) of the Department of Commerce publishes annual data on aggregate and per-capita personal income received by the population for states, metropolitan areas, and selected counties. Aggregate income estimates based on the income statistics shown in census products usually would be less than those shown in the BEA income series for several reasons. The Census Bureau data are obtained directly from households; whereas, the BEA income series is estimated largely on the basis of data from administrative records of business and governmental sources. Moreover, the definitions of income are different. The BEA income series includes some items not included in the income data shown in census publications, such as income "in kind," income received by nonprofit institutions, the value of services of banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to people without the assessment of specific charges, medicare payments, and the income of people who died or emigrated prior to April 1, 2000. On the other hand, the census income data include contributions for support received from people not residing in the same household if the income is received on a regular basis.

In comparing income data for 1999 with earlier years, it should be noted that an increase or decrease in money income does not necessarily represent a comparable change in real income, unless adjustments for changes in prices are made.

# INDUSTRY, OCCUPATION, AND CLASS OF WORKER

The data on industry, occupation, and class of worker were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 27, 28, and 29 respectively, which were asked of a sample of the population 15 years old and over. Information on industry relates to the kind of business conducted by a person's employing organization; occupation describes the kind of work a person does on the job.

For employed people, the data refer to the person's job during the reference week. For those who worked at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. For unemployed people, the data refer to their last job. The industry and occupation statistics are derived from the detailed classification systems developed for Census 2000 as described below.

Respondents provided the data for the tabulations by writing on the questionnaires descriptions of their industry and occupation. These descriptions were data captured and sent to an automated coder (computer software), which assigned a portion of the written entries to categories in the classification system. The automated system assigned codes to 59 percent of the industry entries and 56 percent of the occupation entries. Those cases not coded by the computer were referred to clerical staff in the Census Bureau's National Processing Center in Jeffersonville, Indiana, for coding. The clerical staff converted the written questionnaire responses to codes by comparing these responses to entries in the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For the industry code, these coders also referred to an Employer Name List. This list, prepared from the American Business Index (ABI), contained the names of business establishments and their North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) codes converted to population census equivalents. This list facilitated coding and maintained industrial classification comparability.

# **Industry**

The industry classification system used during Census 2000 was developed for the census and consists of 265 categories for employed people, classified into 14 major industry groups. From 1940 through 1990, the industrial classification has been based on the *Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual*. The Census 2000 classification was developed from the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) published by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President. NAICS is an industry description system that groups establishments into industries based on the activities in which they are primarily engaged.

The NAICS differs from most industry classifications because it is a supply-based, or production-oriented economic concept. Census data, which were collected from households, differ in detail and nature from those obtained from establishment surveys. Therefore, the census classification system, while defined in NAICS terms, cannot reflect the full detail in all categories.

NAICS shows a more detailed hierarchical structure than that used for Census 2000. The expansion from 11 divisions in the SIC to 20 sectors in the NAICS provides groupings that are meaningful and useful for economic analysis. Various statistical programs that previously sampled or published at the SIC levels face problems with the coverage for 20 sectors instead of 11 divisions. These programs requested an alternative aggregation structure for production purposes which was approved and issued by the Office of Management and Budget on May 15, 2001, in the clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use by U.S. Statistical Agencies." Several census data products will use the alternative aggregation, while others, such as Summary File 3 and Summary File 4, will use more detail.

## Occupation

The occupational classification system used during Census 2000 consists of 509 specific occupational categories for employed people arranged into 23 major occupational groups. This classification was developed based on the *Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual:* 2000, which includes a hierarchical structure showing 23 major occupational groups divided into 96 minor groups, 449 broad groups, and 821 detailed occupations. For Census 2000, tabulations with occupation as the primary characteristic present several levels of occupational detail.

Some occupation groups are related closely to certain industries. Operators of transportation equipment, farm operators and workers, and healthcare providers account for major portions of their respective industries of transportation, agriculture, and health care. However, the industry categories include people in other occupations. For example, people employed in agriculture include truck drivers and bookkeepers; people employed in the transportation industry include mechanics, freight handlers, and payroll clerks; and people employed in the health care industry include occupations such as security guard and secretary.

#### Class of Worker

The data on class of worker were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 29. The information on class of worker refers to the same job as a respondent's industry and occupation, categorizing people according to the type of ownership of the employing organization. The class of worker categories are defined as follows:

Private wage and salary workers. Private wage and salary workers include people who worked for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or piece rates for a private for-profit employer or a private not-for-profit, tax-exempt, or charitable organization. Self-employed people whose business was incorporated are included with private wage and salary workers because they are paid employees of their own companies. Some tabulations present data separately for these subcategories: "for-profit," "not-for-profit," and "own business incorporated."

Government workers. Government workers includes people who were employees of any federal, tribal, state, or local governmental unit, regardless of the activity of the particular agency. For some tabulations, the data were presented separately for federal (includes tribal), state, and local governments. Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, or other formal international organizations were classified as "federal government," unlike the 1990 census when they were classified as "private not-for-profit."

Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers. Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers includes people who worked for profit or fees in their own unincorporated business, professional practice, or trade, or who operated a farm.

Unpaid family workers. Unpaid family workers includes people who worked 15 hours or more without pay in a business or on a farm operated by a relative.

*Self-employed in own incorporated business workers.* In tabulations, this category is included with private wage and salary workers because they are paid employees of their own companies.

The industry category, "Public administration," is limited to regular government functions, such as legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities of governments. Other government organizations, such as schools, hospitals, liquor stores, and bus lines, are classified by industry according to the activity in which they are engaged. On the other hand, the class of worker government categories include all government workers.

In some cases, respondents supplied industry, occupation, or class of worker descriptions that were not sufficiently specific for a precise classification or did not report on these items at all. In the coding operation, certain types of incomplete entries were corrected using the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For example, it was possible in certain situations to assign an industry code based on the occupation reported, or vice versa.

Following the coding operations, there was a computer edit and an allocation process. The edit first determined whether a respondent was in the universe that required an industry and occupation code. The codes for the three items (industry, occupation, and class of worker) were checked to ensure they were valid and were edited for their relation to each other. Invalid and inconsistent codes were either blanked or changed to a consistent code.

If one or more of the three codes was blank after the edit, a code was assigned from a "similar" person based on other items, such as age, sex, education, farm or nonfarm residence, and weeks worked. If all of the labor force and income data were blank, all of these economic items were assigned from one other person or one other household who provided all the necessary data.

Comparability. Comparability of industry and occupation data was affected by a number of factors, primarily the systems used to classify the questionnaire responses. For both the industry and occupation classification systems, the basic structures were generally the same from 1940 to 1970, but changes in the individual categories limited comparability of the data from one census to another. These changes were needed to recognize the "birth" of new industries and occupations, the "death" of others, the growth and decline in existing industries and occupations, and the desire of analysts and other users for more detail in the presentation of the data. Probably the greatest cause of noncomparability is the movement of a segment of a category to a different category in the next census. Changes in the nature of jobs and respondent terminology and refinement of category composition made these movements necessary. The 1990 occupational classification system was essentially the same as the 1980 census. However, the industry classification had minor changes between 1980 and 1990 that reflected changes to the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

In Census 2000, both the industry and occupation classifications had major revisions to reflect changes to the North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) and the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). The conversion of the census classifications in 2000 means that the 2000 classification systems are not comparable to the classifications used in the 1990 census and earlier.

Other factors that affected data comparability over the decades include the universe to which the data referred (in 1970, the age cutoff for labor force was changed from 14 years old to 16 years old); the wording of the industry and occupation questions on the questionnaire (for example, important changes were made in 1970); improvements in the coding procedures (the Employer Name List technique was introduced in 1960); and how the "not reported" cases were handled. Prior to 1970, they were placed in the residual categories, "industry not reported" and "occupation not reported." In 1970, an allocation process was introduced that assigned these cases to major groups. In Census 2000, as in 1980 and 1990, the "not reported" cases were assigned to individual categories. Therefore, the 1980, 1990, and Census 2000 data for individual categories include some numbers of people who would have been tabulated in a "not reported" category in previous censuses.

The following publications contain information on the various factors affecting comparability and are particularly useful for understanding differences in the occupation and industry information from earlier censuses: U.S. Census Bureau, *Changes Between the 1950 and 1960 Occupation and Industry Classifications With Detailed Adjustments of 1950 Data to the 1960 Classifications*,

Technical Paper No. 18, 1968; U.S. Census Bureau, 1970 Occupation and Industry Classification Systems in Terms of Their 1960 Occupation and Industry Elements, Technical Paper No. 26, 1972; and U.S. Census Bureau, The Relationship Between the 1970 and 1980 Industry and Occupation Classification Systems, Technical Paper No. 59, 1988. For citations for earlier census years, see the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-D, Detailed Population Characteristics.

The 1990 census introduced an additional class of worker category for "private not-for-profit" employers, which is also used for Census 2000. This category is a subset of the 1980 category "employee of private employer" so there is no comparable data before 1990. Also in 1990, employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, etc., were classified as "private not-for-profit," rather than "Federal Government" as in 1970, 1980, and Census 2000. While in theory, there was a change in comparability, in practice, the small number of U.S. residents working for foreign governments made this change negligible.

Comparability between the statistics on industry and occupation from Census 2000 and statistics from other sources is affected by many of the factors described in the "Employment Status" section. These factors are primarily geographic differences between residence and place of work, different dates of reference, and differences in counts because of dual job holdings. Industry data from population censuses cover all industries and all kinds of workers, whereas, data from establishments often exclude private household workers, government workers, and the self employed. Also, the replies from household respondents may have differed in detail and nature from those obtained from establishments.

Occupation data from the census and data from government licensing agencies, professional associations, trade unions, etc., may not be as comparable as expected. Organizational listings often include people not in the labor force or people devoting all or most of their time to another occupation; or the same person may be included in two or more different listings. In addition, relatively few organizations, except for those requiring licensing, attained complete coverage of membership in a particular occupational field.

## **JOURNEY TO WORK**

#### **Place of Work**

The data on place of work were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 22, which was asked of a sample of the population 15 years old and over. This question was asked of people who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see "Reference Week.")

Data were tabulated for workers 16 years old and over; that is, members of the armed forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week. Data on place of work refer to the geographic location at which workers carried out their occupational activities during the reference week. The exact address (number and street name) of the place of work was asked, as well as the place (city, town, or post office); whether or not the place of work was inside or outside the limits of that city or town; and the county, state or foreign country, and ZIP Code. If the person's employer operated in more than one location, the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number and street name were unknown, a description of the location, such as the building name or nearest street or intersection, was to be entered.

In areas where the workplace address was coded to the block level, people were tabulated as working inside or outside a specific place based on the location of that address, regardless of the response to Question 22c concerning city/town limits. In areas where it was impossible to code the workplace address to the block level, people were tabulated as working in a place if a place name was reported in Question 22b and the response to Question 22c was either "yes" or the item was left blank. In selected areas, census designated places (CDPs) may appear in the tabulations as places of work. The accuracy of place-of-work data for CDPs may be affected by the extent to which their census names were familiar to respondents, and by coding problems caused by similarities between the CDP name and the names of other geographic jurisdictions in the same vicinity.

Place-of-work data are given for minor civil divisions (MCDs) (generally, cities, towns, and townships) in 12 selected states (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), based on the responses to the place-of-work question. The MCDs in these 12 states also serve as general-purpose local governments that generally can perform the same governmental functions as incorporated places. The U.S. Census Bureau presents data for the MCDs in all data products in which it provides data for places. Many towns and townships are regarded locally as equivalent to a place, and therefore, were reported as the place of work. When a respondent reported a locality or incorporated place that formed a part of a township or town, the coding and tabulating procedure was designed to include the response in the total for the township or town.

**Limitation of the data.** The data on place of work relate to a reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because the enumeration was not completed in 1 week.

However, for the majority of people, the reference week for Census 2000 is the week ending with April 1, 2000. The lack of a uniform reference week means that the place-of-work data reported in Census 2000 do not exactly match the distribution of workplace locations observed or measured during an actual work week.

The place-of-work data are estimates of people 16 years old and over who were both employed and at work during the reference week (including people in the armed forces). People who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons are not included in the place-of-work data. Therefore, the data on place of work understate the total number of jobs or total employment in a geographic area during the reference week. It also should be noted that people who had irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs during the reference week may have erroneously reported themselves as not working.

The address where the individual worked most often during the reference week was recorded on the Census 2000 questionnaire. If a worker held two jobs, only data about the primary job (the one worked the greatest number of hours during the preceding week) was requested. People who regularly worked in several locations during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

**Comparability.** The wording of the question on place of work was substantially the same in Census 2000, the 1990 census, and the 1980 census. However, data on place of work from Census 2000 and the 1990 census are based on the full census sample, while data from the 1980 census were based on only about one-half of the full sample.

For the 1980 census, nonresponse or incomplete responses to the place-of-work question were not allocated, resulting in the use of "not reported" categories in the 1980 publications. However, for Census 2000 and the 1990 census, when place of work was not reported or the response was incomplete, a work location was allocated to the person based on their means of transportation to work, travel time to work, industry, and location of residence and workplace of others. Census 2000 and 1990 census tabulations, therefore, do not contain a "not reported" category for the place-of-work data.

Comparisons between 1980, 1990, or Census 2000 data on the gross number of workers in particular commuting flows, or the total number of people working in an area, should be made with extreme caution. Any apparent increase in the magnitude of the gross numbers may be due solely to the fact that for Census 2000 and the 1990 census, the "not reported" cases have been distributed among specific place-of-work destinations, instead of tallied in a separate category, as in 1980.

#### **Means of Transportation to Work**

The data on means of transportation to work were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 23a, which was asked of a sample of the population 15 years old and over.

This question was asked of people who indicated in Question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see "Reference Week.") Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance that the worker usually used to get from home to work during the reference week. Data were tabulated for workers 16 years old and over; that is, members of the armed forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week.

People who used different means of transportation on different days of the week were asked to specify the one they used most often, that is, the greatest number of days. People who used more than one means of transportation to get to work each day were asked to report the one used for the longest distance during the work trip. The category "Car, truck, or van — drove alone" includes people who usually drove alone to work, as well as people who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination during the reference week. The category "Car, truck, or van — carpooled" includes workers who reported that two or more people usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The category "Public transportation" includes workers who usually used a bus or trolley bus, streetcar or trolley car, subway or elevated, railroad, ferryboat, or taxicab during the reference week. Público is included in the "Public transportation" category in Puerto Rico. The category "Other means" includes workers who used a mode of travel that is not identified separately. The category "Other means" may vary from table to table, depending on the amount of detail shown in a particular distribution.

The means of transportation data for some areas may show workers using modes of public transportation that are not available in those areas (for example, subway or elevated riders in a metropolitan area where there actually is no subway or elevated service). This result is largely due to people who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work (such as people away from home on business in an area where subway service was available) and people who used more than one means of transportation each day but whose principal means was unavailable where they lived (for example, residents of nonmetropolitan areas who drove to the fringe of a metropolitan area and took the commuter railroad most of the distance to work).

#### **Private Vehicle Occupancy**

The data on private vehicle occupancy were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 23b, which was asked of a sample of the population 15 years old and over. This question was asked of people who indicated in Question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in Question 23a that their means of transportation to work was "Car, truck, or van." (For more information, see "Reference Week.") Data were tabulated for workers 16 years old and over; that is, members of the armed forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week.

Private vehicle occupancy refers to the number of people who usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The category "Drove alone," includes people who usually drove alone to work as well as people who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination. The category "Carpooled," includes workers who reported that two or more people usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week.

**Workers per car, truck, or van.** This is obtained by dividing the number of people who reported using a car, truck, or van to get to work by the number of such vehicles that they used. The number of vehicles used is derived by counting each person who drove alone as one vehicle, each person who reported being in a 2-person carpool as one-half of a vehicle, each person who reported being in a three-person carpool as one-third of a vehicle, and so on, and then summing all the vehicles. Workers per car, truck, or van is rounded to the nearest hundredth.

## Time Leaving Home to Go to Work

The data on time leaving home to go to work were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 24a, which was asked of a sample of the population 15 years old and over. This question was asked of people who indicated in Question 21 that they worked at some time

during the reference week and who reported in Question 23a that they worked outside their home. The departure time refers to the time of day that the person usually left home to go to work during the reference week. (For more information, see "Reference Week.") Data were tabulated for workers 16 years old and over; that is, members of the armed forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week.

## **Travel Time to Work**

The data on travel time to work were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 24b, which was asked of a sample of the population 15 years old and over. This question was asked of people who indicated in Question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in Question 23a that they worked outside their home. Travel time to work refers to the total number of minutes that it usually took the person to get from home to work each day during the reference week. The elapsed time includes time spent waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, and time spent in other activities related to getting to work. (For more information, see "Reference Week.") Data were tabulated for workers 16 years old and over; that is, members of the armed forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week.

**Aggregate travel time to work (minutes).** Aggregate travel time to work (minutes) is calculated by adding together all the number of minutes each worker traveled to work (one way) for specified travel times and/or means of transportation. Aggregate travel time to work is zero if the aggregate is zero, is rounded to 4 minutes if the actual aggregate is 1 to 7 minutes, and is rounded to the nearest multiple of 5 minutes for all other values (if the aggregate is not already evenly divisible by 5). (For more information, see "Aggregate" under "Derived Measures.")

**Mean travel time to work (minutes).** Mean travel time to work is the average travel time in minutes that workers usually took to get from home to work (one way) during the reference week. This measure is obtained by dividing the total number of minutes taken to get from home to work by the number of workers 16 years old and over who did not work at home. The travel time includes time spent waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, and time spent in other activities related to getting to work. Mean travel times of workers having specific characteristics also are computed. For example, the mean travel time of workers traveling 45 or more minutes is computed by dividing the aggregate travel time of workers whose travel time was 45 or more minutes. Mean travel time to work is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on means, see "Derived Measures.")

### LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH

## Language Spoken at Home

Data on language spoken at home were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 11a and 11b, which were asked of a sample of the population. Data were edited to include in tabulations only the population 5 years old and over. Questions 11a and 11b referred to languages spoken at home in an effort to measure the current use of languages other than English. People who knew languages other than English but did not use them at home or who only used them elsewhere were excluded. Most people who reported speaking a language other than English at home also speak English. The questions did not permit determination of the primary or dominant language of people who spoke both English and another language. (For more information, see discussion below on "Ability to Speak English.")

Instructions to enumerators and questionnaire assistance center staff stated that a respondent should mark "Yes" in Question 11a if the person sometimes or always spoke a language other than English at home. Also, respondents were instructed not to mark "Yes" if a language other than English was spoken only at school or work, or if speaking another language was limited to a

few expressions or slang of the other language. For Question 11b, respondents were instructed to print the name of the non-English language spoken at home. If the person spoke more than one language other than English, the person was to report the language spoken more often or the language learned first.

For people who indicated that they spoke a language other than English at home in Question 11a, but failed to specify the name of the language in Question 11b, the language was assigned based on the language of other speakers in the household, on the language of a person of the same Spanish origin or detailed race group living in the same or a nearby area, or of a person of the same place of birth or ancestry. In all cases where a person was assigned a non-English language, it was assumed that the language was spoken at home. People for whom a language other than English was entered in Question 11b, and for whom Question 11a was blank were assumed to speak that other language at home.

The write-in responses listed in Question 11b (specific language spoken) were optically scanned or keyed onto computer files, then coded into more than 380 detailed language categories using an automated coding system. The automated procedure compared write-in responses reported by respondents with entries in a master code list, which initially contained approximately 2,000 language names, and added variants and misspellings found in the 1990 census. Each write-in response was given a numeric code that was associated with one of the detailed categories in the dictionary. If the respondent listed more than one non-English language, only the first was coded.

The write-in responses represented the names people used for languages they speak. They may not match the names or categories used by linguists. The sets of categories used are sometimes geographic and sometimes linguistic. The following table provides an illustration of the content of the classification schemes used to present language data.

## Four and Thirty-Nine Group Classifications of Census 2000 Languages Spoken at Home With Illustrative Examples

Four-Group Classification	Thirty-Nine-Group Classification	Examples		
Spanish	Spanish and Spanish creole	Spanish, Ladino		
Other Indo-European languages	French French Creole Italian Portuguese and Portuguese creole German Yiddish	French, Cajun, Patois Haitian Creole		
	Other West Germanic languages Scandinavian languages Greek Russian Polish	Dutch, Pennsylvania Dutch, Afrikaans Danish, Norwegian, Swedish		
	Serbo-Croatian	Serbo-Croatian, Croatian, Serbian		
	Other Slavic languages Armenian Persian Gujarati Hindi Urdu	Czech, Slovak, Ukrainian		
	Other Indic languages	Bengali, Marathi, Punjabi, Romany		

# Four and Thirty-Nine Group Classifications of Census 2000 Languages Spoken at Home With Illustrative Examples—Con.

Other Indo-European languages Albanian, Gaelic, Lithuanian,

Rumanian

Asian and Pacific Island languages

Chinese

Cantonese, Formosan,

Mandarin

Japanese Korean

Mon-Khmer, Cambodian

Miao, Hmong

Thai Laotian Vietnamese

Other Asian languages

Dravidian languages

(Malayalam, Telugu, Tamil),

Turkish

Tagalog

Other Pacific Island languages

Chamorro, Hawaiian, Ilocano,

Apache, Cherokee, Choctaw,

Dakota, Keres, Pima, Yupik

Indonesian, Samoan

All other languages

Navajo

Other Native North American

languages Hungarian

Arabic Hebrew

African languages

Amharic, Ibo, Twi, Yoruba,

Bantu, Swahili, Somali

Other and unspecified languages

Syriac, Finnish, Other languages of the Americas, not reported

**Household language.** In households where one or more people (5 years old and over) speak a language other than English, the household language assigned to all household members is the non-English language spoken by the first person with a non-English language in the following order: householder, spouse, parent, sibling, child, grandchild, in-laws, other relatives, stepchild, unmarried partner, housemate or roommate, and other nonrelatives. Thus, a person who speaks only English may have a non-English household language assigned to him/her in tabulations of individuals by household language.

**Language density.** Language density is a household measure of the number of household members who speak a language other than English at home in three categories: none, some, and all speak another language.

**Limitation of the data.** Some people who speak a language other than English at home may have first learned that language at school. However, these people would be expected to indicate that they spoke English "Very well." People who speak a language other than English, but do not do so at home, should have been reported as not speaking a language other than English at home.

The extreme detail in which language names were coded may give a false impression of the linguistic precision of these data. The names used by speakers of a language to identify it may reflect ethnic, geographic, or political affiliations and do not necessarily respect linguistic distinctions. The categories shown in the tabulations were chosen on a number of criteria, such as information about the number of speakers of each language that might be expected in a sample of the U.S. population.

**Comparability.** Information on language has been collected in every census since 1890, except 1950. The comparability of data among censuses is limited by changes in question wording, by the subpopulations to whom the question was addressed, and by the detail that was published.

The same question on language was asked in 1980, 1990, and Census 2000. This question on the current language spoken at home replaced the questions asked in prior censuses on mother tongue; that is, the language other than English spoken in the person's home when he or she was a child; one's first language; or the language spoken before immigrating to the United States. The censuses of 1910-1940, 1960, and 1970 included questions on mother tongue.

A change in coding procedures from 1980 to 1990 improved accuracy of coding and may have affected the number of people reported in some of the 380 plus categories. In 1980, coding clerks supplied numeric codes for the written entries on each questionnaire using a 2,000 name reference list. In 1990, written entries were keyed, then transcribed to a computer file and matched to a computer dictionary that began with the 2,000 name list. The name list was expanded as unmatched entries were referred to headquarters specialists for resolution. In Census 2000, the written entries were transcribed by "optical character recognition" (OCR), or manually keyed when the computer could not read the entry. Then all language entries were copied to a separate computer file and matched to a master code list. The code list is the master file developed from all language unique entries on the 1990 census, and included over 55,000 entries. The computerized matching ensured that identical alphabetic entries received the same code. Unmatched entries were referred to headquarters specialists for coding. In 2000, entries were reported in about 350 of the 380 categories.

## **Ability to Speak English**

Data on ability to speak English were derived from the answers to long-form questionnaire Item 11c, which was asked of a sample of the population. Respondents who reported that they spoke a language other than English in long-form questionnaire Item 11a were asked to indicate their ability to speak English in one of the following categories: "Very well," "Well," "Not well," or "Not at all."

The data on ability to speak English represent the person's own perception about his or her own ability or, because census questionnaires are usually completed by one household member, the responses may represent the perception of another household member. Respondents were not instructed on how to interpret the response categories in Question 11c.

People who reported that they spoke a language other than English at home, but whose ability to speak English was not reported, were assigned the English-language ability of a randomly selected person of the same age, Hispanic origin, nativity and year of entry, and language group.

**Linguistic isolation.** A household in which no person 14 years old and over speaks only English and no person 14 years old and over who speaks a language other than English speaks English "Very well" is classified as "linguistically isolated." In other words, a household in which all members 14 years old and over speak a non-English language and also speak English less than "Very well" (have difficulty with English) is "linguistically isolated." All the members of a linguistically isolated household are tabulated as linguistically isolated, including members under 14 years old who may speak only English.

**Comparability.** The current question on ability to speak English was asked for the first time in 1980. From 1890 to 1910, "Able to speak English, yes/no" was asked along with two literacy questions. In tabulations from 1980, the categories "Very well" and "Well" were combined. Data from other surveys suggested a major difference between the category "Very well" and the remaining categories. In some tabulations showing ability to speak English, people who reported that they spoke English "Very well" are presented separately from people who reported their ability to speak English as less than "Very well."

## **MARITAL STATUS**

The data on marital status were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 7, "What is this person's marital status," which was asked of a sample of the population. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Data on marital status are tabulated only for the population 15 years old and over.

Each person was asked whether they were "Now married," "Widowed," "Divorced," "Separated," or "Never married." Couples who live together (for example, people in common-law marriages) were able to report the marital status they considered to be the most appropriate.

**Never married.** Never married includes all people who have never been married, including people whose only marriage(s) was annulled.

**Ever married.** Ever married includes people married at the time of enumeration, along with those who are separated, widowed, or divorced.

**Now married, except separated.** Now married, except separated includes people whose current marriage has not ended through widowhood or divorce; or who are not currently separated. The category also may include people in common-law marriages if they consider this category the most appropriate. In certain tabulations, currently married people are further classified as "spouse present" or "spouse absent."

**Separated.** Separated includes people with legal separations, people living apart with intentions of obtaining a divorce, and people who are permanently or temporarily separated because of marital discord.

Widowed. This category includes widows and widowers who have not remarried.

**Divorced.** This category includes people who are legally divorced and who have not remarried.

**Now married.** All people whose current marriage has not ended by widowhood or divorce. This category includes people defined above as "separated."

*Spouse present.* Married people whose wives or husbands were enumerated as members of the same household or the same group quarters facility, including those whose spouses may have been temporarily absent for such reasons as travel or hospitalization.

*Spouse absent.* Married people whose wives or husbands were not enumerated as members of the same household or the same group quarters facility.

Separated. Defined above.

Spouse absent, other. Married people whose wives or husbands were not enumerated as members of the same household, excluding separated. For example, this includes any person whose spouse was employed and living away from home, in an institution, or away in the armed forces.

Differences between the number of currently married males and the number of currently married females occur because of reporting differences and because some husbands and wives have their usual residence in different areas. These differences also can occur because different weights are applied to the individual's data. Any differences between the number of "now married, spouse present" males and females are due solely to sample weighting procedures. By definition, the numbers would be the same.

**Comparability.** Census 2000 marital status definitions are the same as those used in 1990. A general marital status question has been asked in every census since 1880. While the marital status question in Census 2000 is identical to that of 1990, in Census 2000 the question was only asked on the long form, while in previous years it was asked on the short form.

## **PLACE OF BIRTH**

The data on place of birth were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 12 which was asked of a sample of the population. Respondents were asked to report the U.S. state, Puerto Rico, U.S. Island Area, or foreign country where they were born. People not reporting a place of birth were assigned the state or country of birth of another family member or their residence 5 years earlier, or were imputed the response of another person with similar characteristics. People

born outside the United States were asked to report their place of birth according to current international boundaries. Since numerous changes in boundaries of foreign countries have occurred in the last century, some people may have reported their place of birth in terms of boundaries that existed at the time of their birth or emigration, or in accordance with their own national preference.

The place of birth question for residents of Puerto Rico was identical to the question on the stateside questionnaires. The same code lists were used to code the responses and similar edits were applied.

**Nativity.** Information on place of birth and citizenship status was used to classify the population into two major categories: native and foreign born. (See "Native" and "Foreign Born" under "Citizenship Status.")

**Comparability.** The 2000 decennial census place of birth question matches the 1999 and subsequent American Community Survey (ACS) questions. The 1990 decennial census place of birth question matches the 1996-1998 ACS questions. For the 2000 decennial census and post-1998 ACS samples, separate check boxes and write-in spaces were used for people born in the United States and those born outside the United States.

Data on place of birth have been collected in each U.S. census since 1850. In prior censuses, the place of birth question asked respondents to report the state or foreign country where they were born. There were no check boxes in prior censuses. Nonresponse to the place of birth question has been imputed to some degree since 1970. For 1970 through 1990, state of birth was imputed for people born in the United States; people born outside the United States were assigned "born abroad, country not specified" or "born in an outlying area, not specified." In 2000, a specific Island Area (referred to as "outlying areas" in previous censuses) or country of birth was imputed.

Data on place of birth for Puerto Rico was asked beginning in 1910. In censuses prior to 2000, the place of birth question asked respondents to report the municipio in Puerto Rico as well as the U.S. state or the foreign country where they were born. Tabulations for those censuses showed people who were born in the same or a different municipio. Municipio of birth was not asked in 2000. Nonresponse was imputed in 1980 and 1990 for all questions, but a specific foreign country was not imputed until 2000.

Parental nativity (birthplace of parents) was asked of a sample of the population in each decennial census between 1870 and 1970. The 1980, 1990, and 2000 decennial censuses instead included a question on ancestry, except for the U.S. Island Areas (such as Guam) which asked the parental nativity question. (See "Ancestry.")

#### **POVERTY STATUS IN 1999**

The poverty data were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 31 and 32, the same questions used to derive income data. (For more information, see "Income in 1999.") The Census Bureau uses the federal government's official poverty definition. The Social Security Administration (SSA) developed the original poverty definition in 1964, which federal interagency committees subsequently revised in 1969 and 1980. The Office of Management and Budget's (OMB's) *Directive 14* prescribes this definition as the official poverty measure for federal agencies to use in their *statistical* work.

#### **Derivation of the Current Poverty Measure**

When the Social Security Administration (SSA) created the poverty definition in 1964, it focused on family food consumption. The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) used its data about the nutritional needs of children and adults to construct food plans for families. Within each food plan, dollar amounts varied according to the total number of people in the family and the family's composition, such as the number of children within each family. The cheapest of these plans, the Economy Food Plan, was designed to address the dietary needs of families on an austere budget.

Since the USDA's 1955 Food Consumption Survey showed that families of three or more people across all income levels spent roughly one-third of their income on food, the SSA multiplied the cost of the Economy Food Plan by three to obtain dollar figures for the poverty thresholds. Since the Economy Food Plan budgets varied by family size and composition, so too did the poverty thresholds. For 2-person families, the thresholds were adjusted by slightly higher factors because those households had higher fixed costs. Thresholds for unrelated individuals were calculated as a fixed proportion of the corresponding thresholds for 2-person families.

The poverty thresholds are revised annually to allow for changes in the cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-U). The poverty thresholds are the same for all parts of the country — they are not adjusted for regional, state or local variations in the cost of living. For a detailed discussion of the poverty definition, see U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports, "Poverty in the United States: 1999," P-60-210.

## **How Poverty Status is Determined**

The poverty status of families and unrelated individuals in 1999 was determined using 48 thresholds (income cutoffs) arranged in a two dimensional matrix. The matrix consists of family size (from 1 person to 9 or more people) cross-classified by presence and number of family members under 18 years old (from no children present to 8 or more children present). Unrelated individuals and 2-person families were further differentiated by the age of the reference person (RP) (under 65 years old and 65 years old and over).

To determine a person's poverty status, one compares the person's total family income with the poverty threshold appropriate for that person's family size and composition (see table below). If the total income of that person's family is less than the threshold appropriate for that family, then the person is considered poor, together with every member of his or her family. If a person is not living with anyone related by birth, marriage, or adoption, then the person's own income is compared with his or her poverty threshold.

**Weighted average thresholds.** Even though the official poverty data are based on the 48 thresholds arranged by family size and number of children within the family, data users often want to get an idea of the "average" threshold for a given family size. The weighted average thresholds provide that summary. They are weighted averages because for any given family size, families with a certain number of children may be more or less common than families with a different number of children. In other words, among 3-person families, there are more families with two adults and one child than families with three adults. To get the weighted average threshold for families of a particular size, multiply each threshold by the number of families for whom that threshold applies; then add up those products, and divide by the total number of families who are of that family size.

For example, for 3-person families, 1999 weighted thresholds were calculated in the following way using information from the 2000 Current Population Survey:

Family type	Number of families		Threshold		
No children (three adults)	5,213	*	\$13,032	=	\$67,935,816
One child (two adults)	8,208	*	\$13,410	=	\$110,069,280
Two children (one adult)	2,656	*	\$13,423	=	\$35,651,488
Totals	16,077				\$213,656,584
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Source: Current Population Survey, March 2000.

Dividing \$213,656,584 by 16,077 (the total number of 3-person families) yields \$13,290, the weighted average threshold for 3-person families. Please note that the thresholds are weighted not just by the number of poor families, but by all families for which the thresholds apply: the thresholds are used to determine which families are *at* or *above* poverty, as well as below poverty.

**Individuals for whom poverty status is determined.** Poverty status was determined for all people except institutionalized people, people in military group quarters, people in college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old. These groups also were excluded from the numerator and denominator when calculating poverty rates. They are considered neither "poor" nor "nonpoor."

**Specified poverty levels.** For various reasons, the official poverty definition does not satisfy all the needs of data users. Therefore, some of the data reflect the number of people below different percentages of the poverty level. These specified poverty levels are obtained by multiplying the official thresholds by the appropriate factor. For example, the average income cutoff at 125 percent of the poverty level was \$21,286 (\$17,029 x 1.25) in 1999 for family of four people.

## Poverty Threshold in 1999, by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years Old

(Dollars)

	Weighted	Related children under 18 years old								
Size of family unit	average threshold	None	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight or more
One person (unrelated individual)	8501 8667 7990	8667 7990								
Two people	10869 11214 10075	11156 10070	11483 11440							
Three people Four people Five people Six people Seven people Eight people Nine people or more	17029 20127 22727 25912	13032 17184 20723 23835 27425 30673 36897	13410 17465 21024 23930 27596 30944 37076	13423 16895 20380 23436 27006 30387 36583	16954 19882 22964 26595 29899 36169	19578 22261 25828 29206 35489	21845 24934 28327 34554	23953 27412 33708	27180 33499	32208

**Income deficit.** Income deficit represents the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars and for such cases the deficit is equal to the poverty threshold.

This measure provides an estimate of the amount which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective poverty thresholds. The income deficit is thus a measure of the degree of the impoverishment of a family or unrelated individual. However, please use caution when comparing the average deficits of families with different characteristics. Apparent differences in average income deficits may, to some extent, be a function of differences in family size.

**Aggregate income deficit.** Aggregate income deficit refers only to those families or unrelated individuals who are classified as below the poverty level. It is defined as the group (e.g., type of family) sum total of differences between the appropriate threshold and total family income or total personal income. Aggregate income deficit is subject to rounding, which means that all cells in a matrix are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information, see "Aggregate" under "Derived Measures.")

**Mean income deficit.** Mean income deficit represents the amount obtained by dividing the total income deficit for a group below the poverty level by the number of families (or unrelated individuals) in that group. (The aggregate used to calculate mean income deficit is rounded. For more information, see "Aggregate income deficit.") As mentioned above, please use caution when comparing mean income deficits of families with different characteristics, as apparent differences may to some extent be a function of differences in family size. Mean income deficit is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on means, see "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability.** The poverty definition used in the 1980 census and later differed slightly from the one used in the 1970 census. Three technical modifications were made to the definition used in the 1970 census:

- 1. Beginning with the 1980 census, the Office of Management and Budget eliminated any distinction between thresholds for "families with a female householder with no husband present" and all other families. The new thresholds which apply to all families regardless of the householder's sex were a weighted average of the old thresholds.
- 2. The Office of Management and Budget eliminated any differences between farm families and nonfarm families, and farm and nonfarm unrelated individuals. In the 1970 census, the farm thresholds were 85 percent of those for nonfarm families; whereas, in 1980 and later, the same thresholds were applied to all families and unrelated individuals regardless of residence.
- 3. The thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more people in 1970 to nine or more people in 1980 and later.

These changes resulted in a minimal increase in the number of poor at the national level. For a complete discussion of these modifications and their impact, see U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports, "Characteristics of the Population Below the Poverty Level: 1980," P-60, No. 133.

With respect to poverty, the population covered in the 1970 census was almost the same as that covered in the 1980 census and later. The only difference was that in 1980 and after, unrelated individuals under 15 years old were excluded from the poverty universe, while in 1970, only those under age 14 were excluded. The limited poverty data from the 1960 census excluded all people in group quarters and included all unrelated individuals regardless of age. It was unlikely that these differences in population coverage would have had significant impact when comparing the poverty data for people since the 1960 census.

**Current Population Survey.** Because the questionnaires and data collection procedures differ, Census 2000 estimates of the number of people below the poverty level by various characteristics may differ from those reported in the March 2000 Current Population Survey. Please refer to www.census.gov/hhes/income/guidance.html for more details.

**Household poverty data.** Poverty status is not defined for households — only for families and unrelated individuals. Because some data users need poverty data at the household level, we have provided a few matrices that show tallies of households by the poverty status of the householder. In these matrices, the householder's poverty status is computed exactly the same way as described above. Therefore, to determine whether or not a "household" was in poverty, anyone who is not related to the householder is ignored.

Example #1: Household #1 has six members — a married couple, Alice and Albert, with their 10-year-old nephew, Aaron, and another married couple, Brian and Beatrice, with their 6-year-old son, Ben. Alice is the householder. Brian, Beatrice, and Ben are not related to Alice.

Household member	Relationship to Alice	Income
Alle	self (householder)	\$5,000
Albert	spouse	\$40,000
Aaron	related child	\$0
Brian	unrelated individual	<b>\$</b> 0
Beatrice	unrelated individual	\$5,000
Ben	unrelated individual	\$0

The total income of Alice's family is \$45,000, and their poverty threshold is \$13,410, since there are three people in the family, with one member under age 18. Their income is greater than their threshold, so they are not classified as poor. Their ratio of income to poverty is 3.36 (\$45,000 divided by \$13,410). Alice's income-to-poverty ratio is also 3.36, because everyone in the same family has the same poverty status.

Even though Brian, Beatrice and Ben would be classified as poor if they lived in their own household, the household is not classified as poor because the householder, Alice, is not poor, as was shown in the computation above.

Example #2: Household #2 consists of four adults, Claude, Danielle, Emily, and Francis, who are unrelated to each other and are living as housemates. Claude, who is age 30, is the householder.

Household member	Relationship to Claude	Income
Claude	self (householder)	\$4,500
Danielle	unrelated individual	\$82,000
Emily	unrelated individual	\$28,000
Francis	unrelated individual	\$40,000

Because Claude is under age 65 and is not living with any family members, his poverty threshold is \$8,667. Since his income, \$4,500, is less than his threshold, he is considered poor. His ratio of income to poverty is 0.52 (\$4,500 divided by \$8,667).

Household #2 would be classified as poor because its householder, Claude, is poor, even though the other household members (who are not related to Claude) are not in poverty.

#### RACE

The data on race, which was asked of all people, were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 6 and short-form questionnaire Item 8. The concept of race, as used by the Census Bureau, reflects self-identification by people according to the race or races with which they most closely identify. These categories are socio-political constructs and should not be interpreted as being scientific or anthropological in nature. Furthermore, the race categories include both racial and national-origin groups.

The racial classifications used by the Census Bureau adhere to the October 30, 1997, Federal Register Notice entitled, "Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity," issued by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). These standards govern the categories used to collect and present federal data on race and ethnicity. The OMB requires five minimum categories (White, Black or African American, American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander) for race. The race categories are described below with a sixth category, "Some other race," added with OMB approval. In addition to the five race groups, the OMB also states that respondents should be offered the option of selecting one or more races.

If an individual did not provide a race response, the race or races of the householder or other household members were assigned using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if race was missing for a natural-born child in the household, then either the race or races of the householder, another natural-born child, or the spouse of the householder were assigned. If race was not reported for anyone in the household, the race or races of a householder in a previously processed household were assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in "Accuracy of the Data."

**White.** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as "White" or report entries such as Irish, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

**Black or African American.** A person having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as "Black, African Am., or Negro," or provide written entries such as African American, Afro-American, Kenyan, Nigerian, or Haitian.

**American Indian or Alaska Native.** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and who maintain tribal affiliation or community attachment. It includes people who classified themselves as described below.

American Indian. This category includes people who indicated their race as "American Indian," entered the name of an Indian tribe, or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French American Indian, or Spanish American Indian.

American Indian tribe. Respondents who identified themselves as American Indian were asked to report their enrolled or principal tribe. Therefore, tribal data in tabulations reflect the written entries reported on the questionnaires. Some of the entries (for example, Iroquois, Sioux, Colorado River, and Flathead) represent nations or reservations. The information on tribe is based on self-identification and therefore does not reflect any designation of federally or state-recognized tribe. Information on American Indian tribes is presented in summary files. The information for Census 2000 is derived from the American Indian Tribal Classification List for the 1990 census that was updated based on a December 1997, Federal Register Notice, entitled "Indian Entities Recognized and Eligible to Receive Service From the United States Bureau of Indian Affairs," Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Alaska Native. This category includes written responses of Eskimos, Aleuts, and Alaska Indians as well as entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, Yupik, Alutiiq, Egegik, and Pribilovian. The Alaska tribes are the Alaskan Athabascan, Tlingit, and Haida. The information for Census 2000 is based on the American Indian Tribal Classification List for the 1990 census, which was expanded to list the individual Alaska Native Villages when provided as a written response for race.

**Asian.** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam. It includes "Asian Indian," "Chinese," "Filipino," "Korean," "Japanese," "Vietnamese," and "Other Asian."

Asian Indian. This category includes people who indicated their race as "Asian Indian" or identified themselves as Bengalese, Bharat, Dravidian, East Indian, or Goanese.

Chinese. This category includes people who indicate their race as "Chinese" or who identify themselves as Cantonese, or Chinese American. In some census tabulations, written entries of Taiwanese are included with Chinese while in others they are shown separately.

Filipino. This category includes people who indicate their race as "Filipino" or who report entries such as Philipino, Philipino, or Filipino American.

Japanese. This category includes people who indicate their race as "Japanese" or who report entries such as Nipponese or Japanese American.

Korean. This category includes people who indicate their race as "Korean" or who provide a response of Korean American.

*Vietnamese.* This category includes people who indicate their race as "Vietnamese" or who provide a response of Vietnamese American.

Cambodian. This category includes people who provide a response such as Cambodian or Cambodia.

*Hmong.* This category includes people who provide a response such as Hmong, Laohmong, or Mong.

Laotian. This category includes people who provide a response such as Laotian, Laos, or Lao.

Thai. This category includes people who provide a response such as Thai, Thailand, or Siamese.

Other Asian. This category includes people who provide a response of Bangladeshi; Bhutanese; Burmese; Indochinese; Indonesian; Iwo Jiman; Madagascar; Malaysian; Maldivian; Nepalese; Okinawan; Pakistani; Singaporean; Sri Lankan; or Other Asian, specified and Other Asian, not specified.

**Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander.** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands. It includes people who indicate their race as "Native Hawaiian," "Guamanian or Chamorro," "Samoan," and "Other Pacific Islander."

Native Hawaiian. This category includes people who indicate their race as "Native Hawaiian" or who identify themselves as "Part Hawaiian" or "Hawaiian."

Guamanian or Chamorro. This category includes people who indicate their race as such, including written entries of Guam or Chamorro.

Samoan. This category includes people who indicate their race as "Samoan" or who identify themselves as American Samoan or Western Samoan.

Other Pacific Islander. This category includes people who provide a write-in response of a Pacific Islander group such as Carolinian; Chuukese (Trukese); Fijian; Kosraean; Melanesian; Micronesian; Northern Mariana Islander; Palauan; Papua New Guinean; Pohnpeian; Polynesian; Solomon Islander; Tahitian; Tokelauan; Tongan; Yapese; or Other Pacific Islander, specified and Other Pacific Islander, not specified.

**Some other race.** This category includes all other responses not included in the "White," "Black or African American," "American Indian or Alaska Native," "Asian," and "Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander" race categories described above. Respondents providing write-in entries such as multiracial, mixed, interracial, or a Hispanic/Latino group (for example, Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Cuban) in the "Some other race" write-in space are included in this category.

**Two or more races.** People may have chosen to provide two or more races either by checking two or more race response check boxes, by providing multiple write-in responses, or by some combination of check boxes and write-in responses. The race response categories shown on the questionnaire are collapsed into the five minimum races identified by the OMB, and the Census Bureau "Some other race" category. For data product purposes, "Two or more races" refers to combinations of two or more of the following race categories:

- 1. White
- 2. Black or African American
- 3. American Indian and Alaska Native
- 4. Asian
- 5. Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 6. Some other race

There are 57 possible combinations (see below) involving the race categories shown above. Thus, according to this approach, a response of "White" and "Asian" was tallied as two or more races, while a response of "Japanese" and "Chinese" was not because "Japanese" and "Chinese" are both Asian responses. Tabulations of responses involving reporting of two or more races within the American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian, or Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories are available in other data products.

## Two or More Races (57 Possible Specified Combinations)

- 1. White; Black or African American
- 2. White; American Indian and Alaska Native
- 3. White; Asian
- 4. White; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 5. White; Some other race
- 6. Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native
- 7. Black or African American; Asian
- 8. Black or African American; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 9. Black or African American: Some other race
- 10. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian

#### Two or More Races (57 Possible Specified Combinations)—Con.

- 11. American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 12. American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
- 13. Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 14. Asian; Some other race
- 15. Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 16. White; Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native
- 17. White; Black or African American; Asian
- 18. White; Black or African American; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 19. White; Black or African American; Some other race
- 20. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian
- 21. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 22. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
- 23. White; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 24. White; Asian; Some other race
- 25. White; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 26. Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian
- Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 28. Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
- 29. Black or African American; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 30. Black or African American; Asian; Some other race
- 31. Black or African American; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 32. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 33. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race
- 34. American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 35. Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 36. White: Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian
- 37. White; Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 38. White; Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
- 39. White; Black or African American; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 40. White; Black or African American; Asian; Some other race
- White; Black or African American; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 42. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 43. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race
- 44. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 45. White; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 46. Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 47. Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race
- 48. Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 49. Black or African American; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 50. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 51. White; Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 52. White; Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race

#### Two or More Races (57 Possible Specified Combinations)—Con.

- 53. White; Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 54. White; Black or African American; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 55. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 56. Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 57. White; Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race

Given the many possible ways of displaying data on two or more races, data products will provide varying levels of detail. The most common presentation shows a single line indicating "Two or more races." Some data products provide totals of all 57 possible combinations of two or more races, as well as subtotals of people reporting a specific number of races, such as people reporting two races, people reporting three races, and so on.

In other presentations on race, data are shown for the total number of people who reported one of the six categories alone or in combination with one or more other race categories. For example, the category, "Asian alone or in combination with one or more other races" includes people who reported Asian alone and people who reported Asian in combination with White, Black or African American, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and Some other race. This number, therefore, represents the maximum number of people who reported as Asian in the question on race. When this data presentation is used, the individual race categories will add to more than the total population because people may be included in more than one category.

Coding of race write-in responses. Census 2000 included an automated review, computer edit, and coding operation on a 100-percent basis for the write-in responses to the race question, similar to that used in the 1990 census. There were two types of coding operations: (1) automated coding where a write-in response was automatically coded if it matched a write-in response already contained in a database known as the "master file," and (2) expert coding which took place when a write-in response did not match an entry already on the master file, and was sent to expert clerical coders familiar with the subject matter. During 100-percent processing of Census 2000 questionnaires, subject-matter specialists reviewed and coded written entries from four response categories on the race item: American Indian or Alaska Native, Other Asian, Other Pacific Islander, and Some other race. The Other Asian and Other Pacific Islander response categories shared the same write-in area on the questionnaire. Write-in responses such as Laotian or Thai, and Guamanian or Tongan were reviewed, coded, and tabulated as "Other Asian" and "Other Pacific Islander," respectively, in the census. All tribal entries were coded as either American Indian or as Alaska Native.

Comparability. The data on race in Census 2000 are not directly comparable to those collected in previous censuses. The October 1997 revised standards issued by the OMB led to changes in the question on race for Census 2000. The Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal data were the first to reflect these changes. First, respondents were allowed to select more than one category for race. Second, the sequence of the questions on race and Hispanic origin changed. In 1990, the question on race (Item 4) preceded the question on Hispanic origin (Item 7) with two intervening questions. For Census 2000, the question on race immediately follows the question on Hispanic origin. Third, there were terminology changes to the response categories, such as spelling out "American" instead of "Amer." for the American Indian or Alaska Native category; and adding "Native" to the Hawaiian response category. The 1990 category, "Other race," was renamed "Some other race." Other differences that may affect comparability involve the individual categories on the Census 2000 questionnaire. The 1990 category, "Asian and Pacific Islander," was separated into two categories, "Asian" and "Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander" for Census 2000.

Accordingly, on the Census 2000 questionnaire, there were seven Asian categories and four Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories. The two residual categories, "Other Asian" and "Other Pacific Islander," replaced the 1990 single category "Other API." The 1990 categories, "American Indian," "Eskimo," and "Aleut," were combined into "American Indian and Alaska Natives." American Indians and Alaska Natives can report one or more tribes.

As in 1980 and 1990, people who reported a Hispanic or Latino ethnicity in the question on race and did not mark a specific race category were classified in the "Some other race" category ("Other" in 1980 and "Other race" in 1990). They commonly provided a write-in entry such as Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Latino. In the 1970 census, most of these responses were included in the "White" category. In addition, some ethnic entries that in 1990 may have been coded as White or Black are now shown in the "Some other race" group.

For Puerto Rico, separate questions on race and Hispanic origin were included on their Census 2000 questionnaire; identical to the questions used in the United States. The 1950 census was the last census to include these questions on the Puerto Rico questionnaire.

#### REFERENCE WEEK

The data on employment status and commuting to work are related to a 1-week time period, known as the reference week. For each person, this week is the full calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, preceding the date the questionnaire was completed. This calendar week is not the same for all people since the enumeration was not completed in 1 week. The occurrence of holidays during the enumeration period probably had no effect on the overall measurement of employment status.

#### **RESIDENCE 5 YEARS AGO**

The data on residence 5 years earlier were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 15, which was asked of a sample of the population 5 years old and over. This question asked for the state (or foreign country), U.S. county, city or town, and ZIP Code of residence on April 1, 1995, for those people who reported that on that date they lived in a different house than their current residence. Residence 5 years earlier is used in conjunction with location of current residence to determine the extent of residential mobility of the population and the resulting redistribution of the population across the various states, metropolitan areas, and regions of the country.

On the Puerto Rico questionnaire, people living in Puerto Rico in 1995 were asked to report the name of the municipio (county equivalent); the city, town or village; and the ZIP Code where they lived. People living in the United States in 1995 were asked to report the name of the city, county, state, and ZIP Code where they lived. People living outside Puerto Rico or the United States were asked to report the name of the foreign country or U.S. Island Area where they were living in 1995.

When no information on previous residence was reported for a person, information for other family members, if available, was used to assign a location of residence in 1995. All cases of nonresponse or incomplete response that were not assigned a previous residence based on information from other family members were imputed the previous residence of another person with similar characteristics who provided complete information on residence 5 years earlier.

The tabulation category, "Same house," includes all people 5 years old and over who did not move during the 5 years as well as those who had moved but by Census Day had returned to their 1995 residence. The category, "Different house in the United States," includes people who lived in the United States 5 years earlier but lived in a different house or apartment from the one they occupied on Census Day. These movers are then further subdivided according to the type of move.

In most tabulations, movers within the U.S. are divided into three groups according to their previous residence: "Different house, same county," "Different county, same state," and "Different state." The last group may be further subdivided into region of residence in 1995. An additional

category, "Abroad," includes those whose previous residence was in a foreign country, Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or the U.S. Virgin Islands, including members of the armed forces and their dependents. Some tabulations show movers who were residing in Puerto Rico or one of the U.S. Island Areas in 1995 separately from those residing in foreign countries.

In most tabulations, movers within Puerto Rico are divided into two groups according to their 1995 residence: "Same municipio," and "Different municipio." Municipio of previous residence in Puerto Rico is not available for people living in the United States in 2000. Other tabulations show movers within or between metropolitan areas similar to the stateside tabulations.

Some special tabulations present data on inmigrants, outmigrants, and net migration. "Inmigrants" are generally defined as those people who moved into an area. In some tabulations, movers from abroad may be included in the number of inmigrants; in others, only movers within the United States are included. "Outmigrants" are people who moved out of a specific area to some other place in the United States. Movers who left the United States are not available to be included in any tabulations. "Net migration" is calculated by subtracting the number of outmigrants from the number of inmigrants. The net migration for the area is net inmigration if the result is positive and net outmigration if the result is negative. In the tabulations, net outmigration is indicated by a minus sign (-).

Inmigrants and outmigrants for states include only those people who did not live in the same state at both dates; that is, they exclude people who moved between counties within the same state. Thus, the sum of the inmigrants to (or outmigrants from) all counties in any state is greater than the number of inmigrants to (or outmigrants from) that state. However, in the case of net migration, the sum of the nets for all the counties within a state equals the net for the state. In the same fashion, the net migration for a division or region equals the sum of the nets for the states comprising that division or region, while the number of inmigrants and outmigrants for that division or region is less than the sum of the inmigrants or outmigrants for the individual states.

The number of people who were living in a different house 5 years earlier is somewhat less than the total number of moves during the 5-year period. Some people in the same house at the two dates had moved during the 5-year period but by the time of the census had returned to their 1995 residence. Other people who were living in a different house had made one or more intermediate moves. For similar reasons, the number of people living in a different county, metropolitan area, or state, or the number moving between nonmetropolitan areas, may be understated.

**Comparability.** Similar questions were asked on all previous censuses beginning in 1940, except the questions in 1950 referred to residence 1 year earlier rather than 5 years earlier. Although the questions in the 1940 census covered a 5-year period, comparability with that census is reduced somewhat because of different definitions and categories of tabulation. Comparability with the 1960 and 1970 censuses is also somewhat reduced because nonresponse was not imputed in those earlier censuses.

Similar questions were asked on all previous Puerto Rico censuses beginning in 1940, except the questions in 1950 referred to residence 1 year earlier rather than 5 years earlier. Nonresponse, if not assigned based on information from other family members, was not imputed in those earlier censuses.

For the 1980 and 1990 censuses, nonresponse was imputed in a manner similar to Census 2000, except that Census 2000 was the first to impute a specific city or town of previous residence within the United States or a specific foreign country. In 1980 and 1990, only state and county (or state, county, and minor civil division in the Northeast) were imputed; people who were abroad 5 years earlier were tabulated as "abroad, country not specified" rather than being imputed to a specific country.

If residence was in the United States in 2000 but in Puerto Rico in 1995, then a specific city or town was not imputed for nonresponse. For residents of Puerto Rico in 2000, a specific city or town was imputed for nonresponse if they lived in a different residence in Puerto Rico in 1995 or if they lived in the United States in 1995.

#### SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Tabulation of data on school enrollment, educational attainment, and employment status for the population 16 to 19 years old allows for calculating the proportion of people 16 to 19 years old who are not enrolled in school and not high school graduates ("dropouts") and an unemployment rate for the "dropout" population. Definitions of the three topics and descriptions of the census items from which they were derived are presented in "Educational Attainment," "Employment Status," and "School Enrollment and Type of School."

**Comparability.** The tabulation of school enrollment by employment status is similar to that published in 1980 and 1990 census reports. The 1980 census tabulation included a single data line for armed forces; school enrollment, educational attainment, and employment status data were shown for the civilian population only. In 1970, a tabulation was included for 16 to 21 year old males not attending school.

#### SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL

Data on school enrollment were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 8a and 8b, which were asked of a sample of the population. People were classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" public or private school or college at any time between February 1, 2000, and the time of enumeration. The question included instructions to "include only nursery school or preschool, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or a college degree" as regular school or college. Respondents who did not answer the enrollment question were assigned the enrollment status and type of school of a person with the same age, sex, and race/Hispanic or Latino origin whose residence was in the same or a nearby area.

**Public and private school.** Public and private school includes people who attended school in the reference period and indicated they were enrolled by marking one of the questionnaire categories for either "public school, public college" or "private school, private college." Schools supported and controlled primarily by a federal, state, or local government are defined as public (including tribal schools). Those supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups are private.

**Comparability.** School enrollment questions have been included in the census since 1840; highest grade attended was first asked in 1940; type of school was first asked in 1960. Before 1940, the enrollment question in various censuses referred to attendance in the preceding 6 months or the preceding year. In 1940, the reference was to attendance in the month preceding the census, and in the 1950 and subsequent censuses, the question referred to attendance in the 2 months preceding the census date.

Until the 1910 census, there were no instructions limiting the kinds of schools in which enrollment was to be counted. Starting in 1910, the instructions indicated that attendance at "school, college, or any educational institution" was to be counted. In 1930 an instruction to include "night school" was added. In the 1940 instructions, night school, extension school, or vocational school were included only if the school was part of the regular school system. Correspondence school work of any kind was excluded. In the 1950 instructions, the term "regular school" was introduced, and it was defined as schooling which "advances a person towards an elementary or high school diploma or a college, university, or professional school degree." Vocational, trade, or business schools were excluded unless they were graded and considered part of a regular school system. On-the-job training was excluded, as was nursery school. Instruction by correspondence was excluded unless it was given by a regular school and counted towards promotion. In 1960, the question used the term "regular school or college" and a similar, though expanded, definition of "regular" was included in the instruction, which continued to exclude nursery school. Because of the use of mailed questionnaires in the 1960 census, it was the first census in which instructions were written for the respondent as well as enumerators. In the 1970 census, the questionnaire used the phrase "regular school or college" and included instructions to "count nursery school, kindergarten, and schooling that leads to an elementary

school certificate, high school diploma, or college degree." Instructions in a separate document specified that to be counted as regular school, nursery school must include instruction as an important and integral phase of its program, and continued the exclusion of vocational, trade, and business schools. The 1980 census question was very similar to the 1970 question, but the separate instruction booklet did not require that nursery school include substantial instructional content in order to be counted. Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring were not to be included unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. The instruction guide defines a public school as "any school or college controlled and supported by a local, county, state, or federal government." Schools supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups were defined as private. In Census 2000 there was no separate instruction guide. The questionnaire reference book used by enumerators and telephone assistance staff contained these definitions for those who asked questions.

The age range for which enrollment data have been obtained and published has varied over the censuses. Information on enrollment was recorded for people of all ages in the 1930 and 1940 censuses and 1970 through 2000 censuses; for people under 30 years old in 1950; and for people 5 to 34 years old in 1960. Most of the published enrollment figures referred to people 5 to 20 years old in the 1930 census, 5 to 24 in 1940, 5 to 29 in 1950, 5 to 34 in 1970, and 3 years old and over in 1980 and later years. This growth in the age group whose enrollment was reported reflects increased interest in the number of children in preprimary schools and in the number of older people attending colleges and universities. In the 1950 and subsequent censuses, college students were enumerated where they lived while attending college; whereas, in earlier censuses, they generally were enumerated at their parental homes. This change should not affect the comparability of national figures on college enrollment since 1940; however, it may affect the comparability over time of enrollment figures at subnational levels.

Type of school was first introduced in the 1960 census, where a separate question asked the enrolled person whether he/she was in a "public" or "private" school. Beginning with the 1970 census, the type of school was incorporated into the response categories for the enrollment question and the terms were changed to "public," "parochial," and "other private." In the 1980 census, "private, church related" and "private, not church related" replaced "parochial" and "other private." In 1990 and 2000, "public" and "private" were used. Data on school enrollment also were collected and published by other federal, state, and local government agencies. Where these data were obtained from administrative records of school systems and institutions of higher learning, they were only roughly comparable to data from population censuses and household surveys because of differences in definitions and concepts, subject matter covered, time references, and enumeration methods. At the local level, the difference between the location of the institution and the residence of the student may affect the comparability of census and administrative data. Differences between the boundaries of school districts and census geographic units may also affect these comparisons.

#### SEX

The data on sex, which was asked of all people, were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 3 and short-form questionnaire Item 5. Individuals were asked to mark either "male" or "female" to indicate their sex. For most cases in which sex was not reported, it was determined from the person's given (i.e., first) name and household relationship. Otherwise, sex was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and the age of the person. (For more information on imputation, see "Accuracy of the Data.")

**Sex ratio.** A measure derived by dividing the total number of males by the total number of females, and then multiplying by 100. This measure is rounded to the nearest tenth.

**Comparability.** A question on the sex of individuals has been included in every census. Census 2000 was the first time that first name was used for imputation of cases where sex was not reported.

#### **VETERAN STATUS**

Data on veteran status, period of military service, and years of military service were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 20, which was asked of a sample of the population 15 years old and over.

**Veteran status.** The data on veteran status were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 20a. For census data products, a "civilian veteran" is a person 18 years old and over who, at the time of the enumeration, had served on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard in the past (even for a short time), but was not then on active duty, or who had served in the Merchant Marine during World War II. People who had served in the National Guard or Military Reserves were classified as veterans only if they had ever been called or ordered to active duty, not counting the 4 to 6 months for initial training or yearly summer camps. All other civilians 18 years old and over were classified as nonveterans.

**Period of military service.** People who indicated in long-form questionnaire Item 20a that they had served on active duty in the past (civilian veterans) or were on active duty at the time of enumeration were asked to indicate in Question 20b the period or periods in which they served. People who served in both wartime and peacetime periods are tabulated according to their wartime service.

The responses to the question about period of service were edited for consistency and reasonableness. The edit eliminated inconsistencies between reported period(s) of service and the age of the person; it also removed reported combinations of periods containing unreasonable gaps (for example, it did not accept a response that indicated that the person had served in World War II and in the Vietnam era, but not in the Korean conflict).

**Years of military service.** People who indicated in long-form questionnaire Item 20a that they had served on active duty in the past (civilian veterans) or were on active duty at the time of enumeration were asked whether they had spent at least 2 years in total on active duty. The question asked for accumulated service (i.e., total service), which is not necessarily the same as continuous service. The years of military service question provides necessary information to estimate the number of veterans that are eligible to receive specific benefits.

**Limitation of the data.** There may be a tendency for the following kinds of people to report erroneously that they had served on active duty in the armed forces: (a) people who served in the National Guard or Military Reserves, but were never called to active duty; (b) civilian employees or volunteers for the USO, Red Cross, or the Department of Defense (or its predecessors, the Department of War and the Department of the Navy); and (c) employees of the Merchant Marine or Public Health Service. There is also the possibility that people may have misreported years of service in long-form questionnaire Item 20c because of rounding errors (for example, people with 1 year 8 months of active duty military service may have mistakenly reported "2 years or more").

**Comparability.** Since census data on veterans are based on self-reported responses, they may differ from data from other sources, such as administrative records of the Department of Defense and/or the Department of Transportation. Census data also may differ from Department of Veterans Affairs' data on the benefits-eligible population, since criteria for determining eligibility for veterans' benefits differ from the rules for classifying veterans in the census.

The questions and concepts for veterans' data for Census 2000 were essentially the same as those used for the 1990 census, with the following exceptions: (1) the period of military service categories were updated; (2) in an effort to reduce reporting error, the format of the years of military service question was changed from an open-ended one (how many years has...served?) to a closed-ended one (the respondent checked either of two boxes: less than 2 years/2 years or more); and (3) persons with service during World War II in the Women's Air Forces Service Pilots organization were first counted as veterans in Census 2000, a development that should not appreciably affect 1990-2000 comparability. Both the 2000 and 1990 veteran-status questions represented expanded versions of the corresponding question in the 1980 census, which asked

only whether the person was a veteran or not. The expansion was intended to clarify the appropriate response for persons currently in the armed forces and for persons whose only military service was for training in the Reserves or National Guard.

## **WORK STATUS IN 1999**

The data on work status in 1999 were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 30a, which was asked of a sample of the population 15 years old and over. People 16 years old and over who worked 1 or more weeks according to the criteria described below are classified as "Worked in 1999." All other people 16 years old and over are classified as "Did not work in 1999." Some earnings tabulations showing work status in 1999 include 15 year olds; these people, by definition, are classified as "Did not work in 1999."

**Weeks worked in 1999.** The data on weeks worked in 1999 were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 30b, which was asked of people 15 years old and over who indicated in long-form questionnaire Item 30a that they worked in 1999. The data were tabulated for people 16 years old and over and pertain to the number of weeks during 1999 in which a person did any work for pay or profit (or took paid vacation or paid sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business. Weeks on active duty in the armed forces also are included as weeks worked.

**Median weeks worked in 1999.** Median weeks worked in 1999 divides the weeks worked distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median weeks worked and one-half above the median. Median weeks worked in 1999 is computed on the basis of a standard distribution (see the "Standard Distributions" section under "Derived Measures"). Median weeks worked is rounded to the nearest whole number. (For more information on medians, see "Derived Measures.")

**Usual hours worked per week in 1999.** The data on usual hours worked in 1999 were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 30c. This question was asked of people 15 years old and over who indicated that they worked in 1999 in Question 30a, and the data are tabulated for people 16 years old and over. The respondent was asked to report the number of hours usually worked during the weeks worked in 1999. If their hours varied considerably from week to week during 1999, the respondent was asked to report an approximate average of the hours worked each week. People 16 years old and over who reported that they usually worked 35 or more hours each week are classified as "Usually worked full time"; people who reported that they usually worked 1 to 34 hours each week are classified as "Usually worked part time."

**Median usual hours worked per week in 1999.** Median usual hours worked per week in 1999 divides the usual hours worked distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median usual hours worked and one-half above the median. Median usual hours worked per week in 1999 is computed on the basis of a standard distribution (see the "Standard Distributions" section under "Derived Measures"). Median usual hours worked per week is rounded to the nearest whole hour. (For more information on medians, see "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate usual hours worked per week in 1999.** The aggregate usual hours worked per week in 1999 is the number obtained by summing across the usual hours worked values of all people who worked in 1999. (Note that there is one usual hours value for each worker, so the number of items summed equals the number of workers.)

**Mean usual hours worked per week in 1999.** Mean usual hours worked per week is calculated by dividing the aggregate number of usual hours worked per week worked in 1999 by the total number of people who worked in 1999. Mean usual hours worked per week is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on means, see "Derived Measures.")

**Full-time, year-round workers.** Full-time, year-round workers consists of people 16 years old and over who usually worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in 1999. The term "worker" in these concepts refers to people classified as "Worked in 1999" as defined above. The term "worked" in these concepts means "worked one or more weeks in 1999" as defined above under "Weeks Worked in 1999."

**Limitation of the data.** It is probable that data on the number of people who worked in 1999 and on the number of weeks worked are understated since there was probably a tendency for respondents to forget intermittent or short periods of employment or to exclude weeks worked without pay. There may also have been a tendency for people not to include weeks of paid vacation among their weeks worked, which would result in an underestimate of the number of people who worked "50 to 52 weeks."

**Comparability.** The data on weeks worked collected in Census 2000 are comparable with data from the 1960 to 1990 censuses, but may not be entirely comparable with data from the 1940 and 1950 censuses. Starting with the 1960 census, two separate questions have been used to obtain this information. The first identifies people with any work experience during the year and, thus, indicates those people for whom the question about number of weeks worked applies. In 1940 and 1950, the questionnaires contained only a single question on number of weeks worked. In 1970, people responded to the question on weeks worked by indicating one of six weeks-worked intervals. In 1980 and 1990, people were asked to enter the specific number of weeks they worked.

**Worker.** The terms "worker" and "work" appear in connection with several subjects: employment status, journey-to-work, class of worker, and work status in 1999. Their meaning varies and, therefore, should be determined by referring to the definition of the subject in which they appear. When used in the concepts "Workers in Family," "Workers in Family in 1999," and "Full-Time, Year-Round Workers," the term "worker" relates to the meaning of work defined for the "Work Status in 1999" subject.

#### YEAR OF ENTRY

The data on year of entry were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 14, which was asked of a sample of the population. All people born outside the United States were asked for the year in which they came to live in the United States. This includes people born in Puerto Rico and U.S. Island Areas (such as Guam); people born abroad of American parent(s); and the foreign born. (For more information, see "Place of Birth" and "Citizenship Status.")

**Limitation of the data.** The census questions on nativity, citizenship status, and year of entry were not designed to measure the degree of permanence of residence in the United States. The phrase "to live" was used to obtain the year in which the person became a resident of the United States. Although the respondent was directed to indicate the year he or she entered the country "to live," it was difficult to be sure that respondents interpreted the phrase as intended.

**Comparability.** The year of entry questions for the 2000 decennial census and for the American Community Survey (ACS) are identical. This question differs from the year of entry question in the 1990 decennial census. The 1990 decennial census item asked "When did this person come to the United States to stay?" Moreover, the year of entry question in the 1990 census provided respondents with a fixed number of response categories, while the year of entry question in both the 2000 decennial census and the ACS collect year of entry through a write-in space.

#### HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

**Contact List:** To obtain additional information on these and other Census 2000 subjects, see the list of *Census 2000 Contacts* on the Internet at http://www.census.gov/contacts/www/c-census2000.html.

**Puerto Rico:** Please note that for Census 2000, the definitions below apply to both the United States and Puerto Rico, except where noted. For 1990 and earlier censuses, references on comparability refer only to the United States. Please refer to the appropriate technical documentation for Puerto Rico for comparability statements pertaining to 1990 and earlier censuses.

## LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are either housing units or group quarters. Living quarters are usually found in structures intended for residential use, but also may be found in structures intended for nonresidential use as well as in places such as tents, vans, and emergency and transitional shelters.

**Housing unit.** A housing unit may be a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or, if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live separately from any other individuals in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory. Boats, recreational vehicles (RVs), vans, tents, and the like are housing units only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory. Also excluded from the housing inventory are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

**Occupied housing unit.** A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of people living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation or a business trip. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated people who share living quarters.

Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, people who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or have no usual place of residence elsewhere. If any of the occupants in rooming or boarding houses, congregate housing, or continuing care facilities live separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

**Vacant housing unit.** A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by people who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant. New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded from the housing inventory if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements. Also excluded are vacant units with a sign that they are condemned or they are to be demolished.

**Comparability.** The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the "dwelling unit" concept. Although the term became "housing unit" and the definition was modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the housing unit definition remained essentially comparable between 1940 and 1990. Since 1990, two changes have been made to the housing unit definition.

The first change eliminated the concept of "eating separately." The elimination of the eating criterion makes the housing unit definition more comparable to the United Nations' definition of a housing unit that stresses the entire concept of separateness rather than the specific "eating" element. Although the "eating separately" criterion was previously included in the definition of a housing unit, the data collected did not actually allow one to distinguish whether the occupants ate separately from any other people in the building. (Questions that asked households about their eating arrangements have not been included in the census since 1970.) Therefore, the current definition better reflects the information that is used in the determination of a housing unit.

The second change for Census 2000 eliminated the "number of nonrelatives" criterion; that is, "nine or more people unrelated to the householder" which converted housing units to group quarters. This change was prompted by the following considerations: (1) there were relatively few such conversions in 1990; (2) household relationship and housing data were lost by converting these housing units to group quarters; and (3) there was no empirical support for establishing a particular number of nonrelatives as a threshold for these conversions.

In 1960, 1970, and 1980, vacant rooms in hotels, motels, and other similar places where 75 percent or more of the accommodations were occupied by permanent residents were counted as part of the housing inventory. We intended to classify these vacant units as housing units in the 1990 census. However, an evaluation of the data collection procedures prior to the 1990 census indicated that the concept of permanency was difficult and confusing for enumerators to apply correctly. Consequently, in the 1990 census, vacant rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places were not counted as housing units. In Census 2000, we continued the procedure adopted in 1990.

## ACREAGE (CUERDA)

The data on acreage were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 44b. This question was asked on a sample basis at occupied and vacant 1-family houses and mobile homes. The data for vacant units are obtained by asking a neighbor, real estate agent, building manager, or anyone else who had knowledge of the vacant unit in question.

Question 44b determines a range of acres (cuerdas) on which the house or mobile home is located. A major purpose for this item is to exclude owner-occupied and renter-occupied 1-family houses on 10 or more acres (cuerdas) from the specified owner- and renter-occupied universes for value and rent tabulations. Another major purpose for this item, in conjunction with long-form questionnaire Item 44c on agricultural sales, is to identify farm units. (For more information, see "Farm Residence.") The land may consist of more than one tract or plot. These tracts or plots are usually adjoining; however, they may be separated by a road, a creek, another piece of land, etc.

**Comparability.** Question 44b replaced two items on acreage that were asked in 1990, "Is this house on 10 or more acres (cuerdas)" and "Is this house on less than 1 acre (cuerda)." No information was lost by combining these items. In Census 2000, this question was asked on a sample basis. In previous decennial censuses, the first acreage question was asked on a 100-percent basis and the second one was asked on a sample basis.

## **AGRICULTURAL SALES**

Data on the sales of agricultural crops were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 44c, which was asked on a sample basis at occupied 1-family houses and mobile homes located on lots of 1 acre or more. Data for this item exclude units on lots of less than 1 acre, units located in structures containing two or more units, and all vacant units. This item refers to the total amount (before taxes and expenses) received in 1999 from the sale of crops, vegetables,

fruits, nuts, livestock and livestock products, and nursery and forest products produced on "this property." Respondents new to a unit were to estimate total agricultural sales in 1999 even if some portion of the sales had been made by previous occupants of the unit.

This item is used mainly to classify housing units as farm or nonfarm residences, not to provide detailed information on the sale of agricultural products. Detailed information on the sale of agricultural products is provided by the Census of Agriculture (1997 Census of Agriculture, Vol. 1, geographic area series conducted by the National Agriculture Statistics Services, U.S. Department of Agriculture). (For more information, see "Farm Residence.")

#### **BEDROOMS**

The data on bedrooms were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 38, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The number of bedrooms is the count of rooms designed to be used as bedrooms; that is, the number of rooms that would be listed as bedrooms if the house, apartment, or mobile home were on the market for sale or for rent. Included are all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms even if they currently are being used for some other purpose. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom.

**Comparability.** Data on bedrooms have been collected in every census since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, data for bedrooms were shown only for year-round units. Year-round housing units are all occupied units plus vacant units available or intended for year round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and migrant laborers are excluded. Since 1990, these data are shown for all housing units. Prior to 1990, a room was defined as a bedroom if it was used mainly for sleeping even if it also was used for other purposes. Rooms that were designed to be used as bedrooms but used mainly for other purposes were not classified as bedrooms.

#### **BUSINESS ON PROPERTY**

The data for business on property were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 44a, which was asked on a sample basis at occupied and vacant 1-family houses and mobile homes. This question is used to exclude owner-occupied, 1-family houses with business or medical offices on the property from certain statistics on financial characteristics.

A business must be easily recognizable from the outside. It usually will have a separate outside entrance and have the appearance of a business, such as a grocery store, restaurant, or barber shop. It may be either attached to the house or mobile home or be located elsewhere on the property. Those housing units in which a room is used for business or professional purposes and have no recognizable alterations to the outside are not considered to have a business. Medical offices are considered businesses for tabulation purposes.

**Comparability.** Data on business on property have been collected since 1940. In Census 2000, this question was asked on a sample basis. In previous decennial censuses, the question on business on property was asked on a 100-percent basis.

## **CONDOMINIUM FEE**

The data on condominium fee were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 52, which was asked on a sample basis at owner-occupied condominiums. A condominium fee normally is charged monthly to the owners of individual condominium units by the condominium owners' association to cover operating, maintenance, administrative, and improvement costs of the common property (grounds, halls, lobby, parking areas, laundry rooms, swimming pool, etc.). The costs for utilities and/or fuels may be included in the condominium fee if the units do not have separate meters.

The data from this item were added to payments for mortgages (both first, second, home equity loans, and other junior mortgages); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments; and utilities and fuels to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1999" for condominium owners.

**Comparability.** Data on condominium fees were collected for the first time in 1990. In previous decennial censuses, a question on whether a unit was part of a condominium also was asked. The question on condominium status was not asked in Census 2000.

#### **CONTRACT RENT**

The data on contract rent (also referred to as "rent asked" for vacant units) were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 46, which was asked on a sample basis at occupied housing units that were rented for cash rent and vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

Housing units that are renter occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in census data products. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. Rent-free houses or apartments may be provided to compensate caretakers, ministers, tenant farmers, sharecroppers, or others.

Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, fees, meals, or services that may be included. For vacant units, it is the monthly rent asked for the rental unit at the time of enumeration.

If the contract rent includes rent for a business unit or for living quarters occupied by another household, only that part of the rent estimated to be for the respondent's unit was included. Excluded was any rent paid for additional units or for business premises.

If a renter pays rent to the owner of a condominium or cooperative, and the condominium fee or cooperative carrying charge also is paid by the renter to the owner, the condominium fee or carrying charge was included as rent.

If a renter receives payments from lodgers or roomers who are listed as members of the household, the rent without deduction for any payments received from the lodgers or roomers was to be reported. The respondent was to report the rent agreed to or contracted for even if paid by someone else such as friends or relatives living elsewhere, a church or welfare agency, or the government through subsidies or vouchers.

In some tabulations, contract rent is presented for all renter-occupied housing units, as well as specified renter-occupied and vacant-for-rent units. (For more information on rent, see "Gross Rent.")

**Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units.** In some tabulations, contract rent is presented for specified renter-occupied and vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude 1-family houses on 10 acres or more.

**Median and quartile contract rent.** The median divides the rent distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median contract rent and one-half above the median. Quartiles divide the rent distribution into four equal parts. Median and quartile contract rent are computed on the basis of a standard distribution (see the "Standard Distributions" section under "Derived Measures"). In computing median and quartile contract rent, units reported as "No cash rent" are excluded. Median and quartile rent calculations are rounded to the nearest whole dollar. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large rent differences among various geographic areas. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate contract rent.** Aggregate contract rent is calculated by adding all of the contract rents for occupied housing units in an area. Aggregate contract rent is subject to rounding, which means that all cells in a matrix are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information, see "Aggregate" under "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate rent asked.** Aggregate rent asked is calculated by adding all of the rents for vacant-for-rent housing units in an area. Aggregate rent asked is subject to rounding, which means that all cells in a matrix are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information, see "Aggregate" under "Derived Measures.")

**Limitation of the data.** In previous censuses, including 1990, contract rent for vacant units had high allocation rates (about 35 percent).

**Comparability.** Data on this item have been collected since 1930. In Census 2000, this question was asked on a sample basis. In previous decennial censuses, the question on contract rent was asked on a 100-percent basis.

In Census 2000, respondents wrote in the contract rent amount. In previous decennial censuses, respondents marked the appropriate contract rent box shown as ranges on the questionnaire.

#### **FARM RESIDENCE**

The data on farm residence were obtained on a sample basis from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 44b and 44c. An occupied 1-family house or mobile home is classified as a farm residence if: (1) the housing unit is located on a property of 1 acre or more, and (2) at least \$1,000 worth of agricultural products were sold from the property in 1999. Group quarters and housing units that are in multiunit buildings or are vacant are not included as farm residences.

The farm population consists of people in households living in farm residences. Some people who are counted on a property classified as a farm (including, in some cases, farm workers) are excluded from the farm population. Such people include those who reside in multiunit buildings or group quarters.

**Comparability.** These are the same criteria that were used to define a farm residence in 1980 and 1990. In 1960 and 1970, a farm was defined as a place of 10 or more acres with at least \$50 worth of agricultural sales or a place of less than 10 acres with at least \$250 worth of agricultural sales. Earlier censuses used other definitions. The definition of a farm residence differs from the definition of a farm in the Census of Agriculture (1992 Census of Agriculture, Vol. 1, geographic area series conducted by the Department of Agriculture).

#### **GROSS RENT**

The data on gross rent were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 45a-d, which were asked on a sample basis. Gross rent is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, water and sewer) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are paid by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else). Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials that result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of utilities and fuels are reported on an annual basis but are converted to monthly figures for the tabulations. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the tabulations.

**Median gross rent.** Median gross rent divides the gross rent distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median gross rent and one-half above the median. Median gross rent is computed on the basis of a standard distribution (see the "Standard Distributions" section under "Derived Measures"). Median gross rent is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on medians, see "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate gross rent.** Aggregate gross rent is calculated by adding together all of the gross rents for occupied housing units in an area. Aggregate gross rent is subject to rounding, which means that all cells in a matrix are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information, see "Aggregate" under "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability.** Data on gross rent have been collected since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In Census 2000, questionnaire Item 45c asked the annual costs for water and sewer in an effort to obtain all costs associated with water usage. In 1990, the question asked the yearly costs for water only.

#### **GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1999**

Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999 is a computed ratio of monthly gross rent to monthly household income (total household income in 1999 divided by 12). The ratio is computed separately for each unit and is rounded to the nearest tenth. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss in 1999 comprise the category "Not computed."

**Median gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999.** This measure divides the gross rent as a percentage of household income distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below the median gross rent as a percentage of household income and one-half above the median. Median gross rent as a percentage of household income is computed on the basis of a standard distribution (see the "Standard Distributions" section under "Derived Measures"). Median gross rent as a percentage of household income is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on medians, see "Derived Measures.")

#### HOUSE HEATING FUEL

The data on house heating fuel were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 42, which was asked on a sample basis at occupied housing units. The data show the type of fuel used most often to heat the house, apartment, or mobile home.

**Utility gas.** This category includes gas piped through underground pipes from a central system to serve the neighborhood.

**Bottled, tank, or LP gas.** This category includes liquid propane gas stored in bottles or tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty.

**Electricity.** Electricity is generally supplied by means of above or underground electric power lines.

**Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.** This category includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids.

**Coal or coke.** This category includes coal or coke that is usually delivered by truck.

**Wood.** This category includes purchased wood, wood cut by household members on their property or elsewhere, driftwood, sawmill or construction scraps, or the like.

**Solar energy.** This category includes heat provided by sunlight that is collected, stored, and actively distributed to most of the rooms.

**Other fuel.** This category includes all other fuels not specified elsewhere.

**No fuel used.** This category includes units that do not use any fuel or that do not have heating equipment.

*Comparability.* Data on house heating fuel have been collected since 1940.

#### **HOUSEHOLD SIZE**

This item is based on the count of people in occupied housing units. All people occupying the housing unit are counted, including the householder, occupants related to the householder, and lodgers, roomers, boarders, and so forth.

For products based on population data, "household size" is the number of people in households. The sample count of "occupied housing units" may not match the sample count of "households." Consequently, the household size measures derived from housing and population-based data also may differ.

**Average household size of occupied unit.** A measure obtained by dividing the number of people living in occupied housing units by the number of occupied housing units. This measure is rounded to the nearest hundredth.

**Average household size of owner-occupied unit.** A measure obtained by dividing the number of people living in owner-occupied housing units by the total number of owner-occupied housing units. This measure is rounded to the nearest hundredth.

**Average household size of renter-occupied unit.** A measure obtained by dividing the number of people living in renter-occupied housing units by the total number of renter-occupied housing units. This measure is rounded to the nearest hundredth.

## INSURANCE FOR FIRE, HAZARD, AND FLOOD

The data on fire, hazard, and flood insurance were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 50, which was asked on a sample basis at owner-occupied housing units. The statistics for this item refer to the annual premium for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on the property (land and buildings); that is, policies that protect the property and its contents against loss due to damage by fire, lightning, winds, hail, flood, explosion, and so on.

Liability policies are included only if they are paid with the fire, hazard, and flood insurance premiums and the amounts for fire, hazard, and flood cannot be separated. Premiums are reported even if they have not been paid or are paid by someone outside the household. When premiums are paid on other than an annual basis, the premiums are converted to an annual basis.

The payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance is added to payments for real estate taxes, utilities, fuels, and mortgages (both first, second, home equity loans, and other junior mortgages) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1999."

A separate long-form questionnaire item (47d) determines whether insurance premiums are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting these premiums twice in the computations.

**Comparability.** Data on payment for fire and hazard insurance were collected for the first time in 1980. Flood insurance was not specifically mentioned in the wording of the question in 1980. In 1990, the question was modified to include flood insurance. It was asked at 1 family, owner-occupied houses; mobile homes; and condominiums. In Census 2000, the question was asked at all owner-occupied housing units.

#### KITCHEN FACILITIES

Data on kitchen facilities were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 40, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all of the following: (1) a sink with piped water; (2) a range, **or** cook top and oven; and (3) a refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the house, apartment, or mobile home, but they need not be in the same room. A housing unit having only a microwave or portable heating equipment, such as a hot plate or camping stove, should not be considered as having complete kitchen facilities. An ice box is not considered to be a refrigerator.

**Comparability.** Data on complete kitchen facilities were collected for the first time in 1970. Earlier censuses collected data on individual components, such as kitchen sink and type of refrigeration equipment. In 1970 and 1980, data for kitchen facilities were shown only for year-round units. Since 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

Prior to Census 2000, the kitchen facilities only had to be located in the structure, not in the unit. For example, if an apartment did not have complete kitchen facilities, but these facilities were present elsewhere in the building, the item would have been marked "yes" prior to Census 2000, but "no" in Census 2000.

#### **MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT**

The data on meals included in the rent were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 46b, which was asked on a sample basis at occupied housing units that were rented for cash rent and vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

The statistics on meals included in rent are presented for specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude 1-family houses on ten or more acres. (For more information, see "Contract Rent.") This was a new item in 1990 used to measure "congregate" housing, which generally is considered to be housing units where the rent includes meals and other services, such as transportation to shopping and recreation.

**Comparability.** In Census 2000, this question was asked on a sample basis. In 1990, the question was asked on a 100-percent basis.

#### **MOBILE HOME COSTS**

The data on mobile home costs were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 53a and 53b, which were asked on a sample basis at owner-occupied mobile homes. Questionnaire Item 53a asks if there is an installment loan or contract on the mobile home. This is a payment plan for mobile homes similar to buying a car or appliance. If the mobile home is not permanently attached to the land it may not be considered real estate and thus will not have a mortgage. With an installment loan, the buyer pays a specified amount per month for a specified number of months. The mobile home is the collateral for the loan, similar to a car loan.

The data derived from Question 53b include the total annual costs for installment loan payments, personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees, and license fees on owner-occupied mobile homes. The instructions are to exclude real estate taxes already reported in long-form questionnaire Item 49 or personal property taxes in arrears from previous years.

Costs are estimated as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. Amounts are the total for an entire 12-month billing period, even if they are paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid.

The data from this item are added to payments for mortgages; real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments; utilities; and fuels to derive selected monthly owner costs for mobile home owners.

**Comparability.** Data for mobile home costs were collected for the first time in 1990. In Census 2000, a question was added to determine if there was an installment loan or contract on the mobile home.

#### **MORTGAGE PAYMENT**

The data on mortgage payment were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 47b, which was asked on a sample basis at owner-occupied housing units. Questionnaire Item 47b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid to the lender for the first mortgage (deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt) on the property. Amounts are included even if

the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1999" for units with a mortgage.

The amounts reported include everything paid to the lender including principal and interest payments; real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments; and mortgage insurance premiums. Separate questions determine whether real estate taxes and fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments are included in the mortgage payment to the lender. This makes it possible to avoid counting these components twice in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs."

**Comparability.** Information on mortgage payment was collected for the first time in 1980. In 1990, the questions on monthly mortgage payments were asked at owner-occupied, 1-family houses; mobile homes; and condominiums. In Census 2000, the question was asked at all owner-occupied housing units.

The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or other junior mortgages, from a single question. Beginning in 1990, two questions were asked; one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second mortgages, home equity loans, and other junior mortgages. (For more information, see "Second or Junior Mortgage or Home Equity Loan.")

#### **MORTGAGE STATUS**

The data on mortgage status were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 47a and 48a, which were asked on a sample basis at owner-occupied housing units. "Mortgage" refers to all forms of debt where the property is pledged as security for repayment of the debt, including deeds of trust; trust deeds; contracts to purchase; land contracts; junior mortgages; and home equity loans.

A mortgage is considered a first mortgage if it has prior claim over any other mortgage or if it is the only mortgage on the property. All other mortgages, (second, third, etc.) are considered junior mortgages. A home equity loan is generally a junior mortgage. If no first mortgage is reported, but a junior mortgage or home equity loan is reported, then the loan is considered a first mortgage.

In most census data products, the tabulations for "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1999" usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." The category "not mortgaged" is comprised of housing units owned free and clear of debt.

**Comparability.** A question on mortgage status was included in the 1940 and 1950 censuses, but not in the 1960 and 1970 censuses. The item was reinstated in 1980 along with a separate question dealing with the existence of second or junior mortgages. In 1990, the mortgage status questions were asked of 1-family, owner-occupied housing units; mobile homes; and condominiums. In 1990, the answer categories for the second and junior mortgage question did not distinguish between a second mortgage and a home equity loan.

In Census 2000, the questions were asked at all owner-occupied housing units. In addition, the answer categories distinguished between a second mortgage and a home equity loan.

#### **OCCUPANTS PER ROOM**

Occupants per room is obtained by dividing the number of people in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures show the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of people per room. Although the Census Bureau has no official definition of crowded units, many users consider units with more than one occupant per room to be crowded. Occupants per room is rounded to the nearest hundredth. This item was derived from questions asked on a sample basis.

**Mean occupants per room.** This is computed by dividing occupants in housing units by the aggregate number of rooms. This is intended to provide a measure of utilization or crowding. A higher mean may indicate a greater degree of utilization or crowding; a low mean may indicate underutilization. Mean occupants per room is rounded to the nearest hundredth. (For more information on means, see "Derived Measures.")

#### **PLUMBING FACILITIES**

The data on plumbing facilities were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 39, which was asked on a sample basis at both occupied and vacant housing units. Complete plumbing facilities include: (1) hot and cold piped water, (2) a flush toilet, and (3) a bathtub or shower. All three facilities must be located inside the house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Housing units are classified as lacking complete plumbing facilities when any of the three facilities is not present.

**Comparability.** The 1990 census and Census 2000 data on complete plumbing facilities are not strictly comparable with the 1980 data. Before 1990, complete plumbing facilities were defined as hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet in the housing unit for the exclusive use of the residents of that unit. In 1990, the Census Bureau dropped the requirement of exclusive use from the definition of complete plumbing facilities. Of the 2.3 million year-round housing units classified in 1980 as lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use, approximately 25 percent of these units had complete plumbing but the facilities also were used by members of another household. From 1940 to 1970, separate and more detailed questions were asked on piped water, bathing, and toilet facilities. Prior to 1990, questions on plumbing facilities were asked on a 100-percent basis. In 1990 and Census 2000, they were asked on a sample basis.

#### **POPULATION IN OCCUPIED UNITS**

The data shown for population in occupied units is the total population minus any people living in group quarters. This item is based on the 100-percent count of people in occupied housing units. All people occupying the housing unit are counted, including the householder, occupants related to the householder, and lodgers, roomers, boarders, and so forth. (For more information, see "Living Quarters.")

## **POVERTY STATUS OF HOUSEHOLDS IN 1999**

The data on poverty status of households were derived from answers to the income questions. The income items were asked on a sample basis.

Since poverty is defined at the family level and not the household level, the poverty status of the household is determined by the poverty status of the householder. Households are classified as poor when the total 1999 income of the householder's family is below the appropriate poverty threshold. (For nonfamily householders, their own income is compared with the appropriate threshold.) The income of people living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household, nor does their presence affect the family size in determining the appropriate threshold. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and, for 1- and 2-person families, age of the householder. (For more information, see "Poverty Status in 1999" and "Income in 1999" under Population Characteristics.)

## **REAL ESTATE TAXES**

The data on real estate taxes were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 49, which was asked on a sample basis at owner-occupied housing units. The statistics from this question refer to the total amount of all real estate taxes on the entire property (land and buildings) payable in 1999 to all taxing jurisdictions, including special assessments, school taxes, county taxes, and so forth.

Real estate taxes include state, local, and all other real estate taxes even if delinquent, unpaid, or paid by someone who is not a member of the household. However, taxes due from prior years are not included. If taxes are not paid on a yearly basis, the payments are converted to a yearly basis.

The payment for real estate taxes is added to payments for fire, hazard, and flood insurance; utilities and fuels; and mortgages (both first and second, home equity loans, and other junior mortgages) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1999." A separate question (47c) determines whether real estate taxes are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting taxes twice in the computations.

**Median real estate taxes.** Median real estate taxes divides the real estate taxes distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median real estate taxes and one-half above the median. Median real estate taxes is computed on the basis of a standard distribution (see the "Standard Distributions" section under "Derived Measures"). Median real estate taxes is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on medians, see "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate real estate taxes.** Aggregate real estate taxes are calculated by adding together all of the real estate taxes for occupied housing units in an area. Aggregate real estate taxes is subject to rounding, which means that all cells in a matrix are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information, see "Aggregate" under "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability.** Data for real estate taxes were collected for the first time in 1980. In 1990, the question was asked at 1-family, owner-occupied houses; mobile homes; and condominiums. In Census 2000, the question was asked at all owner-occupied housing units.

#### **ROOMS**

The data on rooms were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 37, which was asked on a sample basis at both occupied and vacant housing units. The statistics on rooms are presented in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms. The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes.

For each unit, rooms include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodgers' rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls or foyers, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling, but not if the partition consists solely of shelves or cabinets.

**Median rooms.** This measure divides the rooms distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below the median number of rooms and one-half above the median. Median rooms is computed on the basis of a standard distribution (see the "Standard Distributions" section under "Derived Measures"). In computing median rooms, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval; thus, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. Median rooms is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on medians, see "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate rooms.** To calculate aggregate rooms, a value of "10" is assigned to rooms for units falling within the terminal category, "9 or more." (For more information on aggregates, see "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability.** Data on rooms have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. Since 1990, these data are shown for all housing units. In Census 2000, this question was asked on a sample basis. In previous decennial censuses, the question on rooms was asked on a 100 percent basis.

#### SECOND OR JUNIOR MORTGAGE PAYMENT OR HOME EQUITY LOAN

The data on second mortgage or home equity loan payments were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 48a and 48b, which were asked on a sample basis at owner-occupied housing units. Question 48a asks whether a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan exists on the property. Question 48b asks for the regular monthly amount required to be paid to the lender on all second or junior mortgages and home equity loans. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1999" for units with a mortgage.

All mortgages other than first mortgages (for example, second, third, etc.) are classified as "junior" mortgages. A second mortgage is a junior mortgage that gives the lender a claim against the property that is second to the claim of the holder of the first mortgage. Any other junior mortgage(s) would be subordinate to the second mortgage. A home equity loan is a line of credit available to the borrower that is secured by real estate. It may be placed on a property that already has a first or second mortgage, or it may be placed on a property that is owned free and clear.

If the respondents answered that no first mortgage existed, but a second mortgage or a home equity loan did, a computer edit assigned the unit a first mortgage and made the first mortgage monthly payment the amount reported in the second mortgage. The second mortgage/home equity loan data were then made "No" in Question 48a and blank in Question 48b.

**Comparability.** The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from one single question. Beginning in 1990, two questions were used: one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages and home equity loans.

The 1990 census did not allow respondents to distinguish between a second mortgage and a home equity loan. In Census 2000, Question 48a allows the respondent to choose multiple answers, thereby identifying the specific type of second mortgage. In 1990, the second or junior mortgage questions were asked at 1-family, owner-occupied housing units; mobile homes; and condominiums. In Census 2000, the questions were asked at owner-occupied housing units.

## **SELECTED CONDITIONS**

The variable "Selected conditions" is defined for owner- and renter-occupied housing units as having at least one of the following conditions: (1) lacking complete plumbing facilities, (2) lacking complete kitchen facilities, (3) with 1.01 or more occupants per room, (4) selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1999 greater than 30 percent, and (5) gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999 greater than 30 percent.

**Comparability.** Data on "Selected Conditions" were shown for the first time in the 1990. The same conditions were identified in Census 2000. In 2000, all characteristics included under "Selected Conditions" were asked on a sample basis. In 1990, data on the number of occupants per room were based on all households, while the remaining characteristics were based on a sample.

#### **SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS**

The data on selected monthly owner costs were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 45a-d, 47b, 48b, 49, 50, 52, and 53b, which were asked on a sample basis at owner-occupied housing units. Selected monthly owner costs are the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts to purchase, or similar debts on the property (including payments for the first mortgage, second mortgage, home equity loans, and other junior mortgages); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water and sewer); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.). It also includes,

where appropriate, the monthly condominium fees or mobile home costs (installment loan payments, personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees). Selected monthly owner costs were tabulated separately for all owner-occupied units, specified owner-occupied units, and owner-occupied mobile homes and, usually, are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged."

**Specified owner-occupied housing units.** Specified owner-occupied units include only 1-family houses on less than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property. The data for "specified units" exclude mobile homes, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multiunit buildings.

**Median selected monthly owner costs.** This measure divides the selected monthly owner costs distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below the median selected monthly owner costs and one-half above the median. Medians are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." Median selected monthly owner costs are computed on the basis of a standard distribution (see the "Standard Distributions" section under "Derived Measures"). Median selected monthly owner costs are rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on medians, see "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate selected monthly owner costs.** Aggregate selected monthly owner costs are calculated by adding together all the selected monthly owner costs for occupied housing units in an area. Aggregate selected monthly owner costs are subject to rounding, which means that all cells in a matrix are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information, see "Aggregate" under "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability.** The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. In 1990, the questions related to selected monthly owner costs were asked at 1-family, owner-occupied houses; mobile homes; and condominiums. In Census 2000, the questions related to selected monthly owner costs were asked at all owner-occupied housing units. Question 53a, "Do you have an installment loan or contract on this mobile home?" was added in Census 2000 to determine the existence of installment loans or contracts on mobile home units.

# SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1999

The information on selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1999 is the computed ratio of selected monthly owner costs to monthly household income in 1999. The ratio was computed separately for each unit and rounded to the nearest whole percentage. It is based on questions asked of a sample of households. The data are tabulated separately for all owner-occupied units housing units and specified owner-occupied housing units.

Separate distributions are often shown for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." Units occupied by households reporting no income or a net loss in 1999 are included in the "not computed" category. (For more information, see "Selected Monthly Owner Costs.")

**Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income.** This measure divides the selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below the median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income and one-half above the median. Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income is computed on the basis of a standard distribution (see the "Standard Distributions" section under "Derived Measures"). Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on medians, see "Derived Measures.")

#### **TELEPHONE SERVICE AVAILABLE**

The data on telephones were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 41, which was asked on a sample basis at occupied housing units. Households with telephone service have

a telephone in working order and are able to make and receive calls. Households whose service has been discontinued for nonpayment or other reasons are not counted as having telephone service available.

**Comparability.** In Census 2000, the telephone question emphasizes the availability of service in the house, apartment, or mobile home. Data on telephone service are needed because an individual can own a telephone but have no service to make or receive calls. In 1980 and 1990, respondents were asked about the presence of a telephone in the housing unit. In 1960 and 1970, a unit was classified as having a telephone available if there was a telephone number on which the occupants of the unit could be reached. The telephone could have been in another unit, in a common hall, or outside the building.

#### **TENURE**

The data on tenure, which was asked at all occupied housing units, were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 33 and short-form questionnaire Item 2. All occupied housing units are classified as either owner occupied or renter occupied.

**Owner occupied.** A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. The owner or co-owner must live in the unit and usually is Person 1 on the questionnaire. The unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan" if it is being purchased with a mortgage or some other debt arrangement, such as a deed of trust, trust deed, contract to purchase, land contract, or purchase agreement. The unit is also considered owned with a mortgage if it is built on leased land and there is a mortgage on the unit. Mobile homes occupied by owners with installment loans balances are also included in this category.

A housing unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage or loan)" if there is no mortgage or other similar debt on the house, apartment, or mobile home including units built on leased land if the unit is owned outright without a mortgage.

The tenure item on the Census 2000 questionnaire distinguishes between units owned with a mortgage or loan and those owned free and clear. In the sample data products, as in the 100-percent products, the tenure item provides data for total owner-occupied units. Detailed information that identifies mortgaged and nonmortgaged units are provided in other sample housing matrices. (For more information, see discussion under "Mortgage Status," "Selected Monthly Owner Costs," and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1999.")

**Renter occupied.** All occupied housing units that are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied. "No cash rent" units are separately identified in the rent tabulations. Such units are generally provided free by friends or relatives or in exchange for services, such as resident manager, caretaker, minister, or tenant farmer. Housing units on military bases also are classified in the "No cash rent" category. "Rented for cash rent" includes units in continuing care, sometimes called life care arrangements. These arrangements usually involve a contract between one or more individuals and a service provider guaranteeing the individual shelter, usually a house or apartment, and services, such as meals or transportation to shopping or recreation. (For more information, see "Meals Included in Rent.")

**Comparability.** Data on tenure have been collected since 1890. For 1990, the response categories were expanded to allow the respondent to report whether the unit was owned with a mortgage or loan, or free and clear (without a mortgage). The distinction between units owned with a mortgage and units owned free and clear was added in 1990 to improve the count of owner-occupied units. Research after the 1980 census indicated some respondents did not consider their units owned if they had a mortgage. In Census 2000, we continued with the same tenure categories used in the 1990 census.

#### UNITS IN STRUCTURE

The data on units in structure (also referred to as "type of structure") were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 34, which was asked on a sample basis at both occupied and vacant housing units. A structure is a separate building that either has open spaces on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In determining the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, are counted. Stores and office space are excluded. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings.

**1-unit, detached.** This is a 1-unit structure detached from any other house; that is, with open space on all four sides. Such structures are considered detached even if they have an adjoining shed or garage. A 1-family house that contains a business is considered detached as long as the building has open space on all four sides. Mobile homes to which one or more permanent rooms have been added or built also are included.

**1-unit, attached.** This is a 1-unit structure that has one or more walls extending from ground to roof separating it from adjoining structures. In row houses (sometimes called townhouses), double houses, or houses attached to nonresidential structures, each house is a separate, attached structure if the dividing or common wall goes from ground to roof.

**2 or more units.** These are units in structures containing 2 or more housing units, further categorized as units in structures with 2, 3 or 4, 5 to 9, 10 to 19, 20 to 49, and 50 or more units.

**Mobile home.** Both occupied and vacant mobile homes to which no permanent rooms have been added are counted in this category. Mobile homes used only for business purposes or for extra sleeping space and mobile homes for sale on a dealer's lot, at the factory, or in storage are not counted in the housing inventory. In 1990, the category was "mobile home or trailer."

**Boat, RV, van, etc.** This category is for any living quarters occupied as a housing unit that does not fit in the previous categories. Examples that fit in this category are houseboats, railroad cars, campers, and vans.

**Comparability.** Data on units in structure have been collected since 1940 and on mobile homes and trailers since 1950. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. A category of "other" was used in 1990, but this category was greatly overstated. It was replaced by "Boat, RV, van, etc." in Census 2000. A similar category, "Boat, tent, van, etc." was used in 1980. In Census 2000, this question was asked on a sample basis. In 1990 and prior to 1980, the unit in structure question was asked on a 100-percent basis. In 1980, data on units at address were collected on a 100-percent basis and data on units in structure were collected on a sample basis. The 1980 data on "units at address" should not be used a proxy for "units in structure" because some multiunit buildings had more than one street address.

#### **USUAL HOME ELSEWHERE**

The data for usual home elsewhere were obtained from Enumerator Questionnaire, Item A, which was completed by census enumerators. A housing unit temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by people with a usual residence elsewhere was classified as vacant. The occupants were classified as having a "Usual home elsewhere" and were counted at the address of their usual place of residence. All usual home elsewhere units were classified as "For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use" unless the respondent specifically stated the unit had a different vacancy status (for more information, see "Vacancy Status").

**Limitation of the data.** Evidence from previous censuses suggests that in some areas enumerators marked units as "vacant—usual home elsewhere" when they should have marked "vacant—regular."

**Comparability.** Data for usual home elsewhere were tabulated for the first time in 1980. In the 1990 census, the question was included on both the 100-percent and sample mail and enumerator forms. In Census 2000, the question was only included on the 100-percent and sample questionnaires completed by census enumerators.

#### UTILITIES

The data on utility costs were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 45a through 45d, which were asked on a sample basis at occupied housing units. Questions 45a through 45d asked for the annual cost of utilities (electricity, gas, water and sewer) and other fuels (oil, coal, wood, kerosene, etc.). For the tabulations, these annual amounts are divided by 12 to derive the average monthly cost and are then included in the computation of "Gross Rent," "Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1999," "Selected Monthly Owner Costs," and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1999."

Costs are recorded if paid by or billed to occupants, a welfare agency, relatives, or friends. Costs that are paid by landlords, included in the rent payment, or included in condominium or cooperative fees are excluded.

**Limitation of the data.** Research has shown that respondents tended to overstate their expenses for electricity and gas when compared with utility company records. There is some evidence that this overstatement is reduced when annual costs are asked rather than monthly costs. Caution should be exercised in using these data for direct analysis because costs are not reported for certain kinds of units, such as renter-occupied units with all utilities included in the rent and owner-occupied condominium units with utilities included in the condominium fee.

**Comparability.** The data on utility costs have been collected since 1980 for owner-occupied housing units, and since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. Beginning in 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as annual costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

#### **VACANCY STATUS**

The data on vacancy status were obtained from Enumerator Questionnaire Item C. Vacancy status and other characteristics of vacant units were determined by census enumerators obtaining information from landlords, owners, neighbors, rental agents, and others. Vacant units are subdivided according to their housing market classification as follows:

**For rent.** These are vacant units offered "for rent," and vacant units offered either "for rent" or "for sale."

**For sale only.** These are vacant units offered "for sale only," including units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "for sale only." If units are offered either "for rent" or "for sale," they are included in the "for rent" classification.

**Rented or sold, not occupied.** If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the vacant unit is classified as "rented or sold, not occupied."

**For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.** These are vacant units used or intended for use only in certain seasons, for weekends, or other occasional use throughout the year. Seasonal units include those used for summer or winter sports or recreation, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins. Seasonal units also may include quarters for such workers as herders and loggers. Interval ownership units, sometimes called shared-ownership or time-sharing condominiums, also are included in this category.

**For migrant workers.** These include vacant units intended for occupancy by migrant workers employed in farm work during the crop season. (Work in a cannery, a freezer plant, or a food-processing plant is not farm work.)

**Other vacant.** If a vacant unit does not fall into any of the categories specified above, it is classified as "other vacant." For example, this category includes units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.

**Available housing.** Available housing units are vacant units that are "for sale only" or "for rent."

**Available housing vacancy rate.** The available housing vacancy rate is the proportion of the housing inventory that is available "for sale only" or "for rent." It is computed by dividing the number of available units by the sum of occupied units and available units, and then multiplying by 100. This measure is rounded to the nearest tenth.

**Homeowner vacancy rate.** The homeowner vacancy rate is the proportion of the homeowner housing inventory that is vacant "for sale." It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units "for sale only" by the sum of owner-occupied units and vacant units that are "for sale only," and then multiplying by 100. This measure is rounded to the nearest tenth.

**Rental vacancy rate.** The rental vacancy rate is the proportion of the rental inventory that is vacant "for rent." It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units "for rent" by the sum of renter-occupied units and vacant units that are "for rent," and then multiplying by 100. This measure is rounded to the nearest tenth.

**Comparability.** Data on vacancy status have been collected since 1940. Since 1990, the category, "For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use," has been used. In earlier censuses, separate categories were used to collect data on these types of vacant units. Also, in 1970 and 1980, housing characteristics generally were presented only for year-round units. Beginning in 1990 and continuing into Census 2000, housing characteristics are shown for all housing units.

#### **VALUE**

The data on value (also referred to as "price asked" for vacant units) were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 51, which was asked on a sample basis at owner-occupied housing units and units that were being bought, or vacant for sale at the time of enumeration. Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot, mobile home and lot, or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale. If the house or mobile home was owned or being bought, but the land on which it sits was not, the respondent was asked to estimate the combined value of the house or mobile home and the land. For vacant units, value was the price asked for the property. Value was tabulated separately for all owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale housing units, owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale mobile homes, and specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units.

**Specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale units.** Specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units include only 1-family houses on less than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property. The data for "specified units" exclude mobile homes, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multiunit buildings.

**Median and quartile value.** The median divides the value distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median value of the property (house and lot, mobile home and lot, or condominium unit) and one-half above the median. Quartiles divide the value distribution into four equal parts. Median and quartile value are computed on the basis of a standard distribution (see the "Standard Distributions" section under "Derived Measures"). Median and quartile value calculations are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large value differences among various geographic areas. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate value.** To calculate aggregate value, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$10,000" is \$9,000. The amount assigned to the category "\$1,000,000 or more" is \$1,250,000. Aggregate value is rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on aggregates, see "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate price asked.** To calculate aggregate price asked, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$10,000" is \$9,000. The amount assigned to the category "\$1,000,000 or more" is \$1,250,000. Aggregate price asked is rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on aggregates, see "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability.** In Census 2000, this question was asked on a sample basis. In previous decennial censuses, the question on value was asked on a 100-percent basis. In 1980, value was asked only at owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale 1-family houses on less than 10 acres with no business or medical office on the property and at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale condominium housing units. Mobile homes were excluded. Value data were presented for specified owner-occupied housing units, specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units, and owner-occupied condominium housing units.

Beginning in 1990, the question was asked at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale-only housing units with no exclusions. Data presented for specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units include 1-family condominium houses but not condominiums in multiunit structures.

#### **VEHICLES AVAILABLE**

The data on vehicles available were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 43, which was asked on a sample basis at occupied housing units. These data show the number of passenger cars, vans, and pickup or panel trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home and available for the use of household members. Vehicles rented or leased for 1 month or more, company vehicles, and police and government vehicles are included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled or immobile vehicles are excluded. Vehicles kept at home but used only for business purposes also are excluded.

**Aggregate vehicles available.** To calculate aggregate vehicles available, a value of "7" is assigned to vehicles available for occupied units falling within the terminal category, "6 or more." (For more information on aggregates, see "Derived Measures.")

**Vehicles per household (Mean vehicles available).** Vehicles per household is computed by dividing aggregate vehicles available by the number of occupied housing units. Vehicles per household is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on means, see "Derived Measures.")

**Limitation of the data.** The statistics do not measure the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles.

**Comparability.** Data on automobiles available were collected from 1960 to 1980. In 1980, a separate question also was asked on the number of trucks and vans. The data on automobiles and trucks and vans were presented separately and also as a combined vehicles-available tabulation. The 1990 and Census 2000 data are comparable to the 1980 vehicles-available tabulations. In 1990, the terminal category identified "7 or more"; this was changed to "6 or more" in Census 2000.

# YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT

The data on year householder moved into unit were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 36, which was asked on a sample at occupied housing units. These data refer to the year of the latest move by the householder. If the householder moved back into a housing unit he or she previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another within the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year that the householder moved in is not necessarily the same year other members of the household moved in, although in the great majority of cases an entire household moves at the same time.

**Median year householder moved into unit.** Median year householder moved into unit divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median year householder moved into unit and one-half above the median. Median year householder moved

into unit is computed on the basis of a standard distribution (see the "Standard Distributions" section under "Derived Measures"). Median year householder moved into unit is rounded to the nearest whole number. (For more information on medians, see "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability.** In 1960 and 1970, this question was asked of every person and included in population reports. This item in housing tabulations refers to the year the householder moved in. Since 1980, the question has been asked only of the householder.

#### YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT

The data on year structure built were obtained from answers to long-form questionnaire Item 35, which was asked on a sample basis at both occupied and vacant housing units. Year structure built refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For housing units under construction that met the housing unit definition—that is, all exterior windows, doors, and final usable floors were in place—the category "1999 or 2000" was used for tabulations. For mobile homes, houseboats, RVs, etc., the manufacturer's model year was assumed to be the year built. The data relate to the number of units built during the specified periods that were still in existence at the time of enumeration.

**Median year structure built.** Median year structure built divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median year structure built and one-half above the median. Median year structure built is computed on the basis of a standard distribution (see the "Standard Distributions" section under "Derived Measures"). Median year structure built is rounded to the nearest whole number. Median age of housing can be obtained by subtracting median year structure built from 2000. For example, if the median year structure built is 1967, the median age of housing in that area is 33 years (2000 minus 1967). (For more information on medians, see "Derived Measures.")

**Limitation of the data.** Data on year structure built are more susceptible to errors of response and nonreporting than data on many other items because respondents must rely on their memory or on estimates by people who have lived in the neighborhood a long time.

Comparability. Data on year structure built were collected for the first time in the 1940 census. Since then, the response categories have been modified to accommodate the 10-year period between each census. In the 1980 census, the number of units built before 1940 appeared to be underreported. In an effort to alleviate this problem, a "Don't know" category was added in 1990. Responses of "Don't know" were treated like blanks and the item was allocated from similar units by tenure and structure type. However, this led to an extremely high allocation rate for the item (28 percent). A 1996 test proved inconclusive in determining whether a "Don't know" category led to a more accurate count of older units, but the test showed the allocation rate for this item was greatly reduced by the elimination of the "Don't know" category. As a result, "Don't know" was deleted for Census 2000.

# **DERIVED MEASURES**

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are shown as zero.

# Aggregate

See "Mean."

#### **Average**

See "Mean."

#### Interpolation

Interpolation is frequently used to calculate medians or quartiles and to approximate standard errors from tables based on interval data. Different kinds of interpolation may be used to estimate the value of a function between two known values, depending on the form of the distribution. The

most common distributional assumption is that the data are linear, resulting in linear interpolation. However, this assumption may not be valid for income data, particularly when the data are based on wide intervals. For these cases, a Pareto distribution is assumed and the median is estimated by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category. The Census Bureau estimates median income using the Pareto distribution within intervals when the intervals are wider than \$2,500.

#### Mean

This measure represents an arithmetic average of a set of values. It is derived by dividing the sum (or aggregate) of a group of numerical items by the total number of items in that group. For example, mean household earnings is obtained by dividing the aggregate of all earnings reported by individuals with earnings living in households by the total number of households with earnings. (Additional information on means and aggregates is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

**Aggregate.** An aggregate is the sum of the values for each of the elements in the universe. For example, aggregate household income is the sum of the incomes of all households in a given geographic area. Means are derived by dividing the aggregate by the appropriate universe.

**Rounding for selected aggregates.** To protect the confidentiality of responses, the aggregates shown in matrices for the list of subjects below are rounded. This means that the aggregates for these subjects, except for travel time to work, are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. Unless special rounding rules apply (see below); \$150 rounds up to \$200; \$149 rounds down to \$100. Note that each cell in a matrix is rounded individually. This means that an aggregate value shown for the United States may not necessarily be the sum total of the aggregate values in the matrices for the states. This also means that the cells in the aggregate matrices may not add to the total and/or subtotal lines.

#### Special rounding rules for aggregates

- If the dollar value is between -\$100 and +\$100, then the dollar value is rounded to \$0.
- If the dollar value is less than -\$100, then the dollar value is rounded to the nearest -\$100.

# **Aggregates Subject to Rounding**

Contract Rent

Earnings in 1999 (Households)

Earnings in 1999 (Individuals)

Gross Rent\*

Income Deficit in 1999 (Families)

Income Deficit in 1999 Per Family Member

Income Deficit in 1999 Per Unrelated Individual

Income in 1999 (Household/Family/Nonfamily Household)

Income in 1999 (Individuals)

Real Estate Taxes

Rent Asked

Selected Monthly Owner Costs\* by Mortgage Status

Travel Time To Work\*\*

Type of Income in 1999 (Households)

Value, Price Asked

\* Gross Rent and Selected Monthly Owner Costs include other aggregates that also are subject to rounding. For example, Gross Rent includes aggregates of payments for "contract rent" and the "costs of utilities and fuels." Selected Monthly Owner Costs includes aggregates of payments for "mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts to purchase, or similar debts on the property (including payments for the first mortgage, second mortgage, home equity loans, and other junior mortgages); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance on the property, and the costs of utilities and fuels."

\*\* Aggregate travel time to work is zero if the aggregate is zero, is rounded to 4 minutes if the aggregate is 1 to 7 minutes, and is rounded to the nearest multiple of 5 minutes for all other values (if the aggregate is not already evenly divisible by 5).

#### Median

This measure represents the middle value (if n is odd) or the average of the two middle values (if n is even) in an ordered list of n data values. The median divides the total frequency distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median and one-half above the median. Each median is calculated using a standard distribution (see below). (For more information, see "Interpolation.")

For data products displayed in American FactFinder, medians that fall in the upper-most category of an open-ended distribution will be shown with a plus symbol (+) appended (e.g., "\$2,000+" for contract rent), and medians that fall in the lowest category of an open-ended distribution will be shown with a minus symbol (-) appended (e.g., "\$100- for contract rent"). For data products on CD-ROM and DVD, and data files that are downloaded by users (i.e., FTP files), plus and minus signs will not be appended. Contract rent, for example will be shown as \$2001 if the median falls in the upper-most category (\$2,000 or more) and \$99 if the median falls in the lowest category (Less than \$100). (The "Standard Distributions" section below shows the open-ended intervals for medians.)

**Standard distributions.** In order to provide consistency in the values within and among data products, standard distributions from which medians and quartiles are calculated are used for Census 2000. This is a new approach for Census 2000; in previous censuses medians were not necessarily based on a single, standard distribution. The Census 2000 standard distributions are listed below.

# Standard Distribution for Median Age:

# [116 data cells]

Under 1 year

1 year

2 years

3 years

4 years

5 years

112 years

113 years

114 years

115 years and over

# Standard Distribution for Median Contract Rent/Quartile Contract Rent/Rent Asked/Gross Rent:

# [22 data cells]

Less than \$100

\$100 to \$149

\$150 to \$199

\$200 to \$249

\$250 to \$299

\$300 to \$349

\$350 to \$399

\$400 to \$449

\$450 to \$499

\$500 to \$549 \$550 to \$599

\$600 to \$649

\$650 to \$699

\$700 to \$749

\$750 to \$799 \$800 to \$899

\$900 to \$999

\$1,000 to \$1,249

\$1,250 to \$1,499

\$1,500 to \$1,749

\$1,750 to \$1,999

\$2,000 or more

# Standard Distribution for **Median Earnings in 1999 and Median Income in 1999** (Individuals):

[35 data cells]

\$1 to \$2,499 or loss \$2,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$17,499 \$17,500 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$22,499 \$22,500 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$27,499 \$27,500 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$32,499 \$32,500 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$37,499 \$37,500 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$42,499 \$42,500 to \$44,999 \$45,000 to \$47,499 \$47,500 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$52,499 \$52,500 to \$54,999 \$55,000 to \$57,499 \$57,500 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$62,499 \$62,500 to \$64,999 \$65,000 to \$67,499 \$67,500 to \$69,999 \$70,000 to \$72,499 \$72,500 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$84,999

# Standard Distribution for **Median Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1999:**

[9 data cells]

Less than 10.0 percent 10.0 to 14.9 percent 15.0 to 19.9 percent 20.0 to 24.9 percent 25.0 to 29.9 percent 30.0 to 34.9 percent 35.0 to 39.9 percent 40.0 to 49.9 percent 50.0 percent or more

\$85,000 to \$89,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more

# Standard Distribution for **Median Income in 1999 (Household/Family/Nonfamily Household):**

[39 data cells]

Less than \$2,500 \$2,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$17,499 \$17,500 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$22,499 \$22,500 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$27,499 \$27,500 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$32,499 \$32,500 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$37,499 \$37,500 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$42,499 \$42,500 to \$44,999 \$45,000 to \$47,499 \$47,500 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$52,499 \$52,500 to \$54,999 \$55,000 to \$57,499 \$57,500 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$62,499 \$62,500 to \$64,999 \$65,000 to \$67,499 \$67,500 to \$69,999 \$70,000 to \$72,499 \$72,500 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$84,999 \$85,000 to \$89,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999 \$175,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 or more

# Standard Distribution for Median Real Estate Taxes:

[14 data cells]

Less than \$200

\$200 to \$299

\$300 to \$399

\$400 to \$599

\$600 to \$799

\$800 to \$999

\$1,000 to \$1,499

\$1,500 to \$1,999

\$2,000 to \$2,999

\$3,000 to \$3,999

\$4,000 to \$4,999

\$5,000 to \$7,499

\$7,500 to \$9,999

\$10,000 or more

# Standard Distribution for Median Rooms:

[9 data cells]

1 room

2 rooms

3 rooms

4 rooms

5 rooms

6 rooms

7 rooms

8 rooms

9 or more rooms

# Standard Distribution for Median Selected Monthly Owner Costs by Mortgage Status (With a Mortgage):

[19 data cells]

Less than \$100

\$100 to \$199

\$200 to \$299

\$300 to \$399

\$400 to \$499

\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$699

\$700 to \$799

\$800 to \$899

\$900 to \$999

\$1,000 to \$1,249

\$1,250 to \$1,499

\$1,500 to \$1,749

\$1,750 to \$1,999

\$2,000 to \$2,499

\$2,500 to \$2,999

\$3,000 to \$3,499

\$3,500 to \$3,999

\$4,000 or more

# Standard Distribution for **Median Selected Monthly Owner Costs by Mortgage Status** (Without a Mortgage):

```
[14 data cells]
Less than $100
$100 to $149
$150 to $199
$200 to $249
$250 to $299
$300 to $349
$350 to $399
$400 to $499
$500 to $599
$600 to $699
$700 to $799
$800 to $899
```

\$900 to \$999 \$1,000 or more

# Standard Distribution for Median Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1999 by Mortgage Status:

[9 data cells]

Less than 10.0 percent 10.0 to 14.9 percent 15.0 to 19.9 percent 20.0 to 24.9 percent 25.0 to 29.9 percent 30.0 to 34.9 percent 35.0 to 39.9 percent 40.0 to 49.9 percent 50.0 percent or more

# Standard Distribution for Median Usual Hours Worked Per Week in 1999:

[9 data cells]

Usually worked 50 to 99 hours per week Usually worked 45 to 49 hours per week Usually worked 41 to 44 hours per week Usually worked 40 hours per week Usually worked 35 to 39 hours per week Usually worked 30 to 34 hours per week Usually worked 25 to 29 hours per week Usually worked 15 to 24 hours per week Usually worked 1 to 14 hours per week

```
Standard Distribution for Median Value/Quartile Value/Price Asked:
[24 data cells]
 Less than $10,000
  $10,000 to $14,999
  $15,000 to $19,999
  $20,000 to $24,999
  $25,000 to $29,999
  $30,000 to $34,999
  $35,000 to $39,999
  $40,000 to $49,999
  $50,000 to $59,999
  $60,000 to $69,999
  $70,000 to $79,999
  $80,000 to $89,999
  $90,000 to $99,999
  $100,000 to $124,999
  $125,000 to $149,999
  $150,000 to $174,999
  $175,000 to $199,999
  $200,000 to $249,999
  $250,000 to $299,999
  $300,000 to $399,999
  $400,000 to $499,999
  $500,000 to $749,999
  $750,000 to $999,999
  $1,000,000 or more
Standard Distribution for Median Weeks Worked in 1999:
[6 data cells]
  50 to 52 weeks worked in 1999
 48 or 49 weeks worked in 1999
 40 to 47 weeks worked in 1999
  27 to 39 weeks worked in 1999
  14 to 26 weeks worked in 1999
  1 to 13 weeks worked in 1999
Standard Distribution for Median Year Householder Moved Into Unit:
[6 data cells]
 Moved in 1999 to March 2000
 Moved in 1995 to 1998
 Moved in 1990 to 1994
 Moved in 1980 to 1989
 Moved in 1970 to 1979
 Moved in 1969 or earlier
Standard Distribution for Median Year Structure Built:
[9 data cells]
  Built 1999 to March 2000
  Built 1995 to 1998
  Built 1990 to 1994
  Built 1980 to 1989
  Built 1970 to 1979
  Built 1960 to 1969
  Built 1950 to 1959
  Built 1940 to 1949
  Built 1939 or earlier
```

## **Percentage**

This measure is calculated by taking the number of items in a group possessing a characteristic of interest and dividing by the total number of items in that group, and then multiplying by 100.

# Quartile

This measure divides a distribution into four equal parts. The first quartile (or lower quartile) is the value that defines the upper limit of the lowest one-quarter of the cases. The second quartile is the median. The third quartile (or upper quartile) is defined as the upper limit of the lowest three quarters of cases in the distribution. Quartiles are presented for certain financial characteristics, such as housing value and contract rent. The distribution used to compute quartiles is the same as that used to compute medians for that variable.

#### Rate

This is a measure of occurrences in a given period of time divided by the possible number of occurrences during that period. For example, the homeowner vacancy rate is calculated by dividing the number of vacant units "for sale only" by the sum of owner-occupied units and vacant units that are "for sale only," and then multiplying by 100. Rates are sometimes presented as percentages.

#### Ratio

This is a measure of the relative size of one number to a second number expressed as the quotient of the first number divided by the second. For example, the sex ratio is calculated by dividing the total number of males by the total number of females, and then multiplying by 100.

# Appendix C. Data Collection and Processing Procedures

#### **CONTENTS**

	rage
Enumeration and Residence Rules	C-1
United States	C-1
Puerto Rico	C-3
Major Components of the Census 2000 Plan	C-4
Master Address File	C-4
Public Outreach and Marketing	C-5
Questionnaire Mailout/Mailback	C-6
Collecting Data on Populations Living in Nontraditional Households	C-7
Collecting Long Form Data to Meet Federal Requirements	C-7
Retrieving and Processing the Data From Returned Forms	C-7
Matching and Unduplication	C-7
Geographic Database Development – TIGER®	C-8
Field Offices and Staffing	C-8
Data Collection: Basic Enumeration Strategy	C-9
Special Populations	C-11
Telecommunications Support and Automated Data Processing	C-13
Quality Assurance	C-13
The Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal in 1998	C-13
Data Dissemination Through the Internet	C-14
Evaluation and Preparation for 2010	C-14
Glossary	C-14

# **ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES**

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her "usual residence" in Census 2000. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of people whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that people were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 2000).

# **United States**

**Enumeration rules.** Each person whose usual residence was in the United States was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. As in previous censuses, people specifically excluded from the census were citizens of foreign countries temporarily traveling or visiting in the United States who had not established a residence.

Americans temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the United States. With some exceptions, Americans with a usual residence outside the United States were not enumerated in Census 2000. U.S. military personnel and federal civilian employees stationed outside the United States and their dependents living with them, are included in the population counts for the 50 states for purposes of Congressional apportionment but are excluded from all other tabulations for states and their subdivisions. The counts of overseas U.S. military personnel,

federal civilian employees, and their dependents were obtained from administrative records maintained by the employing federal departments and agencies. Other Americans living overseas who were not affiliated with the U.S. government were not included in the census.

**Residence rules.** Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on Census Day.

People temporarily away from their usual residence on Census Day, such as on a vacation or business trip, were to be counted at their usual residence.

**Armed forces personnel in the United States.** Members of the U.S. Armed Forces were counted at their usual residence (the place where they lived and slept most of the time), whether it was on or off the military installation. Family members of armed forces personnel were counted at their usual residence (for example, with the armed forces person or at another location).

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard vessel with a U.S. homeport were given the opportunity to report an onshore residence where they usually stayed when they were off the ship. Those who reported an onshore residence were counted there; those who did not were counted at their vessel's homeport.

**Personnel on U.S. flag merchant vessels.** Crews of U.S. flag merchant vessels docked in a U.S. port, sailing from one U.S. port to another U.S. port, or sailing from a U.S. port to a Puerto Rico port were counted at their usual onshore residence if they reported one. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship and were assigned as follows:

- The U.S. port, if the vessel was docked there on Census Day.
- The port of departure, if the ship was sailing from one U.S. port to another U.S. port, or from a U.S. port to a Puerto Rico port.

Crews of U.S. merchant ships docked in a foreign port (including the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam), sailing from one foreign port to another foreign port, sailing from a U.S. port to a foreign port, or sailing from a foreign port to a U.S. port were not included in the census.

**People away at school.** College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

**People in institutions.** People under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in federal or state prisons; local jails; federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing or convalescent homes for the aged or dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill; or in drug/alcohol recovery facilities were counted at these places.

**People in general hospitals.** People in general hospitals or wards (including Veterans Affairs hospitals) on Census Day were counted at their usual residence. Newborn babies were counted at the residence where they would be living.

**People in shelters.** People staying on Census Day at emergency or transitional shelters with sleeping facilities for people without housing, such as for abused women or runaway or neglected youth, were counted at the shelter.

**People with multiple residences.** People who lived at more than one residence during the week, month, or year were counted at the place where they lived most of the time. For example, commuter workers living away part of the week while working were counted at the residence where they stayed most of the week. Likewise, people who lived in one state but spent the winter in another state with a warmer climate ("snowbirds") were to be counted at the residence where they lived most of the year.

**People away from their usual residence on Census Day.** Temporary, migrant, or seasonal workers who did not report a usual U.S. residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day.

In some areas, natural disasters (hurricanes, tornadoes, flooding, and so forth) displaced households from their usual place of residence. If these people reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

People away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

#### **Puerto Rico**

**Enumeration rules.** Each person whose usual residence was in Puerto Rico was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. As in previous censuses, people specifically excluded from the census were citizens of foreign countries temporarily traveling or visiting in Puerto Rico who had not established a residence.

Americans usually living in Puerto Rico but temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in Puerto Rico. Americans with a usual residence outside Puerto Rico were not counted as part of the Puerto Rico resident population.

**Residence rules.** Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on Census Day.

People temporarily away from their usual residence were to be counted at their usual residence. People who moved around Census Day were counted at the place they considered to be their usual residence.

**Armed forces personnel in Puerto Rico.** Members of the U.S. Armed Forces were counted at their usual residence (the place where they lived and slept most of the time), whether it was on or off the military installation. Family members of armed forces personnel were counted at their usual residence (for example, with the armed forces person or at another location).

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard vessel with a Puerto Rico homeport were given the opportunity to report an onshore residence where they usually stayed when they were off the ship. Those who reported an onshore residence were counted there; those who did not were counted at their vessel's homeport.

**Personnel on U.S. flag merchant vessels.** Crews of U.S. flag merchant vessels docked in a Puerto Rico port, sailing from one Puerto Rico port to another Puerto Rico port, or sailing from a Puerto Rico port to a U.S. port were counted at their usual onshore residence if they reported one. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship and were attributed as follows:

- The Puerto Rico port if the vessel was docked there on Census Day.
- The port of departure if the ship was sailing from one Puerto Rico port to another Puerto Rico port or from a Puerto Rico port to a U.S. port.

Crews of U.S. merchant ships docked in a foreign port (including the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam), sailing from a Puerto Rico port to a foreign port, or sailing from a foreign port to a Puerto Rico port were not included in the census.

**People away at school.** College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

**People in institutions.** People under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in federal or state prisons; local jails; federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing or convalescent homes for the aged or dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill; or in drug/alcohol recovery facilities were counted at these places.

**People in general hospitals.** People in general hospitals or wards (including Veterans Affairs hospitals) on Census Day were counted at their usual residence. Newborn babies were counted at the residence where they would be living.

**People in shelters.** People staying on Census Day at emergency or transitional shelters with sleeping facilities for people without housing, such as for abused women or runaway or neglected youth, were counted at the shelter.

**People with multiple residences.** People who lived at more than one residence during the week, month, or year were counted at the place where they lived most of the time. For example, commuter workers living away part of the week while working were counted at the residence where they stayed most of the week.

**People away from their usual residence on Census Day.** Temporary, migrant, or seasonal workers who did not report a usual Puerto Rico residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day.

In some areas, natural disasters (hurricanes, tornadoes, flooding, and so forth) displaced households from their usual place of residence. If these people reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

People away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

#### **MAJOR COMPONENTS OF THE CENSUS 2000 PLAN**

The Census Bureau prepared the Census 2000 plan to ensure the most accurate decennial census legally possible. This plan included data collection from 100 percent of households and housing units. In addition, the plan included an extensive statistical operation to measure and correct overall and differential coverage of U.S. residents in Census 2000. This operation consisted of a scientific sample of approximately 300,000 housing units and used regional groupings to generate corrected counts. To ensure that Census 2000 will be both more accurate and more cost-effective than the 1990 Census, the Census Bureau reviewed its procedures with input from a wide array of experts. In addition, the Census Bureau and Department of Commerce officials held more than 100 briefings for the members of Congress and their staff on the plan for Census 2000. The result has been an innovative departure from past practices that substantially increased overall accuracy and addressed the differential undercount of children, renters, and minorities. At the same time, the new methods of enumeration saved money and delivered results more quickly. The major components of the plan for Census 2000 included:

#### 1. The Master Address File

To conduct Census 2000, the Census Bureau needed to identify and locate an estimated 118 million housing units in the Nation. The Census Bureau accomplished this goal by developing and maintaining the Master Address File (MAF). This vital operation took place with the assistance of the U.S. Postal Service (USPS); other federal agencies; tribal, state and local governments; community organizations; and by an intensive canvass of selected areas. The resulting file was more comprehensive than ever before.

In 1990, the Census Bureau relied on address lists purchased from vendors. As these lists were originally generated for marketing purposes, they proved to be less accurate in low-income areas. As a result, during the 1990 census, housing units were missed often enough to contribute notably to the undercount problem. Plans for Census 2000 were designed to address weaknesses found in the 1990 address list. The Census 2000 MAF started with the USPS address list, a list that does not discriminate against certain areas because of their marketing potential. Partnerships with state and local officials, community organizations, and tribal governments also played an important role in making sure the MAF is accurate; the local officials who knew the areas best helped develop the MAF. Finally, the Bureau made intensive efforts to create address lists in rural areas well in advance of the census.

**City-style addresses.** The USPS uses the term "city-style" for an address such as "123 Main Street," even though such an address may occur in small towns and increasingly along country roads. In areas where the USPS delivers mail primarily to city-style addresses, the Census Bureau created the MAF by combining addresses from the 1990 Census Address Control File with those addresses in the USPS Delivery Sequence File (DSF). The DSF is a national file of individual delivery point addresses. As part of a cooperative agreement, the USPS provided the Census Bureau with updated DSFs on a regular basis. The Bureau then located these addresses in its computer mapping system called TIGER® (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing). If an address could not be located, the location was researched and resolved through an office operation or through assistance from local partners. As a result of this research, the Bureau identified new features and corrected and added address ranges to the TIGER® database.

**Noncity-style addresses.** In late 1998 and early 1999, the Census Bureau launched a comprehensive effort to canvass areas where most residences did not have city-style addresses. Over 30,000 canvassers visited approximately 22 million residences without a street address to enter their locations in the TIGER® system. The combination of innovative use of computer data and technology along with these visits allowed the Bureau to construct the most accurate address list ever, giving field enumerators more time to meet other challenges presented by the 2000 count.

**Remote areas.** In a few extremely remote and sparsely settled areas, census enumerators created the address list at the time of the initial census data collection while canvassing their assignment area and picking up or completing unaddressed questionnaires that the USPS previously had delivered to each household.

**Nontraditional living quarters.** A separate operation built an inventory of all facilities that were not traditional living quarters; for example, prisons and hospitals. The Bureau interviewed an official at each location using a Facility Questionnaire. The responses to the questionnaire identified each group quarters and any housing units associated with the location. The Bureau classified each group quarters and its associated housing units at the location according to whether they would be enumerated as part of special place enumeration or through regular enumeration. The Bureau added these group quarters and housing units to the MAF and linked them to the TIGER® database.

Local government partnerships. The Bureau relied on local knowledge to build the MAF. State, local, and tribal governments; regional and metropolitan planning agencies; and related nongovernmental organizations were encouraged to submit locally developed and maintained city-style address lists to the Census Bureau to enhance the MAF. The Bureau matched the local lists both to the MAF and TIGER® database and verified the status of each newly identified address through ongoing matches to updated address information from the USPS, other independent sources, and its own field operations. The Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) program was a partnership that allowed local and tribal governments to designate a liaison to review the portion of the MAF that covered their jurisdiction to help ensure its completeness. After processing the LUCA input, the Census Bureau provided feedback on the status of the adds, deletes, and corrections of addresses to the liaisons. The updated address list then was used to deliver census questionnaires.

# 2. Public Outreach and Marketing

In 1990, the mail response rate dropped in spite of the Census Bureau's support of a public service announcement (PSA) effort that aired donated advertisements. Part of this drop was caused by the Bureau's inability to ensure that PSAs were broadcast at optimum times and in appropriate markets. An evaluation of the 1990 PSA campaign noted that the ads were seldom placed at optimal times because decisions about when to air PSAs rested with local radio and television stations. Sixty percent of the U.S. population received 91 percent of the census advertising impact; 40 percent received only 9 percent. Based on its studies of prior outreach campaigns, the Bureau concluded that the professional control of a paid media campaign would produce the best results. Census 2000 launched a vigorous public outreach campaign to educate everyone about the importance of being counted. Among the improvements in public outreach and marketing were:

**Partnerships/targeted community outreach.** The Census Bureau built partnerships with local and tribal governments, businesses, and community groups to get the word out, to endorse the census, and to encourage constituents to respond. Beginning in 1996 and expanding in 1998, the Bureau hired government and community specialists to build relationships with local community and service-based organizations, focusing on groups representing traditionally undercounted populations. The Bureau deployed an extensive outreach program to reach schools, public sector employees, American Indians, and religious organizations. Businesses, nonprofit groups, and labor organizations also were asked to endorse participation and to publicize the census through employee newsletters, inserts with paychecks, and through communications with members and local chapters.

**Direct mail.** The census questionnaire and related materials delivered to individual addresses carried the same themes and messages as the overall campaign.

**Public relations.** The Census Bureau used public meetings and the news media to inform the public about the value of the census and to encourage response. Communications specialists were assigned to each field office to perform media outreach, to respond to media inquiries, and to coordinate the dissemination of the Census 2000 message. In many communities, the Census Bureau established local broadcaster/news director committees to emphasize Census 2000 to television viewers and radio listeners through broadcast segments and editorials in newspapers.

**Paid advertising.** The Census Bureau planned a targeted campaign to reach everyone through ads in newspapers, magazines, billboards, posters, radio, and television. A private advertising firm designed and implemented the Census 2000 advertising campaign. The Census Bureau conducted a first-ever paid advertising campaign, including a national media campaign aimed at increasing mail response. The campaign included advertising directed at raising mail response rates among historically undercounted populations, with special messages targeted to hard-to-enumerate populations. Advertising also focused on encouraging cooperation during the nonresponse follow-up procedures.

**Media public relations.** The Census Bureau assigned media specialists to the regional census centers to cultivate local press contacts and respond to local media inquiries.

**Promotion and special events.** A variety of special events, including parades, athletic events and public services television documentaries were cosponsored by state, local, and tribal governments and by community organizations and businesses to motivate people to respond.

**More ways to respond.** In 2000, in addition to mailing the census questionnaires, the Census Bureau made the forms available in stores and malls, in civic or community centers, in schools, and in other locations frequented by the public. A well-publicized, toll-free telephone number was available for those who wished to respond to the census by telephone. People also had the option to respond to the short form via the Internet.

**Multiple languages.** In 2000, as in all prior decennial censuses, questionnaires were in English (the Census Bureau has made Spanish-language questionnaires available in the past). However, for the first time in a decennial census, households had the option to request and receive questionnaires in five other languages (Spanish, Chinese, Korean, Tagalog, and Vietnamese). In addition, questionnaire assistance booklets were available in 49 languages.

# 3. Questionnaire Mailout/Mailback

In Census 2000, the questionnaire mailout/mailback system was the primary means of census-taking, as it has been since 1970. The short form was delivered to approximately 83 percent of all housing units. The short form asked only the basic population and housing questions, while the long form included additional questions on the characteristics of each person and of the housing unit. The long form was delivered to a sample of approximately 17 percent of all housing units.

USPS letter carriers delivered questionnaires to the vast majority of housing units that had city-style addresses. In areas without such addresses, enumerators hand delivered addressed census questionnaires to each housing unit. In very remote or sparsely populated areas, enumerators visited each housing unit and picked up or completed unaddressed questionnaires that the USPS previously delivered to each unit.

## 4. Collecting Data on Populations Living in Nontraditional Households

During a decennial census, the Census Bureau not only counts people living in houses and apartments, but also must count people who live in group quarters and other nontraditional housing units, as well as people with no usual residence. These units include nursing homes, group homes, college dormitories, migrant and seasonal farm worker camps, military barracks or installations, American Indian reservations, and remote areas in Alaska.

Some of the methods that were used for these special populations are listed below:

- The Census Bureau designed an operation for Census 2000 called Service-Based Enumeration (SBE) to improve the count of individuals who might not be included through standard enumeration methods. The SBE operation was conducted in selected service locations, such as shelters and soup kitchens, and at targeted outdoor locations.
- Another special operation counted highly transient individuals living at recreational vehicle campgrounds and parks, commercial or public campgrounds, marinas, and even workers' quarters at fairs and carnivals.
- The Census Bureau worked with tribal officials to select the appropriate data collection methodologies for American Indian reservations.
- Remote areas of Alaska, often accessible only by small airplanes, snowmobiles, four wheel-drive vehicles, or dogsleds, were enumerated beginning in mid-February. This special timing permitted travel to these areas while conditions are most favorable.
- The Census Bureau worked with the Department of Defense and the U.S. Coast Guard to count individuals living on military installations, and with the U.S. Maritime Administration to identify maritime vessels for enumeration.

# 5. Collecting Long Form Data to Meet Federal Requirements

The census is the only data gathering effort that collects the same information from enough people to get comparable data for every geographic area in the United States. The Census Bureau has used the long form on a sample basis since 1940 to collect more data, while reducing overall respondent burden. The Census 2000 long form asked questions addressing the same 7 subjects that appeared on the short form, plus an additional 27 subjects which were either specifically required by law to be included in the census or were required in order to implement other federal programs.

# 6. Retrieving and Processing the Data From the Returned Forms

The Census Bureau contracted with the private sector to secure the best available data capture technology. This technology allowed the Census Bureau to control, manage, and process Census 2000 data more efficiently.

The Census 2000 Data Capture System has been a complex network of operational controls and processing routines. The Census Bureau recorded a full electronic image of many of the questionnaires, sorted mail-return questionnaires automatically, used optical mark recognition for all check-box items, and used optical character recognition to capture write-in character based data items. The system allowed the Census Bureau to reduce the logistical burdens associated with handling large volumes of paper questionnaires. Once forms were checked in, prepared, and scanned, all subsequent operations were accomplished using the electronic image and data capture.

# 7. Matching and Unduplication

One of the main goals of Census 2000 was to make it simpler for people to be counted by having census forms available in public locations and providing multiple language translations. Responses also were accepted over the telephone and, for the short form only, on the Internet. These options made it easier for everyone to be counted, but increased the possibility of multiple responses for a given person and household. Advances in computer technology in the areas of computer storage, retrieval, and matching, along with image capture and recognition, gave the Census Bureau the flexibility to provide multiple response options without incurring undue risk to

the accuracy of the resulting census data. Unduplication of multiple responses in past censuses required massive clerical operations. Modern technology allowed the Census Bureau to spot and eliminate multiple responses from the same household.

# 8. Geographic Database Development—TIGER®

The Census Bureau's TIGER® (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) system provided the geographic structure for the control of the data collection, tabulation, and dissemination operations for Census 2000. The TIGER® system links each living quarter to a spatial location, each location to a specific geographic area, and each geographic area to the correct name or number and attributes. The database constantly changes; for example, when new streets are built and the names and address ranges of existing streets change. To ensure that the TIGER® database is complete and correct, the Census Bureau works with other federal agencies; state, local and tribal governments; and other public and private groups to update both its inventory of geographic features and its depiction of the boundaries, names, and attributes of the various geographic entities for which the Census Bureau tabulates data.

The Census Bureau obtains updates to the features in the TIGER® system, including associated address ranges, from its various address list improvement activities, from partnership efforts like the Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) program, from digital files provided by some local and tribal governments, and from local and tribal governments in response to a preview of the census map of their jurisdictions.

As a part of updating the TIGER® system, the Census Bureau conducted boundary surveys in 1998 and 1999 to determine the boundaries that were in effect on January 1, 2000, which were the official Census 2000 boundaries for functioning governments. The Census Bureau also relied on other programs to update the TIGER® boundaries data, including a program that allowed local or tribal officials to review proposed Census 2000 boundaries a program that allowed local and tribal participants the opportunity to delineate Census 2000 participant statistical areas (block groups, census county divisions, census designated places, and census tracts) and additional programs that offered participants the opportunity to identify other areas for which the Census Bureau would tabulate data (for example, traffic analysis zones).

# 9. Field Offices and Staffing

The Census Bureau opened a national network of temporary offices from which employees collected and processed the data for Census 2000. Establishing the office network required, for most offices, the leasing of office space, purchasing furniture and equipment, purchasing and installing computer hardware and software, and establishing voice and data line connections. The plan for the office structure included:

- 12 Regional Census Centers (RCCs). Through a network of Census Field Offices, the RCCs managed all census field data collections operations, address listings, and address list enhancement for city-style address areas; coordinated the LUCA program; produced maps; updated TIGER®; worked with local participants in the Public Law 94–171 Redistricting Data Program; and recruited temporary staff.
- 402 Census Field Offices (CFOs). Opened in September 1998, these offices helped with address listing; conducted local recruiting; and performed clerical review of completed field address listing work.
- **520 Local Census Offices (LCOs).** These offices produced enumerator maps and assignments; conducted local recruiting; conducted outreach and promotion; conducted group quarters and service-based enumeration activities; conducted update/leave and list/enumerate operations; conducted nonresponse follow-up, coverage improvement follow-up, and address verifications; and performed the block canvass operations.
- 3 New Data Capture Centers (DCCs). These centers checked in mail returns, prepared questionnaires, and conducted data capture.
- 1 National Processing Center (NPC). In addition to performing the functions of a Data Processing Center, it processed address listing data and performed coding of questionnaire data.

To conduct a successful Census 2000, the Census Bureau recruited and tested hundreds of thousands of applicants for a wide range of positions, such as local census office managers, enumerators, partnership specialists, media specialists, and clerks. This required an extraordinary recruiting effort throughout the country. Every job applicant was required to pass a written test and was screened for criminal history. Applicants selected for employment had to take an oath of office and sign an affidavit agreeing not to disclose census information.

Many factors converged to present the Census Bureau with unprecedented challenges in hiring, retraining, and training the necessary employees for Census 2000. To address this challenge, the Census Bureau implemented several new approaches:

- Innovative methods of setting pay and incentives.
- Expanding the potential labor force by working with other federal agencies and state agencies to reduce barriers presented by various income transfer programs, and encouraging recipients of these programs to work for the Census Bureau. Consistent with these efforts, the Census Bureau hired more welfare-to-work employees than any other federal agency.
- Earlier and expanded training for enumerators.

# 10. Data Collection: Basic Enumeration Strategy

To ensure that the Census Bureau obtained a completed questionnaire from every household, or as close to that as possible, the Census Bureau developed a ten-part, integrated enumeration strategy.

- The first part of this strategy ensured that a questionnaire was delivered to every housing unit, by one of three data collection methods:
  - **Mailout/mailback.** U.S. Postal Service delivered questionnaires to every "city style" housing unit with a street name and house number.
  - **Update/leave.** Census enumerators delivered questionnaires to housing units without street names and house numbers to be mailed back, mainly in rural areas, and corrected and updated the address list and maps for any additions or errors.
  - **List/enumerate.** In remote and sparsely populated areas, enumerators visited every housing unit and completed the enumeration as delivered.
- The second part of this strategy provided people with assistance, as needed, to complete and return their questionnaires.
  - **Telephone questionnaire assistance (TQA).** The Census Bureau operated a toll-free TQA system, in English, Spanish, and several other languages, providing automated touch-tone answers to common questions, personal operator answers to those requesting it, and special service for the hearing impaired to assist them in completing a short form. Callers also could request a questionnaire.
  - **Internet.** Respondents were able to access an Internet Web site to both receive assistance and, for short forms, submit their responses.
  - Questionnaire assistance centers. The Census Bureau opened Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers in convenient locations to assist respondents with filling out questionnaires in person. Bilingual staff was available in these centers.
  - **Questionnaire assistance guides.** Questionnaire Assistance Guides were available in 49 languages.
- The third part of this strategy provided a means for people who believed they had not received a questionnaire or were not included on one. Part of this operation was targeted to members of historically undercounted groups. The major element of this operation was the distribution of "Be Counted Questionnaires." The Census Bureau distributed these questionnaires at public locations, such as Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers and some public and private facilities, staffed with bilingual competencies when appropriate. These forms were available in English, Spanish, Korean, Chinese, Vietnamese, and Tagalog.

- The fourth part of this strategy was designed to enumerate people who did not live in traditional housing units, including group quarters situations, such as nursing homes and college dormitories; people living in migrant farm worker camps, on boats, on military installations; and federal employees living overseas. This part of the strategy was expanded further because the Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal results indicated that, compared to 1990, many more people did not live in traditional housing units.
  - **Group quarters enumeration.** This operation identified the location of all group living quarters and made advance visits to each group quarter. Census staff listed all residents in April 2000 and distributed questionnaire packets.
  - **Transient night operation.** Transient Night enumerated people living a mobile lifestyle by visiting and interviewing people at racetracks, commercial or public campgrounds and those for recreational vehicles, fairs and carnivals, and marinas.
  - **Remote Alaska enumeration.** This operation sent out enumerators to deliver and complete questionnaires for people living in outlying or remote settlements in Alaska.
  - **Domestic military/maritime enumeration.** The Census Bureau, in cooperation with the Department of Defense and U.S. Coast Guard, identified living quarters and housing units on military installations and ships assigned to a U.S. home port and used appropriate enumeration methods.
  - **Overseas enumeration.** The Census Bureau, in cooperation with the Department of Defense and other departments, counted federal employees assigned overseas (including members of the armed forces) and their dependents, for apportionment purposes.
- The fifth part of this strategy targeted people with no usual residence or address. This operation was conducted at selective service locations, such as shelters and soup kitchens and non-sheltered outdoor locations.
- The sixth part of this strategy deployed special data collection methods to improve cooperation and enumeration in certain hard-to-enumerate areas.
  - Regional Census Centers used the planning database and their knowledge of local conditions
    to identify appropriate areas for targeted methods. A team of enumerators then went to targeted areas, such as areas with high concentrations of multiunit buildings, safety concerns
    or low enumerator production rates, and conducted team enumerations.
  - Mail response rates and maps were available to local and tribal officials so they could work with Census Bureau staff to identify low-response areas and implement additional outreach and publicity efforts and targeted enumeration efforts.
  - In partnership with local and tribal governments and community-based organizations, local census offices established Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers in locations, such as community centers and large apartment buildings, to provide assistance in English, Spanish, and other and foreign languages.
  - The Be Counted Program made unaddressed questionnaires available in the Walk-In Assistance Centers and other locations.
  - Letters were mailed to managers of large multiunit structures and gated communities informing them of upcoming census operations.
  - In preidentified census blocks, census enumerators canvassed the blocks, updated the address list, and delivered and completed census questionnaires for all housing units.
  - In preidentified blocks originally classified as "Mailout/Mailback" areas, enumerators delivered the questionnaire and updated the address list (Urban Update/Leave).
- The seventh part of this strategy, coverage-edit and telephone follow-up, reviewed completed questionnaires for potential missing, incomplete, or inconsistent data.

- **Coverage edit.** The Census Bureau checked completed questionnaires for discrepancies between the number of persons reported and the number of persons for whom information was provided, forms returned where population count was blank, and forms for certain households that contained complex living arrangements.
- **Follow-up.** Telephone clerks contacted and reinterviewed the households with discrepancies identified after mail returns were data captured; field staff resolved discrepancies found on enumerator returned questionnaires.
- **Content edit.** Computer operations identified missing or incomplete responses to population or housing units and used statistical imputation to complete the information.
- The eighth part of this strategy, nonresponse follow-up (NRFU), was the effort to secure a response in Census 2000 from every housing unit and resident. One hundred percent of nonresponding households were followed up.
  - In the initial period, the Census Bureau used reminder publicity urging people to return their questionnaires.
  - Following the period of mail response, nonresponding households were identified and listed.
  - Enumerators visited all nonresponding addresses to obtain a completed questionnaire for each household.
  - In mailout/mailback areas, enumerators also followed up 100 percent of housing units identified as nonexistent or vacant by the U.S. Postal Service.
  - In update/leave areas, enumerators followed up 100 percent of housing units where the Census Bureau was unable to deliver questionnaires.
  - The Census Bureau conducted quality assurance checks of NRFU to ensure the completeness and accuracy of the operations.
- The ninth part of strategy involved additional operations to improve the coverage of Census 2000.
  - In mailout/mailback areas, enumerators revisited addresses for which questionnaires were returned in NRFU reporting the housing unit as vacant or delete and which were not initially identified by the U.S. Postal Service as undeliverable as addressed.
  - In update/leave areas, enumerators revisited addresses for which a questionnaire was returned as vacant or nonexistent in NRFU, but the questionnaire was not returned as undeliverable during the update/leave operation.
  - In both mailout/mailback and update/leave areas, mail returns checked in but not data captured were rechecked and, if necessary, revisited.
- The tenth part of this strategy was unduplication, which involved reviewing and selecting person information when more than one questionnaire data set was reported for a single address. Dress Rehearsal results showed that the multiple ways in which people could respond to the census increased the possibility of more than one response being submitted for a given person or household. Automated matching technologies allowed the Census Bureau to resolve situations where more than one form was received for an address.

#### 11. Special Populations

# American Indian and Alaska Native Areas and Hawaiian Home Lands

The Census Bureau based its strategy for enumerating the populations in the American Indian and Alaska Native Areas (AIANAs) and Hawaiian home lands on building partnerships for:

Address list development. The Census Bureau used U.S. Postal Service's Delivery Sequence
Files in AlANAs and Hawaiian home lands where there were city-style addresses. In other areas,
the Census enumerators used the "update/leave" method where a form is left with the
respondent for return by mail. In more remote areas, the census enumerator actually delivered
the

form and conducted the census interview all in one visit. Tribal governments had an opportunity to participate in the LUCA program. The Census Bureau worked with tribal officials to select the appropriate data collection methodology for each area.

- **Geographic programs.** There were many programs available to review and define geographic areas (see Appendix A for more details).
- Marketing. Census Bureau staff and tribal liaisons compiled lists of available media for paid advertising and promotion. The Census Bureau also enlisted the help of tribal liaisons and locally established "Complete Count Committees" to assist with promotional activities.
- **Field operations.** The Census Bureau worked with tribal governments to assist in all levels of field operations, including training local staff in cultural awareness, assisting in recruiting efforts, and identifying locations for census questionnaire assistance centers.
- **Data dissemination.** While most data were processed in the same way as data for rest of the nation, the Census Bureau worked with tribal governments to meet their data needs.

#### **Puerto Rico**

The Census 2000 operations in Puerto Rico were comparable to activities in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The Census Bureau worked in partnership with the government of Puerto Rico to ensure that Census 2000 data met the federal legal requirements.

- Build partnerships at every stage of the process. The Census Bureau entered a Memorandum of Agreement with the governor of Puerto Rico which outlined mutual roles and responsibilities. In consultation with the government of Puerto Rico, census questionnaire content was developed to meet the legislative and programmatic needs of Puerto Rico. A separate advertisement and promotion campaign was conducted in Puerto Rico to build awareness of the census and boost participation. Address list development allowed Puerto Rico to participate in the LUCA program.
- **Census questionnaires.** Census questionnaires were readily available in Spanish and also in English, if requested. In Puerto Rico, only update/leave method was used to distribute questionnaires. However, questionnaires also were placed in Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers and other locations identified through consultation with local partners.
- **Use of technology.** The Census Bureau made use of the same technological advances that were used in the United States. Many operations performed clerically in 1990 were automated. Data users have access to Census 2000 data products through the Internet using the American FactFinder (AFF) system. The AFF offers a separate user interface utilizing the Spanish language for Census 2000 Puerto Rico data.
- **Special techniques to improve coverage.** The update/leave methodology for census data collection was used for the first time in Puerto Rico. Census enumerators updated the Master Address File for Puerto Rico while delivering questionnaires. Respondents had the opportunity to complete the census questionnaires and return them by mail.

#### **Island Areas**

The Census Bureau conducted the Census 2000 operations in American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, and the U.S. Virgin Islands (collectively referred to as the "Island Areas") in partnerships with the government of each area. These partnerships ensured that Census 2000 data met federal legal requirements, as well as the specific needs of each area. The Census 2000 operations in the Island Areas were built around the following:

• **Data collection.** Data collection in the Island Areas used the list/enumerate method. This decision was based on recommendations from Island Area representatives and an analysis of the various data collection methodologies. Unlike stateside list/enumerate procedures, the Census Bureau delivered Advance Census Reports before the list/enumerate operation and asked respondents to complete the form and hold it for enumerator to pick up.

- Build partnerships at every stage of the process. The Census Bureau developed and signed a Memorandum of Agreement with the governor of each Island Area that outlined mutual roles and responsibilities. In consultation with the governments of the Island Areas, census questionnaire content was developed to meet the legislative and programmatic needs of each Island Area. A separate advertisement and promotion campaign was developed for each Island Area to build awareness of the census and boost participation.
- **Census questionnaires.** Census questionnaires and other forms were readily available to respondents in convenient locations identified through consultation with local partners.
- **Use of technology.** The Census Bureau made greater use of the telephone to provide assistance to respondents with questions about Census 2000. Data users have access to Census 2000 data and products through the Internet using the American FactFinder system.

#### 12. Telecommunications Support and Automated Data Processing

Using dedicated links and other secure lines, the Census 2000 telecommunications network linked all census offices including: Census Headquarters in Suitland, Maryland, the 520 Local Census Offices, the 12 Regional Census Offices, the 12 Regional Census Centers, the Puerto Rico Area Office, the Maryland Computer Center in Bowie, the National Processing Center in Jeffersonville, Indiana, and the three contracted Data Capture Centers (Phoenix, AZ, Pomona, CA, and Essex, MD). The Census Bureau also established communication links with planned commercial telephone centers to assist with the Telephone Questionnaire Assistance program and the coverage edit follow-up program.

The use of electronic imaging reduced the logistical and staffing requirements of handling large volumes of paper questionnaires. Some components of data capture were performed by private-sector partners. The Census Bureau used commercially available advanced hardware and software rather than limiting itself to creating in-house solutions.

The most significant features of the Data Capture System included (1) work divided among four centers, (2) full electronic imaging and processing of questionnaires, (3) automated sorting of mailed responses, (4) optical mark recognition for check-box data, (5) optical character recognition for write-in data with automated processes to resolve difficult cases, and (6) quality assurance checks.

#### 13. Quality Assurance

To detect, correct, and minimize performance errors in critical census operations, the Census Bureau developed individual quality assurance plans for all activities that could contribute to errors in outcome, such as misprinted census forms, inaccurate maps or address lists, faulty intelligent character recognition, inadequate training of enumerators, and miskeyed entries.

# 14. The Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal in 1998

A good dress rehearsal is crucial to a successful census, and the key to any dress rehearsal is making it as much like the actual event as possible. The Census Bureau conducted Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal in three sites: Sacramento, California; Columbia, South Carolina along with 11 surrounding counties in north central South Carolina; and the Menominee American Indian Reservation in northeastern Wisconsin.

Since the summer of 1996, the Census Bureau worked closely with local officials and community-based organizations in each of the three sites to plan and build the various infrastructures needed to ensure a successful dress rehearsal. These joint activities included refining the geographic database, building and refining the address list, and working with community and tribal organizations to plan effective outreach and promotion efforts. Also, the Census Bureau recruited staff in all three sites to complete address list development and verification.

The dress rehearsal allowed for a thorough demonstration of the most critical procedures for Census 2000. These procedures included address list development; marketing and promotion; and data collection, processing, and tabulation. The dress rehearsal plan also demonstrated the use of statistical sampling in four major census operations: nonresponse follow-up, housing units designated as undeliverable as addressed by the U.S. Postal Service, integrated coverage measurement (ICM), and the long form survey.

## 15. Data Dissemination Through the Internet

The census provides a wealth of data that researchers, businesses, and government agencies are eager to use. Taking advantage of modern computer and Internet capabilities, the Census Bureau planned to make data from Census 2000 more readily available than any previous decennial census data. The Census 2000 data are tabulated using the Data Products Production (DPP) system and disseminated using the American FactFinder (AFF) system on the Internet, in addition to CD-ROMs and DVDs. The AFF provides an interactive electronic system to allow data users to access data products, documents, and online help, as well as to build custom data products.

The Census Bureau solicited the advice and recommendations of data users throughout the planning, design, and testing stages of the AFF system (initially known as the Data Access and Dissemination System (DADS)). The system is accessible to the widest possible array of users through the Internet and all available intermediaries, including the nearly 1,800 data centers and affiliates, the 1,400 Federal Depository libraries and other libraries, universities, and private organizations. It also allows users to create customized products, such as tables, charts, graphs, and maps for census geographic areas of their choice, and access metadata that provide documentation and explanatory information for data subjects and geographic areas.

# 16. Evaluation and Preparation for 2010

After the completion of Census 2000, the Census Bureau plans to conduct a variety of post census evaluation studies, as it has after all the previous censuses. These studies will help data users, both within and outside the Census Bureau, to assess the data and plan for the 2010 Census. The evaluation studies generally rely on demographic analysis, statistical methods, and ethnographic analyses.

#### **GLOSSARY**

#### 100-Percent Data

Information based on a limited number of basic population and housing questions collected from both the short form and the long form for every inhabitant and housing unit in the United States.

#### 100-Percent Edited Detail File (HEDF)

Files composed of individual records of information on people and housing units for the 100-percent census data items from the census questionnaires. Estimation is included in these files. These files are used for tabulation purposes and are not released to the public.

# Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.)

The Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.) is a survey designed to measure the undercount/overcount of the census. The A.C.E. was designed to assess the size and characteristics of the population missed or double-counted in Census 2000, similar to the originally planned Integrated Coverage Measurement (ICM) Survey.

# Advance Notice Letter/Reminder Card (ANL/RC)

These are part of the questionnaire mailing strategy. In every area except list/enumerate, the Census Bureau sends an advance notice letter to every mailout address to alert households that the census form will be sent to them soon. Reminder Card is a postcard that is sent to addresses on the decennial Master Address File (see definition below) to remind respondents to return their census questionnaires or to thank them if they already have. All addresses in mailout/mailback areas receive a postcard. The Census Bureau also mails these postcards to postal patrons in update/leave areas.

# American FactFinder (AFF)

An electronic system for access and dissemination of Census Bureau data. The system is available through the Internet and offers prepackaged data products and the ability to build custom products. The system serves as the vehicle for accessing and disseminating data from Census 2000 (as well as economic censuses and the American Community Survey). The system was formerly known as the Data Access and Dissemination System (DADS).

## **Apportionment**

Apportionment is the process of dividing up the 435 memberships, or seats, in the House of Representatives among the 50 states. The Census Bureau has a dual responsibility in this connection. It conducts the census at 10-year intervals. At the conclusion of each census, the Census Bureau uses the results for calculating the number of House memberships each state is entitled to have. The latter process is the initial use of the basic results of each census.

#### **Be Counted Enumeration and Be Counted Form**

The Be Counted enumeration procedure targets areas that are traditionally undercounted. Unaddressed census questionnaires (Be Counted forms) are placed at selected sites where people who believe they were not counted can pick them up, complete them, and mail them to the Census Bureau. The sites are in targeted areas that local governments and community groups, in conjunction with the Census Bureau, identify as traditionally undercounted.

# Census 2000 Publicity Office (C2PO)

An office at the Census Bureau which developed, implemented, and coordinated an integrated marketing program for Census 2000, including paid advertising, direct mail, public relations, partnerships, and local outreach.

# **Census Address List Improvement Act of 1994**

See Program for Address List Supplementation (PALS) below.

#### **Census Edited File (CEF)**

This file contains the 100-percent edited characteristics/records for all households and people in the census. The edits include consistency edits and imputation for items or persons where the data are insufficient. See descriptions for 100-percent data and census unedited file.

# **Census Information Center (CIC)**

The Census Information Center Program (CIC) is the community-based component of the Census Bureau's data dissemination network. While census data are readily available on CD-ROM, the Census Bureau's Web site on the Internet, in its 12 Regional Offices, 1,400 Federal Depository Libraries, and 1,800 state and local government agencies participating in the State Data Center Program, the CICs provide access to local communities that might not have access through these traditional channels. CIC's goal is to provide efficient access to Census Bureau data and data products to organizations representing populations that have been traditionally undercounted in censuses and surveys.

#### **Census Unedited File (CUF)**

A file created by merging the control file for the decennial master address file with the decennial response file of unedited data after the primary selection algorithm has been applied. This file contains the final housing unit and person counts. It is used to generate apportionment data as well as related "raw" or unedited census data.

# **Computer-Assisted Personal Interview (CAPI)**

A method of data collection consisting of the interviewer asking questions displayed on a laptop computer screen and entering the answers directly into the computer.

# **Computer-Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI)**

A method of data collection using telephone interviews in which the questions to be asked are displayed on a computer screen and responses are entered directly into the computer.

# **Confidentiality**

The guarantee made by law (Title 13, United States Code) to individuals who provide census information regarding nondisclosure of that information to others.

## **Confidentiality Edit**

The name for the Census 2000 disclosure avoidance procedure.

# Coverage Edit/Coverage Edit Follow-Up (CEFU)

An edit performed on the mailback census response universe. Census staff make telephone calls to resolve forms that are incomplete or have other coverage discrepancies, such as a difference between the number of people reported in that household and the number of people for whom census information was provided on the form. This edit includes the large household follow-up.

# **Coverage Improvement Adjustment**

This phrase was included in the table outlines and the technical documentation before the review, analysis, and recommendation on whether to adjust Census 2000 data for coverage improvement was completed. As the data are not adjusted, a zero (0) will appear. This phrase does not refer to any other outreach or collection operations which were introduced to improve coverage in Census 2000.

# Coverage Improvement Follow-Up (CIFU)

A procedure for the traditional census in which housing units with conflicting status information are followed up.

## Data Access and Dissemination System (DADS)

The system is now known as the American FactFinder (AFF).

# **Data Capture Center (DCC)**

A decentralized facility that checks in questionnaires returned by mail, creates images of all questionnaire pages, and converts data to computer readable format. The DCCs also perform other computer processing activities, including automated questionnaire edits, work flow management, and data storage. There is one permanent DCC, the National Processing Center in Jeffersonville, Indiana. For Census 2000, the Census Bureau set up three temporary DCCs. The temporary facilities were provided and operated by a private contractor through the Data Capture Services contract.

# Data Capture System 2000 (DCS 2000)

The DCS 2000 is a data capture system that is used to capture information from census forms. For Census 2000, this system processed more than 150 million incoming forms, digitally captured and processed billions of bits of information on the forms, converted automatically the image of the form to text-based data, and edited/repaired data that the system was unable to decipher automatically.

#### **Decennial Census**

The census of population and housing, taken by the Census Bureau in years ending in 0 (zero). Article I of the Constitution requires that a census be taken every 10 years for the purpose of reapportioning the U.S. House of Representatives.

#### **Decennial Master Address File (DMAF)**

The decennial version of the Master Address File has features for controlling and tracking the long- and short-term operations and programs of the Census 2000. The DMAF contains the processing status information to support document mailouts; data capture progress control, tracking, and reporting; and field enumeration processes (notably follow-ups). The DMAF is limited to addresses that the Census Bureau has successfully linked to the TIGER® database. See Master Address File.

## Decennial Response File (DRF)

Contains every response to the census from all sources. The primary selection algorithm is applied to this file to unduplicate people between multiple returns for a housing unit and to determine the housing unit record and the people to include at the housing unit. The DRF is then combined with the Decennial Master Address File to create the census unedited file (CUF).

# **Delivery Sequence File (DSF)**

A computerized file containing all delivery point addresses serviced by the U.S. Postal Service (USPS). The USPS updates the DSF continuously as its letter carriers identify addresses for new delivery points or changes in the status of existing addresses.

Demographic Analysis (DA)

A method the Census Bureau uses to measure coverage at the national level. It differs from survey coverage estimates, such as Post-Enumeration Survey, Integrated Coverage Measurement, or Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation, in that it does not rely on case-by-case matching of census records. To produce an estimate of the total population, DA relies on administrative records to provide estimates of births, deaths, immigration, and emigration. DA provides estimates on the national level only.

#### **Derived Measures**

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are normally indicated as 0.

#### Disclosure Avoidance (DA)

Statistical methods used in the tabulation of data prior to releasing data products to ensure the confidentiality of responses.

# **Dual-System Estimation (DSE)**

The estimation methodology used for the Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.). This operation uses a geographic sample of block clusters to find people missed by the census or A.C.E. and any errors from the census. The information is then processed using computer matching, clerical matching, and field follow-up to resolve discrepancies.

## **Family**

A group of two or more people who reside together and who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption.

# Geocoding

A code assigned to identify a geographic entity; to assign an address (such as housing unit, business, industry, farm) to the full set of geographic code(s) applicable to the location of that address on the surface of Earth.

#### **Group Quarters**

A facility where people live that is not a typical household-type living arrangement. The Census Bureau classifies all individuals not living in households as living in group quarters. There are two types of group quarters institutional (for example, correctional facilities, nursing homes, and mental hospitals) and noninstitutional (for example, college dormitories, military bases and ships, hotels, motels, rooming houses, group homes, missions, shelters, and flophouses).

# Heterogeneity

Heterogeneity occurs when blocks of housing units assigned to sampling strata or groupings are not similar in terms of the likelihood of being included or missed by the census. Heterogeneity creates difficulty for the small area estimation process because the correction factor gets applied to all people with the specified characteristic in that sampling poststratum, even through some of them do not actually have the coverage characteristics.

## Homogeneity

The assumption of homogeneity expects that all people in a particular sampling stratum or grouping will be very much alike in terms of their likelihood of being included or missed by the census. The grouping of people in a particular stratum is called poststratum, such as all White, non-Hispanic male renters ages 18-22 in a rural area. A lack of homogeneity in a particular sample block is not an error, but it does create difficulty for the small area estimation process. This happens because the correction factor gets applied to all people with the specified characteristic in that poststratum, even though some of them do not exhibit the same coverage characteristics.

#### Household

Household refers to all of the people who occupy a housing unit.

# **Housing Unit**

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters, or if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live separately from any other individuals in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible.

# **Imputation**

When information is missing or inconsistent, the Census Bureau uses a method called imputation to assign values. Imputation relies on the statistical principle of "homogeneity," or the tendency of households within a small geographic area to be similar in most characteristics. For example, the value of "rented" is likely to be imputed for a housing unit not reporting on owner/renter status in a neighborhood with multiunits or apartments where other respondents reported "rented" on the census questionnaire. In past censuses, when the occupancy status or the number of residents was not known for a housing unit, this information was imputed.

**Internet Questionnaire Assistance (IQA)** An operation which allows respondents to use the Census Bureau's Internet site to (1) ask questions and receive answers about the census form, job opportunities, or the purpose of the census and (2) provide responses to the short form.

**Interpolation** Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians or quartiles based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. Pareto interpolation is an alternative to linear interpolation. In Pareto interpolation, the median is derived by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category. It is used by the Census Bureau in calculating median income within intervals wider than \$2,500.

# List/Enumerate

A method of data collection in which temporary field staff, called enumerators, list each residential address, spot the location of each on a census map, and interview the residents of the household during a single visit. This completes the census address list for these areas and provides the information needed to update the TIGER® database and Master Address File (see definitions below).

#### Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA)

A Census 2000 program, established in response to requirements of P. L. 103-430. It provided an opportunity for state, local, and tribal governments to review and update individual address information in the Master Address File and associated geographic information in the TIGER® database before using the addresses for questionnaire delivery. This improved the completeness and accuracy of both computer files and the census.

### **Long Form**

The decennial census questionnaire, sent to approximately one in six households, contains all questions on the short form, as well as additional detailed questions relating to the social, economic, and housing characteristics of each individual and household. Information derived from the long form is referred to as sample data and is tabulated for geographic entities as small as the block group level.

## Mailout/Mailback (MO/MB)

A method of data collection in which the U.S. Postal Service delivers addressed questionnaires to residents who are asked to complete and mail back the questionnaire to the appropriate Census Bureau office. This method is used for more than 80 percent of all households (usually with city-style addresses).

### Master Address File (MAF)

A computer file based on a combination of the addresses in the 1990 census address file and current versions, supplemented by address information provided by state, local, and tribal governments. The MAF is continually updated to provide a basis for creating the Census 2000 address list, the address list for the American Community Survey, and the address list for the Census Bureau's other demographic surveys.

### Metadata

Information about the content, quality, condition, and other characteristics of data.

### **Microdata**

Nonaggregated data about the units sampled. For surveys of individuals, microdata contain records for each individual interviewed; for surveys of organizations, the microdata contain records for each organization.

### **Nongovernment Organization**

The partnerships developed during Census 2000 planning include national and local organizations and community groups that are not governmental entities.

### Nonresponse Follow-up

A census follow-up operation in which temporary field staff, known as enumerators, visit addresses from which no response was received.

### **Nonsampling Error**

Errors that occur during the measuring or data collection process. Nonsampling errors can be the most serious types of errors because they yield biased results when most of the errors distort the results in the same direction. Unfortunately, the full extent of nonsampling error is unknown. Decennial censuses traditionally have experienced nonsampling errors, most notably undercount, resulting from people being missed in the enumeration processes.

### **Optical Character Recognition (OCR)**

Technology that uses an optical scanner and computer software to "read" human handwriting.

### **Optical Mark Recognition (OMR)**

Technology that uses an optical scanner and computer software to scan a page, recognize the presence of marks in predesignated areas, and assign a value to the mark depending on its specific location and intensity on a page.

#### **Poststratum**

Information about the current occupants of each housing unit in the Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.) survey found during the A.C.E. interview is used to form groupings called "poststrata." This information, including the age of respondent, current owner/renter status, etc., is used to form homogeneous groupings and improve the estimation process. By contrast, the initial A.C.E. strata are formed using aggregate information about each block as of the 1990 census.

### Primary Selection Algorithm (PSA)

Computer program applied to the decennial response file (DRF) to eliminate duplicate responses and to determine the housing unit record and the people to include at the housing unit. After this procedure, the DRF is merged with the Decennial Master Address File to create the census unedited file.

### Program for Address List Supplementation (PALS)

A program providing all governmental units and regional and metropolitan agencies the opportunity to submit lists of individual addresses for their community to the Census Bureau for use in building the MAF. Ongoing submissions and feedback between the Census Bureau and local governments on this program, enabled by the Census Address List Improvement Act of 1994 (P.L. 103-430) help ensure the completeness and accuracy of the Master Address File and the TIGER® database.

### Public Law (P.L.) 94-171

Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, enacted in 1975, directs the Census Bureau to make special preparations to provide redistricting data needed by the 50 states. Within a year following Census Day, the Census Bureau must send the data agreed upon to redraw districts for the state legislature to each state's governor and majority and minority legislative leaders.

To meet this legal requirement, the Census Bureau set up a voluntary program that enables participating states to receive data for voting districts (e.g., election precincts, wards, state house, and senate districts) in addition to standard census geographic areas, such as counties, cities, census tracts, and blocks.

### Public Law (P.L.) 103-430

Public Law (P.L.) 103-430, enacted in 1994, amends Title 13, United States Code, to allow designated local and tribal officials access to the address information in the Master Address File to verify its accuracy and completeness. This law also requires the U.S. Postal Service to provide its address information to the Census Bureau to improve the Master Address File.

### Public Law (P.L.) 105-119

Public Law (P.L.) 105-119, enacted in 1997, directs the Census Bureau to make publicly available a second version of Census 2000 data that does not include the corrections for overcounts and undercounts measured in the Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.). The format, timing, geographic levels, and price of the P.L. 94-171 and these data are identical.

### Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA)

An area that defines the extent of territory for which the Census Bureau tabulates public use microdata sample (PUMS) data.

### Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS)

Hierarchical files containing small samples (5% and 1%) of individual records from the census long form showing characteristics of the housing units and people included on those forms.

### **Quality Assurance (QA)**

Quality assurance represents a broad philosophy and specific procedures that are designed to build quality into the system, constantly improve the system, and integrate responsibility for quality with production.

### **Questionnaire Mailing Strategy**

For Census 2000, an advance notice letter, a questionnaire, and a reminder/thank you postcard were sent to every mailout address.

### Reapportionment

The redistribution of seats in the U.S. House of Representatives among several states on the basis of the most recent decennial census as required by Article 1, Section 2 of the Constitution. See apportionment and redistricting.

### Redistricting

The process of revising the geographic boundaries of areas from which people elect representatives to the U.S. Congress, a state legislature, a county or city council, a school board, and the like to meet the legal requirement that such areas be as equal in population as possible following a census. See apportionment and reapportionment.

### Sample Census Edited File (SCEF)

A file containing 100-percent and sample characteristics for housing units and people in the long form sample. Processing for the SCEF includes merging the results of industry and occupation coding and place of work and migration coding, coding several other items, and weighting the long forms.

### Sample Edited Detail File (SEDF)

A file containing 100-percent and sample characteristics for housing units and people in the long form sample. The file is used for tabulation purposes only and is not released to the public.

### **Sampling Error**

Errors that occur because only a part of the population is being contacted directly. With any sample, differences are likely to exist between the characteristics of the sampled population and the larger group from which the sample was chosen. However, sampling error, unlike nonsampling error, is readily measured.

### **Sampling Stratum**

A sampling stratum, as used in the A.C.E., is a grouping or classification that has a similar set of characteristics, based on the 1990 census. For example, one might define a stratum as all blocks in large central cities with a 1990 census population that was 30 percent or more Black renters.

### **Scanner**

Equipment used to capture images from documents for the purpose of entering the information into an electronic format. For Census 2000, scanners replaced some keying operations.

### Seasonal/Recreational/Occasional Use

A housing unit held for occupancy only during limited portions of the year, such as a beach cottage, ski cabin, or time-share condominium.

### **Separate Living Quarters**

Those living quarters in which the occupants live separately from any other individual in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible.

### **Service-Based Enumeration (SBE)**

An operation designed to enumerate people at facilities where they might receive services, such as shelters, soup kitchens, healthcare facilities, and other selected locations. This operation targets the types of services that primarily serve people who have no usual residence.

#### **Service Locations**

Locations where clients are enumerated during the service-based enumeration operation, such as emergency or transitional shelters, soup kitchens, regularly scheduled mobile food vans, and targeted nonsheltered outdoor locations.

### **Short Form**

The decennial census questionnaire, sent to approximately 5 of 6 households, that contains population questions related to household relationship, age, sex, relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and tenure (i.e., whether home is owned or rented). The questions contained on the short form also are asked, along with additional questions, on the long form.

## Simplified Enumerator Questionnaire (SEQ)

A questionnaire that enumerators use for transient, or T-night, enumeration and when conducting the nonresponse follow-up after the decennial census.

### **Soup Kitchens**

Includes soup kitchens, food lines, and programs distributing prepared breakfasts, lunches, or dinners. These programs may be organized as food service lines, bag or box lunches, or tables where people are seated, then served by program personnel. These programs may or may not have a place for clients to sit and eat the meal. These are service locations.

## **Special Place**

An institution that includes facilities where people live or stay other than the usual house, apartment, or mobile home. Examples are colleges and universities, nursing homes, hospitals, and prisons. Often the facilities that house people are group quarters, but they may include standard houses or apartments as well.

### Special Place Facility Questionnaire (SPFQ)

A questionnaire used to interview an official at a special place for the purpose of collecting/updating address information for the special place and any associated group quarters and housing units, determining the type of special place/group quarters, and collecting additional administrative information about each group quarters at the special place.

### **State Data Center (SDC)**

A state agency or university facility identified by the governor of each state and state equivalent to participate in the Census Bureau's cooperative network for the dissemination of census data. SDCs also provide demographic data to local agencies participating in the Census Bureau's statistical areas programs and assist the Census Bureau in the delineation and identification of statistical areas.

### **Summary File (SF)**

A series of census summary tabulations of 100-percent and sample population and housing data available for public use on CD-ROM and the Internet. In 1990, these files were available on computer tapes and, as a result, were known as summary tape files (STF).

### **Summary Table**

A collection of one or more data elements that are classified into some logical structure either as dimensions or data points.

### **Tabulation Block**

A physical block that does not have any legal or statistical boundaries passing through it; or each portion of a physical block after the Census Bureau recognizes any legal or statistical boundaries that pass through it.

### **Targeted Nonsheltered Outdoor Location (TNSOL)**

A geographically identifiable outdoor location open to the elements where there is evidence that people might be living without paying and who also do not usually receive services at soup kitchens, shelters, and mobile food vans. These sites must have a specific location description that allows a census enumeration team to physically locate the site and excludes pay-for-use campgrounds, drop-in centers, post offices, hospital emergency rooms, and commercial sites (including all-night theaters and all-night diners).

### **Telephone Questionnaire Assistance (TQA)**

A toll-free service that was provided by a commercial phone center to answer questions about Census 2000 and the Census 2000 questionnaire and to take interviews from people who prefer to be interviewed over the telephone.

### **Thematic Map**

A map that reveals the geographic patterns in statistical data.

### Title 13 (United States Code)

The law under which the Census Bureau operates and that guarantees the confidentiality of census information and establishes penalties for disclosing this information.

### Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER®)

A computer database that contains a digital representation of all census-required map features (streets, roads, rivers, railroads, lakes, and so forth), the related attributes for each (street names, address ranges, etc.), and the geographic identification codes for all entities used by the Census Bureau to tabulate data for the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Island Areas. The TIGER® database records the interrelationships among these features, attributes, and geographic codes and provides a resource for the production of maps, entity headers for data tabulations, and automated assignment of addresses to a geographic location in a process known as "geocoding."

### Transient Night (T-Night)/T-Night Enumeration (TNE)

A method of enumeration in which Census Bureau staff enumerate people at transient locations, such as campgrounds at race tracks, recreational vehicle campgrounds or parks, commercial or public campgrounds, fairs and carnivals, and marinas. Enumerators conduct a personal interview using Simplified Enumerator Questionnaire. No vacant units are generated by this operation.

### Type of Enumeration Area (TEA)

A classification identifying how the Census Bureau takes the decennial census of a geographic area. Examples of TEAs include (1) the area inside the "blue line" - this is the mailout/mailback and urban update/leave operations area, (2) address listing areas, (3) list/enumerate areas, and (4) remote areas of Alaska.

### Urban Update/Leave (UU/L)

Update/leave procedures are used in targeted urban areas where mail delivery may be a problem, such as an apartment building where the mail carrier may leave the forms in a common area. Enumerators deliver census questionnaires for residents to complete and mail back, update the address register, and update the census maps.

# **Usual Home Elsewhere (UHE)**

A housing unit that is temporarily occupied by a person(s) who has a usual home elsewhere.

### **Usual Residence**

The living quarters where a person spends more nights during a year than any other place.

### **Voting District (VTD)**

Any of a variety of areas, such as election districts, precincts, legislative districts, or wards, established by states and local governments for voting purposes.

### Whole Household Usual Home Elsewhere (WHUHE)

See Usual Home Elsewhere.

# Census 2000

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census



This is the official form for all the people at this address. It is quick and easy, and your answers are protected by law. Complete the Census and help your community get what it needs — today and in the future!

# **Start Here**

Please use a black or blue pen.

1 How many people were living or staying in this house, apartment, or mobile home on April 1, 2000?

Number of people

## **INCLUDE** in this number:

- foster children, roomers, or housemates
- people staying here on April 1, 2000 who have no other permanent place to stay
- people living here most of the time while working, even if they have another place to live

### **DO NOT INCLUDE** in this number:

- college students living away while attending college
- people in a correctional facility, nursing home, or mental hospital on April 1, 2000
- Armed Forces personnel living somewhere else
- people who live or stay at another place most of the time
- Please turn the page and print the names of all the people living or staying here on April 1, 2000.



If you need help completing this form, call 1-800-471-9424 between 8:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m., 7 days a week. The telephone call is free.

**TDD -** Telephone display device for the hearing impaired. Call 1-800-582-8330 between 8:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m., 7 days a week. The telephone call is free.

¿NECESITA AYUDA? Si usted necesita ayuda para completar este cuestionario llame al 1-800-471-8642 entre las 8:00 a.m. y las 9:00 p.m., 7 días a la semana. La llamada telefónica es gratis.

The Census Bureau estimates that, for the average household, this form will take about 38 minutes to complete, including the time for reviewing the instructions and answers. Comments about the estimate should be directed to the Associate Director for Finance and Administration, Attn: Paperwork Reduction Project 0607-0856, Room 3104, Federal Building 3, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Respondents are not required to respond to any information collection unless it displays a valid approval number from the Office of Management and Budget.

OMB No. 0607-0856: Approval Expires 12/31/2000

Form **D-2** 

List of Persons	
	Person 6 — Last Name
Please be sure you answered question 1 on the front	
page before continuing.	
Please print the names of all the people who you	
indicated in question 1 were living or staying here on April 1, 2000.  Example — Last Name	Person 7 — Last Name
	First Name MI
R 0 B / N            J	
Start with the person, or one of the people living	Person 8 — Last Name
here who owns, is buying, or rents this house, apartment, or mobile home. If there is no such	
person, start with any adult living or staying here.	First Name MI
Person 1 — Last Name	
First Name MI	Person 9 — Last Name
	First Name MI
Person 2 — Last Name	
First Name MI	Person 10 — Last Name
Paragraph 2 Land Name	First Name MI
Person 3 — Last Name	
5.00	Person 11 — Last Name
First Name MI	
	First Name MI
Person 4 — Last Name	First Name IVII
First Name MI	Person 12 — Last Name
	First Name MI
Person 5 — Last Name	
First Name MI	Next, answer questions about Person 1.
	EOD OFFICE REE ONLY
	FOR OFFICE USE ONLY
	A. JIC1 B. JIC2 C. JIC3 D. JIC4

# **Person**



Your answers

Your answers are important! Every person in the Census counts.	Black, African Am., or Negro American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe.
1 What is this person's name? Print the name of Person 1 from page 2.  Last Name	Asian Indian  Chinese  Guamanian or Chamorro  Filipino  Japanese  Korean  Vietnamese  Other Asian — Print race.
contact this person if we don't understand an answer.  Area Code + Number	Some other race — Print race.
What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth?  Age on April 1, 2000  Print numbers in boxes.  Month Day Year of birth  NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6.  Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark X the "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino.	Now married Widowed Divorced Separated Never married
the "No" box if not Spanish' Hispanic/Latino.  No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino  Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano  Yes, Puerto Rican  Yes, Cuban  Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — Print group.	<ul> <li>No, has not attended since February 1 → Skip to 9</li> <li>Yes, public school, public college</li> <li>Yes, private school, private college</li> </ul>

What is this person's race? Mark (x) one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be.

White

Form D-2

Person 1 (continued)	
8 b. What grade or level was this person attending?  Mark ② ONE box.  Nursery school, preschool  Kindergarten  Grade 1 to grade 4  Grade 5 to grade 8  Grade 9 to grade 12  College undergraduate years (freshman to senior)  Graduate or professional school (for example: medical, dental, or law school)  9 What is the highest degree or level of school this person has COMPLETED? Mark ② ONE box. If currently enrolled, mark the previous grade or highest degree received.  No schooling completed  Nursery school to 4th grade  5th grade or 6th grade  7th grade or 8th grade  9th grade  10th grade  11th grade  12th grade, NO DIPLOMA  HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE — high school DIPLOMA or the equivalent (for example: GED)  Some college credit, but less than 1 year  1 or more years of college, no degree  Associate degree (for example: AA, AS)  Bachelor's degree (for example: MA, MS, MEng, MEd, MSW, MBA)  Professional degree (for example: MD, DDS, DVM, LLB, JD)  Doctorate degree (for example: PhD, EdD)  10 What is this person's ancestry or ethnic origin?  (For example: Italian, Jamaican, African Am., Cambodian, Cape Verdean, Norwegian, Dominican, French Canadian, Haitian, Korean, Lebanese, Polish, Nigerian, Mexican, Taiwanese, Ukrainian, and so on.)	a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?  Yes  No → Skip to 12  b. What is this language?  Left was this person speak English?  Very well  Not well  Not well  Not at all  Where was this person born?  In the United States — Print name of state.  Were was this person born?  In the United States — Print name of foreign country, or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.  Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas  Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents  Yes, a U.S. citizen by naturalization  No, not a citizen of the United States  When did this person come to live in the United States? Print numbers in boxes.  Year  Person is under 5 years old → Skip to 33  Yes, this house → Skip to 16  No, outside the United States — Print name of foreign country, or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., below; then skip to 16.

b. Where did this person live 5 years ago	):	a. Does this person have any of his/her own grandchildren under the age of 18 living in this
Name of city, town, or post office		house or apartment?
		Yes
Did this person live inside the limits of the city or town?  Yes  No, outside the city/town limits  Name of county  Name of state  ZIP Code  Does this person have any of the following long-lasting conditions:		<ul> <li>No → Skip to 20a</li> <li>b. Is this grandparent currently responsible for most of the basic needs of any grandchild(ren) under the age of 18 who live(s) in this house or apartment?</li> <li>Yes</li> <li>No → Skip to 20a</li> <li>c. How long has this grandparent been responsible for the(se) grandchild(ren)? If the grandparent is financially responsible for more than one grandchild, answer the question for the grandchild for whom the grandparent has been responsible for the longest period of time.</li> <li>Less than 6 months</li> <li>6 to 11 months</li> <li>1 or 2 years</li> <li>3 or 4 years</li> <li>5 years or more</li> </ul>
a. Blindness, deafness, or a severe vision or hearing impairment?		5 years or more  a. Has this person ever served on active duty in
b. A condition that substantially limits one or more basic physical activities such as walking, climbing stairs, reaching, lifting, or carrying?	0 0	the U.S. Armed Forces, military Reserves, or National Guard? Active duty does not include training for the Reserves or National Guard, but DOES include activation, for example, for the Persian Gulf War.  Yes, now on active duty
Because of a physical, mental, or emotio condition lasting 6 months or more, does this person have any difficulty in doing a the following activities:	s any of	<ul> <li>Yes, on active duty in past, but not now</li> <li>No, training for Reserves or National Guard only → Skip to 21</li> <li>No, never served in the military → Skip to 21</li> </ul>
a. Learning, remembering, or concentrating?	Yes No	b. When did this person serve on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces? Mark (X) a box for
b. Dressing, bathing, or getting around inside the home?		EACH period in which this person served.  April 1995 or later
c. (Answer if this person is 16 YEARS OLD OR OVER.) Going outside the home alone to shop or visit a doctor's office?	0 0	August 1990 to March 1995 (including Persian Gulf Wa September 1980 to July 1990
d. (Answer if this person is 16 YEARS OLD OR OVER.) Working at a job or business?	0 0	May 1975 to August 1980 Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975) February 1955 to July 1964
Was this person under 15 years of age o	n	Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955)
April 1, 2000?  Yes $\rightarrow$ Skip to 33		○ World War II (September 1940—July 1947) ○ Some other time
∪ No		c. In total, how many years of active-duty military service has this person had?
		Less than 2 years  2 years or more

Form D-2

D-5

	Person 1 (continued)	
4	LAST WEEK, did this person do ANY work for either pay or profit? Mark (X) the "Yes" box even if the person worked only 1 hour, or helped without pay in a	If "Car, truck, or van" is marked in 23a, go to 23b. Otherwise, skip to 24a.
	family business or farm for 15 hours or more, or was on active duty in the Armed Forces.	b. How many people, including this person, usually rode to work in the car, truck, or van
	Yes	LAST WEEK?
	$\bigcirc$ No $\rightarrow$ Skip to 25a	Drove alone 2 people
6	At what location did this person work LAST	3 people
	<b>WEEK?</b> If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week.	4 people
	a. Address (Number and street name)	5 or 6 people
		7 or more people 24 a. What time did this person usually leave home
		to go to work LAST WEEK?
	(If the exact address is not known, give a description of the location such as the building name or the nearest	a.m. p.m.
	street or intersection.)  b. Name of city, town, or post office	b. How many minutes did it usually take this person to get from home to work LAST WEEK?
		Minutes
	c. Is the work location inside the limits of that	
	city or town?	Answer questions 25–26 for persons who did not
	Yes	work for pay or profit last week. Others skip to 27.
	No, outside the city/town limits	a. LAST WEEK, was this person on layoff from
	d. Name of county	a job?
		Yes $\rightarrow$ Skip to 25c No
	e. Name of U.S. state or foreign country	b. LAST WEEK, was this person TEMPORARILY absent from a job or business?
	f. ZIP Code	Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor
		dispute, etc. $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to 26</i> No $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to 25d</i>
2	a. How did this person usually get to work LAST	c. Has this person been informed that he or she will be recalled to work within the next 6 months
T	<b>WEEK?</b> If this person usually used more than one method of transportation during the trip, mark (X) the box of the	OR been given a date to return to work?
	one used for most of the distance.	Yes $\rightarrow$ Skip to 25e  No
	Car, truck, or van	d. Has this person been looking for work during
	Bus or trolley bus Streetcar or trolley car	the last 4 weeks?
	Subway or elevated	Yes
	Railroad	$\bigcirc$ No $\rightarrow$ Skip to 26
	Ferryboat Taxicab	e. LAST WEEK, could this person have started a job if offered one, or returned to work if recalled?
	Motorcycle	Yes, could have gone to work
	Bicycle	No, because of own temporary illness
	Walked	No, because of all other reasons (in school, etc.)
		When did this person last work, even for a few days?
		1995 to 2000
		$\bigcirc$ 1994 or earlier, or never worked $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to 31</i>

Industry or Employer — Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the neat which this person worked the most hours if this person had no job or business star week, got the information for hisher lest job or business star used, got the information for hisher lest job or business star individual, for wages, salary, or commissions.    Employee of a PRIVATE-TOR-PROFIT company or business star individual, for wages, salary, or commissions.   Employee of a PRIVATE-TOR-PROFIT, tax-exempt, or charitable organization   Local GOVERNMENT employee   Imployer   Local GOVERNMENT employee   Imployee (city, county, etc.)   State GOVERNMENT employee   Imployee   Impl	Person 1 (continued)	
b. What kind of business or industry was this? Describe the activity at location where employed. (For example: hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto repair shop, bank)  c. Is this mainly — Mark ② ONE box.    Manufacturing?   Wholesale trade?   Retail trade?   Other (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)?  30 INCOME IN 1999 — Mark ② the "Yes" box for each income source received during 1999 and enter the total amount received during 1999 to a maximum of \$999,999. Mark ② the "No" box if the income source was not received during registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, auto mechanic, accountant)   Wholesale trade?   Other (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)?  23 Occupation   a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, auto mechanic, accountant)   Wholesale trade?   Other (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)?  34 INCOME IN 1999 — Mark ② the "Yes" box for each income source enceived during 1999 and enter the total amount received during 1999 to a maximum of \$999,999. Mark ② the "No" box if the income source was not received during 1999 to a maximum of \$999,999. Mark ② the "No" box if the income source was not received during 1999 to a maximum of \$999,999. Mark ② the "No" box if the income source was not received during 1999 to a maximum of \$999,999. Mark ② the "No" box if the income source was not received during 1999 to a maximum of \$999,999. Mark ② the "No" box if the income source enceived during 1999 to a maximum of \$999,999. Mark ② the "No" box if the income source enceived during 1999 to a maximum of \$999,999. Mark ② the "No" box if the income source enceived during 1999 to a maximum of \$999,999. Mark ② the "No" box if the income source enceived during 1999 to a maximum of \$999,999. Mark ② the "No" box if the income source enceived during 1999 to a maximum of \$999,999. Mark ② the "No" box if the income source enceived during 1999 to	chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours. If this person had no job or business last week, give the information for his/her last job or business since 1995.  a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, mark ② this box → □ and print the branch of the Armed Forces.  Name of company, business, or other employer	<ul> <li>Employee of a PRIVATE-FOR-PROFIT company or business or of an individual, for wages, salary, or commissions</li> <li>Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT, tax-exempt, or charitable organization</li> <li>Local GOVERNMENT employee (city, county, etc.)</li> <li>State GOVERNMENT employee</li> <li>Federal GOVERNMENT employee</li> <li>SELF-EMPLOYED in own NOT INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm</li> <li>SELF-EMPLOYED in own INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm</li> <li>Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm</li> <li>a. LAST YEAR, 1999, did this person work at a</li> </ul>
hours did this person usually work each WEEK?  Usual hours worked each WEEK  Usual hours worked each WEEK?  Isual hours worked each WEEK?  Usual hours worked each WEEK?  Isual hours worked each WEEK  Isual hours worked each WEEK?  Isual hours workedeach WEEK?  Isual hours workedeach WEEK?  Isual hours workedeach WEEK?  Isual hours was a los, enter the total amount received during 1999 and enter the total amount received during 1999 have some	Describe the activity at location where employed. (For example: hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order	Yes  No → Skip to 31  b. How many weeks did this person work in 1999?  Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.
(For example: registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, auto mechanic, accountant)	Manufacturing? Wholesale trade? Retail trade? Other (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)?	Hours did this person usually work each WEEK?  Usual hours worked each WEEK  INCOME IN 1999 — Mark (X) the "Yes" box for each income source received during 1999 and enter the total amount received during 1999 to a maximum of \$999,999.  Mark (X) the "No" box if the income source was not received. If net income was a loss, enter the amount and mark (X) the "Loss" box next to the dollar amount.
businesses or farm businesses, including proprietorships and partnerships — Report NET income after business expenses.  Yes Annual amount — Dollars  \$       ,     .00   Loss	(For example: registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, auto mechanic, accountant)	appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark (X) the "No" box for the other person. If exact amount is not known, please give best estimate.  a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from all jobs — Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds, dues, or other items.  Yes Annual amount — Dollars  \$
		businesses or farm businesses, including proprietorships and partnerships — Report NET income after business expenses.  Yes Annual amount — Dollars  \$           .00
2047 Form D-	2047	Form D-

Questionnaire D-7

Person 1 (continued)	
c. Interest, dividends, net rental income, royalty income, or income from estates and trusts — Report even small amounts credited to an account.	Now, please answer questions 33—53 about your household.
	Is this house, apartment, or mobile home —
\$     ,     .00   Loss	Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan?
□ No	Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage or loan)?
d. Social Security or Railroad Retirement	Rented for cash rent?
Yes Annual amount — Dollars	Occupied without payment of cash rent?
s    ,      .00	4 Which best describes this building? Include all
□ No	apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.
	A mobile home
e. Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	A one-family house detached from any other house
Yes Annual amount — Dollars	A one-family house attached to one or more houses  A building with 2 apartments
\$	A building with 3 or 4 apartments
O No	A building with 5 to 9 apartments
	A building with 10 to 19 apartments
f. Any public assistance or welfare payments	A building with 20 to 49 apartments
from the state or local welfare office	A building with 50 or more apartments
Yes Annual amount — Dollars	Boat, RV, van, etc.
\$	About when was this building first built?
□ No	1999 or 2000
a Detirement complete or disability nancions	1995 to 1998
g. Retirement, survivor, or disability pensions — Do NOT include Social Security.	1990 to 1994
Yes Annual amount — Dollars	1980 to 1989
	1970 to 1979
	1960 to 1969
U No	1950 to 1959
h. Any other sources of income received regularly	1940 to 1949
such as Veterans' (VA) payments, unemployment compensation, child support, or alimony — Do NOT	1939 or earlier
include lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or sale of a home.	When did this person move into this house, apartment, or mobile home?
Yes Annual amount — <i>Dollars</i>	1999 or 2000
\$     1   00	1995 to 1998
	1990 to 1994
U No	1980 to 1989
What was this person's total income in 1999? Add	1970 to 1979
entries in questions 31a—31h; subtract any losses. If net income was a loss, enter the amount and mark (X) the	1969 or earlier  How many rooms do you have in this house,
"Loss" box next to the dollar amount.  Annual amount — Dollars	apartment, or mobile home? Do NOT count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms.
<u> </u>	D 1 room
□ None OR \$       ,       .00 □ Loss	2 rooms 7 rooms
	3 rooms 8 rooms
	4 rooms 9 or more rooms
	5 rooms

T	How many bedrooms do you have; that is, how many bedrooms would you list if this house,	44	Answer ONLY if this is a ONE-FAMILY HOUSE OR MOBILE HOME — All others skip to 45.
	apartment, or mobile home were on the market for sale or rent?		a. Is there a business (such as a store or barber shop) or a medical office on this property?
	No bedroom		Yes
	1 bedroom		O No
	2 bedrooms		<u> </u>
	3 bedrooms		b. How many acres is this house or mobile home on?
	4 bedrooms		$\bigcirc$ Less than 1 acre $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to 45</i>
	5 or more bedrooms		1 to 9.9 acres
	D COMPLETE		10 or more acres
<b>19</b>	Do you have COMPLETE plumbing facilities in this house, apartment, or mobile home; that is, 1) hot		
	and cold piped water, 2) a flush toilet, and 3) a bathtub or shower?		c. In 1999, what were the actual sales of all agricultural products from this property?
	Yes, have all three facilities		○ None ○ \$2,500 to \$4,999
	No		\$1 to \$999 \$5,000 to \$9,999
	<u> </u>		\$1,000 to \$2,499 \$10,000 or more
	Do you have COMPLETE kitchen facilities in this house, apartment, or mobile home; that is, 1) a sink with piped water, 2) a range or stove, and 3) a refrigerator?	<b>45</b>	What are the annual costs of utilities and fuels for this house, apartment, or mobile home? If you have lived here less than 1 year, estimate the annual cost.
	Yes, have all three facilities		a. Electricity
	□ No		Annual cost — <i>Dollars</i>
			¢
T	Is there telephone service available in this house, apartment, or mobile home from which you can both make and receive calls?		\$   ,      .00 OR
	0		☐ Included in rent or in condominium fee
	Yes		No charge or electricity not used
	∪ No		b. Gas
4	Which FUEL is used MOST for heating this house,		Annual cost — Dollars
Υ	apartment, or mobile home?		
	Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood		\$   ,      .00 OR
	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP		☐ Included in rent or in condominium fee
	Electricity		No charge or gas not used
	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.		c. Water and sewer
	Coal or coke		<del></del>
	Wood		Annual cost — <i>Dollars</i>
	Solar energy		\$   ,      .00
	Other fuel		OR
	No fuel used		O Included in rent or in condominium fee
			○ No charge
	How many automobiles, vans, and trucks of		d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.
	one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?		Annual cost — Dollars
	None		\$   ,      .00
			OR
			☐ Included in rent or in condominium fee
	U 3 □ 4		No charge or these fuels not used
	U 4 ○ -		<u> </u>
	U 5		
	☐ 6 or more		

2049

Form D-2

D-9

	Person 1 (continued)			
46	apartment, or mobile home — All others skip to 47.  a. What is the monthly rent?	_	year? Yearly amount — Dollars	e taxes on THIS property last
	Monthly amount — <i>Dollars</i>		\$     ,     .00	
	\$		OR	
	b. Does the monthly rent include any meals?		None	
	○ Yes ○ No	9	What was the annual pay and flood insurance on TI	/ment for fire, hazard, HIS property?
4	Answer questions 47a—53 if you or someone in this household owns or is buying this house, apartment, or mobile home; otherwise, skip to questions for Person 2.		Annual amount — Dollars  \$	
	a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on THIS property?		None	
	<ul> <li>Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt</li> <li>Yes, contract to purchase</li> <li>No → Skip to 48a</li> </ul>	T	What is the value of this how much do you think t apartment, or mobile hon for if it were for sale?	his house and lot,
	<b>b.</b> How much is your regular monthly mortgage payment on THIS property? <i>Include payment only on first mortgage or contract to purchase.</i>		☐ Less than \$10,000 ☐ \$10,000 to \$14,999 ☐ \$15,000 to \$19,999	\$90,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999
	Monthly amount — Dollars		\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$150,000 to \$174,999
	\$		\$25,000 to \$29,999	□ \$175,000 to \$199,999
	OR		\$30,000 to \$34,999	\$200,000 to \$249,999
			□ \$35,000 to \$39,999	□ \$250,000 to \$299,999
	No regular payment required → Skip to 48a		☐ \$40,000 to \$49,999	☐ \$300,000 to \$399,999
	c. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for real estate taxes on THIS property?		\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$69,999	\$400,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$749,999
	Yes, taxes included in mortgage payment		\$70,000 to \$79,999	\$750,000 to \$999,999
	No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required		☐ \$80,000 to \$89,999	\$1,000,000 or more
	d. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for fire, hazard, or flood insurance on THIS property?	T	Answer ONLY if this is a 0	
	Yes, insurance included in mortgage payment		Monthly amount — Dollars	
	No, insurance paid separately or no insurance		\$     ,      .00	
48	a. Do you have a second mortgage or a home equity loan on THIS property? Mark (X) all boxes	T	Answer ONLY if this is a I	
	that apply.		a. Do you have an installi on THIS mobile home?	nent loan or contract
	Yes, a second mortgage		Yes	
	Yes, a home equity loan		O No	
	$\bigcup No \to Skip to 49$		b. What was the total cos	st for installment loan
	b. How much is your regular monthly payment on all second or junior mortgages and all home equity loans on THIS property?		payments, personal proper registration fees, and lice home and its site last yea	erty taxes, site rent, nse fees on THIS mobile
	Monthly amount — Dollars		Yearly amount — Dollars	
	\$     ,      .00		\$     ,      .00	
	No regular payment required	0	Are there more people live continue with Person 2.	ring here? If yes,

Person S	
	NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6.
Census information helps your community	Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark (*) the "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino.
get financial assistance for roads, hospitals, schools and more.	No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino  Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano  Yes, Puerto Rican  Yes, Cuban  Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — Print group.   ✓
1 What is this person's name? Print the name of Person 2 from page 2.	
Last Name	What is this person's race? Mark (X) one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be.
How is this person related to Person 1?  Mark ONE box.  Husband/wife  Natural-born son/daughter  Adopted son/daughter  Stepson/stepdaughter  Brother/sister  Father/mother  Grandchild  Parent-in-law  Other relative — Print exact relationship.  If NOT RELATED to Person 1:  Roomer, boarder  Housemate, roommate  Unmarried partner  Foster child	<ul> <li>White</li> <li>Black, African Am., or Negro</li> <li>American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe.  <ul> <li>Asian Indian</li> <li>Chinese</li> <li>Guamanian or Chamorro</li> <li>Filipino</li> <li>Japanese</li> <li>Korean</li> <li>Vietnamese</li> <li>Other Asian — Print race.  <ul> <li>Think in the print race is a print race. </li> <li>Some other race — Print race. </li> </ul> </li> <li>Some other race — Print race. </li> </ul></li></ul>
Other nonrelative  What is this person's sex? Mark ONE box.  Male Female	What is this person's marital status?  Now married
What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth?  Age on April 1, 2000  Print numbers in boxes.  Month Day Year of birth	<ul><li>○ Widowed</li><li>○ Divorced</li><li>○ Separated</li><li>○ Never married</li></ul>
2051	Form D-2

Person 2 (continued)	
a. At any time since February 1, 2000, has this person attended regular school or college? Include	a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?
only nursery school or preschool, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or a college degree.	$ \bigcirc Yes \\ \bigcirc No \rightarrow Skip to 12 $
<ul> <li>No, has not attended since February 1 → Skip to 9</li> <li>Yes, public school, public college</li> <li>Yes, private school, private college</li> </ul>	b. What is this language?
	(For example: Korean, Italian, Spanish, Vietnamese)
<b>b. What grade or level was this person attending?</b> Mark (X) ONE box.	c. How well does this person speak English?
Nursery school, preschool  Kindergarten  Grade 1 to grade 4  Grade 5 to grade 8	Very well Well Not well Not at all
Grade 9 to grade 12	Where was this person born?
College undergraduate years (freshman to senior)	☐ In the United States — <i>Print name of state.</i>
Graduate or professional school (for example: medical, dental, or law school)	
9 What is the highest degree or level of school this person has COMPLETED? Mark (X) ONE box.	Outside the United States — Print name of foreign country, or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
If currently enrolled, mark the previous grade or highest degree received.	
○ No schooling completed	Is this person a CITIZEN of the United States?
Nursery school to 4th grade	Yes, born in the United States $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to 15a</i>
5th grade or 6th grade	Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas
☐ 7th grade or 8th grade ☐ 9th grade	Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents
O 10th grade	Yes, a U.S. citizen by naturalization
11th grade	No, not a citizen of the United States
12th grade, <b>NO DIPLOMA</b> HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE — high school DIPLOMA	When did this person come to live in the United States? Print numbers in boxes.
or the equivalent (for example: GED)  Some college credit, but less than 1 year	Year
1 or more years of college, no degree	
Associate degree (for example: AA, AS) Bachelor's degree (for example: BA, AB, BS)	a. Did this person live in this house or apartment 5 years ago (on April 1, 1995)?
Master's degree (for example: MA, MS, MEng, MEd, MSW, MBA)	Person is under 5 years old $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to 33</i>
Professional degree (for example: MD, DDS, DVM,	Yes, this house $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to 16</i>
LLB, JD)  Doctorate degree (for example: PhD, EdD)	○ No, outside the United States — Print name of foreign country, or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., below; then skip to 16.
What is this person's ancestry or ethnic origin?	
(For example: Italian, Jamaican, African Am., Cambodian, Cape Verdean, Norwegian, Dominican, French Canadian, Haitian, Korean, Lebanese, Polish, Nigerian, Mexican, Taiwanese, Ukrainian, and so on.)	No, different house in the United States

Name of city, town, or post office			grandchildren under the age of 18 living in this house or apartment?
			Yes
Did this person live inside the limits of	the		$\bigcirc$ No $\rightarrow$ Skip to 20a
city or town?  Yes  No, outside the city/town limits			b. Is this grandparent currently responsible for most of the basic needs of any grandchild(ren) under the age of 18 who live(s) in this house or apartment?
Name of county			Yes
			$\bigcirc$ No $\rightarrow$ Skip to 20a
Name of state			c. How long has this grandparent been responsible
			for the(se) grandchild(ren)? If the grandparent is financially responsible for more than one grandchild, answ
ZIP Code			the question for the grandchild for whom the grandparer has been responsible for the longest period of time.
			Less than 6 months
			6 to 11 months
Does this person have any of the follow	wina		1 or 2 years
long-lasting conditions:	_		3 or 4 years
a. Blindness, deafness, or a severe	Yes	No _	5 years or more
vision or hearing impairment?		0 2	a. Has this person ever served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces, military Reserves, or
<ul> <li>A condition that substantially limits one or more basic physical activities such as walking, climbing stairs, reaching, lifting, or carrying?</li> </ul>	0	0	National Guard? Active duty does not include training for the Reserves or National Guard, but DOES include activation, for example, for the Persian Gulf War.  Yes, now on active duty Yes, on active duty in past, but not now
Because of a physical, mental, or emoti condition lasting 6 months or more, do this person have any difficulty in doing	es	f	No, training for Reserves or National Guard only $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to 21</i>
the following activities:	Yes	No	<ul> <li>No, never served in the military → Skip to 21</li> <li>When did this person serve on active duty</li> </ul>
a. Learning, remembering, or concentrating?		0	in the U.S. Armed Forces? Mark $X$ a box for EACH period in which this person served.
b. Dressing, bathing, or getting around inside the home?	0	0	April 1995 or later
c. (Answer if this person is 16 YEARS OLD OR OVER.) Going outside the home alone to shop or visit a doctor's office?	0	0	August 1990 to March 1995 (including Persian Gulf V September 1980 to July 1990 May 1975 to August 1980
d. (Answer if this person is 16 YEARS OLD	_		Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975)
OR OVER.) Working at a job or business?	U	U	February 1955 to July 1964
W41			Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955)
Was this person under 15 years of age April 1, 2000?	on		○ World War II (September 1940—July 1947) ○ Some other time
$\bigcirc \text{ Yes} \rightarrow \text{Skip to 33}$			
O No			c. In total, how many years of active-duty military service has this person had?
			Less than 2 years
			2 years or more

Form D-2 13

D-13

AST WEEK, did this person do ANY work for ither pay or profit? Mark (X) the "Yes" box even if the erson worked only 1 hour, or helped without pay in a amily business or farm for 15 hours or more, or was on	Otherwise, skip to 24a.  23 b. How many people, including this person,
ctive duty in the Armed Forces.	usually rode to work in the car, truck, or van
Yes	Drove alone
No $\rightarrow$ Skip to 25a	2 people
at what location did this person work LAST	3 people
<b>VEEK?</b> If this person worked at more than one location,	4 people
rint where he or she worked most last week.	5 or 6 people
. Address (Number and street name)	7 or more people
	a. What time did this person usually leave home to go to work LAST WEEK?
f the exact address is not known, give a description	
f the exact address is not known, give a description f the location such as the building name or the nearest	a.m. Op.m.
treet or intersection.)	b. How many minutes did it usually take this person to get from home to work LAST WEEK?
. Name of city, town, or post office	Minutes
Is the work location inside the limits of that	
ity or town?	Answer questions 25–26 for persons who did not
Yes	work for pay or profit last week. Others skip to 27.
No, outside the city/town limits	a. LAST WEEK, was this person on layoff from
. Name of county	a job?
	$ \bigcirc Yes \rightarrow Skip \text{ to } 25c $ $ \bigcirc No $
. Name of U.S. state or foreign country	b. LAST WEEK, was this person TEMPORARILY
	absent from a job or business?
ZIP Code	Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor
	dispute, etc. $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to 26</i> No $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to 25d</i>
	c. Has this person been informed that he or she
. How did this person usually get to work LAST VEEK? If this person usually used more than one method	will be recalled to work within the next 6 months OR been given a date to return to work?
f transportation during the trip, mark (X) the box of the ne used for most of the distance.	$\bigcirc$ Yes $\rightarrow$ Skip to 25e
Car, truck, or van	O No
Bus or trolley bus	d. Has this person been looking for work during
Streetcar or trolley car	the last 4 weeks?
Subway or elevated	Yes
Railroad	$\bigcup$ No $\rightarrow$ Skip to 26
Ferryboat	e. LAST WEEK, could this person have started a job if offered one, or returned to work if recalled?
) Taxicab ) Motorcycle	Yes, could have gone to work
Bicycle	No, because of own temporary illness
Walked	No, because of all other reasons (in school, etc.)
Worked at home $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to 27</i>	
Other method	When did this person last work, even for a few days?
	1995 to 2000
	$\bigcirc 1994 \text{ or earlier, or never worked} \rightarrow Skip \text{ to } 31$

Person 2 (continued)

Industry or Employer — Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours. If this person had no job or business last week, give the information for his/her last job or business since 1995.  a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, mark ✗ this box → □ and print the branch of the Armed Forces.  Name of company, business, or other employer	Was this person — Mark ★ ONE box.  ☐ Employee of a PRIVATE-FOR-PROFIT company or business or of an individual, for wages, salary, or commissions  ☐ Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT, tax-exempt or charitable organization  ☐ Local GOVERNMENT employee (city, county, etc.)  ☐ State GOVERNMENT employee  ☐ Federal GOVERNMENT employee  ☐ SELF-EMPLOYED in own NOT INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm  ☐ Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm
b. What kind of business or industry was this?  Describe the activity at location where employed. (For example: hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto repair shop, bank)	a. LAST YEAR, 1999, did this person work at a job or business at any time?  ☐ Yes ☐ No → Skip to 31  b. How many weeks did this person work in 1999? Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service. Weeks
c. Is this mainly — Mark (X) ONE box.  Manufacturing? Wholesale trade? Retail trade?	c. During the weeks WORKED in 1999, how many hours did this person usually work each WEEK?  Usual hours worked each WEEK  INCOME IN 1999 — Mark (*) the "Yes" box for each income source received during 1999 and enter the total
Other (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)?  Occupation  a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, auto mechanic, accountant)	amount received during 1999 to a maximum of \$999,999. Mark (X) the "No" box if the income source was not received. If net income was a loss, enter the amount and mark (X) the "Loss" box next to the dollar amount.  For income received jointly, report, if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark (X) the "No" box for the other person. If exact amount is not known, please give best estimate.
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties? (For example: patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, repairing	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from all jobs — Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds, dues, or other items.  Yes Annual amount — Dollars  \$
automobiles, reconciling financial records)	b. Self-employment income from own nonfarm businesses or farm businesses, including proprietorships and partnerships — Report NET income after business expenses.  Yes Annual amount — Dollars
	\$

**15** 

D-15 Questionnaire

3	Person 2 (continued)  c. Interest, dividends, net rental income, royalty income, or income from estates and trusts — Report even small amounts credited to an account.  Yes Annual amount — Dollars  No  d. Social Security or Railroad Retirement  Yes Annual amount — Dollars  \$	Information about children helps your community plan for child care, education, and recreation.
	U No	1 What is this person's name? Print the name of
	e. Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	Person 3 from page 2.
	Yes Annual amount — Dollars	Last Name
	\$     ,      .00	
	○ No	First Name MI
	f. Any public assistance or welfare payments from the state or local welfare office	
	Yes Annual amount — Dollars	How is this person related to Person 1?
	\$     ,      .00	Mark (X) ONE box.  D Husband/wife
	○ No	Natural-born son/daughter
	g. Retirement, survivor, or disability pensions — Do NOT include Social Security.	Adopted son/daughter Stepson/stepdaughter
	Yes Annual amount — <i>Dollars</i>	Brother/sister
	\$     ,     .00	Father/mother
	□ No	Grandchild
	h. Any other sources of income received regularly such as Veterans' (VA) payments, unemployment compensation, child support, or alimony — Do NOT include lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or sale of a home.	Parent-in-law Son-in-law/daughter-in-law Other relative — <i>Print exact relationship.</i>
	Yes Annual amount — Dollars	If NOT RELATED to Person 1:
	\$       ,      .00	Roomer, boarder
	○ No	Housemate, roommate
32	What was this person's total income in 1999? Add	Unmarried partner
	entries in questions 31a—31h; subtract any losses. If net income was a loss, enter the amount and mark (X) the	Foster child Other nonrelative
	"Loss" box next to the dollar amount.	
	Annual amount — Dollars	What is this person's sex? Mark (X) ONE box.
	○ None OR \$     ,     .00 ○ Loss	Male
	Are there more people living here? If yes,	Female
	continue with Person 3.	What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth?
		Age on April 1, 2000
		Print numbers in boxes.
		Month Day Year of birth

# Appendix E. Data Products and User Assistance

	Page
Census 2000 Data Products	E-1
Census 2000 Maps and Geographic Products	E-3
Reference Materials	E-4
Sources of Assistance	E-4

### **CENSUS 2000 DATA PRODUCTS**

The decennial census yields a wealth of data, which have virtually unlimited applications. A comprehensive data program offers census information on the Internet, in electronic media (CD-ROM/DVD), and in print. A complete list of Census 2000 data products, with their release status, is available at http://www.census.gov/population/www/censusdata/c2kproducts.html.

Detailed results of Census 2000 are contained in a series of five files called summary files. These can be accessed through the Internet and on CD-ROM or DVD. In addition, three series of reports derived from these files are available in print and in Portable Document Format (PDF) on the Internet.

### **Internet and CD-ROM/DVD Products**

Census 2000 data are available at several locations on the Census Burau's Web site. The Census 2000 Gateway page provides links to Census 2000 data, information, and reference materials. It is accessed from the Census Bureau's home page (www.census.gov) or at http://www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html. Links from the Gateway page include American FactFinder®; State and County QuickFacts; other prepared Census 2000 tables, including rankings and comparisons; reference materials; user updates; and Census in the Schools.

American Factfinder (factfinder.census.gov) is the most comprehensive source of Census 2000 data, providing all summary file tables for all levels of census geography. Quick tables (single geography tables) and geographic comparison tables (data for more than one geographic area) are also available on American FactFinder

Most Census 2000 tabulations are also available on CD-ROM and/or DVD. Viewing software is included on the DVDs and most CDs. These may be ordered by phone through the Census Bureau's Customer Services Center on 301-763-4636, or via e-commerce by selecting Catalog from the Census Bureau's home page. For more information on the products and ordering options, access the Census Catalog's product order form at https://catalog.mso.census.gov.

Census 2000 Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171) Summary File. The first Census 2000 data files released are the information required for local redistricting. The data include tabulations of 63 race categories, cross-tabulated by Hispanic or Latino and not Hispanic or Latino for the total population and the population 18 years old and over. These tabulations are presented for areas as small as blocks, census tracts, and voting districts. They are available through the Internet (American FactFinder) and as a CD-ROM series (state files). In American FactFinder (factfinder.census.gov), all redistricting data tables are available by selecting Data Sets on the FactFinder main page. FactFinder also has one quick table and one geographic comparison table based on this file.

**Summary File 1 (SF 1).** This file presents counts and basic cross-tabulations of information collected from all people and housing units. This information includes age, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino origin, household relationship, and whether the residence is owned or rented. Data are available down to the block level for many tabulations, but only to the census-tract level for others. Summaries are included for other geographic areas, such as ZIP Code® Tabulation Areas

(ZCTAs<sup>™</sup>) and Congressional Districts (106th Congress). There are individual state files and two national files in this series. The final national file provides the first available urban and rural data. The complete Summary File 1 is available on the Internet (American FactFinder) and on CD-ROM/DVD.

Additional tables derived from this summary file are also available on the Census Bureau's Internet site. These can be located through the Census 2000 Gateway page at http://www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html. Related products include a demographic profile that provides a snapshot of the geographic area, quick tables, geographic comparison tables, and two printed report series, Summary Population and Housing Characteristics (PHC-1) and Population and Housing Unit Counts (PHC-3).

**Summary File 2 (SF 2).** This file presents data similar to the information included in Summary File 1, but the tables in this file are iterated for a selected list of race and Hispanic or Latino categories and for American Indian and Alaska Native tribes. These data are shown down to the census tract level for up to 250 race and ethnic categories that meet a specified minimum population size threshold of 100 in a geographic area. The complete SF 2 is available on the Internet (American FactFinder) and on CD-ROM/DVD. American FactFinder also offers various quick tables and geographic comparison tables derived from SF 2.

**Summary File 3 (SF 3).** This file is the first release of the information collected on a sample basis. It includes data on income, educational attainment, poverty status, home value, and population totals for foreign born and ancestry groups. Data are provided down to the block group level for many tabulations but only down to the census tract for others. SF 3 also includes data by ZCTAs and Congressional Districts (106th Congress).

Data for each state and a national file are available on the American Factfinder and on CD-ROM/DVD. Related products include a three-page demographic profile available on the Internet, various quick tables and geographic comparison tables available through American Factfinder, and a printed report series, Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics (PHC-2).

**Summary File 4 (SF 4).** This file includes tabulations of the population and housing data collected from a sample of the population. Just as in Summary File 2, the tables in SF 4 are iterated for a selected list of race and Hispanic or Latino origin groups and for American Indian and Alaska Native tribes. Tables are also iterated for 86 ancestry groups. SF 4 is available on the Internet (American FactFinder) and on CD-ROM/DVD. American FactFinder also offers various quick tables and geographic comparison tables derived from Summary File 4.

**Microdata.** Microdata products allow users to prepare their own customized tabulations and cross tabulations of most population and housing subjects, using specially prepared microdata files. These files are the actual responses to census questionnaires, but with names or addresses removed and the geography sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality. Microdata are available on CD-ROM/DVD and may be available for query via the Internet.

*Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files.* There are two PUMS files: a 1-percent sample for developing tabulations for metropolitan areas and a 5-percent sample that provides tabulations for state and substate areas. Both files are available on CD-ROM/DVD.

Advanced Query Function. Tabulations can be prepared online using the full database of individual responses, subject to restrictions and filters required to protect the confidentiality of individual responses. The Internet availability of this function is subject to policy decisions on access and confidentiality.

### **Printed Reports and Profiles**

There are three series of printed reports with one report per state and a national summary volume. These reports are sold through the U.S. Government Printing Office. Much of the information in these series is available earlier in other data products. For release and ordering information, see the Census Catalog (https://catalog.mso.census.gov/).

Profiles and other data tables are generally available on the Internet. Printed copies of the profiles are offered as a print-on-demand product. Contact the Customer Services Center (301-763-4636) for pricing and availability.

**Summary Population and Housing Characteristics (PHC-1).** This publication series includes information on the 100-percent population and housing subjects. The data are available for the United States, regions, divisions, states, counties, county subdivisions, places, metropolitan areas, urbanized areas, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and Hawaiian home lands. This series is comparable to the 1990 CPH-1 report series, Summary Population and Housing Characteristics. The series is also available in PDF format on the Internet.

**Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics (PHC-2).** This publication series includes information on the sample population and housing subjects. Data are shown for the same geographic areas as Summary Population and Housing Characteristics (PHC-1) described above. This series is comparable to the 1990 CPH-5 report series, Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics. The series is available in PDF format on the Internet.

**Population and Housing Unit Counts (PHC-3).** This publication series includes population and housing unit counts for Census 2000 as well as the 1990 and earlier censuses. Information on area measurements and population density is included. This series includes one printed report for each state, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico plus a national report. The series is available in PDF format on the Internet.

**Profiles and Other Data Tables.** Demographic profiles, quick tables, and geographic comparison tables include predefined sets of data to meet the needs of the majority of data users. They are convenient and readily available sources when moderate subject and geographic detail is needed. Demographic profiles (PDF) are available on the Census Bureau's Web site. Demographic profiles as well as quick tables and geographic comparison tables are available through American FactFinder.

### **CENSUS 2000 MAPS AND GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS**

A variety of maps, boundary files, and other geographic products are available to help users locate and identify geographic areas. These products are available in various media, such as the Internet, CD-ROM, DVD, and, for maps, as print-on-demand products. A complete description of Census 2000 geographic products and resources is available at www.census.gov/geo/www/.

**TIGER/Line Files.** These files contain geographic boundaries and codes, streets, address ranges, and coordinates for use with commercially available geographic information systems (GIS) for mapping and other applications.

**Census Block Maps.** These maps show the boundaries, names, and codes for American Indian and Alaska Native areas and Hawaiian home lands, states, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, and census blocks. This map series is also produced by specified governmental units (e.g., American Indian/Alaska Native areas, Hawaiian home lands, counties, incorporated places, and functioning minor civil divisions).

**Census Tract Outline Maps.** These county maps provide the boundaries and numbers of census tracts and names of features underlying the boundaries. They also show the boundaries, names, and codes for American Indian/Alaska Native areas, counties, county subdivisions, and places.

**Reference Maps.** This series shows the boundaries for tabulation areas including states, counties, American Indian reservations, county subdivisions (minor civil divisions (MCDs)/census county divisions (CCDs)), incorporated places, and census designated places. This series includes the state and county subdivision outline maps, urbanized area maps, and metropolitan area maps. These maps vary in size from wall to page size.

**Generalized Boundary Files.** These files are designed for use in a geographic information system (GIS) or similar computer mapping software. Boundary files are available for most levels of census geography.

**Thematic Maps.** These colorful maps display Census 2000 data on such topics as population density and population distribution.

### **REFERENCE MATERIALS**

The reference materials for Census 2000 are available at the Census Bureau's Internet site (www.census.gov) or, in the case of CD-ROMs/DVD, files on the product itself.

**Census 2000 Gateway.** This page provides descriptions and links to Internet tables and reference materials relating to Census 2000. It is available at http://www.census.gov/main/ www/cen2000.html or by selecting the Census 2000 logo on the Census Bureau's home page (www.census.gov).

**Census Online Catalog.** Census 2000 data products, their availability, and their prices are described in the Catalog portion of the Web site. The catalog can be reached from the Census Bureau home page by selecting Catalog from the side bar or at https://catalog.mso.census.gov.

American FactFinder®. American FactFinder (AFF) is the system that presents comprehensive data from Census 2000 as well as other Census Bureau data programs via the Internet. Reference materials about the data, including subject and geographic glossaries, are available by selecting Data Sets in the subject bar along the left side of the AFF main page (factfinder.census,gov). It also can be reached from www.census.gov by selecting American FactFinder from either the Subjects A to Z side bar or by directly selecting the American FactFinder side bar. Both bars are located on the left side of the screen.

**Technical Documentation.** Technical documentation includes an abstract, a how-to-use chapter, the table layouts, the summary level sequence chart, the subject and geographic glossaries, accuracy of the data, and the data dictionary. CD-ROM and DVD products include the relevant technical documentation file on the disc. Technical documentation for files released on CD-ROM/DVD is also available on the Web site at http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/.

### **SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE**

**U.S. Census Bureau.** The Census Bureau's Customer Services Center sells the Census 2000 CD-ROM and DVD products. These can be ordered via e-commerce from the Census Catalog at https://catalog.mso.census.gov/ or by telephoning Customer Services at 301-763-4636.

The Census Bureau also has an active customer information program in each of its 12 regions. This program, called the Partnership and Data Services (PDS) program, provides information about Census Bureau statistics and offers training and assistance to data users. The Partnership and Data Services specialists in the Census Bureau's 12 Regional Offices answer thousands of questions each year. State coverage for each region as well as contact information is available at http://www.census.gov/contacts/www/c-regoff.html.

**Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO).** The GPO (www.gpo.gov) handles the sale of most of the federal government's publications, including Census 2000 reports. The GPO online bookstore is available at http://bookstore.gpo.gov/index.html. For the current information on ordering publications from GPO, see http://bookstore.gpo.gov/prf/ordinfo.html.

**State Data Centers.** The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to all states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. State Data Centers (SDCs), in turn, offer publications for reference, specially prepared reports, maps, other products, and assistance to data users. A component of the program is the Business

and Industry Data Center (BIDC) Program, which supports the business community by expanding SDC services to government, academic, and nonprofit organizations that directly serve businesses. For a list of SDC/BIDCs, including their services and their Web sites, access http://www.census.gov/sdc/www/.

**Census Information Centers.** The Census Information Center (CIC) program is a cooperative activity between the Census Bureau and national nonprofit organizations representing interests of racial and ethnic communities. The program objective is to make census information and data available to the participating organizations for analysis, policy planning, and for further dissemination through a network of regional and local affiliates. For a listing of the organizations and the contacts, access http://www.census.gov/clo/www/cic.html.

The Census Bureau's Customer Liaison Office administers both the SDC and CIC programs. For more information on programs of that office, access http://www.census.gov/clo/www/clo.html.

# Census 2000 Geographic Product Highlights



# Maps and Geographic Products

A variety of maps, boundary files, and other geographic products will be available to help users locate and identify geographic areas. These products will be available in various media, such as the Internet, CD-ROM, DVD, and, in the case of maps, as print-on-demand products.

## Census 2000 Block Maps

#### Paper available: 4th quarter 2001

#### PDF files available on Internet: 4th quarter 2001

The Census Bureau's block maps show the greatest detail and most complete set of geographic information. These large-scale maps depict the smallest geographic entities for which the Census Bureau presents data—the census blocks-by displaying the features that form block boundaries and the numbers that identify them. The intent of this map series is to produce a map for each governmental unit (e.g., American Indian areas/Alaska Native areas/Hawaiian home lands, county, place, and functioning minor civil division) on the smallest possible number of map sheets at the maximum practical scale. Lowest level of geography: Census Block. Media: DVD, Internet, CD-ROM (custom order only) and paper. [Formats: PDF; Size: 36"x 33"1

Census 2000 County Block Maps (Redistricting Product)

Paper, CD-ROM, and Internet: AVAILABLE NOW

DVD available: 1st quarter 2002

County Block Maps are essentially the same type of map as the Census 2000 Block Maps described above except that they are created for each county unit, and they have the voting district boundaries. The maps show the boundaries, names, and codes for

American Indian areas/Alaska Native areas/Hawaiian home lands, county divisions, places, voting districts, census tracts, block groups, and census blocks. Media: DVD, Internet, CD-ROM (custom order only) and paper. [Formats: PDF; Size: 36"x 33"]

Census 2000 TIGER/Line Files

# Internet and Custom CD-ROM: AVAILABLE NOW

This is the public version of the Census Bureau's TIGER database of geographic features for the United States and the U.S. Island Areas. The TIGER database is the source of all Census Bureau geographic products. The TIGER/Line® files include the January 1, Census 2000 governmental unit boundaries, Census 2000 statistical area boundaries, Census 2000 tabulation block numbers, feature updates from Census 2000 enumeration, address range enhancements, and ZIP Code Tabulation Areas (ZCTAs ). Available now on our Web site at www.census. gov/geo/www/tiger/index.html Media: Internet and custom order CD-ROM and DVD. [Format: ASCII]

Redistricting Census 2000 TIGER/Line® Files

# Internet, DVD, and CD-ROM: AVAILABLE NOW

www.census.gov/mp/www/dvd /msdvd3.html

The first release of the Census 2000 TIGER/Line® files is specifically intended to support the needs of the redistricting community. Because of the timing of this release, it does NOT include the ZIP Code Tabulation Areas (ZCTAs), nor all of the final Census 2000 address range information. The following areas are not included in this release: American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, U.S. Minor Outlying Islands (Midway) and the U.S. Virgin Islands. Media: DVD, Internet, and CD-ROM (custom order only). [Format: ASCII]

Census 2000 Census Tract Outline Maps

# Paper, CD-ROM, and Internet: AVAILABLE NOW

#### DVD available: 1st quarter 2002

These county maps show the boundaries and numbers of the 2000 census tracts and name the features underlying the boundaries. They also show the boundaries, names, and codes for American Indian areas/ Alaska Native areas/Hawaiian home lands, counties, county subdivisions, and places. In addition to county-based series, maps will be produced based on federally recognized American Indian Reservations. Media: DVD, Internet, CD-ROM (custom order only) and paper. [Formats: PDF and paper; Size: 36"x 33"]

Census 2000 Voting District/State Legislative District Outline Maps

### (P.L. 94-171 Redistricting Product)

#### Paper and Internet: AVAILABLE NOW

# CD and DVD available: 1st quarter 2002

These county-based maps show the boundaries and codes for Voting Districts as delineated by the participating states in Phase 2, Voting District Project, of the Redistricting Data Program; the features underlying these boundaries; and the names of these features. Additionally, for states that submitted the information, these maps show the boundaries and codes for state legislative districts and their underlying features. These maps also show the boundaries and names of American Indian areas/Alaska Native areas/Hawaiian home lands, counties, county subdivisions, and places. The maps are available only for those states and counties where information was provided under the Voting District Project. Media: DVD, Internet, CD-ROM (custom order only) and paper. [Formats: PDF; Size: 36"x 33"]

Proposed product content and release dates subject to change.

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U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration U.S. CENSUS BUREAU Issued January 2002

# Census 2000 Geographic Product Highlights

Census 2000

**Reference Maps** 3rd quarter 2001-2003

- State/County Subdivision Maps
- State/County Outline Maps
- Counties of the United States Wall Map
- State-Based Metropolitan Areas Maps (Page-size)
- Metropolitan Areas Wall Map
- (Public Use Microdata Area) (PUMA) Outline Maps
- Individual Urbanized Area (UA) Outline Maps
- 108th Congressional District Wall Maps
- 108th Congressional District Atlas
- Urbanized Areas of the United States
- Individual 108th Congressional District Wall Map
- New (ZIP Code Tabulation Area) (ZCTA) Outline Maps

# **Statistical Thematic Maps** beginning 3rd quarter 2001

- "Night Time" Population
   Distribution Map available now at www.census.gov/geo/www/mapGallery/index.html
- Population Density in the United States Maps
- Race and Ethnicity Population Density of the United States Maps

 Center of Population of the United States available online at www.census.gov/geo/www/cenpop/ cntpop2k.html

(Additional map topics are likely.)

### Other Digital Products Cartographic Boundary Files

These are generalized boundary files appropriate for small scale thematic mapping. The files are available for most levels of census geography, starting with the census block group that includes New England County Metropolitan Areas (NECMA), and ZCTA boundary files. Media: Internet [Formats: ARC/INFO Export (.e00), Arcview Shapefile (.shp), and ARC/INFO ungenerate (ASCII)] Additional boundary files will be released 2002-2003 (ex. PUMA, UAS).

The following boundary files are already available for free download from the Cartographic Boundary File Web page www.census.gov/geo/www/cob/

Redistricting Census 2000 Boundary File Set — region, division, state, county and county equivalents, county subdivision, census tract, block group, American Indian/Alaska Native area/ Hawaiian home land (AlANA/HHL), Place, consolidated city, voting districts, State Legislative Districts 1990 Boundary File Set — state, county and county equivalents, census tract, block group, urbanized area.

Boundary files for geographic entities redefined between censuses Places (('90,'99,'99), Metropolitan Areas ('90,'96,'98,'99), Congressional Districts (103rd,104th,105th,106th,107th)

### Census Block Relationship Files

#### Internet: AVAILABLE NOW

### DVD available: 1st quarter 2002

New Product Block Relationship Files compare 1990 to 2000 blocks. Lowest level of geography: census block. Media: Internet. www.census.gov/geo/www/tiger

# Census Tract Relationship Files

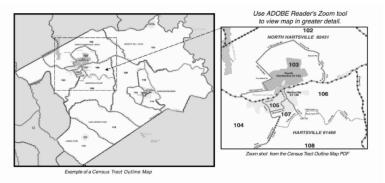
#### Internet: AVAILABLE NOW

### DVD available: 1st quarter 2002

(formerly called Comparability files) Compare 1990 to 2000 tracts. Lowest level of geography: census tract Media: Internet. www.census.gov/geo/ www/tiger

#### For more information about Census 2000 and Census 2000 Data Products:

- Visit the Census Bureau 's Internet site at www.census.gov or call our Customer Services Center at 301-763-INFO (4636).
- Visit your local library. Many major university and public libraries participate in the Federal Depository Library Program and receive copies of Census Bureau reports, DVDs, and CD-ROMs.
- Call or visit one of 2,000 state, tribal, minority serving institutions, local planning groups, libraries, chambers of commerce, and others that participate in a Census Bureau data dissemination program.For general program information,see: http://www.census.gov/clo/www/ clo html
- Call or visit a Census Bureau Regional Office. For the address and phone number of the regional office nearest you, visit: http://www.census.gov/field/www/.



Proposed product content and release dates subject to change

# Appendix F. Maps

### **CONTENTS**

	Page
Introduction	F-1
Map Descriptions	F-1
Census 2000 Super-Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA) Map Sample	F-2
Census 2000 Public Use microdata Area (PUMA) Map Sample	F-3

### INTRODUCTION

There are two map series that support Census 2000 Public use Microdata Samples (PUMS) data; the 1-percent Census 2000 Super-Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA) maps and the 5-percent Census 2000 Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA) maps. These page size maps will be in Adobe's Portable Document Format (PDF) on the product CD-ROM and also online through the Census Bureau's American FactFinder.

### MAP DESCRIPTIONS

### Census 2000 Super-Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA) Maps

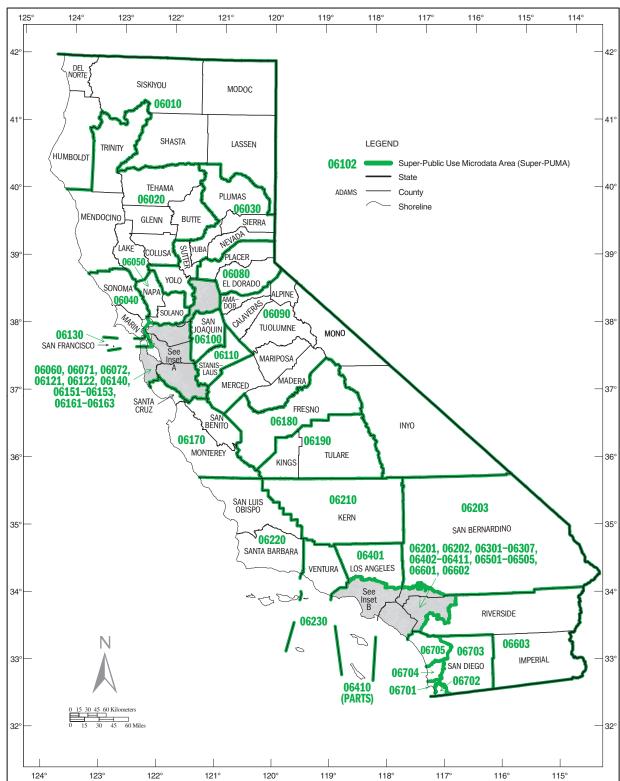
Super-PUMAs (1-percent sample) comprise areas of at least 400,000 people and are aggregations of the smaller 5-percent Public Use Microdata Areas. These page size state-based maps depict Super-PUMA boundaries and codes, state boundaries, and county boundaries and names. (See Figure F-1.) Inset maps are used when the Super-PUMA boundaries and codes cannot be displayed clearly on the page size state-bsed map. In that case, the area to be inset is shaded on the state map and the Super-PUMA detail is suppressed to avoid confusion. The corresponding inset area map containing the associated Super-PUMA detail is displayed either on the same page with the state-based map or on a separate, succeeding page.

## Census 2000 Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA) Maps

These page-size Super-PUMA based maps display the boundaries and codes of the component 5-percent sample Public Use Microdata Areas (PUMAs) within the Super-PUMA. Additionally, the maps show county boundaries and names along with census tract boundaries within the boundary of the subject Super-PUMA. Some surrounding fringe area is included as a shaded gray area for orientation purposes. This fringe area includes international, state and county boundaries and names, as well as the neighboring Super-PUMA boundaries and codes. No census tract boundary information is shown in the fringe area of the map. (See Figure F-2.)

Maps F-1

Figure F-1. Census 2000 Super-Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA) Map

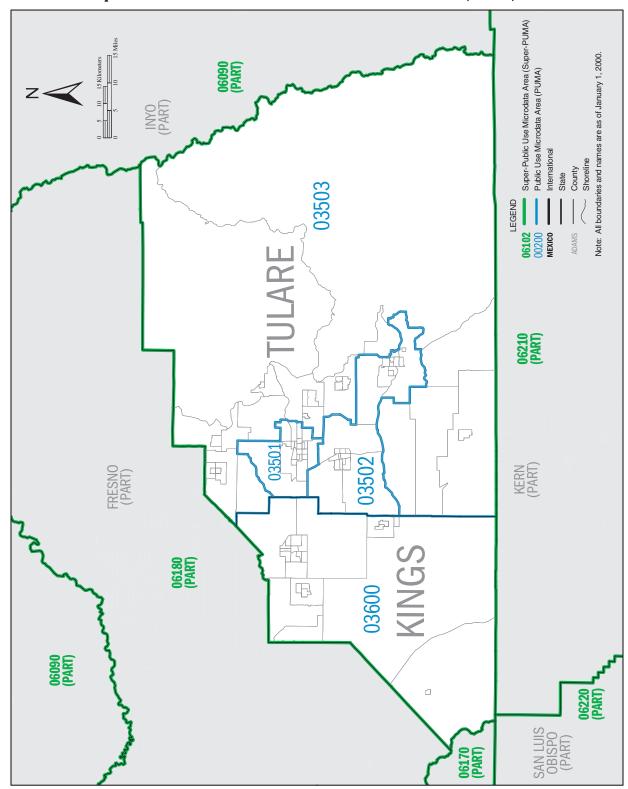


# CALIFORNIA - Census 2000 Super-Public Use Microdata Areas (Super-PUMAs)

Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

California 1

Figure F-2. Census 2000 Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA) Map



# CALIFORNIA Super-PUMA 06190: Census 2000 Public Use Microdata Areas (PUMAs)

Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

Maps F-3

# Appendix G. Code Lists

	Page
(1-Percent)	
Ancestry	G-2
Group Quarters	G-17
Hispanic or Latino Origin	G-22
Industry	G-24
Language	G-36
Occupation	
Race	G-69
State and Foreign Country	G-110
One-to-One Correspondence of Census 2000 Codes and North American Industry	
Classification System (NAICS) Equivalent Codes	G-119
One-to-One Correspondence of Census 2000 Codes and SOC Equivalent Codes (Sorted by	
Census 2000 Codes)	G-126
(5-Percent)	
Ancestry Code List for the 5-Percent PUMS Files	G-139
Group Quarters (see 1-percent list on page G-17)	
Hispanic or Latino Origin (see 1-percent list on page G-22)	
Industry (see 1-percent list on page G-24)	
Language Code List for the 5-Percent PUMS	G-160
Migration Code List for the 5-Percent PUMS Files	
Occupation Code List for the 5-Percent PUMS Files	G-177
Place of Birth Code List for the 5-Percent PUMS Files	G-197
Place of Work Code List for the 5-Percent PUMS Files	G-205
Race (see 1-percent list on page G-69)	

Code Lists G-1

# **ANCESTRY CODE LIST**

Codes	Ancestry
001-099	WESTERN EUROPE (EXCEPT SPAIN)
001	ALSATIAN
002	ANDORRAN
003	AUSTRIAN
004	TIROL
005	BASQUE
006	FRENCH BASQUE
007	SPANISH BASQUE
800	BELGIAN
009	FLEMISH
010	WALLOON
011	BRITISH
012	BRITISH ISLES
013	CHANNEL ISLANDER
014	GIBRALTAR
015	CORNISH
016	CORSICAN
017	CYPRIOT
018	GREEK CYPRIOTE
019	TURKISH CYPRIOTE
020	DANISH
021	DUTCH
022	ENGLISH
023	FAEROE ISLANDER
024	FINNISH
025	KARELIAN
026	FRENCH
027	LORRAINE
028	BRETON
029	FRISIAN
030	FRIULIAN

G–2 Code Lists

Codes	Ancestry
031	LADIN
032	GERMAN
033	BAVARIA
034	BERLIN
035	HAMBURG
036	HANNOVER
037	HESSIAN
038	LUBECKER
039	POMERANIAN
	PRUSSIAN
041	SAXON
042	SUDETENLANDER
043	WESTPHALIAN
044	EAST GERMAN
045	WEST GERMAN
046	GREEK
047	CRETAN
048	CYCLADES
049	ICELANDER
050	IRISH
051	ITALIAN
052	TRIESTE
053	ABRUZZI
054	APULIAN
055	BASILICATA
056	CALABRIAN
057	AMALFIN
058	EMILIA ROMAGNA
059	ROME
060	LIGURIAN
061	LOMBARDIAN
062	MARCHE
063	MOLISE
064	NEAPOLITAN
065	PIEDMONTESE
066	PUGLIA
067	SARDINIAN
068	SICILIAN
069	TUSCANY
070	TRENTINO
071	UMBRIAN
072	VALLE DAOST
073	VENETIAN
074	SAN MARINO
075	LAPP
076	LIECHTENSTEINER
077	LUXEMBURGER
078	MALTESE
079	MANX
080	MONEGASQUE
081	NORTH IRISH

Code Lists G–3

Codes	Ancestry
082	NORWEGIAN
083	OCCITAN
084	PORTUGUESE
085	AZORES ISLANDER
086	MADEIRA ISLANDER
087	SCOTCH IRISH
088	SCOTTISH
089	SWEDISH
090	ALAND ISLANDER
091	SWISS
092	SUISSE
093	SWITZER
094	NOT USED
095	ROMANSCH
096	SUISSE ROMANE
097	WELSH
098	SCANDINAVIAN
099	CELTIC
100-180	EASTERN EUROPE AND SOVIET UNION
100	ALBANIAN
101	AZERBAIJANI
102	BELORUSSIAN
103	BULGARIAN
104	CARPATHO RUSYN
105	CARPATHIAN
106	RUSYN
107	RUTHENIAN
108	COSSACK
109	CROATIAN
110	NOT USED
111	CZECH
112	BOHEMIAN
113	MORAVIAN
114	CZECHOSLOVAKIAN
115	ESTONIAN
116	LIVONIAN
117	FINNO UGRIAN
118	MORDOVIAN
119	VOYTAK
120	GRUZIIA
121	NOT USED
122	GERMAN FROM RUSSIA
123	VOLGA
124	ROM
125	HUNGARIAN
126	MAGYAR
127	KALMYK
128	LATVIAN
129	LITHUANIAN
130	MACEDONIAN
131	MONTENEGRIN

G–4 Code Lists

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

Codes	Ancestry
132	NORTH CAUCASIAN
133	NORTH CAUCASIAN TURKIC
134-139	NOT USED
140	OSSETIAN
141	NOT USED
142	POLISH
143	KASHUBIAN
144	ROMANIAN
145	BESSARABIAN
146	MOLDAVIAN
147	WALLACHIAN
148	RUSSIAN
149	NOT USED
150	MUSCOVITE
151	NOT USED
152	SERBIAN
153	SLOVAK
_	SLOVENE
	SORBIAN/WEND
	SOVIET TURKIC
157	BASHKIR
158	CHUVASH
159	GAGAUZ
160	MESKNETIAN
161	TUVINIAN
162	NOT USED
163	YAKUT
164	SOVIET UNION
165	TATAR
166	NOT USED
167	SOVIET CENTRAL ASIA TURKESTANI
168 169	UZBEG
170	GEORGIA CIS
170	UKRAINIAN
171	LEMKO
173	BIOKO
174	HUSEL
175	WINDISH
176	YUGOSLAVIAN
177	HERZEGOVINIAN
178	SLAVIC
179	SLAVONIAN
180	TAJIK
101 100	EUDODE N.E.C
<b>181-199</b> 181	EUROPE, N.E.C. CENTRAL EUROPEAN
182	NOT USED
183	NORTHERN EUROPEAN
184	NOT USED
185	SOUTHERN EUROPEAN
186	NOT USED
. 00	

Codes	Ancestry
187	WESTERN EUROPEAN
188-189	NOT USED
190	EASTERN EUROPEAN
191	BUKOVINA
192	NOT USED
193	SILESIAN
194	NOT USED
195	EUROPEAN
196	GALICIAN
197-199	NOT USED
200-299	HISPANIC CATEGORIES (INCLUDING SPAIN)
200	SPANIARD
201	ANDALUSIAN
202	ASTURIAN
203	CASTILLIAN
204	CATALONIAN
205	BALEARIC ISLANDER
206	GALLEGO
207	VALENCIAN
208	CANARY ISLANDER
209	NOT USED
210	MEXICAN
211	MEXICAN AMERICAN
212	MEXICANO
213	CHICANO
214	LA RAZA
215	MEXICAN AMERICAN INDIAN
216-217	NOT USED
218	MEXICAN STATE
219-220	NOT USED
221	COSTA RICAN
222	GUATEMALAN
223	HONDURAN
224	NICARAGUAN
225	PANAMANIAN
226	SALVADORAN
227	CENTRAL AMERICAN
228	NOT USED
229	CANAL ZONE
230	NOT USED
231	ARGENTINEAN
232	BOLIVIAN
233	CHILEAN
234	COLOMBIAN
235	ECUADORIAN
236	PARAGUAYAN
237	PERUVIAN
238	URUGUAYAN
239	VENEZUELAN
240-247	NOT USED
248	CRIOLLO

G–6 Code Lists

Codes	Ancestry
249	SOUTH AMERICAN
250	LATIN AMERICAN
251	LATIN
252	LATINO
253-260	NOT USED
261	PUERTO RICAN
262-270	NOT USED
271	CUBAN
272-274	NOT USED
275	DOMINICAN
276-289	NOT USED
290	HISPANIC
291	SPANISH
292	CALIFORNIO
293	TEJANO
294	NUEVO MEXICANO
295	SPANISH AMERICAN
296-299	NOT USED
300-359	WEST INDIES (EXCEPT HISPANIC)
300	BAHAMIAN
301	BARBADIAN
302	BELIZEAN
303	BERMUDAN
304	CAYMAN ISLANDER
	NOT USED
308	JAMAICAN
309	NOT USED
310	DUTCH WEST INDIES
311 312	ARUBA ISLANDER ST MAARTEN ISLANDER
313	NOT USED
314	TRINIDADIAN TOBAGONIAN
315	TRINIDADIAN
316	TOBAGONIAN
317	U S VIRGIN ISLANDER
318	ST CROIX ISLANDER
319	ST JOHN ISLANDER
320	ST THOMAS ISLANDER
321	BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDER
322	BRITISH WEST INDIES
323	TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDER
324	ANGUILLA ISLANDER
325	ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA
326	MONTSERRAT ISLANDER
327	KITTS/NEVIS ISLANDER
328	DOMINICA ISLANDER
329	GRENADIAN
330	VINCENT-GRENADINE ISLANDER
331	ST LUCIA ISLANDER
332	FRENCH WEST INDIES
333	GUADELOUPE ISLANDER

Codes	Ancestry
334	CAYENNE
335	WEST INDIAN
336	HAITIAN
337-359	NOT USED
360-399	CENTRAL & SOUTH AMERICA (EXCEPT HISPANIC)
360	BRAZILIAN
361-364	NOT USED
365	SAN ANDRES
366-369	NOT USED
370 371-374	GUYANESE NOT USED
375	PROVIDENCIA
376-379	NOT USED
380	SURINAM
381-399	NOT USED
400-499	NORTH AFRICA AND SOUTHWEST ASIA
400-499	ALGERIAN
401	NOT USED
402	EGYPTIAN
403	NOT USED
404	LIBYAN
405	NOT USED
406	MOROCCAN
407	IFNI
408	TUNISIAN
409-410	NOT USED
411	NORTH AFRICAN
412	ALHUCEMAS
413 414	BERBER RIO DE ORO
415	BAHRAINI
416	IRANIAN
417	IRAQI
418	NOT USED
419	ISRAELI
420	NOT USED
421	JORDANIAN
422	TRANSJORDAN
423	KUWAITI
424	NOT USED
425	LEBANESE
426	NOT USED
427 428	SAUDI ARABIAN NOT USED
429	SYRIAN
430	NOT USED
431	ARMENIAN
432-433	NOT USED
434	TURKISH
435	YEMENI

G–8 Code Lists

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Codes	Ancestry
436	OMANI
437	MUSCAT
438	TRUCIAL STATES
439	QATAR
440	NOT USED
441	BEDOUIN
442	KURDISH
–	
443	NOT USED
444	KURIA MURIA ISLANDER
445-464	NOT USED
465	PALESTINIAN
466	GAZA STRIP
467	WEST BANK
468-469	NOT USED
470	SOUTH YEMEN
471	ADEN
472-479	NOT USED
480	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES
481	NOT USED
482	ASSYRIAN/CHALDEAN/SYRIAC
483	ASSYRIAN
484	CHALDEAN
485	SYRIAC
486-489	NOT USED
490	MIDEAST
491-494	NOT USED
495	ARAB
496	ARABIC
497-499	NOT USED
500-599	SUBSAHARAN AFRICA
500	ANGOLAN
501	NOT USED
502	BENIN
503	NOT USED
504	BOTSWANA
505	NOT USED
506	BURUNDIAN
507	NOT USED
508	CAMEROON
509	NOT USED
510	CAPE VERDEAN
511	NOT USED
512	CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC
513	CHADIAN
514	NOT USED
515	
	CONGOLESE
516	CONGO BRAZZAVILLE
517-518	NOT USED
519	DJIBOUTI
520	EQUATORIAL GUINEA
521	CORSICO ISLANDER

Codes	Ancestry
522	ETHIOPIAN
523	ERITREAN
524	NOT USED
525	GABONESE
526	NOT USED
527	GAMBIAN
528	NOT USED
529	GHANIAN
530	GUINEAN
531	GUINEA BISSAU
	IVORY COAST
	NOT USED
	KENYAN
535-537	NOT USED
	LESOTHO
539-540	NOT USED
	LIBERIAN
542	NOT USED
	MADAGASCAN
	NOT USED
545	MALAWIAN
546	MALIAN
547	—
548	MAURITANIAN NOT USED
549	MOZAMBICAN
550	
550 551	NAMIBIAN
	NIGER
552 553	NOT USED
	NIGERIAN
555	FULANI
556	HAUSA
	IBO TIV
558	YORUBA
559-560 561	NOT USED
562-563	RWANDAN NOT USED
564	SENEGALESE
565	NOT USED
566	SIERRA LEONEAN
567	NOT USED
568	SOMALIAN
569	SWAZILAND
570	SOUTH AFRICAN
571	UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA
572	AFRIKANER
573	
573 574	NATALIAN ZULU
575	NOT USED
576	SUDANESE
577	DINKA
J 1 1	

G-10 Code Lists

578         NUER           579         FUR           580         BAGGARA           581         NOT USED           582         TANZANIAN           583         TANGANYIKAN           584         ZANZIBAR ISLANDER           585         NOT USED           586         TOGO           587         NOT USED           588         UGANDAN           589         UPPER VOLTAN           590         VOLTA           591         ZAIRIAN           592         ZAMBIAN           593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN <t< th=""><th>Codes</th><th>Ancestry</th></t<>	Codes	Ancestry
580         BAGGARA           581         NOT USED           582         TANZANIAN           583         TANGANYIKAN           584         ZANZIBAR ISLANDER           585         NOT USED           586         TOGO           587         NOT USED           588         UGANDAN           589         UPPER VOLTAN           590         VOLTA           591         ZAIRIAN           592         ZAMBIAN           593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFCHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR	578	NUER
581         NOT USED           582         TANZANIAN           583         TANCANYIKAN           584         ZANZIBAR ISLANDER           585         NOT USED           586         TOGO           587         NOT USED           588         UGANDAN           589         UPPER VOLTAN           590         VOLTA           591         ZAIRIAN           592         ZAMBIAN           593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         AFRICAN           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED	579	FUR
582         TANZANIAN           583         TANGANYIKAN           584         ZANZIBAR ISLANDER           585         NOT USED           586         TOGO           587         NOT USED           588         UGANDAN           589         UPPER VOLTAN           590         VOLTA           591         ZAIRIAN           592         ZAMBIAN           593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN <th>580</th> <td>BAGGARA</td>	580	BAGGARA
583         TANGANYIKAN           584         ZANZIBAR ISLANDER           585         NOT USED           586         TOGO           587         NOT USED           588         UGANDAN           589         UPPER VOLTAN           590         VOLTA           591         ZAIRIAN           592         ZAMBIAN           593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           618         BENGALI	581	NOT USED
584         ZANZIBAR ISLANDER           585         NOT USED           586         TOGO           587         NOT USED           588         UGANDAN           589         UPPER VOLTAN           590         VOLTA           591         ZAIRIAN           592         ZAMBIAN           593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           610         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER	582	TANZANIAN
584         ZANZIBAR ISLANDER           585         NOT USED           586         TOGO           587         NOT USED           588         UGANDAN           589         UPPER VOLTAN           590         VOLTA           591         ZAIRIAN           592         ZAMBIAN           593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           610         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER	583	TANGANYIKAN
585         NOT USED           586         TOGO           587         NOT USED           588         UGANDAN           589         UPPER VOLTAN           590         VOLTA           591         ZAIRIAN           592         ZAMBIAN           593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER		ZANZIBAR ISLANDER
586         TOGO           587         NOT USED           588         UGANDAN           589         UPPER VOLTAN           590         VOLTA           591         ZAIRIAN           592         ZAMBIAN           593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           609         NEPALI           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER		
587         NOT USED           588         UGANDAN           589         UPPER VOLTAN           590         VOLTA           591         ZAIRIAN           592         ZAMBIAN           593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           609         NEPALI           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           618         BENGALI           619         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED </td <th></th> <td></td>		
588         UGANDAN           589         UPPER VOLTAN           590         VOLTA           591         ZAIRIAN           592         ZAMBIAN           593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           609         NEPALI           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           618         BENGALI           619         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER <th></th> <td></td>		
589         UPPER VOLTAN           590         VOLTA           591         ZAIRIAN           592         ZAMBIAN           593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           609         NEPALI           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           618         BENGALI           619         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER           623         NOT USED           624         ANDHRA PRADESH <th></th> <td></td>		
590         VOLTA           591         ZAIRIAN           592         ZAMBIAN           593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           609         NEPALI           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER           623         NOT USED           624         ANDHRA PRADESH           625         NOT USED           626         ASSAMESE		
591         ZAIRIAN           592         ZAMBIAN           593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           609         NEPALI           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER           623         NOT USED           624         ANDHRA PRADESH           625         NOT USED           626         ASSAMESE           627         NOT U		
592         ZAMBIAN           593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           609         NEPALI           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           618         BENGALI           619         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER           623         NOT USED           624         ANDHRA PRADESH           625         NOT USED           626         ASSAMESE           627         NOT USED <th></th> <td></td>		
593         ZIMBABWEAN           594         AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)           595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           609         NEPALI           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           618         BENGALI           619         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER           623         NOT USED           624         ANDHRA PRADESH           625         NOT USED           626         ASSAMESE           627         NOT		
AFRICAN ISLANDS (EXCEPT MADAGASCAR)  MAURITIAN  CENTRAL AFRICAN  EASTERN A		
595         MAURITIAN           596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           609         NEPALI           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           618         BENGALI           619         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER           623         NOT USED           624         ANDHRA PRADESH           625         NOT USED           626         ASSAMESE           627         NOT USED           628         GOANESE           629         NOT USED		
596         CENTRAL AFRICAN           597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           609         NEPALI           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           618         BENGALI           619         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER           623         NOT USED           624         ANDHRA PRADESH           625         NOT USED           626         ASSAMESE           627         NOT USED           628         GOANESE           629         NOT USED           630         GUJARATI		·
597         EASTERN AFRICAN           598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           609         NEPALI           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           618         BENGALI           619         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER           623         NOT USED           624         ANDHRA PRADESH           625         NOT USED           626         ASSAMESE           627         NOT USED           628         GOANESE           629         NOT USED           630         GUJARATI           631         NOT USED           <		
598         WESTERN AFRICAN           599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           609         NEPALI           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           618         BENGALI           619         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER           623         NOT USED           624         ANDHRA PRADESH           625         NOT USED           626         ASSAMESE           627         NOT USED           628         GOANESE           629         NOT USED           630         GUJARATI           631         NOT USED           632         KARNATAKAN		
599         AFRICAN           600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           609         NEPALI           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           618         BENGALI           619         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER           623         NOT USED           624         ANDHRA PRADESH           625         NOT USED           626         ASSAMESE           627         NOT USED           628         GOANESE           629         NOT USED           630         GUJARATI           631         NOT USED           632         KARNATAKAN		
600-699         SOUTH ASIA           600         AFGHAN           601         BALUCHISTAN           602         PATHAN           603         BANGLADESHI           604-606         NOT USED           607         BHUTANESE           608         NOT USED           609         NEPALI           610-614         NOT USED           615         ASIAN INDIAN           616         KASHMIR           617         NOT USED           618         BENGALI           619         NOT USED           620         EAST INDIAN           621         NOT USED           622         ANDAMAN ISLANDER           623         NOT USED           624         ANDHRA PRADESH           625         NOT USED           626         ASSAMESE           627         NOT USED           628         GOANESE           629         NOT USED           630         GUJARATI           631         NOT USED           632         KARNATAKAN		
600 AFGHAN 601 BALUCHISTAN 602 PATHAN 603 BANGLADESHI 604-606 NOT USED 607 BHUTANESE 608 NOT USED 609 NEPALI 610-614 NOT USED 615 ASIAN INDIAN 616 KASHMIR 617 NOT USED 618 BENGALI 619 NOT USED 620 EAST INDIAN 621 NOT USED 622 ANDAMAN ISLANDER 623 NOT USED 624 ANDHRA PRADESH 625 NOT USED 626 ASSAMESE 627 NOT USED 628 GOANESE 629 NOT USED 630 GUJARATI 631 NOT USED		
601       BALUCHISTAN         602       PATHAN         603       BANGLADESHI         604-606       NOT USED         607       BHUTANESE         608       NOT USED         609       NEPALI         610-614       NOT USED         615       ASIAN INDIAN         616       KASHMIR         617       NOT USED         618       BENGALI         619       NOT USED         620       EAST INDIAN         621       NOT USED         622       ANDAMAN ISLANDER         623       NOT USED         624       ANDHRA PRADESH         625       NOT USED         626       ASSAMESE         627       NOT USED         628       GOANESE         629       NOT USED         630       GUJARATI         631       NOT USED         632       KARNATAKAN		
602       PATHAN         603       BANGLADESHI         604-606       NOT USED         607       BHUTANESE         608       NOT USED         609       NEPALI         610-614       NOT USED         615       ASIAN INDIAN         616       KASHMIR         617       NOT USED         618       BENGALI         619       NOT USED         620       EAST INDIAN         621       NOT USED         622       ANDAMAN ISLANDER         623       NOT USED         624       ANDHRA PRADESH         625       NOT USED         626       ASSAMESE         627       NOT USED         628       GOANESE         629       NOT USED         630       GUJARATI         631       NOT USED         632       KARNATAKAN		
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ANDHRA PRADESH NOT USED ASSAMESE NOT USED CONTROL ASSAMESE ASSAMES		
625 NOT USED 626 ASSAMESE 627 NOT USED 628 GOANESE 629 NOT USED 630 GUJARATI 631 NOT USED 632 KARNATAKAN		
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627 NOT USED 628 GOANESE 629 NOT USED 630 GUJARATI 631 NOT USED 632 KARNATAKAN		
GOANESE  OUT USED		
629 NOT USED 630 GUJARATI 631 NOT USED 632 KARNATAKAN		
630 GUJARATI 631 NOT USED 632 KARNATAKAN		
631 NOT USED 632 KARNATAKAN		
632 KARNATAKAN		
NOT USED		
	633	NOTUSED

Codes	Ancestry
634	KERALAN
635	NOT USED
636	MADHYA PRADESH
637	NOT USED
638	MAHARASHTRAN
639	NOT USED
640	MADRAS
641	NOT USED
642	MYSORE
643	NOT USED
644	NAGALAND
645	NOT USED
646	ORISSA
647	NOT USED
648	PONDICHERRY
649	NOT USED
	PUNJAB
651	NOT USED
652	RAJASTHAN
653	NOT USED
654	SIKKIM
655	NOT USED
656	TAMIL NADU
657	NOT USED
658	UTTAR PRADESH
659-674	NOT USED
675	EAST INDIES
676-679	NOT USED
680	PAKISTANI
681-689	NOT USED
690	SRI LANKAN
691	SINGHALESE
692	VEDDAH
	NOT USED
695	MALDIVIAN
696-699	NOT USED
700-799	OTHER ASIA
700	BURMESE
701	NOT USED
702	SHAN
703	CAMBODIAN
704	KHMER
705	NOT USED
706	CHINESE
707	CANTONESE
708	MANCHURIAN
709	MANDARIN
710-711	NOT USED
712	MONGOLIAN
713	NOT USED
714	TIBETAN

G–12 Code Lists

Codes	Ancestry
715	NOT USED
716	HONG KONG
717	NOT USED
718	MACAO
719	NOT USED
720	FILIPINO
721-729	NOT USED
730	INDONESIAN
731	NOT USED
732	BORNEO
	NOT USED
734	JAVA
735	NOT USED
736	SUMATRA
737-739	NOT USED
740	JAPANESE
741	ISSEI
742	NISEI
743	SANSEI
744	YONSEI
745	GONSEI
746	RYUKYU ISLANDER
747	NOT USED
748	OKINAWAN
749	NOT USED
750	KOREAN
751-764	NOT USED
765	LAOTIAN
766	MEO
767	NOT USED
768	HMONG
769	NOT USED
770	MALAYSIAN
771	NORTH BORNEO
772-773	NOT USED
774	SINGAPOREAN
775	NOT USED
776	THAI
777	BLACK THAI
778	WESTERN LAO
779-781	NOT USED
782	TAIWANESE
783	FORMOSAN
784	NOT USED
785	VIETNAMESE
786	KATU
787	MA
788	MNONG
789	NOT USED
790	MONTAGNARD
791	NOT USED

Codes	Ancestry
792	INDO CHINESE
793	EURASIAN
794	AMERASIAN
795	ASIAN
796-799	NOT USED
800-899	PACIFIC
800	AUSTRALIAN
801	TASMANIAN
802	<b>AUSTRALIAN ABORIGINE</b>
803	NEW ZEALANDER
804-807	NOT USED
808	POLYNESIAN
809	KAPINGAMARANGAN
810	MAORI
811	HAWAIIAN
812	NOT USED
813	PART HAWAIIAN
814	SAMOAN
815	TONGAN
816	TOKELAUAN
817	COOK ISLANDER
818	TAHITIAN
	NIUEAN
	MICRONESIAN
821	GUAMANIAN
822	CHAMORRO ISLANDER
823	SAIPANESE
824	PALAUAN
	MARSHALLESE
	KOSRAEAN
_	PONAPEAN
828	TRUKESE (CHUUKESE)
829	YAPESE
	CAROLINIAN
831	KIRIBATESE
832	NAURUAN
833	TARAWA ISLANDER
834	TINIAN ISLANDER
	NOT USED
840	MELANESIAN
841 842	FIJIAN NOT USED
843	NEW GUINEAN
844	PAPUAN
845	SOLOMON ISLANDER
846	NEW CALEDONIAN
847	VANUATUAN
848-849	NOT USED
850	PACIFIC ISLANDER
851-859	NOT USED
860	PACIFIC
000	TACIFIC

G–14 Code Lists

C-d	A
Codes	Ancestry
861	NOT USED
862	CHAMOLINIAN
863-899	NOT USED
900-994	NORTH AMERICA (EXCEPT HISPANIC)
900	AFRICAN AMERICAN
901	AFRO
902	AFRICAN AMERICAN
903	BLACK
904	NEGRO
905	NONWHITE
906	COLORED
907	CREOLE
908	MULATTO
909-912	NOT USED
913	CENTRAL AMERICAN INDIAN
914	SOUTH AMERICAN INDIAN
915-916	NOT USED
917	NATIVE AMERICAN
918	INDIAN
919	CHEROKEE
920	AMERICAN INDIAN
921	ALEUT
922	ESKIMO
923	INUIT
924	WHITE
925	ANGLO
926	NOT USED
927	APPALACHIAN
928	ARYAN
929	PENNSYLVANIA GERMAN
930	GREENLANDER
931	CANADIAN
932	NOT USED
933	NEWFOUNDLAND
934	NOVA SCOTIA
935	FRENCH CANADIAN
936	ACADIAN
937	CAJUN
938	NOT USED
939	AMERICAN
940	UNITED STATES
941	ALABAMA
942	ALASKA
943	ARIZONA
944	ARKANSAS
945	CALIFORNIA
946	COLORADO
947	CONNECTICUT
948	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
949	DELAWARE
950	FLORIDA

Codes	Ancestry
951	IDAHO
952	ILLINOIS
953	INDIANA
954	IOWA
955	KANSAS
956	KENTUCKY
957	LOUISIANA
958	MAINE
959	MARYLAND
960	MASSACHUSETTS
961	MICHIGAN
962	MINNESOTA
963	MISSISSIPPI
964	MISSOURI
965	MONTANA
966	NEBRASKA
967	NEVADA
968	NEW HAMPSHIRE
969	NEW JERSEY
970	NEW MEXICO
971	NEW YORK
972	NORTH CAROLINA
973	NORTH DAKOTA
974	OHIO
975	NOT USED
976	OKLAHOMA
977	OREGON
978	PENNSYLVANIA
979	RHODE ISLAND
980	SOUTH CAROLINA
981	SOUTH DAKOTA
982	TENNESSEE
983	TEXAS
984	UTAH
985	VERMONT
986	VIRGINIA
987	WASHINGTON
988	WEST VIRGINIA
989	WISCONSIN
990	WYOMING
991	GEORGIA
992	NOT USED
993	SOUTHERNER
994	NORTH AMERICAN
995-999	RESIDUAL AND NO RESPONSE
995	MIXTURE
996	UNCODABLE ENTRIES
997	NOT USED
998	OTHER RESPONSES
999	NOT REPORTED

G–16 Code Lists

# **GROUP QUARTERS**

This code list was used by special place enumerators in Census 2000.

GQ Codes	Staff residents <sup>1</sup> GQ Codes			
		A.	Co	llege Quarters (501)
501	-		1.	Dormitories and Fraternity and Sorority Houses (on and off campus)
		B.	Co	rrectional Institutions (101-107)
101	905		1.	Federal Detention Centers (including U.S. Park Police, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) centers operated within local jails, and state and federal prisons. INS detention centers also include INS Federal Alien Detention Facilities, INS Service Processing Centers, and INS Contract Detention Centers used to detain aliens under exclusion or deportation proceedings and aliens who require custodial departures.)
102	905		2.	Federal Prisons (including criminally insane wards operated by a federal prison within a mental or general hospital. If ward is not operated by a prison, code criminally insane ward "404" and "905" for staff residing in the group quarters.)
				NOTE: Do not include INS detention centers operating within federal prisons. Code INS detention centers "101" for aliens and "905" for staff residing in the group quarters.
				Do not include correctional centers for juveniles. Include juveniles facilities in Section I below.
105	905		3.	Halfway Houses (operated for correctional purposes, including probation and restitution centers, prerelease centers, and community-residential treatment centers)
104	905		4.	Local (county, city, regional, and other municipalities) Jails and Other Confinement Facilities (usually hold persons more than 48 hours) (includes work farms and police lockups) (usually hold persons for 48 hours or less)
				NOTE: Do not include INS detention centers operating within local jails. Code INS detention centers "101" for aliens and "905" for staff residing in the group quarters.
106	904		5.	Military Disciplinary Barracks (including jails on military bases)
103	905		6.	State Prisons (including criminally insane wards operated by a state prison within a mental or general hospital; if not operated by a prison, code according to Section G5)
				NOTE: Do not include INS detention centers operating within state prisons. Code INS detention centers "101" for aliens and "905" for staff residing in the group quarters.
107	905		7.	Other Types of Correctional Institutions (including private correctional facilities and correctional facilities specifically for alcohol/drug abuse)
900	-	C.	Cr	ews of Maritime Vessels (900)
		D.		ormitories (601, 901-905)
901	-		1.	Agriculture Workers' Dormitories on Farms (including migratory farm workers' camps, bunkhouses for ranch hands, and other dormitories on farms including those on "tree farms")
			2.	College Student Dormitories, and Fraternity and Sorority Houses (see Section A above)
904	_		3.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
905	_		4.	Dormitories for Nurses and Interns in General Hospitals
601	_		5.	Military Quarters on Base, Including Barracks (unaccompanied personnel housing (UPH) (Enlisted/Officer), and similar group living quarters for military personnel)

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ Staff residing at the group quarters (GQ) are counted in the same GQ as other residents when no GQ code is provided.

This code list was used by special place enumerators in Census 2000.

GQ Codes	Staff residents <sup>1</sup> GQ Codes			
902	_		6.	Other Workers' Dormitories (including logging camps, construction workers' camps, firehouse dormitories, job-training camps, energy enclaves (Alaska only), Alaskan pipeline camps, nonfarm migratory workers' camps such as workers who lay oil and gas pipelines)
903	_		7.	Job Corps and Vocational Training Facilities for Persons Above the High School Level
		E.	Em	ergency Shelters/Service Locations (701-706)
701	_		1.	Shelters for the Homeless With Sleeping Facilities (including emergency housing, missions, and flophouses, Salvation Army shelters, hotels and motels used entirely for homeless persons, hotels or motels used partially for the homeless, and similar places known to have persons with no usual home elsewhere who stay overnight)
702	_		2.	Shelters for Runaway, Neglected, and Homeless Children
703	_		3.	Shelters for Abused Women (or Shelters Against Domestic Violence)
			4.	Service Locations
704	_			a. Soup kitchens
705	_			b. Regularly scheduled mobile food vans
706	_		5.	Targeted Nonsheltered Outdoor Locations
		r.	unre (800 sup wer was pur to 8	bup Homes/Halfway Houses (801-810) (with 10 or more elated persons (801-805) and with 9 or less unrelated persons (6-810): Including those providing community-based care and portive services. For enumeration purposes, group homes e classified into ten type codes: 801 to 810. The classification based upon expected size of the group home. For tabulation poses, group homes were collapsed into five categories: 801 to 805.)
			pur	TE: Do not include halfway houses operated for correctional poses. If operated for correctional purposes, code according Section B3.
801, 806	_		1.	Drug/Alcohol Abuse (group homes, detoxification centers, quarterway houses (residential treatment facilities that work closely with an accredited hospital); halfway houses; recovery homes for ambulatory, mentally competent recovering alcoholics who may be re-entering the work force)
802, 807	_		2.	Mentally III
803, 808	_		3.	Mentally Retarded
804, 809	_		4.	Physically Handicapped
805, 810	_		5.	Other Group Homes (including communes, foster care homes, and maternity homes for unwed mothers)
		G.	Ho ca <sub>l</sub>	spitals and Wards, Hospices, and Schools for the Handi- oped (400-410)
904	_		1.	Dormitories for Nurses and Interns in Military Hospitals
905	_		2.	Dormitories for Nurses and Interns in General Hospitals
400	905		3.	Drug/Alcohol Abuse (hospitals and hospital wards in psychiatric and general hospitals)

<sup>1</sup>Staff residing at the group quarters (GQ) are counted in the same GQ as other residents when no GQ code is provided.

G-18 Code Lists

This code list was used by special place enumerators in Census 2000.

GQ Codes	Staff residents <sup>1</sup> GQ Codes		
		4.	Chronically III
401	904		a. Military hospitals or wards for chronically ill
402	905		b. Other hospitals or wards for chronically ill (including tuberculosis hospitals or wards; wards in general and veterans' hospitals for the chronically ill; wards for progressive or degenerative brain diseases, such as neuro-degenerative process, spinal cord tumor, or other neuro-logic diseases; wards for patients with Hansen's Disease (leprosy) and other incurable diseases; and other unspecified wards for the chronically ill)
			NOTE: Do not include mental or drug/alcohol abuse hospitals or wards.
403	905		<ul> <li>Hospices/homes for chronically ill (including hospices and homes for AIDS and cancer patients, and other unspecified terminal diseases.</li> </ul>
404	905	5.	Mentally III (Psychiatric) (hospitals or wards, including wards for the criminally insane not operated by a prison and psychiatric wards of general hospitals and veterans' hospitals. This is a medical setting designed for the treatment of mental illness. Patients receive supervised and medical/nursing care from formally trained staff)
405	905	6.	Mentally Retarded (schools, hospitals, wards (including wards in hospitals for the mentally ill), and intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded (ICF/MR))
		7.	Physically Handicapped (including schools, hospitals, or wards in a suitably equipped medical setting and designed primarily for the physically handicapped who receive supervised care and medical/nursing care from a formally trained staff)
406	905		a. Institutions for the deaf
407	905		b. Institutions for the blind
408	905		<ul> <li>Orthopedic wards and institutions for physically handi- capped (including institutions providing long-term care to accident victims, and persons with polio, cerebral palsy (leads to motor dysfunction), muscular dystrophy, etc.)</li> </ul>
			NOTE: Do not include wards for terminally ill patients. Code such places as "401" military hospitals or wards for chronically ill or "402" other hospitals or wards for chronically ill.
409	905	8.	General Hospitals With Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere (including maternity, neonatal, pediatric (including wards for boarder babies), Veterans' Affairs, surgical, and other purpose wards of hospitals and wards for infectious diseases)
410	904	9.	Military Hospitals With Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere (including maternity, neonatal, pediatric (including wards for boarder babies), military, surgical, and other purpose wards of hospitals and wards for infectious diseases)
701	— н		otels/Motels (701) (those used entirely or partially for perns without a usual home)

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ Staff residing at the group quarters (GQ) are counted in the same GQ as other residents when no GQ code is provided.

This code list was used by special place enumerators in Census 2000.

GQ Codes	Staff residents <sup>1</sup> GQ Codes		
		I.	<b>Juvenile Institutions (201-209)</b> (including homes, schools, and detention centers)
			<ol> <li>Long-Term Care (length of stay usually more than 30 days)</li> <li>a. Neglected, abused, and dependent children (orphanages, homes, or residential care)</li> </ol>
201 202 203	905 905 905		<ul> <li>(1) Public ownership</li> <li>(2) Private ownership</li> <li>(3) Ownership unknown (used as a last resort if no other type code applies)</li> </ul>
204	905		<ul> <li>Emotionally disturbed children (residential treatment centers (psychiatric care provided))</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Delinquent children (placed by court, parents, or social service agencies in residential training schools or homes, including industrial schools, camps, or farms)</li> </ul>
205 206 207	905 905 905		<ol> <li>Public ownership</li> <li>Private ownership</li> <li>Ownership unknown (used only as a last resort if no other type code applies)</li> </ol>
			2. Short-Term Care (length of stay usually 30 days or less)
208	905		<ul> <li>Delinquent children (temporary care in detention centers, reception or diagnostic centers pending court disposition of case)</li> </ul>
702	905		<ul> <li>Runaway, neglected, and homeless children (emergency shelters/group homes which provide temporary sleep- ing facilities for juveniles) (see Section E2)</li> </ul>
209	905		3. Type of Juvenile Institution Unknown (used only as a last resort if no other code applies)
		J.	Military Quarters (601-603)
			1. On Base:
601	_		<ul> <li>Barracks, unaccompanied personnel housing (UPH) (Enlisted/ Officer), and similar group living quarters for military personnel</li> </ul>
602	_		b. Transient quarters for temporary residents (military or civilian)
904	_		c. Dormitories for nurses and interns in military hospitals
106	904		d. Stockades and jails (on military bases)
603	_		2. Military Ships
604	_		3. Group Quarters, Misc. (for processing use only)
605	_		4. <i>Military Hotels/Campgrounds</i> (these locations are classified as housing units)
909	_	K.	<b>Natural Disaster (909)</b> (includes those temporarily displaced by a natural disaster, such as "Hurricane Fran")

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ Staff residing at the group quarters (GQ) are counted in the same GQ as other residents when no GQ code is provided.

G–20 Code Lists

This code list was used by special place enumerators in Census 2000.

GQ Codes	Staff residents <sup>1</sup> GQ Codes		
		L.	<b>Nursing Homes (301-307)</b> (skilled nursing facilities (SNF), intermediate care facilities (ICF), long-term care rooms in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, nursing, convalescent, and rest homes including soldiers', sailors', veterans' hospitals, fraternal or religious homes for the aged with nursing care)
			1. Public Ownership
301	905		<ul> <li>Federal ownership (including veterans' hospitals, domi- ciliary homes, and U.S. Naval homes)</li> </ul>
302	905		b. State, county, or city ownership
303	905		<ul> <li>c. Don't know if federal, state, county, or city ownership (used only as a last resort if no other type code applies)</li> </ul>
			2. Private ownership
304	905		a. Private not-for-profit
305	905		b. Private for-profit
306	905		<ul> <li>c. Don't know if for-profit or not-for-profit (used only as a last resort if no other type code applies)</li> </ul>
307	905		3. Don't Know If Federal, State, Local, or Private Ownership (used only as a last resort if no other type code applies)
906	_	М.	<b>Religious Group Quarters (906)</b> (including convents, monasteries, and rectories (classify members of religious orders who live in a dormitory at a hospital or college according to the type of place where they live, such as college or hospital dormitories))
911	_	N.	Residential Care Facilities Providing "Protective Oversight" (911)
		0.	<b>Schools for the Handicapped</b> (see Sections G6 and G7)
		P.	<b>Service Locations and Emergency Shelters</b> (see Section E)
913	_	Q.	Other Household Living Situations "Dangerous Encampments" (913) (these locations are classified as housing units)
908		R.	<b>Other Nonhousehold Living Situations (908)</b> (including those not covered by other GQ codes shown herein, such as hostels, YMCA's, and YWCA's)
910	_	S.	<b>Transient Locations (910)</b> (including commercial or public campgrounds, campgrounds at racetracks, fairs, carnivals, and similar transient sites. These locations are classified as housing units.)

 $^{1}$ Staff residing at the group quarters (GQ) are counted in the same GQ as other residents when no GQ code is provided.

## **HISPANIC OR LATINO**

# NOT SPANISH/HISPANIC (001-199)

001-	
099	Not Used
100	Not Spanish/Hispanic (Checkbox)
101	Not Spanish/Hispanic
102-	
109	Not Used
110-	
121	Not Spanish/Hispanic
122-	
129	Not Used
130-	
168	Not Spanish/Hispanic
169-	
189	Not Used
190	Multiple NOT SPANISH/HISPANIC
191-	
199	Not Used
PANIARD	(200-209)
200	Chaniard

## SP

200	Spaniard
201	Andalusian
202	Asturian
203	Castillian
204	Catalonian
205	Balearic Islander
206	Gallego
207	Valencian
208	Canarian
209	Spanish Basque

#### **MEXICAN (210-220)**

210	Mexican (Checkbox)
211	Mexican
212	Mexican American
213	Mexicano
214	Chicano
215	La Raza
216	Mexican American Indian
217	Not Used
218	Mexico
219-	
220	Not Used

# **CENTRAL AMERICAN (221-230)**

221	Costa Rican
222	Guatemalan
223	Honduran
224	Nicaraguan
225	Panamanian
226	Salvadoran
227	Central American
228	Central American Indian
229	Canal Zone
230	Not Used

G-22 Code Lists

### **HISPANIC OR LATINO**—Con.

#### **SOUTH AMERICAN (231-249)**

- 231 Argentinean
- 232 Bolivian
- 233 Chilean
- 234 Colombian
- 235 Ecuadorian
- 236 Paraguayan
- 237 Peruvian
- 238 Uruguayan
- 239 Venezuelan
- 240 South American Indian
- 241 Criollo
- 242 South American
- 243-
- 249 Not Used

#### LATIN AMERICAN (250-259)

- 250 Latin American
- 251 Latin
- 252 Latino
- 253-
- 259 Not Used

#### **PUERTO RICAN (260-269)**

- 260 Puerto Rican (Checkbox)
- 261 Puerto Rican
- 262-
- 269 Not Used

## **CUBAN (270-274)**

- 270 Cuban (Checkbox)
- 271 Cuban
- 272-
- Not Used

### **DOMINICAN (275-279)**

- 275 Dominican
- 276-
- 279 Not Used

#### OTHER SPANISH/HISPANIC (280-299)

- 280 Other Spanish/Hispanic (Checkbox)
- 281 Hispanic
- 282 Spanish
- 283 Californio
- 284 Tejano
- 285 Nuevo Mexicano
- 286 Spanish American
- 287 Spanish American Indian
- 288 Meso American Indian
- 289 Mestizo
- 290 Caribbean
- 291 Multiple Hispanic
- 292-
- 298 Not Used
- 299 Other Spanish/Hispanic, n.e.c.

#### **NOT USED (300-999)**

## **DETAILED INDUSTRY CODE LIST**

1997 NAICS and Census 2000 sorted by 1997 NAICS codes and subsequent OMB directives (Census codes may not be in sequential order)

NAICS Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	1997 NAICS Equivalent
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	001-056	11, 21
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting:	001-036	11
Unused codes Crop production	001-016 017	111
Animal production Forestry except logging Unused codes	018 019 020-026	112 1131, 1132
Logging Fishing, hunting, and trapping	027 028	1133 114
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	029	115
Unused codes Mining:	030-036 037-056	21
Oil and gas extraction  Coal mining	037 038	211
Metal ore mining Unused codes	039 040-046	2122
Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying  Not specified type of mining	047 048	2123 Part of 21
Support activities for mining Unused codes	049 050-056	213
Utilities census codes 057-076 moved to Transportation and Warehousing NAICS		
subsector 48-49	077.106	22
Construction: Construction	077-106 077	23 23
Unused codes Manufacturing: Animal food, grain, and oilseed	078-106 107-406	31-33
milling Sugar and confectionery products	107 108	3111, 3112 3113
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing	109	3114
Unused codes Dairy product manufacturing Animal slaughtering and processing	110-116 117 118	3115 3116
Retail bakeries  Unused codes	119 120-126	311811
Bakeries, except retail Seafood and other miscellaneous	127	3118 exc. 311811
foods, n.e.c.	128	3117, 3119

G–24 Code Lists

NAICS Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	1997 NAICS Equivalent
Manufacturing—Con.		
Not specified food industries	129	Part of 311
Unused codes	130-136	
Beverage manufacturing	137	3121
Unused code	138	
Tobacco manufacturing	139	3122
Unused codes	140-146	2121
Fiber, yarn, and thread mills	147	3131
Fabric mills, except knitting	148	3132 exc. 31324
Textile and fabric finishing and coating mills	149	3133
Unused codes	150-156	3133
Carpets and rugs manufacturing	157	31411
Unused code	158	31411
Textile product mills except carpets	150	
and rugs	159	314 exc. 31411
Unused codes	160-166	
Knitting mills	167	31324, 3151
Cut and sew apparel manufacturing	168	3152
Apparel accessories and other		
apparel manufacturing	169	3159
Unused codes	170-176	
Footwear manufacturing	177	3162
Unused code	178	
Leather tanning and products,	179	2161 2160
except footwear manufacturing Unused codes	180-186	3161, 3169
Sawmills and wood preservation	377	3211
Veneer, plywood, and engineered	377	3211
wood products	378	3212
Prefabricated wood buildings and		5
mobile homes	379	321991, 321992
Unused codes	380-386	
Miscellaneous wood products	387	3219 exc. 321991,
		321992
Unused code	388	
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	187	3221
Paperboard containers and boxes	188	32221
Miscellaneous paper and pulp	100	2222 2222 2220
products Unused codes	189 190-198	32222, 32223, 32229
Printing and related support	190-196	
activities	199	323
Unused codes	200-206	323
Petroleum refining	207	32411
Unused code	208	<u></u>
Miscellaneous petroleum and coal		
products	209	32412, 32419
Unused codes	210-216	

NAICS Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	1997 NAICS Equivalent
Manufacturing—Con.		
Resin, synthetic rubber and fibers, and filaments manufacturing Agricultural chemical manufacturing	217 218	3252 3253
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing Unused codes	219 220-226	3254
Paint, coating, and adhesives manufacturing	227	3255
Soap, cleaning compound, and cosmetic manufacturing Industrial and miscellaneous	228	3256
chemicals Unused codes	229 230-236	3251, 3259
Plastics product manufacturing Tire manufacturing	237 238	3261 32621
Rubber products, except tires, manufacturing Unused codes	239 240-246	32622, 32629
Pottery, ceramics, and related products manufacturing Structural clay product	247	32711
manufacturing	248	32712
Glass and glass product manufacturing Unused codes	249 250-256	3272
Cement, concrete, lime, and gypsum product manufacturing Unused code	257 258	3273, 3274
Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing Unused codes	259 260-266	3279
Iron and steel mills and steel product manufacturing Aluminum production and	267	3311, 3312
processing  Nonferrous metal, except aluminum,	268	3313
production and processing Unused codes	269 270-276	3314
Foundries	277	3315
Metal forgings and stampings	278	3321
Cutlery and hand tool manufacturing Unused codes	279 280-286	3322
Structural metals and tank and shipping container manufacturing Machine shops, turned product,	287	3323, 3324
screw, nut, and bolt manufacturing	288	3327

G–26 Code Lists

NAICS Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	1997 NAICS Equivalent
Manufacturing—Con.		
Coating, engraving, heat treating		
and allied activities	289	3328
Unused codes	290-296	
Ordnance	297	332992-332995
Miscellaneous fabricated metal	200	3325, 3326, 3329
products manufacturing	298	exc. 332992-332995 Part of 331 and 332
Not specified metal industries Unused codes	299 300-306	Part of 331 and 332
Agricultural implement	300-300	
manufacturing	307	33311
Construction mining and oil field	307	33311
machinery manufacturing	308	33312, 33313
Commercial and service industry		
machinery manufacturing	309	3333
Unused codes	310-316	
Metalworking machinery	217	2225
manufacturing	317	3335
Engines, turbines, and power transmission equipment		
manufacturing	318	3336
Machinery manufacturing, n.e.c.	319	3332, 3334, 3339
Unused codes	320-328	
Not specified machinery		
manufacturing	329	Part of 333
Unused codes	330-335	
Computer and peripheral equipment	226	2241
manufacturing Communications, audio, and video	336	3341
equipment manufacturing	337	3342, 3343
Navigational, measuring, electro-	337	33 12, 33 13
medical, and control instruments		
manufacturing	338	3345
Electronic component and product	220	2244 2246
manufacturing, n.e.c.	339	3344, 3346
Unused codes	340-346	2252
Household appliance manufacturing Unused code	347 348	3352
Electrical lighting, equipment, and	346	
supplies manufacturing, n.e.c.	349	3351, 3353, 3359
Unused codes	350-356	333., 3333, 3333
Motor vehicles and motor vehicle		
equipment manufacturing	357	3361, 3362, 3363
Aircraft and parts manufacturing	358	336411-336413
Aerospace product and parts	350	226414 226410
manufacturing	359	336414-336419
Unused codes	360-366	2265
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	367	3365
Ship and boat building	368	3366

NAICS Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	1997 NAICS Equivalent
Manufacturing—Con.		
Other transportation equipment manufacturing Unused codes	369 370-376	3369
Codes 377-388 moved to NAICS 32 Subsector-Wood Product Manufac		
Furniture and related products manufacturing Unused codes	389 390-395	337
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	396	3391
Toys, amusement, and sporting goods manufacturing	397	33992, 33993
Miscellaneous manufacturing, n.e.c.	398	3399 exc. 33992, 33993
Not specified manufacturing industries	399	Part of 31-33
Unused codes	400-406	
Wholesale trade:	407-466	42
Motor vehicles, parts and supplies	407	4211
Furniture and home furnishings	408	4212
Lumber and other construction materials	409	4213
Unused codes	410-416	4213
Professional and commercial	410-410	
equipment and supplies  Metals and minerals, except	417	4214
petroleum	418	4215
Electrical goods	419	4216
Unused codes	420-425	-
Hardware, plumbing and heating		
equipment, and supplies	426	4217
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	427	4218
Recyclable material	428	42193
Miscellaneous durable goods	429	4219 exc. 42193
Unused codes	430-436	
Paper and paper product wholesalers Drugs, sundries, and chemical and	437	4221
allied product wholesalers Apparel, fabrics, and notions	438	4222, 4226
wholesalers	439	4223
Unused codes	440-446	
Groceries and related product wholesalers	447	4224
Farm product raw material wholesalers	448	4225

G–28 Code Lists

NAICS Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	1997 NAICS Equivalent
Wholesale trade—Con.		
Petroleum and petroleum product		
wholesalers	449	4227
Unused codes	450-455	
Alcoholic beverage wholesalers	456	4228
Farm supplies wholesalers	457	42291
Miscellaneous nondurable goods wholesalers	458	4229 exc. 42291
Not specified wholesale trade	459	Part of 42
Unused codes	460-466	Tare of 42
Retail trade:	467-606	44-45
Automobile dealers	467	4411
Other motor vehicle dealers	468	4412
Auto parts, accessories, and tire		
stores	469	4413
Unused codes	470-476	
Furniture and home furnishings	477	443
stores Household appliance stores	477 478	442 443111
Radio, TV, and computer stores	478	443112, 44312
Unused codes	480-486	443112, 44312
Building material and supplies	100 100	
dealers	487	4441 exc. 44413
Hardware stores	488	44413
Lawn and garden equipment and		
supplies stores	489	4442
Unused codes	490-496	4451
Grocery stores	497	4451
Specialty food stores	498 499	4452
Beer, wine, and liquor stores Unused codes	500-506	4453
Pharmacies and drug stores	507	44611
Health and personal care, except	307	44011
drug stores	508	446 exc. 44611
Gasoline stations	509	447
Unused codes	510-516	
Clothing and accessories, except		
shoe stores	517	448 exc. 44821, 4483
Shoe stores	518	44821
Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores	519	4483
Unused codes	520-526	4403
Sporting goods, camera, and hobby	320 320	
and toy stores	527	44313, 45111, 45112
Sewing, needlework and piece goods		•
stores	528	45113
Music stores	529	45114, 45122
Unused codes	530-536	45101
Book stores and news dealers	537	45121

NAICS Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	1997 NAICS Equivalent
Retail trade—Con.		
Department stores	538	45211
Miscellaneous general merchandise		
stores	539	4529
Unused codes	540-546	4=01
Retail florists	547	4531
Office supplies and stationary stores	548	45321
Used merchandise stores Unused codes	549 550-556	4533
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	557	45322
Miscellaneous retail stores	558	4539
Electronic shopping and mail-order	330	4333
houses	559	4541
Unused codes	560-566	
Vending machine operators	567	4542
Fuel dealers	568	45431
Other direct selling establishments	569	45439
Unused codes	570-578	
Not specified retail trade	579	Part of 44-45
Unused codes	580-606	
Transportation and warehousing, and		
utilities:	607-646, 057-076	48-49, 22
Transportation and warehousing:	607-646	48-49
Air transportation	607	481
Rail transportation	608	482
Water transportation	609	483
Unused codes	610-616	404
Truck transportation	617	484
Bus service and urban transit	618	4851,4852, 4854- 4859
Taxi and limousine service	619	4853
Unused codes	620-626	1033
Pipeline transportation	627	486
Scenic and sightseeing	027	100
transportation	628	487
Services incidental to transportation	629	488
Unused codes	630-636	
Postal Service	637	491
Couriers and messengers	638	492
Warehousing and storage	639	493
Unused codes	640-646	
Utilities:	057-076	22
Electric power generation transmis-	0.57	2211
sion and distribution Natural gas distribution	057 058	2211 2212
Electric and gas and other	036	2212
combinations	059	Pts. 2211, 2212
Unused codes	060-066	
Water, steam, air-conditioning, and		
irrigation systems	067	22131, 22133
Sewage treatment facilities	068	22132

G–30 Code Lists

NAICS Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	1997 NAICS Equivalent
Utilities—Con.		
Not specified utilities	069	Part of 22
Unused codes	070-076	
Information:	647-686	51
Newspaper publishers	647	51111
Publishing except newspapers and		
software	648	5111 exc. 51111
Software publishing	649	5112
Unused codes	650-656	5121
Motion pictures and video industries	657	5121
Unused code	658	E122
Sound recording industries	659	5122
Unused codes	660-666	
Radio and television broadcasting and cable	667	5131, 5132
Wired telecommunications carriers	668	51331
Other telecommunication services	669	5133 exc. 51331
Unused codes	670-676	3133 CAC. 31331
Libraries and archives	677	51412
Other information services	678	5141 exc. 51412
Data processing services	679	5142
Unused codes	680-686	J
Finance, insurance, real estate and rental		
and leasing:	687-726	52, 53
Finance and insurance:	687-706	52
Banking and related activities	687	521, 52211, 52219
Savings institutions, including credit		
unions	688	52212, 52213
Nondepository credit and related	600	F222 F222
activities	689	5222, 5223
Unused codes	690-696	
Securities, commodities, funds, trusts, and other financial		
investments	697	523, 525
Unused code	698	,
Insurance carriers and related		
activities	699	524
Unused codes	700-706	
Real estate and rental and leasing:	707-726	53
Real estate	707	531
Automotive equipment rental and		
leasing	708	5321
Unused codes	709-716	
Video tape and disk rental	717	53223
Other consumer goods rental	718	53221, 53222, 53229, 5323
Commercial, industrial, and other		
intangible assets rental and leasing	719	5324, 533
Unused codes	720-726	

NAICS Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	1997 NAICS Equivalent
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services:	727-785	54-56
Professional, scientific, and technical services:	727-756	54
Legal services	727	5411
Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping and payroll services Architectural, engineering, and	728	5412
related services	729	5413
Unused codes	730-736 737	5414
Specialized design services Computer systems design and	/5/	3414
related services	738	5415
Management, scientific and technical		
consulting services	739	5416
Unused codes	740-745	
Scientific research and development	746	E 4 1 7
services	746 747	5417 5418
Advertising and related services Veterinary services	748	54194
Other professional, scientific and	740	34134
technical services	749	5419 exc. 54194
Unused codes	750-756	
Management of companies and enterprises:	757	55
Management of companies and enterprises	757	55
Administrative and support and waste	750 705	5.0
management services:	758-785	56
Employment services	758	5613
Business support services	759 760 766	5614
Unused codes Travel arrangement and reservation	760-766	
services	767	5615
Investigation and security services	768	5616
Services to buildings and dwellings	769	5617 exc. 56173
Unused codes	770-776	
Landscaping services	777	56173
Other administrative and other support services	778	5611, 5612, 5619
Waste management and remediation	770	F.C.2
services Unused codes	779	562
Educational, health and social services:	780-785 786-855	61, 62
Educational services:	786-796	61
Elementary and secondary schools	786	6111
Colleges and universities, including		
junior colleges	787	6112, 6113
Business, technical, and trade schools and training	788	6114, 6115

G–32 Code Lists

NAICS Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	1997 NAICS Equivalent
Educational, health and social		
services—Con.		
Educational services—Con.:		
Other schools, instruction, and educational services	700	6116 6117
Unused codes	789	6116, 6117
	790-796	60
Health care and social assistance:	797-855	62
Offices of physicians Offices of dentists	797 798	6211 6212
	796 799	62131
Office of chiropractors Unused codes	800-806	02131
	807	62122
Offices of optometrists Offices of other health practitioners	807	62132 6213 exc. 62131,
Offices of other fleatili practitioners	808	62132
Outpatient care centers	809	6214
Unused codes	810-816	0214
Home health care services	817	6216
Other health care services	818	6215, 6219
Hospitals	819	622
Unused codes	820-826	OLL
Nursing care facilities	827	6231
Unused code	828	0231
Residential care facilities, without	020	
nursing	829	6232, 6233, 6239
Unused codes	830-836	, ,
Individual and family services	837	6241
Community food and housing, and		
emergency services	838	6242
Vocational rehabilitation services	839	6243
Unused codes	840-846	
Child day care services	847	6244
Unused codes	848-855	
Arts, entertainment, recreation,		
accommodation and food services:	856-876	71, 72
Arts, entertainment, and recreation:	856-865	71
Independent artists, performing arts,		
spectator sports, and related industries	856	711
	630	711
Museums, art galleries, historical sites, and similar institutions	857	712
Bowling centers	858	71395
Other amusement, gambling, and	030	71333
recreation industries	859	713 exc. 71395
Unused codes	860-865	
Accommodation and food services:	866-876	72
Traveler accommodation	866	7211
Recreational vehicle parks and		
camps and rooming and boarding		
houses	867	7212, 7213

NAICS Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	1997 NAICS Equivalent
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services—Con.:  Accommodation and food services—Con.:		
Restaurants and other food services Drinking places, alcoholic beverages Unused codes	868 869 870-876	722 exc. 7224 7224
Other services (except public administration):  Automotive repair and maintenance	877-936 877	81 8111 exc. 811192
Car washes Electronic and precision equipment repair and maintenance Unused codes	878 879 880-886	811192 8112
Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair andmaintenance	887	8113
Personal and household goods repair and maintenance Footwear and leather goods repair		8114 exc. 81143 81143
Unused codes Barber shops Beauty salons	890-896 897 898	812111 812112
Nail salons and other personal care services Unused codes	899 900-906	812113, 81219
Drycleaning and laundry services Funeral homes, cemeteries and crematories	907	8123 8122
Other personal services Unused codes Religious organizations	909 910-915 916	8129 8131
Civic, social, advocacy organiza- tions, and grantmaking and giving services	917	8132, 8133, 8134
Labor unions Business, professional, political, and similar organizations	918	81393 8139 exc. 81393
Unused codes Private households Unused codes	920-928 929 930-936	814
Public administration:  Executive offices and legislative bodies	937-966 937	92 (exc. 928110) 92111, 92112, 92114, pt. 92115
Public finance activities Other general government and support	938 939	92113 92119
Unused codes Justice, public order, and safety activities	940-946 947	922, pt. 92115
Administration of human resource programs	948	923

G–34 Code Lists

NAICS Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	1997 NAICS Equivalent
Public administration—Con.: Administration of environmental		
quality and housing programs Unused codes	949 950-956	924, 925
Administration of economic		026 027
programs and space research Unused code	957 958	926, 927
National security and international affairs	959	928 (exc. 928110)
Unused codes	960-966	320 (CXC. 320110)
Armed Forces:	967-991	928110
U.S. Army	967	928110
U.S. Air Force	968	928110
U.S. Navy	969	928110
Unused codes	970-976	
U.S. Marines	977	928110
U.S. Coast Guard	978	928110
Armed Forces—Con.		
U.S. Armed Forces, branch not		
specified	979	928110
Unused codes	980-986	
Military Reserves or National Guard	987	928110
Unused codes	988-991	
Unemployed, with no work experience since 1995	992	None

Note: The "Unused codes" are codes primarily used by occupation types.

# LANGUAGE CODE LIST

Codes	Language
000-600 601 601	NOT IN UNIVERSE JAMAICAN CREOLE English creoles Belize, Guyanese
602 603 604 605 606 607 607	KRIO HAWAIIAN PIDGIN PIDGIN GULLAH SARAMACCA GERMAN Austrian Swiss
608 609 610	PENNSYLVANIA DUTCH YIDDISH DUTCH Flemish
611 612 613 614 615 616 617 618 619 620 621 622 623 623	AFRIKAANS FRISIAN LUXEMBOURGIAN SWEDISH DANISH NORWEGIAN ICELANDIC FAROESE ITALIAN FRENCH PROVENCAL PATOIS FRENCH CREOLE Haitian Creole
624 625 626 627 628 629 630 631	CAJUN SPANISH CATALONIAN LADINO PACHUCO PORTUGUESE PAPIA MENTAE RUMANIAN Romanian
632 632	RHAETO-ROMANIC Romansch
633 634 635 636 637	WELSH BRETON IRISH GAELIC SCOTTIC GAELIC GREEK

G–36 Code Lists

Codes	Language
638 639 640 641 642 643 644	ALBANIAN RUSSIAN BIELORUSSIAN UKRAINIAN CZECH KASHUBIAN LUSATIAN Windish
645 646 647 648 649 649	POLISH SLOVAK BULGARIAN MACEDONIAN SERBOCROATIAN Bosnian Slavic Yugoslav
650 651 652 653 654 654	CROATIAN SERBIAN SLOVENE LITHUANIAN LETTISH Latvian
655 656 656 656	ARMENIAN PERSIAN Dari Farsi Pushto
657	PASHTO
657	Afghani
658	KURDISH
659	BALOCHI
660	TADZHIK
661	OSSETE
662	INDIA, n.e.c.
662	Asian Indian
662	Sanskrit
663	HINDI
664	BENGALI
665	PANJABI
665	Punjabi
666	MARATHI
666	Konkani
667	GUJARATHI
668	BIHARI
669	RAJASTHANI
669	Bhili

Codes	Language
670 671 672 673 674 675 676 677	ORIYA URDU ASSAMESE KASHMIRI NEPALI SINDHI PAKISTAN n.e.c. SINHALESE Maldivian
678 679 680 681 682 683 683 683	ROMANY FINNISH ESTONIAN LAPP HUNGARIAN OTHER URALIC LANGUAGES Mordvin Samoyed Yenisei
684	CHUVASH
685	KARAKALPAK
686	KAZAKH
687	KIRGHIZ
688	KARACHAY
688	Tatar
689	UIGHUR
689	Uzbek
690 691 692 693 694 695 696 696	AZERBAIJANI TURKISH TURKMEN YAKUT MONGOLIAN TUNGUS CAUCASIAN Circassian Georgian
697	BASQUE
698	DRAVIDIAN
698	Coorgi
698	Tulu
699	BRAHUI
700	GONDI
701	TELUGU
702	KANNADA
703	MALAYALAM
704	TAMIL
705	KURUKH
706	MUNDA

G–38 Code Lists

Codes	Language
707	BURUSHASKI
708	CHINESE
708	Min
709	HAKKA
710	KAN, HSIANG
711	CANTONESE
711	Toishan
712	MANDARIN
713	FUCHOW
714	FORMOSAN
714	Fukien
714	Hokkien
714	Min Nan
714	Taiwanese
715	WU
715	Shanghainese
716 717 718 719 720 721	TIBETAN BURMESE KAREN KACHIN THAI MIAO-YAO, MIEN Mien
722	MIAO, HMONG
722	Hmong
723	JAPANESE
723	Ainu
724	KOREAN
725	LAOTIAN
726	MON-KHMER, CAMBODIAN
726	Cambodian
726	Khmer
727 728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739	SIBERIAN LANGUAGES, n.e.c. VIETNAMESE MUONG BUGINESE MOLUCCAN INDONESIAN ACHINESE BALINESE CHAM JAVANESE MADURESE MALAGASY MALAY Bahasa

Codes	Language
740	MINANGKABAU
741	SUNDANESE
742	TAGALOG
742	Filipino
743	BISAYAN
743	Ilongo
743	Visayan
744	SEBUANO
744	Cebuano
745	PANGASINAN
746	ILOCANO
746	Igorot
747 748 749 750 751 752 752	BIKOL PAMPANGAN GORONTALO MICRONESIAN CAROLINIAN CHAMORRO Guamanian
753	GILBERTESE
754	KUSAIEAN
754	Kosraean
755 756 757 758 759 760 761	MARSHALLESE MOKILESE MORTLOCKESE NAURUAN PALAU PONAPEAN TRUKESE Chuukese
762 763 764 765 766 767 768 769 770 771 772 772	ULITHEAN WOLEAI-ULITHI YAPESE MELANESIAN POLYNESIAN SAMOAN TONGAN NIUEAN TOKELAUAN FIJIAN MARQUESAN Tahitian
773	RAROTONGAN
774	MAORI
775	NUKUORO
776	HAWAIIAN

G–40 Code Lists

Codes	Language
777	ARABIC
778	HEBREW
779	SYRIAC
779	Aramaic
779	Assyrian
779	Chaldean
780	AMHARIC
780	Tigrigna
781	BERBER
782	CHADIC
782	Hausa
783	CUSHITE
783	Oromo
783	Somali
784	SUDANIC
784	Dinka
785	NILOTIC
785	Acholi
785	Luo
785	Nuer
786	NILO-HAMITIC
786	Bari
786	Masai
787	NUBIAN
788	SAHARAN
789	NILO-SAHARAN
789	Fur
789	Songhai
790	KHOISAN
790	Bushman
791	SWAHILI
792	BANTU
792	Bembe
792	Kikuyu
792	Kinyarwanda
792	Luganda
792	Ndebele
792	Shona
792	Tonga
792	Xhosa
792	Zulu
793	MANDE
793	Kpelle
793	Mandingo
793	Mende
794	FULANI
, , ,	1 31/111

Codes	Language
794	Temne
794	Wolof
795 796 796 796 796 796 796 796 796 796 796	GUR KRU, IBO, YORUBA Akan Ashanti Ewe Fanti Ga Ibo Igbo Nigerian Twi Yoruba EFIK Ibibio
798 799 800 801 802 803	MBUM AND RELATED AFRICAN, not further specified ALEUT PACIFIC GULF YUPIK ESKIMO INUPIK Inupiaq
804	SAINT LAWRENCE ISLAND YUPIK
804	Siberian Yupik
805	YUPIK
806	ALGONQUIAN
807	ARAPAHO
808	ATSINA
808	Gros Ventre
809	BLACKFOOT
810	CHEYENNE
811	CREE
812	DELAWARE
812	Lenape
813	FOX
813	Mesquakie
814	KICKAPOO
815	MENOMINI
816	FRENCH CREE
816	Mitchif
817	MIAMI
818	MICMAC
819	OJIBWA
819	Chippewa
820	OTTAWA

G–42 Code Lists

Codes	Language
821 822 823 824 825 826 827 828 829 830 830	PASSAMAQUODDY PENOBSCOT ABNAKI POTAWATOMI SHAWNEE WIYOT YUROK KUTENAI MAKAH KWAKIUTL Quileute
831-832 833 834 835 836 837	NOOTKA LOWER CHEHALIS UPPER CHEHALIS CLALLAM COEUR D'ALENE COLUMBIA Wenatchee
838	COWLITZ
839	SALISH
839	Lummi
840	NOOTSACK
841	OKANOGAN
841	Colville
842	PUGET SOUND SALISH
842	Muckleshoot
842	Nisqualli
842	Puyallup
842	Suquamish
843 844 845 846 847	QUINAULT TILLAMOOK TWANA HAIDA ATHAPASCAN Athabascan
848	AHTENA
849	HAN
850	INGALIT
851	KOYUKON
852	KUCHIN
852	Gwichin
853	UPPER KUSKOKWIM
854	TANAINA
855	TANANA
856	TANACROSS
857	UPPER TANANA
858	TUTCHONE

Codes	Language
859	CHASTA COSTA
860	HUPA
861	OTHER ATHAPASCAN-EYAK LANGUAGES
861	Cahto
862	APACHE
863	KIOWA
864	NAVAHO
864	Navajo
865 866 867 867 868	EYAK TLINGIT MOUNTAIN MAIDU Maidu NORTHWEST MAIDU Concow
869	SOUTHERN MAIDU
870	COAST MIWOK
871	PLAINS MIWOK
872	SIERRA MIWOK
872	Miwok
873 874 875 876 877 878 879 880 880	NOMLAKI PATWIN WINTUN FOOTHILL NORTH YOKUTS TACHI SANTIAM SIUSLAW KLAMATH Modoc
881	NEZ PERCE
882	SAHAPTIAN
882	Umatilla
882	Warm Springs
882	Yakama
883	UPPER CHINOOK
883	Chinook
883	Wasco
884	TSIMSHIAN
885	ACHUMAWI
885	Pit River
886 887 888 889 890 891 892	ATSUGEWI KAROK POMO SHASTAN WASHO UP RIVER YUMAN COCOMARICOPA MOHAVE

G-44 Code Lists

Codes	Language
894	YUMA
894	Quechan
895	DIEGUENO
896	DELTA RIVER YUMAN
896	Cocopah
897 898 899	UPLAND YUMAN HAVASUPAI WALAPAI Hualapai
900 901 902 903 904 905 906 907 907 907	YAVAPAI CHUMASH TONKAWA YUCHI CROW HIDATSA MANDAN DAKOTA Assiniboine Lakota Oglala Sioux
908	CHIWERE
908	Iowa
909	WINNEBAGO
909	Ho Chunk
910	KANSA
911	OMAHA
912	OSAGE
913	PONCA
914	QUAPAW
914	Arkansas
915	ALABAMA
916	CHOCTAW
916	Chickasaw
917	MIKASUKI
917	Miccosukee
918	HICHITA
919	KOASATI
919	Coushatta
920	MUSKOGEE
920	Creek
920	Seminole
921	CHETEMACHA
922	YUKI
923	WAPPO

Codes	Language
924	KERES
924	Acoma
924	Keresan
924	Laguna
924	Zia
	IROQUOIS MOHAWK ONEIDA ONONDAGA CAYUGA SENECA TUSCARORA WYANDOT Huron
936	CHEROKEE ARIKARA CADDO PAWNEE WICHITA COMANCHE MONO PAIUTE NORTHERN PAIUTE Bannock
942 943 944 945 946 947 948 949 950 951 952 953 954 954	SOUTHERN PAIUTE CHEMEHUEVI KAWAIISU UTE SHOSHONI PANAMINT HOPI CAHUILLA CUPENO LUISENO SERRANO TUBATULABAL PIMA Papago Tohono O'Odham
955	YAQUI
956	AZTECAN
956	Mexicano
956	Nahuatl
957-958	SONORAN, n.e.c
957	Huichole
957	Tarahumara
959	PICURIS
959	Taos

G–46 Code Lists

Codes	Language
960	TIWA
960	Isleta
961	SANDIA
962	TEWA
962	Hopi-Tewa
962	San Juan
962	Santa Clara
963 964 965 966 967 967	TOWA ZUNI CHINOOK JARGON AMERICAN INDIAN MISUMALPAN Miskito
968 968 968 968 968 968	MAYAN LANGUAGES Aguacateco Canjobal Guatemalan Mam Maya Quiche
969 970 971 971 971	TARASCAN MAPUCHE OTO-MANGUEAN Mixtec Otomi Zapoteca
972	QUECHUA
973	AYMARA
974	ARAWAKIAN
974	Carib
974	Garifuna
975	CHIBCHAN
975	Cuna
976	TUPI-GUARANI
976	Guarani
977	JICARILLA
978	CHIRICAHUA
978	Mescalero Apache
979 979 979 980 981 982 983-998 999	SAN CARLOS San Carlos Apache White Mountain KIOWA-APACHE KALISPEL SPOKANE LANGUAGE SPECIFIED, NOT LISTED NOT REPORTED

# OCCUPATION DETAILED CODE LIST

Decennial 2000 SOC and Census 2000 sorted by Census 2000 SOC equivalent

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Management, professional and related occupations:	001-359	11-0000 through 29-0000
Management, business and financial	001.000	11 0000 110 0000
operations occupations:	001-099	11-0000 and 13-0000
Management occupations:	001-049	11-0000
Chief executives	001	11-1011
General and operations managers	002	11-1021
Legislators Advertising and promotions	003	11-1031
managers	004	11-2011
Marketing and sales managers	005	11-2020
Public relations managers	006	11-2031
Unused codes	007-009	11 2031
Administrative services managers	010	11-3011
Computer and Information Systems	010	
managers	011	11-3021
Financial managers	012	11-3031
Human resources managers	013	11-3040
Industrial production managers	014	11-3051
Purchasing managers	015	11-3061
Transportation, storage, and distribu-		
tion managers	016	11-3071
Unused codes	017-019	
Farm, ranch, and other agricultural	020	11.0011
managers	020	11-9011
Farmers and Ranchers	021	11-9012
Construction managers Education administrators	022	11-9021
Unused codes	023 024-029	11-9030
Engineering managers	030	11-9041
Food service managers	030	11-9051
Funeral directors	031	11-9061
Gaming managers	032	11-9071
Lodging managers	033	11-9081
Medical and health services	034	11-9001
managers	035	11-9111
Natural sciences managers	036	11-9121
Unused codes	037-039	
Postmasters and mail		
superintendents	040	11-9131
Property, real estate, and community association managers	041	11-9141
Social and community service		
managers	042	11-9151
Managers, all other	043	11-9199
Unused codes	044-049	

G-48 Code Lists

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC
Management, professional and related		
occupations—Con.:		
Management, business and financial operations occupations—Con.:		
Business and financial operations	050-099	13-0000
occupations: Agents and business managers of	030-099	13-0000
artists, performers, and athletes  Purchasing agents and buyers, farm	050	13-1011
products	051	13-1021
Wholesale and retail buyers, except	0.53	12 1022
farm products	052	13-1022
Purchasing agents, except wholesale, retail, and farm products	053	13-1023
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators	054	13-1030
Unused codes	055	13-1030
Compliance officers, except	033	
agriculture, construction, health and		
safety, and transportation	056	13-1041
Unused codes	057-059	
Cost estimators	060	13-1051
Unused codes	061	
Human resources, training, and labor		
relations specialists	062	13-1070
Unused codes	063-069	
Logisticians	070	13-1081
Management analysts	071	13-1111
Meeting and convention planners	072	13-1121
Other business operations specialists	073	13-11XX
Unused codes	074-079	12 2011
Accountants and auditors	080	13-2011
Appraisers and assessors of real estate	081	13-2021
Budget analysts	082	13-2021
Credit analysts	083	13-2031
Financial analysts	084	13-2051
Personal financial advisors	085	13-2052
Insurance underwriters	086	13-2053
Unused codes	087-089	13 2033
Financial examiners	090	13-2061
Loan counselors and officers	091	13-2070
Unused codes	092	
Tax examiners, collectors, and		
revenue agents	093	13-2081
Tax preparers	094	13-2082
Financial specialists, all other	095	13-2099
Unused codes	096-099	

**Equivalent** 

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Management, professional and related occupations—Con.		
Professional and related occupations:	100-359	15-0000 through 29-0000
Computer and mathematical science occupations:	100-129	15-0000
Computer scientists and systems analysts	100	15-10XX
Computer programmers	101	15-1021
Computer software engineers	102	15-1030
Unused codes	103	
Computer support specialists	104	15-1041
Unused codes	105	
Database administrators	106	15-1061
Unused codes	107-109	
Network and computer systems		
administrators	110	15-1071
Network systems and data		
communications analysts	111	15-1081
Unused codes	112-119	
Actuaries	120	15-2011
Mathematicians	121	15-2021
Operations research analysts	122	15-2031
Statisticians	123	15-2041
Miscellaneous mathematical science	124	15 2000
occupations	124	15-2090
Unused codes	125-129	
Architecture and engineering occupations:	130-159	17-0000
Architects, except naval	130-139	17-1010
Surveyors, cartographers, and	150	17-1010
photogrammetrists	131	17-1020
Aerospace engineers	132	17-2011
Agricultural engineers	133	17-2021
Biomedical engineers	134	17-2031
Chemical engineers	135	17-2041
Civil engineers	136	17-2051
Unused codes	137-139	
Computer hardware engineers	140	17-2061
Electrical and electronics engineers	141	17-2070
Environmental engineers	142	17-2081
Industrial engineers, including health		
and safety	143	17-2110
Marine engineers and naval		
architects	144	17-2121
Materials engineers	145	17-2131
Mechanical engineers	146	17-2141
Unused codes	147-149	

G–50 Code Lists

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Management, professional and related		
occupations—Con.		
Professional and related		
occupations—Con.		
Architecture and engineering occupations—Con.:		
Mining and geological engineers,		
including mining safety engineers	150	17-2151
Nuclear engineers	151	17-2161
Petroleum engineers	152	17-2171
Engineers, all other	153	17-2199
Drafters	154	17-3010
Engineering technicians, except	1.55	17.2020
drafters	155	17-3020
Surveying and mapping technicians	156	17-3031
Unused codes	157-159	
Life, physical, and social science occupations:	160-199	19-0000
Agricultural and food scientists	160	19-1010
Biological scientists	161	19-1020
Unused codes	162-163	.5 .626
Conservation scientists and foresters	164	19-1030
Medical scientists	165	19-1040
Unused codes	166-169	
Astronomers and physicists	170	19-2010
Atmospheric and space scientists	171	19-2021
Chemists and materials scientists	172	19-2030
Unused codes	173	
Environmental scientists and	174	10.2040
geoscientists	174	19-2040
Unused codes	175	10.2000
Physical scientists, all other Unused codes	176 177-179	19-2099
Economists	180	19-3011
Market and survey researchers	181	19-3020
Psychologists	182	19-3030
Sociologists	183	19-3041
Urban and regional planners	184	19-3051
Unused codes	185	
Miscellaneous social scientists and		
related workers	186	19-3090
Unused codes	187-189	
Agricultural and food science	100	10.4011
technicians	190	19-4011
Biological technicians	191	19-4021
Chemical technicians	192	19-4031
9 '	193	19-4041
Nuclear technicians Unused codes	194 195	19-4051
Other life, physical, and social	1 33	
science technicians	196	19-40XX
Unused codes	197-199	2 1-1-1

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Management, professional and related		
occupations—Con.		
Professional and related occupations—Con.		
Community and social services	200 200	21 0000
occupations:	200-209	21-0000
Counselors	200	21-1010
Social workers	201	21-1020
Miscellaneous community and social service specialists	202	21-1090
Unused codes	203	21-1090
Clergy	204	21-2011
Directors, religious activities and	204	21 2011
education	205	21-2021
Religious workers, all other	206	21-2099
Unused codes	207-209	
Legal occupations:	210-219	23-0000
Lawyers	210	23-1011
Judges, magistrates, and other		
judicial workers	211	23-1020
Unused codes	212-213	
Paralegals and legal assistants	214	23-2011
Miscellaneous legal support workers	215	23-2090
Unused codes	216-219	
Education, training, and library	220 250	25.0000
occupations:	220-259	25-0000
Postsecondary teachers	220	25-1000
Unused codes	221-229	25 2010
Preschool and kindergarten teachers	230	25-2010
Elementary and middle school teachers	231	25-2020
Secondary school teachers	232	25-2030
Special education teachers	233	25-2040
Other teachers and instructors	234	25-3000
Unused codes	235-239	23 3000
Archivists, curators, and museum		
technicians	240	25-4010
Unused codes	241-242	
Librarians	243	25-4021
Library technicians	244	25-4031
Unused codes	245-253	
Teacher assistants	254	25-9041
Other education, training, and library		
workers	255	25-90XX
Unused codes	256-259	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports,	260 200	37.0000
and media occupations:	260-299	27-0000
Artists and related workers Unused codes	260 261-262	27-1010
	263	27-1020
Designers Unused codes	264-269	21-1020
Actors	270	27-2011
ACTOLS	210	27 2011

G–52 Code Lists

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Management, professional and related		
occupations—Con.		
Professional and related occupations—Con.		
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations—Con.		
Producers and directors	271	27-2012
Athletes, coaches, umpires, and related workers	272	27-2020
Unused codes	273	
Dancers and choreographers	274	27-2030
Musicians, singers, and related	275	27 2040
workers	275	27-2040
Entertainers and performers, sports and related workers, all other	276	27-2099
Unused codes	277-279	27-2099
Announcers	280	27-3010
News analysts, reporters and	200	27 3010
correspondents	281	27-3020
Public relations specialists	282	27-3031
Editors	283	27-3041
Technical writers	284	27-3042
Writers and authors	285	27-3043
Miscellaneous media and communi-		
cation workers	286	27-3090
Unused codes	287-289	
Broadcast and sound engineering		
technicians and radio operators	290	27-4010
Photographers	291	27-4021
Television, video, and motion picture	202	27 4020
camera operators and editors Unused codes	292	27-4030
Media and communication equip-	293-295	
ment workers, all other	296	27-4099
Unused codes	297-299	27 1033
Healthcare practitioner and technical		
occupations:	300-359	29-0000
Chiropractors	300	29-1011
Dentists	301	29-1020
Unused codes	302	
Dietitians and nutritionists	303	29-1031
Optometrists	304	29-1041
Pharmacists	305	29-1051
Physicians and surgeons	306	29-1060
Unused codes	307-310	
Physician assistants	311	29-1071
Podiatrists	312	29-1081
Registered nurses	313	29-1111
Audiologists	314	29-1121
Occupational therapists	315	29-1122
Physical therapists Unused codes	316 317-319	29-1123

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Management, professional and related		
occupations—Con.		
Professional and related		
occupations—Con.		
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations—Con.		
Radiation therapists	320	29-1124
Recreational therapists	321	29-1125
Respiratory therapists	322	29-1126
Speech-language pathologists	323	29-1127
Therapists, all other	324	29-1129
Veterinarians	325	29-1131
Health diagnosing and treating		
practitioners, all other	326	29-1199
Unused codes	327-329	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	330	29-2010
Dental hygienists	331	29-2010
Diagnostic related technologists and	331	29-2021
technicians	332	29-2030
Unused codes	333-339	23 2030
Emergency medical technicians and		
paramedics	340	29-2041
Health diagnosing and treating		
practitioner support technicians	341	29-2050
Unused codes	342-349	
Licensed practical and licensed voca-	250	20.2061
tional nurses	350	29-2061
Medical records and health informa- tion technicians	351	29-2071
Opticians, dispensing	352	29-2081
Miscellaneous health technologists	332	25 2001
and technicians	353	29-2090
Other healthcare practitioners and		
technical occupations	354	29-9000
Unused codes	355-359	
Service occupations:		31-0000 through
	360-469	39-0000
Healthcare support occupations:	360-369	31-0000
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	260	21 1010
	360	31-1010
Occupational therapist assistants and aides	361	31-2010
Physical therapist assistants and		
aides	362	31-2020
Massage therapists	363	31-9011
Dental assistants	364	31-9091
Medical assistants and other health-		
care support occupations	365	31-909X
Unused codes	366-369	
Protective service occupations:	370-399	33-0000
First-line supervisors/managers of	270	22 1011
correctional officers	370	33-1011

G–54 Code Lists

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent Management, pro- fessional and related
Service occupations—Con.:		
Protective service occupations—Con.:		
First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives	371	33-1012
First-line supervisors/managers of fire fighting and prevention workers	372	33-1021
Supervisors, protective service workers, all other	373	33-1099
Fire fighters	374	33-2011
Fire inspectors	375	33-2020
Unused codes	376-379	33 2020
Bailiffs, correctional officers, and	370 373	
jailers	380	33-3010
Unused codes	381	33 30.10
Detectives and criminal investigators	382	33-3021
Fish and game wardens	383	33-3031
Parking enforcement workers	384	33-3041
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	385	33-3051
Transit and railroad police	386	33-3052
Unused codes	387-389	33-3032
Animal control workers	390	33-9011
Private detectives and investigators	391	33-9021
Security guards and gaming surveil-	391	33-9021
lance officers	392	33-9030
Unused codes	393	33 3030
Crossing guards	394	33-9091
Lifeguards and other protective ser-	334	33-9091
vice workers	395	33-909X
Unused codes	396-399	33 303A
Food preparation and serving related	330 333	
occupations:	400-419	35-0000
Chefs and head cooks	400	35-1011
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving		
workers	401	35-1012
Cooks	402	35-2010
Food preparation workers	403	35-2021
Bartenders	404	35-3011
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	405	35-3021
Counter attendants, cafeteria, food	406	25 2022
concession, and coffee shop	406	35-3022
Unused codes	407-410	25 2021
Waiters and waitresses	411	35-3031
Food servers, nonrestaurant	412	35-3041
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers	413	35-9011
Dishwashers	414	35-9021
Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop	415	35-9031
Food preparation and serving related	41.0	35 0000
workers, all other	416	35-9099
Unused codes	417-419	_
Code Lists		G-55

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Service occupations—Con.:		
Building and grounds cleaning and		
maintenance occupations:	420-429	37-0000
First-line supervisors/managers of		
housekeeping and janitorial workers	420	37-1011
First-line supervisors/managers of		
landscaping, lawn service, and	421	27 1012
groundskeeping workers	421	37-1012 37-201X
Janitors and building cleaners Maids and housekeeping cleaners	423	37-201X 37-2012
Pest control workers	424	37-2012 37-2021
Grounds maintenance workers	425	37-3010
Unused codes	426-429	37-3010
	430-469	39-0000
Personal care and service occupations:	430-469	39-0000
First-line supervisors/managers of gaming workers	430	39-1010
Unused codes	431	33 1010
First-line supervisors/managers of	131	
personal service workers	432	39-1021
Unused codes	433	
Animal trainers	434	39-2011
Nonfarm animal caretakers	435	39-2021
Unused codes	436-439	
Gaming services workers	440	39-3010
Motion picture projectionists	441	39-3021
Ushers, lobby attendants, and ticket		
takers	442	39-3031
Miscellaneous entertainment atten-		
dants and related workers	443	39-3090
Unused codes	444-445	
Funeral service workers	446	39-4000
Unused codes	447-449	
Barbers	450	39-5011
Hairdressers, hairstylists, and	4 - 1	20 5012
cosmetologists	451	39-5012
Miscellaneous personal appearance workers	452	39-5090
Baggage porters, bellhops, and	732	33 3030
concierges	453	39-6010
Tour and travel guides	454	39-6020
Transportation attendants	455	39-6030
Unused codes	456-459	
Child care workers	460	39-9011
Personal and home care aides	461	39-9021
Recreation and fitness workers	462	39-9030
Unused codes	463	
Residential advisors	464	39-9041
Personal care and service workers, all		
other	465	39-9099
Unused codes	466-469	

G–56 Code Lists

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Sales and office occupations:		41-0000 through
	470-599	43-0000
Sales and related occupations:	470-499	41-0000
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	470	41-1011
First-line supervisors/managers of		
non-retail sales workers	471	41-1012
Cashiers	472	41-2010
Unused codes	473	41 2021
Counter and rental clerks	474	41-2021
Parts salespersons	475	41-2022
Retail salespersons	476	41-2031
Unused codes	477-479	41 2011
Advertising sales agents	480	41-3011
Insurance sales agents	481	41-3021
Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents	482	41-3031
Travel agents	483	41-3041
Sales representatives, services, all	403	41-3041
other	484	41-3099
Sales representatives, wholesale and		
manufacturing	485	41-4010
Unused codes	486-489	
Models, demonstrators, and product	400	41.0010
promoters	490	41-9010
Unused codes	491	41.0020
Real estate brokers and sales agents	492 493	41-9020
Sales engineers Telemarketers	494	41-9031 41-9041
Door-to-door sales workers, news	494	41-9041
and street vendors, and related		
workers	495	41-9091
Sales and related workers, all other	496	41-9099
Unused codes	497-499	
Office and administrative support		
occupations:	500-599	43-0000
First-line supervisors/managers of		
office and administrative support	F00	42 1011
workers	500	43-1011
Switchboard operators, including answering service	501	43-2011
Telephone operators	502	43-2011
Communications equipment opera-	302	43-2021
tors, all other	503	43-2099
Unused codes	504-509	13 2033
Bill and account collectors	510	43-3011
Billing and posting clerks and	3.0	
machine operators	511	43-3021
Bookkeeping, accounting, and audit-		
ing clerks	512	43-3031

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Sales and office occupations—Con.		
Sales and related occupations—Con.		
Office and administrative support occupations—Con.		
Gaming cage workers	513	43-3041
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	514	43-3051
Procurement clerks	515	43-3061
Tellers	516	43-3071
Unused codes	517-519	
Brokerage clerks	520	43-4011
Correspondence clerks	521	43-4021
Court, municipal, and license clerks	522	43-4031
Credit authorizers, checkers, and clerks	523	43-4041
	524	43-4041
Customer service representatives Eligibility interviewers, government	324	43-4031
programs	525	43-4061
File clerks	526	43-4071
Unused codes	527-529	.5 .6
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	530	43-4081
Interviewers, except eligibility and		.5 .55.
loan	531	43-4111
Library assistants, clerical	532	43-4121
Loan interviewers and clerks	533	43-4131
New accounts clerks	534	43-4141
Order clerks	535	43-4151
Human resources assistants, except		
payroll and timekeeping	536	43-4161
Unused codes	537-539	
Receptionists and information clerks	540	43-4171
Reservation and transportation ticket	F 4 1	42 4101
agents and travel clerks Information and record clerks, all	541	43-4181
other	542	43-4199
Unused codes	543-549	75 7155
Cargo and freight agents	550	43-5011
Couriers and messengers	551	43-5021
Dispatchers	552	43-5030
Meter readers, utilities	553	43-5041
Postal service clerks	554	43-5051
Postal service mail carriers	555	43-5052
Postal service mail sorters, proces- sors, and processing machine		
operators	556	43-5053
Unused codes	557-559	
Production, planning, and expediting		
clerks	560	43-5061
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	561	43-5071
Stock clerks and order fillers	562	43-5081
Weighers, measurers, checkers, and	F.6.2	42 5111
samplers, recordkeeping Unused codes	563	43-5111
uliuseu coues	564-569	

G–58 Code Lists

Sales and office occupations—Con.  Sales and related occupations—Con.  Office and administrative support occupations—Con.  Secretaries and administrative assistants 570 43-6010  Unused codes 571-579  Computer operators 580 43-9011  Data entry keyers 581 43-9021  Word processors and typists 582 43-9022  Desktop publishers 583 43-9031  Insurance claims and policy processing clerks 43-9051  Office clerks, general 586 43-9051  Office derks, general 586 43-9061  Unused codes 587-589  Office machine operators, except computer 590 43-9071  Proofreaders and copy markers 591 43-9081  Statistical assistants 592 43-9111  Office and administrative support workers, all other 593 43-9199  Unused codes 594-599  Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations: First-line supervisors/managers of farming, fishing, and forestry workers 600 45-2021  Unused codes 603  Graders and sorters, agricultural products 604 45-2021  Unused codes 605 45-2020  Unused codes 606-609  Fishers and related fishing workers 610 45-3011  Hunters and trappers 611 45-3021  Forest and conservation workers 612 45-4011  Logging workers 612 45-4011  Logging workers 612 45-4011  Logging workers 612 45-4020  Unused codes 614-619	SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
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Secretaries and administrative   assistants   570   43-6010     Unused codes   571-579     Computer operators   580   43-9011     Data entry keyers   581   43-9021     Word processors and typists   582   43-9022     Desktop publishers   583   43-9031     Insurance claims and policy processing clerks   584   43-9041     Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service   585   43-9051     Office clerks, general   586   43-9061     Unused codes   587-589     Office machine operators, except computer   590   43-9071     Proofreaders and copy markers   591   43-9081     Statistical assistants   592   43-9111     Office and administrative support workers, all other   593   43-9199     Unused codes   594-599     Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations:   First-line supervisors/managers of farming, fishing, and forestry workers   600   45-1010     Agricultural inspectors   601   45-2011     Animal breeders   602   45-2021     Unused codes   603     Graders and sorters, agricultural products   604   45-2011     Animal breaders   605   45-2090     Unused codes   606-609     Fishers and related fishing workers   610   45-3011     Hunters and trappers   611   45-3021     Forest and conservation workers   612   45-4020	Office and administrative support		
Unused codes Computer operators Computer operators Data entry keyers Word processors and typists Desktop publishers Insurance claims and policy processing clerks Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service Office clerks, general Unused codes Office machine operators, except computer Proofreaders and copy markers Statistical assistants Office and administrative support workers, all other Unused codes Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations: First-line supervisors/managers of farming, fishing, and forestry workers Agricultural inspectors Agricultural inspectors Unused codes Graders and sorters, agricultural products Unused codes Fishers and related fishing workers Unused codes Fishers and related fishing workers Forest and conservation w	Secretaries and administrative		
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Data entry keyers Word processors and typists Desktop publishers Sez Desktop publishers Insurance claims and policy processing clerks Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service Office clerks, general Unused codes Office machine operators, except computer Proofreaders and copy markers Sez			
Word processors and typists Desktop publishers Desktop publishers Insurance claims and policy processing clerks Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service Office clerks, general Unused codes Office machine operators, except computer Proofreaders and copy markers Statistical assistants Office and administrative support workers, all other Unused codes First-line supervisors/managers of farming, fishing, and forestry workers Agricultural inspectors Agricultural inspectors Agricultural mispectors Unused codes Graders and sorters, agricultural products Unused codes Firshers and rappers Unused codes Firshers and rappers Unused codes Fishers and rappers Unused codes Fishers and trappers Got Unused codes Fishers and rappers Got Forest and conservation workers Got	·		
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Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service  Office clerks, general  Unused codes  Office machine operators, except computer  Proofreaders and copy markers  Satatistical assistants  Office and administrative support workers, all other Unused codes  First-line supervisors/managers of farming, fishing, and forestry workers  Agricultural inspectors  Agricultural inspectors  Oraders and sorters, agricultural products  Miscellaneous agricultural workers  Fishers and related fishing workers  Forest and conservation workers  Logging workers  585  43-9051  43-9061  43-9071  790  43-9071  790  43-9071  790  43-9111  790  600-619  45-0000  45-0000  45-0000  45-0000  45-1010  600  45-2011  601  45-2011  604  45-2021  604  45-2041  604  45-2041  604  45-2041  605  606-609  Fishers and related fishing workers  610  45-3011  Hunters and trappers  611  45-3021  Forest and conservation workers  612  45-4011  Logging workers		504	42.0041
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Office clerks, general Unused codes Office machine operators, except computer Proofreaders and copy markers Statistical assistants Office and administrative support workers, all other Unused codes First-line supervisors/managers of farming, fishing, and forestry workers Agricultural inspectors Animal breeders Unused codes Graders and sorters, agricultural products Miscellaneous agricultural workers Unused codes Fishers and related fishing workers Fishers and conservation workers Fishers F		FOF	42 00E1
Unused codes Office machine operators, except computer Froofreaders and copy markers Solutistical assistants Office and administrative support workers, all other Unused codes First-line supervisors/managers of farming, fishing, and forestry workers Agricultural inspectors Animal breeders Unused codes Graders and sorters, agricultural products Miscellaneous agricultural workers Fishers and related fishing workers First- and conservation workers Office and administrative support Solution Solutio			
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Proofreaders and copy markers Statistical assistants Office and administrative support workers, all other Unused codes Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations: First-line supervisors/managers of farming, fishing, and forestry workers Agricultural inspectors Animal breeders Unused codes Graders and sorters, agricultural products Miscellaneous agricultural workers Fishers and related fishing workers Fishers and conservation workers First-line supervisors/managers of 600-619 First-line supervisors/managers of 600-619 First-line supervisors/managers of 600-619 Fishers and forestry workers Find First-line supervisors/managers of 600-619 Fishers and supervisors/managers of 600 Fishers and related fishing workers Find First-line supervisors/managers Find Find First-line supervisors/managers Find Find Find Find Find Find Find Find		590	43-9071
Statistical assistants Office and administrative support workers, all other Unused codes Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations: First-line supervisors/managers of farming, fishing, and forestry workers  Agricultural inspectors Animal breeders Unused codes Graders and sorters, agricultural products Miscellaneous agricultural workers Fishers and related fishing workers Forest and conservation workers Forest			
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Unused codes Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations:  First-line supervisors/managers of farming, fishing, and forestry workers  Agricultural inspectors  Animal breeders  Unused codes  Graders and sorters, agricultural products  Miscellaneous agricultural workers  Unused codes  Fishers and related fishing workers  Forest and conservation workers  Logging workers  600  45-1010  45-2011  45-2021  45-2021  45-2041  45-2041  45-2090  45-2090  45-3011  45-3021  45-3021  45-4011  Logging workers  612  45-4020		593	43-9199
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations: 600-619 45-0000  First-line supervisors/managers of farming, fishing, and forestry workers 600 45-1010  Agricultural inspectors 601 45-2011  Animal breeders 602 45-2021  Unused codes 603  Graders and sorters, agricultural products 604 45-2041  Miscellaneous agricultural workers 605 45-2090  Unused codes 606-609  Fishers and related fishing workers 610 45-3011  Hunters and trappers 611 45-3021  Forest and conservation workers 612 45-4011  Logging workers 613 45-4020			
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Animal breeders 602 45-2021 Unused codes 603 Graders and sorters, agricultural products 604 45-2041 Miscellaneous agricultural workers 605 45-2090 Unused codes 606-609 Fishers and related fishing workers 610 45-3011 Hunters and trappers 611 45-3021 Forest and conservation workers 612 45-4011 Logging workers 613 45-4020	workers	600	45-1010
Unused codes Graders and sorters, agricultural products Miscellaneous agricultural workers Unused codes Graders and related fishing workers Hunters and trappers Forest and conservation workers Gos Gos Gos Gos Gos Gos Gos Gos Gos Go		601	45-2011
Graders and sorters, agricultural products 604 45-2041 Miscellaneous agricultural workers 605 45-2090 Unused codes 606-609 Fishers and related fishing workers 610 45-3011 Hunters and trappers 611 45-3021 Forest and conservation workers 612 45-4011 Logging workers 613 45-4020	Animal breeders		45-2021
products 604 45-2041 Miscellaneous agricultural workers 605 45-2090 Unused codes 606-609 Fishers and related fishing workers 610 45-3011 Hunters and trappers 611 45-3021 Forest and conservation workers 612 45-4011 Logging workers 613 45-4020	Unused codes	603	
Miscellaneous agricultural workers 605 45-2090 Unused codes 606-609 Fishers and related fishing workers 610 45-3011 Hunters and trappers 611 45-3021 Forest and conservation workers 612 45-4011 Logging workers 613 45-4020			
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Hunters and trappers61145-3021Forest and conservation workers61245-4011Logging workers61345-4020			
Forest and conservation workers 612 45-4011 Logging workers 613 45-4020			
Logging workers 613 45-4020		_	
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linusad codas 61/1-610	55 5		45-4020
		614-619	.=
Construction, extraction and maintenance 47-0000 through		620.760	
occupations: 620-769 49-0000	•	620-769	49-0000
Construction and extraction occupa- tions: 620-699 47-0000		620-600	47-0000
First-line supervisors/managers of		020-099	47-0000
construction trades and extraction			
workers 620 47-1011		620	47-1011
Boilermakers 621 47-2011	Boilermakers	621	47-2011
Brickmasons, blockmasons, and			
stonemasons 622 47-2020		622	47-2020
Carpenters 623 47-2031	Carpenters	623	47-2031
Carpet, floor, and tile installers and			
finishers 624 47-2040	finishers	624	47-2040

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Construction, extraction and maintenance occupations—Con.		
Construction and extraction occupations—Con.		
Cement masons, concrete finishers, and terrazzo workers	625	47-2050
Construction laborers Unused codes	626 627-629	47-2061
Paving, surfacing, and tamping equipment operators	630	47-2071
Pile-driver operators	631	47-2072
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators	632	47-2073
Drywall installers, ceiling tile install- ers, and tapers	633	47-2080
Unused codes	634	
Electricians	635	47-2111
Glaziers	636	47-2121
Unused codes	637-639	
Insulation workers	640	47-2130
Unused codes	641	
Painters, construction and		
maintenance	642	47-2141
Paperhangers	643	47-2142
Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	644	47.2150
Unused codes	645	47-2150
Plasterers and stucco masons	646	47-2161
Unused codes	647-649	47-2101
Reinforcing iron and rebar workers	650	47-2171
Roofers	651	47-2171
Sheet metal workers	652	47-2211
Structural iron and steel workers	653	47-2221
Unused codes	654-659	17 2221
Helpers, construction trades	660	47-3010
Unused codes	661-665	
Construction and building inspectors	666	47-4011
Unused codes	667-669	
Elevator installers and repairers	670	47-4021
Fence erectors	671	47-4031
Hazardous materials removal		
workers	672	47-4041
Highway maintenance workers	673	47-4051
Rail-track laying and maintenance	a=.	
equipment operators	674	47-4061
Septic tank servicers and sewer pipe	675	47 4071
cleaners Miscellaneous construction and	0/3	47-4071
related workers	676	47-4090
Unused codes	677-679	
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G–60 Code Lists

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Construction, extraction and maintenance occupations—Con.		
Construction and extraction occupations—Con.		
Derrick, rotary drill, and service unit	690	47 5010
operators, oil, gas, and mining Unused codes	680 681	47-5010
Earth drillers, except oil and gas	682	47-5021
Explosives workers, ordnance	692	47.5021
handling experts, and blasters Mining machine operators	683 684	47-5031 47-5040
Unused codes	685-690	47-3040
Roof bolters, mining	691	47-5061
Roustabouts, oil and gas	692	47-5071
Helpers—extraction workers	693	47-5081
Other extraction workers	694	47-50XX
Unused codes	695-699	47 JOAA
Installation, maintenance, and repair	033 033	
occupations:	700-769	49-0000
First-line supervisors/managers of mechanics, installers, and repairers	700	49-1011
Computer, automated teller, and	700	43 1011
office machine repairers	701	49-2011
Radio and telecommunications equip- ment installers and repairers	702	49-2020
Avionics technicians	703	49-2091
Electric motor, power tool, and	703	13 2031
related repairers	704	49-2092
Electrical and electronics installers		
and repairers, transportation	705	49-2093
equipment Unused codes	705 706-709	49-2095
	700-709	
Electrical and electronics repairers, industrial and utility	710	49-209X
Electronic equipment installers and repairers, motor vehicles	711	49-2096
Electronic home entertainment equip- ment installers and repairers	712	49-2097
Security and fire alarm systems installers	713	49-2098
Aircraft mechanics and service technicians	714	49-3011
Automotive body and related repairers	715	49-3021
Automotive glass installers and		
repairers	716	49-3022
Unused codes	717-719	
Automotive service technicians and	720	40.2022
mechanics Bus and truck mechanics and diesel	720	49-3023
engine specialists	721	49-3031

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Construction, extraction and maintenance occupations—Con.		
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations—Con.		
Heavy vehicle and mobile equipment		
service technicians and mechanics Unused codes	722 723	49-3040
Small engine mechanics	724	49-3050
Unused codes	725	13 3030
Miscellaneous vehicle and mobile equipment mechanics, installers,		
and repairers	726	49-3090
Unused codes	727-729	
Control and valve installers and repairers	730	49-9010
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and		
installers	731	49-9021
Home appliance repairers	732	49-9031
Industrial and refractory machinery mechanics	733	49-904X
Maintenance and repair workers,	72.4	40.0042
general	734 735	49-9042 49-9043
Maintenance workers, machinery Millwrights	736	49-9043
Unused codes	737-740	43-3044
Electrical power-line installers and	737 740	
repairers	741	49-9051
Telecommunications line installers and repairers	742	49-9052
Precision instrument and equipment	7.40	10.0050
repairers	743	49-9060
Unused codes Coin, vending, and amusement	744-750	
machine servicers and repairers	751	49-9091
Commercial divers	752	49-9092
Unused codes	753	
Locksmiths and safe repairers	754	49-9094
Manufactured building and mobile		
home installers	755	49-9095
Riggers	756	49-9096
Unused codes	757-759	40.0007
Signal and track switch repairers Helpers—installation, maintenance,	760	49-9097
and repair workers	761	49-9098
Other installation, maintenance, and repair workers	762	49-909X
Unused codes	763-769	49-3037
Production, transportation and material	. 55 . 65	51-0000 through
moving occupations:	770-979	53-0000
Production occupations:	770-899	51-0000
First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating workers	770	51-1011

G–62 Code Lists

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Production, transportation and material		
moving occupations—Con.  Production occupations—Con.		
Aircraft structure, surfaces, rigging,		
and systems assemblers	771	51-2011
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical assemblers	772	51-2020
Engine and other machine assemblers	773	51-2031
Structural metal fabricators and fitters	774	51-2041
Miscellaneous assemblers and		
fabricators	775	51-2090
Unused codes	776-779	
Bakers	780	51-3011
Butchers and other meat, poultry,		
and fish processing workers	781	51-3020
Unused codes	782	
Food and tobacco roasting, baking, and drying machine operators and		
tenders	783	51-3091
Food batchmakers	784	51-3092
Food cooking machine operators and		
tenders	785	51-3093
Unused codes	786-789	
Computer control programmers and	700	F1 4010
operators	790	51-4010
Unused codes	791	
Extruding and drawing machine		
setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	792	51-4021
•	792	31-4021
Forging machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	793	51-4022
Rolling machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	794	51-4023
Cutting, punching, and press	7 34	31-4023
machine setters, operators, and		
tenders, metal and plastic	795	51-4031
Drilling and boring machine tool		
setters, operators, and		
tenders, metal and plastic	796	51-4032
Unused codes	797-799	
Grinding, lapping, polishing, and		
buffing machine tool setters,		
operators, and tenders, metal and		
plastic	800	51-4033
Lathe and turning machine tool		
setters, operators, and		
tenders, metal and plastic	801	51-4034
Milling and planing machine setters,		
operators, and tenders, metal and	902	E1 402E
plastic Machinists	802	51-4035
Machinists	803	51-4041

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Production, transportation and material		
moving occupations—Con.		
Production occupations—Con.		
Metal furnace and kiln operators and tenders	904	E1 40E0
Unused codes	804 805	51-4050
Model makers and patternmakers,	803	
metal and plastic	806	51-4060
Unused codes	807-809	31 1000
Molders and molding machine	00. 003	
setters, operators, and		
tenders, metal and plastic	810	51-4070
Unused codes	811	
Multiple machine tool setters, opera-	0.1.0	
tors, and tenders, metal and plastic	812	51-4081
Tool and die makers	813	51-4111
Welding, soldering, and brazing workers	814	51-4120
Heat treating equipment setters,	014	31-4120
operators, and tenders, metal and		
plastic	815	51-4191
Lay-out workers, metal and plastic	816	51-4192
Unused codes	817-819	
Plating and coating machine setters,		
operators, and tenders, metal and		
plastic	820	51-4193
Tool grinders, filers, and sharpeners	821	51-4194
Metalworkers and plastic workers, all other	022	E1 4100
	822 823	51-4199 51-5010
Bookbinders and bindery workers Job printers	824	51-5021
Prepress technicians and workers	825	51-5022
Printing machine operators	826	51-5023
Unused codes	827-829	31 3023
Laundry and dry-cleaning workers	830	51-6011
Pressers, textile, garment, and	030	31 0011
related materials	831	51-6021
Sewing machine operators	832	51-6031
Shoe and leather workers and		
repairers	833	51-6041
Shoe machine operators and tenders	834	51-6042
Tailors, dressmakers, and sewers	835	51-6050
Textile bleaching and dyeing	0.2.6	F1 6061
machine operators and tenders	836	51-6061
Unused codes	837-839	
Textile cutting machine setters, operators, and tenders	840	51-6062
Textile knitting and weaving machine	040	31-0002
setters, operators, and tenders	841	51-6063
Textile winding, twisting, and draw-	J	3. 0003
ing out machine setters, operators,		
and tenders	842	51-6064

G-64 Code Lists

Production, transportation and material moving occupations—Con.  Extruding and forming machine setters, operators, and tenders, synthetic and glass fibers Fabric and apparel patternmakers Upholsterers Textile, apparel, and furnishings workers, all other Unused codes Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters Furniture finishers Model makers and patternmakers, wood Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood Woodworking machine setters, operators, and tenders, except sawing Unused codes Woodworking machine setters, operators, and dispatchers Stationary engineers and boiler operators Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators, and bendens workers griding, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers Cutting workers Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders Cutting workers Extruding and plending workers Samplers, and weighers Samplers, and weighers Samplers, and weighers Samplers, and weighers Pewelers and precious stone and metal workers Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians Painting workers Results R	SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
tenders, synthetic and glass fibers	moving occupations—Con.  Production occupations—Con.  Extruding and forming machine		
Upholsterers Textile, apparel, and furnishings workers, all other Unused codes Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters Furniture finishers Wood Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood Woodworking machine setters, operators, and tenders, except sawing Unused codes Power plant operators, distributors, and dispatchers Stationary engineers and boiler operators Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators Wiscellaneous plant and system operators Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers Cutting workers Cutting workers Cutting workers Station, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders Cutting workers Cutting workers Cutting workers Station, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders Cutting workers Cutt	tenders, synthetic and glass fibers		
workers, all other Unused codes Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters Furniture finishers Model makers and patternmakers, wood Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood Woodworking machine setters, operators, and tenders, except sawing Woodworkers, all other sawing Stationary engineers and boiler operators Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators Wiscellaneous plant and system operators Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers Struding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators, and tenders Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators, and tenders Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators, and tenders Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators, and tenders Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators, and tenders Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators, and tenders S73 S1-9051 Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers S75 S1-9071 Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians A76 S1-9080 Unused codes Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders S80 S1-9111 Painting workers S81 S1-9120 Unused codes Photographic process workers and	Upholsterers	-	
Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters Furniture finishers Model makers and patternmakers, wood Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood Woodworking machine setters, operators, and tenders, except sawing Woodworkers, all other Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, except sawing Woodworkers, all other Stationary engineers and boiler operators Miscellaneous plant and system operators Miscellaneous plant and system operators Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders Stationary, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders Crushin, oven, drier, and kettle operators, and tenders Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians Unused codes Photographic process workers and Painting workers Samplers, and tenders Samplers, and senders Samplers, and selections and tenders Samplers, and selections and tenders Samplers, and selections and precious stone and metal workers Samplers, and selections and tenders Samplers, and selections and selec	workers, all other		51-6099
Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood  Woodworking machine setters, operators, and tenders, except sawing  Woodworkers, all other Unused codes  Power plant operators, distributors, and dispatchers  Stationary engineers and boiler operators  Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators  Wiscellaneous plant and system operators  Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders Sef4  Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers Unused codes  Cutting workers  Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders soperators, and tenders  Furnace, kilh, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers  Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers  Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians  Vinused codes  Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders  Real S1-7041  S1-8021  S60  S1-8010  S1-8021  S61  S62  S1-8031  S62  S1-8031  S63  S1-8090  Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders S64  S1-9010  S1-8021  S61  S1-8021  S61  S1-8021  S62  S1-8031  S62  S1-8031  S62  S1-8031  S63  S1-9010  S64  S1-9010  S64  S1-9010  S65  S1-9020  S66  S71-8031  S66  S1-9031  S66  S1-9030  S71-9051  S71-9051  S71-9061  S72  S71-9061  S73  S71-9061  S73  S71-9071  S73  S71-9071  S74  S75  S71-9071  S78  S78  S78  S78  S78  S78  S78  S	Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters	850	
and tenders, wood  Woodworking machine setters, operators, and tenders, except sawing  Woodworkers, all other sswing  Woodworkers, all other ssociationary engineers and boiler operators  Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators  Miscellaneous plant and system operators  Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers  Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders  Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders  Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders  Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders  Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders  Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders  Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers  Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers  Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians  Unused codes  Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders  880  S1-911  Painting workers  881  S1-9120  Unused codes  Photographic process workers and		852	51-7030
operators, and tenders, except sawing 854 51-7042 Woodworkers, all other 855 51-7099 Unused codes 856-859 Power plant operators, distributors, and dispatchers 860 51-8010 Stationary engineers and boiler operators 861 51-8021 Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators 862 51-8031 Miscellaneous plant and system operators 863 51-8090 Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders 864 51-9010 Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers 865 51-9020 Unused codes 866-870 Cutting workers 871 51-9030 Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders 872 51-9041 Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders 873 51-9051 Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers 874 51-9061 Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers 875 51-9071 Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians 876 51-9080 Unused codes 877-879 Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders 880 51-9111 Painting workers 881 51-9120 Unused codes 882 Photographic process workers and	and tenders, wood	853	51-7041
Woodworkers, all other Unused codes Power plant operators, distributors, and dispatchers Stationary engineers and boiler operators Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators Miscellaneous plant and system operators Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders Unused codes Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders Operators, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers Operators, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers Operators, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers Operators and tenders Operators and tenders Operators and fenders Operators Operator	operators, and tenders, except	0.5.4	E1 7043
Power plant operators, distributors, and dispatchers  Stationary engineers and boiler operators  Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators  Miscellaneous plant and system operators  Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders  Unused codes  Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders  Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders  Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders  Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders  Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders  Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers  Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers  Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians  Unused codes  Unused codes  870  S1-8021  S61  S1-8021  S62  S1-8031  S63  S1-8090  S64  S1-9010  S65  S1-9020  S66-870  S71-9030  S71-9030  S71-9030  S71-9030  S71-9030  S71-9041  S71-9051  S71-9051  S71-9051  S71-9051  S71-9051  S71-9051  S71-9051  S71-9061  S71-9061  S71-9071  Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians  Unused codes  S77-879  Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders  S71  S71-9080  S71-9011  S71-9020  S71-9030  S71-9030  S71-9051	Woodworkers, all other	855	
Stationary engineers and boiler operators 861 51-8021  Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators 862 51-8031  Miscellaneous plant and system operators 863 51-8090  Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders 864 51-9010  Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers 865 51-9020  Unused codes 866-870  Cutting workers 871 51-9030  Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders 872 51-9041  Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders 873 51-9051  Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers 874 51-9061  Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers 875 51-9071  Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians 876 51-9080  Unused codes 877-879  Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders 880 51-9111  Painting workers 881 51-9120  Unused codes 875  Photographic process workers and	Power plant operators, distributors,		51-8010
Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators  Miscellaneous plant and system operators  Operators  Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders  Unused codes  Cutting workers  Operators, and tenders  Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders  Operators, and tenders  Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders  Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders  Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers  Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers  Wedical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians  Unused codes  Unused codes  Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders  Painting workers  Water  862  51-8031  862  51-8031  863  51-8090  51-9020  51-9020  51-9030  51-9030  51-9041  51-9041  51-9041  51-9051  873  51-9051  874  51-9061  987  987  987  9880  51-9071  Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians  Operators and tenders  880  51-9111  Painting workers  881  51-9120  Unused codes  Photographic process workers and	Stationary engineers and boiler		
operators Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers Unused codes Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders Operators, and tenders Operators, and tenders Operators, and tenders Operators, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers Samplers, and precious stone and metal workers Operators technicians Operators and tenders Operators and precious stone and metal workers Operators	Water and liquid waste treatment	862	51-8031
setters, operators, and tenders Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers Unused codes Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders Setters, sorters, samplers, and weighers Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers Nedical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians Operators and tenders Setters, sorters,	operators	863	51-8090
mixing, and blending workers Unused codes Sefe-870 Cutting workers Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers Wedical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians Unused codes Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders Unused codes Unused codes Unused codes Unused codes Unused codes Unused codes Extruding, forming, pressing, and sefe-870	setters, operators, and tenders	864	51-9010
Cutting workers 871 51-9030  Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders 872 51-9041  Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders 873 51-9051  Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers 874 51-9061  Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers 875 51-9071  Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians 876 51-9080  Unused codes 877-879  Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders 880 51-9111  Painting workers 881 51-9120  Unused codes 882  Photographic process workers and	mixing, and blending workers		51-9020
compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders 872 51-9041  Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders 873 51-9051  Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers 874 51-9061  Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers 875 51-9071  Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians 876 51-9080  Unused codes 877-879  Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders 880 51-9111  Painting workers 881 51-9120 Unused codes 882  Photographic process workers and	Cutting workers		51-9030
operators and tenders 873 51-9051 Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers 874 51-9061 Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers 875 51-9071 Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians 876 51-9080 Unused codes 877-879 Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders 880 51-9111 Painting workers 881 51-9120 Unused codes 882 Photographic process workers and	compacting machine setters,	872	51-9041
samplers, and weighers  Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers  Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians  Unused codes  Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders  Unused codes  876  876  51-9080  51-9080  51-9111  880  51-9111  Painting workers  881  51-9120  Unused codes  882  Photographic process workers and	operators and tenders	873	51-9051
metal workers 875 51-9071  Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians 876 51-9080  Unused codes 877-879  Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders 880 51-9111  Painting workers 881 51-9120  Unused codes 882  Photographic process workers and	samplers, and weighers	874	51-9061
laboratory technicians 876 51-9080 Unused codes 877-879 Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders 880 51-9111 Painting workers 881 51-9120 Unused codes 882 Photographic process workers and	metal workers	875	51-9071
operators and tenders 880 51-9111 Painting workers 881 51-9120 Unused codes 882 Photographic process workers and	laboratory technicians Unused codes		51-9080
Photographic process workers and	operators and tenders		
		882 883	51-9130

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Production, transportation and material moving occupations—Con.		
Production occupations—Con.		
Semiconductor processors	884	51-9141
Cementing and gluing machine		
operators and tenders	885	51-9191
Cleaning, washing, and metal		
pickling equipment operators and	000	51.0100
tenders	886	51-9192
Unused codes	887-889	
Cooling and freezing equipment	900	F1 0103
operators and tenders	890	51-9193
Etchers and engravers	891	51-9194
Molders, shapers, and casters, except metal and plastic	892	51-9195
Paper goods machine setters, opera-	092	31-9193
tors, and tenders	893	51-9196
Tire builders	894	51-9197
Helpers—production workers	895	51-9198
Production workers, all other	896	51-9199
Unused codes	897-899	31 3133
Transportation and material moving	037 033	
occupations:	900-979	53-0000
Supervisors, transportation and	300 3. 3	33 0000
material moving workers	900	53-1000
Unused codes	901-902	
Aircraft pilots and flight engineers	903	53-2010
Air traffic controllers and airfield		
operations specialists	904	53-2020
Unused codes	905-910	
Ambulance drivers and attendants,		
except emergency medical		
technicians	911	53-3011
Bus drivers	912	53-3020
Driver/sales workers and truck	012	F2 2020
drivers	913	53-3030
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs	914	53-3041
Motor vehicle operators, all other	915	53-3099
Unused codes	916-919	52.4010
Locomotive engineers and operators	920	53-4010
Unused codes	921-922	
Railroad brake, signal, and switch operators	923	53-4021
Railroad conductors and yardmasters	924	53-4031
Unused codes	925	33-4031
	923	
Subway, streetcar, and other rail transportation workers	926	53-40XX
Unused codes	927-929	33 10///
Sailors and marine oilers	930	53-5011
Ship and boat captains and operators		53-5020
Unused codes	932	JJ JULU
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G–66 Code Lists

SOC Based Census 2000 Category Title	Census 2000	2000 SOC Equivalent
Production, transportation and material moving occupations—Con.		
Transportation and material moving occupations—Con.		
Ship engineers	933	53-5031
Bridge and lock tenders	934	53-6011
Parking lot attendants	935	53-6021
Service station attendants	936	53-6031
Unused codes	937-940	
Transportation inspectors	941	53-6051
Other transportation workers	942	53-60XX
Unused codes	943-949	
Conveyor operators and tenders	950	53-7011
Crane and tower operators	951	53-7021
Dredge, excavating, and loading		
machine operators	952	53-7030
Unused codes	953-955	
Hoist and winch operators	956	53-7041
Unused codes	957-959	
Industrial truck and tractor operators		53-7051
Cleaners of vehicles and equipment	961	53-7061
Laborers and freight, stock, and		
material movers, hand	962	53-7062
Machine feeders and offbearers	963	53-7063
Packers and packagers, hand	964	53-7064
Pumping station operators	965	53-7070
Unused codes	966-971	
Refuse and recyclable material	072	F2 7091
collectors	972	53-7081
Shuttle car operators	973	53-7111 53-7121
Tank car, truck, and ship loaders	974	53-7121
Material moving workers, all other Unused codes	975	53-7199
	976-979	FF 0000
Military specific occupations	980-983	55-0000
Military officer and special tactical operations leaders/managers	980	55-1000
First-line enlisted military	300	33 1000
supervisors/managers	981	55-2000
Military enlisted tactical operations and air/weapons specialists		33 2000
and crew		
members	982	55-3000
Military, rank not specified	983	_
Unused codes	984-991	
Unemployed, with no work experience		
since 1995	992	

#### Note:

The Census 2000 occupational classification has 509 categories. Of these, 369 exactly match SOC detailed categories; another 127 match the SOC at its broad category or minor group level. There are 13 aggregates of multiple SOC categories that do not have an exact match to a single SOC code. Since each of the 13 aggregates contains more than one SOC equivalent, the Census Bureau will us an "X" or "XX" designation in tabulations that show data for these aggregates. These aggregates are as follows:

Census Code and Title	SOC Designation and Title	SOC Code
073 – Other Business Operations Specialists	13-11XX - Miscellaneous Business Operations Specialists including Emergency Management Specialist	13-1061 13-1199
100 – Computer Scientists and Systems Analysts	15-10XX – Miscellaneous Computer Specialists including Computer and Information Scientists and Computer Systems Analysts	15-1011 15-1051 15-1099
196 - Other Life, Physical, and Social Science Technicians	19-40XX - Miscellaneous Life, Physical, and Social Science Technicians including Social Science Research Assistants	19-4061 19-4090
255 – Other Education, Training, and Library Workers	25-90XX - Miscellaneous Education, Training, and Library Workers except Teacher Assistants	25-9011 25-9021 25-9031 25-9099
365 – Medical Assistants and Other Healthcare Support Occupations	31-909X – Miscellaneous Healthcare Support Workers, except Dental Assistants	31-9092 31-9093 31-9094 31-9095 31-9096 31-9099
395 – Lifeguards and Other Protective Service Workers	33-909X - Miscellaneous Protective Service Workers, except Crossing Guards	33-9092 33-9099
422 – Janitors and Building Cleaners	37-201X - Building Cleaning Workers, except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	37-2011 37-2019
694 - Other Extraction Workers	47-50XX - Miscellaneous Extraction Workers including Rock Splitters, Quarry	47-5051 47-5099
710 – Electrical and Electronics Repairers, Industrial and Utility	49-209X - Electrical and Electronics Repairers, Commercial and Industrial Equipment, Powerhouse, Substation, and Relay	49-2094 49-2095
733 – Industrial and Refractory Machinery Mechanics	49-904X - Industrial Machinery Mechanics plus Refractory Materials Repairers, Except Brickmasons	49-9041 49-9045
762 – Other Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Work- ers	49-909X - Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Workers, All Other, including Fabric Menders, Except Garment	49-9093 49-9099
926 - Subway, Streetcar, and Other Rail Transportation Workers	53-40XX - Miscellaneous Rail Transportation Workers including Subway and Streetcar Operators	53-4041 53-4099
942 – Other Transportation Workers	53-60XX - Miscellaneous Transportation Workers including TrafficTechnicians	53-6041 53-6099

G–68 Code Lists

# **RACE**

# WHITE (100-199)

100	White (Checkbox)
101	White
102	Arab
103	English
104	French
105	German
106	Irish
107	Italian
108	Near Easterner
109	Polish
110	Scottish
111	Armenian
112	Assyrian
113	Egyptian
114	Iranian
115	Iraqi
116	Lebanese
117	Middle East
118	Palestinian
119	Syrian
120	Other Arab
121	Afghanistani
122	Israeli
123	Californio
124	Cajun
125-	
139	Not Used
140	Multiple WHITE responses
141-	
199	Not Used

# **BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN (200-299)**

200	DI 1 45: 4 N (GI 11 )
200	Black, African Am., or Negro (Checkbox)
201	Black
202	African
203	African American
204	Afro-American
205	Nigritian
206	Negro
207	Bahamian
208	Barbadian
209	Botswana
210	Not Used
211	Not Used
212	Not Used
213	Ethiopian
214	Haitian
215	Jamaican
216	Liberian
217	Not Used
218	Namibian
219	Nigerian
	5

### BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN (200-299)—CON.

220 Other African 221 Not Used 222 Tobago 223 Trinidad 224 West Indies 225 Zaire 226-239 Not Used 240 Multiple BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN responses 241-

### AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)

300 American Indian or Alaska Native (Checkbox)

301-

299

399 Not Used

Not Used

### Abenaki

A01 Abenaki Nation of Missiquoi

A02-

A04 Not Used

### Algonquian

A05 Algonquian

A06-

A08 Not Used

## **Apache**

A09 Apache A10 Chiricahua

A11 Fort Sill Apache

A12 Jicarilla Apache

A13 Lipan Apache

A14 Mescalero Apache

A15 Oklahoma Apache

A16 Payson Tonto Apache

A17 San Carlos Apache

A18 White Mountain Apache

A19-

A23 Not Used

# **Arapahoe**

A24 Arapahoe

A25 Northern Arapahoe

A26 Southern Arapahoe

A27 Wind River Arapahoe

A28-

A30 Not Used

G–70 Code Lists

# AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### Arikara

A31 Arikara

A32-

A33 Not Used

#### Assiniboine

A34 Assiniboine

A35 Fort Peck Assiniboine A36 Fort Belknap Assiniboine

A37 Not Used

## **Assiniboine Sioux**

A38 Assiniboine Sioux

A39 Fort Peck Assiniboine and Sioux

A40-

A41 Not Used

#### Bannock

A42 Bannock

A43-

A44 Not Used

### Blackfeet

A45 Blackfeet

A46-

A50 Not Used

## **Brotherton**

A51 Brotherton

A52-

A53 Not Used

#### **Burt Lake Band**

A54 Burt Lake Band

A55 Not Used

#### Caddo

A56 Caddo

A57 Caddo Indian Tribe of Oklahoma

A58 Caddo Adais Indians

A59-

A60 Not Used

### Cahuilla

A61 Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians

A62 Augustine

A63 Cabazon Band of Cahuilla Mission Indians

A64 Cahuilla

A65 Los Coyotes Band of Cahuilla Mission Indians
A66 Morongo Band of Cahuilla Mission Indians

A67 Santa Rosa Cahuilla

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

A68 Torres-Martinez Band of Cahuilla Mission Indians
A69 Ramona Band or Village of Cahuilla Mission Indians

A70-

A74 Not Used

#### **California Tribes**

A75 Cahto Indian Tribe of the Laytonville Rancheria

A76 Chimariko A77 Coast Miwok

A78 Not Used

A79 Kawaiisu

A80 Kern River Paiute Council

A81 Mattole A82 Red Wood

A83 Santa Rosa Indian Community

A84 Takelma

## California Tribes—Con.

A85 Wappo

A86 Yana

A87 Yuki

A88 Bear River Band of Rohnerville Rancheria

A89-

A90 Not Used

A91 (See Tolowa heading)

A92-

A93 Not Used

## Canadian and Latin American

A94 Canadian Indian

A95 Central American Indian

A96 French American Indian
A97 Mexican American Indian

A98 South American Indian

A99 Spanish American Indian

B01-

B03 Not Used

# Catawba

B04 Catawba Indian Nation

B05-

B06 Not Used

# Cayuse

B07 Cayuse

B08-

B10 Not Used

G–72 Code Lists

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### **Chehalis**

B11 Chehalis

B12-

B13 Not Used

## Chemakuan

B14 Chemakuan

B15 Hoh Indian Tribe

B16 Quileute

B17-

B18 Not Used

#### Chemehuevi

B19 Chemehuevi B20 Not Used

### Cherokee

- B21 Cherokee
- B22 Cherokee Alabama
- B23 Cherokees of Northeast Alabama
- B24 Cherokees of Southeast Alabama
- B25 Eastern Cherokee
- B26 Echota Cherokee
- B27 Georgia Eastern Cherokee
- B28 Northern Cherokee Nation of Missouri and Arkansas
- B29 Tuscola

#### Cherokee—Con.

- B30 United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee
- B31 Western Cherokee
- B32 Southeastern Cherokee Council
- B33 Sac River Band of the Chickamauga-Cherokee
- B34 White River Band of the Chickamauga-Cherokee
- B35 Four Winds Cherokee
- B36 Cherokee of Georgia

## **Cherokee Shawnee**

- B37 Cherokee Shawnee
- B38-
- B39 Not Used

### Cheyenne

- B40 Cheyenne
- B41 Northern Cheyenne
- B42 Southern Cheyenne
- B43-
- B45 Not Used

# Cheyenne-Arapaho

B46 Cheyenne-Arapaho

B47-

B48 Not Used

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

### Chickahominy

B49 Chickahominy Indian Tribe B50 Chickahominy Eastern Band

B51-

B52 Not Used

### Chickasaw

B53 Chickasaw

B54-

B56 Not Used

#### Chinook

B57 Chinook B58 Clatsop

B59 Columbia River Chinook

B60 Kathlamet
B61 Upper Chinook
B62 Wakiakum Chinook
B63 Willapa Chinook

B64 Wishram

B65-

B66 Not Used

## Chippewa

B67 Bad River Band of the Lake Superior Tribe

B68 Bay Mills Indian Community of the Sault Ste. Marie Band

B69 Bois Forte/Nett Lake Band of Chippewa

B70 Burt Lake Chippewa

B71 Chippewa B72 Fond du Lac

# Chippewa—Con.

B73 Grand Portage

B74 Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians

B75 Keweenaw Bay Indian Community of the L'Anse and Ontonagon Bands

B76 Lac Court Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa

B77 Lac du Flambeau

B78 Lac Vieux Desert Band of Lake Superior Chippewa

B79 Lake Superior

B80 Leech Lake

B81 Little Shell Chippewa

B82 Mille Lacs

B83 Minnesota Chippewa

B84 Ontonagon

B85 Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa

B86 Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians

B87 Saginaw Chippewa

B88 St. Croix Chippewa

B89 Sault Ste. Marie Chippewa

B90 Sokoagon Chippewa

B91 Turtle Mountain Band

B92 White Earth

G–74 Code Lists

### AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

B93 Swan Creek Black River Confederate Tribe

B94-

B99 Not Used

# **Chippewa Cree**

C01 Not Used

C02 Rocky Boy's Chippewa Cree

C03-

C04 Not Used

### Chitimacha

C05 Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana

C06-

C07 Not Used

## Choctaw

C08 Choctaw

C09 Clifton Choctaw

C10 Jena Band of Choctaw

C11 Mississippi Band of Choctaw

C12 Mowa Band of Choctaw

C13 Oklahoma Choctaw

C14-

C16 Not Used

# **Choctaw-Apache**

C17 Choctaw-Apache Community of Ebarb

C18-

C19 Not Used

#### Chumash

C20 Chumash

C21 Santa Ynez

C22 San Luis Rey Mission Indian

C23-C24

Not Used

### **Clear Lake**

C25 Clear Lake

## Coeur D'Alene

C26 Coeur D'Alene

C27-

C28 Not Used

## Coharie

C29 Coharie

C30-

C31 Not Used

# AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### **Colorado River Indian**

C32 Colorado River

C33-

C34 Not Used

## Colville

C35 Colville

C36-

C38 Not Used

## Comanche

C39 Comanche

C40 Oklahoma Comanche

C41-

C43 Not Used

## Coos, Lower Umpqua, and Siuslaw

C44 Coos, Lower Umpqua, and Siuslaw

C45 Not Used

#### Coos

C46 Coos

## Coquille

C47 Coquille C48 Not Used

### Costanoan

C49 Costanoan

C50-

C51 Not Used

# Coushatta

C52 Alabama Coushatta Tribes of Texas

C53 Coushatta

C54-

C55 Not Used

# Cowlitz

C56 Cowlitz

C57-

C58 Not Used

## Cree

C59 Cree

C60-

C63 Not Used

# Creek

C64 Alabama Creek

C65 Alabama Quassarte Tribal Town

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

C66 Muscogee (Creek) Nation C67 Eastern Creek C68 Eastern Muscogee C69 Kialegee Tribal Town C70 Lower Muscogee Creek Tama Tribal Town Machis Lower Creek Indian C71 C72 Poarch Creek C73 Principal Creek Indian Nation C74 Star Clan of Muskogee Creeks C75 Thlopthlocco Tribal Town C76 Tuckabachee

C77-

C80 Not Used

#### Croatan

C81 Croatan C82 Not Used

#### Crow

C83 Crow

C84-

C86 Not Used

## **Cumberland**

C87 Cumberland County Association for Indian People

C88 Not Used

#### Cupeno

C89 Agua Caliente C90 Cupeno

#### **RACE**—Con.

#### AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

C91-C92

Not Used

#### Delaware

C93 Delaware
C94 Delaware Tribe of Indians, Oklahoma
C95 Lenni-Lanape
C96 Munsee
C97 Delaware Tribe of Western Oklahoma
C98 Ramapough Mountain

C99 Sand Hill Band of Delaware Indians

D01-

D04 Not Used

## Diegueno

D05 Barona Group of Capitan Grande BandD06 Campo Band of Diegueno Mission Indians

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

## **Diegueno**-Con.

D07	Capitan Grande Band of Diegueno Mission Indians
D08	Cuyapaipe
D09	Diegueno
D10	La Posta Band of Diegueno Mission Indians
D11	Manzanita
D12	Mesa Grande Band of Diegueno Mission Indians
D13	San Pasqual Band of Diegueno Mission Indians
D14	Santa Ysabel Band of Diegueno Mission Indians
D15	Sycuan Band of Diegueno Mission Indians
D16	Viejas (Baron Long) Group of Capitan Grande Band
D17	Inaja Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the Inaja and Cosmit Reservation
D18	Jamul Indian Village
D19	Not Used

## **Eastern Tribes**

D20	Attacapa
D21	Biloxi
D22	Georgetown
D23	Moor
D24	Nansemond Indian Tribe
D25	Natchez
D26	Nausu Waiwash
D27	(See Nipmuc heading)
D28	Golden Hill Paugussett
D29	Pocomoke Acohonock
D30	Southeastern Indians
D31	Susquehanock
D32	Not Used
D33	Tunica Biloxi

D34 Waccamaw Siouan D35 Not Used

D36 Wicomico

D37 Meherrin Indian Tribe

## **RACE**—Con.

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

D38-D41

Not Used

## Esselen

D42 Esselen D43 Not Used

## **Fort Belknap**

D44 Fort Belknap D45 Not Used

G-78 Code Lists

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### **Three Affiliated Tribes of North Dakota**

D46 Three Affiliated Tribes of North Dakota (Fort Bethold)

D47-

D48 Not Used

## **Fort McDowell**

D49 Fort McDowell Mohave-Apache Community

D50 Not Used

#### **Fort Hall**

D51 Shoshone-Bannock Tribes of the Fort Hall Reservation

D52-

D54 Not Used

#### Gabrieleno

D55 Gabrieleno D56 Not Used

#### **Grand Ronde**

D57 Grand Ronde

#### Guilford

D58 Guilford Native American Association

D59 Not Used

## **Gros Ventres**

D60 Atsina

D61 Gros Ventres

D62 Fort Belknap Gros Ventres

D63 Not Used

## Haliwa-Saponi

D64 Haliwa-Saponi

D65-

D66 Not Used

#### Hidatsa

D67 Hidatsa

D68-

D69 Not Used

## Hoopa

D70 Hoopa Valley Tribe

D71 TrinityD72 Whilkut

D73-

D75 Not Used

#### **Hoopa Extension**

D76 Hoopa Extension

D77 Not Used

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

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D78 United Houma Nation

D79-

D86 Not Used

## Iowa

D87 Iowa

D88 Iowa of Kansas and Nebraska

D89 Iowa of Oklahoma

D90 Not Used

## **Indians of Person County**

D91 Indians of Person County

D92 Not Used

#### Iroquois

D93 Cayuga Nation

D94 Iroquois

D95 Mohawk

D96 Oneida Nation of New York

D97 Onondaga

D98 Seneca

D99 Seneca Nation

E01 Seneca-Cayuga

E02 Tonawanda Band of Seneca

E03 Tuscarora E04 Wyandotte

E05-

E09 Not Used

## Juaneno (Acjachemem)

E10 Juaneno (Acjachemem)

E11-

E12 Not Used

## Kalispel

E13 Kalispel Indian Community

E14-

E16 Not Used

#### Karuk

E17 Karuk Tribe of California

E18-E20

Not Used

#### Kaw

E21 Kaw

E22-

E23 Not Used

G–80 Code Lists

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### **Kickapoo**

E24 Kickapoo

E25 Oklahoma Kickapoo

E26 Texas Kickapoo

E27-

E29 Not Used

## Kiowa

E30 Kiowa

E31 Oklahoma Kiowa

E32-

E36 Not Used

## S'Klallam

Jamestown S'Klallam E37

E38 Klallam

#### S'Klallam—Con.

E39 Lower Elwha Tribal Community

E40 Port Gamble Klallam

E41-

E43 Not Used

#### Klamath

E44 Klamath

E45-E47

Not Used

## Konkow

Konkow E48 E49

Not Used

## Kootenai

E50 Kootenai

E51-

E52 Not Used

#### Lassik

E53 Lassik

E54-

Not Used E58

Code Lists G - 81

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### **Long Island**

E59 Matinecock E60 Montauk E61 Poospatuck E62 Setauket E63-E65 Not Used

#### Luiseno

E66 La Jolla Band of Luiseno Mission Indians E67 Luiseno E68 Pala Band of Luiseno Mission Indians E69 Pauma Band of Luiseno Mission Indians E70 Pechanga Band of Luiseno Mission Indians E71 Soboba E72 Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Luiseno Mission Indians E73 Temecula E74 Rincon Band of Luiseno Mission Indians E75-E77 Not Used

#### Lumbee

E78 Lumbee E79-E83 Not Used

#### Lummi

E84 Lummi E85-E86 Not Used

#### Maidu

E87 Mooretown Rancheria of Maidu Indians E88 Maidu E89 Mountain Maidu E90 Nisenen (Nishinam) E91 Mechoopda Indian Tribe of Chico Rancheria, California E92 Berry Creek Rancheria of Maidu Indians E93 Enterprise Rancheria Greenville Rancheria E94

G–82 Code Lists

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### Makah

E95 Makah

E96-

E99 Not Used

#### Maliseet

F01 Maliseet

F02 Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians

F03-

F04 Not Used

## Mandan

F05 Mandan

F06-

F08 Not Used

## Mattaponi

F09 Mattaponi Indian TribeF10 Upper Mattaponi Tribe

#### Menominee

F11 Menominee

F12-

F14 Not Used

#### Metrolina

F15 Metrolina Native American Association

F16 Not Used

#### Miami

F17 Illinois Miami

F18 Indiana Miami

F19 Miami

F20 Oklahoma Miami

F21-

F23 Not Used

#### Miccosukee

F24 Miccosukee

F25-

F26 Not Used

#### Micmac

F27 Aroostook Band

F28 Micmac

F29-

F30 Not Used

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### **Mission Indians**

F31	Mission Indians
E22	Cabuilla Pand of Missio

F32 Cahuilla Band of Mission Indians F33 Juaneno Band of Mission Indians

#### Miwok

- F34 Ione Band of Miwok Indians
- F35 Shingle Springs Band of Miwok Indians

#### Me-Wuk

- F36 Me-Wuk
- F37 Jackson Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians of California
- F38 Tuolumne Band of Me-Wuk Indians of California
- F39 Buena Vista Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians of California
- F40 Chicken Ranch Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians
- F41 Sheep Ranch Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians

#### Modoc

- F42 Modoc
- F43 Oklahoma Modoc
- F44-
- F45 Not Used

#### Mohegan

F46 Mohegan F47 Not Used

#### Monacan

F48 Monacan Indian Nation

#### Mono

- F49 Mono
- F50 North Fork Rancheria
- F51 Cold Springs Rancheria
- F52 Big Sandy Rancheria

#### **Nanticoke**

- F53 Nanticoke
- F54-
- F55 Not Used

## Nanticoke Lenni-Lenape

F56 Nanticoke Lenni-Lenape

## Narragansett

- F57 Narragansett
- F58-
- F61 Not Used

G–84 Code Lists

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### Navajo

F62 Alamo Navajo

F63 Tohajiileehee Navajo (Canoncito)

F64 Navajo

F65 Ramah Navajo

F66-

F70 Not Used

#### **Nez Perce**

F71 Nez Perce

F72-

F74 Not Used

## **Nipmuc**

F75 Hassanamisco Band of the Nipmuc Nation

F76 Chaubunagungameg Nipmuc

D27 Nipmuc

#### Nomlaki

F77 Nomlaki

F78 Paskenta Band of Nomlaki Indians

F79 Not Used

## **Northwest Tribes**

F80 Alsea

F81 Celilo

F82 Columbia

F83 Kalapuya

F84 Molalla

F85 Talakamish

F86 Tenino

F87 Tillamook

F88 Wenatchee

F89-

F94 Not Used

#### Omaha

F95 Omaha

F96-

F98 Not Used

## Oneida Tribe

F99 Oneida Tribe of Wisconsin

## **Oregon Athabascan**

G01 Oregon Athabascan

G02-

G03 Not Used

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### Osage

G04 Osage

G05-

G09 Not Used

#### Otoe-Missouria

G10 Otoe-Missouria

G11-

G13 Not Used

#### Ottawa

G14 Burt Lake Ottawa

G15 Little River Band of Ottawa Indians of Michigan

G16 Oklahoma Ottawa

G17 Ottawa

G18 Little Traverse Bay Bands of Ottawa Indians of Michigan

G19 Grand River Band of Ottawa Indians

G20-

G22 Not Used

#### Paiute

G23 Not Used

G24 Bridgeport Paiute Indian Colony

G25 Burns Paiute Tribe

G26 Cedarville Rancheria

G27 Fort Bidwell

G28 Fort Independence

G29 Kaibab Band of Paiute Indians

G30 Las Vegas Tribe of the Las Vegas Indian Colony

G31 Not Used

G32 Lovelock Paiute Tribe of the Lovelock Indian Colony

G33 Malheur Paiute

G34 Moapa Band of Paiute

G35 Northern Paiute

G36 Not Used

G37 Paiute

G38 Pvramid Lake

G39 San Juan Southern Paiute

G40 Southern Paiute

G41 Summit Lake

G42 Utu Utu Gwaitu Paiute

G43 Walker River

G44 Yerington Paiute

G45 Yahooskin Band of Snake

G46 Not Used

G47 Susanville

G48 Winnemucca

G49 Not Used

G–86 Code Lists

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### **Pamunkey**

G50 Pamunkey Indian Tribe

G51-

G52 Not Used

## **Passamaquoddy**

G53 Indian Township

G54 Passamaquoddy

G55 Pleasant Point Passamaquoddy

G56-

G60 Not Used

#### **Pawnee**

G61 Oklahoma Pawnee

G62 Pawnee

G63-

G67 Not Used

#### **Penobscot**

G68 Penobscot

G69-

G71 Not Used

#### Peoria

G72 Oklahoma Peoria

G73 Peoria

G74-

G76 Not Used

## Pequot

G77 Mashantucket Pequot

G78 Pequot

G79 Paucatuck Eastern Pequot

G80-

G83 Not Used

## Pima

G84 Gila River Indian Community

G85 Pima

G86 Salt River Pima-Maricopa

G87-

G91 Not Used

#### **Piscataway**

G92 Piscataway

G93-

G95 Not Used

## Pit River

G96 Pit River Tribe of CaliforniaG97 Alturas Indian RancheriaG98 Redding Rancheria

G99

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

Big Valley Rancheria of Pomo and Pit River Indians

## **Pomo and Pit River Indians**

Pomo	
H01	Central Pomo
H02	Dry Creek
H03	Eastern Pomo
H04	Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of the Stewarts Point Rancheria
H05	Northern Pomo
H06	Pomo
H07	Scotts Valley Band

Stonyford H08

H09 Elem Indian Colony of the Sulphur Bank

H10 Sherwood Valley Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California

Guidiville Rancheria of California H11

#### Pomo-Con.

H12	Lytton Rancheria of California
H13	Cloverdale Rancheria
H14	Coyote Valley Band
H15-	
H65	(See below under Ponca through Pueblo)
H66	Hopland Band of Pomo Indians
H67	Manchester Band of Pomo Indians of the Manchester-Point Arena Rancheria
H68	Middletown Rancheria of Pomo Indians
H69	Pinoleville Rancheria of Pomo Indians
H70-	
H92	(See below under Puget Sound Salish)
H93	Potter Valley Rancheria of Pomo Indians
H94	Redwood Valley Rancheria of Pomo Indians
H95	Robinson Rancheria of Pomo Indians
H96	Upper Lake Band of Pomo Indians of Upper Lake Rancheria

## **Ponca**

H15 Nebraska Ponca H16 Oklahoma Ponca H17 Ponca H18-

H20 Not Used

## **Potawatomi**

H21	Citizen Potawatomi Nation
H22	Forest County Potawatomi Community
H23	Hannahville Indian Community of Wisconsin Potawatomi
H24	Huron Potawatomi
H25	Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians
H26	Potawatomi
H27	Prairie Band of Potawatomi Indians
H28	Wisconsin Potawatomi
H29-	
H33	Not Used

G-88 Code Lists

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### **Powhatan**

H34 Powhatan

H35-

H37 Not Used

#### **Pueblo**

H38 Acoma

H39 Arizona Tewa

H40 Cochiti

H41 Hopi

H42 Isleta

H43 Jemez

H44 Keres

H45 Laguna

H46 Nambe

H47 Picuris

H48 Piro

H49 Pojoaque

H50 Pueblo

H51 San Felipe

H52 San Ildefonso

#### Pueblo-Con.

H53 San Juan Pueblo

H54 Not Used

H55 San Juan

H56 Sandia

H57 Santa Ana

H58 Santa Clara

H59 Santo Domingo

H60 Taos

H61 Tesuque

H62 Tewa

H63 Ysleta Del Sur Pueblo of Texas

H64 Zia

H65 Zuni

H66-

H69 (See Pomo heading)

## **Puget Sound Salish**

H70 Marietta Band of Nooksack

H71 Duwamish

H72 Kikiallus

H73 Lower Skagit

H74 Muckleshoot

H75 Nisqually

H76 Nooksack

H77 Port Madison

H78 Puget Sound Salish

H79 Puyallup

H80 Samish

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

## Puget Sound Salish—Con.

```
H81
        Sauk-Suiattle
H82
        Skokomish
H83
        Skykomish
        Snohomish
H84
H85
        Snoqualmie
H86
        Squaxin Island
H87
        Steilacoom
H88
        Stillaguamish
H89
        Suquamish
        Swinomish
H90
H91
        Tulalip
H92
        Upper Skagit
H93-
        (See Pomo heading)
H96
```

## Quapaw

H97 Quapaw H98-H99 Not Used 101-199 Not Used

## Quinault

J01 Quinault J02-J04 Not Used

## **RACE**—Con.

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

## Rappahannock

J05 Rappahannock Indian Tribe J06 Not Used

## **Reno-Sparks**

J07 Reno-Sparks J08-J13 Not Used

## **Round Valley**

J14 Round Valley J15-J18 Not Used

G–90 Code Lists

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### Sac and Fox

J19 Sac and Fox Tribe of the Mississippi in Iowa
J20 Sac and Fox Nation of Missouri in Kansas and Nebraska
J21 Sac and Fox Nation, Oklahoma
J22 Sac and Fox
J23J27 Not Used

#### Salinan

J28 Salinan J29-J30 Not Used

#### Salish

J31 Salish J32-J34 Not Used

#### Salish and Kootenai

J35 Salish and Kootenai J36 Pondre Band of Salish and Kootenai J37-J38 Not Used

#### Schaghticoke

J39 Schaghticoke J40-J46 Not Used

#### Seminole

J47 **Big Cypress** J48 Brighton J49 Florida Seminole J50 Hollywood Seminole J51 Oklahoma Seminole Seminole J52 J53 Dania Seminole J54 Tampa Seminole J55-J57 Not Used

## Serrano

J58 San Manual Band J59 Serrano J60-J61 Not Used

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

## Shasta

J62	Shasta
J63	Quartz Valley
J64-	

## J65 Not Used

## Shawnee

J66	Absentee Shawnee Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma
J67	Eastern Shawnee
J68	Shawnee
J69	Piqua Sept of Ohio Shawnee
J70-	
J73	Not Used

## Shinnecock

J74	Shinnecock
J75-	
J77	Not Used

## **Shoalwater Bay**

J78	Shoalwater Bay
J79-	
J80	Not Used

## Shoshone

J81	Duckwater
J82	Ely
J83	Goshute
J84	Not Used
J85	Shoshone
J86	Skull Valley Band of Goshute Indians
J87	Not Used
J88	Death Valley Timbi-Sha Shoshone
J89	Northwestern Band of Shoshoni Nation of Utah (Washakie)
J90	Wind River (Eastern Shoshone)
J91	Yomba
J92	Not Used

## Te-Moak Tribes of Western Shoshone Indians of Nevada

J93	Te-Moak Tribes of Western Shoshone Indians
J94	Battle Mountain
J95	Elko
J96	South Fork
J97	Wells Band
J98	Ruby Valley
J99	Odgers Ranch

G–92 Code Lists

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

## **Paiute-Shoshone**

. diate should		
K01	Duck Valley	
K02	Fallon	
K03	Fort McDermitt Paiute and Shoshone Tribes	
K04	Shoshone Paiute	
K05	Bishop	
K06	Lone Pine	
K07	Big Pine Band of Owens Valley Paiute-Shoshone	
K08-		
K09	Not Used	
Siletz		
K10	Confederated Tribes of the Siletz Reservation	
K11-		
K15	Not Used	
Sioux		
K16	Blackfoot Sioux	
K17	Brule Sioux	
K18	Cheyenne River Sioux	
K19	Crow Creek Sioux	
K20	Dakota Sioux	
K21	Flandreau Santee Sioux	
K22	Fort Peck Sioux	
K23	Lake Traverse Sioux	
K24	Lower Brule Sioux	
K25	Lower Sioux Indian Community of Minnesota Mdewakanton Sioux	
K26	Mdewakanton Sioux	
K27	Miniconjou	
K28	Oglala Sioux	
K29	Pine Ridge Sioux	
K30	Pipestone Sioux	
K31	Prairie Island Sioux	
K32	Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community (Prior Lake)	
K33	Rosebud Sioux	
K34	Sans Arc Sioux	
K35	Santee Sioux of Nebraska	
K36	Sioux	
K37	Sisseton-Wahpeton	
K38	Sisseton Sioux	
K39	Spirit Lake Sioux (formerly Devils Lake Sioux)	
K40	Standing Rock Sioux	
K41	Teton Sioux	
K42	Two Kettle Sioux	
K43	Upper Sioux	
K44	Wahpekute Sioux	
K45	Wahpeton Sioux	
K46	Wazhaza Sioux	
K47	Yankton Sioux	
K48	Yanktonai Sioux	
K49-		

Code Lists G–93

Not Used

K53

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### Siuslaw

K54 Siuslaw

K55-

K58 Not Used

## **Spokane**

K59 Spokane

K60-

K66 Not Used

## Stockbridge-Munsee

K67 Stockbridge-Munsee Community of Mohican Indians of Wisconsin

K68-

K76 Not Used

## **Tohono O'Odham**

K77 Ak-Chin K78 Gila Bend K79 San Xavier

K80 Sells

K81 Tohono O'Odham

K82-

K86 Not Used

#### **Tolowa**

K87 Tolowa

K88 Big Lagoon RancheriaK89 Elk Valley RancheriaA91 Smith River Rancheria

#### **Tonkawa**

K90 Tonkawa

K91-

K92 Not Used

## **Trinidad**

K93 Cher-Ae Indian Community of Trinidad Rancheria

## Tygh

K94 Tygh

K95-

K96 Not Used

#### Umatilla

K97 Umatilla

K98-

K99 Not Used

G–94 Code Lists

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### Umpqua

L01 Cow Creek Umpqua

L02 Umpqua

L03-

L05 Not Used

## Ute

L06 Allen Canyon L07 Uintah Ute

L08 Ute Mountain

L09 Ute

L10 Southern Ute

L11-L14

Not Used

#### Wailaki

L15 Wailaki

L16-L18

Not Used

#### Walla-Walla

L19 Walla-Walla

L20-

L21 Not Used

## Wampanoag

- L22 Gay Head (Aquinnah) Wampanoag
- L23 Mashpee Wampanoag
- L24 Wampanoag
- L25 Seaconeke Wampanoag
- L26 Pocasset Wampanoag
- L27 Not Used

## **Warm Springs**

L28 Warm Springs

L29-

L33 Not Used

## Wascopum

L34 Wascopum

L35-

L37 Not Used

## Washoe

L38 Alpine

L39 Carson Colony

L40 Dresslerville Colony

L41 Washoe

L42 Stewart Community

L43 Woodsfords Community

L44-

L46 Not Used

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### Wichita

L47 Wichita L48 Keechi L49 Waco L50 Tawakonie L51 Not Used

#### **Wind River**

L52 Wind River L53-L54 Not Used

## Winnebago

L55 Ho-Chunk Nation of Wisconsin L56 Nebraska Winnebago L57 Winnebago L58-L65 Not Used

#### Wintun

L66 Wintun
 L67 Cachil Dehe Band of Wintun Indians of the Colusa Rancheria
 L68 Cortina Indian Rancheria of Wintun Indians
 L69 Rumsey Indian Rancheria of Wintun Indians
 L70 Not Used

#### Wintun-Wailaki

L71 Grindstone Indian Rancheria of Wintun-Wailaki Indians

## Wiyot

L72 Table Bluff
L73 Wiyot
L74 Blue Lake Rancheria
L75L78 Not Used

## Yakama

L79 Yakama L80-L84 Not Used

#### Yakama Cowlitz

L85 Yakama Cowlitz L86-L90 Not Used

G–96 Code Lists

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### Yaqui

L91 Barrio Libre L92 Pascua Yaqui L93 Yaqui L94-L99 Not Used

## Yavapai Apache

M01 Yavapai Apache M02-M06 Not Used

#### **Yokuts**

M07 Picayune Rancheria of Chukchansi Indians M08 Tachi M09 Tule River M10 Yokuts M11 Table Mountain Rancheria M12-M15 Not Used

## Yuchi

M16 Yuchi M17 Tia M18 Wilono M19 An-stohini/Unami M20-

M21 Not Used

#### Yuman

M22 Cocopah Tribe of Arizona M23 Havasupai M24 Hualapai M25 Maricopa M26 Fort Mojave Indian Tribe of Arizona M27 Quechan M28 Yavapai-Prescott Tribe of the Yavapai Reservation M29-M33 Not Used

Yurok M34 Resighini Rancheria M35 Yurok M36-M38 Not Used M39 Multiple AMERICAN INDIAN and ALASKA NATIVE responses M40 Multiple AMERICAN INDIAN responses

Code Lists G-97

## AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE (300-399, A01-R99)—Con.

#### **Tribe Not Specified**

M41 American Indian

M42 Tribal Response, not elsewhere classified

M43 Not Used

#### **ALASKA NATIVE**

#### ALASKA INDIAN TRIBES

#### Alaska Indian

M44 Alaska Indian

M45-

M46 Not Used

#### **Alaska Native**

M47 Alaska Native

M48-

M51 Not Used

#### **Alaskan Athabascans**

M52 Ahtna

M53 Alaskan Athabascan

M54 Alatna Village

M55 Alexander

M56 Allakaket Village

M57 Alanvik

M58 Anvik Village

M59 Arctic Village

M60 Beaver Village

M61 Birch Creek Tribe

M62 Native Village of Cantwell

M63 Chalkyitsik Village

M64 Chickaloon Native Village

M65 Native Village of Chistochina

M66 Native Village of Chitina

M67 Circle Native Community

M68 Cook Inlet

M69 Not Used

M70 Copper River

M71 Village of Dot Lake

M72 Doyon

M73 Native Village of Eagle

M74 Eklutna Native Village

M75 Evansville Village (Bettles Field)

M76 Native Village of Fort Yukon

M77 Native Village of Gakona

M78 Galena Village (Louden Native Village)

M79 Organized Village of Grayling (Holikachuk)

M80 Gulkana Village

M81 Healy Lake Village

M82 Holy Cross Village

M83 Hughes Village

## ALASKA INDIAN TRIBES-Con.

## Alaskan Athabascans-Con.

M84	Huslia Village
M85	Village of Iliamna
M86	Village of Kaltag
M87	Native Village of Kluti Kaah (Copper Center)
M88	Knik Tribe
M89	Koyukuk Native Village
M90	Lake Minchumina
M91	Lime Village
M92	McGrath Native Village
M93	Manley Hot Springs Village
M94	Mentasta Traditional Council
M95	Native Village of Minto
M96	Nenana Native Association
M97	Nikolai Village
M98	Ninilchik Village Traditional Council
M99	Nondalton Village
N01	Northway Village
N02	Nulato Village
N03	Pedro Bay Village
N04	Rampart Village
N05	Native Village of Ruby
N06	Village of Salamatoff
N07	Seldovia Village Tribe
N08	Slana
N09	Shageluk Native Village
N10	Native Village of Stevens
N11	Village of Stony River
N12	Takotna Village
N13	Native Village of Tanacross
N14	Tanaina
N15	Native Village of Tanana
N16	Tanana Chiefs
N17	Native Village of Tazlina
N18	Telida Village
N19	Native Village of Tetlin
N20	Tok
N21	Native Village of Tyonek
N22	Village of Venetie
N23	Wiseman
N24	Kenaitze Indian Tribe
N25-	

Code Lists G–99

N27

Not Used

## ALASKA INDIAN TRIBES-Con.

## Alaskan Athabascans-Con.

## Tlingit-Haida

N28	Angoon Community Association
N29	Central Council of the Tlingit and Haida Indian Tribes
N30	Chilkat Indian Village (Kluckwan)
N31	Chilkoot Indian Association (Haines)
N32	Craig Community Association
N33	Douglas Indian Association
N34	Haida
N35	Hoonah Indian Association
N36	Hydaburg Cooperative Association
N37	Organized Village of Kake
N38	Organized Village of Kasaan
N39	Not Used
N40	Ketchikan Indian Corporation
N41	Klawock Cooperative Association
N42	Not Used
N43	Pelican
N44	Petersburg Indian Association
N45	Organized Village of Saxman
N46	Sitka Tribe of Alaska
N47	Tenakee Springs
N48	Tlingit
N49	Wrangell Cooperative Association
N50	Yakutat Tlingit Tribe
N51	Juneau
N52-	
N55	Not Used

## Tsimshian

N56	Metlakatla Indian Community, Annette Island Reserve
N57	Tsimshian
N58	Not Used

#### Sealaska

N59	Sealaska
N60	Sealaska Corporation
N61-	

# N63 Not Used **Southeast Alaska**

N64	Southeast Alaska
N65	Skagway Village
N66	Not Used

G–100 Code Lists

#### **ESKIMO TRIBES**

N67 American Eskimo

N68 Eskimo

#### **Greenland Eskimo**

N69 Greenland Eskimo

N70-

N74 Not Used

#### Inuit

N75 Inuit

N76-

N78 Not Used

#### **Inupiat Eskimo**

N79 Native Village of Ambler

N80 Anaktuvuk

N81 Village of Anaktuvuk Pass

N82 Inupiat Community of the Arctic Slope

N83 Arctic Slope Corporation

N84 Atqasuk Village (Atkasook)

N85 Native Village of Barrow Inupiat Traditional Government

N86 Bering Straits Inupiat

N87 Native Village of Brevig Mission

N88 Native Village of Buckland

N89 Chinik Eskimo Community (Golovin)

N90 Native Village of Council

N91 Native Village of Deering

N92 Native Village of Elim

N93 Not Used

N94 Native Village of Diomede (Inalik)

N95 Inupiaq

N96 Inupiat

N97 Kaktovik Village (Barter Island)

N98 Kawerak

N99 Native Village of Kiana

O01-

O99 Not Used

P01 Native Village of Kivalina

P02 Native Village of Kobuk

P03 Native Village of Kotzebue

P04 Native Village of Koyuk

P05 Kwiguk

P06 Mauneluk Inupiat

P07 Nana Inupiat

P08 Native Village of Noatak

P09 Nome Eskimo Community

P10 Noorvik Native Community

P11 Native Village of Nuigsut (Nooiksut)

P12 Native Village of Point Hope

P13 Native Village of Point Lay

P14 Native Village of Selawik

P15 Native Village of Shaktoolik

#### ESKIMO TRIBES-Con.

## Inupiat Eskimo-Con.

- P16 Native Village of Shishmaref P17 Native Village of Shungnak
- P18 Village of Solomon
- P19 Native Village of Teller
- P20 Native Village of Unalakleet
- P21 Village of Wainwright
- P22 Village of Wales
- P23 Village of White Mountain
- P24 White Mountain Inupiat
- P25 Native Village of Mary's Igloo
- P26 King Island Native Community
- P27-
- P29 Not Used

#### Siberian Eskimo

- P30 Native Village of Gambell
- P31 Native Village of Savoonga
- P32 Siberian Yupik
- P33-
- P35 Not Used

#### **Cupiks Eskimo**

- P36 Chevak Native Village
- P37 Native Village of Mekoryuk

## Yup'ik

- P38 Akiachak Native Community
- P39 Akiak Native Community
- P40 Village of Alakanuk
- P41 Native Village of Aleknagik
- P42 Yupiit of Andreafski
- P43 Village of Aniak
- P44 Village of Atmautluak
- P45 Orutsararmuit Native Village (Bethel)
- P46 Village of Bill Moore's Slough
- P47 Bristol Bay
- P48 Calista
- P49 Village of Chefornak
- P50 Native Village of Hamilton
- P51 Native Village of Chuathbaluk
- P52 Village of Clark's Point
- P53 Village of Crooked Creek
- P54 Curyung Tribal Council (Native Village of Dillingham)
- P55 Native Village of Eek
- P56 Native Village of Ekuk
- P57 Ekwok Village
- P58 Emmonak Village
- P59 Native Village of Goodnews Bay
- P60 Native Village of Hooper Bay
- P61 Igurmuit Traditional Council
- P62 Village of Kalskag
- P63 Native Village of Kasigluk
- P64 Native Village of Kipnuk

G-102 Code Lists

## ESKIMO TRIBES-Con.

## Yup'ik-Con.

P65	New Koliganek Village Council
P66	Native Village of Kongiganak
P67	Village of Kotlik
P68	Organized Village of Kwethluk
P69	Native Village of Kwigillingok
P70	Levelock Village
P71	Village of Lower Kalskag
P72	Manokotak Village
P73	Native Village of Marshall (Fortuna Lodge)
P74	Village of Ohogamiut
P75	Asa'carsarmiut Tribe
P76	Naknek Native Village
P77	Native Village of Napaimute
P78	Native Village of Napakiak
P79	Native Village of Napaskiak
P80	Newhalen Village
P81	New Stuyahok Village
P82	Newtok Village
P83	Native Village of Nightmute
P84	Native Village of Nunapitchuk
P85	Oscarville Traditional Village
P86	Pilot Station Traditional Village
P87	Native Village of Pitkas Point
P88	Platinum Traditional Village
P89	Portage Creek Village (Ohgsenakale)
P90	Native Village of Kwinhagak
P91	Village of Red Devil
P92	Native Village of Saint Michael
P93	Native Village of Scammon Bay
P94	Native Village of Sheldon's Point
P95	Village of Sleetmute
P96	Stebbins Community Association
P97	Traditional Village of Togiak
P98	Nunakauyarmiut Tribe (Toksook Bay)
P99	Tuluksak Native Community
Q01- Q99	Not Used
R01	Native Village of Tuntutuliak
RO2	Native Village of Tununak
R03	Twin Hills Village
R04	Yup'ik
R05	Yup'ik Eskimo
R06	Native Village of Georgetown
	Algaaciq Native Village (St. Mary's)
R07	
R08	Umkumiute Native Village
R09	Chuloonawick Native Village
R10	Not Used

#### **ALEUT TRIBES**

#### Aleut

R11 Aleut

R12-

R15 Not Used

## **Alutiiq Aleut**

R16 Alutiiq

R17 Village of Afognak

R18-

R22 Not Used

R23 Native Village of Tatitlek

R24 Ugashik Village

R25-R27

Not Used

#### **Bristol Bay Aleut**

R28 Bristol Bay Aleut

R29 Native Village of Chignik

R30 Chignik Lake Village

R31 Egegik Village

R32 Igiugig Village

R33 Ivanoff Bay Village

R34 King Salmon

R35 Kokhanok Village

R36 Native Village of Perryville

R37 Native Village of Pilot Point

R38 Native Village of Port Heiden

R39-

R42 Not Used

## **Chugach Aleut**

R43 Native Village of Chanega (Chenega)

R44 Chugach Aleut

R45 Chugach Corporation

R46 Native Village of Nanwalek (English Bay)

R47 Native Village of Port Graham

R48-

R50 Not Used

## Eyak

R51 Eyak

R52-

R54 Not Used

## **Koniag Aleut**

R55 Native Village of Akhiok

R56 Agdaagux Tribe of King Cove

R57 Native Village of Karluk

R58 Native Village of Kanatak

R59 Kodiak

R60 Koniag Aleut

R61 Native Village of Larsen Bay

G-104 Code Lists

#### ALEUT TRIBES—Con.

#### Koniag Aleut—Con.

R62 Village of Old Harbor R63 Native Village of Ouzinkie R64 Native Village of Port Lions R65 Lesnoi Village (Woody Island) R66 Not Used

## Sugpiaq

R67 Sugpiaq

R68-

R70 Not Used

## Suqpigaq

R71 Suqpigaq

R72-

R74 Not Used

## **Unangan Aleut**

R75 Native Village of Akutan R76 **Aleut Corporation** R77 Aleutian R78 Aleutian Islander R79 Native Village of Atka R80 Native Village of Belkofski R81 Native Village of Chignik Lagoon R82 King Cove R83 Native Village of False Pass Native Village of Nelson Lagoon R84

R85 Native Village of Nikolski

R86 Pauloff Harbor Village

R87 Qagan Tayagungin Tribe of Sand Point Village

Qawalangin Tribe of Unalaska R88

R89 Saint George R90 Saint Paul R91 Sand Point

R92 South Naknek Village

R93 Unangan R94 Unalaska

R95 Native Village of Unga

R96 Kaguyak Village

R97-

R98 Not Used

R99 Multiple ALASKA NATIVE responses

Code Lists G-105

## ASIAN (400-499)

400	Asian Indian (Checkbox)
401	Asian Indian
402	Bangladeshi
403	Bhutanese
404	Burmese
405	Cambodian
406-	
409	Not Used
410	Chinese (Checkbox)
411	Chinese
412	Taiwanese
413-	
419	Not Used
420	Filipino (Checkbox)
421	Filipino
422	Hmong
423	Indonesian
424-	maonesian
429	Not Used
430	Japanese (Checkbox)
431	Japanese
432-	Japanese
439	Not Used
440	Korean (Checkbox)
441	Korean
442	Laotian
443	Malaysian
444	Okinawan
445	Pakistani
446	Sri Lankan
447	Thai
448-	Illai
449	Not Used
450	Vietnamese (Checkbox)
451	Vietnamese
452-	Vietilalliese
452	Not Used
460	Other Asian (Checkbox)
461	Not Used
462	Asian
463	Asiatic
464	Not Used
465	Mongolian
466	Oriental
	Whello
467	Yello
468	
469	Indo-Chinese
470	lwo Jiman
471	Maldivian
472	Nepalese
473	Singaporean

G-106 Code Lists

## ASIAN (400-499)

474-

479 Not Used

480 Multiple ASIAN responses

481-

499 Not Used

## NATIVE HAWAIIAN AND OTHER PACIFIC ISLANDER (500-599)

## **Polynesian (500-519)**

Native Hawaiian (Checkbox)Native Hawaiian

502 Hawaiian

503 Part Hawaiian

504-

509 Not Used

510 Samoan (Checkbox)

511 Samoan

512 Tahitian

513 Tongan

514 Polynesian

515 Tokelauan

516-

519 Not Used

## Micronesian (520-529, 531-541)

520 Guamanian or Chamorro (Checkbox)

521 Guamanian

522 Chamorro

523-

529 Not Used

530 See below under Other Pacific Islander

531 Mariana Islander

532 Marshallese

533 Palauan

534 Carolinian

535 Kosraean

536 Micronesian

537 Pohnpeian

538 Saipanese

539 Kirabati

540 Chuukese

541 Yapese

## Melanesian (542-546)

542 Fijian

543 Melanesian

Papua New Guinean

545 Solomon Islander

546 New Hebrides

## NATIVE HAWAIIAN AND OTHER PACIFIC ISLANDER (500-599)—CON.

## Other Pacific Islander (530, 547-599)

530	Other Pacific Islander (Checkbox)
547	Pacific Islander
548-	
549	Not Used
550	Multiple NATIVE HAWAIIAN and OTHER PACIFIC ISLANDER responses
551-	

#### 599 Not Used

640

## S

OME OTHER RACE (600-999)		
600	Some Other Race (Checkbox)	
601	Argentinean	
602	Bolivian	
603	Not Used	
604	Central American	
605	Chicano	
606	Chilean	
607	Colombian	
608	Costa Rican	
609	Cuban	
610	Ecuadorian	
611	Salvadoran	
612	Guatemalan	
613	Hispanic	
614	Honduran	
615	Latin American	
616	Mestizo	
617	Mexican	
618	Nicaraguan	
619	Panamanian	
620	Paraguayan	
621	Peruvian	
622	Puerto Rican	
623	Morena	
624	South American	
625	Spanish	
626	Spanish-American	
627	Sudamericano	
628	Uruguayan	
629	Venezuelan	
630	Spaniard	
631	Tejano	
632	Cayman Islander	
633	Moroccan	
634	North African	
635	United Arab Emirates	
636	South African/Afrikaner	
637	Azerbaijani	
638	Aryan	
639	Not Used	

G-108 Code Lists

Dominican/Dominican Republic

## SOME OTHER RACE (600-999)-Con.

641	Dominica Islander
642	Belizean
643	Bermudan
644	Aruba Islander
645	Cayenne
646	Guyanese
647	Surinam
648	Sudanese
649	Amerasian
650	Eurasian
651	Brazilian
652	Brown
653	Bushwacker
654	Not Used
655	Cape Verdean
656	Chocolate
657	Coe Clan
658	Coffee
659	Cosmopolitan
660	Issues
661	Jackson White
662	Melungeon
663	Mixed
664	Ramp
665	Wesort
666	Mulatto
667	Moor
668	Biracial
669	Creole
670	Indian
671	Turk
672	Half-Breed
673	Rainbow
674	Octoroon
675	Quadroon
676	Multiracial
677	Interracial
678	Multiethnic
679	Multinational
680-	
689	Not Used
690	Multiple SOME OTHER RACE responses
691-	
698	Not Used
699	Other race, not elsewhere classified
700-	
999	Not Used

## CENSUS 2000 STATE AND FOREIGN COUNTRY CODE LIST

(Note: This code list is used for place of birth, migration, and place of work.)

Codes	State and Foreign Country
001-059	United States
001	Alabama
002	Alaska
003	Not Used
004	Arizona
005	Arkansas
006	California
007	Not Used
008	Colorado
009	Connecticut
010	Delaware
011	District of Columbia
012	Florida
013	Georgia
014	Not Used
015	Hawaii
016	Idaho
017	Illinois
018	Indiana
019	Iowa
020	Kansas
021	Kentucky
022	Louisiana
023	Maine
024	Maryland
025	Massachusetts
026	Michigan
027	Minnesota
028	Mississippi
029	Missouri
030	Montana
031	Nebraska
032	Nevada
033	New Hampshire
034	New Jersey
035	New Mexico
036	New York
037	North Carolina
038	North Dakota
039	Ohio
040	Oklahoma
041	Oregon
042	Pennsylvania
043	Not Used
044	Rhode Island
045	South Carolina

G–110 Code Lists

Codes	State and Foreign Country
001-059	United States—Con.
046 047 048 049 050 051 052 053 054 055 056	South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Not Used Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming Not Used
060-099	U.S. Island Areas
060 061-065 066 067 068 069 070 071 072 073-075 076 077 078 079 080 081 082-083 084 085 086 087-088 089 090-094 095 096 097-099	American Samoa Not Used Guam Johnston Atoll Not Used Northern Marianas Not Used Midway Islands Puerto Rico Not Used Navassa Island Not Used U.S. Virgin Islands Wake Island Not Used Baker Island Not Used Howland Island Not Used Jarvis Island Not Used Jarvis Island Not Used Kingman Reef Not Used Palmyra Atoll U.S. Island Area not specified (Place of Work only) Not Used
100-157, 160, 162- 199	Europe
100 101 102 103 104	Albania Andorra Austria Belgium Bulgaria

Codes	State and Foreign Country
100-157, 160, 162- 199	Europe—Con.
105 106 107 108 109	Czechoslovakia Denmark Faroe Islands Finland France Germany
111-114	Not Used
115	Gibraltar
116	Greece
117	Hungary
118	Iceland
119	Ireland
120	Italy
121	Jan Meyan
122	Liechtenstein
123 124 125 126 127	Luxembourg Malta Monaco Netherlands
128 129 130 131	Norway Poland Portugal Azores Islands Madeira Islands
132	Romania
133	San Marino
134	Spain
135	Svalbard
136	Sweden
137	Switzerland
138	United Kingdom
139	England
140	Scotland
141	Wales
142	Northern Ireland
143	Guernsey
144	Jersey
145	Isle of Man
146	Vatican City
147	Yugoslavia
148	Czech Republic
149	Slovakia
150	Bosnia and Herzegovina
151 152 153 154	Croatia Macedonia Slovenia Serbia

G–112 Code Lists

Codes State and Foreign Cou				
100-157, 160, 162- 199	Europe—Con.			
155 156 157 160 162 163 164 165 166 167	Estonia Latvia Lithuania Belarus Moldova Russia Ukraine USSR Europe Kosovo Not Used			
158-159, 161, 200- 299	Asia			
158 159 161 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224	Armenia Azerbaijan Georgia Afghanistan Bahrain Bangladesh Bhutan Brunei Myanmar (Burma) Cambodia China Cyprus Hong Kong India Indonesia Iran Iraq Israel Japan Jordan Korea Kazakhstan Kyrgyzstan South Korea North Korea Kuwait Laos Lebanon			
225 226 227 228 229	Macau Malaysia Maldives Mongolia Nepal			

Codes	State and Foreign Country
158-159, 161, 200- 299	<b>Asia</b> —Con.
230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250-299	Oman Pakistan Paracel Islands Philippines Qatar Saudi Arabia Singapore Spratley Islands Sri Lanka Syria Taiwan Tajikistan Thailand Turkey Turkmenistan United Arab Emirates Uzbekistan Vietnam Yemen Asia Not Used
300-399	America
300-302, 304-309	Northern America
300 301 302 304 305 306-309	Bermuda Canada Greenland St Pierre & Miquelon North America Not Used
303, 310- 399	Latin America
303, 310- 319	Central America
303 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318-319	Mexico Belize Costa Rica El Salvador Guatemala Honduras Nicaragua Panama Central America Not Used

G–114 Code Lists

Codes	State and Foreign Country
320-359	Caribbean
320 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344-359	Anguilla Antigua & Barbuda Aruba Bahamas Barbados British Virgin Islands Cayman Islands Cuba Dominica Dominican Republic Grenada Guadeloupe Haiti Jamaica Martinique Montserrat Netherlands Antilles St Barthelemy St Kitts-Nevis St Lucia St Vincent & the Grenadines Trinidad & Tobago Turks & Caicos Islands West Indies Not Used
360-399	South America
360 361 362 363 364 365 366 367 368 369 370 371 372 373 374 375-399	Argentina Bolivia Brazil Chile Colombia Ecuador Falkland Islands French Guiana Guyana Paraguay Peru Suriname Uruguay Venezuela South America Not Used

Codes	State and	Foreign	Country
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400-499	Africa
400	Algeria
401	Angola
402	Benin
403	Botswana
404	British Indian Ocean Territory
405	Burkina Faso
406	Burundi
407	Cameroon
408	Cape Verde
409	Central African Republic
410	Chad
411	Comoros
412	Congo
413	Djibouti
414	Egypt
415	Equatorial Guinea
416	Ethiopia
417	Eritrea
418	Europa Island
419	Gabon
420	Gambia
421	Gharia a Islanda
422	Glorioso Islands
423	Guinea
424	Guinea-Bissau
425	Ivory Coast
	Juan de Nova Island
427	Kenya
428	Lesotho
429	Liberia
430	Libya
431	Madagascar
432	Malawi
433	Mali
434	Mauritania
435	Mayotte
436	Morocco
437	Mozambique
438	Namibia
439	Niger
440	Nigeria
441	Reunion
442	Rwanda
443	Sao Tome & Principe
444	Senegal
445	Mauritius
446	Seychelles
447	Sierra Leone
448	Somalia

G-116 Code Lists

Codes	State and Foreign Country
400-499	Africa—Con.
449	South Africa
450	St Helena
451	Sudan
452	Swaziland
453	Tanzania
454	Togo
455	Tromelin Island
456	Tunisia
457	Uganda
458	Western Sahara
459	Democratic Republic of Congo (Zaire)
460	Zambia
461	Zimbabwe
462	Africa
463-499	Not Used
500-553	Oceania
500	Not Used
501	Australia
502	Christmas Island, Indian Ocean
503-504	Not Used
505	Cook Islands
506	Coral Sea Islands
507	Heard & McDonald Islands
508	Fiji
509	French Polynesia
510	Kiribati
511	Marshall Islands Micronesia
512 513	
514	Nauru New Caledonia
515	New Zealand
516	Niue
517	Norfolk Island
518	Palau
519	Papua New Guinea
520	Pitcairn Islands
521	Solomon Islands
522	Tokelau
523	Tonga
524	Tuvalu
525	Vanuatu
526	Wallis & Futuna Islands
527	Samoa
528	Oceania
529-553	Not Used

State and Foreign Country		
At Sea/Abroad, Not Specified		
At sea		
Abroad, not specified (Place of Work only)		
Not Used		

G-118 Code Lists

Census 2000 (1997	000000	NAICS		Comments
industry codes)	Census 2000 industry titles	based codes	NAICS titles	(NAICS equivalent)
017	Crop production	111	Crop production	111
018	Animal production	112	Animal production	112
019	Forestry except logging	113M	Forestry except logging	1131, 1132
027	Logging	1133	Logging	1133
028 029	Fishing, hunting, and trapping Support activities for agriculture and	114 115	Fishing, hunting, and trapping Support activities for agriculture and	114 115
	forestry		forestry	
037	Oil and gas extraction Coal mining	211 2121	Oil and gas extraction Coal mining	211 2121
038 039	Metal ore mining	2121	Metal ore mining	2122
047	Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying	2123	Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying	2123
048	Not specified type of mining	21S	Not specified type of mining	Part of 21
049	Support activities for mining	213	Support activities for mining	213
077	Construction	23	Construction	23
107	Animal food, grain, and oilseed milling	311M1	Animal food, grain, and oilseed milling	3111, 3112
108	Sugar and confectionery products	3113	Sugar and confectionery products	3113
109	Fruit and vegetable preserving and	3114	Fruit and vegetable preserving and	3114
	specialty food manufacturing		specialty food manufacturing	
117	Dairy product manufacturing	3115	Dairy product manufacturing	3115
118	Animal slaughtering and processing	3116	Animal slaughtering and processing	3116
119	Retail bakeries	311811	Retail bakeries	311811
127	Bakeries, except retail	3118Z	Bakeries, except retail	3118 exc.
				311811
128	Seafood and other miscellaneous	311M2	Seafood and other miscellaneous	3117, 3119
100	foods n.e.c.	0440	foods n.e.c.	D1-6044
129	Not specified food industries	311S	Not specified food industries	Part of 311
137	Beverage manufacturing	3121	Beverage manufacturing	3121
139 147	Tobacco manufacturing Fiber, yarn, and thread mills	3122 3131	Tobacco manufacturing Fiber, yarn, and thread mills	3122 3131
147	Fabric mills, except knitting	3132Z	Fabric mills, except knitting	3132 exc.
140	r ablic fillis, except killulig	31322	r ablic fillis, except killulig	3132 6xc.
149	Textile and fabric finishing and coating mills	3133	Textile and fabric finishing and coating mills	3133
157	Carpets and rugs manufacturing	31411	Carpets and rugs manufacturing	31411
159	Textile product mills except carpets	314Z	Textile product mills except carpets	314 exc.
	and rugs		and rugs	31411
167	Knitting mills	31M	Knitting mills	31324, 3151
168	Cut and sew apparel manufacturing	3152	Cut and sew apparel manufacturing	3152
169	Apparel accessories and other apparel manufacturing	3159	Apparel accessories and other apparel manufacturing	3159
177	Footwear manufacturing	3162	Footwear manufacturing	3162
179	Leather tanning and products, except	316M	Leather tanning and products, except	3161, 3169
	footwear manufacturing		footwear manufacturing	
377	Sawmills and wood preservation	3211	Sawmills and wood preservation	3211
378	Veneer, plywood, and engineered	3212	Veneer, plywood, and engineered	3212
379	wood products Prefabricated wood buildings and	32199M	wood products Prefabricated wood buildings and	321991,
007	mobile homes	0040714	mobile homes	321992
387	Miscellaneous wood products	3219ZM	Miscellaneous wood products	3219 exc. 321991, 321992
187	Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	3221	Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	3221
188	Paperboard containers and boxes	32221	Paperboard containers and boxes	32221
189	Miscellaneous paper and pulp products	3222M	Miscellaneous paper and pulp products	32222,
. 50	parameter paper and parp products	J	parameter paper and parp products	32223,
				32229
199	Printing and related support activities	323	Printing and related support activities	323
207	Petroleum refining	32411	Petroleum refining	32411
209	Miscellaneous petroleum and coal	3241M	Miscellaneous petroleum and coal	32412,
	products		products	32419

Census 2000				
(1997 industry	Census 2000	NAICS based		Comments (NAICS
codes)	industry titles	codes	NAICS titles	equivalent)
217	Resin, synthetic rubber and fibers, and filaments manufacturing	3252	Resin, synthetic rubber and fibers, and filaments manufacturing	3252
218	Agricultural chemical manufacturing	3253	Agricultural chemical manufacturing	3253
219	Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	3254	Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	3254
227	Paint, coating, and adhesives manufacturing	3255	Paint, coating, and adhesives manufacturing	3255
228	Soap, cleaning compound, and cosmetic manufacturing	3256	Soap, cleaning compound, and cosmetic manufacturing	3256
229	Industrial and miscellaneous chemicals	325M	Industrial and miscellaneous chemicals	3251, 3259
237	Plastics product manufacturing	3261	Plastics product manufacturing	3261
238	Tire manufacturing	32621	Tire manufacturing	32621
239	Rubber products, except tires, manufacturing	3262M	Rubber products, except tires, manufacturing	32622, 32629
247	Pottery, ceramics, and related products manufacturing	32711	Pottery, ceramics, and related products manufacturing	32711
248	Structural clay product manufacturing	32712	Structural clay product manufacturing	32712
249	Glass and glass product manufacturing	3272	Glass and glass product manufacturing	3272
257	Cement, concrete, lime, and gypsum product manufacturing	327M	Cement, concrete, lime, and gypsum product manufacturing	3273, 3274
259	Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing		Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	3279
267	Iron and steel mills and steel product manufacturing	331M	Iron and steel mills and steel product manufacturing	3311, 3312
268	Aluminum production and processing	3313	Aluminum production and processing	3313
269	Nonferrous metal, except aluminum,	3314	Nonferrous metal, except aluminum,	3314
277	production and processing Foundries	3315	production and processing Foundries	3315
278	Metal forgings and stampings	3321	Metal forgings and stampings	3321
279	Cutlery and hand tool manufacturing	3322	Cutlery and hand tool manufacturing	3322
287	Structural metals and tank and shipping container manufacturing	332M	Structural metals and tank and shipping container manufacturing	3323, 3324
288	Machine shops, turned product, screw, nut, and bolt manufacturing	3327	Machine shops; turned product; screw, nut, and bolt manufacturing	3327
289	Coating, engraving, heat treating and allied activities	3328	Coating, engraving, heat treating and allied activities	3328
297	Ordnance	33299M	Ordnance	332992- 332995
298	Miscellaneous fabricated metal products manufacturing	332MZM	Miscellaneous fabricated metal products manufacturing	3325, 3326, 3329 exc. 332992-
299	Not specified metal industries	33MS	Not specified metal industries	332995 Part of 331 and 332
307	Agricultural implement manufacturing	33311	Agricultural implement manufacturing	33311
308	Construction mining and oil field	3331M	Construction mining and oil field	33312,
309	machinery manufacturing Commercial and service industry	3333	machinery manufacturing Commercial and service industry	33313 3333
	machinery manufacturing		machinery manufacturing	
317	Metalworking machinery manufacturing	3335	Metalworking machinery manufacturing	3335
318	Engines, turbines, and power transmission equipment manufacturing	3336	Engines, turbines, and power transmission equipment manufacturing	3336
319	Machinery manufacturing, n.e.c.	333M	Machinery manufacturing, n.e.c.	3332, 3334, 3339
329 336	Not specified machinery manufacturing Computer and peripheral equipment	333S 3341	Not specified machinery manufacturing Computer and peripheral equipment	Part of 333 3341
337	manufacturing Communications, audio, and video	334M1	manufacturing Communications, audio, and video	3342, 3343
338	equipment Navigational, measuring, electromedical,	3345	equipment manufacturing Navigational, measuring, electromedical,	3345
339	and control instruments manufacturing Electronic component and product	334M2	and control instruments manufacturing Electronic component and product	3344, 3346
-	manufacturing, n.e.c.		manufacturing, n.e.c.	, 22.2

G–120 Code Lists

Census 2000 (1997	_	NAICS		Comments
industry codes)	Census 2000 industry titles	based codes	NAICS titles	(NAICS equivalent)
347 349	Household appliance manufacturing Electrical lighting, equipment, and supplies manufacturing, n.e.c.	3352 335M	Household appliance manufacturing Electrical lighting, equipment, and supplies manufacturing, n.e.c.	3352 3351, 3353, 3359
357	Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment manufacturing	336M	Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment manufacturing	3361, 3362, 3363
358	Aircraft and parts manufacturing	33641M1	Aircraft and parts manufacturing	336411- 336413
359	Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	33641M2	Aerospace products and parts manufacturing	336414- 336419
367	Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3365	Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3365
368	Ship and boat building	3366	Ship and boat building	3366
369	Other transportation equipment manufacturing	3369	Other transportation equipment manufacturing	3369
389	Furniture and related products manufacturing	337	Furniture and related products manufacturing	337
396	Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391
397	Toys, amusement, and sporting goods manufacturing	3399M	Toys, amusement, and sporting goods manufacturing	33992, 33993
398	Miscellaneous manufacturing, n.e.c.	3399ZM	Miscellaneous manufacturing, n.e.c.	3399 exc. 33992, 33993
399	Not specified manufacturing industries	3MS	Not specified manufacturing industries	Part of 31-33
407	Motor vehicles, parts and supplies	4211	Motor vehicles, parts and supplies	4211
408	Furniture and home furnishings	4212	Furniture and home furnishings	4212
409 417	Lumber and other construction materials Professional and commercial equipment and supplies	4213 4214	Lumber and other construction materials Professional and commercial equipment and supplies	4213 4214
418	Metals and minerals, except petroleum	4215	Metals and minerals, except petroleum	4215
419	Electrical goods	4216	Electrical goods	4216
426	Hardware, plumbing and heating equipment and supplies	4217	Hardware, plumbing and heating equipment and supplies	4217
427	Machinery, equipment, and supplies	4218	Machinery, equipment, and supplies	4218
428 429	Recyclable materials Miscellaneous durable goods	42193 4219Z	Recyclable materials Miscellaneous durable goods	42193 4219 exc. 42193
437 438	Paper and paper product wholesalers Drugs, sundries, and chemical and allied product wholesalers	4221 422M	Paper and paper product wholesalers Drugs, sundries, and chemical and allied product wholesalers	4221 4222, 4226
439	Apparel, fabrics, and notions wholesalers	4223	Apparel, fabrics, and notions wholesalers	4223
447	Groceries and related product wholesalers	4224	Groceries and related product wholesalers	4224
448 449	Farm product raw material wholesalers Petroleum and petroleum product	4225 4227	Petroleum and petroleum product	4225 4227
456	wholesalers Alcoholic beverage wholesalers	4228	wholesalers Alcoholic beverage wholesalers	4228
457	Farm supplies wholesalers	42291	Farm supplies wholesalers	42291
458	Miscellaneous nondurable goods wholesalers	4229Z	Miscellaneous nondurable goods wholesalers	4229 exc. 42291
459	Not specified wholesale trade	42S	Not specified wholesale trade	Part of 42
467	Automobile dealers	4411	Automobile dealers	4411
468	Other motor vehicle dealers	4412	Other motor vehicle dealers	4412
469 477	Auto parts, accessories, and tire stores Furniture and home furnishings stores	4413 442	Auto parts, accessories, and tire stores Furniture and home furnishings stores	4413 442
477 478	Household appliance stores	443111	Household appliance stores	443111
479	Radio, TV, and computer stores	4431M	Radio, TV, and computer stores	443112, 44312
487	Building material and supplies dealers	4441Z	Building material and supplies dealers	4441 exc. 44413
488	Hardware stores	44413	Hardware stores	44413
489	Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores	4442	Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores	4442

Census 2000 (1997 industry codes)	Census 2000 industry titles	NAICS based codes	NAICS titles	Comments (NAICS equivalent)
497	Grocery stores	4451	Grocery stores	4451
498	Specialty food stores	4452	Specialty food stores	4452
499 507	Beer, wine, and liquor stores Pharmacies and drug stores	4453 44611	Beer, wine, and liquor stores Pharmacies and drug stores	4453 44611
508	Health and personal care, except drug,	446Z	Health and personal care, except drug,	446 exc.
000	stores	1102	stores	44611
509	Gasoline stations	447	Gasoline stations	447
517	Clothing and accessories, except shoe,	448ZM	Clothing and accessories, except shoe,	448 exc.
E40	stores	44004	stores	44821, 4483
518 519	Shoe stores	44821 4483	Shoe stores	44821 4483
527	Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores Sporting goods, camera, and hobby and	4463 4M	Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores Sporting goods, camera, and hobby and	44313,
321	toy stores	-1111	toy stores	45111,
	13, 11111		13, 13.13	45112
528	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	45113	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	45113
529	Music stores	451M	Music stores	45114,
<b>507</b>	Dools stores and name dools	45404	Dools stores and masse dools	45122
537 538	Book stores and news dealers Department stores	45121 45211	Book stores and news dealers Department stores	45121 45211
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	45211	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	4521
547	Retail florists	4531	Retail florists	4531
548	Office supplies and stationary stores	45321	Office supplies and stationary stores	45321
549	Used merchandise stores	4533	Used merchandise stores	4533
557	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	45322	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	45322
558	Miscellaneous retail stores	4539	Miscellaneous retail stores	4539
559 567	Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	4541 4542	Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	4541 4542
568	Vending machine operators Fuel dealers	45431	Vending machine operators Fuel dealers	45431
569	Other direct selling establishments	45439	Other direct selling establishments	45439
579	Not specified retail trade	4MS	Not specified retail trade	Part of
	·		·	44-45
607	Air transportation	481	Air transportation	481
608	Rail transportation	482	Rail transportation	482
609 617	Water transportation Truck transportation	483 484	Water transportation Truck transportation	483 484
618	Bus service and urban transit	485M	Bus service and urban transit	4851,4852,
010	Bus service and arban transit	400101	Bus service and arban transit	4854-4859
619	Taxi and limousine service	4853	Taxi and limousine service	4853
627	Pipeline transportation	486	Pipeline transportation	486
628	Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487
629	Services incidental to transportation	488	Services incidental to transportation	488
637 638	Postal service Couriers and messengers	491 492	Postal service Couriers and messengers	491 492
639	Warehousing and storage	492	Warehousing and storage	493
057	Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	2211P	Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	2211
058	Natural gas distribution	2212P	Natural gas distribution	2212
059	Electric and gas and other combinations	221MP	Electric and gas and other combinations	Pts. 2211, 2212
067	Water, steam, air-conditioning, and irrigation systems	2213M	Water, steam, air conditioning, and irrigation systems	22131, 22133
068	Sewage treatment facilities	22132	Sewage treatment facilities	22132
069 647	Not specified utilities	22S	Not specified utilities	Part of 22
647	Newspaper publishers	51111	Newspaper publishers	51111
648	Publishing except newspapers and software	5111Z	Publishing except newspapers and software	5111 exc. 51111
649 657	Software publishing Motion pictures and video industries	5112 5121	Software publishing Motion pictures and video industries	5112 5121
659	Sound recording industries	5121	Sound recording industries	5121
667	Radio and television broadcasting and cable	513M	Radio and television broadcasting and cable	5131, 5132
668	Wired telecommunications carriers	51331	Wired telecommunications carriers	51331

G–122 Code Lists

Census 2000				
(1997		NAICS		Comments
industry codes)	Census 2000 industry titles	based codes	NAICS titles	(NAICS equivalent)
669	Other telecommunication services	5133Z	Other telecommunication services	5133 exc. 51331
677	Libraries and archives	51412	Libraries and archives	51412
678	Other information services	5141Z	Other information services	5141 exc. 51412
679 687	Data processing services Banking and related activities	5142 52M1	Data processing services Banking and related activities	5142 521, 52211,
688	Savings institutions, including credit unions	5221M	Savings institutions, including credit unions	52219 52212 52213
689	Nondepository credit and related activities	522M	Nondepository credit and related activities	5222, 5223
697	Securities, commodities, funds, trusts, and other financial investments	52M2	Securities, commodities, funds, trusts, and other financial investments	523, 525
699	Insurance carriers and related activities	524	Insurance carriers and related activities	524
707	Real Estate	531	Real Estate	531
708	Automotive equipment rental and leasing	5321	Automotive equipment rental and leasing	5321
717 718	Video tape and disk rental Other consumer goods rental	53223 532M	Video tape and disk rental Other consumer goods rental	53223 53221,
/10	Other consumer goods rental	332IVI	Other consumer goods rental	53222,
710	Commercial industrial and other	FOM	Commercial industrial and other	53229, 5323
719 727	Commercial, industrial, and other intangible assets rental and leasing Legal services	53M 5411	Commercial, industrial, and other intangible assets rental and leasing Legal services	5324, 533 5411
728	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping	5412	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping	5412
729	and payroll services Architectural, engineering, and related	5413	and payroll services  Architectural, engineering, and related	5413
720	services		services	
737	Specialized design services	5414	Specialized design services	5414
738	Computer systems design and related services	5415	Computer systems design and related services	5415
739	Management, scientific and technical consulting services	5416	Management, scientific and technical consulting services	5416
746	Scientific research and development services	5417	Scientific research and development services	5417
747	Advertising and related services	5418	Advertising and related services	5418
748	Veterinary services	54194	Veterinary services	54194
749	Other professional, scientific and technical services	5419Z	Other professional, scientific and technical services	5419 exc. 54194
757 758	Management of companies and enterprises Employment services	551 5613	Management of companies and enterprises Employment services	551 5613
750 759	Business support services	5614	Business support services	5614
767	Travel arrangement and reservation services	5615	Travel arrangement and reservation services	5615
768	Investigation and security services	5616	Investigation and security services	5616
769	Services to buildings and dwellings	5617Z	Services to buildings and dwellings	5617 exc. 56173
777	Landscaping services	56173	Landscaping services	56173
778	Other administrative and other support services	561M	Other administrative and other support services	5611, 5612,5619
779	Waste management and remediation services	562	Waste management and remediation services	562
786	Elementary and secondary schools	6111	Elementary and secondary schools	6111
787	Colleges and universities, including junior colleges	611M1	Colleges and universities, including junior colleges	6112, 6113
788	Business, technical and trade schools, and training	611M2	Business, technical and trade schools, and training	6114, 6115
789	Other schools, instruction, and educational services	611M3	Other schools, instruction, and educational services	6116, 6117
797	Offices of physicians	6211	Offices of physicians	6211
798 700	Offices of chiroprostors	6212	Offices of chiroprostors	6212
799 807	Offices of chiropractors Offices of optometrists	62131 62132	Offices of chiropractors Offices of optometrists	62131 62132

Census 2000 (1997 industry	Census 2000	NAICS based		Comments (NAICS
codes)	industry titles	codes	NAICS titles	equivalent)
808	Offices of other health practitioners	6213ZM	Offices of other health practitioners	6213 exc. 62131, 62132
809	Outpatient care centers	6214	Outpatient care centers	6214
817 818	Home health care services Other health care services	6216 621M	Home health care services Other health care services	6216 6215, 6219
819	Hospitals	622	Hospitals	622
827	Nursing care facilities	6231	Nursing care facilities	6231
829	Residential care facilities, without nursing	623M	Residential care facilities, without nursing	6232, 6233, 6239
837 838	Individual and family services Community food and housing, and	6241 6242	Individual and family services Community food and housing, and	6241 6242
000	emergency services	0242	emergency services	0242
839	Vocational rehabilitation services	6243	Vocational rehabilitation services	6243
847	Child day care services	6244	Child day care services	6244
856	Independent artists, performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries	711	Independent artists, performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries	711
857	Museums, art galleries, historical sites, and similar institutions	712	Museums, art galleries, historical sites, and similar institutions	712
858	Bowling centers	71395	Bowling centers	71395
859	Other amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713Z	Other amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713 exc. 71395
866	Traveler accommodation	7211	Traveler accommodation	7211
867	Recreational vehicle parks and camps, and rooming and boarding houses	721M	Recreational vehicle parks and camps, and rooming and boarding houses	7212, 7213
868	Restaurants and other food services	722Z	Restaurants and other food services	722 exc. 7224
869 877	Drinking places, alcoholic beverages Automotive repair and maintenance	7224 8111Z	Drinking places, alcoholic beverages Automotive repair and maintenance	7224 8111 exc.
011	Automotive repair and maintenance	01112	Automotive repair and maintenance	811192
878	Car washes	811192	Car washes	811192
879	Electronic and precision equipment repair and maintenance	8112	Electronic and precision equipment repair and maintenance	8112
887	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance		Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	8113
888	Personal and household goods repair and maintenance		Personal and household goods repair and maintenance	8114 exc. 81143
889 897	Footwear and leather goods repair Barber shops	81143 812111	Footwear and leather goods repair Barber shops	81143 812111
898	Beauty salons	812112	Beauty salons	812112
899	Nail salons and other personal care	8121M	Nail salons and other personal care	812113,
007	services	0400	services	81219
907 908	Drycleaning and laundry services Funeral homes, cemeteries and crematories	8123 8122	Drycleaning and laundry services Funeral homes, cemeteries and crematories	8123 8122
909	Other personal services	8129	Other personal services	8129
916	Religious organizations	8131	Religious organizations	8131
917	Civic, social, advocacy organizations, and grantmaking and giving services	813M	Civic, social, advocacy organizations, and grantmaking and giving services	8132, 8133, 8134
918 919	Labor unions Business, professional, political, and	81393 8139Z	Labor unions Business, professional, political, and	81393 8139 exc.
313	similar organizations	01392	similar organizations	81393
929	Private households	814	Private households	814
937	Executive offices and legislative bodies	9211MP	Executive offices and legislative bodies	92111,
				92112, 92114,
				pt. 92115
938	Public finance activities	92113	Public finance activities	92113
939 947	Other general government and support Justice, public order, and safety activities	92119 92MP	Other general government and support Justice, public order, and safety activities	92119 922, pt.
J41	Journal order, and safety activities	SZIVIF	Journal of the same of the sam	92115

G–124 Code Lists

Census 2000 (1997 industry codes)	Census 2000 industry titles	NAICS based codes	NAICS titles	Comments (NAICS equivalent)
948	Administration of human resource programs	923	Administration of human resource programs	923
949	Administration of environmental quality and housing programs	92M1	Administration of environmental quality and housing programs	924, 925
957	Administration of economic programs and space research	92M2	Administration of economic programs and space research	926, 927
959	National security and international affairs	928Z	National security and international affairs	928 (exc. 928110)
967	U. S. Army	928110P1	U. S. Army	92811Ó
968	U. S. Air Force	928110P2	U. S. Air Force	928110
969	U. S. Navy	928110P3	U. S. Navy	928110
977	U. S. Marines	928110P4	U. S. Marines	928110
978	U. S. Coast Guard	928110P5	U. S. Coast Guard	928110
979	U. S. Armed Forces, branch not specified	928110P6		928110
987	Military Reserves or National Guard	928110P7	Military Reserves or National Guard	928110
978	U. S. Coast Guard	928110P5		928110
979	U. S. Armed Forces, branch not specified	928110P6		928110
987	Military Reserves or National Guard	928110P7	Military Reserves or National Guard	928110
992	Unemployed, with no work experience since 1995	None	Not applicable	None

#### Legend:

M = Multiple NAICS codes

P = Part of a NAICS code - NAICS code split between two or more Census codes
S = Not specified Industry in NAICS sector - Specific to Census codes only
Z = Exception to NAICS code - Part of NAICS industry has own Census code

Code Lists G-125

Census 2000 occupa- tion code	Census 2000 occupation titles	2000 SOC equiva- lent	2000 SOC designation title	Comments
001	Chief Executives	11-1011	Chief Executives	
001	General and Operations Managers	11-1021	General and Operations Managers	
003	Legislators	11-1031		
004	Advertising and Promotions Managers	11-2011	Advertising and Promotions Managers	
005	Marketing and Sales Managers	11-2020		
006	Public Relations Managers	11-2031		
010	Administrative Services Managers	11-3011	j	
011	Computer and Information Systems  Managers	11-3021	Computer and Information Systems Managers	
012	Financial Managers	11-3031	Financial Managers	
013	Human Resources Managers	11-3040	_	
014	Industrial Production Managers	11-3051	Industrial Production Managers	
015	Purchasing Managers	11-3061	Purchasing Managers	
016	Transportation, Storage, and Distribution	11-3071	Transportation, Storage, and Distribution	
000	Managers	44 0044	Managers	
020	Farm, Ranch, and Other Agricultural Managers	11-9011	Farm, Ranch, and Other Agricultural Managers	
021	Farmers and Ranchers	11-9012	ı	
022	Construction Managers	11-9021		
023	Education Administrators	11-9030	Education Administrators	
030	Engineering Managers		Engineering Managers	
031	Food Service Managers		Food Service Managers	
032	Funeral Directors		Funeral Directors	
033 034	Gaming Managers	11-9071 11-9081	5 5	
034	Lodging Managers  Medical and Health Services Managers	11-9061	Lodging Managers Medical and Health Services Managers	
036	Natural Sciences Managers	11-9121		
040	Postmasters and Mail Superintendents	11-9131	Postmasters and Mail Superintendents	
041	Property, Real Estate, and Community Association Managers	11-9141	Property, Real Estate, and Community Association Managers	
042	Social and Community Service Managers	11-9151	Social and Community Service Managers	
043	Managers, All Other	11-9199	Managers, All Other	
050	Agents and Business Managers of Artists, Performers, and Athletes	13-1011	Agents and Business Managers of Artists, Performers, and Athletes	
051	Purchasing Agents and Buyers, Farm Products	13-1021	Purchasing Agents and Buyers, Farm Products	
052	Wholesale and Retail Buyers, Except Farm Products	13-1022	Wholesale and Retail Buyers, Except Farm Products	
053	Purchasing Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail and Farm Products	13-1023	and Farm Products	
054	Claims Adjusters, Appraisers, Examiners, and Investigators	13-1030	and Investigators	
056	Compliance Officers, Except Agriculture, Construction, Health and Safety, and Trans- portation	13-1041	Compliance Officers, Except Agriculture, Construction, Health and Safety, and Trans- portation	
060	Cost Estimators	13-1051	Cost Estimators	
062	Human Resources, Training, and Labor Relations Specialists	13-1070	Human Resources, Training, and Labor Relations Specialists	
070	Logisticians	13-1081	Logisticians	
071 072	Management Analysts Meeting and Convention Planners	13-1111 13-1121	Management Analysts Meeting and Convention Planners	
073	Other Business Operations Specialists	13-11ZT 13-11XX		13-1061, 13-1199
080	Accountants and Auditors	13-2011	Management Specialist Accountants and Auditors	
080	Appraisers and Assessors of Real Estate	13-2011	Appraisers and Assessors of Real Estate	
082	Budget Analysts	13-2021		
083	Credit Analysts	13-2041	,	
084	Financial Analysts		Financial Analysts	
085	Personal Financial Advisors	13-2052		
086	Insurance Underwriters	13-2053		
090	Financial Examiners	13-2061	Financial Examiners	

G–126 Code Lists

093 T 094 O 095 F 100 C 101 C 102 C 104 C 106 E 110 N 111 N 120 A 121 M 122 C 123 S 124 N 130 A 131 S	Loan Counselors and Officers Tax Examiners, Collectors, and Revenue Agents Tax Preparers Financial Specialists, All Other Computer Scientists and Systems Analysts  Computer Programmers Computer Software Engineers Computer Support Specialists Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Data Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and Photogrammetrists	13-2070 13-2081 13-2082 13-2099 15-10XX 15-1021 15-1030 15-1041 15-1061 15-1071 15-2011 15-2021 15-2031 15-2041 15-2090 17-1010 17-1020	Financial Specialists, All Other Miscellaneous Computer Specialists, including Computer and Information Scientists and Computer Systems Analysts Computer Programmers Computer Software Engineers Computer Support Specialists Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Datal Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	15-1051,
094 095 100 0 101 102 104 106 110 111 120 121 122 123 124 130 131 132 133	Agents Tax Preparers Financial Specialists, All Other Computer Scientists and Systems Analysts  Computer Programmers Computer Software Engineers Computer Support Specialists Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Data Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	13-2082 13-2099 15-10XX 15-1021 15-1030 15-1041 15-1061 15-1071 15-1081 15-2021 15-2021 15-2031 15-2041 15-2090	Agents Tax Preparers Financial Specialists, All Other Miscellaneous Computer Specialists, including Computer and Information Scientists and Computer Systems Analysts Computer Programmers Computer Software Engineers Computer Support Specialists Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Datal Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	15-1011, 15-1051, 15-1099
094 095 100 0 101 102 104 106 110 111 120 121 122 123 124 130 131 132 133	Tax Preparers Financial Specialists, All Other Computer Scientists and Systems Analysts  Computer Programmers Computer Software Engineers Computer Support Specialists Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Data Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	13-2099 15-10XX 15-1021 15-1030 15-1041 15-1061 15-1071 15-2011 15-2021 15-2031 15-2041 15-2090	Tax Preparers Financial Specialists, All Other Miscellaneous Computer Specialists, including Computer and Information Scientists and Computer Systems Analysts Computer Programmers Computer Software Engineers Computer Support Specialists Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Datal Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	15-1051,
100 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Computer Scientists and Systems Analysts  Computer Programmers Computer Software Engineers Computer Support Specialists Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Data Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	15-10XX 15-1021 15-1030 15-1041 15-1061 15-1071 15-1081 15-2011 15-2021 15-2031 15-2041 15-2090 17-1010	Miscellaneous Computer Specialists, including Computer and Information Scientists and Computer Systems Analysts Computer Programmers Computer Software Engineers Computer Support Specialists Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Datal Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	15-1051,
101 102 104 106 110 N 111 N 120 A 121 122 123 124 N 130 A 131 S 132 A 133	Analysts  Computer Programmers Computer Software Engineers Computer Support Specialists Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Data Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	15-1021 15-1030 15-1041 15-1061 15-1071 15-1081 15-2011 15-2021 15-2031 15-2041 15-2090	including Computer and Information Scientists and Computer Systems Analysts Computer Programmers Computer Software Engineers Computer Support Specialists Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Datal Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	15-1051,
102 104 106 110 N 111 N 120 A 121 122 123 124 N 130 A 131 S 132 A 133	Computer Software Engineers Computer Support Specialists Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Data Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	15-1030 15-1041 15-1061 15-1071 15-1081 15-2011 15-2021 15-2031 15-2041 15-2090	Computer Software Engineers Computer Support Specialists Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Datal Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	
104 106 110 N 1111 N 120 A 121 N 122 123 124 N 130 A 131 S 132 A 133	Computer Support Specialists Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Data Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	15-1041 15-1061 15-1071 15-1081 15-2011 15-2021 15-2031 15-2041 15-2090	Computer Support Specialists Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Datal Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	
106   E   N   N   N   N   N   N   N   N   N	Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Data Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	15-1061 15-1071 15-1081 15-2011 15-2021 15-2031 15-2041 15-2090 17-1010	Database Administrators Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Datal Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	
110 N 111 N 120 A 121 N 122 C 123 S 124 N 130 A 131 S	Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Data Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	15-1071 15-1081 15-2011 15-2021 15-2031 15-2041 15-2090 17-1010	Network and Computer Systems Administrators Network Systems and Datal Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	
111 N 120 A 121 N 122 C 123 S 124 N 130 A 131 S	Administrators Network Systems and Data Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	15-1081 15-2011 15-2021 15-2031 15-2041 15-2090 17-1010	Administrators Network Systems and Datal Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	
111 N 120 A 121 N 122 C 123 S 124 N 130 A 131 S 132 A 133	Network Systems and Data Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	15-2011 15-2021 15-2031 15-2041 15-2090 17-1010	Network Systems and Datal Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	
120 A 121 N 122 C 123 S 124 N 130 A 131 S 132 A 133	Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	15-2011 15-2021 15-2031 15-2041 15-2090 17-1010	Communications Analysts Actuaries Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	
121	Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	15-2021 15-2031 15-2041 15-2090 17-1010	Mathematicians Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	
122   C   123   S   124   N   N   131   S   132   A   133   A   A   133   A   A   133   A   A   133   A   A   134   A   135   A   135	Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	15-2031 15-2041 15-2090 17-1010	Operations Research Analysts Statisticians Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	
123 124 130 131 132 132 133	Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	15-2041 15-2090 17-1010	Statisticians Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	
124 N 130 A 131 S 132 A 133 A	Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	15-2090 17-1010	Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations	
130 A 131 S 132 A 133 A	Occupations Architects, Except Naval Surveyors, Cartographers, and	17-1010	Occupations	
131 S 132 A 133 A	Surveyors, Cartographers, and		Alciliects, Except Navai	
132 A			Surveyors, Cartographers, and	
132 A		17-1020	Photogrammetrists	
133 A	Aerospace Engineers	17-2011	1 -	
	Agricultural Engineers	17-2021	, ,	
	Biomedical Engineers	17-2031	, ,	
135 C	Chemical Engineers	17-2041		
136 C	Civil Engineers	17-2051		
140 C	Computer Hardware Engineers	17-2061	Computer Hardware Engineers	
141 E	Electrical and Electronics Engineers	17-2070		
	Environmental Engineers	17-2081		
	Industrial Engineers, Including Health and Safety	17-2110	Safety	
	Marine Engineers and Naval Architects	17-2121	3	
	Materials Engineers	17-2131	Materials Engineers	
	Mechanical Engineers	17-2141	Mechanical Engineers	
	Mining and Geological Engineers, Including Mining Safety Engineers	17-2151	Mining and Geological Engineers, Including Mining Safety Engineers	
	Nuclear Engineers		Nuclear Engineers	
	Petroleum Engineers Engineers, All Other	17-2171	Petroleum Engineers Miscellaneous Engineers, including	
	Drafters	17-3010	Agricultural and Biomedical	
-	Engineering Technicians, Except Drafters	17-3010		
	Surveying and Mapping Technicians	17-3020	, , ,	
	Agricultural and Food Scientists	19-1010		
	Biological Scientists	19-1020	1 ~ 1	
	Conservation Scientists and Foresters	19-1030		
	Medical Scientists	19-1040		
I	Astronomers and Physicists	19-2010	Astronomers and Physicists	
	Atmospheric and Space Scientists	19-2021		
1 -	Chemists and Materials Scientists	19-2030	Chemists and Materials Scientists	
	Environmental Scientists and Geoscientists		Environmental Scientists and Geoscientists	
	Physical Scientists, All Other	19-2099	1 * 1	
	Economists	19-3011		
	Market and Survey Researchers	19-3020		
	Psychologists	19-3030	Psychologists	
	Sociologists Urban and Regional Planners	19-3041 19-3051	1 -	

Census 2000 occupa- tion code	Census 2000 occupation titles	2000 SOC equiva- lent	2000 SOC designation title	Comments
186	Miscellaneous Social Scientists and Related	19-3090	Miscellaneous Social Scientists and Related	
100	Workers	19-3090	Workers	
190	Agricultural and Food Science Technicians	19-4011	Agricultural and Food Science Technicians	
191	Biological Technicians	19-4021	Biological Technicians	
192 193	Chemical Technicians Geological and Petroleum Technicians	19-4031 19-4041	Chemical Technicians Geological and Petroleum Technicians	
193	Nuclear Technicians	19-4041	Nuclear Technicians	
196	Other Life, Physical, and Social Science Technicians	19-40XX	Miscellaneous Life, Physical, and Social Science Technicians, including Social Science Research Assistants and Nuclear Technicians	19-4061, 19-4090
200	Counselors	21-1010		
201	Social Workers	21-1020	Social Workers	
202	Miscellaneous Community and Social Service Specialists	21-1090	Miscellaneous Community and Social Service Specialists	
204	Clergy	21-2011	Clergy	
205	Directors, Religious Activities and	21-2021	Directors, Religious Activities and	
206	Education Religious Workers, All Other	21 2000	Education Religious Workers, All Other	
206 210	Lawyers	21-2099 23-1011	•	
211	Judges, Magistrates, Other Judicial Workers	23-1020	Judges, Magistrates, and Other Judicial Workers	
214	Paralegals and Legal Assistants	23-2011	Paralegals and Legal Assistants	
215 220	Miscellaneous Legal Support Workers Postsecondary Teachers	23-2090 25-1000	]	
230	Preschool and Kindergarten Teachers	25-1000	Preschool and Kindergarten Teachers	
231	Elementary and Middle School Teachers	25-2020	ı	
232	Secondary School Teachers	25-2030	Secondary School Teachers	
233	Special Education Teachers	25-2040	Special Education Teachers	
234 240	Other Teachers and Instructors Archivists, Curators, and Museum Technicians	25-3000 25-4010	Other Teachers and Instructors Archivists, Curators, and Museuml Technicians	
243	Librarians	25-4021	Librarians	
244	Library Technicians	25-4031	Library Technicians	
254 255	Teacher Assistants Other Education, Training, and Library Workers	25-9041 25-90XX	Teacher Assistants Other Education, Training, and Library Occupations, except Teach Assistants	15-9011, 25-9021, 25-9031, 25-9099
260	Artists and Related Workers	27-1010	Artists and Related Workers	20 0000
263	Designers		Designers	
270	Actors	27-2011		
271 272	Producers and Directors Athletes, Coaches, Umpires, and Related Workers		Producers and Directors Athletes, Coaches, Umpires, and Related Workers	
274	Dancers and Choreographers	27-2030	Dancers and Choreographers	
275 276	Musicians, Singers, and Related Workers Entertainers and Performers, Sports and Related Workers, All Other	27-2740 27-2099	Musicians, Singers, and Related Workers Entertainers and Performers, Sports and Related Workers, All Other	
280	Announcers	27-3010	Announcers	
281	News Analysts, Reporters and Correspondents	27-3020	News Analysts, Reporters and Correspondents	
282	Public Relations Specialists	27-3031	Public Relations Specialists	
283 284	Editors Technical Writers	27-3041 27-3042	Editors Technical Writers	
285	Writers and Authors	27-3042	Writers and Authors	
286	Miscellaneous Media and Communication Workers	27-3090	Miscellaneous Media and Communication Workers	
290	Broadcast and Sound Engineering Technicians and Radio Operators	27-4010	Broadcast and Sound Engineering Technicians And Radio Operators	
291	Photographers	27-4021	Photographers	
292	Television, Video, and Motion Picture Camera Operators and Editors	27-4030	Television, Video, and Motion Picture Camera Operators and Editors	

G–128 Code Lists

Census 2000 occupa- tion code	Census 2000 occupation titles	2000 SOC equiva- lent	2000 SOC designation title	Comments
296	Media and Communication Equipment	27-4099		
300	Workers, All Other Chiropractors	29-1011	Workers, All Other Chiropractors	
301	Dentists	29-1011		
303	Dietitians and Nutritionists	29-1020		
304	Optometrists	29-1041		
305	Pharmacists	I	Pharmacists	
306	Physicians and Surgeons	I	Physicians and Surgeons	
311 312	Physician Assistants Podiatrists	29-1071	Physician Assistants Podiatrists	
313	Registered Nurses	29-1111		
314	Audiologists	l	Audiologists	
315	Occupational Therapists		Occupational Therapists	
316	Physical Therapists	I	Physical Therapists	
320	Radiation Therapists		Radiation Therapists	
321 322	Recreational Therapists Respiratory Therapists	I	Recreational Therapists Respiratory Therapists	
323	Speech-Language Pathologists	29-1127		
324	Therapists, All Other		Therapists, All Other	
325	Veterinarians	29-1131	Veterinarians	
326	Health Diagnosing and Treating	29-1199		
330	Practitioners, All Other Clinical Laboratory Technologists and Technicians	29-2010	Practitioners, All Other Clinical Laboratory Technologists and Technicians	
331	Dental Hygienists	29-2021	Dental Hygienists	
332	Diagnostic Related Technologists and	29-2030	Diagnostic Related Technologists and	
340	Technicians Emergency Medical Technicians and Paramedics	29-2041	Technicians Emergency Medical Technicians and Paramedics	
341	Health Diagnosing and Treating Practitioner Support Technicians	29-2050	Health Diagnosing and Treating Practitioner Support Technicians	
350	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	29-061	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	
351	Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	29-2071	Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	
352	Opticians, Dispensing	29-2081	Opticians, Dispensing	
353	Miscellaneous Health Technologists and Technicians Other Healthcare Practitioners and	29-2090	Miscellaneous Health Technologists and Technicians	
354 360	Technical Occupations  Nursing, Psychiatric, and Home Health Aides	29-9000	Technical Occupations	
361	Occupational Therapist Assistants and Aides	31-2010		
362	Physical Therapist Assistants and Aides			
363	Massage Therapists	31-9011	Massage Therapists	
364	Dental Assistants	31-9091	Dental Assistants	04 0000
365	Medical Assistants and Other Healthcare Support Occupations	31-909X	Miscellaneous Healthcare Support Workers, except Dental Assistants	31-9092, 31-9093, 31-9094, 31-9095, 31-9096, 31-9099
370	First-Line Supervisor/Managers of Correctional Officers	33-1011	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Correctional Officers	0.0000
371	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Police and Detectives	33-1012	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Police and Detectives	
372	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Fire Fighting and Prevention Workers	33-1021	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Fire Fighting and Prevention Workers	
373	Supervisors, Protective Service Workers, All Other	33-1099	Supervisors, Protective Service Workers, All Other	
374 375	Fire Fighters	33-2011	Fire Fighters	
375 380	Fire Inspectors  Bailiffs, Correctional Officers, and Jailers	33-2020 33-3010	Fire Inspectors  Bailiffs, Correctional Officers, and Jailers	
382	Detectives and Criminal Investigators	33-3021	Detectives and Criminal Investigators	

Census 2000 occupa- tion	Census 2000 occupation titles	2000 SOC equiva-	2000 SOC designation title	
code		lent		Comments
383	Fish and Game Wardens	33-3031	Fish and Game Wardens	
384	Parking Enforcement Workers	33-3041	0	
385	Police and Sheriff's Patrol Officers	33-3051	Police Officers	
386 390	Transit and Railroad Police Animal Control Workers	33-3052 33-9011	Police Officers Animal Control Workers	
390	Private Detectives and Investigators	30-9021		
392	Security Guards and Gaming Surveillance Officers	33-9030		
394	Crossing Guards	33-9091	Crossing Guards	
395	Lifeguards and Other Service Workers	33-909X	Miscellaneous Protective Service Workers, except Crossing Guards, and including Animal Control Workers	33-9092, 33-9099
400	Chefs and Head Cooks	35-1011		
401	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	35-1012	Preparation and Serving Workers	
402	Cooks	35-2010		
403 404	Food Preparation Workers Bartenders	35-2021 35-3011	Food Preparation Workers Bartenders	
404	Combined Food Preparation and Serving	35-3011	Combined Food Preparation and Serving	
100	Workers, Including Fast Food	00 0021	Workers, Including Fast Food	
406	Counter Attendants, Cafeteria, Food Concession, and Coffee Shop	35-3022	Counter Attendants, Cafeteria, Food Concession, and Coffee Shop	
411	Waiters and Waitresses	35-3031	Waiters and Waitresses	
412 413	Food Servers, Nonrestaurant Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and	35-3041 35-9011	Food Servers, Nonrestaurant Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and	
410	Bartender Helpers	33-3011	Bartender Helpers	
414	Dishwashers	35-9021	· ·	
415	Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	35-9031	Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	
416	Food Preparation and Serving Related Workers, All Other	35-9099	Workers, All Other	
420	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Housekeeping and Janitorial Workers	37-1011	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Housekeeping and Janitorial Workers	
421	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Landscaping, Lawn Service, and	37-1012		
	Groundskeeping Workers		Groundskeeping Workers	
422	Janitors and Building Cleaners	37-201X		37-2011,
			and modeling cleaners	37-2019
423	Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	37-2012	, ,	
424	Pest Control Workers	37-2021	Pest Control Workers	
425 430	Grounds Maintenance Workers First-Line Supervisors/Managers of	37-3010	Grounds Maintenance Workers First-Line Supervisors/Managers of	
430	Gaming Workers	39-1010	Gaming Workers	
432	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of	39-1021	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of	
40.4	Personal Service Workers	00 0044	Personal Service Workers	
434	Animal Trainers Nonfarm Animal Caretakers	39-2011	Animal Trainers	
435 440	Gaming Services Workers	39-2021 39-3010	Nonfarm Animal Caretakers Gaming Services Workers	
441	Motion Picture Projectionists	39-3010	Motion Picture Projectionists	
442	Ushers, Lobby Attendants, And Ticket	39-3031	Ushers, Lobby Attendants, and Ticket	
443	Takers Miscellaneous Entertainment Attendants and	39-3090		
446	Related Workers Funeral Service Workers	39-4000	Related Workers Funeral Service Workers	
446 450	Barbers	39-4000		
451	Hairdressers, Hairstylists, and Cosmetologists	39-5012		
452	Miscellaneous Personal Appearance Workers	39-5090	_	
453	Baggage Porters, Bellhops, and Concierges	39-6010	Baggage Porters, Bellhops, and Concierges	
454	Tour and Travel Guides	39-6020	Tour and Travel Guides	
455	Transportation Attendants	39-6030	Transportation Attendants	

G–130 Code Lists

Census 2000 occupa- tion code	Census 2000 occupation titles	2000 SOC equiva- lent	2000 SOC designation title	Comments
460	Child Care Workers	39-9011	Child Care Workers	
461	Personal and Home Care Aides	39-9021	Personal and Home Care Aides	
462	Recreation and Fitness Workers	39-9030	Recreation and Fitness Workers	
464	Residential Advisors	39-9041	Residential Advisors	
465	Personal Care and Service Workers, All Other	39-9099	Personal Care and Service Workers, All Other	
470	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Retail Sales Workers	41-1011	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Retail Sales Workers	
471	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Nonretail Sales Workers	41-1012	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Nonretail Sales Workers	
472	Cashiers	41-2010	Cashiers	
474	Counter and Rental Clerks	41-2021	Counter and Rental Clerks	
475	Parts Salespersons	41-2022	Parts Salespersons	
476	Retail Salespersons	41-2031	Retail Salespersons	
480	Advertising Sales Agents		Advertising Sales Agents	
481	Insurance Sales Agents	41-3021	Insurance Sales Agents	
482	Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales Agents	41-3031	,	
483	Travel Agents	41-3041	Travel Agents	
484	Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	41-3099		
485	Sales Representatives, Wholesale and Manufacturing	41-4010	Sales Representatives, Wholesale and Manufacturing	
490	Models, Demonstrators, and Product Promoters	41-9010	_	
492	Real Estate Brokers and Sales Agents	41-9020		
493	Sales Engineers	41-9031	_	
494	Telemarketers	41-9041	, ,	
495	Door-To-Door Sales Workers, News and Street Vendors, and Related Workers	41-9091		
496	Sales and Related Workers, All Other	41-9099		
500	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Office and Administrative Support Workers	43-1011	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Office and Administrative Support Workers	
501	Switchboard Operators, Including Answering Service	43-2011	Switchboard Operators, Including Answering Service	
502	Telephone Operators	43-2021	Telephone Operators	
503	Communications Equipment Operators, All Other	43-2099	Communications Equipment Operators, All Other	
510	Bill and Account Collectors	43-3011	Bill and Account Collectors	
511	Billing and Posting Clerks and Machine Operators	43-3021	Billing and Posting Clerks and Machine Operators	
512	Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	43-3031	Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	
513	Gaming Cage Workers	43-3041	Gaming Cage Workers	
514	Payroll and Timekeeping Clerks	43-3051	Payroll and Timekeeping Clerks	
515	Procurement Clerks	43-3061	Procurement Clerks	
516	Tellers	43-3071	Tellers	
520	Brokerage Clerks	43-4011	Brokerage Clerks	
521	Correspondence Clerks	43-4021	Correspondence Clerks	
522	Court, Municipal, and License Clerks	43-4031	Court, Municipal, and License Clerks	
523	Credit Authorizers, Checkers, and Clerks	43-4041	Credit Authorizers, Checkers, and Clerks	
524	Customer Service Representatives	43-4051	Customer Service Representatives	
525	Eligibility Interviewers, Government Programs	43-4061	Eligibility Interviewers, Government Programs	
526	File Clerks	43-4071	File Clerks	
530	Hotel, Motel, and Resort Desk Clerks	43-4081	Hotel, Motel, and Resort Desk Clerks	
531	Interviewers, Except Eligibility and Loan	43-4111	Interviewers, Except Eligibility and Loan	
532	Library Assistants, Clerical	43-4121	Library Assistants, Clerical	
533	Loan Interviewers and Clerks	43-4131	Loan Interviewers and Clerks	
534	New Accounts Clerks	43-4141	New Accounts Clerks	
535	Order Clerks	43-4151	Order Clerks	
536	Human Resources Assistants, Except	43-4161	Human Resources Assistants, Except	
540	Payroll and Timekeeping Receptionists and Information Clerks	43-4171	Payroll and Timekeeping Receptionists and Information Clerks	
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Census 2000 occupa- tion code	Census 2000 occupation titles	2000 SOC equiva- lent	2000 SOC designation title	Comments
541	Reservation and Transportation Ticket Agents and Travel Clerks	43-4181	Reservation and Transportation Ticket Agents and Travel Clerks	
542	Information and Record Clerks, All Other	43-4199	Information and Record Clerks, All Other	
550	Cargo and Freight Agents	43-5011	Cargo and Freight Agents	
551	Couriers and Messengers	43-5021		
552	Dispatchers	43-5030	J	
553	Meter Readers, Utilities	43-5041		
554	Postal Service Clerks	43-5051	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
555	Postal Service Mail Carriers	43-5052		
556	Postal Service Mail Sorters, Processors, and Processing Machine Operators		Postal Service Mail Sorters, Processors, and Processing Machine Operators	
560	Production, Planning, and Expediting Clerks	43-5061	Production, Planning, and Expediting Clerks	
561	Shipping, Receiving, and Traffic Clerks	43-5071	Shipping, Receiving, and Traffic Clerks	
562	Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	43-5081	Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	
563	Weighers, Measurers, Checkers, and Samplers, Recordkeeping	43-5111	Weighers, Measurers, Checkers, and Samplers, Recordkeeping	
570	Secretaries and Administrative Assistants	43-6010	Secretaries and Administrative Assistants	
580	Computer Operators	43-9011		
581	Data Entry Keyers	43-9021		
582	Word Processors and Typists	43-9022		
583	Desktop Publishers	43-9031	,	
584	Insurance Claims and Policy Processing Clerks	43-9041	Insurance Claims and Policy Processing Clerks	
585	Mail Clerks and Mail Machine Operators, Except Postal Service	43-9051	Mail Clerks and Mail Machine Operators, Except Postal Service	
586	Office Clerks, General	43-9061	Office Clerks, General	
590	Office Machine Operators, Except Computer	43-9071	Office Machine Operators, Except Computer	
591	Proofreaders and Copy Markers	43-9081	Proofreaders and Copy Markers	
592	Statistical Assistants	43-9111	Statistical Assistants	
593	Office and Administrative Support Workers, All Other	43-9199	Office and Administrative Support Workers, All Other	
600	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Workers	45-1010	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Workers	
601	Agricultural Inspectors	45-2011	,	
602	Animal Breeders	45-2021		
604	Graders and Sorters, Agricultural Products	45-2041	Graders and Sorters, Agricultural Products	
605	Miscellaneous Agricultural Workers	45-2090	9	
610	Fishers and Related Fishing Workers	45-3011	Fishing and Hunting Workers	
611	Hunters and Trappers	45-3021		
612	Forest and Conservation Workers	45-4011 45-4020		
613 620	Logging Workers First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Construction Trades and Extraction Workers	47-1011	195 9	
621	Boilermakers	47-2011	Boilermakers	
622	Brickmasons, Blockmasons, and Stonemasons	47-2020	Brickmasons, Blockmasons, and Stonemasons	
623	Carpenters	47-2031	Carpenters	
624	Carpet, Floor, and Tile Installers and Finishers	47-2040	Carpet, Floor, and Tile Installers and Finishers	
625	Cement Masons, Concrete Finishers, and Terrazzo Workers	47-2050	Cement Masons, Concrete Finishers, and Terrazzo Workers	
626	Construction Laborers	47-2061	Construction Laborers	
630	Paving, Surfacing, and Tamping Equipment Operators	47-2071	Paving, Surfacing, and Tamping Equipment Operators	
631	Pile-Driver Operators	47-2072	Pile-Driver Operators	
632	Operating Engineers and Other	47-2073	Operating Engineers and Other	
633	Construction Equipment Operators Drywall Installers, Ceiling Tile Installers,	47-2080	Construction Equipment Operators Drywall Installers, Ceiling Tile Installers,	
005	and Tapers	47.0444	and Tapers	
635 636	Electricians Glaziers	47-2111 47-2121	Electricians Glaziers	

G–132 Code Lists

Census 2000 occupa- tion code	Census 2000 occupation titles	2000 SOC equiva- lent	2000 SOC designation title	Comments
640	Insulation Workers	47-2130	Insulation Workers	
642	Painters, Construction and Maintenance			
643	Paperhangers	47-2142	Paperhangers	
644	Pipelayers, Plumbers, Pipefitters, and Steamfitters	47-2150	Pipelayers, Plumbers, Pipefitters, and Steamfitters	
646	Plasterers and Stucco Masons	47-2161		
650	Reinforcing Iron and Rebar Workers	47-2171		
651	Roofers	47-2181	Roofers	
652	Sheet Metal Workers	47-2211		
653	Structural Iron and Steel Workers	47-2221	Structural Iron and Steel Workers	
660	Helpers, Construction Trades	47-3010	' '	
666	Construction and Building Inspectors	47-4011	Construction and Building Inspectors	
670 671	Elevator Installers and Repairers Fence Erectors	47-4021	•	
671 672	Hazardous Materials Removal Workers	47-4031 47-4041		
673	Highway Maintenance Workers	47-4041		
674	Rail-Track Laying and Maintenance	47-4051		
074	Equipment Operators	47-4001	Equipment Operators	
675	Septic Tank Servicers and Sewer Pipe Cleaners	47-4071		
676	Miscellaneous Construction and Related Workers	47-4090	Miscellaneous Construction and Related Workers	
680	Derrick, Rotary Drill, and Service Unit Operators, Oil, Gas, and Mining	47-5010	Derrick, Rotary Drill, Service Unit Operators, Oil, Gas & Mining	
682	Earth Drillers, Except Oil and Gas	47-5021	Earth Drillers, Except Oil and Gas	
683	Explosives Workers, Ordnance Handling Experts, and Blasters	47-5031	Explosives Workers, Ordnance Handling Experts, and Blasters	
684	Mining Machine Operators	47-5040	, ,	
691	Roof Bolters, Mining	47-5061	Roof Bolters, Mining	
692	Roustabouts, Oil and Gas	47-5071	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
693	Helpers-Extraction Workers	47-5081	Helpers-Extraction Workers	
694	Other Extraction Workers	47-50XX	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	47-5051,
700	F	40 4044	including Roof Bolters and Helpers	47-5099
700	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of	49-1011	, ,	
701	Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers Computer, Automated Teller, and Office Machine Repairers	49-2011	' '	
702	Radio and Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers	49-2020	Machine Repairers Radio and Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers	
703	Avionics Technicians	49-2091		
704	Electric Motor, Power Tool, and Related Repairers			
705	Electrical and Electronics Installers and Repairers, Transportation Equipment	49-2093		
710	Electrical and Electronics Repairers, Industrial and Utility	49-209X	Electrical and Electronics Repairers, Transportation, Commercial and Industrial Equipment, Powerhouse, Substation, and Relay	49-2094, 49-2095
711	Electronic Equipment Installers and Repairers, Motor Vehicles	49-2096	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
712	Electronic Home Entertainment Equipment Installers and Repairers	49-2097	Electronic Home Entertainment Equipment Installers and Repairers	
713	Security and Fire Alarm Systems Installers	49-2098	Security and Fire Alarm Systems Installers	
714	Aircraft Mechanics and Service Technicians	49-3011	Aircraft Mechanics and Service Technicians	
715	Automotive Body and Related Repairers	49-3021	Automotive Body and Related Repairers	
716	Automotive Glass Installers and Repairers	49-3022	Automotive Glass Installers and Repairers	
720	Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	49-3023	Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	
721	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	49-3031	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	
722	Heavy Vehicle and Mobile Equipment Service Technicians and Mechanics	49-3040	Heavy Vehicle and Mobile Equipment Service Technicians and Mechanics	

Census 2000 occupa- tion code	Census 2000 occupation titles	2000 SOC equiva- lent	2000 SOC designation title	Comments
724 726	Small Engine Mechanics Miscellaneous Vehicle and Mobile Equipment Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	49-3050 49-3090	Small Engine Mechanics Miscellaneous Vehicle and Mobile Equipment Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	
730	Control and Valve Installers and Repairers	49-9010	Control and Valve Installers and Repairers	
731	Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers	49-9021	Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers	
732	Home Appliance Repairers	49-9031	Home Appliance Repairers	
733	Industrial and Refractory Machinery Mechanics	49-904X		49-9041, 49-9045
734	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	49-9042	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	
735 736	Maintenance Workers, Machinery	49-9043 49-9044	,	
741	Millwrights   Electrical Power-Line Installers and	49-9044	Millwrights Electrical Power-Line Installers and	
742	Repairers Telecommunications Line Installers and Repairers	49-9052	Repairers Telecommunications Line Installers and Repairers	
743	Precision Instrument and Equipment	49-9060	Precision Instrument and Equipment	
751	Repairers Coin, Vending, and Amusement Machine,	49-9091	Repairers Coin, Vending, and Amusement Machine	
	Servicers and Repairers		Servicers and Repairers	
752 754	Commercial Divers Locksmiths and Safe Repairers	49-9092 49-9094	Commercial Divers Locksmiths and Safe Repairers	
754 755	Manufactured Building and Mobile Home Installers	49-9094	Manufactured Building and Mobile Home Installers	
756	Riggers	49-9096	Riggers	
760 761	Signal and Track Switch Repairers Helpers—Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Workers	49-9097 49-9098	Signal and Track Switch Repairers Helpers—Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Workers	
762	Other Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Workers	49-909X	Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Workers, All Other; including Commercial Divers; Fabric Menders, Except Garment; & Signal & Track Switch Repairers	49-9093, 49-9099
770	First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Production and Operating Workers	51-1011		
771	Aircraft Structure, Surfaces, Rigging, and Systems Assemblers	51-2011	Aircraft Structure, Surfaces, Rigging, and Systems Assemblers	
772	Electrical, Electronics, and Electromechanical Assemblers	51-2020		
773	Engine and Other Machine Assemblers	51-2031	Engine and Other Machine Assemblers	
774 775	Structural Metal Fabricators and Fitters Miscellaneous Assemblers and Fabricators	51-2041 51-2090	Structural Metal Fabricators and Fitters Miscellaneous Assemblers and Fabricators	
780	Bakers	51-3011	Bakers	
781	Butchers and Other Meat, Poultry, and Fish Processing Workers	51-3020	Butchers and Other Meat, Poultry, and Fish Processing Workers	
783	Food and Tobacco Roasting, Baking, and Drying Machine Operators and Tenders	51-3091	Food and Tobacco Roasting, Baking, and Drying Machine Operators and Tenders	
784 785	Food Batchmakers Food Cooking Machine Operators and	51-3092 51-3093		
790	Tenders Computer Control Programmers and	51-4010	Tenders Computer Control Programmers and	
792	Operators Extruding and Drawing Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	51-4021	Operators Extruding and Drawing Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	
793	Forging Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	51-4022		
794	Rolling Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	51-4023	Rolling Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	
795	Cutting, Punching, and Press Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	51-4031	Cutting, Punching, and Press Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	

G-134 Code Lists

Census 2000 occupa- tion code	Census 2000 occupation titles	2000 SOC equiva- lent	2000 SOC designation title	Comments
796	Drilling and Boring Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	51-4032	Drilling and Boring Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	
800	Grinding, Lapping, Polishing, and Buffing Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	51-4033	Grinding, Lapping, Polishing, and Buffing Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	
801	Lathe and Turning Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	51-4034	Lathe and Turning Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	
802	Milling and Planing Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	51-4035	Milling and Planing Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	
803	Machinists	51-4041	Machinists	
804	Metal Furnace and Kiln Operators and Tenders	51-4050	Metal Furnace and Kiln Operators and Tenders	
806	Model Makers and Patternmakers, Metal and Plastic	51-4060	Model Makers and Patternmakers, Metal and Plastic	
810	Molders and Molding Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	51-4070	Molders and Molding Machine Setters, Operators, and Plastic	
812	Multiple Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	51-4081	and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	
813	Tool and Die Makers	51-4111		
814	Welding, Soldering, and Brazing Workers	51-4120	Welding, Soldering, and Brazing Workers	
815	Heat Treating Equipment Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	51-4191	Heat Treating Equipment Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	
816	Lay-Out Workers, Metal and Plastic	51-4192	Lay-Out Workers, Metal and Plastic	
820	Plating and Coating Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	51-4193	Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	
821	Tool Grinders, Filers, and Sharpeners	51-4194		
822	Metalworkers and Plastic Workers, All Other	51-4199	,	
823	Bookbinders and Bindery Workers	51-5010	,	
824 825	Job Printers Prepress Technicians and Workers	51-5021 51-5022		
826	Printing Machine Operators	51-5022	· ·	
830	Laundry and Dry-Cleaning Workers	51-5023	Laundry and Dry-Cleaning Workers	
831	Pressers, Textile, Garment, and Related Materials	51-6021	Pressers, Textile, Garment, and Related Materials	
832	Sewing Machine Operators	51-6031		
833	Shoe and Leather Workers and Repairers	51-6041		
834	Shoe Machine Operators and Tenders	51-6042	·	
835 836	Tailors, Dressmakers, and Sewers Textile Bleaching and Dyeing Machine Operators and Tenders	51-6050 51-6061	Tailors, Dressmakers, and Sewers Textile Bleaching and Dyeing Machine Operators and Tenders	
840	Textile Cutting Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	51-6062	Textile Cutting Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	
841	Textile Knitting and Weaving Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	51-6063	Textile Knitting and Weaving Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	
842	Textile Winding, Twisting, and Drawing Out Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	51-6064	Textile Winding, Twisting, and Drawing Out Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	
843	Extruding and Forming Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Synthetic and Glass Fibers	51-6091	Extruding and Forming Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Synthetic and Glass Fibers	
844	Fabric and Apparel Patternmakers	51-6092	Fabric and Apparel Patternmakers	
845	Upholsterers	51-6093	Upholsterers	
846	Textile, Apparel, and Furnishings Workers, All Other	51-6099	Miscellaneous Textile, Apparel & Furnish ings Workers, except Upholsterers	
850	Cabinetmakers and Bench Carpenters	51-7011	Cabinetmakers and Bench Carpenters	
851	Furniture Finishers	51-7021	Furniture Finishers	
852	Model Makers and Patternmakers, Wood	51-7030	Model Makers and Patternmakers, Wood	

Census 2000 occupa- tion code	Census 2000 occupation titles	2000 SOC equiva- lent	2000 SOC designation title	Comments
853	Sawing Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Wood	51-7041	Sawing Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Wood	
854	Woodworking Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Except Sawing	51-7042	Woodworking Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Except Sawing	
855	Woodworkers, All Other	51-7099		
860	Power Plant Operators, Distributors, and Dispatchers	51-8010	Power Plant Operators, Distributors, and Dispatchers	
861 862	Stationary Engineers and Boiler Operators Water and Liquid Waste Treatment Plant	51-8021 51-8031		
863	and System Operators Miscellaneous Plant and System Operators	51-8090	and System Operators Miscellaneous Plant and System Operators	
864	Chemical Processing Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	51-9010		
865	Crushing, Grinding, Polishing, Mixing, and Blending Workers	51-9020	Blending Workers	
871	Cutting Workers	51-9030		
872	Extruding, Forming, Pressing, and Compacting Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	51-9041	Extruding, Forming, Pressing, and Compacting Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	
873	Furnace, Kiln, Oven, Drier, and Kettle Operators and Tenders	51-9051	Furnace, Kiln, Oven, Drier, and Kettle Operators and Tenders	
874	Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	51-9061	Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	
875	Jewelers and Precious Stone and Metal Workers	51-9071	Jewelers and Precious Stone and Metal Workers	
876	Medical, Dental, and Ophthalmic Laboratory Technicians	51-9080	Laboratory Technicians	
880	Packaging and Filling Machine Operators and Tenders	51-9111	Packaging and Filling Machine Operators and Tenders	
881 883	Painting Workers Photographic Process Workers and Processing Machine Operators	51-9120 51-9130	S S	
884	Semiconductor Processors	51-9141	Semiconductor Processors	
885	Cementing and Gluing Machine Operators and Tenders	51-9191	Cementing and Gluing Machine Operators and Tenders	
886	Cleaning, Washing, and Metal Pickling Equipment Operators, and Tenders	51-9192	Equipment Operators and Tenders	
890	Cooling and Freezing Equipment Operators and Tenders	51-9193	Operators and Tenders	
891 892	Etchers and Engravers  Molders, Shapers, and Casters, Except  Metal and Plastic		Etchers and Engravers Molders, Shapers, and Casters, Except Metal and Plastic Setters,	
893	Paper Goods Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	51-9196	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
894	Tire Builders	51-9197	Tire Builders	
895	Helpers-Production Workers	51-9198	Helpers-Production Workers	
896	Production Workers, All Other	51-9199	Production Workers, All Other	
900	Supervisors, Transportation and Material Moving Workers	53-1000	Supervisors, Transportation and Material Moving Workers	
903	Aircraft Pilots and Flight Engineers	53-2010	Aircraft Pilots and Flight Engineers	
904	Air Traffic Controllers and Airfield Operation Specialists	53-2020	Air Traffic Controllers and Airfield Operations Specialists	
911	Ambulance Drivers and Attendants, Except Emergency Medical Technicians	53-3011	Ambulance Drivers and Attendants, Except Emergency Medical Technicians	
912	Bus Drivers  Driver/Sales Workers and Truck Drivers	53-3020	Bus Drivers  Driver/Sales Workers and Truck Drivers	
913 914	Driver/Sales Workers and Truck Drivers Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	53-3030 53-3041	Driver/Sales Workers and Truck Drivers Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	
914	Motor Vehicle Operators, All Other	53-3041	Motor Vehicle Operators, All Other	
920	Locomotive Engineers and Operators	53-4010	Locomotive Engineers and Operators	
923	Railroad Brake, Signal, and Switch Operators	53-4010	Railroad Brake, Signal, and Switch Operators	
924	Railroad Conductors and Yardmasters	53-4031	Railroad Conductors and Yardmasters	

G–136 Code Lists

Census 2000 occupa- tion code	Census 2000 occupation titles	2000 SOC equiva- lent	2000 SOC designation title	Comments
926	Subway, Streetcar, and Other Rail Transportation Workers	53-40XX	Workers, including Subway and Streetcar	53-4041, 53-4099
930	Sailors and Marine Oilers	53-5011	Operators Sailors and Marine Oilers	
930	Ship and Boat Captains and Operators	53-5011		
933	Ship Engineers	53-5031		
934	Bridge and Lock Tenders	53-6011	' 9	
935	Parking Lot Attendants	53-6021	Parking Lot Attendants	
936	Service Station Attendants	53-6031		
941	Transportation Inspectors	53-6051		
942	Other Transportation Workers	53-60XX	Miscellaneous Transportation Workers, Including Bridge and Lock Tenders and Traffic Technicians	53-6041, 53-6099
950	Conveyor Operators and Tenders	53-7011		
951	Crane and Tower Operators	53-7021		
952	Dredge, Excavating, and Loading Machine Operators	53-7030	Operators	
956	Hoist and Winch Operators	53-7041		
960	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	53-7051		
961 962	Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	53-7061		
902	Laborers and Freight, Stock and Material Movers, Hand	53-7062	Laborers and Freight, Stock and Material Movers, Hand	
963	Machine Feeders and Offbearers		Machine Feeders and Offbearers	
964	Packers and Packagers, Hand		Packers and Packagers, Hand	
965	Pumping Station Operators	53-7070		
972 973	Refuse and Recyclable Material Collectors Shuttle Car Operators	53-7081	Refuse and Recyclable Material Collectors	
973 974	Tank Car, Truck, and Ship Loaders	53-7111		
974	Material Moving Workers, All Other	53-7121		
980	Military Officer and Special Tactical Operations Leaders/Managers	55-1000	,	
981	First-Line Enlisted Military Supervisors/Managers	55-2000	, ,	
982	Military Enlisted Tactical Operations and Air/Weapons Specialists and Crew Members	55-3000	Military Enlisted Tactical Operations and Air/Weapons Specialists and Crew Members	
983	Military, Rank Not Specified	N/A	Military, Rank Not Specified	
992	Unemployed, With no Work Experience Since 1995	N/A	Unemployed, With no Work Experience Since 1995	Not published, output only

Note: The Census 2000 occupational classification has 509 categories. Of these 369 exactly match SOC detailed categories; another 127 match the SOC at its broad category or minor group level. There are 13 aggregates of multiple SOC categories that do not have an exact match to a single SOC code. Since each of the 13 aggregates contains more than one SOC equivalent, the Census Bureau will use an "X" or "XX" designation in tabulations that show data for these aggregates. These aggregates are as follows:

Census code and title:	SOC designation and title	SOC code:
073 – Other Business Operations Specialists	13-11XX – Miscellaneous Business Operations Specialists, including Emergency Management Specialist	13-1061 13-1199
100 – Computer Scientists and Systems Analysts	15-10XX – Miscellaneous Computer Specialists, including Computer and Information Scientists and Computer Systems Analysts	15-1011 15-1051 15-1099
196 – Other Life, Physical, and Social Science Technicians	19-40XX – Miscellaneous Life, Physical, and Social Science Technicians, including Social Science Research Assistants	19-4061 19-4090
255 – Other Education, Training, and Library Workers	25-90XX – Miscellaneous Education, Training, and Library Workers, except Teacher Assistants	25-9011 25-9021 25-9031 25-9099
365 – Medical Assistants and Other Healthcare Support Occupations	31-909X – Miscellaneous Healthcare Support Workers, except Dental Assistants	31-9092 31-9093 31-9094 31-9095 31-9096 31-9099
395 – Lifeguards and Other Protective Service Workers	33-909X – Miscellaneous Protective Service Workers, except Crossing Guards	33-9092 33-9099
422 – Janitors and Building Cleaners	37-201X - Building Cleaning Workers, except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	37-2011 37-2019
694 - Other Extraction Workers	47-50XX - Miscellaneous Extraction Workers, including Rock Splitters, Quarry	47-5051 47-5099
710 – Electrical and Electronics Repairers, Industrial and Utility	49-209X – Electrical and Electronics Repairers, Commercial and Industrial Equipment, Powerhouse, Substation, and Relay	49-2094 49-2095
733 – Industrial and Refractory Machinery Mechanics	49-904X – Industrial Machinery Mechanics plus Refractory Materials Repairers, except Brickmasons	49-9041 49-9045
762 – Other Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Workers	49-909X - Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Workers, All Other, inclucing Fabric Menders, except Garment	49-9093 49-9099
926 - Subway, Streetcar, and Other Rail Transportation Workers	53-40XX - Miscellaneous Rail Transportation Workers, including Subway and Streetcar Operators	53-4041 53-4099
942 – Other Transportation Workers	53-60XX – Miscellaneous Transportation Workers, including Traffic Technicians	53-6099 53-6041

G-138 Code Lists

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
001	Alsatian
002	Andorran (See Code 997)
003	Austrian (Includes 004)
004	Tirol (See Code 003)
005	Basque (Includes 006, 007)
006	French Basque (See Code 005)
007	Spanish Basque (See Code 005)
008	Belgian (Includes 010)
009	Flemish
010	Walloon (See Code 008)
011	British (Includes 013, 014)
012	British Isles
013	Channel Islander (See Code 011)
014	Gibraltar (See Code 011)
015	Cornish (See Code 022)
016	Corsican (See Code 026)
017	Cypriot (See Code 997)
018	Greek Cypriote (See Code 997)
019	Turkish Cypriote (See Code 997)
020	Danish (Includes 023)
021	Dutch (Includes 029)
022	English (Includes 015)
023	Faeroe Islander (See Code 020)
024	Finnish (Includes 025)
025	Karelian (See Code 024)
026	French (Includes 016, 027, 028, 083)
027	Lorraine (See Code 026)
028	Breton (See Code 024)
029	Frisian (See Code 021)
030	Friulian (See Code 051)
031	Ladin (See Code 051)
032	German (Includes 033-039, 041-045)
033	Bavaria (See Code 032)
034	Berlin (See Code 032)
035	Hamburg (See Code 032)
036	Hannover (See Code 032)
037	Hessian (See Code 032)
038	Lubecker (See Code 032)
039	Pomeranian (See Code 032)
040	Prussian
041	Saxon (See Code 032)
042	Sudetenlander (See Code 032)
043	Westphalian (See Code 032)
044	East German (See Code 032)
045	West German (See Code 032)
046	Greek (Includes 047, 048)
047	Cretan (See Code 046)
048	Cyclades (See Code 046)
049	Icelander
050	Irish (Includes 081)

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
051	Italian (Includes 030, 031, 052-067, 069-074)
052	Trieste (See Code 051)
053	Abruzzi (See Code 051)
054	Apulian (See Code 051)
055	Basilicata (See Code 051)
056	Calabrian (See Code 051)
057	Amalfin (See Code 051)
058	Emilia Romagna
059	Rome (See Code 051)
060	Ligurian (See Code 051)
061	Lombardian (See Code 051)
062	Marche (See Code 051)
063	Molise (See Code 051)
064	Neapolitan (See Code 051)
065	Piedmontese (See Code 051)
066	Puglia (See Code 051)
067	Sardinian (See Code 051)
068	Sicilian
069	Tuscany (See Code 051)
070	Trentino (See Code 051)
071	Umbrian (See Code 051)
072	Valle Daost (See Code 051)
073	Venetian (See Code 051)
074	San Marino (See Code 051)
075	Lapp (See Code 997)
076	Liechtensteiner (See Code 997)
077	Luxemburger
078	Maltese
079	Manx (See Code 997)
080	Monegasque (See Code 997)
081	North Irish (See Code 050)
082	Norwegian
083	Occitan (See Code 026)
084	Portuguese (Includes 085, 086)
085	Azores Islander (See Code 084)
086	Madeira Islander (See Code 084)
087	Scotch Irish
088	Scottish
089	Swedish (Includes 090)
090	Aland Islander (See Code 089)
091	Swiss (Includes 092, 093, 095, 096)
092	Suisse (See Code 091)
093	Switzer (See Code 091)
094	Not used
095	Romansch (See Code 091)
096	Suisse Romane (See Code 091)
097	Welsh
098	Scandinavian
099	Celtic
100	Albanian

G–140 Code Lists

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
101	Azerbaijani (See Code 997)
102	Belorussian
103	Bulgarian
104	Carpatho Rusyn (See Code 997)
105	Carpathian (See Code 997)
106	Rusyn (See Code 997)
107	Ruthenian (See Code 997)
108	Cossack (See Code 997)
109	Croatian
110	Not used
111	Czech (Includes 113)
112	Bohemian
113	Moravian (See Code 111)
114	Czechoslovakian
115	Estonian (Includes 116)
116	Livonian (See Code 115)
117	Finno Ugrian (See Code 997)
118	Mordovian (See Code 997)
119	Voytak
120	Gruziia
121	Not used
122	German From Russia (Includes 123)
123	Volga (See Code 122)
124	Rom
125	Hungarian (Includes 126)
126	Magyar (See Code 125)
127	Kalmyk (See Code 997)
128	Latvian
129	Lithuanian
130	Macedonian (Includes 131)
131	Montenegrin (See Code 130)
132	North Caucasian (See Code 997)
133	North Caucasian Turkic (See Code 997)
134	Not used
135	Not used
136	Not used
137	Not used
138	Not used
139	Not used
140	Ossetian (See Code 997)
141	Not used
142	Polish (Includes 143)
143	Kashubian (See Code 142)
144	Romanian (Includes 145,146, 147)
145	Bessarabian (See Code 144)
146	Moldavian (See Code 144)
147	Wallachian (See Code 144)
148	Russian (Includes 150)
149	Not used
150	Muscovite (See Code 148)

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
151	Not used
152	Serbian
153	Slovak
154	Slovene (Includes 155)
155	Sorbian/Wend (See Code 154)
156	Soviet Turkic
157	Bashkir (See Code 997)
158	Chuvash (See Code 997)
159	Gagauz (See Code 997)
160	Mesknetian
161	Tuvinian (See Code 997)
162	Not used
163	Yakut (See Code 997)
164	Soviet Union (See Code 997)
165	Tatar (See Code 997)
166	Not used
167	Soviet Central Asia (See Code 997)
168	Turkestani (See Code 997)
169	Uzbeg (See Code 997)
170	Georgia Cis (See Code 997)
171	Ukrainian (Includes 172, 173, 174)
172	Lemko (See Code 171)
173	Bioko (See Code 171)
174	Husel
175	Windish (See Code 997)
176	Yugoslavian
177	Herzegovinian
178	Slavic (Includes 179, 180)
179	Slavonian (See Code 178)
180	Tajik (See Code 178)
181	Central European (See Code 997)
182	Not used
183	Northern European
184	Not used
185	Southern European (See Code 997)
186	Not used
187	Western European
188	Not used
189	Not used
190	Eastern European
191	Bukovina (See Code 997)
192	Not used
193	Silesian (See Code 997)
194	Not used
195	European
196	Galician (See Code 997)
197	Not used
198	Not used
199	Not used
200	Spaniard (Includes 201-208)

G–142 Code Lists

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
201	Andalusian (See Code 200)
202	Asturian (See Code 200)
203	Castillian (See Code 200)
204	Catalonian (See Code 200)
205	Balearic Islander (See Code 200)
206	Gallego (See Code 200)
207	Valencian (See Code 200)
208	Canary Islander (See Code 200)
209	Not used
210	Mexican (Includes 214)
211	Mexican American
212	Mexicano
213	Chicano
214	La Raza (See Code 210)
215	Mexican American Indian
216	Not used
217	Not used
218	Mexican State
219	Not used
220	Not used
221	Costa Rican
222	Guatemalan
223	Honduran
224	Nicaraguan
225	Panamanian (Includes 229)
226	Salvadoran
227	Central American
228	Not used
229	Canal Zone (See Code 225)
230	Not used
231	Argentinean
232	Bolivian
233	Chilean
234	Colombian
235	Ecuadorian
236	Paraguayan (See Code 249)
237	Peruvian
238	Uruguayan
239	Venezuelan
240	Not used
241	Not used
242	Not used
243	Not used
244	Not used
245	Not used
246	Not used
247	Not used
248	Criollo (See Code 249)
249	South American (Includes 236, 248)
250	Latin American

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
251	Latin
252	Latino
253	Not used
254	Not used
255	Not used
256	Not used
257	Not used
258	Not used
259	Not used
260	Not used
261	Puerto Rican
262	Not used
263	Not used
264	Not used
265	Not used
266	Not used
267	Not used
268	Not used
269	Not used
270	Not used
271	Cuban
272	Not used
273	Not used
274	Not used
275	Dominican
276	Not used
277	Not used
278	Not used
279	Not used
280	Not used
281	Not used
282	Not used
283	Not used
284	Not used
285	Not used
286	Not used
287	Not used
288	Not used
289	Not used
290	Hispanic
291	Spanish (Includes 292, 293, 294)
292	Californio (See Code 291)
293	Tejano (See Code 291)
294	Nuevo Mexicano (See Code 291)
295	
296	Spanish American Not used
297	
	Not used
298 299	Not used Not used
	Bahamian
300	Dalidilidii

G-144 Code Lists

U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
301	Barbadian
302	Belizean
303	Bermudan (See Code 997)
304	Cayman Islander (See Code 997)
305	Not used
306	Not used
307	Not used
308	Jamaican
309	Not used
310	Dutch West Indies
311	Aruba Islander (See Code 997)
312	St Maarten Islander (See Code 997)
313	Not used
314	Trinidadian Tobagonian (See Code 997)
315	Trinidadian
316	Tobagonian (See Code 997)
317	U S Virgin Islander (See Code 997)
318	St Croix Islander (See Code 997)
319	St John Islander (See Code 997)
320	St Thomas Islander (See Code 997)
321	British Virgin Islander (See Code 997)
322	British West Indies (See Code 997)
323	Turks And Caicos Islander (See Code 997)
324	Anguilla Islander (See Code 997)
325	Antigua And Barbuda
326	Montserrat Islander (See Code 997)
327	Kitts/Nevis Islander (See Code 997)
328	Dominica Islander (See Code 997)
329	Grenadian
330	Vincent-Grenadine Islander
331	St Lucia Islander
332	French West Indies (See Code 997)
333	Guadeloupe Islander (See Code 997)
334	Cayenne (See Code 997)
335	West Indian
336	Haitian
337	Not used
338	Not used
339	Not used
340	Not used
341 342	Not used
	Not used
343	Not used
344 345	Not used Not used
346	Not used
347	Not used
348	Not used
349	Not used
350	Not used
J J O	NOT USEU

Codes	<b>Ancestry Group Name</b>
351	Not used
352	Not used
353	Not used
354	Not used
355	Not used
356	Not used
357	Not used
358	Not used
359	Not used
360	Brazilian (Includes 365)
361	Not used
362	Not used
363	Not used
364	Not used
365	San Andres
366	Not used
367	Not used
368	Not used
369	Not used
370	Guyanese (Includes 375)
371	Not used
372	Not used
373	Not used
374	Not used
375	Providencia
376	Not used
377	Not used
378	Not used
379	Not used
380	Surinam (See Code 997)
381	Not used
382	Not used
383	Not used
384	Not used
385	Not used
386	Not used
387	Not used
388	Not used
389	Not used
390	Not used
391	Not used
392	Not used
393	Not used
394	Not used
395	Not used
396	Not used Not used
396	
398	Not used
	Not used Not used
399	
400	Algerian (See Code 997)

G-146 Code Lists

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
401	Not used
402	Egyptian
403	Not used
404	Libyan (See Code 997)
405	Not used
406	Moroccan
407	Ifni
408	Tunisian (See Code 997)
409	Not used
410	Not used
411	North African (See Code 997)
412	Alhucemas (See Code 997)
413	Berber (See Code 997)
414	Rio De Oro (See Code 997)
415	Bahraini (See Code 997)
416	Iranian
417	Iraqi
418	Not used
419	Israeli
420	Not used
421	Jordanian (Includes 422)
422	Transjordan
423	Kuwaiti (See Code 997)
424	Not used
425	Lebanese
426	Not used
427	Saudi Arabian (See Code 997)
428	Not used
429	Syrian
430	Not used
431	Armenian
432	Not used
433	Not used
434	Turkish
435	Yemeni
436	Omani (See Code 997)
437	Muscat
438	Trucial States
439	Qatar (See Code 997)
440	Not used
441	Bedouin (See Code 997)
442	Kurdish (See Code 997)
443	Not used
444	Kuria Muria Islander
445	Not used
446	Not used
447	Not used
448	Not used
449	Not used
450	Not used

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
451	Not used
452	Not used
453	Not used
454	Not used
455	Not used
456	Not used
457	Not used
458	Not used
459	Not used
460	Not used
461	Not used
462	Not used
463	Not used
464	Not used
465	Palestinian (Includes 466, 467)
466	Gaza Strip (See Code 465)
467	West Bank
468	Not used
469	Not used
470	South Yemen (See Code 997)
471	Aden (See Code 997)
472	Not used
473	Not used
474	Not used
475	Not used
476	Not used
477	Not used
478	Not used
479	Not used
480	United Arab Emirates (See Code 997)
481	Not used
482	Not used
483	Assyrian/Syriac (Includes 485)
484	Chaldean
485	Syriac (See Code 483)
486	Not used
487	Not used
488	Not used
489	Not used
490	Mideast
491	Not used
492	Not used
493	Not used
494	Not used
495	Arab
496	Arabic
497	Not used
498	Not used
499	Not used
500	Angolan (See Code 997)

G-148 Code Lists

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
501	Not used
502	Benin (See Code 997)
503	Not used
504	Botswana (See Code 997)
505	Not used
506	Burundian (See Code 997)
507	Not used
508	Cameroon (See Code 997)
509	Not used
510	Cape Verdean
511	Not used
512	Central African Republic (See Code 997)
513	Chadian (See Code 997)
514	Not used
515	Congolese (See Code 997)
516	Congo Brazzaville (See Code 997)
517	Not used
518	Not used
519	Djibouti (See Code 997)
520	Equatorial Guinea (See Code 997)
521	Corsico Islander
522	Ethiopian
523	Eritrean
524	Not used
525	Gabonese (See Code 997)
526	Not used
527	Gambian (See Code 997)
528	Not used
529	Ghanian
530	Guinean (See Code 997)
531	Guinea Bissau (See Code 997)
532	Ivory Coast (See Code 997)
533	Not used
534	Kenyan
535	Not used
536	Not used
537	Not used
538	Lesotho (See Code 997)
539	Not used
540	Not used
541	Liberian
542	Not used
543	Madagascan (See Code 997)
544	Not used
545	Malawian (See Code 997)
546	Malian (See Code 997)
547	Mauritanian (See Code 997)
548	Not used
549	Mozambican (See Code 997)
550	Namibian (See Code 997)

551         Niger (See Code 997)           552         Not used           553         Nigerian (Includes 554, 555, 556, 557, 558)           554         Fulani (See Code 553)           555         Hausa (See Code 553)           557         Tiv           558         Yoruba (See Code 553)           559         Not used           560         Not used           561         Rwandan (See Code 997)           562         Not used           563         Not used           564         Senegalese (See Code 997)           565         Not used           566         Sierra Leonean           567         Not used           568         Somalian           569         Swaziland (See Code 997)           570         South African           571         Union Of South Africa (See Code 997)           572         Afrikaner (See Code 997)           573         Natalian (See Code 997)           574         Zulu (See Code 997)           575         Not used           576         Sudanese           577         Dinka (See Code 997)           578         Nuer (See Code 997)           580	Codes	Ancestry Group Name
552         Not used           553         Nigerian (Includes 554, 555, 556, 557, 558)           554         Fulani (See Code 553)           555         Hausa (See Code 553)           556         Ibo (See Code 553)           557         Tiv           558         Yoruba (See Code 553)           559         Not used           560         Not used           561         Rwandan (See Code 997)           562         Not used           563         Not used           564         Senegalese (See Code 997)           565         Not used           566         Sierra Leonean           567         Not used           568         Somalian           569         Swaziland (See Code 997)           570         South African           571         Union Of South Africa (See Code 997)           572         Afrikaner (See Code 997)           573         Natalian (See Code 997)           574         Zulu (See Code 997)           575         Not used           576         Sudanese           577         Dinka (See Code 997)           578         Nuer (See Code 997)           580	551	Niger (See Code 997)
553         Nigerian (Includes 554, 555, 556, 557, 558)           554         Fulani (See Code 553)           555         Hausa (See Code 553)           556         Ibo (See Code 553)           557         Tiv           558         Yoruba (See Code 553)           559         Not used           560         Not used           561         Rwandan (See Code 997)           562         Not used           563         Not used           564         Senegalese (See Code 997)           565         Not used           566         Sierra Leonean           567         Not used           568         Somalian           569         Swaziland (See Code 997)           570         South African           571         Union Of South Africa (See Code 997)           572         Afrikaner (See Code 997)           573         Natalian (See Code 997)           574         Zulu (See Code 997)           575         Not used           576         Sudanese           577         Dinka (See Code 997)           578         Nuer (See Code 997)           580         Baggara           581		
554         Fulani (See Code 553)           555         Hausa (See Code 553)           556         Ibo (See Code 553)           557         Tiv           558         Yoruba (See Code 553)           559         Not used           560         Not used           561         Rwandan (See Code 997)           562         Not used           563         Not used           564         Senegalese (See Code 997)           565         Not used           566         Sierra Leonean           567         Not used           568         Somalian           569         Swaziland (See Code 997)           570         South African           571         Union Of South Africa (See Code 997)           572         Afrikaner (See Code 997)           573         Natalian (See Code 997)           574         Zulu (See Code 997)           575         Not used           576         Sudanese           577         Dinka (See Code 997)           578         Nuer (See Code 997)           580         Baggara           581         Not used           582         Tanzanian (See Code 997) <td></td> <td></td>		
555         Hausa (See Code 553)           556         Ibo (See Code 553)           557         Tiv           558         Yoruba (See Code 553)           559         Not used           560         Not used           561         Rwandan (See Code 997)           562         Not used           563         Not used           564         Senegalese (See Code 997)           565         Not used           566         Sierra Leonean           567         Not used           568         Somalian           569         Swaziland (See Code 997)           570         South African           571         Union Of South Africa (See Code 997)           572         Afrikaner (See Code 997)           573         Natalian (See Code 997)           574         Zulu (See Code 997)           575         Not used           576         Sudanese           577         Dinka (See Code 997)           578         Nuer (See Code 997)           580         Baggara           581         Not used           582         Tanzanian (See Code 997)           583         Tanganyikan (See Code 99		
556         Ibo (See Code 553)           557         Tiv           558         Yoruba (See Code 553)           559         Not used           560         Not used           561         Rwandan (See Code 997)           562         Not used           563         Not used           564         Senegalese (See Code 997)           565         Not used           566         Sierra Leonean           567         Not used           568         Somalian           569         Swaziland (See Code 997)           570         South African           571         Union Of South Africa (See Code 997)           572         Afrikaner (See Code 997)           573         Natalian (See Code 997)           574         Zulu (See Code 997)           575         Not used           576         Sudanese           577         Dinka (See Code 997)           578         Nuer (See Code 997)           580         Baggara           581         Not used           582         Tanzanian (See Code 997)           583         Tanganyikan (See Code 997)           584         Zanzibar Islander		
557         Tiv           558         Yoruba (See Code 553)           559         Not used           560         Not used           561         Rwandan (See Code 997)           562         Not used           563         Not used           564         Senegalese (See Code 997)           565         Not used           566         Sierra Leonean           567         Not used           568         Somalian           569         Swaziland (See Code 997)           570         South African           571         Union Of South Africa (See Code 997)           572         Afrikaner (See Code 997)           573         Natalian (See Code 997)           574         Zulu (See Code 997)           575         Not used           576         Sudanese           577         Dinka (See Code 997)           578         Nuer (See Code 997)           579         Fur (See Code 997)           580         Baggara           581         Not used           582         Tanzanian (See Code 997)           583         Tanganyikan (See Code 997)           584         Zanzibar Islander		
558         Yoruba (See Code 553)           559         Not used           560         Not used           561         Rwandan (See Code 997)           562         Not used           563         Not used           564         Senegalese (See Code 997)           565         Not used           566         Sierra Leonean           567         Not used           568         Somalian           569         Swaziland (See Code 997)           570         South African           571         Union Of South Africa (See Code 997)           572         Afrikaner (See Code 997)           573         Natalian (See Code 997)           574         Zulu (See Code 997)           575         Not used           576         Sudanese           577         Dinka (See Code 997)           578         Nuer (See Code 997)           579         Fur (See Code 997)           580         Baggara           581         Not used           582         Tanzanian (See Code 997)           583         Tanganyikan (See Code 997)           584         Zanzibar Islander (See Code 997)           587		
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<ul> <li>Zulu (See Code 997)</li> <li>Not used</li> <li>Sudanese</li> <li>Dinka (See Code 997)</li> <li>Nuer (See Code 997)</li> <li>Fur (See Code 997)</li> <li>Baggara</li> <li>Not used</li> <li>Tanzanian (See Code 997)</li> <li>Tanganyikan (See Code 997)</li> <li>Not used</li> <li>Zanzibar Islander (See Code 997)</li> <li>Not used</li> <li>Togo (See Code 997)</li> <li>Not used</li> <li>Ugandan (See Code 997)</li> <li>Volta (See Code 997)</li> <li>Zarian (See Code 997)</li> <li>Zarian (See Code 997)</li> <li>African (See Code 997)</li> <li>Zambian (See Code 997)</li> <li>See Code 997)</li> <li>Eastern African (See Code 997)</li> <li>Eastern African (See Code 997)</li> </ul>		
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Tanganyikan (See Code 997)  S84 Zanzibar Islander (See Code 997)  S85 Not used  S86 Togo (See Code 997)  S87 Not used  S88 Ugandan (See Code 997)  S89 Upper Voltan (See Code 997)  S90 Volta (See Code 997)  S91 Zairian (See Code 997)  S92 Zambian (See Code 997)  S93 Zimbabwean (See Code 997)  S94 African Islands (Except Madagascar) (See Code 997)  S95 Mauritian (See Code 997)  S96 Central African (See Code 997)  S97 Eastern African (See Code 997)		
Zanzibar Islander (See Code 997)  Not used  Togo (See Code 997)  Not used  Ugandan (See Code 997)  Upper Voltan (See Code 997)  Volta (See Code 997)  Zairian (See Code 997)  Zambian (See Code 997)  Zambian (See Code 997)  African Islands (Except Madagascar) (See Code 997)  Mauritian (See Code 997)  Central African (See Code 997)  Eastern African (See Code 997)		
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Volta (See Code 997) Zairian (See Code 997) Zambian (See Code 997) Zambian (See Code 997) Zimbabwean (See Code 997) African Islands (Except Madagascar) (See Code 997) Mauritian (See Code 997) Central African (See Code 997) Eastern African (See Code 997)		
Zairian (See Code 997)  Zambian (See Code 997)  Zimbabwean (See Code 997)  African Islands (Except Madagascar) (See Code 997)  Mauritian (See Code 997)  Central African (See Code 997)  Eastern African (See Code 997)	590	
<ul> <li>Zambian (See Code 997)</li> <li>Zimbabwean (See Code 997)</li> <li>African Islands (Except Madagascar) (See Code 997)</li> <li>Mauritian (See Code 997)</li> <li>Central African (See Code 997)</li> <li>Eastern African (See Code 997)</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Zimbabwean (See Code 997)</li> <li>African Islands (Except Madagascar) (See Code 997)</li> <li>Mauritian (See Code 997)</li> <li>Central African (See Code 997)</li> <li>Eastern African (See Code 997)</li> </ul>		
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Mauritian (See Code 997)  Central African (See Code 997)  Eastern African (See Code 997)		
<ul><li>Central African (See Code 997)</li><li>Eastern African (See Code 997)</li></ul>		
597 Eastern African (See Code 997)		
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599 African		
Afghanistan	600	Afghanistan

G–150 Code Lists

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
601	Baluchistan (See Code 997)
602	Pathan (See Code 997)
603	Bangladeshi
604	Not used
605	Not used
606	Not used
607	Bhutanese (See Code 997)
608	Not used
609	Nepali
610	Not used
611	Not used
612	Not used
613	Not used
614	Not used
615	Asian Indian (Includes 616, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 652, 654, 656, 658, 675)
616	Kashmir (See Code 615)
617	Not used
618	Bengali
619	Not used
620	East Indian
621	Not used
622	Andaman Islander (See Code 615)
623	Not used
624	Andhra Pradesh (See Code 615)
625	Not used
626	Assamese (See Code 615)
627	Not used
628	Goanese (See Code 615)
629	Not used
630	Gujarati (See Code 615)
631	Not used
632	Karnatakan (See Code 615)
633	Not used
634	Keralan (See Code 615)
635	Not used
636	Madhya Pradesh
637	Not used
638	Maharashtran (See Code 615)
639	Not used
640	Madras (See Code 615)
641	Not used
642	Mysore (See Code 615)
643	Not used
644	Nagaland (See Code 615)
645	Not used
646	Orissa
647	Not used
648	Pondicherry
649	Not used

Codes	<b>Ancestry Group Name</b>
650	Punjab
651	Not used
652	Rajasthan (See Code 615)
653	Not used
654	Sikkim (See Code 615)
655	Not used
656	Tamil Nadu (See Code 615)
657	Not used
658	Uttar Pradesh
659	Not used
660	Not used
661	Not used
662	Not used
663	Not used
664	Not used
665	Not used
666	Not used
667	Not used
668	Not used
669	Not used
670	Not used
671	Not used
672	Not used
673	Not used
674	Not used
675	East Indies (See Code 615)
676	Not used
677	Not used
678	Not used
679	Not used
680	Pakistani
681	Not used
682	Not used
683	Not used
684	
685	Not used Not used
686	Not used
687	Not used
688	Not used
	Not used
689	
690	Sri Lankan (Includes 691, 692)
691	Singhalese (See Code 690)
692	Veddah (See Code 690)
693	Not used
694	Not used
695	Maldivian (See Code 997)
696	Not used
697	Not used
698	Not used
699	Not used

G–152 Code Lists

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
700	Burmese (Includes 702)
701	Not used
702	Shan (See Code 700)
703	Cambodian (Includes 704)
704	Khmer (See Code 703)
705	Not used
706	Chinese (Includes 708, 709)
707	Cantonese
708	Manchurian (See Code 706)
709	Mandarin (See Code 706)
710	Not used
711	Not used
712	Mongolian (See Code 997)
713	Not used
714	Tibetan (See Code 997)
715	Not used
716	Hong Kong
717	Not used
717	Macao (See Code 997)
719	Not used
720	Filipino
721	Not used
722	Not used
723	Not used
724	Not used
725	Not used
726	Not used
727	Not used
727	Not used
729	Not used
730	Indonesian (Includes 732, 734, 736) Not used
731	
732	Borneo (See Code 730)
733	Not used
734	Java (See Code 730)
735	Not used
736	Sumatra (See Code 730)
737	Not used
738	Not used
739	Not used
740	Japanese (Includes 741-746)
741	Issei (See Code 740)
742	Nisei (See Code 740)
743	Sansei
744	Yonsei
745	Gonsei
746	Ryukyu Islander (See Code 740)
747	Not used
748	Okinawan
749	Not used

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
750	Korean
751	Not used
752	Not used
753	Not used
754	Not used
755	Not used
756	Not used
757	Not used
758	Not used
759	Not used
760	Not used
761	Not used
762	Not used
763	Not used
764	Not used
765	Laotian (Includes 766)
766	Meo (See Code 765)
767	Not used
768	Hmong
769	Not used
770	Malaysian (Includes 771)
771	North Borneo (See Code 770)
772	Not used
773	Not used
774	Singaporean (See Code 997)
775	Not used
776	Thai (Includes 777)
777	Black Thai (See Code 776)
778	Western Lao
779	Not used
780	Not used
781	Not used
782	Taiwanese
783	Formosan (See Code 997)
784	Not used
785	Vietnamese (Includes 786-788)
786	Katu (See Code 785)
787	Ma (See Code 785)
788	Mnong (See Code 785)
789	Not used
790	Montagnard (See Code 997)
791	Not used
792	Indo Chinese (See Code 997)
793	Eurasian
794	Amerasian (See Code 997)
795	Asian
796	Not used
797	Not used
798	Not used
799	Not used

G–154 Code Lists

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
800	Australian (Includes 801, 802)
801	Tasmanian (See Code 800)
802	Australian Aborigine (See Code 800)
803	New Zealander
804	Not used
805	Not used
806	Not used
807	Not used
808	Polynesian (Includes 809, 810)
809	Kapingamarangan (See Code 808)
810	Maori (See Code 808)
811	Hawaiian (Includes 813)
812	Not used
813	Part Hawaiian (See Code 811)
814	Samoan
815	Tongan
816	Tokelauan (See Code 997)
817	Cook Islander (See Code 997)
818	Tahitian (See Code 997)
819	Niuean (See Code 997)
820	Micronesian (See Code 997)
821	Guamanian
822	Chamorro Islander
823	Saipanese (See Code 997)
824	Palauan (See Code 997)
825	Marshallese (See Code 997)
826	Kosraean (See Code 997)
827	Ponapean (See Code 997)
828	Trukese (Chuukese) (See Code 997)
829	Yapese (See Code 997)
830	Carolinian (See Code 997)
831	Kiribatese (See Code 997)
832	Nauruan (See Code 997)
833	Tarawa Islander (See Code 997)
834	Tinian Islander (See Code 997)
835	Not used
836	Not used
837	Not used
838	Not used
839	Not used
840	Melanesian (See Code 997)
841	Fijian
842	Not used
843	New Guinean (See Code 997)
844	Papuan (See Code 997)
845	Solomon Islander (See Code 997)
846	New Caledonian (See Code 997)
847	Vanuatuan (See Code 997)
848	Not used
849	Not used
073	NOT USEU

, ,	
Codes	<b>Ancestry Group Name</b>
850	Pacific Islander
851	Not used
852	Not used
853	Not used
854	Not used
855	Not used
856	Not used
857	Not used
858	Not used
859	Not used
860	Pacific (See Code 997)
861	Not used
862	Chamolinian
863	Not used
864	Not used
865	Not used
866	Not used
867	Not used
868	Not used
869	Not used
870	Not used
871	Not used
872	Not used
873	Not used
874	Not used
875	Not used
876	Not used
877	Not used
878	Not used
879	Not used
880	Not used
881	Not used
882	Not used
883	Not used
884	Not used
885	Not used
886	Not used
887	Not used
888	Not used
889	Not used
890	Not used
891	Not used
892	Not used
893	Not used
894	Not used
895	Not used
896	Not used
897	Not used
898	Not used
899	Not used

G-156 Code Lists

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
900	Afro American (Includes 905, 906, 908)
901	Afro
902	African American
903	Black
904	Negro
905	Nonwhite (See Code 900)
906	Colored (See Code 900)
907	Creole
908	Mulatto (See Code 900)
909	Not used
910	Not used
911	Not used
912	Not used
913	Central American Indian
914	South American Indian
915	Not used
916	Not used
917	Native American
918	Indian
919	Cherokee
920	American Indian (Includes 923)
921	Aleut
922	Eskimo
923	Inuit (See Code 920)
924	White (Includes 928)
925	Anglo
926	Not used
927	Appalachian
928	Aryan (See Code 924)
929	Pennsylvania German
930	Greenlander (See Code 997)
931	Canadian (Includes 933, 934)
932	Not used
933	Newfoundland (See Code 931)
934	Nova Scotia (See Code 931)
935	French Canadian
936	Acadian
937	Cajun
938	Not used
939	American
940	United States (Includes 941-991, 993)
941	Alabama (See Code 940)
942	Alaska (See Code 940)
943	Arizona (See Code 940)
944	Arkansas (See Code 940)
945	California (See Code 940)
946	Colorado (See Code 940)
947	Connecticut (See Code 940)
948	District Of Columbia (See Code 940)
949	Delaware (See Code 940)

Codes	<b>Ancestry Group Name</b>
950	Florida (See Code 940)
951	Idaho (See Code 940)
952	Illinois (See Code 940)
953	Indiana (See Code 940)
954	Iowa (See Code 940)
955	Kansas (See Code 940)
956	Kentucky (See Code 940)
957	Louisiana (See Code 940)
958	Maine (See Code 940)
959	Maryland (See Code 940)
960	Massachusetts (See Code 940)
961	Michigan (See Code 940)
962	Minnesota (See Code 940)
963	Mississippi (See Code 940)
964	Missouri (See Code 940)
965	Montana (See Code 940)
966	Nebraska (See Code 940)
967	Nevada (See Code 940)
968	New Hampshire (See Code 940)
969	New Jersey (See Code 940)
970	New Mexico (See Code 940)
971	New York (See Code 940)
972	North Carolina (See Code 940)
973	North Dakota (See Code 940)
974	Ohio (See Code 940)
975	Not used (See Code 940)
976	Oklahoma (See Code 940)
977	Oregon (See Code 940)
978	Pennsylvania (See Code 940)
979	Rhode Island (See Code 940)
980	South Carolina (See Code 940)
981	South Dakota (See Code 940)
982	Tennessee (See Code 940)
983	Texas (See Code 940)
984	Utah (See Code 940)
985	Vermont (See Code 940)
986	Virginia (See Code 940)
987	Washington (See Code 940)
988	West Virginia (See Code 940)
989	Wisconsin (See Code 940)
990	Wyoming (See Code 940)
991	Georgia (See Code 940)
992	Not used
993	Southerner (See Code 940)
994	North American
995	Mixture
996	Uncodable Entries

G-158 Code Lists

Codes	Ancestry Group Name
997	Other (Includes 002, 017, 018, 019, 075, 076, 079, 080, 101, 104-108, 117-120, 127, 132, 133, 140, 156-161, 163-165, 167-170, 175, 181, 185, 191, 193, 196, 303, 304, 311, 312, 314, 316-324, 326-328, 332-334, 380, 400, 404, 408, 411-415, 423, 427, 436-439, 441, 442, 444, 470, 471, 480, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 512, 513, 515, 516, 519-521, 525, 527, 530-532, 538, 543, 545-547, 549-551, 561, 564, 569, 571-574, 577-580, 582-584, 586, 588-598, 601, 602, 607, 695, 712, 714, 718, 774, 783, 790, 792, 794, 816-820, 823-834, 840, 843, 844-847, 860, 862, 930)
998	Other Responses
999	Not Reported

Codes	Language
000	Not applicable (Under 3 years or speak only English)
001-600	Not used
601	Jamaican Creole
602	Krio (See code 985)
603	Hawaiian Pidgin (See code 985)
604	Pidgin (See code 985)
605	Gullah (See code 985)
606	Saramacca (See code 985)
607	German (Includes 613)
608	Pennsylvania Dutch
609	Yiddish
610	Dutch
611	Afrikaans
612	Frisian (See code 985)
613	Luxembourgian (See code 607)
614	Swedish
615	Danish
616	Norwegian
617	Icelandic
618	Faroese (See code 985)
619	Italian
620	French (Includes 621)
621	Provencal (See code 620)
622	Patois
623	French Creole
624	Cajun
625	Spanish (Includes 627-628)
626	Catalonian (See code 985)
627	Ladino (See code 625)
628	Pachuco (See code 625)
629	Portuguese (Includes 630)
630	Papia Mentae (See code 629)
631	Romanian
632	Rhaeto-Romanic (See code 985)
633	Welsh (See code 985)
634	Breton (See code 985)
635	Irish Gaelic
636	Scottic Gaelic (See code 985)
637	Greek
638	Albanian
639	Russian
640	Bielorussian (See code 983)
641	Ukrainian
642	Czech
643	Kashubian (See code 983)
644	Lusatian (See code 983)
645	Polish
646	Slovak
647	Bulgarian
648	Macedonian

G–160 Code Lists

Codes	Language
649	Serbocroatian
650	Croatian
651	Serbian
652	Slovene (See code 983)
653	Lithuanian
654	Lettish
655	Armenian
656	Persian
657	Pashto (See code 985)
658	Kurdish
659	Balochi (See code 985)
660	Tadzhik (See code 985)
661	Ossete (See code 985)
662	India, n.e.c.
663	Hindi
664	Bengali
665	Panjabi
666	Marathi
667	Gujarathi
668	Bihari (See code 984)
669	Rajasthani (See code 984)
670	Oriya (See code 984)
671	Urdu
672	Assamese (See code 984)
673	Kashmiri (See code 984)
674	Nepali
675	Sindhi (See code 984)
676	Pakistan, n.e.c.
677	Sinhalese
678	Romany (See code 984)
679	Finnish
680	Estonian (See code 994)
681	Lapp (See code 994)
682	Hungarian
683	Other Uralic Languages (See code 994)
684	Chuvash (See code 986)
685	Karakalpak (See code 986)
686	Kazakh (See code 986)
687	Kirghiz (See code 986)
688	Karachay (See code 986)
689	Uighur (See code 986)
690	Azerabaijani (See code 986)
691	Turkish
692	Turkmen (See code 986)
693	Yakut (See code 986)
694	Mongolian (See code 986)
695	Tungus (See code 986)
696	Caucasian (See code 994)
697	Basque (See code 994)
698	Dravidian (See code 986)

Codes	Language
699	Brahui (See code 986)
700	Gondi (See code 986)
701	Telugu
702	Kannada
703	Malayalam
704	Tamil
705	Kurukh (See code 986)
706	Munda (See code 986)
707	Burushaski (See code 986)
708	Chinese
709	Hakka (See code 986)
710	Kan, Hsiang (See code 986)
711	Cantonese
712	Mandarin
713	Fuchow (See code 986)
714	Formosan
715	Wu (See code 986)
716	Tibetan (See code 986)
717	Burmese
718	Karen (See code 986)
719	Kachin (See code 986)
720	Thai
721	Miao-yao, Mien
722	Miao, Hmong
723	Japanese
724	Korean
725	Laotian
726	Mon-Khmer, Cambodian
727	Paleo-Siberian Languages, n.e.c. (See code 986)
728	Vietnamese
729	Muong (See code 986)
730	Buginese (See code 988)
731	Moluccan (See code 988)
732	Indonesian
733	Achinese (See code 988)
734	Balinese (See code 988)
735	Cham (See code 988)
736	Javanese (See code 988)
737	Madurese (See code 988)
738	Malagasy (See code 988)
739	Malay
740	Minangkabau (See code 988)
741	Sundanese (See code 988)
742	Tagalog
743	Bisayan
744	Sebuano (See code 987)
745	Pangasinan (See code 987)
746	llocano
747	Bikol (See code 987)
748	Pampangan (See code 987)

G–162 Code Lists

Codes	Language
749	Gorontalo (See code 988)
750	Micronesian (See code 988)
751	Carolinian (See code 988)
752	Chamorro
753	Gilbertese (See code 988)
754	Kusaiean (See code 988)
755	Marshallese (See code 988)
756	Mokilese (See code 988)
757	Mortlockese (See code 988)
758	Nauruan (See code 988)
759	Palau (See code 988)
760	Ponapean (See code 988)
761	Trukese (See code 988)
762	Ulithean (See code 988)
763	Woleai-Ulithi (See code 988)
764	Yapese (See code 988)
765	Melanesian (See code 988)
766	Polynesian (See code 988)
767	Samoan
768	Tongan
769	Niuean (See code 988)
770	Tokelauan (See code 988)
771	Fijian (See code 988)
772	Marquesan (See code 988)
773	Rarotongan (See code 988)
774	Maori (See code 988)
775	Nukuoro (See code 988)
776	Hawaiian
777	Arabic
778	Hebrew
779	Syriac
780	Amharic
781	Berber (See code 989)
782	Chadic (See code 989)
783	Cushite
784	Sudanic (See code 989)
785	Nilotic (See code 989)
786	Nilo-hamitic (See code 989)
787	Nubian (See code 989)
787 788	Saharan (See code 989)
789	Nilo-Sharan (See code 989)
789 790	•
790 791	Khoisan (See code 989) Swahili
792	Bantu
793	Mande
794	Fulani
795	Gur (See code 989)
796 707	Kru, Ibo, Yoruba
797	Efik (See code 989)
798	Mbum (And Related) (See code 989)

Codes	Language
799	African, not further specified
800	Aleut (See code 990)
801	Pacific Gulf Yupik (See code 990)
802	Eskimo (See code 990)
803	Inupik (See code 990)
804	St Lawrence Island Yupik (See code 990)
805	Yupik
806	Algonquian (Includes 807-827)
807	Arapaho (See code 806)
808	Atsina (See code 806)
809	Blackfoot (See code 806)
810	Cheyenne (See code 806)
811	Cree (See code 806)
812	Delaware (See code 806)
813	Fox (See code 806)
814	Kickapoo (See code 806)
815	Menomini (See code 806)
816	French Cree (See code 806)
817	Miami (See code 806)
818	Micmac (See code 806)
819	Ojibwa (See code 806)
820	Ottawa (See code 806)
821	Passamaquoddy (See code 806)
822	Penobscot (See code 806)
823	Abnaki (See code 806)
824	Potawatomi (See code 806)
825	Shawnee (See code 806)
826	Wiyot (See code 806)
827	Yurok (See code 806)
828	Kutenai (See code 993)
829	Makah (See code 993)
830	Kwakiutl (See code 993)
831	Nootka (See code 993)
832	Not used
833	Lower Chehalis (See code 993)
834	Upper Chehalis (See code 993)
835	Clallam (See code 993)
836	Coeur D'alene (See code 993)
837	Columbia (See code 993)
838	Cowlitz (See code 993)
839	Salish (See code 993)
840	Nootsack (See code 993)
841	Okanogan (See code 993)
842	Puget Sound Salish (See code 993)
843	Quinault (See code 993)
844	Tillamook (See code 993)
845	Twana (See code 993)
846	Haida (See code 993)
847	Athapascan (See code 993)
848	Ahtena (See code 993)

G–164 Code Lists

Codes	Language
849	Han (See code 993)
850	Ingalit (See code 993)
851	Koyukon (See code 993)
852	Kuchin (See code 993)
853	Upper Kuskokwim (See code 993)
854	Tanaina (See code 993)
855	Tanana (See code 993)
856	Tanacross (See code 993)
857	Upper Tanana (See code 993)
858	Tutchone (See code 993)
859	Chasta Costa (See code 993)
860	Hupa (See code 993)
861	Other Athapascan-Eyak Languages (See code 993)
862	Apache
863	Kiowa (See code 993)
864	Navajo
865	Eyak (See code 993)
866	Tlingit (See code 993)
867	Mountain Maidu (See code 993)
868	Northwest Maidu (See code 993)
869	Southern Maidu (See code 993)
870	Coast Miwok (See code 993)
871	Plains Miwok (See code 993)
872	Sierra Miwok (See code 993)
873	Nomlaki (See code 993)
874	Patwin (See code 993)
875	Wintun (See code 993)
876	Foothill North Yokuts (See code 993)
877	Tachi (See code 993)
878	Santiam (See code 993)
879	Siuslaw (See code 993)
880	Klamath (See code 993)
881	Nez Perce (See code 993)
882	Sahaptian (See code 993)
883	Upper Chinook (See code 993)
884	Tsimshian (See code 993)
885	Achumawi (See code 993)
886	Atsugewi (See code 993)
887	Karok (See code 993)
888	Pomo (See code 993)
889	Shastan (See code 993)
890	Washo (See code 993)
891	Up River Yuman (See code 993)
892	Cocomaricopa (See code 993)
893	Mohave (See code 993)
894	Yuma (See code 993)
895	Diegueno (See code 993)
896	Delta River Yuman (See code 993)
897	Upland Yuman (See code 993)
898	Havasupai (See code 993)

Codes	Language
899	Walapai (See code 993)
900	Yavapai (See code 993)
901	Chumash (See code 993)
902	Tonkawa (See code 993)
903	Yuchi (See code 993)
904	Crow (See code 993)
905	Hidatsa (See code 993)
906	Mandan (See code 993)
907	Dakota
908	Chiwere (See code 993)
909	Winnebago (See code 993)
910	Kansa (See code 993)
911	Omaha (See code 993)
912	Osage (See code 993)
913	Ponca (See code 993)
914	Quapaw (See code 993)
915	Alabama (See code 993)
916	Choctaw
917	Mikasuki (See code 993)
918	Hichita (See code 993)
919	Koasati (See code 993)
920	Muskogee (See code 993)
921	Chetemacha (See code 993)
922	Yuki (See code 993)
923	Wappo (See code 993)
924	Keres
925	Iroquois (See code 993)
926	Mohawk (See code 993)
927	Oneida (See code 993)
928	Onondaga (See code 993)
929	Cayuga (See code 993)
930	Seneca (See code 993)
931	Tuscarora (See code 993)
932	Wyandot (See code 993)
933	Cherokee
934	Arikara (See code 993)
935	Caddo (See code 993)
936	Pawnee (See code 993)
937	Wichita (See code 993)
938	Comanche (See code 991)
939	Mono (See code 991)
940	Paiute (See code 991)
941	Northern Paiute (See code 991)
942	Southern Paiute (See code 991)
943	Chemehuevi (See code 991)
944	Kawaiisu (See code 991)
945	Ute (See code 991)
946	Shoshoni (See code 991)
947	Panamint (See code 991)
948	Hopi (See code 991)

G–166 Code Lists

Codes	Language
949	Cahuilla (See code 991)
950	Cupeno (See code 991)
951	Luiseno (See code 991)
952	Serrano (See code 991)
953	Tubatulabal (See code 991)
954	Pima (See code 991)
955	Yaqui (See code 991)
956	Aztecan (See code 992)
957	Sonoran, n.e.c. (See code 992)
958	Not used
959	Picuris (See code 993)
960	Tiwa (See code 993)
961	Sandia (See code 993)
962	Tewa (See code 993)
963	Towa (See code 993)
964	Zuni (See code 993)
965	Chinook Jargon (See code 993)
966	American Indian (See code 993)
967	Misumalpan (See code 992)
968	Mayan Languages (See code 992)
969	Tarascan (See code 992)
970	Mapuche (See code 992)
971	Oto - Manguean (See code 992)
972	Quechua (See code 992)
973	Aymara (See code 992)
974	Arawakian (See code 992)
975	Chibchan (See code 992)
976	Tupi-guarani (See code 992)
977	Jicarilla (See code 993)
978	Chiricahua (See code 993)
979	San Carlos (See code 993)
980	Kiowa-apache (See code 993)
981	Kalispel (See code 993)
982	Spokane (See code 993)
983	Other Slavic (Includes 640, 643, 644, and 652)
984	Other Indic (Includes 668-670, 672-673, 675, and 678)
985	Other Indo European (Includes 602-606, 612, 618, 626, 632-634, 636, 657, 659-661)
986	Other Asian (Includes 684-690, 692-695, 698-700, 705-707, 709-710, 713, 715, 716, 718,719, 727, 729)
987	Other Philippine (Includes 744, 745, 747, and 748)
988	Other Pacific (Includes 730,731,733-738, 740, 741, 749-751, 753-766, 769-775)
989	Other specified African (Includes 781, 782, 784-790, 795, 797-798)
990	Other Aleut-Eskimo (Includes 800-804)
991	Uto-Aztecan languages (Includes 938-955)
992	South/Central American Indian (Includes 956-957, 967-976)
993	Other North American Indian languages (Includes 828-861, 863, 865-906, 908-915, 917-923, 925-932, 934-937, 959-966, 977-982)
994	Other languages (Includes 680-681, 683, 696-697, 998-999)

Codes	Language
995	Not used
996	Not used
997	Not used
998	Specified Not Listed (See code 994)
999	Not Specified (See code 994)

G-168 Code Lists

000Not in universe001Alabama002Alaska003Not used004Arizona005Arkansas006California007Not used008Colorado009Connecticut010Delaware011District of Columbia012Florida013Georgia014Not used015Hawaii016Idaho017Illinois018Indiana019Iowa020Kansas021Kentucky022Louisiana023Maine024Maryland025Massachusetts026Michigan027Minnesota028Mississippi029Missouri030Montana031Nebraska032New Hampshire034New Jersey035New Hexico036New York037North Carolina038North Dakota039Ohio040Oklahoma041Oregon042Pennsylvania043Not used044Rhode Island045South Carolina046South Dakota047Tennessee048Texas049Utah	Code	Description
002Alaska003Not used004Arizona005Arkansas006California007Not used008Colorado009Connecticut010Delaware011District of Columbia012Florida013Georgia014Not used015Hawaii016Idaho017Illinois018Indiana019Iowa020Kansas021Kentucky022Louisiana023Maine024Maryland025Massachusetts026Michigan027Minnesota028Mississisppi029Missouri030Montana031Nebraska032Nevada033New Hampshire034New Jersey035New Mexico036New York037North Carolina038North Dakota039Ohio040Oklahoma041Oregon042Pennsylvania043Not used044Rhode Island045South Carolina046South Dakota047Tennessee048Texas	000	Not in universe
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021 Kentucky 022 Louisiana 023 Maine 024 Maryland 025 Massachusetts 026 Michigan 027 Minnesota 028 Mississippi 029 Missouri 030 Montana 031 Nebraska 032 Nevada 033 New Hampshire 034 New Jersey 035 New Mexico 036 New York 037 North Carolina 038 North Dakota 039 Ohio 040 Oklahoma 041 Oregon 042 Pennsylvania 043 Not used 044 Rhode Island 045 South Carolina 046 South Dakota 047 Tennessee 048 Texas	019	lowa
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024 Maryland 025 Massachusetts 026 Michigan 027 Minnesota 028 Mississippi 029 Missouri 030 Montana 031 Nebraska 032 Nevada 033 New Hampshire 034 New Jersey 035 New Mexico 036 New York 037 North Carolina 038 North Dakota 039 Ohio 040 Oklahoma 041 Oregon 042 Pennsylvania 043 Not used 044 Rhode Island 045 South Carolina 046 South Dakota 047 Tennessee 048 Texas	022	Louisiana
025 Massachusetts 026 Michigan 027 Minnesota 028 Mississippi 029 Missouri 030 Montana 031 Nebraska 032 Nevada 033 New Hampshire 034 New Jersey 035 New Mexico 036 New York 037 North Carolina 038 North Dakota 039 Ohio 040 Oklahoma 041 Oregon 042 Pennsylvania 043 Not used 044 Rhode Island 045 South Carolina 046 South Dakota 047 Tennessee 048 Texas	023	Maine
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034 New Jersey 035 New Mexico 036 New York 037 North Carolina 038 North Dakota 039 Ohio 040 Oklahoma 041 Oregon 042 Pennsylvania 043 Not used 044 Rhode Island 045 South Carolina 046 South Dakota 047 Tennessee 048 Texas		
035 New Mexico 036 New York 037 North Carolina 038 North Dakota 039 Ohio 040 Oklahoma 041 Oregon 042 Pennsylvania 043 Not used 044 Rhode Island 045 South Carolina 046 South Dakota 047 Tennessee 048 Texas	033	New Hampshire
036 New York 037 North Carolina 038 North Dakota 039 Ohio 040 Oklahoma 041 Oregon 042 Pennsylvania 043 Not used 044 Rhode Island 045 South Carolina 046 South Dakota 047 Tennessee 048 Texas		
037 North Carolina 038 North Dakota 039 Ohio 040 Oklahoma 041 Oregon 042 Pennsylvania 043 Not used 044 Rhode Island 045 South Carolina 046 South Dakota 047 Tennessee 048 Texas		New Mexico
038 North Dakota 039 Ohio 040 Oklahoma 041 Oregon 042 Pennsylvania 043 Not used 044 Rhode Island 045 South Carolina 046 South Dakota 047 Tennessee 048 Texas		New York
039 Ohio 040 Oklahoma 041 Oregon 042 Pennsylvania 043 Not used 044 Rhode Island 045 South Carolina 046 South Dakota 047 Tennessee 048 Texas	037	North Carolina
040 Oklahoma 041 Oregon 042 Pennsylvania 043 Not used 044 Rhode Island 045 South Carolina 046 South Dakota 047 Tennessee 048 Texas		North Dakota
041 Oregon 042 Pennsylvania 043 Not used 044 Rhode Island 045 South Carolina 046 South Dakota 047 Tennessee 048 Texas		
042 Pennsylvania 043 Not used 044 Rhode Island 045 South Carolina 046 South Dakota 047 Tennessee 048 Texas		
043 Not used 044 Rhode Island 045 South Carolina 046 South Dakota 047 Tennessee 048 Texas		•
044 Rhode Island 045 South Carolina 046 South Dakota 047 Tennessee 048 Texas		•
<ul> <li>O45 South Carolina</li> <li>O46 South Dakota</li> <li>O47 Tennessee</li> <li>O48 Texas</li> </ul>		
<ul><li>046 South Dakota</li><li>047 Tennessee</li><li>048 Texas</li></ul>		
047 Tennessee 048 Texas		
048 Texas		
049 Utah		
	049	Utah

# $\label{thm:migration} \textbf{Migration Code List for the 5-Percent PUMS Files} - \textbf{Con}.$

Code	Description
050	Vermont
051	Virginia
052	Not used
053	Washington
054	West Virginia
055	Wisconsin
056	Wyoming
057-059	Not used
060	American Samoa (See code 555)
061-065	Not used
066	Guam
067	Johnston Atoll (See code 555)
068	Not used
069	Northern Marianas (See code 555)
070	Not used
071	Midway Islands (See code 555)
071	Puerto Rico
073-075	Not used
075-075	Navassa Island
077	Not used
078	U.S. Virgin Islands
078	Wake Island
	Not used
080	
081	Baker Island
082-083	Not used
084	Howland Island
085	Not used
086	Jarvis Island
087-088	Not used
089	Kingman Reef
090-094	Not used
095	Palmyra Atoll (See code 555)
096	U.S. Island Area not specified
097-099	Not used
100	Albania
101	Andorra (See code 166)
102	Austria
103	Belgium
104	Bulgaria
105	Czechoslovakia (See code 166)
106	Denmark (See code 166)
107	Faroe Islands (See code 166)
108	Finland (See code 166)
109	France
110	Germany
111-114	Not used
115	Gibraltar (See code 166)
116	Greece
117	Hungary
118	Iceland (See code 166)

G–170 Code Lists

Code	Description
119	Ireland
120	Italy
121	Jan Meyan
122	Liechtenstein (See code 166)
123	Luxembourg (See code 166)
124	Malta (See code 166)
125	Monaco (See code 166)
126	Netherlands
127	Norway
128	Poland
129	Portugal
130	Azores Islands (See code 166)
131	Madeira Islands (See code 166)
132	Romania
133	San Marino (See code 166)
134	Spain
135	Svalbard
136	Sweden
137	Switzerland
138	United Kingdom
139	England
140	Scotland
141	Wales (See code 166)
142 143	Northern Ireland (See code 166)
143	Guernsey (See code 166) Jersey (See code 166)
145	Isle of Man (See code 166)
146	Vatican City (See code 166)
147	Yugoslavia
148	Czech Republic
149	Slovakia (See code 166)
150	Bosnia and Herzegovina
151	Croatia
152	Macedonia (See code 166)
153	Slovenia (See code 166)
154	Serbia (See code 166)
155	Estonia (See code 166)
156	Latvia (See code 166)
157	Lithuania (See code 166)
158	Armenia
159	Azerbaijan (See code 249)
160	Belarus
161	Georgia (See code 249)
162	Moldova (See code 166)
163	Russia
164	Ukraine
165	USSR (See code 166)
166	Europe, not specified (Includes 101, 105-108, 115, 118, 122-125, 130, 131, 133, 141-146, 149, 152-157, 162, 165, 167)
167	Kosovo (See code 166)

Code	Description
168-199	Not used
200	Afghanistan (See code 249)
201	Bahrain (See code 249)
202	Bangladesh
203	Bhutan (See code 249)
204	Brunei (See code 249)
205	Myanmar (Burma) (See code 249)
206	Cambodia (See code 249)
207	China
208	Cyprus (See code 249)
209	Hong Kong
210	India
211	Indonesia
212	Iran
213	Iraq
214	Israel
215	Japan
216	Jordan
217	Korea
218	Kazakhstan (See code 249)
219	Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)
220	South Korea
221	North Korea (See code 249)
222	Kuwait (See code 249)
223	Laos (See code 249)
224	Lebanon
225	Macau (See code 249)
226	Malaysia
227	Maldives (See code 249)
228	Mongolia (See code 249)
229	Nepal (See code 249)
230	Oman (See code 249)
231	Pakistan
232	Paracel Islands
233	Philippines
234	Qatar (See code 249)
235	Saudi Arabia
236	Singapore
237	Spratley Islands
238	Sri Lanka (See code 249)
239	Syria (See code 249)
240	Taiwan
241	Tajikistan (See code 249)
242	Thailand
243	Turkey
244	Turkmenistan (See code 249)
245	United Arab Emirates
246	Uzbekistan (See code 249)
247	Vietnam
248	Yemen (See code 249)
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G–172 Code Lists

Code	Description
249	Asia, not specified (Includes 159, 161, 200, 201, 203-206, 208, 218, 219, 221-223, 225, 227-230, 234, 238, 239, 241, 244, 246, 248)
250-299	Not used
300	Bermuda (See code 318)
301	Canada
302	Greenland (See code 318)
303	Mexico
304	St. Pierre & Miguelon (See code 318)
305	North America (See code 318)
306-309	Not used
310	Belize (See code 318)
311	Costa Rica
312	El Salvador
313	Guatemala
314	Honduras
315	Nicaragua
316	Panama
317	Central America (See code 318)
318	North or Central America, not specified (Includes 300, 302, 304, 305, 310, 317)
319	Not used
320	Anguilla (See code 343)
321	Antigua & Barbuda (See code 343)
322	Aruba (See code 343)
323	Bahamas (See code 343)
324	Barbados (See code 343)
325	British Virgin Islands (See code 343)
326	Cayman Islands (See code 343)
327	Cuba
328	Dominica (See code 343)
329	Dominican Republic
330	Grenada (See code 343)
331	Guadeloupe (See code 343)
332	Haiti
333	Jamaica
334	Martinique (See code 343)
335	Montserrat (See code 343)
336	Netherlands Antilles (See code 343)
337	St. Barthelemy (See code 343)
338	St. Kitts-Nevis (See code 343)
339	St. Lucia (See code 343)
340	St. Vincent & the Grenadines (See code 343)
341	Trinidad & Tobago
342	Turks & Caicos Islands (See code 343)
343	West Indies, not specified (Includes 320-326, 328, 330, 331, 334-340, 342)
344-359	Not used
360	Argentina
361	Bolivia
362	Brazil

Code	Description
363	Chile
364	Columbia
365	Ecuador
366	Falkland Islands
367	French Guiana (See code 374)
368	Guyana
369	Paraguay (See code 374)
370	Peru
371	Suriname (See code 374)
372	Uruguay (See code 374)
373	Venezuela
374	South America, not specified (Includes 367, 369, 371 372)
375-399	Not used
400	Algeria (See code 462)
401	Angola (See code 462)
402	Benin (See code 462)
403	Botswana (See code 462)
404	British Indian Ocean Territory (See code 462)
405	Burkina Faso (See code 462)
406	Burundi (See code 462)
407	Cameroon (See code 462)
408	Cape Verde (See code 462)
409	Central African Republic (See code 462)
410	Chad (See code 462)
411	Comoros (See code 462)
412	Congo (See code 462)
413	Djibouti (See code 462)
414	Egypt
415	Equatorial Guinea (See code 462)
416	Ethiopia
417	Eritrea (See code 462)
418	Europa Island
419	Gabon (See code 462)
420	Gambia (See code 462)
421	Ghana
422	Glorioso Islands
423	Guinea (See code 462)
424	Guinea-Bissau (See code 462)
425	Ivory Coast (See code 462)
426	Juan de Nova Island (See code 462)
427	Kenya
428	Lesotho (See code 462)
429	Liberia
430	Libya (See code 462)
431	Madagascar (See code 462)
432	Malawi (See code 462)
433	Mali (See code 462)
434	Mauritania (See code 462)
435	Mayotte
436	Morocco

G–174 Code Lists

Code	Description
437	Mozambique (See code 462)
438	Namibia (See code 462)
439	Niger (See code 462)
440	Nigeria
441	Reunion (See code 462)
442	Rwanda (See code 462)
443	Sao Tome & Principe (See code 462)
444	Senegal (See code 462)
445	Mauritius (See code 462)
446	Seychelles (See code 462)
447	Sierra Leone (See code 462)
448	Somalia
449	South Africa
450	St. Helena (See code 462)
451	Sudan (See code 462)
452	Swaziland (See code 462)
453	Tanzania (See code 462)
454	Togo (See code 462)
455	Tromelin Island
456	Tunisia (See code 462)
457	Uganda (See code 462)
458	Western Sahara
459	Democratic Republic of Congo (Zaire) (See code 462)
460 461	Zambia (See code 462) Zimbabwe (See code 462)
462	Africa, not specified (Includes 400-413, 415, 417, 419, 420, 423-426,
	428, 430-434, 437-439, 441-447, 450- 454, 456, 457, 459-461)
463-500	Not used
501	Australia
502	Christmas Island, Indian Ocean
503-504	Not used
505	Cook Islands (See code 555)
506	Coral Sea Islands
507	Heard & McDonald Islands
508	Fiji (See code 555)
509	French Polynesia (See code 555) Kiribati (See code 555)
510	·
511 512	Marshall Islands (See code 555) Micronesia (See code 555)
513	Nauru (See code 555)
514	New Caledonia (See code 555)
515	New Zealand
516	Niue (See code 555)
517	Norfolk Island
518	Palau (See code 555)
519	Papua New Guinea (See code 555)
520	Pitcairn Islands (See code 555)
521	Solomon Islands (See code 555)
522	Tokelau
523	Tonga (See code 555)
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Code	Description
524	Tuvalu
525	Vanuatu (See code 555)
526	Wallis and Futuna Islands
527	Samoa (See code 555)
528	Oceania, not specified (See code 555)
529-553	Not used
554	At sea (See code 555)
555	Abroad, not specified (Includes 060, 067, 069, 071, 095, 505, 508-514, 516, 518-521, 523, 525, 527, 528, 554)

G–176 Code Lists

Occupation name	PUMS cen- sus occupa- tion code	PUMS Stan- dard occu- pation clas- sification (SOC) code
Not in universe: Under 16 years or not worked in last 5		
years	000	00-0000
Chief Executives	001	11-1011
General and Operations Managers	002 11-1021	
Legislators	003	11-1031
Advertising and Promotions Managers	004	11-2011
Marketing and Sales Managers	005	11-2020
Public Relations Managers	006	11-2031
Not used	007-009	
Administrative Services Managers	010	11-3011
Computer and Information Systems Managers	011	11-3021
Financial Managers	012	11-3031
Human Resources Managers	013	11-3040
Industrial Production Managers	014	11-3051
Purchasing Managers	015	11-3061
Transportation, Storage, and Distribution Managers	016	11-3071
Not used	017-019	
Farm, Ranch, and Other Agricultural Managers	020	11-9011
Farmers and Ranchers	021	11-9012
Construction Managers	022	11-9021
Education Administrator	023	11-9030
Not used	024-029	
Engineering Managers	030	11-9041
Food Service Managers	031	11-9051
Funeral Directors	032	11-9061
Gaming Managers	033	11-9071
Lodging Managers	034	11-9081
Medical and Health Services Managers	035	11-9111
Natural Sciences Managers	036	11-9121
Not used	037-039	
Postmasters and Mail Superintendents	040	11-9131
Property, Real Estate, and Community Association		
Managers	041	11-9141
Social and Community Service Managers	042	11-9151
Managers, All Other	043	11-9199
Not used	044-049	
Agents and Business Managers of Artists, Performers, and Athletes	050	13-1011
Purchasing Agents and Buyers, Farm Products	051	13-1021
Wholesale and Retail Buyers, Except Farm Products	052	13-1022
Purchasing Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail, and Farm Products	053	13-1023
Claims Adjusters, Appraisers, Examiners, and	054	13-1030
Investigators Not used	055	13-1030
Compliance Officers, Except Agriculture, Construction,	000	
Health and Safety, and Transportation	056	13-1041

Occupation name	PUMS census occupation code	PUMS Standard occupation classification (SOC) code
Not used Cost Estimators Not used Human Resources, Training, and Labor Relations	057-059 060 061	13-1051
Specialists Not used	062 063-069	13-1070
Logisticians	070	13-1081
Management Analysts	071	13-1111
Meeting and Convention Planners	072	13-1121
Other Business Operations Specialists	073	13-11XX (Includes 13-1061 and 13-1199)
Not used	074-079	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Accountants and Auditors	080	13-2011
Appraisers and Assessors of Real Estate	081	13-2021
Budget Analysts	082	13-2031
Credit Analysts	083	13-2041
Financial Analysts	084	13-2051
Personal Financial Advisors	085	13-2052
Insurance Underwriters	086	13-2053
Not used	087-089	
Financial Examiners	090	13-2061
Loan Counselors and Officers	091	13-2070
Not used	092	
Tax Examiners, Collectors, and Revenue Agents	093	13-2081
Tax Preparers	094	13-2082
Financial Specialists, All Other	095	13-2099
Not used	096-099	15 1000
Computer Scientists and Systems Analysts	100	15-10XX (Includes 15-1011, 15-1051, 15-1099)
Computer Programmers	101	15-1021
Computer Software Engineers Not used	102 103	15-1030
Computer Support Specialists Not used	104 105	15-1041
Database Administrators Not used	106 107-109	15-1061
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	110	15-1071
Network Systems and Data Communication Analysts Not used	111 112-119	15-1081
Actuaries	120	15-2011
Mathematicians	121 (See code 124)	15-2021 (See code 15-20XX)

G–178 Code Lists

Occupation name	PUMS census occupation code	PUMS Standard occupation classification (SOC) code
Operations Research Analysts Statisticians	122 123 (See code 124)	15-2031 15-2041 (See code 15-20XX)
Miscellaneous Mathematical Science Occupations, Including Mathematicians and Statisticians	124 (Includes 121, 123)	15-20XX (Includes 15-2021, 15-3011, 15-2099, 15-2041)
Not used	125-129	,
Architects, Except Naval	130	17-1010
Surveyors, Cartographers, and Photogrammetrists	131	17-1020
Aerospace Engineers	132	17-2011
Agricultural Engineers	133 (See code 153)	17-2021 (See code 17-2XXX)
Biomedical Engineers	134 (See code 153)	17-2031 (See code 17-2XXX)
Chemical Engineers	135	17-2041
Civil Engineers	136	17-2051
Not used	137-139	
Computer Hardware Engineers	140	17-2061
Electrical and Electronics Engineers	141	17-2070
Environmental Engineers	142	17-2081
Industrial Engineers, Including Health and Safety	143	17-2110
Marine Engineers	144	17-2121
Materials Engineers Mechanical Engineers	145 146	17-2131 17-2141
Not used	147-149	17-2141
Mining and Geological Engineers, Including Mining Safety	147 143	
Engineers	150 (See code 152)	17-2151 (See code 17-21XX)
Nuclear Engineers	151	17-2161
Petroleum, Mining and Geological Engineers, Including	131	17 2101
Mining Safety Engineers	152 (Includes 150)	17-21XX (Includes 17-2151, 17-2171)
Miscellaneous Engineers, Including Agricultural and Bio medical	153 (Includes 133, 134)	(Includes 17-2021, 17-2031,
Drafters	154	17-2199) 17-3010

Occupation name	PUMS cen- sus occupa- tion code	PUMS Standard occupation classification (SOC) code
Engineering Technicians, Except Drafters Surveying and Mapping Technicians Not used	155 156 157-159	17-3020 17-3031
Agricultural and Food Scientists Biological Scientists Not used	160 161 162-163	19-1010 19-1020
Conservation Scientists and Foresters Medical Scientists Not used	164 165 166-169	19-1030 19-1040
Astronomers and Physicists Atmospheric and Space Scientists Chemists and Materials Scientists	170 171 172	19-2010 19-2021 19-2030
Not used Environmental Scientists and Geoscientists Not used	173 174 175	19-2040
Physical Scientists, All Other Not used Economists	176 177-179 180	19-2099 19-3011
Market and Survey Researchers Psychologists	181 182	19-3020 19-3030
Sociologists  Urban and Regional Blanners	183 (See code 186)	19-3041 (See code 19-30XX)
Urban and Regional Planners Not used	184 185	19-3051
Miscellaneous Social Scientists, Including Sociologists	186 (Includes 183)	19-30XX (Includes 19-3041, 19-3090)
Not used	187-189	10 4011
Agricultural and Food Science Technicians Biological Technicians	190 191	19-4011 19-4021
Chemical Technicians	192	19-4031
Geological and Petroleum Technicians Nuclear Technicians	193 194 (See code 196)	19-4041 19-4051 (See code 19-40XX)
Not used	195	
Miscellaneous Life, Physical, and Social Science Technicians, Including Social Science Research Assistants and		
Nuclear Technicians	196 (Includes 194)	19-40XX (Includes 19-4051)
Not used	197-199	21 1010
Counselors Social Workers	200 201	21-1010 21-1020
Miscellaneous Community and Social Service Specialists	202	21-1090

G–180 Code Lists

Occupation name	PUMS cen- sus occupa- tion code	PUMS Standard occupation classification (SOC) code
Not used	203	
Clergy	204	21-2011
Directors, Religious Activities and Education	205	21-2021
Religious Workers, All Other	206	21-2099
Not used	207-209	21 2033
Lawyers	210	23-1011
Judges, Magistrates, and Other Judicial Workers	211	23-1011
Not used	212-213	23-1020
Paralegals and Legal Assistants	214	23-2011
Miscellaneous Legal Support Workers	215	23-2011
Not used	216-219	23-2090
	210-219	25-1000
Postsecondary Teachers	_	23-1000
Not used	221-229	25 2010
Preschool and Kindergarten Teachers	230	25-2010
Elementary and Middle School Teachers	231	25-2020
Secondary School Teachers	232	25-2030
Special Education Teachers	233	25-2040
Other Teachers and Instructors	234	25-3000
Not used	235-239	25 4212
Archivists, Curators, and Museum Technicians	240	25-4010
Not used	241-242	
Librarians	243	25-4021
Library Technicians	244	25-4031
Not used	245-253	
Teacher Assistants	254	25-9041
Other Education, Training, and Library Workers	255	25-90XX (Includes 25-9011, 25-9021, 25-9031, 25-9099)
Not used	256-259	
Artists and Related Workers	260	27-1010
Not used	261-262	
Designers	263	27-1020
Not used	264-269	
Actors	270	27-2011
Producers and Directors	271	27-2012
Athletes, Coaches, Umpires, and Related Workers	272	27-2020
Not used	273	
Dancers and Choreographers	274	27-2030
Musicians, Singers, and Related Workers	275	27-2040
Entertainers and Performers, Sports and Related Workers,		-
All Other	276	27-2099
Not used	277-279	
Announcers	280	27-3010
News Analysts, Reporters, and Correspondents	281	27-3020
		J <b>J-J</b>

Occupation name	PUMS cen- sus occupa- tion code	PUMS Stan- dard occu- pation clas- sification (SOC) code
Public Relations Specialists Editors Technical Writers Writers and Authors Miscellaneous Media and Communications Workers Not used Broadcast and Sound Engineering Technicians and Radio	282 283 284 285 286 287-289	27-3031 27-3041 27-3042 27-3043 27-3090
Operators and Other Media and Communication Equip- ment Workers	290 (Includes 296)	27-40XX (Includes 27-4010, 27-4099)
Photographers Television, Video, and Motion Picture Camera Operators	291	27-4021
and Editors Not used	292 293-295	27-4030
Media and Communications Workers, All Other	296 (See code 290)	27-4099 (See code 27-40XX)
Not used	297-299	
Chiropractors	300	29-1011
Dentists	301	29-1020
Not used	302	
Dietitians and Nutritionists	303	29-1031
Optometrists	304	29-1041
Pharmacists	305	29-1051
Physicians and Surgeons	306	29-1060
Not used	307-310	
Physician Assistants	311	29-1071
Podiatrists	312	29-1081
Registered Nurses	313	29-1111
Audiologists	314	29-1121
Occupational Therapists	315	29-1122
Physical Therapists	316	29-1123
Not used	317-319	
Radiation Therapists	320	29-1124
Recreational Therapists	321	29-1125
Respiratory Therapists	322	29-1126
Speech-Language Pathologists	323	29-1127
Therapists, All Other	324	29-1129
Veterinarians	325	29-1131
Health Diagnosing and Treating Practitioners, All Other Not used	326 327-329	29-1199
Clinical Laboratory Technologists and Technicians	330	29-2010
Dental Hygienists	331	29-2021
Diagnostic Related Technologists and Technicians Not used	332 333-339	29-2030

G–182 Code Lists

Occupation name	PUMS cen- sus occupa- tion code	PUMS Stan- dard occu- pation clas- sification (SOC) code
Emergency Medical Technicians and Paramedics Health Diagnosing and Treating Practitioner Support	340	29-2041
Technicians	341	29-2050
Not used	342-349	
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	350	29-2061
Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	351	29-2071
Opticians, Dispensing	352	29-2081
Miscellaneous Health Technologists and Technicians	353	29-2090
Other Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	354	29-9000
Not used	355-359	
Nursing, Psychiatric, and Home Health Aides	360	31-1010
Occupational Therapist Assistants and Aides	361	31-2010
Physical Therapist Assistants and Aides	362	31-2020
Massage Therapists	363	31-9011
Dental Assistants	364	31-9091
Medical Assistants and Other Healthcare Support		
Occupations	365	31-909X (Includes 31-9092 through 31-9099)
Not used	366-369	3. 3333,
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Correctional Officers	370	33-1011
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Police and Detectives First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Fire Fighting and	371	33-1012
Preventions Workers	372	33-1021
Supervisors, Protective Service Workers, All Other	373	33-1099
Fire Fighters	374	33-2011
Fire Inspectors	375	33-2020
Not used	376-379	
Bailiffs, Correctional Officers, and Jailers	380	33-3010
Not used	381	
Detectives and Criminal Investigators	382	33-3021
Fish and Game Wardens	383 (See code 384)	33-3031 (See code 33-30XX)
Miscellaneous Law Enforcement Workers	384 (Includes 383)	33-30XX (Includes 33-3031, 33-3041)
Police Officers	385 (Includes 386)	33-3050 (Includes 33-3051, 33-3052)
Transit and Railroad Police	386 (See code 385)	33-3052 (See code 33-3050)
Not used	387-389	

Occupation name	PUMS cen- sus occupa- tion code	PUMS Standard occupation classification (SOC) code
Animal Control Workers Private Detectives and Investigators Security Guards and Gaming Surveillance Officers Not used	390 391 392 393	33-9011 33-9021 33-9030
Crossing Guards Lifeguards and Other Protective Service Workers	394 395	33-9091 33-909X (Includes 33-9092 and 33-9099)
Not used	396-399	,
Chefs and Head Cooks First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Food Preparation	400	35-1011
and Serving Workers	401	25 1012
Cooks		35-1012
	402	35-2010
Food Preparation Workers	403	35-2021
Bartenders Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers,	404	35-3011
Including Fast Food Counter Attendants, Cafeteria, Food Concession, and	405	35-3021
Coffee Shop Not used	406 407-410	35-3022
Waiters and Waitresses	411	35-3031
Food Servers, Nonrestaurant	412	35-3041
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants, Bartender Helpers, and Miscellaneous Food Preparation and Serving Related		33-3041
Workers	413 (Includes 416)	35-90XX (Includes 35-9099, 35-9011)
Dishwashers Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee	414	35-9021
Shop	415 3	5-9031
Food Preparation and Serving Related Workers, All Other	416 (See code 413)	35-9099 (See code 35-90XX)
Not used	417-419	,
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Housekeeping and	420	
Janitorial Workers		37-1011
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Landscaping, Lawn	421	27 1012
Service, and Groundskeeping Workers Janitors and Building Cleaners	422	37-1012 37-201X (Includes 37-2011 and 37-2019)
Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	423	37-2012
Pest Control Workers	424	37-2021
Grounds Maintenance Workers	425	37-3010
Not used	426-429	57 5010

G–184 Code Lists

Occupation name	PUMS cen- sus occupa- tion code	PUMS Standard occupation classification (SOC) code
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Gaming Workers	430	39-1010
Not used	431	
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Personal Service		
Workers	432	39-1021
Not used	433	
Animal Trainers	434	39-2011
Nonfarm Animal Caretakers	435	39-2021
Not used	436-439	
Gaming Services Workers	440	39-3010
Motion Picture Projectionists	441	39-3021
Ushers, Lobby Attendants, and Ticket Takers	442	39-3031
Miscellaneous Entertainment Attendants and Related		
Workers	443	39-3090 N
Not used	444-445	
Funeral Service Workers	446	39-4000
Not used	447-449	33 .000
Barbers	450	39-5011
Hairdressers, Hairstylists, and Cosmetologists	451	39-5012
Miscellaneous Personal Appearance Workers	452	39-5090
Baggage Porters, Bellhops, and Concierges	453	39-6010
Tour and Travel Guides	454	39-6020
Transportation Attendants	455	39-6030
Not used	456-459	33 0030
Child Care Workers	460	39-9011
Personal and Home Care Aides	461	39-9021
Recreation and Fitness Workers	462	39-9030
Not used	463	33 3030
Residential Advisors	464	39-9041
Personal Care and Service Workers, All Other	465	39-9099
Not used	466-469	33 3033
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Retail Sales Workers	470	41-1011
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Non-Retail Sales	470	41 1011
Workers	471	41-1012
Cashiers	472	41-2010
Not used	473	41 2010
Counter and Rental Clerks	474	41-2021
Parts Salespersons	475	41-2022
Retail Salespersons	476	41-2031
Not used	477-479	41 2031
Advertising Sales Agents	480	41-3011
Insurance Sales Agents	481	41-3021
Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales	401	41-3021
Agents	482	41-3031
Travel Agents	483	41-3041
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	484	41-3099
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other Sales Representatives, Wholesale and Manufacturing	485	41-3099
sales representatives, wholesale and Manufacturing	400	41-4010

Occupation name PUMS cosus occupation coordinates	upa- dard occu-
Not used 486-489	)
Models, Demonstrators, and Product Promoters 490	41-9010
Not used 491	41 3010
	41.0020
Real Estate Brokers and Sales Agents 492	41-9020
Sales Engineers 493	41-9031
Telemarketers 494	41-9041
Door-To-Door Sales Workers, News and Street Vendors,	
and Related Workers 495	41-9091
Sales and Related Workers, All Other 496	41-9099
Not used 497-499	)
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Office and	
Administrative Support Workers 500	43-1011
···	
Switchboard Operators, Including Answering Service 501	43-2011
Telephone Operators 502	43-2021
Communications Equipment Operators, All Other 503	43-2099
Not used 504-509	
Bill and Account Collectors 510	43-3011
Billing and Posting Clerks and Machine Operators 511	43-3021
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks 512	43-3031
Gaming Cage Workers 513	43-3041
Payroll and Timekeeping Clerks 514	43-3051
Procurement Clerks 515	43-3061
Tellers 516	43-3071
Not used 517-519	
Brokerage Clerks	520 43-4011
Correspondence Clerks 521 (See code 53	,
Court, Municipal, and License Clerks 522	43-4031
Credit Authorizers, Checkers, and Clerks 523	43-4041
Customer Service Representatives 524	43-4051
Eligibility Interviewers, Government Programs 525	43-4061
File Clerks 526	43-4071
Not used 527-529	
, ,	43-4081
Interviewers, Except Eligibility and Loan 531	43-4111
Library Assistants, Clerical 532	43-4121
Loan Interviewers and Clerks 533	43-4131
New Accounts Clerks 534	43-4141
Correspondence Clerks and Order Clerks 535 (Inc 321)	ludes 43-4XXX (Includes 43-4021, 43-4151)
Human Resources Assistants, Except Payroll and	
Timekeeping 536	43-4161
Not used 537-359	)
Receptionists and Information Clerks 540	43-4171

G-186 Code Lists

Occupation name	PUMS census occupation code	PUMS Standard occupation classification (SOC) code
Reservation and Transportation Ticket Agents and Travel		
Clerks	541	43-4181
Information and Record Clerks, All Other	542 43-4199	
Not used	543-549	
Cargo and Freight Agents	550	43-5011
Couriers and Messengers	551	43-5021
Dispatchers	552	43-5030
Meter readers, Utilities	553	43-5041
Postal Service Clerks	554	43-5051
Postal Service Mail Carriers	555	43-5052
Postal Service Mail Sorters, Processors, and Processing		
Machine Operators	556	43-5053
Not used	557-559	
Production, Planning and Expediting Clerks	560	43-5061
Shipping, Receiving, and Traffic Clerks	561	43-5071
Stock Clerks and Order Filers	562	43-5081
Weighers, Measurers, Checkers, and Samplers, Record		
keeping	563	43-5111
Not used	564-569	
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants	570	43-6010
Not used	571-579	
Computer Operators	580	43-9011
Data Entry Keyers	581	43-9021
Word Processors and Typists	582	43-9022
Desktop Publishers	583	43-9031
Insurance Claims and Policy Processing Clerks	584	43-9041
Mail Clerks and Mail Machine Operators, Except Postal		
Service	585	43-9051
Office Clerks, General	586	43-9061
Not used	587-589	
Office Machine Operators, Except Computer	590	43-9071
Proofreaders and Copy Markers	591	43-9081
Statistical Assistants	592	43-9111
Office and Administrative Support Workers, All Other	593	43-9199
Not used	594-599	
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Farming, Fishing, and		
Forestry Workers	600	45-1010 (Includes 45-1011 and 45-2031)
Agricultural Inspectors	601	45-2011
Animal Breeders	602 (See	45-2021 (See
	code 605)	code
		45-20XX)
Not used	603	
Graders and Sorters, Agricultural Products	604	45-2041

Occupation name	PUMS census occupation code	PUMS Standard occupation classification (SOC) code
Miscellaneous Agricultural Workers, Including Animal Breeders	605 (Includes 602)	(Includes
Not used Fishing and Hunting Workers	606-609 610 (Includes 611)	45-2021) 45-3000 (Includes 45-3011, 45-3021)
Hunters and Trappers	611 (See code 610)	45-3021 (See code 45-3000)
Forest and Conservation Workers Logging Workers Not used	612 613 614-619	45-4011 45-4020
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Construction Trades and Extraction Workers Boilermakers Brickmasons, Blockmasons, and Stonemasons Carpenters Carpet, Floor, and Tile Installers and Finishers Cement Masons, Concrete Finishers, and Terrazzo Workers Construction Laborers Not used Paving, Surfacing, and Tamping Equipment Operators Pile-Driver Operators  Miscellaneous Construction Equipment Operators	620 621 622 623 624 625 626 627-629 630 631 (See 47-2072 code 632) 632 (Includes 631)	47-1011 47-2011 47-2020 47-2031 47-2040 47-2050 47-2061 47-2071 (See code 47-207X) 47-207X (Includes 47-2073,
Drywall Installers, Ceiling Tile Installers, and Tapers Not used Electricians Glaziers Not used Insulation Workers Not used Painters, Construction and Maintenance Paperhangers Pipelayers, Plumbers, Pipefitters, and Steamfitters Not used Plasterers and Stucco Masons Not used Reinforcing Iron and Rebar Workers	633 634 635 636 637-639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646 647-649 650 (See code 653)	47-2072) 47-2080 47-2111 47-2121 47-2130 47-2141 47-2142 47-2150 47-2161 47-2171 (See code 47-2XXX)

G-188 Code Lists

Occupation name	PUMS census occupation code	PUMS Stan- dard occu- pation clas- sification (SOC) code
Roofers Sheet Metal Workers Iron and Steel Workers	651 652 653 (Includes 650)	47-2181 47-2211 47-2XXX (Includes 47-2171, 47-2221)
Not used	654-659	
Helpers, Construction Trades	660	47-3010
Not used	661-665	
Construction and Building Inspectors	666	47-4011
Not used	667-669	
Elevator Installers and Repairers	670	47-4021
Fence Erectors	671	47-4031
Hazardous Materials	672	47-4041
Highway Maintenance Workers	673	47-4051
Rail-Track Laying and Maintenance Equipment Operators	674	47-4061
Septic Tank Servicers and Sewer Pipe Cleaners	675	47-4071
Miscellaneous Construction and Related Workers	676	47-4090
Not used	677-679	
Derrick, Rotary Drill, and Service Unit Operators, and Roustabouts, Oil, Gas, and Mining	680 (Includes 692)	47-50YY (Includes 47-5071,
		47-5010)
Not used	681	,
Earth Drillers, Except Oil and Gas	682	47-5021
Explosives Workers, Ordnance Handling Experts, and		
Blasters	683	47-5031
Mining Machine Operators	684	47-5040
Not used	685-690	
Roof Bolters, Mining	691 (See code 694)	47-5061 (See code
		47-50XX)
Roustabouts, Oil and Gas	692 (See code 680)	47-5071 (See code 47-50YY)
Helpers — Extraction Workers	693 (See code 694)	47-5081 (See code
		47-50XX)
Miscellaneous Extraction Workers, Including Roof Bolters		
and Helpers	694 (Includes 691, 693)	47-50XX (Includes 47-5061, 47-5081)
Not used	695-699	
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Mechanics, Installers,	700	40 1011
and Repairers Computer, Automated Teller, and Office Machine Repairers	700 701	49-1011 49-2011

Occupation name	PUMS cen- sus occupa- tion code	PUMS Stan- dard occu- pation clas- sification (SOC) code
Radio and Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers Avionics Technicians Electric Motor, Power Tool, and Related Repairers Electrical and Electronics Installers and Repairers, Trans-	702 703 704	49-2020 49-2091 49-2092
portation Equipment	705 (See code 710)	49-2093 (See code 49-209X)
Not used	706-709	
Electrical and Electronics Repairers, Industrial, Utility, and Transportation Equipment	710 (Includes 705)	49-209X (Includes 49-2093)
Electronic Equipment Installers and Repairers, Motor Vehicles	711	49-2096
Electronic Home Entertainment Equipment Installers and Repairers Security and Fire	712	49-2097
Alarm Systems Installers	713	49-2098
Aircraft Mechanics and Service Technicians	714	49-3011
Automotive Body and Related Repairers	715	49-3021
Automotive Glass Installers and Repairers	716	49-3022
Not used	717-719	13 3022
Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	720	49-3023
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists Heavy Vehicle and Mobile Equipment Service Technicians	721	49-3031
and Mechanics	722	49-3040
Not used	723	
Small Engine Mechanics	724	49-3050
Not used	725	
Miscellaneous Vehicle and Mobile Equipment Mechanics,		
Installers, and Repairers	726	49-3090
Not used	727-729	
Control and Valve Installers and Repairers Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics	730	49-9010
and Installers	731	49-9021
Home Appliance Repairers	732	49-9031
Industrial and Refractory Machinery Mechanics	733	49-904X (Includes 49-9041 and 49-9045)
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	734	49-9042
Maintenance Workers, Machinery	735	49-9043
Millwrights	736	49-9044
Not used	737-740	
Electrical Power-Line Installers and Repairers	741	49-9051
Telecommunications Line Installers and Repairers	742	49-9052

G–190 Code Lists

Occupation name	PUMS census occupation code	PUMS Standard occupation classification (SOC) code
Precision Instrument and Equipment Repairers Not used	743 744-750	49-9060
Coin, Vending, and Amusement Machine Servicers and		
Repairers Commercial Divers	751 752 (See code 762)	49-9091 49-9092 (See code 49-909X)
Not used	753	
Locksmiths and Safe Repairers	754	49-9094
Manufactured Building and Mobile Home Installers Riggers	755 756	49-9095 49-9096
Not used	757-759	.5 5050
Signal and Track Switch Repairers	760 (See code 762)	49-9097 (See code N49- 909X)
Helpers—Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Workers Other Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Workers, Including Commercial Drivers and Signal and Track	761	49-9098
Switch Repairers	762 (Includes 752, 760)	49-909X (Includes 49-9092, 49-9097)
Not used	763-769	.5 505.7
First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Production and		
Operating Workers Aircraft Structure, Surfaces, Rigging, and Systems	770	51-1011
Assemblers	771	51-2011
Electrical, Electronics, and Electromechanical Assemblers	772	51-2020
Engine and Other Machine Assemblers	773	51-2031
Structural Metal Fabricators and Fitters	774	51-2041
Miscellaneous Assemblers and Fabricators	775	51-2090
Not used	776-779	
Bakers	780	51-3011
Butchers and Other Meat, Poultry, and Fish Processing		
Workers	781	51-3020
Not used	782	
Food and Tobacco Roasting, Baking, and Drying Machine		
Operators and Tenders	783	51-3091
Food Batchmakers	784	51-3092
Food Cooking Machine Operators and Tenders Not used	785 786-789	51-3093
Computer Control Programmers and Operators	790	51-4010
Not used	791	
Extruding and Drawing Machine Setters, Operators, And Tenders, Metal and Plastic	792	51-4021
Forging Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal	194	31-4021
and Plastic	793	51-4022

Occupation name	PUMS cen- sus occupa- tion code	PUMS Stan- dard occu- pation clas- sification (SOC) code
Rolling Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	794	51-4023
Cutting, Punching, and Press Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	795	51-4031
Drilling and Boring Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic Not used	796 797-799	51-4032
Grinding, Lapping, Polishing, and Buffing Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic Lathe and Turning Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and	800	51-4033
Tenders, Metal and Plastic Milling and Planing Machine Setter, Operators, and	801	51-4034
Tenders, Metal and Plastic	802 (See code 822)	51-4035 (See code 51-4XXX)
Machinists Metal Furnace and Kiln Operators and Tenders Not used	803 804 805	51-4041 51-4050
Model Makers and Patternmakers, Metal and Plastic Not used	806 807-809	51-4060
Molders and Molding Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic Not used	810 811	51-4070
Multiple Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	812 (See code 822)	51-4081 (See code 51-4XXX)
Tool and Die Makers	813	51-4111
Welding, Soldering, and Brazing Workers Heat Treating Equipment Setters, Operators, and Tenders,	814	51-4120
Metal and Plastic	815	51-4191
Lay-Out Workers, Metal and Plastic	816	51-4192
Not used	817-819	
Plating and Coating Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	820	51-4193
Tool Grinders, Filers, and Sharpeners	821	51-4194
Other Metal Workers and Plastic Workers, Including	021	31 1131
Milling, Planing, and Machine Tool Operators	822 (Includes 802, 812)	51-4XXX (Includes 51-4035, 51-4081, 51-4199)
Bookbinders and Bindery Workers	823	51-5010
Job Printers  Propress Tashnisians and Workers	824	51-5021
Prepress Technicians and Workers Printing Machine Operators	825 826	51-5022 51-5023
Not used	827-829	J1-JU23

G–192 Code Lists

Occupation name	PUMS census occupation code	PUMS Standard occupation classification (SOC) code
Laundry and Dry-Cleaning Workers Pressers, Textile, Garment, and Related Materials Sewing Machine Operators Shoe and Leather Workers and Repairers Shoe Machine Operators and Tenders	830 831 832 833 834	51-6011 51-6021 51-6031 51-6041 51-6042
Tailors, Dressmakers, and Sewers Textile Bleaching and Dyeing Machine Operators and Tenders	835 836	51-6050 51-6061
Not used Textile Cutting Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders Textile Knitting and Weaving Machine Setters, Operators,	837-839 840	51-6062
and Tenders Textile Winding, Twisting, and Drawing Out Machine	841	51-6063
Setters, Operators, and Tenders Extruding and Forming Machine Setters, Operators, and	842	51-6064
Tenders, Synthetic and Glass Fibers	843 (See code 846)	51-6091 (See code 51-609X)
Fabric and Apparel Patternmakers	844 (See code 846)	51-6092 (See code 51-609X)
Upholsterers Miscellaneous Textile, Apparel, and Furnishings Workers, Except Upholsterers	845 846 (Includes	51-6093
Except opnoisterers	843, 844)	(Includes 51-6091, 51-6092, 51-6099)
Not used	847-849	
Cabinetmakers and Bench Carpenters	850	51-7011
Furniture Finishers Model Makers and Patternmakers, Wood	851 852 (See code 855)	51-7021 51-7030 (See code 51-70XX)
Sawing Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Wood Woodworking Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders,	853	51-7041
Except Sawing Miscellaneous Woodworkers, Including Model Makers and	854	51-7042
Patternmakers	855 (Includes 852)	51-70XX (Includes 51-7030, 51-7099)
Not used	856-859	
Power Plant Operators, Distributors, and Dispatchers Stationary Engineers and Boiler Operators Water and Liquid Waste Treatment Plant and System	860 861	51-8010 51-8021
Operators Miscellaneous Plant and System Operators	862 863	51-8031 51-8090

Occupation name	PUMS cen- sus occupa- tion code	PUMS Stan- dard occu- pation clas- sification (SOC) code
Chemical Processing Machine Setters, Operators, and		
Tenders	864	51-9010
Crushing, Grinding, Polishing, Mixing, and Blending		
Workers	865	51-9020
Not used	866-870	
Cutting Workers	871	51-9030
Extruding, Forming, Pressing, and Compacting Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	872	51-9041
Furnace, Kiln, Oven, Drier, and Kettle Operators and		
Tenders	873	51-9051
Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	874	51-9061
Jewelers and Precious Stone and Metal Workers	875	51-9071
Medical, Dental, and Ophthalmic Laboratory Technicians	876	51-9080
Not used	877-879	
Packaging and Filing Machine Operators and Tenders	880	51-9111
Painting Workers	881	51-9120
Not used	882	
Photographic Process Workers and Processing Machine	0.00	F1 0120
Operators	883	51-9130
Semiconductor Processors	884 (See code 896)	51-9141 (See code 51-91XX)
Cementing and Gluing Machine Operators and Tenders Cleaning, Washing, and Metal Pickling Equipment	885	51-9191
Operators and Tenders	886	51-9192
Not used	887-889	
Cooling and Freezing Equipment Operators and Tenders	890 (See code 896)	51-9193 (See code 51-91XX)
Etchers and Engravers	891	51-9194
Molders, Shapers, and Casters, Except Metal and Plastic	892	51-9195
Paper Goods Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	893	51-9196
Tire Builders	894	51-9197
Helpers—Production Workers Other Production Workers, Including Semiconductor Processors and Cooling and Freezing Equipment	895	51-9198
Operators	896 (Includes 884, 890)	51-91XX (Includes 51-9141, 51-9193, 51-9199)
Not used	897-899	
Supervisors, Transportation and Material Moving Workers Not used	900 901-902	53-1000
Aircraft Pilots and Flight Engineers	903	53-2010
Air Traffic Controllers and Airfield Operations Specialists	904	53-2020
Not used	905-910	

G–194 Code Lists

Occupation name	PUMS cen- sus occupa- tion code	PUMS Stan- dard occu- pation clas- sification (SOC) code
Ambulance Drivers and Attendants, Except Emergency Medical Technicians	911 (See code 915)	53-3011 (See code 53-30XX)
Bus Drivers Driver/Sales Workers and Truck Drivers Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs Miscellaneous Motor Vehicle Operators, Including	912 913 914	53-3020 53-3030 53-3041
Ambulance Drivers and Attendants	915 (Includes 911)	53-30XX (Includes 53-3011, 53-3099)
Not used Locomotive Engineers and Operators Not used	916-919 920 921-922	53-4010
Railroad Brake, Signal, and Switch Operators Railroad Conductors and Yardmasters Not used	923 924 925	53-4021 53-4031
Subway, Streetcar, and Other Rail Transportation Workers	926	53-40XX (Includes 53-4041 and 53-4099)
Not used	927-929	
Sailors and Marine Oilers Ship and Boat Captains and Operators	930 931	53-5011 53-5020
Not used	932	
Ship Engineers Bridge and Lock Tenders	933 934 (See code 942)	53-5031 53-6011 (See code 53-60XX)
Parking Lot Attendants	935	53-6021
Service Station Attendants	936	53-6031
Not used	937-940	
Transportation Inspectors	941	53-6051
Miscellaneous Transportation Workers, Including Bridge		
and Lock Tenders and Traffic Technicians	942 (Includes 934)	53-60XX (Includes 53-6011)
Not used	943-949	
Conveyor Operators and Tenders	950 (See code 975)	53-7011 (See code 53-7XXX)
Crane and Tower Operators	951	53-7021
Dredge, Excavating, and Loading Machine Operators Not used	952 953-955	53-7030
Hoist and Winch Operators	956 53-7041	
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	960	53-7051
Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	961 962	53-7061 53-7062

Occupation name	PUMS cen- sus occupa- tion code	PUMS Stan- dard occu- pation clas- sification (SOC) code
Machine Feeders and Offbearers	963	53-7063
Packers and Packagers, Hand	964	53-7064
Pumping Station Operators	965	53-7070
Not used	966-971	
Refuse and Recyclable Material Collectors	972	53-7081
Shuttle Car Operators	973 (See code 975)	53-7111 (See code 53-7XXX)
Tank Car, Truck, and Ship Loaders	974 (See code 975)	53-7121 (See code 53-7XXX)
Miscellaneous Material Moving Workers; Including Conveyor Operators and Tenders; Shuttle Car		
Operators; and Tank Car, Truck, and Ship Loaders	975 (Includes 950, 973, 974)	53-7XXX (Includes 53-7011, 53-7199, 53-7111, 53-7121)
Not used	976-979	
Military Officer Special and Tactical Weapons		
Leaders/Managers	980	55-1010
First-Line Enlisted Military Supervisors/Managers Military Enlisted Tactical Operations and Air/Weapons	981	55-2010
Specialists and Crew Members	982	55-3010
Military, Rank Not Specified (Census only) Not used	983 984-991	99-9830
Unemployed, never worked, or not worked in last 5 years	992	99-9920

G–196 Code Lists

Code	Description
000	Not in universe
001	Alabama
002	Alaska
003	Not used
004	Arizona
005	Arkansas
006	California
007	Not used
008	Colorado
009	Connecticut
010	Delaware
011	District of Columbia
012	Florida
013	Georgia
014	Not used
015	Hawaii
016	Idaho
017	Illinois
018	Indiana
019	Iowa
020	Kansas
021	Kentucky
022	Louisiana
023	Maine
024	Maryland
025	Massachusetts
026	Michigan
027	Minnesota
028	Mississippi
029	Missouri
030	Montana
031	Nebraska
032	Nevada
033	New Hampshire
034	New Jersey
035	New Mexico
036	New York
037	North Carolina
038	North Dakota
039	Ohio
040	Oklahoma
041	Oregon
042	Pennsylvania
043	Not used
044	Rhode Island
045	South Carolina
046	South Dakota
047	Tennessee
048	Texas
049	Utah

050         Vermont           051         Virginia           052         Not used           053         Washington           054         West Virginia           055         Wisconsin           056         Wyoming           057-059         Not used           060         American Samoa           061-065         Not used           066         Guam           067         Johnston Atoll (See code 528)           068         Not used           069         Northern Marianas (See code 528)           070         Not used           071         Midway Islands (See code 528)           072         Puerto Rico           073-075         Not used           076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           <	Code	Description
052         Not used           053         Washington           054         West Virginia           055         Wisconsin           056         Wyoming           057-059         Not used           060         American Samoa           061-065         Not used           066         Cuam           067         Johnston Atoll (See code 528)           068         Not used           069         Northern Marianas (See code 528)           070         Not used           071         Midway Islands (See code 528)           072         Puerto Rico           073-075         Not used           076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           089         Kingman Reef	050	Vermont
052         Not used           053         Washington           054         West Virginia           055         Wisconsin           056         Wyoming           057-059         Not used           060         American Samoa           061-065         Not used           066         Guam           067         Johnston Atoll (See code 528)           068         Not used           069         Northern Marianas (See code 528)           070         Not used           071         Midway Islands (See code 528)           072         Puerto Rico           073-075         Not used           076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           089         Kingman Reef	051	Virginia
054         West Virginia           055         Wisconsin           056         Wyoming           057-059         Not used           060         American Samoa           061-065         Not used           066         Guam           067         Johnston Atoll (See code 528)           068         Not used           069         Northern Marianas (See code 528)           070         Not used           071         Midway Islands (See code 528)           072         Puerto Rico           073-075         Not used           076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           095         Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)           096         U.S. Island Area not specified           097-099<	052	
054         West Virginia           055         Wisconsin           056         Wyoming           057-059         Not used           060         American Samoa           061-065         Not used           066         Guam           067         Johnston Atoll (See code 528)           068         Not used           069         Northern Marianas (See code 528)           070         Not used           071         Midway Islands (See code 528)           072         Puerto Rico           073-075         Not used           076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           095         Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)           096         U.S. Island Area not specified           097-099<	053	Washington
055         Wisconsin           056         Wyoming           057-059         Not used           060         American Samoa           061-065         Not used           066         Guam           067         Johnston Atoll (See code 528)           068         Not used           069         Northern Marianas (See code 528)           070         Not used           071         Midway Islands (See code 528)           072         Puerto Rico           073-075         Not used           076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           095         Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)           096         U.S. Island Area not specified           097-099         Not used           100		_
056         Wyoming           057-059         Not used           060         American Samoa           061-065         Not used           066         Guam           067         Johnston Atoll (See code 528)           068         Not used           069         Northern Marianas (See code 528)           070         Not used           071         Midway Islands (See code 528)           072         Puerto Rico           073-075         Not used           076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           089         Kingman Reef           090-094         Not used           095         Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)           096         U.S. Island Area not specified           097-09		•
057-059         Not used           060         American Samoa           061-065         Not used           066         Guam           067         Johnston Atoll (See code 528)           068         Not used           069         Northern Marianas (See code 528)           070         Not used           071         Midway Islands (See code 528)           072         Puerto Rico           073-075         Not used           076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           089         Kingman Reef           090-094         Not used           095         Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)           096         U.S. Island Area not specified           097-099         Not used           1		
060         American Samoa           061-065         Not used           066         Guam           067         Johnston Atoll (See code 528)           068         Not used           069         Northern Marianas (See code 528)           070         Not used           071         Midway Islands (See code 528)           072         Puerto Rico           073-075         Not used           076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           089         Kingman Reef           090-094         Not used           095         Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)           096         U.S. Island Area not specified           097-099         Not used           100         Austria           103 <td></td> <td></td>		
066         Guam           067         Johnston Atoll (See code 528)           068         Not used           069         Northern Marianas (See code 528)           070         Not used           071         Midway Islands (See code 528)           072         Puerto Rico           073-075         Not used           076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           089         Kingman Reef           090-094         Not used           095         Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)           096         U.S. Island Area not specified           097-099         Not used           100         Albania           101         Andorra (See code 166)           102         Austria           103		
067         Johnston Atoll (See code 528)           068         Not used           069         Northern Marianas (See code 528)           070         Not used           071         Midway Islands (See code 528)           072         Puerto Rico           073-075         Not used           076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           089         Kingman Reef           090-094         Not used           095         Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)           096         U.S. Island Area not specified           097-099         Not used           100         Albania           101         Andorra (See code 166)           102         Austria           103         Belgium	061-065	Not used
067         Johnston Atoll (See code 528)           068         Not used           069         Northern Marianas (See code 528)           070         Not used           071         Midway Islands (See code 528)           072         Puerto Rico           073-075         Not used           076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           089         Kingman Reef           090-094         Not used           095         Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)           096         U.S. Island Area not specified           097-099         Not used           100         Albania           101         Andorra (See code 166)           102         Austria           103         Belgium	066	Guam
068         Not used           069         Northern Marianas (See code 528)           070         Not used           071         Midway Islands (See code 528)           072         Puerto Rico           073-075         Not used           076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           089         Kingman Reef           090-094         Not used           095         Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)           096         U.S. Island Area not specified           097-099         Not used           100         Albania           101         Andorra (See code 166)           102         Austria           103         Belgium           104         Bulgaria           105		Johnston Atoll (See code 528)
069Northern Marianas (See code 528)070Not used071Midway Islands (See code 528)072Puerto Rico073-075Not used076Navassa Island (See code 399)077Not used078U.S. Virgin Islands079Wake Island (See code 528)080Not used081Baker Island (See code 528)082-083Not used084Howland Island (See code 528)085Not used086Jarvis Island087-088Not used089Kingman Reef090-094Not used095Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)096U.S. Island Area not specified097-099Not used100Albania101Andorra (See code 166)102Austria103Belgium104Bulgaria105Czechoslovakia106Denmark107Faroe Islands (See code 166)108Finland109France110Germany111-114Not used115Gibraltar (See code 166)116Greece117Hungary	068	
070         Not used           071         Midway Islands (See code 528)           072         Puerto Rico           073-075         Not used           076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           095         Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)           096         U.S. Island Area not specified           097-099         Not used           100         Albania           101         Andorra (See code 166)           102         Austria           103         Belgium           104         Bulgaria           105         Czechoslovakia           106         Denmark           107         Faroe Islands (See code 166)           108         Finland           109         France </td <td></td> <td>Northern Marianas (See code 528)</td>		Northern Marianas (See code 528)
071 Midway Islands (See code 528) 072 Puerto Rico 073-075 Not used 076 Navassa Island (See code 399) 077 Not used 078 U.S. Virgin Islands 079 Wake Island (See code 528) 080 Not used 081 Baker Island (See code 528) 082-083 Not used 084 Howland Island (See code 528) 085 Not used 086 Jarvis Island 087-088 Not used 089 Kingman Reef 090-094 Not used 095 Palmyra Atoll (See code 528) 096 U.S. Island Area not specified 097-099 Not used 100 Albania 101 Andorra (See code 166) 102 Austria 103 Belgium 104 Bulgaria 105 Czechoslovakia 106 Denmark 107 Faroe Islands (See code 166) 108 Finland 109 France 110 Germany 111-114 Not used 115 Gibraltar (See code 166) 116 Greece 117 Hungary	070	·
072         Puerto Rico           073-075         Not used           076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           089         Kingman Reef           090-094         Not used           095         Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)           096         U.S. Island Area not specified           097-099         Not used           100         Albania           101         Andorra (See code 166)           102         Austria           103         Belgium           104         Bulgaria           105         Czechoslovakia           106         Denmark           107         Faroe Islands (See code 166)           108         Finland           109         France	071	Midway Islands (See code 528)
076         Navassa Island (See code 399)           077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           089         Kingman Reef           090-094         Not used           095         Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)           096         U.S. Island Area not specified           097-099         Not used           100         Albania           101         Andorra (See code 166)           102         Austria           103         Belgium           104         Bulgaria           105         Czechoslovakia           106         Denmark           107         Faroe Islands (See code 166)           108         Finland           109         France           110         Germany           111-114         Not used	072	
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077         Not used           078         U.S. Virgin Islands           079         Wake Island (See code 528)           080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           089         Kingman Reef           090-094         Not used           095         Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)           096         U.S. Island Area not specified           097-099         Not used           100         Albania           101         Andorra (See code 166)           102         Austria           103         Belgium           104         Bulgaria           105         Czechoslovakia           106         Denmark           107         Faroe Islands (See code 166)           108         Finland           109         France           110         Germany           111-114         Not used           115         Gibraltar (See code 166)		Navassa Island (See code 399)
078U.S. Virgin Islands079Wake Island (See code 528)080Not used081Baker Island (See code 528)082-083Not used084Howland Island (See code 528)085Not used086Jarvis Island087-088Not used089Kingman Reef090-094Not used095Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)096U.S. Island Area not specified097-099Not used100Albania101Andorra (See code 166)102Austria103Belgium104Bulgaria105Czechoslovakia106Denmark107Faroe Islands (See code 166)108Finland109France110Germany111-114Not used115Gibraltar (See code 166)116Greece117Hungary		
079Wake Island (See code 528)080Not used081Baker Island (See code 528)082-083Not used084Howland Island (See code 528)085Not used086Jarvis Island087-088Not used089Kingman Reef090-094Not used095Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)096U.S. Island Area not specified097-099Not used100Albania101Andorra (See code 166)102Austria103Belgium104Bulgaria105Czechoslovakia106Denmark107Faroe Islands (See code 166)108Finland109France110Germany111-114Not used115Gibraltar (See code 166)116Greece117Hungary		
080         Not used           081         Baker Island (See code 528)           082-083         Not used           084         Howland Island (See code 528)           085         Not used           086         Jarvis Island           087-088         Not used           089         Kingman Reef           090-094         Not used           095         Palmyra Atoll (See code 528)           096         U.S. Island Area not specified           097-099         Not used           100         Albania           101         Andorra (See code 166)           102         Austria           103         Belgium           104         Bulgaria           105         Czechoslovakia           106         Denmark           107         Faroe Islands (See code 166)           108         Finland           109         France           110         Germany           111-114         Not used           115         Gibraltar (See code 166)           116         Greece           117         Hungary	079	
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082-083 Not used 084 Howland Island (See code 528) 085 Not used 086 Jarvis Island 087-088 Not used 089 Kingman Reef 090-094 Not used 095 Palmyra Atoll (See code 528) 096 U.S. Island Area not specified 097-099 Not used 100 Albania 101 Andorra (See code 166) 102 Austria 103 Belgium 104 Bulgaria 105 Czechoslovakia 106 Denmark 107 Faroe Islands (See code 166) 108 Finland 109 France 110 Germany 111-114 Not used 115 Gibraltar (See code 166) 116 Greece 117 Hungary		Baker Island (See code 528)
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086 Jarvis Island 087-088 Not used 089 Kingman Reef 090-094 Not used 095 Palmyra Atoll (See code 528) 096 U.S. Island Area not specified 097-099 Not used 100 Albania 101 Andorra (See code 166) 102 Austria 103 Belgium 104 Bulgaria 105 Czechoslovakia 106 Denmark 107 Faroe Islands (See code 166) 108 Finland 109 France 110 Germany 111-114 Not used 115 Gibraltar (See code 166) 116 Greece 117 Hungary		
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090-094 095 Palmyra Atoll (See code 528) 096 U.S. Island Area not specified 097-099 Not used 100 Albania 101 Andorra (See code 166) 102 Austria 103 Belgium 104 Bulgaria 105 Czechoslovakia 106 Denmark 107 Faroe Islands (See code 166) 108 Finland 109 France 110 Germany 111-114 Not used 115 Gibraltar (See code 166) 116 Greece 117	089	Kingman Reef
095 Palmyra Atoll (See code 528) 096 U.S. Island Area not specified 097-099 Not used 100 Albania 101 Andorra (See code 166) 102 Austria 103 Belgium 104 Bulgaria 105 Czechoslovakia 106 Denmark 107 Faroe Islands (See code 166) 108 Finland 109 France 110 Germany 111-114 Not used 115 Gibraltar (See code 166) 116 Greece 117 Hungary		9
096 U.S. Island Area not specified 097-099 Not used 100 Albania 101 Andorra (See code 166) 102 Austria 103 Belgium 104 Bulgaria 105 Czechoslovakia 106 Denmark 107 Faroe Islands (See code 166) 108 Finland 109 France 110 Germany 111-114 Not used 115 Gibraltar (See code 166) 116 Greece 117 Hungary		
097-099       Not used         100       Albania         101       Andorra (See code 166)         102       Austria         103       Belgium         104       Bulgaria         105       Czechoslovakia         106       Denmark         107       Faroe Islands (See code 166)         108       Finland         109       France         110       Germany         111-114       Not used         115       Gibraltar (See code 166)         116       Greece         117       Hungary		•
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101 Andorra (See code 166) 102 Austria 103 Belgium 104 Bulgaria 105 Czechoslovakia 106 Denmark 107 Faroe Islands (See code 166) 108 Finland 109 France 110 Germany 111-114 Not used 115 Gibraltar (See code 166) 116 Greece 117 Hungary		
102       Austria         103       Belgium         104       Bulgaria         105       Czechoslovakia         106       Denmark         107       Faroe Islands (See code 166)         108       Finland         109       France         110       Germany         111-114       Not used         115       Gibraltar (See code 166)         116       Greece         117       Hungary		
103 Belgium 104 Bulgaria 105 Czechoslovakia 106 Denmark 107 Faroe Islands (See code 166) 108 Finland 109 France 110 Germany 111-114 Not used 115 Gibraltar (See code 166) 116 Greece 117 Hungary		
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105 Czechoslovakia 106 Denmark 107 Faroe Islands (See code 166) 108 Finland 109 France 110 Germany 111-114 Not used 115 Gibraltar (See code 166) 116 Greece 117 Hungary		•
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Faroe Islands (See code 166) Finland France Germany Not used Gibraltar (See code 166) Greece Hungary	106	
108 Finland 109 France 110 Germany 111-114 Not used 115 Gibraltar (See code 166) 116 Greece 117 Hungary	107	Faroe Islands (See code 166)
109 France 110 Germany 111-114 Not used 115 Gibraltar (See code 166) 116 Greece 117 Hungary		
110 Germany 111-114 Not used 115 Gibraltar (See code 166) 116 Greece 117 Hungary		France
Not used Cibraltar (See code 166) Greece Hungary		
Gibraltar (See code 166) Greece Hungary		•
116 Greece 117 Hungary		
117 Hungary		
	118	

G–198 Code Lists

	Description
Code	Description
119	Ireland
120	Italy
121	Jan Meyan (See code 166)
122	Liechtenstein (See code 166)
123	Luxembourg (See code 166)
124	Malta (See code 166)
125	Monaco (See code 166)
126	Netherlands
127	Norway
128	Poland
129	Portugal (Includes 131)
130	Azores Islands
131	Madeira Islands (See code 129)
132	Romania
133	San Marino (See code 166)
134	Spain
135	Svalbard
136	Sweden
137	Switzerland
138	United Kingdom (Includes 143-145)
139	England
140	Scotland
141	Wales
142	Northern Ireland
143	
144	Guernsey (See code 138)
145	Jersey (See code 138)
	Isle of Man (See code 138)
146	Vatican City (See code 166)
147	Yugoslavia
148	Czech Republic
149	Slovakia
150	Bosnia and Herzegovina
151	Croatia
152	Macedonia
153	Slovenia (See code 166)
154	Serbia
155	Estonia (See code 166)
156	Latvia
157	Lithuania
158	Armenia
159	Azerbaijan
160	Belarus
161	Georgia
162	Moldova
163	Russia
164	Ukraine
165	USSR
166	Europe, not specified (Includes 101, 107, 115, 118, 121-125, 133, 146, 153, 155)
167	Kosovo

168-199         Not used           200         Afghanistan           201         Bahrain (See code 249)           202         Bangladesh           Bhutan (See code 249)           204         Brunei (See code 249)           205         Myanmar (Burma)           206         Cambodia           207         China (Includes 232)           208         Cyprus           209         Hong Kong           210         India           211         Indonesia           212         Iran           213         Iraq           214         Israel           215         Japan           216         Jordan           217         Korea (Includes 221)           218         Kazakhstan (See code 249)           219         Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)           220         South Korea           221         North Korea (See code 249)           222         Kuwait           223         Laos           224         Lebanon           225         Macau (See code 249)           226         Malaysia           227         Maldives (See code 249)	Code	Description
201         Bahrain (See code 249)           202         Bangladesh           203         Bhutan (See code 249)           204         Brunei (See code 249)           205         Myanmar (Burma)           206         Cambodia           207         China (Includes 232)           208         Cyprus           209         Hong Kong           210         India           211         Indonesia           212         Iran           213         Iraq           214         Israel           215         Japan           216         Jordan           217         Korea (Includes 221)           218         Kazakhstan (See code 249)           219         Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)           220         South Korea           221         North Korea (See code 249)           222         Kuwait           223         Laos           224         Lebanon           225         Macau (See code 249)           226         Malaysia           227         Maldives (See code 249)           228         Mongolia (See code 249)           229         Nepal <td>168-199</td> <td>Not used</td>	168-199	Not used
202         Bangladesh           203         Bhutan (See code 249)           204         Brunei (See code 249)           205         Myanmar (Burma)           206         Cambodia           207         China (Includes 232)           208         Cyprus           209         Hong Kong           210         India           211         Indonesia           212         Iran           213         Iraq           214         Israel           215         Japan           216         Jordan           217         Korea (Includes 221)           218         Kazakhstan (See code 249)           219         Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)           220         South Korea           221         North Korea (See code 249)           222         Kuwait           223         Laos           224         Lebanon           225         Macau (See code 249)           226         Malaysia           227         Maldives (See code 249)           228         Mongolia (See code 249)           230         Oman (See code 249)           231         Pakistan <td>200</td> <td>Afghanistan</td>	200	Afghanistan
Bhutan (See code 249)  Brunei (See code 249)  Myanmar (Burma)  Cambodia  Cambodia  Cyprus  Hong Kong  India  Indonesia  Iraq  Iran  Iraq  Israel  Japan  Iff Korea (Includes 221)  Korea (Includes 221)  Korea (Includes 221)  India  Korea (Includes 221)  Korea (Includes (See code 249)  Korea (Includes (See code 249)  Korea (Includes (See code 249)  Macau (See code 249)  Macau (See code 249)  Maldives (See code 249)  Nepal  Mongolia (See code 249)  Nepal  Mongolia (See code 249)  Nepal  Aldives (See code 249)  Nepal  Aldives (See code 249)  Soudi Arabia  Singapore  Singapore  Singapore  Singapore  Singapore  Singapore  Singapore  Singapore  Torkey  Tajikistan (See code 249)  Tajikistan (See code 249)  Tajikistan (See code 249)  Tajikistan (See code 249)  Uzbekistan  Vietnam	201	Bahrain (See code 249)
204         Brunei (See code 249)           205         Myanmar (Burma)           206         Cambodia           207         China (Includes 232)           208         Cyprus           209         Hong Kong           210         India           211         Indonesia           212         Iran           213         Iraq           214         Israel           215         Japan           216         Jordan           217         Korea (Includes 221)           218         Kazakhstan (See code 249)           219         Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)           220         South Korea           221         North Korea (See code 217)           222         Kuwait           223         Laos           224         Lebanon           225         Macau (See code 249)           226         Malaysia           227         Maldives (See code 249)           228         Mongolia (See code 249)           229         Nepal           230         Oman (See code 249)           231         Pakistan           232         Paracel Islands (See code 249)	202	Bangladesh
205 Myanmar (Burma) 206 Cambodia 207 China (Includes 232) 208 Cyprus 209 Hong Kong 210 India 211 Indonesia 212 Iran 213 Iraq 214 Israel 215 Japan 216 Jordan 217 Korea (Includes 221) 218 Kazakhstan (See code 249) 220 South Korea 221 North Korea (See code 249) 220 South Korea 221 North Korea (See code 217) 222 Kuwait 223 Laos 224 Lebanon 225 Macau (See code 249) 226 Malaysia 227 Maldives (See code 249) 228 Mongolia (See code 249) 229 Nepal 230 Oman (See code 249) 231 Pakistan 232 Paracel Islands (See code 207) 233 Philippines 234 Qatar (See code 249) 235 Saudi Arabia 236 Singapore 237 Spratley Islands 238 Sri Lanka 239 Syria 240 Taiwan 241 Tajikistan (See code 249) 242 Thailand 243 Turkey 244 Turkmenistan (See code 249) 245 United Arab Emirates (See code 249) 246 Uzbekistan 247 Vietnam	203	Bhutan (See code 249)
206         Cambodia           207         China (Includes 232)           208         Cyprus           209         Hong Kong           210         India           211         Indonesia           212         Iran           213         Iraq           214         Israel           215         Japan           216         Jordan           217         Korea (Includes 221)           218         Kazakhstan (See code 249)           219         Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)           220         South Korea           221         North Korea (See code 217)           222         Kuwait           223         Laos           224         Lebanon           225         Macau (See code 249)           226         Malaysia           227         Maldives (See code 249)           228         Mongolia (See code 249)           229         Nepal           230         Oman (See code 249)           231         Pakistan           232         Paracel Islands (See code 207)           233         Philippines           234         Qatar (See code 249)	204	Brunei (See code 249)
207         China (Includes 232)           208         Cyprus           209         Hong Kong           210         India           211         Indonesia           212         Iran           213         Iraq           214         Israel           215         Japan           216         Jordan           217         Korea (Includes 221)           218         Kazakhstan (See code 249)           219         Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)           220         South Korea           221         North Korea (See code 249)           222         Kuwait           223         Laos           224         Lebanon           225         Malaysia           227         Maldives (See code 249)           228         Mongolia (See code 249)           229         Nepal           230         Oman (See code 249)           231         Pakistan           232         Paracel Islands (See code 207)           233         Philippines           234         Qatar (See code 249)           235         Saudi Arabia           236         Singapore </td <td>205</td> <td>Myanmar (Burma)</td>	205	Myanmar (Burma)
208         Cyprus           209         Hong Kong           210         India           211         Indonesia           212         Iran           213         Iraq           214         Israel           215         Japan           216         Jordan           217         Korea (Includes 221)           218         Kazakhstan (See code 249)           219         Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)           220         South Korea           221         North Korea (See code 249)           222         Kuwait           223         Laos           224         Lebanon           225         Macau (See code 249)           226         Malaysia           227         Maldives (See code 249)           228         Mongolia (See code 249)           229         Nepal           230         Oman (See code 249)           231         Pakistan           232         Paracel Islands (See code 207)           233         Philippines           234         Qatar (See code 249)           235         Saudi Arabia           236         Singapore </td <td></td> <td></td>		
Hong Kong   India   Indonesia   Iraq   Iraq   Iraq   Israel   Is		
210         India           211         Indonesia           212         Iran           213         Iraq           214         Israel           215         Japan           216         Jordan           217         Korea (Includes 221)           218         Kazakhstan (See code 249)           219         Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)           220         South Korea           221         North Korea (See code 217)           222         Kuwait           223         Laos           224         Lebanon           225         Macau (See code 249)           226         Malaysia           227         Maldives (See code 249)           228         Mongolia (See code 249)           229         Nepal           230         Oman (See code 249)           231         Pakistan           232         Paracel Islands (See code 207)           233         Philippines           234         Qatar (See code 249)           235         Saudi Arabia           236         Singapore           237         Spratley Islands           238         Sri Lanka </td <td></td> <td>• •</td>		• •
211         Indonesia           212         Iran           213         Iraq           214         Israel           215         Japan           216         Jordan           217         Korea (Includes 221)           218         Kazakhstan (See code 249)           219         Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)           220         South Korea           221         North Korea (See code 217)           222         Kuwait           223         Laos           224         Lebanon           225         Macau (See code 249)           226         Malaysia           227         Maldives (See code 249)           228         Mongolia (See code 249)           229         Nepal           230         Oman (See code 249)           231         Pakistan           232         Paracel Islands (See code 207)           233         Philippines           234         Qatar (See code 249)           235         Saudi Arabia           236         Singapore           237         Spratley Islands           238         Sri Lanka           239         Syria </td <td></td> <td></td>		
212       Iran         213       Iraq         214       Israel         215       Japan         216       Jordan         217       Korea (Includes 221)         218       Kazakhstan (See code 249)         219       Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)         220       South Korea         221       North Korea (See code 217)         222       Kuwait         223       Laos         224       Lebanon         225       Macau (See code 249)         226       Malaysia         227       Maldives (See code 249)         228       Mongolia (See code 249)         229       Nepal         230       Oman (See code 249)         231       Pakistan         232       Paracel Islands (See code 207)         233       Philippines         234       Qatar (See code 249)         235       Saudi Arabia         236       Singapore         237       Spratley Islands         238       Sri Lanka         239       Syria         240       Taiwan         241       Tajikistan (See code 249)         <		
213         Iraq           214         Israel           215         Japan           216         Jordan           217         Korea (Includes 221)           218         Kazakhstan (See code 249)           219         Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)           220         South Korea           221         North Korea (See code 217)           222         Kuwait           223         Laos           224         Lebanon           225         Macau (See code 249)           226         Malaysia           227         Maldives (See code 249)           228         Mongolia (See code 249)           229         Nepal           230         Oman (See code 249)           231         Pakistan           232         Paracel Islands (See code 207)           233         Philippines           234         Qatar (See code 249)           235         Saudi Arabia           236         Singapore           237         Spratley Islands           238         Sri Lanka           239         Syria           240         Taiwan           241         Tajikista		
214       Israel         215       Japan         216       Jordan         217       Korea (Includes 221)         218       Kazakhstan (See code 249)         219       Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)         220       South Korea         221       North Korea (See code 217)         222       Kuwait         223       Laos         224       Lebanon         225       Macau (See code 249)         226       Malaysia         227       Maldives (See code 249)         228       Mongolia (See code 249)         229       Nepal         230       Oman (See code 249)         231       Pakistan         232       Paracel Islands (See code 207)         233       Philippines         234       Qatar (See code 249)         235       Saudi Arabia         236       Singapore         237       Spratley Islands         238       Sri Lanka         239       Syria         240       Taiwan         241       Tajikistan (See code 249)         242       Thailand         243       Turkey		
215       Japan         216       Jordan         217       Korea (Includes 221)         218       Kazakhstan (See code 249)         219       Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)         220       South Korea         221       North Korea (See code 217)         222       Kuwait         223       Laos         224       Lebanon         225       Macau (See code 249)         226       Malaysia         227       Maldives (See code 249)         228       Mongolia (See code 249)         229       Nepal         230       Oman (See code 249)         231       Pakistan         232       Paracel Islands (See code 207)         233       Philippines         234       Qatar (See code 249)         235       Saudi Arabia         236       Singapore         237       Spratley Islands         238       Sri Lanka         239       Syria         240       Taiwan         241       Tajikistan (See code 249)         242       Thailand         243       Turkey         244       Turkmenistan (See code 249)		•
Jordan  Korea (Includes 221)  Kazakhstan (See code 249)  Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)  South Korea  North Korea (See code 217)  Kuwait  Laos  Lebanon  Lebanon  Macau (See code 249)  Malaysia  Maldives (See code 249)  Mongolia (See code 249)  Mongolia (See code 249)  Nepal  Mongolia (See code 249)  Pakistan  Paracel Islands (See code 207)  Philippines  Audi Arabia  Singapore  Spratley Islands  Sri Lanka  Syria  Malaysia  Tajikistan (See code 249)  Taiwan  Tajikistan (See code 249)  Taiwan  Turkey  Turkmenistan (See code 249)  Uzbekistan		
Xorea (Includes 221)  Korea (Includes 221)  Kazakhstan (See code 249)  Kyrgyzstan (See code 249)  South Korea  North Korea (See code 217)  Kuwait  Laos  Lebanon  Lebanon  Kacau (See code 249)  Macau (See code 249)  Maldives (See code 249)  Maldives (See code 249)  Mongolia (See code 249)  Mongolia (See code 249)  Mepal  Mongolia (See code 249)  Pakistan  Pakistan  Paracel Islands (See code 207)  Hilippines  Audi Arabia  Singapore  Spratley Islands  Singapore  Spratley Islands  Sri Lanka  Syria  Taiwan  Tajikistan (See code 249)  Thailand  Turkey  Thailand  Turkey  Turkmenistan (See code 249)  Uzbekistan  Vietnam		•
Xezakhstan (See code 249) Xyrgyzstan (See code 249) Xyrgyzstan (See code 249) Xouth Korea Xouth Korea Xouth Korea (See code 217) Xeze Kuwait Xesamon X		_
219 Kyrgyzstan (See code 249) 220 South Korea 221 North Korea (See code 217) 222 Kuwait 223 Laos 224 Lebanon 225 Macau (See code 249) 226 Malaysia 227 Maldives (See code 249) 228 Mongolia (See code 249) 229 Nepal 230 Oman (See code 249) 231 Pakistan 232 Paracel Islands (See code 207) 233 Philippines 234 Qatar (See code 249) 235 Saudi Arabia 236 Singapore 237 Spratley Islands 238 Sri Lanka 239 Syria 240 Taiwan 241 Tajikistan (See code 249) 242 Thailand 243 Turkey 244 Turkmenistan (See code 249) 245 United Arab Emirates (See code 249) 246 Uzbekistan 247 Vietnam		
South Korea  South Korea  South Korea  South Korea  South Korea  North Korea (See code 217)  Kuwait  Laos  Laos  Lebanon  Macau (See code 249)  Malaysia  Maldives (See code 249)  Mongolia (See code 249)  Nepal  Mongolia (See code 249)  Nepal  Mongolia (See code 249)  Pakistan  Paracel Islands (See code 207)  Philippines  Audio Arabia  Singapore  Soudi Arabia  Singapore  Spratley Islands  Sri Lanka  Syria  Audio Taiwan  Tajikistan (See code 249)  Taiwan  Tajikistan (See code 249)  Taiwan  Turkey  Turkmenistan (See code 249)  Uzbekistan  Vietnam		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
221 North Korea (See code 217) 222 Kuwait 223 Laos 224 Lebanon 225 Macau (See code 249) 226 Malaysia 227 Maldives (See code 249) 228 Mongolia (See code 249) 229 Nepal 230 Oman (See code 249) 231 Pakistan 232 Paracel Islands (See code 207) 233 Philippines 234 Qatar (See code 249) 235 Saudi Arabia 236 Singapore 237 Spratley Islands 238 Sri Lanka 239 Syria 240 Taiwan 241 Tajikistan (See code 249) 242 Thailand 243 Turkey 244 Turkmenistan (See code 249) 245 United Arab Emirates (See code 249) 246 Uzbekistan 247 Vietnam		, 3,
Laos Lebanon Macau (See code 249) Malaysia Malaysia Maldives (See code 249) Mongolia (See code 249) Mepal Mongolia (See code 249) Mongolia (See		
Lebanon  Macau (See code 249)  Malaysia  Maldives (See code 249)  Maldives (See code 249)  Mongolia (See code 249)  Nepal  Oman (See code 249)  Pakistan  Pakistan  Paracel Islands (See code 207)  Philippines  Audio Arabia  Singapore  Spratley Islands  Sri Lanka  Syria  Yaiwan  Tajikistan (See code 249)  Taiwan  Tajikistan (See code 249)  Turkey  Turkmenistan (See code 249)  Uzbekistan  Vietnam	222	
Macau (See code 249) Malaysia Malaysia Maldives (See code 249) Mongolia (See code 249) Mepal Mongolia (See code 249) Mepal Mongolia (See code 249) Mepal Mep	223	Laos
Malaysia Maldives (See code 249) Mongolia (See code 249) Mepal Mepal Mongolia (See code 249) Mepal Mep	224	Lebanon
Maldives (See code 249)  Mongolia (See code 249)  Nepal  Oman (See code 249)  Pakistan  Paracel Islands (See code 207)  Philippines  Qatar (See code 249)  Saudi Arabia  Singapore  Spratley Islands  Sri Lanka  Syria  You  Taiwan  Tajikistan (See code 249)  Thailand  Turkey  Turkmenistan (See code 249)  Uzbekistan  Vietnam	225	Macau (See code 249)
Mongolia (See code 249) Nepal Oman (See code 249) Pakistan Paracel Islands (See code 207) Philippines Qatar (See code 249) Saudi Arabia Singapore Spratley Islands Sri Lanka Syria Tajikistan (See code 249) Tajikistan (See code 249) Thailand Turkey Turkmenistan (See code 249) Uzbekistan Vietnam	226	Malaysia
Nepal Oman (See code 249) Pakistan Paracel Islands (See code 207) Philippines Qatar (See code 249) Saudi Arabia Singapore Spratley Islands Sri Lanka Syria Taiwan Tajikistan (See code 249) Thailand Turkey Turkmenistan (See code 249) Uzbekistan Vietnam		
Oman (See code 249) Pakistan Paracel Islands (See code 207) Philippines Qatar (See code 249) Saudi Arabia Singapore Spratley Islands Sri Lanka Syria Taiwan Tajikistan (See code 249) Thailand Turkey Turkmenistan (See code 249) Uzbekistan Vietnam		3 .
Pakistan Paracel Islands (See code 207) Philippines Qatar (See code 249) Saudi Arabia Singapore Spratley Islands Sri Lanka Syria Tajikistan (See code 249) Taiwan Tajikistan (See code 249) Thailand Turkey Turkmenistan (See code 249) United Arab Emirates (See code 249) Uzbekistan Vietnam		•
Paracel Islands (See code 207) Philippines Qatar (See code 249) Saudi Arabia Singapore Spratley Islands Sri Lanka Syria Taiwan Tajikistan (See code 249) Thailand Turkey Turkmenistan (See code 249) Uzbekistan Vietnam		
Philippines Qatar (See code 249) Saudi Arabia Singapore Spratley Islands Sri Lanka Syria Taiwan Tajikistan (See code 249) Thailand Turkey Turkmenistan (See code 249) Uzbekistan Vietnam		
Qatar (See code 249) Saudi Arabia Singapore Spratley Islands Sri Lanka Syria Taiwan Tajikistan (See code 249) Thailand Turkey Turkmenistan (See code 249) Uzbekistan Vietnam		•
Saudi Arabia Singapore Spratley Islands Sri Lanka Syria Taiwan Tajikistan (See code 249) Thailand Turkey Turkmenistan (See code 249) Uzbekistan Vietnam		• •
Singapore Spratley Islands Sri Lanka Syria Syria Taiwan Tajikistan (See code 249) Thailand Turkey Turkmenistan (See code 249) United Arab Emirates (See code 249) Uzbekistan Vietnam		
Spratley Islands Sri Lanka Syria Syria Taiwan Tajikistan (See code 249) Thailand Turkey Turkmenistan (See code 249) United Arab Emirates (See code 249) Uzbekistan Vietnam		
Sri Lanka Syria Syria Taiwan Tajikistan (See code 249) Thailand Turkey Turkmenistan (See code 249) United Arab Emirates (See code 249) Uzbekistan Vietnam		<b>5</b> .
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Taiwan Taiwan Tajikistan (See code 249) Thailand Turkey Turkmenistan (See code 249) United Arab Emirates (See code 249) Uzbekistan Vietnam		
Tajikistan (See code 249) Thailand Turkey Turkmenistan (See code 249) United Arab Emirates (See code 249) Uzbekistan Vietnam		•
Thailand Turkey Turkmenistan (See code 249) United Arab Emirates (See code 249) Uzbekistan Vietnam		Tajikistan (See code 249)
Turkmenistan (See code 249) United Arab Emirates (See code 249) Uzbekistan Vietnam	242	•
<ul> <li>United Arab Emirates (See code 249)</li> <li>Uzbekistan</li> <li>Vietnam</li> </ul>	243	Turkey
246 Uzbekistan 247 Vietnam	244	Turkmenistan (See code 249)
247 Vietnam	245	United Arab Emirates (See code 249)
		Uzbekistan
248 Yemen		
	248	Yemen

G–200 Code Lists

	de List for the 3-reftent roms rifes—Con.
Code	Description
249	Asia, not specified (Includes 201, 203, 204, 218, 219, 225, 227, 228, 230, 234, 241, 244, 245)
250-299	Not used
300	Bermuda
301	Canada
302	Greenland (See code 399)
303	Mexico
304	St. Pierre & Miquelon (See code 399)
305	North America (See code 399)
306-309	Not used
310	Belize
311	Costa Rica
312	El Salvador
313	Guatemala
314	Honduras
315	Nicaragua
316	Panama
317	Central America (See code 399)
318-319	Not used
320	Anguilla (See code 399)
321	Antigua & Barbuda
322	Aruba (See code 343)
323	Bahamas
324	Barbados
325	British Virgin Islands (See code 343)
326	Cayman Islands (See code 343)
327	Cuba
328	Dominica
329	Dominican Republic
330	Grenada
331	Guadeloupe (See code 343)
332	Haiti
333	Jamaica
334	Martinique (See code 343)
335	Montserrat (See code 343)
336	Netherlands Antilles (See code 343)
337	St. Barthelemy (See code 399)
338	St. Kitts-Nevis
339	St. Lucia
340	St. Vincent & the Grenadines
341	Trinidad & Tobago
342	Turks & Caicos Islands (See code 343)
343	West Indies, not specified (Includes 322, 325, 326, 331, 334-336, 342)
344-359	Not used
360	Argentina
361	Bolivia
362	Brazil
363	Chile
364	Columbia

Code	Description
365	Ecuador
366	Falkland Islands (See code 374)
367	French Guiana (See code 374)
368	Guyana
369	Paraguay
370	Peru
371	Suriname (See code 374)
372	Uruguay
373	Venezuela
374	South America, not specified (Includes 366, 367, 371)
375-398	Not used
399	Americas, not specified (Includes 076, 302, 304, 305, 317, 320, 337, 554)
400	Algeria
401	Angola (See code 462)
402	Benin (See code 462)
403	Botswana (See code 462)
404	British Indian Ocean Territory (See code 462)
405	Burkina Faso (See code 462)
406	Burundi (See code 462)
407	Cameroon
408	Cape Verde
409	Central African Republic (See code 462)
410	Chad (See code 462)
411	Comoros (See code 462)
412	Congo (See code 462)
413	Djibouti (See code 462)
414	Egypt
415	Equatorial Guinea (See code 462)
416	Ethiopia
417	Eritrea
418	Europa Island (See code 462)
419	Gabon (See code 462)
420	Gambia (See code 462)
421	Ghana
422	Glorioso Islands
423	Guinea (See code 462)
424	Guinea-Bissau (See code 462)
425	Ivory Coast (See code 462)
426	Juan de Nova Island (See code 462)
427	Kenya
428	Lesotho (See code 462)
429	Liberia
430	Libya (See code 462)
431	Madagascar (See code 462)
432	Malawi (See code 462)
433	Mali (See code 462)
434	Mauritania (See code 462)
435	Mayotte (See code 462)
436	Morocco

G–202 Code Lists

Code	Description
437	Mozambique (See code 462)
438	Namibia (See code 462)
439	Niger (See code 462)
440	Nigeria
441	Reunion (See code 462)
442	Rwanda (See code 462)
443	Sao Tome & Principe (See code 462)
444	Senegal
445	Mauritius (See code 462)
446	Seychelles (See code 462)
447	Sierra Leone
448	Somalia
449	South Africa
450	St. Helena (See code 462)
451	Sudan
452	Swaziland (See code 462)
453	Tanzania
454	Togo (See code 462)
455	Tromelin Island (See code 462)
456	Tunisia (See code 462)
457	Uganda
458	Western Sahara (See code 462)
459	Democratic Republic of Congo (Zaire) (See code 462)
460	Zambia (See code 462)
461	Zimbabwe Africa not specified (Includes 401 406 400 413 415 418 420
462	Africa, not specified (Includes 401-406, 409-413, 415, 418-420, 423-426, 428, 430-435, 437-439, 441-443, 445, 446, 450, 452, 454-456, 458-460)
463-500	Not used
501	Australia (Includes 506, 507, 517)
502	Christmas Island, Indian Ocean
503-504	Not used
505	Cook Islands (See code 528)
506	Coral Sea Islands (See code 501)
507	Heard & McDonald Islands (See code 501)
508	Fiji
509	French Polynesia (See code 528)
510	Kiribati (See code 528)
511	Marshall Islands (See code 528)
512	Micronesia (See code 528) Nauru (See code 528)
513 514	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
515	New Caledonia (See code 528) New Zealand
516	Niue (See code 528)
517	Norfolk Island (See code 501)
518	Palau (See code 528)
519	Papua New Guinea (See code 528)
520	Pitcairn Islands (See code 528)
521	Solomon Islands (See code 528)
522	Tokelau (See code 528)
	··· (,

Code	Description
523	Tonga
524	Tuvalu (See code 528)
525	Vanuatu (See code 528)
526	Wallis and Futuna Islands
527	Samoa
528	Oceania, not specified (Includes 067, 069, 071, 079, 081, 084, 095, 505, 509-514, 516, 518-522, 524, 525, 528)
529-553	Not used
554	At sea (See code 399)
555-999	Not used

G–204 Code Lists

Code	Description
000	Not in universe
001	Alabama
002	Alaska
003	Not used
004	Arizona
005	Arkansas
006	California
007	Not used
800	Colorado
009	Connecticut
010	Delaware
011	District of Columbia
012	Florida
013	Georgia
014	Not used
015	Hawaii
016	Idaho
017	Illinois
018	Indiana
019	Iowa
020	Kansas
021	Kentucky
022	Louisiana
023	Maine
024	Maryland
025	Massachusetts
026	Michigan
027	Minnesota
028	Mississippi
029	Missouri
030	Montana
031	Nebraska
032	Nevada
033	New Hampshire
034	New Jersey New Mexico
035	
036	New York North Carolina
037	
038	North Dakota Ohio
039 040	Oklahoma
041	
042	Oregon Pennsylvania
043	Not used
044	Rhode Island
045	South Carolina
046	South Dakota
047	Tennessee
048	Texas
049	Utah
してジ	Otail

Place of Work C	ode List for the 3-reftent roms rifes—con.
Code	Description
050	Vermont
051	Virginia
052	Not used
053	Washington
054	West Virginia
055	Wisconsin
056	Wyoming
	, 3
057-059 060	Not used
061-065	American Samoa (See code 555) Not used
066	
	Guam (See code 555)
067	Johnston Atoll (See code 555)
068	Not used
069	Northern Marianas (See code 555)
070	Not used
071	Midway Islands (See code 555)
072	Puerto Rico (See code 555) *
073-075	Not used
076	Navassa Island
077	Not used
078	U.S. Virgin Islands (See code 555)
079	Wake Island (See code 555)
080	Not used
081	Baker Island
082-083	Not used
084	Howland Island
085	Not used
086	Jarvis Island
087-088	Not used
089	Kingman Reef
090-094	Not used
095	Palmyra Atoll
096	U.S. Island Area not specified (See code 555)
097-099	Not used
100	Albania (See code 555)
101	Andorra
102	Austria (See code 555)
103	Belgium (See code 555)
104	Bulgaria (See code 555)
105	Czechoslovakia (See code 555)
106	Denmark (See code 555)
107	Faroe Islands
108	Finland (See code 555)
109	France (See code 555)
110	Germany (See code 555)
111-114	Not used
115	Gibraltar
116	Greece (See code 555)
117	Hungary (See code 555)
118	Iceland (See code 555)
0	.55.5.14 (555 5546 555)

G–206 Code Lists

Code	Description
119	Ireland (See code 555)
120	Italy (See code 555)
121	Jan Meyan
122	Liechtenstein (See code 555)
123	Luxembourg (See code 555)
124	Malta
125	Monaco (See code 555)
126	Netherlands (See code 555)
127	Norway (See code 555)
128	Poland (See code 555)
129	Portugal (See code 555)
130	Azores Islands
131	Madeira Islands
132	Romania (See code 555)
133	San Marino
134	Spain (See code 555)
135	Svalbard
136	Sweden (See code 555)
137	Switzerland (See code 555)
138	United Kingdom (See code 555)
139 140	England (See code 555) Scotland (See code 555)
141	Wales (See code 555)
142	Northern Ireland (See code 555)
143	Guernsey (See code 555)
144	Jersey
145	Isle of Man (See code 555)
146	Vatican City (See code 555)
147	Yugoslavia (See code 555)
148	Czech Republic (See code 555)
149	Slovakia (See code 555)
150	Bosnia and Herzegovina (See code 555)
151	Croatia (See code 555)
152	Macedonia (See code 555)
153	Slovenia
154	Serbia (See code 555)
155	Estonia (See code 555)
156	Latvia (See code 555)
157	Lithuania (See code 555)
158	Armenia (See code 555)
159	Azerbaijan (See code 555)
160	Belarus
161	Georgia (See code 555)
162	Moldova (See code 555)
163	Russia (See code 555)
164	Ukraine (See code 555)
165	USSR (See code 555)
166	Europe (See code 555)
167	Kosovo (See code 555)
168-199	Not used

Code	Description
200	Afghanistan
201	Bahrain (See code 555)
202	Bangladesh (See code 555)
203	Bhutan
204	Brunei (See code 555)
205	Myanmar (Burma)
206	Cambodia (See code 555)
207 208	China (See code 555)
209	Cyprus (See code 555) Hong Kong (See code 555)
210	India (See code 555)
211	Indonesia (See code 555)
212	Iran (See code 555)
213	Iraq (See code 555)
214	Israel (See code 555)
215	Japan (See code 555)
216	Jordan (See code 555)
217	Korea (See code 555)
218	Kazakhstan (See code 555)
219	Kyrgyzstan (See code 555)
220	South Korea (See code 555)
221	North Korea (See code 555)
222	Kuwait (See code 555)
223	Laos (See code 555)
224	Lebanon (See code 555)
225	Macau (See code 555)
226	Malaysia (See code 555)
227	Maldives (See code 555)
228	Mongolia (See code 555)
229	Nepal (See code 555)
230	Oman (See code 555)
231	Pakistan (See code 555)
232	Paracel Islands
233	Philippines (See code 555)
234	Qatar (See code 555)
235	Saudi Arabia (See code 555)
236	Singapore (See code 555)
237	Spratley Islands
238	Sri Lanka (See code 555)
239	Syria (See code 555)
240	Taiwan (See code 555)
241	Tajikistan (See code 555)
242	Thailand (See code 555)
243	Turkey (See code 555)
244	Turkmenistan (See code 555)
245	United Arab Emirates (See code 555)
246	Uzbekistan (See code 555)
247	Vietnam (See code 555)
248	Yemen (See code 555)
249	Asia (See code 555)

G–208 Code Lists

Code	Description
250-299	Not used
300	Bermuda (See code 555)
301	Canada (See code 306)
302	Greenland (See code 555)
303	Mexico (See code 306)
304	St. Pierre & Miquelon
305	North America (See code 555)
306 307-309	"Canada or Mexico (Includes 301, 303)" Not used
310	Belize (See code 555)
311	Costa Rica (See code 555)
312	El Salvador (See code 555)
313	Guatemala (See code 555)
314	Honduras (See code 555)
315	Nicaragua (See code 555)
316	Panama (See code 555)
317	Central America (See code 555)
318-319	Not used
320	Anguilla (See code 555)
321	Antigua & Barbuda (See code 555)
322	Aruba (See code 555)
323	Bahamas (See code 555)
324	Barbados (See code 555)
325	British Virgin Islands (See code 555)
326	Cayman Islands (See code 555)
327	Cuba (See code 555)
328	Dominica (See code 555)
329	Dominican Republic (See code 555)
330 331	Grenada (See code 555)
332	Guadeloupe (See code 555) Haiti (See code 555)
333	Jamaica (See code 555)
334	Martinique
335	Montserrat
336	Netherlands Antilles (See code 555)
337	St. Barthelemy (See code 555)
338	St. Kitts-Nevis (See code 555)
339	St. Lucia (See code 555)
340	St. Vincent & the Grenadines (See code 555)
341	Trinidad & Tobago (See code 555)
342	Turks & Caicos Islands (See code 555)
343	West Indies (See code 555)
344-359	Not used
360	Argentina (See code 555)
361	Bolivia (See code 555)
362	Brazil (See code 555)
363	Chile (See code 555)
364	Columbia (See code 555)
365	Ecuador (See code 555)
366	Falkland Islands (See code 555)

Code	Description
367	French Guiana
307	French Guiana
368	Guyana (See code 555)
369	Paraguay (See code 555)
370	Peru (See code 555)
371	Suriname (See code 555)
372	Uruguay (See code 555)
373	Venezuela (See code 555)
374	South America (See code 555)
375-399	Not used
400	Algeria (See code 555)
401	Angola (See code 555)
402	Benin
403	Botswana (See code 555)
404	British Indian Ocean Territory (See code 555)
405	Burkina Faso (See code 555)
406	Burundi
407	Cameroon (See code 555)
408	Cape Verde
409	Central African Republic (See code 555)
410	Chad (See code 555)
411	Comoros
412	Congo (See code 555)
413	Djibouti
414	Egypt (See code 555)
415	Equatorial Guinea (See code 555)
416	Ethiopia (See code 555)
417	Eritrea
418	Europa Island
419	Gabon (See code 555)
420	Gambia (See code 555)
421	Ghana (See code 555)
422	Glorioso Islands
423	Guinea (See code 555)
424	Guinea-Bissau (See code 555)
425	Ivory Coast (See code 555)
426	Juan de Nova Island (See code 555)
427	Kenya (See code 555)
428	Lesotho (See code 555)
429	Liberia (See code 555)
430	Libya (See code 555)
431	Madagascar (See code 555)
432	Malawi
433	Mali (See code 555)
434	Mauritania (See code 555)
435	Mayotte
436	Morocco (See code 555)
437	Mozambique (See code 555)
438	Namibia (See code 555)
439	Niger (See code 555)
440	Nigeria (See code 555)

G–210 Code Lists

<b>Code</b> 441	<b>Description</b> Reunion
442	Rwanda (See code 555)
443	Sao Tome & Principe (See code 555)
444	Senegal (See code 555)
445	Mauritius
446	Seychelles
447	Sierra Leone (See code 555)
448	Somalia (See code 555)
449	South Africa (See code 555)
450	St. Helena (See code 555)
451	Sudan (See code 555)
452	Swaziland
453	Tanzania (See code 555)
454	Togo
455	Tromelin Island
456	Tunisia (See code 555)
457	Uganda (See code 555) Western Sahara
458 459	
460	Democratic Republic of Congo (Zaire) (See code 555) Zambia (See code 555)
461	Zimbia (See code 555) Zimbabwe (See code 555)
462	Africa (See code 555)
463-500	Not used
501	Australia (See code 555)
502	"Christmas Island, Indian Ocean"
503-504	Not used
505	Cook Islands (See code 555)
506	Coral Sea Islands
507	Heard & McDonald Islands
508	Fiji (See code 555)
509	French Polynesia (See code 555)
510	Kiribati (See code 555)
511	Marshall Islands (See code 555)
512	Micronesia (See code 555)
513	Nauru
514	New Caledonia
515	New Zealand (See code 555)
516	Niue
517	Norfolk Island
518	Palau (See code 555)
519	Papua New Guinea (See code 555)
520	Pitcairn Islands
521	Solomon Islands (See code 555)
522	Tokelau
523	Tonga
524	Tuvalu
525	Vanuatu
526	Wallis and Futuna Islands
527	Samoa (See code 555)
528	Oceania (See code 555)

<b>Code</b> 529-553	<b>Description</b> Not used
554 555	At sea (See code 555)  "Abroad, not specified (Includes 060, 066, 067, 069, 071, 072, 078, 079, 096, 100, 102-106, 108-110, 116-120, 122, 123, 125-129, 132, 134, 136-143, 145-152, 154-159, 161-167, 201, 202, 204, 206-231, 233-236, 238-249, 300, 302, 305, 310-317, 320-333, 336-343, 360-366, 368-374, 400, 401, 403-405, 407, 409, 410, 412, 414-416, 419-421, 423-431, 433, 434, 436-440, 442-444, 447-451, 453, 456, 457, 459-462, 501, 505, 508-512, 515, 518, 519, 521, 527, 528, 554)

<sup>519, 521, 527, 528, 554)

\*&</sup>quot; "\* If residence is Puerto Rico, all people working inside Puerto Rico are coded to 72 and all people working outside of Puerto Rico are coded to 555."

G-212 Code Lists

### Appendix H.

## Topcoded Variables and Corresponding State Means for Values at and Above the Topcode for the Housing Record and Person Record

Table 1. Topcoded Variables for the 1-Percent PUMS Housing Record

States	Elec	Gas	Water	Oil	Rent	Mrt1 amt	Mr2t amt	Insamt	Condo fee	Mhcost
Topcode:										
United States	4800	3000	2000	2100	1700	3000	1100	2500	720	10000
Corresponding state means for values at and above the topcode:										
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California	5600	4500	2900	3300	2100	4600	1400	3100	0	14900
	5700	3900	2600	2900	1900	3500	1300	2800	0	11900
	5600	4100	2700	2900	2200	4000	1800	3400	1100	12400
	5700	4500	2900	3200	2200	4000	1400	3500	1300	14200
	5700	4200	2700	4000	2100	4100	1800	3500	1100	13200
Colorado	5800	4200	2600	3300	2100	4100	1600	3400	1100	11900
	5700	3900	2700	2900	2500	4400	1700	3500	1300	13000
	5700	4000	2800	2600	2400	4000	1800	2900	1200	13800
	6000	4200	2900	2200	2200	4100	1400	3400	910	0
	5600	4300	2700	3800	2200	4200	1800	3300	1100	13400
Georgia	5600	4100	2900	3300	2200	4000	1700	3300	1000	13300
	5800	4400	2600	0	2200	4000	1700	3300	1000	0
	5800	4500	3400	3200	2100	4100	1800	3000	780	10700
	5800	4100	2800	3500	2100	3900	1600	3200	1000	12800
	5700	4300	3000	2800	2200	3900	1700	3200	1000	14000
lowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana. Maine	5600	4300	2900	3700	2200	3800	1400	3200	1400	13800
	5600	4300	3000	5000	2300	3800	1500	3100	1200	11800
	5700	4600	3000	3000	2100	3900	1700	3000	880	14100
	5800	4200	2900	4200	2000	3700	2000	3400	1300	14600
	5700	4100	2900	3000	2300	3200	1200	2900	0	15400
Maryland	5600	4200	2700	3200	2200	3800	1700	3300	830	13500
	5700	3700	2500	2900	2100	4000	1700	3300	1200	13300
	5800	4000	2800	2700	2100	4200	1700	3300	1100	12400
	5700	4000	3100	3000	2100	3800	1500	3200	1100	12100
	5800	4400	2900	3100	2300	3600	1400	3100	1200	13600
Missouri. Montana Nebraska. Nevada New Hampshire.	5900	4100	2800	3600	2300	3800	1700	3300	1000	12100
	5800	3900	3700	2600	2000	5100	1200	3600	0	12600
	5700	4300	2800	2900	1900	4100	1400	3500	1200	12700
	5700	4000	2800	2600	2100	4200	1700	3600	1000	12700
	5500	3800	2700	2900	2000	3500	1400	3300	960	13100
New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota	5600	3800	2600	3000	2200	4000	1700	3400	1100	11200
	5800	4300	3100	3400	2100	4000	2900	3200	0	13400
	5600	3800	2700	3100	2300	4300	1800	3400	1100	12700
	5600	4000	2800	3400	2200	4300	1900	3300	1000	13200
	6300	3700	3500	2900	2100	4100	2000	3300	1300	12300
Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island	5800	4100	2800	3300	2200	3800	1600	3500	1000	14300
	5900	4500	3000	3000	1900	3900	1200	3500	0	14500
	6000	4300	2800	3000	2000	3800	2000	3300	940	12300
	5600	3900	2800	3000	2100	4000	1600	3300	980	13600
	5700	3900	2500	3000	2100	3500	1600	3300	0	0
South Carolina. South Dakota Tennessee. Texas. Utah	5700	4100	2800	3200	2000	3700	1600	3400	1300	12600
	5700	4200	3000	3500	0	4600	1600	3000	0	14100
	5800	4200	2800	3400	2300	3700	2200	3300	1100	14900
	5700	4500	2700	3600	2200	4100	1800	3200	1100	13100
	6100	4200	2900	2600	2000	4400	1400	3400	1000	12900
Vermont. Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	5800	4200	2700	3200	1900	3800	2000	3500	730	0
	5600	3900	2800	3000	2100	3800	1600	3100	1100	13300
	5600	4000	2700	2900	2100	3700	1600	3400	1000	13000
	5500	4900	3100	2800	1800	4500	1600	3600	0	14200
	5900	4100	2600	3100	2100	3900	1800	3200	1100	12200
	5800	4900	2800	5000	2500	3500	1500	3300	850	10800
Puerto Rico	5800	4800	3000	3000	2600	3800	1500	3300	1300	11700

Table 2. Topcoded Variables for the 1-Percent PUMS Person Record

States	Age	Trvtime	Incws	Incse	Incint	Incss	Incssi	Incpa	Incret	Incoth
Topcode:										
United States	90	120	175000	126000	50000	18000	13800	12300	52000	37800
Corresponding state means for values at and above the topcode:										
Alabama	93 94 93 93	171 175 174 170 156	344000 323000 318000 320000 330000	255000 227000 249000 266000 263000	150000 169000 132000 147000 134000	26300 24800 24000 25700 23800	18000 23300 17100 18400 17800	20500 18000 21500 20800 19400	169000 150000 110000 123000 117000	64000 47200 65000 65000 63000
Colorado	92 93 92 93 93	170 156 168 169 170	333000 342000 326000 343000 324000	222000 225000 188000 290000 248000	113000 131000 146000 203000 134000	24600 22900 23500 26100 23900	18300 18100 17900 16700 17900	21100 23400 16800 27000 20500	102000 105000 107000 86000 102000	63000 63000 52000 75000 62000
Georgia	93 93 92 93 93	171 157 172 161 169	319000 318000 297000 322000 324000	243000 195000 280000 266000 264000	131000 132000 180000 131000 143000	25400 24000 24000 23700 24200	19700 16200 17600 18500 19700	21000 17800 14100 23200 25800	99000 95000 109000 135000 176000	61000 59000 68000 61000 58000
Iowa	93 93 93 93	172 169 169 172 163	311000 319000 332000 319000 298000	224000 192000 238000 227000 306000	136000 118000 124000 120000 160000	27300 23400 26200 25000 24600	15800 17300 19600 20200 20900	20300 21000 25800 19000 19800	162000 169000 205000 143000 132000	58000 58000 67000 56000 81000
Maryland	93 93 93 93	163 165 171 170 174	328000 310000 305000 336000 329000	232000 249000 261000 223000 232000	156000 111000 129000 134000 118000	23700 23700 24200 23900 23400	18500 16900 16200 17000 17600	18700 19900 19700 23300 30000	81000 117000 172000 93000 159000	62000 68000 61000 62000 62000
Missouri	93 92 92 92 93	171 170 162 170 159	312000 229000 340000 322000 294000	198000 228000 233000 310000 227000	121000 146000 94000 135000 117000	24600 24700 23600 23500 24500	18300 18300 16400 17500 17700	23800 26100 20100 22700 27100	157000 146000 115000 92000 97000	67000 58000 60000 61000 67000
New Jersey	93 92 93 93 92	153 166 154 170 172	317000 305000 330000 307000 325000	247000 223000 262000 264000 197000	139000 148000 137000 114000 119000	23600 25300 23400 24700 20800	17000 20300 17600 18200 20200	20400 18300 19000 19500 26500	133000 92000 120000 122000 227000	66000 66000 63000 62000 70000
Ohio	93 93 93 93 93	166 174 176 164 169	317000 337000 309000 303000 291000	1	126000 132000 134000 137000 137000	23100 24300 23600 24000 24600	17700 17400 19000 18400 16800	23200 20000 25400 21600 18000	143000 184000 101000 130000 86000	62000 68000 62000 62000 51000
South Carolina	93 93 93 93 93	173 170 171 169 165	286000 339000 320000 320000 287000	251000 185000 255000 258000 232000	130000 97000 154000 136000 152000	23300 22400 25800 24300 25700	17400 25300 19700 18200 17000	21500 22300 21700 21100 21900	121000 71000 160000 125000 162000	62000 49900 68000 62000 58000
Vermont. Virginia Washington. West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming.	92 93 93 92 93 92	170 163 161 164 174 176	391000 319000 297000 372000 309000 344000	289000 267000 253000 236000 240000 174000	97000 133000 150000 181000 131000 128000	26600 25200 23800 25000 24300 22800	23200 19900 17200 18500 17200 16600	28800 19300 20700 19000 22400 19800	190000 103000 119000 184000 140000 174000	64000 60000 55000 66000 67000 44900
Puerto Rico	94	142	375000	242000	244000	25200	20400	18800	166000	75000

Table 3. Topcoded Variables for the 5-Percent PUMS Housing Record

States	Elec	Gas	Water	Oil	Rent	Mrt1 amt	Mrt2 amt	Insamt	Condo fee	Mhcost
Topcode:										
United States	4800	3000	2000	2100	1700	3000	1100	2500	720	10000
Corresponding state means for values at and above the topcode:										
Alabama Alaska Arizona. Arkansas California	5700	4300	2900	4200	2200	4300	1800	3400	1100	13900
	5800	4000	2800	3000	2000	3700	1600	3200	1300	12300
	5600	4400	2700	3800	2100	4000	1800	3200	1200	12900
	5700	4500	3000	4000	1900	4100	1800	3300	940	14000
	5700	4300	2700	3800	2100	4100	1800	3400	1100	13000
Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida	5800	4200	2800	3300	2100	4000	1700	3300	1100	12400
	5600	3900	2700	3000	2300	4300	1800	3500	1000	12100
	5700	4100	2700	3000	2500	4100	1600	3200	1400	14200
	5900	3900	2700	3400	2200	4200	1900	3600	960	0
	5700	4300	2700	3900	2200	4200	1800	3400	1000	13200
Georgia	5700	4300	2800	3900	2200	4100	1900	3400	940	13900
Hawaii	5600	4400	2700	3000	2100	4000	1700	3200	1000	0
Idaho	5900	4400	2900	3300	2100	4000	1800	3300	990	12800
Illinois	5800	4100	2800	3700	2100	4000	1700	3400	1000	14300
Indiana	5700	4200	2900	3400	2100	4200	1600	3300	1000	13000
lowa	5800	4200	3000	3400	2000	3900	1400	3200	1000	13200
Kansas.	5600	4200	2900	3500	2100	4000	1600	3200	1200	12900
Kentucky	5700	4100	2900	3400	2100	4000	1700	3300	1100	13900
Louisiana	5600	4200	3000	4500	2100	4100	1700	3300	960	14500
Maine	5800	4000	2600	2900	2200	4300	1500	3400	990	14900
Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi	5600	4000	2700	3000	2200	4000	1700	3400	1000	12800
	5700	3800	2600	2900	2200	3900	1700	3300	1100	12500
	5700	4000	2700	3000	2100	4000	1700	3300	1100	12700
	5800	4000	2900	3200	2100	4000	1700	3300	1000	13100
	5700	4300	2900	4000	2500	4300	1900	3200	1100	14400
Missouri	5800	4200	2900	3600	2200	4100	1600	3300	1100	13100
Montana	5600	4100	2800	3300	2000	4200	1800	3400	1000	13100
Nebraska	5800	4300	2900	3400	2100	3800	1600	3400	1100	13100
Nevada	5600	4400	2700	3600	2200	4400	1600	3400	1100	12300
New Hampshire	5500	3900	2600	3000	2300	3700	1500	3300	1100	11800
New Jersey	5600	3800	2600	3000	2200	3900	1700	3400	1100	12600
New Mexico	5800	4400	2900	3500	2200	4300	1700	3200	890	13000
New York	5700	3800	2700	3100	2300	4200	1800	3400	1100	13100
North Carolina	5700	4100	2900	3400	2100	4000	1700	3200	1200	13600
North Dakota	5700	4400	3100	3300	2100	4300	1400	3100	1200	12300
Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island	5800	4200	2800	3100	2200	4000	1700	3300	1000	14000
	5800	4500	3000	2800	2100	4000	1500	3300	920	14000
	5800	4200	2700	3400	2100	3900	1700	3300	1000	12500
	5700	3900	2800	3000	2200	4000	1700	3300	1000	13100
	5700	3800	2500	2900	2200	3800	1700	3200	1200	11800
South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah	5700	4100	2800	3500	2100	3900	1600	3300	1000	13300
	5800	4400	2800	3700	2100	4300	1600	3400	770	12800
	5700	4300	2800	3500	2300	4000	1700	3400	1000	14200
	5700	4300	2800	3700	2200	4100	1700	3200	1100	13100
	5800	4300	3000	3200	2000	4000	1600	3500	970	12300
Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia. Wisconsin Wyoming	6000	3900	2400	3100	2400	4000	1600	3700	980	13400
	5700	4000	2800	3100	2200	3900	1700	3200	1100	14200
	5700	4000	2600	3000	2200	3900	1700	3400	1100	12800
	5700	4400	2900	3300	2200	4300	1700	3200	1300	14000
	5900	4100	2800	3000	2100	4000	1600	3300	1100	13500
	5500	4000	2900	3500	2100	5600	1400	3500	940	13300
Puerto Rico	5700	4900	2900	3500	2400	3800	1900	3100	1100	11700

Table 4. Topcoded Variables for the 5-Percent PUMS Person Record

States	Age	Trv time	Incws	Incse	Incint	Incss	Incssi	Incpa	Incret	Incoth
Topcode:										
United States	90	120	175000	126000	50000	18000	13800	12300	52000	37800
Corresponding state means for values at and above the topcode:										
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California	93	172	322000	247000	137000	25600	18100	20000	137000	64000
	93	173	240000	228000	107000	25000	18000	18900	83000	58000
	93	169	305000	231000	126000	24100	17700	19300	110000	61000
	93	170	321000	259000	128000	26000	18900	18600	147000	65000
	93	157	325000	251000	137000	23800	18300	18800	110000	62000
Colorado	93	170	316000	234000	131000	24500	17400	22600	114000	60000
	93	159	354000	263000	140000	23700	18400	22600	133000	63000
	93	162	311000	281000	122000	23900	17700	19500	105000	57000
	93	164	325000	355000	165000	26800	21400	18200	110000	63000
	93	170	320000	265000	135000	23500	17700	20700	117000	60000
Georgia	93	168	315000	263000	139000	25000	17900	19200	128000	61000
Hawaii	93	160	291000	230000	127000	24400	19600	16400	93000	60000
Idaho	93	172	302000	282000	143000	23700	18200	21400	113000	63000
Illinois	93	164	317000	271000	125000	23500	18600	22900	118000	61000
Indiana	93	167	314000	261000	129000	24200	18100	24600	174000	59000
lowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine	93	174	315000	267000	121000	24000	18700	22900	134000	60000
	93	172	295000	240000	125000	23800	18200	22100	143000	64000
	93	167	302000	246000	141000	25200	18100	24500	173000	66000
	93	173	322000	242000	132000	24900	17800	20700	125000	59000
	92	163	336000	227000	136000	23800	18200	23800	153000	66000
Maryland	93	162	314000	265000	132000	24300	19300	20800	88000	63000
	93	167	322000	266000	129000	23500	17000	20600	115000	61000
	93	170	316000	254000	128000	23900	17400	22200	151000	62000
	93	169	305000	234000	115000	23400	18000	23400	120000	63000
	93	174	331000	268000	126000	25000	18800	19400	194000	64000
Missouri. Montana Nebraska. Nevada New Hampshire.	93	169	316000	239000	134000	24500	18400	23600	150000	62000
	93	174	303000	193000	120000	22600	17000	22000	117000	56000
	93	173	313000	230000	123000	24200	18800	21000	129000	61000
	93	166	345000	263000	146000	23900	18600	19500	115000	61000
	93	161	308000	232000	116000	23800	17000	17500	112000	62000
New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota	93 93 93 93 93	152 165 155 170 173	321000 327000 347000 312000 328000	252000 220000 280000 248000 241000	124000 125000 131000 129000 132000	23200 25800 23400 24500 24000	17900 19700 17800 19100 17900	20200 23000 20100 20300 25500	118000 100000 121000 131000 206000	60000 61000 62000 63000
Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island	93	166	310000	250000	132000	24200	18100	23600	165000	63000
	93	168	318000	230000	117000	24900	19000	20400	160000	63000
	93	168	299000	236000	130000	24100	18800	20400	106000	62000
	93	162	310000	245000	126000	23700	18200	22200	148000	62000
	93	165	294000	223000	151000	23600	18600	21200	161000	60000
South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas. Utah	93	170	307000	235000	138000	24700	17500	21800	114000	63000
	93	173	303000	263000	124000	23300	17300	20400	128000	57000
	93	173	326000	231000	138000	25400	18700	18400	155000	65000
	93	170	324000	264000	131000	24200	18700	20500	134000	62000
	93	171	310000	273000	135000	23700	17700	21500	101000	58000
Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	93	168	309000	290000	105000	25900	17300	24600	114000	64000
	93	164	316000	264000	129000	24700	19400	19800	92000	61000
	93	164	336000	245000	137000	24200	17900	20700	116000	61000
	93	165	308000	263000	138000	24400	19200	20000	228000	67000
	93	168	321000	233000	124000	24200	18100	20500	135000	58000
	93	162	385000	279000	133000	22100	20900	24800	118000	63000
Puerto Rico	93	142	485000	367000	174000	27100	19900	21000	283000	68000

## Appendix I.

# Total Unweighted and Weighted Population and Housing Counts

#### **Control Counts for the 1-Percent PUMS Files**

			I	
State	Total population unweighted	Total housing unweighted (includes pseudo-housing units)	Total population weighted	Total housing weighted
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California	44487	20782	4445562	1963448
	6422	2803	628493	261389
	51901	22990	5129713	2189281
	26978	12471	2675687	1173605
	338725	130341	33879320	12217313
Colorado	43135	19113	4301983	1808330
	34118	14942	3406431	1386039
	7786	3676	783683	343123
	5770	3105	572781	274971
	159704	76920	15985411	7303716
Georgia Hawaii Idaho Illinois Indiana	81446	35158	8186026	3282330
	12218	4962	1211064	460544
	13112	5595	1293454	527912
	123613	52080	12420669	4885588
	60669	27106	6076995	2531689
lowa. Kansas Kentucky Louisiana. Maine.	29212	13367	2923524	1231936
	26767	12132	2687848	1131091
	40217	18659	4041737	1750944
	44538	19833	4470170	1847377
	12877	6869	1274571	651752
Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi	52764	22793	5297739	2146221
	63760	28436	6349715	2622935
	99184	44841	9934066	4233707
	49780	22018	4920116	2065465
	28446	12574	2845775	1162028
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire	56051	26044	5592082	2441456
	9151	4375	902423	412894
	17161	7736	1710928	722261
	20065	8612	1997348	827116
	12430	5826	1236607	547217
New Jersey New Mexico. New York North Carolina North Dakota	84117	35053	8415300	3310587
	18252	8168	1817529	780330
	191433	82599	18983859	7679205
	80013	37779	8051878	3524458
	6513	3133	641973	289735
Ohio. Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island	114188	50825	11348399	4781667
	34710	16270	3448453	1513732
	34489	15303	3421058	1452244
	123939	56833	12278752	5249144
	10477	4787	1049009	439915
South Carolina. South Dakota. Tennessee. Texas. Utah.	39934	18887	4011747	1753413
	7585	3516	754916	323061
	56712	25875	5689611	2439128
	208074	87191	20847368	8155903
	22521	8090	2233454	768567
Vermont. Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin	6216	3151	609494	294664
	70353	31360	7075548	2903851
	59150	25875	5898525	2452309
	18034	8877	1806466	844261
	54397	24771	5363219	2320687
Puerto Rico	5050	2380	493427	224102
	38111	14651	3808610	1418476

#### **Control Counts for the 5-Percent PUMS Files**

State	Total	Total housing unweighted (includes	Total	Total
	population unweighted	pseudo-housing units)	population weighted	housing weighted
United States	14081466	6098438	281421906	115904641
Alabama	222587	103912	4446543	1963610
Alaska	31924	14013	626187	260783
Arizona	259694	114948	5133711	2189860
Arkansas	133994	62348	2672286	1172870
California	1690642	651698	33884660	12218998
Colorado	215520	9559	4300832	1807842
Connecticut	170658	74709	3408068	1386162
Delaware	38906	18386	783216	343208
District of Columbia	28605	15526	571753	274815
Florida	796421	384600	15986890	7303568
Georgia	406582	175784	8186187	3282657
Hawaii	60948	24806	1211717	460643
Idaho	64389	27968	1294016	527809
Illinois	619232	260396	12417190	4884857
Indiana	304060	135532	6081521	2532583
lowa	146399	66846	2923345	1231693
Kansas	133658	60663	2687110	1131042
Kentucky	201784	93295	4040856	1750631
Louisiana	222482	99162	4469586	1846965
Maine	64133	34342	1275357	651993
Mandand	064040	112000	5000605	0146010
Maryland	264242 318565	113969 142183	5299635 6353449	2146013
Massachusetts	496765	224214	9935711	2623069 4233423
Minnesota	249237	110095	4912048	2063797
Mississippi	142459	62868	2844004	1161691
	070075	400000	5505400	0444004
Missouri	279675	130222	5595490	2441801
Montana	45887 86083	21871 38679	902740 1709804	412669 722172
Nevada	100429	43056	2000306	827727
New Hampshire	61684	29132	1234816	547027
Tiew Hamponilo				
New Jersey	420692	175259	8416753	3311582
New Mexico	91783	40845	1818615	780315
New York	953076	413005	18976061	7679804
North Carolina	399813	188898	8047735	3523743
North Dakota	32530	15669	642412	289606
Ohio	569795	254118	11353531	4782755
Oklahoma	173843	81350	3450058	1513979
Oregon	171666	76516	3424928	1453399
Pennsylvania	618202	284158	12275624	5248435
Rhode Island	52586	23935	1048463	439997
South Carolina	199293	94441	4013644	1753980
South Dakota	38013	17586	753887	322828
Tennessee	282722	129378	5688335	2439346
Texas	1040527	435954	20848171	8157053
Utah	112363	40457	2230835	768097
Vermont	30816	15761	608387	294137
Virginia	351485	156800	7080588	2904664
Washington	296440	129378	5894780	2451025
West Virginia	90156	44393	1809034	844663
Wisconsin	272879	123858	5357182	2319481
Wyoming	25142	11897	493849	223774
Puerto Rico	189828	73259	3808610	1418476
		•	•	

# Appendix J. Equivalency Files

The Equivalency Files are available in each state subdirectory at http://www2.census.gov/census\_2000/datasets/PUMS/OnePercent. http://www2.census.gov/census\_2000/datasets/PUMS/FivePercent.

Equivalency File J–1

# Appendix K. Relationship Between Super-PUMAs of Migration (MIGPUMA1) and Super-PUMAs (PUMA1)

State code (FIPS)	State name	Super-PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
01	Alabama	01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700	01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01701-01702
02	Alaska	02100	02100
04	Arizona	04100 04200 04300 04400	04100 04200 04301-04306 04401-04402
05	Arkansas	05100 05200 05300 05400 05500	05100 05200 05300 05400 05500
06	California	06010 06020 06030 06040 06050 06069 06080 06090 06100 06110 06120 06130 06140 06150 06160 06170 06180 06190 06200 06210 06230 06309	06010 06020 06030 06040 06050 06060-06072 06080 06090 06110 061110 06121-06122 06130 06140 06151-06153 06161-06163 06170 06180 06190 06201-06203 06210 06220 06230

State code (FIPS)	State name	Super-PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
06	California—Con.	06500 06600 06700	06501-06505 06601-06603 06701-06705
08	Colorado	08100 08200	08101-08104 08201-08205
09	Connecticut	09100 09200 09300 09400 09500 09600	09100 09200 09300 09400 09500 09600
10	Delaware	10100	10100
11	District of Columbia	11100	11100
12	Florida	12010 12020 12030 12040 12050 12060 12070 12081 12088 12089 12091 12099 12100 12110 12120 12130 12140 12150 12160	12010 12020 12030 12040 12051-12052 12060 12070 12081 12082-12083 12084-12085 12091 12092-12093 12100 12110 12120 12130 12140 12150 12161-12162 12171-12173
13	Georgia	12180 13010 13020 13030 13040 13050 13060 13070 13080 13090 13100 13110	12181-12185 13010 13020 13030 13040 13050 13060 13070 13080 13090 13100 13110

State code (FIPS)	State name	Super-PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
13	Georgia—Con.	13130 13140 13150	13130 13140 13150
15	Hawaii	15100	15101-15102
16	Idaho	16100 16200 16300	16100 16200 16300
17	Illinois	17010 17020 17030 17040 17050 17060 17070 17080 17090 17100 17200 17300 17409	17010 17020 17030 17040 17050 17060 17070 17080 17090 17100 17201-17202 17300 17401-17505
18	Indiana	18010 18020 18030 18040 18050 18060 18070 18080 18090 18100	18010 18020 18030 18040 18050 18060 18070 18080 18091-18092 18100 18110
19	Iowa	19100 19200 19300 19400 19500	19100 19200 19300 19400 19500
20	Kansas	20100 20200 20300 20400 20500	20100 20200 20300 20400 20500
21	Kentucky	21100 21200 21300 21400 21500	21100 21200 21300 21400 21500

State code (FIPS)	State name	Super-PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
21	Kentucky—Con	21600 21700	21600 21700
22	Louisiana	22100 22200 22300 22400 22500 22600 22700 22800	22100 22200 22300 22400 22500 22600 22701-22702 22800
23	Maine	23100 23200	23100 23200
24	Maryland	24100 24200 24300 24400 24500	24100 24201-24202 24300 24401-24404 24501-24502
25	Massachusetts	25010 25020 25030 25040 25050 25060 25070 25080 25090 25100 25110 25120 25130	25010 25020 25030 25040 25050 25060 25070 25080 25090 25100 25110 25120 25130
26	Michigan	26010 26020 26030 26040 26050 26069 26070 26080 26090 26110 26120 26130	26010 26020 26030 26040 26051-26052 26060, 26100 26070 26080 26090 26110 26121-26124 26131-26134
27	Minnesota	27100 27200 27300 27400	27100 27200 27300 27400

State code (FIPS)	State name	Super-PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
27	Minnesota—Con.	27500 27600 27700 27800 27900	27500 27600 27710-27720 27800 27900
28	Mississippi	28100 28200 28300 28400 28500 28600	28100 28200 28300 28400 28500 28600
29	Missouri	29100 29200 29309 29500 29600 29700 29800 29900	29100 29200 29300-29400 29500 29600 29701-29702 29800 29900
30	Montana	30100 30200	30100 30200
31	Nebraska	31100 31200	31100 31201-31202
32	Nevada	32100 32200	32100 32201-32203
33	New Hampshire	33100 33200	33100 33200
34	New Jersey	34010 34020 34030 34040 34050 34060 34070 34080 34090 34110 34110	34011-34012 34020 34030 34041-34042 34050 34060 34070 34080 34090 34101-34102 34110 34120
35	New Mexico	35100 35200 35300 35400	35100 35200 35300 35400

State code (FIPS)	State name	Super-PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
36	New York	36010 36020 36030 36040 36050 36060 36070 36080 36090 36110 36120 36130 36140 36150	36010 36021-36022 36030 36041-36042 36051-36052 36060 36070 36081-36085 36091-36092 36101-36103 36111-36114 36121-36125 36130 36141-36143 36151-36153
37	North Carolina	37010 37020 37030 37040 37050 37060 37070 37089 37090 37110 37120 37130 37140	37010 37020 37030 37040 37050 37060 37070 37080, 37100 37090 37110 37120 37130 37140
38 39	North Dakota Ohio	38100 39010 39020 39030 39040 39050 39060 39070 39080 39090 39110 39120 39130 39140 39150 39160 39170 39180	38100 39010 39020 39030 39040 39050 39061-39063 39070 39080 39090 39110 39110 39120 39130 39141-39142 39150 39160 39171-39172 39180

State code (FIPS)	State name	Super-PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
40	Oklahoma	40100 40200 40309 40500	40100 40201-40202 40300-40400 40500
41	Oregon	41100 41200 41300 41400 41500	41100 41200 41300 41400 41501-41503
42	Pennsylvania	42010 42020 42030 42040 42050 42060 42070 42080 42090 42100 42110 42120 42130 42140 42150 42160 42170 42180 42190	42010 42020 42030 42040 42050 42060 42071-42073 42080 42090 42100 42110 42120 42130 42140 42151-42153 42160 42170 42180 42190
44	Rhode Island	44100 44200	44100 44200
45	South Carolina	45100 45200 45300 45400 45500 45600 45700 45800	45100 45200 45300 45400 45500 45600 45700 45800
46 47	South Dakota Tennessee	46100 47010 47020 47030 47040 47050 47060 47070 47080 47090 47100	46100 47010 47020 47030 47040 47050 47060 47070 47081-47082 47090 47101-47102

State code (FIPS)	State name	Super-PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
48	Texas	48010	48010
		48020	48020
		48030	48030
		48040	48040
		48050	48050
		48060	48060
		48070	48070
		48080	48080
		48090	48090
		48100	48101-48104
		48110	48111-48113
		48120	48120
		48130	48130
		48140	48140
		48150	48150
		48160	48160
		48170	48170
		48180	48181-48187
		48190	48190
		48200	48200
		48210	48210
		48220	48221-48222
		48230	48231-48233
		48240	48240
		48259	48250-48260
		48270	48270
49	Utah	49100	49100
		49200	49200
		49300	49301-49302
50	Vermont	50100	50100
51	Virginia	51010	51011-51012
	<b>5</b>	51020	51020
		51030	51030
		51040	51040
		51050	51050
		51060	51060
		51070	51070
		51080	51080
		51090	51090
		51100	51100
		51110	51110
		51120	51120

State code (FIPS)	State name	Super-PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
53	Washington	53010 53020 53030 53040 53050 53060 53079 53090 53100	53010 53020 53030 53040 53050 53060 53070-53082 53090 53100
55	Wisconsin	55100 55200 55300 55400 55500 55600 55700 55809	55100 55200 55300 55400 55500 55600 55700 55800-55900
56	Wyoming	56100	56100
72	Puerto Rico	72100 72200 72300 72400 72500 72600 72700 72800	72100 72200 72300 72400 72500 72600 72700 72800

## Appendix L. Relationship Between Super-PUMAs of Place of Work (POWPUMA1) and Super-PUMAs (PUMA1)

State code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work Super-PUMA (POWPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
01	Alabama	01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700	01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01701-01702
02	Alaska	02100	02100
04	Arizona	04100 04200 04300 04400	04100 04200 04301-04306 04401-04402
05	Arkansas	05100 05200 05300 05400 05500	05100 05200 05300 05400 05500
06	California	06010 06020 06030 06040 06050 06060 06070 06080 06090 06100 06110 06120 06130 06140 06150 06160 06170 06180 06190 06200 06210 06220	06010 06020 06030 06040 06050 06060 06071-06072 06080 06090 06100 06110 06121-06122 06130 06140 06151-06153 06140 06151-06163 06170 06180 06190 06201-06203 06220 06230

State code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work Super-PUMA (POWPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
06	California—Con.	06309 06409 06500 06600 06700	06301-06408, 06410-06411 06409 06501-06505 06601-06603 06701-06705
08	Colorado	08100 08200	08101-08104 08201-08205
09	Connecticut	09100 09200 09300 09400 09500 09600	09100 09200 09300 09400 09500 09600
10	Delaware	10100	10100
11	District of Columbia	11100	11100
12	Florida	12010 12020 12030 12040 12050 12060 12070 12081 12088 12089 12091 12099 12100 12110 12120 12130 12140 12150 12160 12170 12180	12010 12020 12030 12040 12051-12052 12060 12070 12081 12082-12083 12084-12085 12091 12092-12093 12100 12110 12120 12130 12140 12150 12161-12162 12171-12173 12181-12185
13	Georgia	13010 13020 13030 13040 13050 13060 13070 13080 13090	13010 13020 13030 13040 13050 13060 13070 13080 13090

State code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work Super-PUMA (POWPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
13 15 16	Georgia—Con. Hawaii	13100 13110 13120 13130 13140 13150 15100	13100 13110 13120 13130 13140 13150 15101-15102
		16200 16300	16200 16300
17	Illinois	17010 17020 17030 17040 17050 17060 17070 17080 17090 17100 17200 17300 17400 17500	17010 17020 17030 17040 17050 17060 17070 17080 17090 17100 17201-17202 17300 17401-17405 17501-17505
18	Indiana	18010 18020 18030 18040 18050 18060 18070 18080 18090 18100	18010 18020 18030 18040 18050 18060 18070 18080 18091-18092 18100 18110
19	lowa	19100 19200 19300 19400 19500	19100 19200 19300 19400 19500
20	Kansas	20100 20200 20300 20400 20500	20100 20200 20300 20400 20500

State code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work Super-PUMA (POWPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
21	Kentucky	21100 21200 21300 21400 21500 21600 21700	21100 21200 21300 21400 21500 21600 21700
22	Louisiana	22100 22200 22300 22400 22500 22600 22700 22800	22100 22200 22300 22400 22500 22600 22701-22702 22800
23	Maine	23100 23200	23100 23200
24	Maryland	24100 24200 24300 24400 24500	24100 24201-24202 24300 24401-24404 24501-24502
25	Massachusetts	25010 25020 25030 25040 25050 25060 25070 25080 25090 25100 25110 25120 25130	25010 25020 25030 25040 25050 25060 25070 25080 25090 25100 25110 25120 25130
26	Michigan	26010 26020 26030 26040 26051 26052 26060 26070 26080 26090 26100 26110	26010 26020 26030 26040 26051 26052 26060 26070 26080 26090 26100 26110

State code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work Super-PUMA (POWPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
26	Michigan—Con.		
		26121 26122 26129 26132 26133 26139	26121 26122 26123-26124 26132 26133 26131, 26134
27	Minnesota	27100 27200 27300 27400 27500 27600 27700 27800 27900	27100 27200 27300 27400 27500 27600 27710-27720 27800 27900
28	Mississippi	28100 28200 28300 28400 28500 28600	28100 28200 28300 28400 28500 28600
29	Missouri	29100 29200 29300 29400 29500 29600 29700 29800 29900	29100 29200 29300 29400 29500 29600 29701-29702 29800 29900
30	Montana	30100 30200	30100 30200
31	Nebraska	31100 31200	31100 31201-31202
32	Nevada	32100 32200	32100 32201-32203
33	New Hampshire	33100 33200	33100 33200
34	New Jersey	34011 34012 34020 34030 34040 34050 34060	34011 34012 34020 34030 34040 34050 34060

State code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work Super-PUMA (POWPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
34	New Jersey—Con.	34070 34080 34090 34101 34102 34110 34120	34070 34080 34090 34101 34102 34110 34120
35	New Mexico	35100 35200 35300 35400	35100 35200 35300 35400
36	New York	36010 36020 36030 36040 36051 36052 36060 36070 36082 36085 36089 36100 36110 36120 36130 36140 36152 36159	36010 36021-36022 36030 36041-36042 36051 36052 36060 36070 36082 36085 36081, 36083-36084 36091-36092 36101-36103 36111-36114 36121-36125 36130 36141-36143 36152 36151, 36153
37	North Carolina  North Dakota	37010 37020 37030 37040 37050 37060 37070 37080 37100 37110 37120 37130 37140 38100	37010 37020 37030 37040 37050 37060 37070 37080 37100 37110 37120 37130 37140 38100
50	ιτοιτιι σακοια	30100	50100

State code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work Super-PUMA (POWPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
39	Ohio	39010 39020 39030 39040 39050 39060 39070 39080 39090 39110 39110 39120 39130 39140 39150 39160 39170 39180	39010 39020 39030 39040 39050 39061-39063 39070 39080 39090 39110 39110 39120 39130 39141-39142 39150 39160 39171-39172
40	Oklahoma	40100 40201 40202 40300 40400 40500	40100 40201 40202 40300 40400 40500
41	Oregon	41100 41200 41300 41400 41500	41100 41200 41300 41400 41501-41503
42	Pennsylvania	42010 42020 42030 42040 42050 42060 42070 42080 42090 42110 42120 42130 42140 42150 42160 42170 42180 42190	42010 42020 42030 42040 42050 42060 42071-42073 42080 42090 42100 42110 42120 42130 42140 42151-42153 42160 42170 42180 42190

State code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work Super-PUMA (POWPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
44	Rhode Island	44100	44100
		44200	44200
45	South Carolina	45100	45100
		45200	45200
		45300	45300
		45400	45400
		45500	45500
		45600	45600
		45700	45700
		45800	45800
46	South Dakota	46100	46100
47	Tennessee	47010	47010
		47020	47020
		47030	47030
		47040	47040
		47050	47050
		47060	47060
		47070	47070
		47080	47081-47082
		47090	47090
		47100	47101-47102
48	Texas	48010	48010
		48020	48020
		48030	48030
		48040	48040
		48050	48050
		48060	48060
		48070	48070
		48080	48080
		48090	48090
		48100	48101-48104
		48110	48111-48113
		48120	48120
		48130	48130
		48140	48140
		48150	48150
		48160	48160
		48170	48170
		48180	48181-48187
		48190	48190
		48200	48200
		48210	48210
		48220	48221-48222
		48230	48231-48233
		48240	48240
		48250	48250
		48260	48260
		48270	48270

State code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work Super-PUMA (POWPUMA1)	Super-PUMA (PUMA1)
49	Utah	49100 49200 49300	49100 49200 49301-49302
50	Vermont	50100	50100
51	Virginia	51010 51020 51030 51040 51050 51060 51070 51080 51090 51110 51110	51011-51012 51020 51030 51040 51050 51060 51070 51080 51090 51100 51110
53	Washington	53010 53020 53030 53040 53050 53060 53070 53080 53090 53100	53010 53020 53030 53040 53050 53060 53070 53081-53082 53090 53100
54	West Virginia	54100 54200 54300	54100 54200 54300
55	Wisconsin	55100 55200 55300 55400 55500 55600 55700 55800 55900	55100 55200 55300 55400 55500 55600 55700 55800 55900
56	Wyoming	56100	56100
72	Puerto Rico	72100 72200 72300 72400 72500 72600 72700 72800	72100 72200 72300 72400 72500 72600 72700 72800

## Appendix M. Relationship Between PUMAs of Migration (MIGPUMA5) and PUMAs (PUMA5)

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
01	Alabama	00100	00100
		00290	00200-00300
		00400	00400
		00500	00500
		00600	00600
		00700	00700
		00800	00800
		00900	00901-00905
		01000	01000
		01100	01100
		01200	01200
		01300	01300
		01400	01400
		01500	01500
		01600	01600
		01700	01700
		01800	01800
		01990	01900-02000
		02100	02100
		02290	02200-02300
		02400	02400
		02500	02500
		02600	02600
02	Alaska	00100	00101-00102
		00200	00200
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
04	Arizona	00100	00101-00122
0 1	7 (112011a	00200	00201-00207
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
		00500	00500
		00600	00600
		00700	00700
		00800	00800
		00900	00900
ΛF	Arkansas	00100	00100
05	AI Kalisas	00200	00100
		00300	00200
		00400	00400
		00500	00500
		00300	00300

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
05	Arkansas—Con.	00600 00700 00800 00990 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700	00600 00700 00800 00900-01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700
06	California	01800 01900 00100 00200	01800 01900 00100
		00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000	00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000
		01100 01200 01300 01490 01600 01700 01800	01101-01103 01201-01202 01301-01303 01401-01506 01601-01602 01700 01800
		01800 01990 02100 02200 02300 02400 02590 02700	01901-02002 02101-02108 02201-02207 02301-02306 02401-02410 02500-02602 02701-02714
		02800 02990 03100 03200 03390 03500 03600	02801-02802 02900-03002 03100 03200 03301-03402 03501-03503 03600
		03700 03890 04090 04590	03701-03702 03800-03903 04000-04407 04500-06126

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
06	California—Con.	06290 06700 06890 07790 08100	06200-06602 06701-06702 06801-07607 07700-08005 08101-08116
08	Colorado	08200 00190 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700	08200 00101-00200 00300 00400 00501-00502 00600 00700
09	Connecticut	00800 00900 01000 00100	00801-00822 00901-00905 01000 00100
	Connecticut	00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400	00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400
10	Delaware	02500 00100 00200 00300	02500 00101-00104 00200 00300
11 12	District of Columbia Florida	00100 00100 00200 00300	00101-00105 00101-00102 00200 00300

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
12	Florida—Con.	00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700 02800 02900 03000 03100 03200 03300 03400 03500 03600	00400 00500 00600 00701-00702 00800 00900 01001-01002 01101-01107 01200 01300 01400 01501-01502 01600 01700 01801-01903 02001-02003 02101-02104 02201-02207 02300 02401-02404 02501-02503 02601-02608 02701-02708 02801-02902 03000 03100 03200 03300 03400 03501-03509 03601-03613
13	Georgia	03700 03890 04000 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100	03701-03702 03800-03903 04001-04020 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01101-01107 01201-01206

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
13	Georgia—Con.	01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700	01301-01305 01401-01402 01501-01505 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700
		02800 02900 03000 03100 03200 03300 03490 03600 03700 03800 03900 04000 04100 04200 04300	02800 02900 03000 03100 03200 03300 03400-03500 03600 03700 03800 03900 04000 04100 04200 04300
15	Hawaii	00100 00200 00300 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00690 00800 00900	00100 00200 00301-00307 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600-00700 00800 00900
17	Illinois	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700	00101-00103 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
17	Illinois—Con.		
		00800	00800
		00900	00900
		01000	01000
		01100	01101-01102
		01200	01201-01202
		01390	01300-01400
		01500 01600	01500 01600
		01790	01700-01800
		01900	01900
		02000	02000
		02100	02100
		02200	02200
		02300	02300
		02400	02400
		02500	02500
		02600	02600
		02700	02700
		02890	02800-02900
		03000	03001-03006
		03100	03101-03104
		03200 03300	03201-03206 03301-03305
		03490	03401-03519
18	Indiana	00190	00100-00203
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
		00590	00500-00600
		00700	00700
		00800	00800
		00990	00900-01000
		01100	01100
		01200 01300	01200 01300
		01400	01400
		01500	01500
		01600	01600
		01700	01700
		01800	01800
		01900	01901-01902
		02000	02001-02002
		02100	02100
		02200	02200
		02300	02301-02307
		02400	02400
		02500	02500
		02600 02700	02600 02700
		02/00	02700

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
18	Indiana—Con.	02800 02900 03000 03100 03200 03300 03400 03500 03600 03790	02800 02900 03000 03100 03200 03300 03400 03500 03600 03700-03800
19	lowa	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01490 01600 01700 01800 01900	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400-01500 01600 01700 01800 01900
20	Kansas	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01390 01500 01600	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00601-00604 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300-01403 01500 01600
21	Kentucky	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
21	Kentucky—Con.		
	•	00600	00600
		00700	00700
		00800	00800
		00900	00900
		01000	01000
		01100	01100
		01200	01200
		01300	01300
		01400 01500	01400
		01600	01500 01600
		01700	01701-01705
		01800	01800
		01900	01901-01902
		02000	02000
		02100	02100
		02200	02200
		02300	02300
		02400	02400
		02500	02500
22	Louisiana	00100	00101-00102
		00200	00200
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
		00500	00500
		00600	00600
		00700	00700
		00800 00900	00800 00900
		01090	01000-01100
		01200	01200
		01300	01300
		01490	01401-01502
		01600	01600
		01700	01700
		01800	01801-01804
		01900	01901-01905
		02000	02001-02002
		02100	02100
		02200	02200
		02300 02400	02300 02400
		02500	02500
22	Maine		
23	Maine	00100	00100
		00200 00300	00200 00300
		00400	00400
		00500	00500

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
23	Maine—Con.	00600 00700 00800 00900 01000	00600 00700 00800 00900 01000
24	Maryland	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600	00100 00200 00300 00400 00501-00507 00601-00602 00700 00801-00806 00901-00902 01001-01007 01101-01107 01201-01204 01300 01400 01500 01600
25	Massachusetts	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01100 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
25	Massachusetts—Con.		
		02800	02800
		02900	02900
		03000	03000
		03100	03100
		03200	03200
		03300	03301-03305
		03400	03400
		03500	03500
		03600	03600
		03700	03700
		03800	03800
		03900	03900
		04000	04000
		04100	04100
		04200	04200
		04300	04300
		04400	04400
		04500	04500
		04600 04700	04600 04700
		04700	04700
26	Michigan	00100	00100
		00200	00200
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
		00500	00500
		00600	00600
		00700	00700 00800
		00800 00900	00900
			01000
		01000 01100	01100
		01200	01200
		01390	01300-01403
		01500	01500
		01600	01600
		01700	01700
		01890	01800-02000
		02100	02100
		02290	02200-02302
		02400	02400
		02500	02501-02508
		02600	02601-02602
		02700	02700
		02800	02800
		02900	02900
		03000	03000
		03100	03100

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
26	Michigan—Con.	03290 03400 03500 03690 03990	03200-03300 03400 03500 03600-03807 03900-04104
27	Minnesota	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01390 01590 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01001-01002 01100 01201-01203 01301-01406 01501-01602 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500
28	Mississippi	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01490 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01100 01100 01200 01300 01400-01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
28	Mississippi—Con.	02200 02300	02200 02300
29	Missouri	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00890 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02490 02600	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800-01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01601-01602 01701-01708 01801-01803 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400-02500 02600
30	Montana	02700 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700	02700 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700
31	Nebraska	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00701-00702 00801-00802 00901-00904
32	Nevada	00190 00300 00400 00500	00100-00200 00300 00400 00501-00511
33	New Hampshire	00100 00200	00100 00200

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
33	New Hampshire—Co	n.	
		00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000	00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100
34	New Jersey	00100 00200 00300 00490 00690 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01390 01500 01600 01700 01890 02000 02100	00101-00102 00200 00301-00306 00400-00502 00601-00703 00800 00901-00905 01001-01002 01101-01105 01201-01203 01301-01404 01501-01504 01600 01700 01800-01903 02001-02003 02101-02104 02201-02202 02301-02302
35	New Mexico	02400 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01100	02400 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00601-00605 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100
36	New York	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00790	00100 00200 00300 00401-00402 00500 00600 00700-00804

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
36	New York—Con.		
		00990	00901-01005
		01100	01100
		01200	01200
		01300	01300
		01490	01401-01402,
		01500	01601-01605
		01500	01501-01502
		01700 01800	01700 01800
		01900	01900
		02000	02000
		02100	02100
		02200	02201-02202
		02300	02300
		02400	02401-02402
		02500	02500
		02600	02601-02602
		02700	02700
		02800	02800
		02900	02900
		03000	03000
		03100	03101-03102
		03200	03201-03202
		03300	03301-03303
		03490	03400-03506
		03600	03601-03602
		03700	03701-03710
		03800	03801-03810
		03900	03901-03903
		04000 04100	04001-04018 04101-04114
		04100	04201-04114
		04200	04301-04312
2.7	N .1 G .1:		
37	North Carolina	00100	00100
		00200	00201-00202
		00300 00400	00300 00400
		00500	00500
		00600	00600
		00700	00700
		00800	00800
		00990	00901-01000
		01100	01100
		01200	01200
		01300	01300
		01400	01400
		01500	01500
		01690	01601-01700

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
37	North Carolina—Con.	01890 02000 02100	01800-01900 02000 02100
		02200 02300 02400 02500 02690	02200 02300 02400 02500 02601-02802
		02990 03000 03100 03200	02900 03000 03100 03200
		03300 03400 03500 03690	03300 03400 03500 03600-03700
		03800 03900 04000 04100	03800 03800 03900 04000 04100
		04200 04300 04400 04500 04600 04700	04200 04300 04400 04500 04600 04700
38	North Dakota	04800 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500	04800 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500
39	Ohio	00100 00290 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01190 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700	00100 00201-00303 00400 00501-00502 00601-00612 00701-00703 00800 00901-00904 01000 01101-01202 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
39	Ohio—Con.	01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700 02800 02900 03000 03100 03200 03300 03400 03500 03600 03700 03800 03900 04090 04200 04300 04490	01800 01900 02000 02100 02201-02203 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700 02800 02900 03001-03002 03101-03109 03200 03300 03400 03500 03500 03600 03700 03800 03900 04000-04103 04200 04301-04503
40	Oklahoma	04600 04700 04800 00100 00200 00300 00400	04601-04602 04700 04800 00100 00200 00300 00400
		00400 00500 00690 00700 00800 00900 01390	00400 00500 00600, 01000-01200 00700 00800 00900 01301-01700
41	Oregon	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00701-00702 00800

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
41	Oregon—Con.		
		00900	00900
		01000	01000
		01100	01101-01102
		01200	01200
		01300	01301-01313
42	Pennsylvania	00190	00100-00200
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
		00500	00500
		00600	00600
		00700	00700
		00800	00801-00802
		00900	00901-00903
		01000	01000
		01100	01100
		01200	01200
		01300	01300
		01400	01400
		01500	01500
		01600	01600
		01790	01701-01807
		01900	01900
		02000	02001-02002
		02100	02101-02103
		02200	02201-02202
		02300	02300
		02400	02400
		02500	02501-02502
		02600	02600
		02700	02700 02801-02802
		02800	
		02900 03000	02900 03001-03002
		03100	03101-03002
		03200	03201-03203
		03300	03201-03203
		03400	03401-03402
		03500	03500
		03690	03600-03702
		03800	03801-03802
		03900	03901-03904
		04000	04001-04006
		04100	04101-04111
		04200	04201-04204
		04300	04301-04303
44	Rhode Island	00100	00100
		00200	00200
		00300	00300

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
44	Rhode Island—Con.	00400 00500 00600 00700	00400 00500 00600 00700
45	South Carolina	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01090 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200	00100 00201-00202 00301-00302 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01001-01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02101-02102 02200 02300
46	South Dakota	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00690	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600-00700
47	Tennessee	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01390 01500 01600 01700 01890	00100 00200 00300 00400 00501-00502 00600 00700 00801-00802 00900 01000 01100 01200 01301-01400 01500 01600 01700 01800-02000

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
47	Tennessee—Con.	02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700 02800	02100 02201-02205 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700 02800
		02900 03000 03190	02900 03000 03101-03202
48	Texas	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02200 02300 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700 02800 02900 03000 03100 03200 03300 03100	00100 00200 00300 00400 00501-00502 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02101-02104 02201-02202 02301-02315 02400 02501-02511 02600 02700 02800 02900 03000 03100 03200 03300 03400
		03500 03600 03700	03501-03505 03600 03701-03703

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
48	Texas—Con.		
		03800	03801-03802
		03900	03900
		04000	04000
		04100	04100
		04200	04200
		04390	04300-04400
		04500 04600	04501-04503 04601-04625
		04700	04701-04702
		04800	04801-04802
		04900	04901-04802
		05000	05000
		05100	05100
		05200	05201-05202
		05390	05301-05402
		05500	05500
		05600	05601-05611
		05700	05700
		05800	05800
		05900	05900
		06000	06000
		06100	06100
		06200	06200
		06390	06301-06500
		06690	06600-06704
		06890	06800-06900
49	Utah	00100	00100
		00200	00200
		00300	00301-00302
		00400	00400
		00500	00501-00507
		00600	00601-00603
		00700	00700
50	Vermont	00100	00100
		00200	00200
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
51	Virginia	00100	00100
		00200	00200
		00300	00301-00305
		00400	00400
		00500	00501-00502
		00600	00600
		00700	00700
		00800	00800
		00900	00900
		01000	01000

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
51	Virginia—Con.	01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700 02800 02900 03000 03100	01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02200 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700 02801-02803 02900 03100
53	Washington	03200 03300 03400 03500 00100 00200 00300 00400 00590 00700 00800 00900 01100 01100 01200 01390	03200 03300 03400 03500 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500-00602 00700 00800 00901-00902 01001-01005 01100 01201-01202 01300-01404 01500
54	West Virginia	01500 01600 01700 01890 02190 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600	01500 01600 01701-01702 01801-02009 02101-02200 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
54	West Virginia—Con.	00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200	00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200
55	Wisconsin	00100 00290 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01190 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02090 02400	00100 00200-00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100-01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02001-02300 02400
56	Wyoming	00100 00200 00300 00400	00100 00200 00300 00400
72	Puerto Rico	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00801-00802 00900 01001-01004 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800

State code (FIPS)	State name	PUMA of Migration (MIGPUMA5)	PUMA (PUMA5)
72	Puerto Rico—Con.		
		01900	01900
		02000	02000
		02100	02100
		02200	02200
		02300	02300
		02400	02400
		02500	02500
		02600	02600

## Appendix N. Relationship Between PUMAs of Place of Work (POWPUMA5) and PUMAs (PUMA5)

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
01	Alabama	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00901-00905 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600
02	Alaska	00100 00200 00300 00400	00101-00102 00200 00300 00400
04	Arizona	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900	00101-00122 00201-00207 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900
05	Arkansas	00100 00200	00100 00200

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
05	Arkansas—Con.	00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500	00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500
		01600 01700 01800 01900	01600 01700 01800 01900
06	California	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01100 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700 02800	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01101-01103 01201-01202 01301-01303 01401-01403 01501-01506 01601-01602 01700 01800 01901-01902 02201-02108 02201-02108 02201-02207 02301-02306 02401-02410 02500 02601-02602 02701-02714 02801-02802
		02800 02900 03000 03100	02801-02802 02900 03001-03002 03100

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
06	California—Con.		
		03200	03200
		03300	03301-03302
		03400	03401-03402
		03500	03501-03503
		03600	03600
		03700	03701-03702
		03800	03800
		03900	03901-03903
		04000	04000
		04100	04100
		04200	04200
		04300	04300
		04400	04401-04407
		04500	04500
		04600	04600
		04700	04700
		04890	04800-05000,
			05401-05424,
		05100	06101-06126
		05100	05100
		05200	05200
		05300	05300
		05500	05500
		05600 05700	05600 05701-05703
		05800	05800
		05900	05900
		06000	06000
		06200	06200
		06300	06300
		06400	06400
		06500	06500
		06600	06601-06602
		06700	06701-06702
		06890	06801-07200,
			07400-07607
		07300	07300
		07700	07700
		07800	07801-07802
		07900	07900
		08000	08001-08005
		08100	08101-08116
		08200	08200
08	Colorado	00100	00101-00103
	· -	00200	00200
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
		00500	00501-00502
		00600	00600

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
08	Colorado—Con.	00700 00800 00900 01000	00700 00801-00822 00901-00905 01000
09	Connecticut	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01100 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500
10	Delaware	02500 00100 00200 00300	00101-00104 00200 00300
11 12	District of Columbia Florida	00100 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400	00101-00105 00101-00102 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00701-00702 00800 00900 01001-01002 01101-01107 01200 01300 01400

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
12	Florida—Con.	01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700 02800 02900 03000 03100 03200 03300 03400 03500 03600 03700 03800 03900 04000	01501-01502 01600 01700 01801-01802 01901-01903 02001-02003 02101-02104 02201-02207 02300 02401-02503 02601-02608 02701-02708 02801-02902 03000 03100 03200 03300 03400 03501-03509 03601-03613 03701-03702 03800 03901-03903 04001-04020
13	Georgia	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01101-01107 01201-01206 01301-01305 01401-01402 01501-01505 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
13	Georgia—Con.		
		02300	02300
		02400	02400
		02500	02500
		02600	02600
		02700	02700
		02800	02800
		02900	02900
		03000	03000
		03100	03100
		03200	03200
		03300	03300
		03400	03400
		03500	03500
		03600	03600
		03700	03700
		03800	03800
		03900	03900
		04000	04000
		04100	04100
		04200	04200
		04300	04300
15	Hawaii	00100	00100
		00200	00200
		00300	00301-00307
16	Idaho	00100	00100
		00200	00200
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
		00500	00500
		00600	00600
		00700	00700
		00800	00800
		00900	00900
17	Illinois	00100	00101-00103
		00200	00200
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
		00500	00500
		00600	00600
		00700	00700
		00800	00800
		00900	00900
		01000	01000
		01100	01101-01102
		01200	01201-01202
		01300	01300
		01400	01400
		01500	01500

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
17	Illinois—Con.		
		01600	01600
		01700	01700
		01800	01800
		01900	01900
		02000	02000
		02100	02100
		02200	02200
		02300	02300
		02400	02400
		02500	02500
		02600	02600
		02700	02700
		02800	02800
		02900	02900
		03000	03001-03006 03101-03104
		03100 03200	03201-03104
		03300	03301-03305
		03408	03408
		03490	03401-03407,
		03 130	03409-03414
		03500	03501-03519
18	Indiana	00100	00100
		00200	00201-00203
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
		00500	00500
		00600	00600
		00700	00700
		00800	00800
		00900	00900
		01000	01000
		01100	01100
		01200	01200
		01300	01300
		01400 01500	01400 01500
		01600	01600
		01700	01700
		01800	01800
		01900	01901-01902
		02000	02001-02002
		02100	02100
		02200	02200
		02300	02301-02307
		02400	02400
		02500	02500
		02600	02600

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
18	Indiana—Con.	02700 02800 02900 03000 03100 03200 03300 03400 03500 03600 03700	02700 02800 02900 03000 03100 03200 03300 03400 03500 03600 03700
19	lowa	03800 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01100 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900	03800 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01100 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900
20	Kansas	01900 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01100 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600	01900 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00601-00604 00700 00800 00900 011000 01100 01200 01300 01401-01403 01500 01600

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
21	Kentucky	00100	00100
	,	00200	00200
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
		00500	00500
		00600	00600
		00700	00700
		00800	00800
		00900	00900
		01000	01000
		01100	01100
		01200	01200
		01300	01300
		01400	01400
		01500	01500
		01600	01600
		01700	01701-01705
		01800	01800
		01900	01901-01902
		02000	02000
		02100	02100
		02200	02200
		02300	02300
		02400	02400
		02500	02500
าา	Louisiana		00101-00102
22	Louisiana	00100	
		00200 00300	00200
		00400	00300
			00400
		00500 00600	00500 00600
		00700	00700 00800
		00800 00900	00900
		01000	01000
		01100	01100
		01200	01200
		01300	01300
		01400	01401-01402
		01500	01501-01502
		01600	01600
		01700	01700
		01800	01801-01804
		01900	01901-01905
		02000	02001-02002
		02100	02100
		02100	02100
		02300	02300
		02400	02400
		02700	04400

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
22	Louisiana—Con.		
23	Maine	02500 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800	02500 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800
		00900 01000	00900 01000
24	Maryland	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600	00100 00200 00300 00400 00501-00507 00601-00602 00700 00801-00806 00901-00902 01001-01007 01101-01107 01201-01204 01300 01400 01500 01600
25	Massachusetts	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
25	Massachusetts—Con.		
		02200	02200
		02300	02300
		02400	02400
		02500	02500
		02600	02600
		02700	02700
		02800	02800
		02900	02900
		03000	03000
		03100	03100
		03200	03200
		03300	03301-03305
		03400	03400
		03500	03500
		03600	03600
		03700	03700
		03800	03800
		03900	03900
		04000	04000
		04100	04100
		04200	04200
		04300	04300
		04400	04400
		04500	04500
		04600	04600
		04700	04700
		04800	04800
26	Michigan	00100	00100
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	00200	00200
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
		00500	00500
		00600	00600
		00700	00700
		00800	00800
		00900	00900
		01000	01000
		01100	01100
		01200	01200
		01300	01300
		01403	01403
		01490	01401-01402
		01500	01500
		01600	01600
		01700	01700
		01800	01800
		01900	01900
		02000	02000

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
26	Michigan—Con.		
	•	02100	02100
		02200	02200
		02300	02301-02302
		02400	02400
		02501	02501
		02502	02502
		02505	02505
		02506 02507	02506 02507
		02508	02508
		02500	02503-02504
		02600	02601-02602
		02700	02700
		02800	02800
		02900	02900
		03000	03000
		03100	03100
		03200	03200
		03300	03300
		03400	03400
		03500	03500
		03600	03600
		03700	03701-03708
		03801	03801
		03802	03802
		03803	03803
		03804	03804
		03805	03805
		03806 03807	03806 03807
		03900	03900
		04000	04000
		04101	04101
		04103	04103
		04190	04102, 04104
27	Minnesota	00100	00100
21	Willinesota	00200	00200
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
		00500	00500
		00600	00600
		00700	00700
		00800	00800
		00900	00900
		01000	01001-01002
		01100	01100
		01201	01201
		01202	01202

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
27	Minnesota—Con.	01203 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100	01203 01301-01303 01401-01406 01501-01502 01601-01602 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200
28	Mississippi	02300 02400 02500 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500	02300 02400 02500 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500
		00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200	00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200
		01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300	01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300
29	Missouri	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00901-00902 01001-01004 01100

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
29	Missouri—Con.	01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600	01200 01300 01400 01500 01601-01602 01701-01708 01801-01803 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700
30	Montana	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700
31	Nebraska	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00701-00702 00801-00802 00901-00904
32	Nevada	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500	00100 00200 00300 00400 00501-00511
33	New Hampshire	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
33	New		
	Hampshire—Con.		
		01100	01100
34	New Jersey	00100	00101-00102
		00200	00200
		00301	00301
		00302	00302
		00303	00303
		00304	00304
		00305	00305
		00306 00400	00306 00400
		00501	00501
		00502	00502
		00600	00601-00602
		00701	00701
		00702	00702
		00703	00703
		00800	00800
		00901	00901
		00902	00902
		00903	00903
		00904	00904
		00905	00905
		01001	01001
		01002	01002
		01101 01102	01101 01102
		01102	01102
		01103	01104
		01105	01105
		01201	01201
		01202	01202
		01203	01203
		01300	01301-01302
		01401	01401
		01402	01402
		01403	01403
		01404	01404
		01501	01501
		01502 01503	01502 01503
		01503	01504
		01600	01600
		01700	01700
		01800	01800
		01901	01901
		01902	01902
		01903	01903
		02001	02001

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
34	New Jersey—Con.	02002 02003 02101 02102 02103 02104 02201 02202 02301 02302 02400	02002 02003 02101 02102 02103 02104 02201 02202 02301 02302 02400
35	New Mexico	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00601-00605 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100
36	New York	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01004 01090 01091 01100 01200 01300 01400 01501 01502 01601 01602 01603 01604 01605 01700 01800 01900	00100 00200 00300 00401-00402 00500 00600 00700 00801-00804 00901-00902 01004 01001, 01003 01002, 01005 01100 01200 01300 01401-01402 01501 01502 01601 01602 01603 01604 01605 01700 01800 01900

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
36	New York—Con.		
		02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700 02800 02900 03000 03101 03102 03201 03202 03300 03400	02000 02100 02201-02202 02300 02401-02402 02500 02601-02602 02700 02800 02900 03000 03101 03102 03201 03202 03301-03303 03400
		03502 03503 03504 03505 03590 03601	03502 03503 03504 03505 03501,03506 03601
		03602 03700 03800 03900 04000 04100 04207 04290 04291	03602 03701-03710 03801-03810 03901-03903 04001-04018 04101-04114 04207 04201, 04204 04202-04203, 04205-04206, 04208-04212
		04390 04391 04392	04301-04307 04308-04310 04311-04312
37	North Carolina	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000	00100 00201-00202 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00901-00905 01000 01100

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
37	North		
	Carolina—Con.		
		01200	01200
		01300	01300
		01400	01400
		01500	01500
		01600	01601-01602
		01700	01700
		01800 01900	01800 01900
		02000	02000
		02100	02100
		02200	02200
		02300	02300
		02400	02400
		02500	02500
		02600	02601-02602
		02700	02701-02703
		02800	02801-02802
		02900	02900
		03000	03000
		03100	03100
		03200	03200
		03300	03300
		03400	03400
		03500	03500
		03600	03600
		03700	03700 03800
		03800 03900	03900
		04000	04000
		04100	04100
		04200	04200
		04300	04300
		04400	04400
		04500	04500
		04600	04600
		04700	04700
		04800	04800
38	North Dakota	00100	00100
		00200	00200
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
		00500	00500
39	Ohio	00100	00100
		00200	00201-00202
		00300	00301-00303
		00400	00400
		00500	00501-00502

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
39	Ohio—Con.		
		00605	00605
		00610	00610
		00611	00611
		00690	00601-00602, 00612
		00691	00603-00604, 00606-00609
		00700	00701-00703
		00800	00800
		00900	00901-00904
		01000	01000
		01100	01101-01103
		01200	01201-01202
		01300	01300
		01400	01400
		01500	01500
		01600	01600
		01700	01700
		01800	01800
		01900	01900
		02000	02000
		02100	02100
		02200	02201-02203
		02300	02300
		02400	02400
		02500	02500
		02600	02600
		02700	02700
		02800	02800
		02900	02900
		03000	03001-03002
		03100	03101-03109
		03200	03200
		03300	03300
		03400	03400
		03500	03500
		03600	03600
		03700	03700
		03800	03800
		03900	03900
		04000	04000
		04100	04101-04103
		04200	04200
		04300	04301-04302 04401-04404
		04400 04500	04501-04503
		04600	04501-04503
		04700	04700
		04800	04800

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
40	Oklahoma	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01100 01100 01200 01301-01302 01400 01500 01600 01700
41	Oregon	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00701-00702 00800 00900 01000 01101-01102 01200 01301-01313
42	Pennsylvania	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00801 00802 00901 00902 00903 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00801 00802 00901 00902 00903 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
42	Pennsylvania—Con.		
	,	01700	01701-01703
		01804	01804
		01890	01801, 01803
		01891	01802, 01805-01807
		01900	01900
		02001	02001
		02002	02002
		02103	02103
		02190	02101-02102
		02201	02201
		02202	02202
		02300	02300
		02400	02400
		02501	02501
		02502	02502
		02600	02600
		02700	02700
		02801	02801
		02802	02802
		02900	02900
		03000 03100	03001-03002 03101-03102
		03201	03101-03102
		03290	03202-03203
		03303	03202-03203
		03390	03301-03202
		03401	03401
		03402	03402
		03500	03500
		03600	03600
		03701	03701
		03702	03702
		03800	03801-03802
		03903	03903
		03904	03904
		03990	03901-03902
		04002	04002
		04003	04003
		04090	04001, 04005
		04091	04004, 04006
		04100	04101-04111
		04201	04201
		04290	04202-04204
		04300	04301-04303
44	Rhode Island	00100	00100
		00200	00200
		00300	00300
		00400	00400

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
44	Rhode Island—Con.	00500 00600 00700	00500 00600 00700
45	South Carolina	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100	00100 00201-00202 00301-00302 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01001-01002 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02101-02102 02200 02300
46	South Dakota	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700
47	Tennessee	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500	00100 00200 00300 00400 00501-00502 00600 00700 00801-00802 00900 01000 01100 01200 01301-01302 01400 01500

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
47	Tennessee—Con.	01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700 02800 02900	01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02201-02205 02300 02400 02500 02600 02700 02800 02900
		03000 03100 03200	03000 03101-03105 03201-03202
48	Texas	03200 00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500	03201-03202 00100 00200 00300 00400 00501-00502 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02101-02104 02201-02202 02301-02315 02400 02501-02511
		02600 02700 02800 02900 03000 03100	02600 02700 02800 02900 03000 03100

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
48	Texas—Con.		
		03200	03200
		03300	03300
		03400	03400
		03500	03501-03505
		03600	03600
		03700	03701-03703
		03800	03801-03802
		03900	03900
		04000	04000
		04100	04100
		04200	04200
		04300	04300
		04400	04400
		04500	04501-04503
		04625	04625
		04690	04601-04624
		04700	04701-04702
		04800	04801-04802
		04900	04901-04902
		05000	05000
		05100	05100
		05200	05201-05202
		05300	05301-05304
		05400	05401-05402
		05500	05500
		05600	05601-05611
		05700	05700
		05800	05800
		05900	05900
		06000	06000
		06100	06100
		06200	06200
		06300	06301-06302
		06400	06400
		06500	06500
		06600	06600
		06700	06701-06704
		06800	06800
		06900	06900
49	Utah	00100	00100
		00200	00200
		00300	00301-00302
		00400	00400
		00500	00501-00507
		00600	00601-00603
		00700	00700
50	Vermont	00100	00100
- •		00200	00200
			- <del> •</del>

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
50	Vermont—Con.		
		00300 00400	00300 00400
51	Virginia	00100	00100
		00200	00200
		00300	00301-00305
		00400	00400
		00500	00501-00502
		00600	00600
		00700 00800	00700 00800
		00900	00900
		01000	01000
		01100	01100
		01200	01200
		01300	01300
		01400	01400
		01500	01500
		01600	01600
		01700	01700
		01800	01800
		01900	01900
		02000	02000
		02100 02200	02100 02200
		02300	02300
		02400	02400
		02500	02500
		02600	02600
		02700	02700
		02800	02801-02803
		02900	02900
		03000	03000
		03100	03100
		03200 03300	03200 03300
		03400	03400
		03500	03500
53	Washington	00100	00100
55	washington	00200	00200
		00300	00300
		00400	00400
		00500	00500
		00600	00601-00602
		00700	00700
		00800	00800
		00900	00901-00902
		01000	01001-01005
		01100	01100

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
53	Washington—Con.	01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100	01201-01202 01300 01401-01404 01500 01600 01701-01702 01801-01805 01900 02001-02009 02101-02102
54	West Virginia	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01000 01100 01200
55	Wisconsin	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01100 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02101 02102 02200 02300 02400	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02001-02004 02101 02102 02201-02203 02300 02400

State Code (FIPS)	State name	Place of work PUMA (POWPUMAS)	PUMA (PUMA5)
55	Wisconsin—Con.		
		02500	02500
56	Wyoming	00100 00200 00300 00400	00100 00200 00300 00400
72	Puerto Rico	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00800 00900 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600	00100 00200 00300 00400 00500 00600 00700 00801-00802 00900 01001-01004 01100 01200 01300 01400 01500 01600 01700 01800 01900 02000 02100 02200 02300 02400 02500 02600

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