

Textbook sections: 2.3

## Water Tank Problem

Tank initially contains 40 lbs of salt dissolved in 600 gals of water. Starting at time  $t = 0$ , water that contains 1/2 lb salt per gal is poured into the tank at 4 gal/min and the mixture is drained from the tank at the same rate.

1. **Construct a differential equation for  $Q(t)$ , the lb of salt in tank at time  $t \geq 0$ .**

$$\frac{dQ}{dt} = \overbrace{\left( \frac{1 \text{ salt}}{2 \text{ gal}} \cdot \frac{4 \text{ gal}}{\text{min}} \right)}^{\text{rate in}} - \overbrace{\left( \frac{Q \text{ salt}}{600 \text{ gal}} \cdot \frac{4 \text{ gal}}{\text{min}} \right)}^{\text{rate out}} = 2 - \frac{Q}{150}$$

2. **Determine expression for  $Q(t)$ .**

$$Q' + \frac{1}{150}Q = 2$$

Integrating factor:  $\mu = e^{\frac{1}{150}t}$ :

$$\begin{aligned} e^{\frac{1}{150}t}Q' + \frac{1}{150}e^{\frac{1}{150}t}Q &= 2e^{\frac{1}{150}t} \\ \frac{d}{dt}(e^{\frac{1}{150}t}Q) &= 2e^{\frac{1}{150}t} \\ e^{\frac{1}{150}t}Q &= \int 2e^{\frac{1}{150}t} dt \\ e^{\frac{1}{150}t}Q &= 300e^{\frac{1}{150}t} + C \end{aligned}$$

Substituting  $t = 0$ ,  $Q = 40$ :

$$\begin{aligned} 40 &= 300 + C \\ C &= -260 \end{aligned}$$

Then,

$$\begin{aligned} e^{\frac{1}{150}t}Q &= 300e^{\frac{1}{150}t} - 260 \\ Q &= 300 - \frac{260}{e^{\frac{1}{150}t}} \end{aligned}$$

3. What happens to the concentration of salt in the tank after a long period of time?

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} Q = 300$$