

# Оптимизация Python кода

# 0) Предварительная работа

# 0. Зависимости

```
In [210]:
```

```
import copy
import warnings
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from typing import Union
from random import random
from functools import wraps
from time import time
```

### 1. Создание данных

```
In [473]:
```

```
generate_data_A = lambda n: [[random() for _ in range(n)] for _ in range(n
```

```
In [474]:
```

```
generate_data_f = lambda n: [random() for _ in range(n)]
```

# 2. Любимые декораторы 😍 💖





#### In [157]:

```
def timeit deco(iters = 1000000):
   def timeit inner(function):
       @wraps(function)
       def inner(*args, **kwargs):
           start = time()
           result = function(*args, **kwargs)
           for _ in range(iters-1):
                function(*args, **kwargs)
           end = time()
           print(f"Time of {function. name }: {end-start} sec, {iters}
 loops")
```

```
return result
  return inner
return timeit_inner
```

# 1) Что мы будем оптимизировать

### 1. Метод Гаусса с частичным выбором ведущего элемента

#### Алгоритмы решения СЛАУ:

- 1. Метод Гаусса с частичным выбором ведущего элемента
- 2. Метод наискорейшего спуска

# 2) Метод Гаусса с частичным выбором ведущего элемента

# 0) Предварительная работа

Входные данные:

```
In [86]:
```

```
A = [[1.00, 0.17, -0.25, 0.54], \\ [0.47, 1.00, 0.67, -0.32], \\ [-0.11, 0.35, 1.00, -0.74], \\ [0.55, 0.43, 0.36, 1.00]]
```

#### In [3]:

```
f = [0.3, 0.5, 0.7, 0.9]
```

#### In [233]:

```
rand_A = generate_data_A(100)
np_rand_A = np.matrix(rand_A, dtype=np.dtype(np.float64))
```

#### In [234]:

```
rand_f = generate_data_f(100)
np_rand_f = np.array(rand_f, dtype=np.dtype(np.float64))
```

# 1) Чистный Python

```
In [480]:
```

```
def gaussian_elimination_clear(A_arg: list, f_arg: list) -> list:
    A, f = copy.deepcopy(A_arg), copy.deepcopy(f_arg)
    for i in range(len(A)):
```

```
column = list(map(abs, [row[i] for row in A][i:]))
        if max(column) == 0.:
            warnings.warn("Determinant equals 0")
        max row = max(range(len(column)), key=column. getitem )
        if max row != 0:
            pos max = max row + i
            A[i], A[pos max] = A[pos max], A[i]
            f[i], f[pos max] = f[pos max], f[i]
        for j in range(i+1, len(A)):
            coef = -(A[j][i]/A[i][i])
            A[j] = [coef * A[i][k] + A[j][k] for k in range(len(A[i]))]
            f[j] = coef * f[i] + f[j]
    n = len(f)
    x = [0 \text{ for } \_ \text{ in } range(len(f))]
    x[n-1] = f[n-1]/A[n-1][n-1]
    for i in range (n-2, -1, -1):
        sum_elem = sum(A[i][j] * x[j] for j in range(i+1, n))
        x[i] = (f[i] - sum\_elem)/A[i][i]
    return x
In [481]:
gaussian elimination clear verified = timeit deco() (gaussian elimination c
gaussian elimination clear verified (A, f)
Time of gaussian elimination clear: 26.323821783065796 sec, 1000
000 loops
Out[481]:
[0.10057872052525962,
0.22566664974693562,
0.2609990851979843,
0.35010508759299724]
In [221]:
gaussian elimination clear big data = timeit deco(1000) (gaussian eliminati
on clear)
gaussian elimination clear big data(rand A, rand f)
Time of gaussian_elimination_clear: 51.97058844566345 sec, 1000
loops
Out[221]:
[-0.34254770293648085,
-0.4090914662877756,
-1.2078727120286685,
 0.4861769955535396,
-0.007577820719772972,
-0.43446790366799587,
-0.5014430016320889,
 0.44025060933862636,
-0.08662577500040863,
-0.506134318445409,
 0.03401775562770983,
 -0.033529251830273755,
 1.2292013559726096,
```

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```
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-1.1035810689558565,
-0.42959678440625965,
-0.6789154029728012,
0.07790126393375325,
0.05723676712724389,
0.002729254363397237,
-0.00986275683007534,
-0.8499926194643741,
0.2873363490649973,
0.33551499966598447,
0.6796454141763357,
-0.12376289330421134,
0.343117896709248,
0.14372495364941684,
0.6291132790035244,
0.5313384924405881,
0.5266293025467892,
-1.0396877329964838,
-0.16114840030619001,
-0.058164741646716964,
0.14960522671079973,
0.03460090380298253,
-0.6713101081457877,
-0.2994890951410481,
0.9608903722247057,
-0.393624319891645,
0.9758310181202099,
-1.022813164588696,
0.7989852744760086,
-0.34016752759125163,
-0.30280394481499867,
0.32812582561424425,
1.005253674811869,
-0.36243108806318464,
0.007424022418919655,
0.15551031645501792,
0.4005947477772976,
-0.07270458408938334,
0.6055909630750664,
-0.3235282648609819,
-0.19063656472336218,
-0.4096973107048753,
0.5007163770052809,
0.8610051045045208,
0.41340626498492977,
-1.1437347166028053,
-0.42975132922616416,
0.09258802257074306,
0.004909064504391222,
0.6344763422705886,
-0.3379394790789619,
0.3415776845443371,
-0.2796160773524794,
-1.0129971863622405,
-0.3200787548458613,
0.2647426313253064,
-0.3881165202316851,
0.31148887776736467,
0.03074674659704424,
-0.9621187074546367
```

```
1.2606288630109233,
 0.44800763600328813,
 0.40941039593859463,
 -0.2244014408338056,
-0.2133259917475554,
-0.4400254536302573,
 0.04402941178843598,
 -0.02999593130554015,
 -0.15694137685151804,
 1.5636929883486994,
 -0.5543503967261902,
-1.2282494036817797,
 -0.35882429675740063,
 0.6841834519371304,
 -0.7277546966086514,
 -0.012556068255794214,
 -0.25729881433380436,
 0.66979261222428,
 0.9258305522690313,
 0.3259177290799854,
 0.2524206182407445,
 0.9454695351039355,
 -0.6817373083961092,
 1.2507564751467068,
 -0.26256073365597116,
 -0.60426428059924051
2) Щепото4ка питру
Входные данные:
In [355]:
np A = np.matrix(A, dtype=np.dtype(np.float64))
In [356]:
np_f = np.array(f, dtype=np.dtype(np.float64))
In [181]:
def gaussian_elimination_numpy(A_arg: np.matrix, f_arg: Union[np.matrix, n
p.array]) -> Union[np.matrix, np.array]:
    A, f = np.copy(A arg), np.copy(f arg)
    for i in range(len(A)):
        column = np.abs(A[i:, i])
        leading elem = np.max(column)
        if leading elem == 0.:
            warnings.warn("Determinant equals 0")
            return
        if np.where(column == leading elem)[0][0] != 0:
            pos max = column.argmax() + i
            A[[i, pos_max]] = A[[pos_max, i]]
            f[[i, pos_max]] = f[[pos_max, i]]
        for j in range(i+1, len(A)):
            coef = -(A[j, i]/A[i, i])
```

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```
A[j] = coef * A[i] + A[j]
            f[j] = coef * f[i] + f[j]
    n = f.shape[0]
    X = np.zeros(shape=f.shape)
    X[n-1] = f[n-1]/A[n-1, n-1]
    for i in range (n-2, -1, -1):
        sum elem = sum(A[i, j] * X[j] for j in range(i+1, n))
        X[i] = (f[i] - sum elem)/A[i, i]
    return X
In [250]:
gaussian elimination numpy verified = timeit deco() (gaussian elimination n
umpy)
gaussian elimination numpy verified(np A, np f)
Time of gaussian elimination numpy: 62.90274977684021 sec, 10000
```

00 loops

#### Out [250]:

array([ 0.44088855, -0.36303099, 1.16679833, 0.39356722])

#### In [242]:

```
gaussian elimination numpy big data = timeit deco(1000) (gaussian eliminati
on numpy)
gaussian elimination numpy big data(np rand A, np rand f)
```

Time of gaussian elimination numpy: 16.054409503936768 sec, 1000 loops

### Out[242]:

```
array([ -6.71934594, 4.86748184, 4.74851857, -4.55670187,
       -9.26257797, 5.70422765, 9.75789351, -0.36814302,
       -2.31680848, -2.07590735, 0.53913773, 4.21163372,
        1.79567533, 0.81628661, 5.03272543, -0.74871559,
       -3.59662896, -3.57160479, 6.95928885, -1.12440183,
       -7.69842843,
                    0.65383318, 2.31393969, -6.22804152,
                                 3.78432265, -1.41930681,
       -6.98756728, -3.28159678,
        0.81708834, 0.38541865, -0.03044053, -2.98377972,
       5.04834318, -2.37470309, -0.8756495, 4.89024304,
       4.18296896, 2.27176869, -0.4241246, -6.21783257,
       -0.77512913, 6.22064111,
                                2.58895972, -1.77014225,
       -0.73372351, -7.30187689, -1.66223131, -5.50675426,
       2.5221906, -4.49054631, -2.31933879, -1.26746577,
                    3.74180786,
                                 1.63875098,
                                              7.15595634,
        1.84213797,
       -4.82883895, -1.40693299, -0.61363231, -2.32234089,
       -1.21860884, 0.85656897, 2.39290447, -1.15844858,
       1.90983769, -4.38752418, -0.9054872, 1.21453081,
        1.01554976, 0.09492481, -1.31765631, -1.14094686,
        1.31422363, 6.57181202, 0.94442572, 2.66560377,
       -0.16744522, 6.35694704, -0.29176067, 6.1245141,
      -10.25400986,
                   4.53359295,
                                 1.27364564, -2.19681137,
       -1.55093503, 5.66537775, -3.8360484,
                                             -3.05828103,
        3.98764015, 3.05101524, 1.38816828, -11.21079643,
        1.5998147 , 0.82869714, 2.56626117, 6.3465645 ,
        2.62223904, -0.97872403, -5.27942814, -4.00921628])
```

# 3) Чистый Python + Cython

```
In [16]:
```

```
%load_ext cython
```

```
In [202]:
```

```
%%cython -a
import copy
import warnings
def gaussian elimination clear cython(A arg: list, f arg: list) -> list:
    A, f = copy.deepcopy(A arg), copy.deepcopy(f arg)
    for i in range(len(A)):
        column = [row[i] for row in A][i:]
        if max(column) == 0.:
            warnings.warn("Determinant equals 0")
            return
        max row = max(range(len(column)), key=column. getitem )
        if max row != 0:
            pos max = max row + i
            A[i], A[pos max] = A[pos max], A[i]
            f[i], f[pos max] = f[pos max], f[i]
        for j in range(i+1, len(A)):
            coef = -(A[j][i]/A[i][i])
            A[j] = [coef * A[i][k] + A[j][k] for k in range(len(A[i]))]
            f[j] = coef * f[i] + f[j]
   n = len(f)
   x = [0 \text{ for } in \text{ range(len(f))}]
   x[n-1] = f[n-1]/A[n-1][n-1]
    for i in range (n-2, -1, -1):
        sum elem = sum(A[i][j] * x[j] for j in range(i+1, n))
        x[i] = (f[i] - sum_elem)/A[i][i]
    return x
```

Out[202]:

#### Generated by Cython 0.29.22

```
Yellow lines hint at Python interaction.

Click on a line that starts with a " + " to see the C code that

Cython generated for it.
```

```
+01: import copy
+02: import warnings
03:
04:
+05: def gaussian elimination clear cython(A arg: list, f arg: l
ist) -> list:
        A, f = copy.deepcopy(A arg), copy.deepcopy(f arg)
+06:
       for i in range(len(A)):
+07:
             column = [row[i] for row in A][i:]
+08:
             if max(column) == 0.:
+09:
+10:
                 warnings.warn("Determinant equals 0")
```

```
TECUTII
+12:
             max row = max(range(len(column)), key=column. geti
tem )
             if max row != 0:
+13:
                 pos_max = max row + i
+14:
                 A[i], A[pos max] = A[pos max], A[i]
+15:
                 f[i], f[pos max] = f[pos max], f[i]
+16:
+17:
             for j in range(i+1, len(A)):
+18:
                 coef = -(A[j][i]/A[i][i])
+19:
                 A[j] = [coef * A[i][k] + A[j][k] for k in range
(len(A[i]))]
+20:
                 f[j] = coef * f[i] + f[j]
+21:
         n = len(f)
+22:
        x = [0 \text{ for } in \text{ range(len(f))}]
         x[n-1] = f[n-1]/A[n-1][n-1]
+23:
+24:
         for i in range (n-2, -1, -1):
+25:
             sum_elem = sum(A[i][j] * x[j] for j in range(i+1, n
) )
+26:
             x[i] = (f[i] - sum elem)/A[i][i]
+27:
         return x
In [203]:
gaussian elimination clear cython verified = timeit deco() (gaussian elimin
ation clear cython)
gaussian elimination clear cython verified (A, f)
Time of gaussian elimination clear cython: 18.776877403259277 se
c, 1000000 loops
Out[203]:
[0.4408885508918321,
-0.36303099013644724,
1.166798332275979,
0.3935672231488123]
In [223]:
gaussian_elimination_clear_cython_big_data = timeit_deco(1000) (gaussian_el
imination clear cython)
gaussian elimination clear cython big data(rand A, rand f)
Time of gaussian elimination clear cython: 22.52452850341797 se
c, 1000 loops
Out[223]:
[-0.34254770293648085,
-0.4090914662877756,
-1.2078727120286685,
0.4861769955535396,
 -0.007577820719772972,
-0.43446790366799587,
-0.5014430016320889,
 0.44025060933862636,
 -0.08662577500040863,
```

```
-0.506134318445409,
0.03401775562770983,
-0.033529251830273755,
1.2292013559726096,
0.6797586935311742,
-1.1035810689558565,
-0.42959678440625965,
-0.6789154029728012,
0.07790126393375325,
0.05723676712724389,
0.002729254363397237,
-0.00986275683007534,
-0.8499926194643741,
0.2873363490649973,
0.33551499966598447,
0.6796454141763357,
-0.12376289330421134,
0.343117896709248,
0.14372495364941684,
0.6291132790035244,
0.5313384924405881,
0.5266293025467892,
-1.0396877329964838,
-0.16114840030619001,
-0.058164741646716964,
0.14960522671079973,
0.03460090380298253,
-0.6713101081457877,
-0.2994890951410481,
0.9608903722247057,
-0.393624319891645,
0.9758310181202099,
-1.022813164588696,
0.7989852744760086,
-0.34016752759125163,
-0.30280394481499867,
0.32812582561424425,
1.005253674811869,
-0.36243108806318464,
0.007424022418919655,
0.15551031645501792,
0.4005947477772976,
-0.07270458408938334,
0.6055909630750664,
-0.3235282648609819,
-0.19063656472336218,
-0.4096973107048753,
0.5007163770052809,
0.8610051045045208,
0.41340626498492977,
-1.1437347166028053,
-0.42975132922616416,
0.09258802257074306,
0.004909064504391222,
0.6344763422705886,
-0.3379394790789619,
0.3415776845443371,
-0.2796160773524794,
-1.0129971863622405,
-0 3200787548458613
```

```
U.J2UU/U/JTUTJUULJ,
0.2647426313253064,
-0.3881165202316851,
0.31148887776736467,
0.03074674659704424,
-0.9621187074546367,
1.2606288630109233,
0.44800763600328813,
0.40941039593859463,
-0.2244014408338056,
-0.2133259917475554,
-0.4400254536302573,
0.04402941178843598,
-0.02999593130554015,
-0.15694137685151804,
1.5636929883486994,
-0.5543503967261902,
-1.2282494036817797,
-0.35882429675740063,
0.6841834519371304,
-0.7277546966086514,
-0.012556068255794214,
-0.25729881433380436,
0.66979261222428,
0.9258305522690313,
0.3259177290799854,
0.2524206182407445,
0.9454695351039355,
-0.6817373083961092,
1.2507564751467068,
-0.26256073365597116,
-0.6042642805992405]
```

# 4) Щепото4ка numpy + Cython

#### In [470]:

```
%%cython -a
import warnings
import numpy as np
from typing import Union
def gaussian_elimination_numpy_cython(A_arg: np.matrix, f_arg: Union[np.ma
trix, np.array]) -> Union[np.matrix, np.array]:
    A, f = np.copy(A_arg), np.copy(f_arg)
    for i in range(len(A)):
        column = np.abs(A[i:, i])
        leading elem = np.max(column)
        if leading elem == 0.:
            warnings.warn("Determinant equals 0")
        if np.where(column == leading elem)[0][0] != 0:
            pos max = column.argmax() + i
            A[[i, pos max]] = A[[pos max, i]]
            f[[i, pos max]] = f[[pos max, i]]
        for j in range(i+1, len(A)):
            coef = -(A[j, i]/A[i, i])
            A[j] = coef * A[i] + A[j]
```

```
f[j] = coef * f[i] + f[j]
    n = f.shape[0]
    X = np.zeros(shape=f.shape)
   X[n-1] = f[n-1]/A[n-1, n-1]
    for i in range (n-2, -1, -1):
        sum elem = sum(A[i, j] * X[j] for j in range(i+1, n))
        X[i] = (f[i] - sum_elem)/A[i, i]
    return X
Out[470]:
```

```
Generated by Cython 0.29.22
Yellow lines hint at Python interaction.
Click on a line that starts with a " + " to see the C code that
Cython generated for it.
+01: import warnings
+02: import numpy as np
+03: from typing import Union
04:
05:
+06: def gaussian elimination numpy cython (A arg: np.matrix, f a
rg: Union[np.matrix, np.array]) -> Union[np.matrix, np.array]:
         A, f = np.copy(A arg), np.copy(f arg)
         for i in range(len(A)):
+08:
+09:
             column = np.abs(A[i:, i])
+10:
             leading elem = np.max(column)
+11:
             if leading elem == 0.:
                 warnings.warn("Determinant equals 0")
+12:
+13:
+14:
             if np.where(column == leading elem)[0][0] != 0:
+15:
                 pos max = column.argmax() + i
+16:
                 A[[i, pos max]] = A[[pos max, i]]
+17:
                 f[[i, pos max]] = f[[pos max, i]]
+18:
             for j in range(i+1, len(A)):
+19:
                 coef = -(A[j, i]/A[i, i])
+20:
                 A[j] = coef * A[i] + A[j]
+21:
                 f[j] = coef * f[i] + f[j]
+22:
       n = f.shape[0]
+23:
        X = np.zeros(shape=f.shape)
        X[n-1] = f[n-1]/A[n-1, n-1]
+24:
         for i in range (n-2, -1, -1):
+25:
+26:
             sum elem = sum(A[i, j] * X[j] for j in range(i+1, n
) )
+27:
             X[i] = (f[i] - sum elem)/A[i, i]
+28. return Y
```

In [249]:

gaussian elimination numpy cython verified = timeit deco() (gaussian elimin

```
ation numpy cython)
gaussian elimination_numpy_cython_verified(np_A, np_f)
Time of gaussian elimination numpy cython: 64.43942546844482 se
c, 1000000 loops
Out[249]:
array([ 0.44088855, -0.36303099, 1.16679833, 0.39356722])
In [241]:
gaussian elimination numpy cython big data = timeit deco(1000) (gaussian el
imination numpy cython)
gaussian elimination numpy cython big data(np rand A, np rand f)
Time of gaussian elimination numpy cython: 15.401480674743652 se
c, 1000 loops
Out[241]:
                    4.86748184,
                                 4.74851857, -4.55670187,
array([-6.71934594,
       -9.26257797, 5.70422765, 9.75789351, -0.36814302,
       -2.31680848, -2.07590735, 0.53913773,
                                               4.21163372,
        1.79567533,
                    0.81628661,
                                 5.03272543, -0.74871559,
                                 6.95928885, -1.12440183,
       -3.59662896, -3.57160479,
       -7.69842843, 0.65383318, 2.31393969, -6.22804152,
       -6.98756728, -3.28159678, 3.78432265, -1.41930681,
                    0.38541865, -0.03044053, -2.98377972,
        0.81708834,
                                                4.89024304,
        5.04834318, -2.37470309,
                                 -0.8756495 ,
        4.18296896, 2.27176869, -0.4241246,
                                              -6.21783257,
       -0.77512913,
                    6.22064111,
                                  2.58895972, -1.77014225,
                    -7.30187689,
       -0.73372351,
                                  -1.66223131, -5.50675426,
                                 -2.31933879, -1.26746577,
        2.5221906 , -4.49054631,
        1.84213797, 3.74180786, 1.63875098, 7.15595634,
       -4.82883895, -1.40693299, -0.61363231, -2.32234089,
                    0.85656897,
                                  2.39290447,
       -1.21860884,
                                               -1.15844858,
                                                1.21453081,
        1.90983769, -4.38752418, -0.9054872,
        1.01554976, 0.09492481, -1.31765631, -1.14094686,
                    6.57181202,
                                  0.94442572,
                                               2.66560377,
        1.31422363,
                    6.35694704,
                                 -0.29176067,
       -0.16744522,
                                                6.1245141 ,
      -10.25400986, 4.53359295, 1.27364564, -2.19681137,
       -1.55093503, 5.66537775, -3.8360484, -3.05828103,
                                 1.38816828, -11.21079643,
                    3.05101524,
        3.98764015,
        1.5998147 , 0.82869714, 2.56626117, 6.3465645 ,
        2.62223904, -0.97872403, -5.27942814, -4.00921628])
5) Итоги
In [251]:
```

```
pd.read_json("gaussian_verified_data.json").sort_values(by="time (sec)").s
tyle.set_properties(**{'font-size': '16pt'})
```

Out [251]:

clear Python + 1000000 18.776877

```
0 Clear Python 1000000 25.075198

1 numpy 1000000 62.902750

3 numpy + Cython 1000000 64.439425
```

# In [252]:

```
pd.read_json("gaussian_big_data.json").sort_values(by="time (sec)").style.
set_properties(**{'font-size': '16pt'})
```

#### Out[252]:

			name	loops	time (sec)
3		numpy +	Cython	1000	15.401481
1			numpy	1000	16.054410
2	Clear	Python +	Cython	1000	22.524529
0		Clear	Python	1000	51.970588

# 3) Метод наискорейшего спуска

# 0. Предварительная работа

Входные данные:

# In [422]:

#### In [466]:

```
f = [0.3, 0.5, 0.7, 0.9]
np_f = np.array(f, dtype=np.dtype(np.float64))
```

Умножение матриц

#### In [467]:

Скалярное произведение

```
In [454]:
```

```
def dot(mat1, mat2):
    return sum(x[0] * y[0] for x, y in zip(mat1, mat2))
```

# 1) Чистый Python

```
In [462]:
```

```
def steepest_descent_method_clear(A_arg: list, f_arg: list, K_max: int) ->
list:
    A, f = copy.deepcopy(A_arg), copy.deepcopy(f_arg)
    x = [[0] for _ in range(len(f))]
    for k in range(K_max):
        mul = matmul(A, x)
        r = [[f[i] - mul[i][0]] for i in range(len(f))]
        alpha = dot(r, r)/dot(matmul(A, r), r)
        x = [[x[i][0] + alpha * r[i][0]] for i in range(len(x))]
    return x
```

#### In [463]:

```
steepest_descent_method_clear_verified = timeit_deco()(steepest_descent_me
thod_clear)
steepest_descent_method_clear_verified(A, f, 10)
```

Time of steepest\_descent\_method\_clear: 142.95242381095886 sec, 1
000000 loops

#### Out[463]:

```
[[0.10056807326359224],
[0.2256523011705975],
[0.2609940631555897],
[0.3500720527873754]]
```

### 2) numpy

#### In [461]:

```
def steepest_descent_method_numpy(A_arg: np.matrix, f_arg: np.array, K_max
: int) -> np.array:
    A, f = np.copy(A_arg), np.copy(f_arg)
    if not np.all(np.linalg.eigvals(A) > 0):
        warnings.warn("Matrix is not positive definite")
        return
    elif not np.allclose(A, A.T):
        warnings.warn("Matrix is not symmetric")
        return
    elif K max < 0:</pre>
```

```
warnings.warn("The number of iterations cannot be negative")
return

x = np.zeros(f.shape, dtype=np.dtype(np.float64))
for k in range(K_max):
    r = np.squeeze(np.asarray(f - np.matmul(A, x)))
    alpha = (np.dot(r, r)/np.dot(np.matmul(A, r), r)).item(0)
    x = x + alpha * r
return x
```

#### In [443]:

```
steepest_descent_method_numpy_verified = timeit_deco()(steepest_descent_me
thod_numpy)
steepest_descent_method_numpy_verified(np_A, np_f, 10)
```

```
Time of steepest_descent_method_numpy: 154.923086643219 sec, 100 0000 loops
Out[443]:
```

array([0.10056807, 0.2256523 , 0.26099406, 0.35007205])

## 3) Чистый Python + Cython

#### In [465]:

```
%%cython -a
import copy
from __main__ import matmul
from __main__ import dot

def steepest_descent_method_clear_cython(A_arg: list, f_arg: list, K_max:
int) -> list:
    A, f = copy.deepcopy(A_arg), copy.deepcopy(f_arg)
    x = [[0] for _ in range(len(f))]
    for k in range(K_max):
        mul = matmul(A, x)
        r = [[f[i] - mul[i][0]] for i in range(len(f))]
        alpha = dot(r, r)/dot(matmul(A, r), r)
        x = [[x[i][0] + alpha * r[i][0]] for i in range(len(x))]
    return x
```

#### Out[465]:

#### Generated by Cython 0.29.22

```
Yellow lines hint at Python interaction.

Click on a line that starts with a " + " to see the C code that

Cython generated for it.

+01: import copy
```

```
+01: import copy

+02: from __main__ import matmul

+03: from __main__ import dot

04:
```

05:

+06: **def** steepest descent method clear cython(A arg: list, f arg

```
: list, K max: int) -> list:
        A, f = copy.deepcopy(A_arg), copy.deepcopy(f_arg)
+07:
+08:
       x = [[0]  for in range(len(f))]
        for k in range(K max):
+09:
+10:
             mul = matmul(A, x)
+11:
             r = [[f[i] - mul[i][0]] for i in range(len(f))]
             alpha = dot(r, r)/dot(matmul(A, r), r)
+12:
+13:
             x = [[x[i][0] + alpha * r[i][0]]  for i in range(len
(x))]
+14:
         return x
```

#### In [468]:

```
steepest_descent_method_clear_cython_verified = timeit_deco() (steepest_descent_method_clear_cython)
steepest_descent_method_clear_cython_verified(A, f, 10)

Time of steepest_descent_method_clear_cython: 128.13575959205627
sec, 1000000 loops

Out[468]:
[[0.10056807326359224],
[0.2256523011705975],
[0.2609940631555897],
[0.3500720527873754]]
```

# 4) numpy + Cython

# In [469]:

```
%%cython -a
import warnings
import numpy as np
from typing import Union
def steepest descent method numpy cython (A arg: np.matrix, f arg: np.array
, K max: int) -> np.array:
    A, f = np.copy(A arg), np.copy(f arg)
    if not np.all(np.linalg.eigvals(A) > 0):
        warnings.warn("Matrix is not positive definite")
        return
    elif not np.allclose(A, A.T):
        warnings.warn("Matrix is not symmetric")
    elif K max < 0:</pre>
        warnings.warn("The number of iterations cannot be negative")
    x = np.zeros(f.shape, dtype=np.dtype(np.float64))
    for k in range(K max):
        r = np.squeeze(np.asarray(f - np.matmul(A, x)))
        alpha = (np.dot(r, r)/np.dot(np.matmul(A, r), r)).item(0)
        x = x + alpha * r
    return x
```

Generated by Cython 0.29.22

In [484]:

```
Yellow lines hint at Python interaction.
Click on a line that starts with a " + " to see the C code that
Cython generated for it.
+01: import warnings
+02: import numpy as np
+03: from typing import Union
 04:
 05:
+06: def steepest descent method numpy cython (A arg: np.matrix,
f arg: np.array, K max: int) -> np.array:
+07:
         A, f = np.copy(A arg), np.copy(f arg)
+08:
         if not np.all(np.linalg.eigvals(A) > 0):
             warnings.warn("Matrix is not positive definite")
+09:
+10:
             return
+11:
         elif not np.allclose(A, A.T):
+12:
             warnings.warn("Matrix is not symmetric")
+13:
+14:
         elif K max < 0:</pre>
+15:
             warnings.warn("The number of iterations cannot be n
egative")
+16:
             return
+17:
         x = np.zeros(f.shape, dtype=np.dtype(np.float64))
+18:
         for k in range(K max):
+19:
             r = np.squeeze(np.asarray(f - np.matmul(A, x)))
+20:
             alpha = (np.dot(r, r)/np.dot(np.matmul(A, r), r)).i
tem(0)
+21:
             x = x + alpha * r
+22:
         return x
In [472]:
steepest descent method numpy cython verified = timeit deco()(steepest des
cent method numpy cython)
steepest descent method numpy cython verified (A, f, 10)
Time of steepest descent method numpy cython: 158.60338521003723
sec, 1000000 loops
Out[472]:
array([0.10056807, 0.2256523, 0.26099406, 0.35007205])
5) Итоги
```

pd.read\_json("steepest\_descent\_verified\_data.json").sort\_values(by="time
 (sec)").style.set\_properties(\*\*{'font-size': '16pt'})

# Out[484]:

	name	loops	time (sec)
2	Clear Python + Cython	1000000	128.135760
0	Clear Python	1000000	142.952424
1	numpy	1000000	154.923087
3	numpy + Cython	1000000	158.603385