

## Divide and Conquer

Below is an implementation of a divide and conquer solution to the maxima set problem. It will be discussed in lab.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>

5 typedef struct {
    int x;
    int y;
    int ismax;
} Point;

10 typedef struct {
    struct Point *points;
    int length;
} PointHolder;

15

int lexicompare(Point, Point);
Point findSmallest(PointHolder);
PointHolder maximaSet(PointHolder);

20

int lexicompare(Point u, Point v){
    int diff = u.x - v.x;
25     if(diff != 0) {
        return diff;
    }
    return u.y - v.y;
30 }

Point findSmallest(PointHolder ph){
    int length = ph.length;
    Point *points = (Point *) ph.points;
35     int i;
    int xmin = 65;
    int ymin = 65;
    Point min;
    for(i=0; i < length; i++){
40         if (points[i].ismax ==0)
            continue;
        if(points[i].x < xmin){
            xmin = points[i].x;
            ymin = points[i].y;
45         } else if (points[i].x == xmin && points[i].y < ymin){
            ymin = points[i].y;
        }
    }
    min.x = xmin;
```

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50     min.y = ymin;
    return min;
}

55 PointHolder maximaSet(PointHolder partition){
    Point l[64];
    Point g[64];
    Point *part = partition.points;
    Point pivot = part[0];
60     int diff, i;
    int count, lcount = 0, gcount = 0, pcount=0;

    if (partition.length <= 1){
        return partition;
65     }

    for(pcount = 1; pcount < partition.length; pcount ++){
        if (part[pcount].ismax ==0)
            continue;
70         diff = lexicompare(pivot, part[pcount]);
        if (diff >= 0) {
            l[lcount] = part[pcount];
            lcount++;
        }else{
75             g[gcount] = part[pcount];
            gcount++;
        }
    }
    g[gcount] = pivot;
80     gcount++;
    PointHolder lholder, gholder;
    lholder.points = l;
    lholder.length = lcount;
    gholder.points = g;
85     gholder.length = gcount;

    PointHolder lmax = maximaSet(lholder);
    PointHolder gmax = maximaSet(gholder);
90     Point min = findSmallest(gmax);

    Point * lmaxpoints = lmax.points;
    Point * gmaxpoints = gmax.points;
95

    for(i=0; i < lmax.length; i++) {
        if (lmaxpoints[i].x <= min.x && lmaxpoints[i].y <= min.y){
            lmaxpoints[i].ismax = 0;
        }
100    }

    Point *points = (Point *)malloc((gmax.length+lmax.length)*sizeof(Point));
```

```
count=0;
for (i=0; i < lmax.length; i++){
105     if (lmaxpoints[i].ismax){
        points[count] = lmaxpoints[i];
        count++;
    }
}

110
for (i=0; i < gmax.length; i++) {
    if (gmaxpoints[i].ismax){
        points[count] = gmaxpoints[i];
        count++;
115    }
}

PointHolder u;
u.length = count;
120 u.points = points;
if (lmax.length > 1)
    free(lmaxpoints);
if (gmax.length > 1)
    free(gmaxpoints);
125 return u;
}

130 int main() {
    Point mypoints[64];
    PointHolder maxima;
    PointHolder initial;
    int i;
135 srand(time(NULL));

    for (i=0; i < 64; i++) {
        mypoints[i].x = (rand() % 64);
        mypoints[i].y = (rand() % 64);
140 mypoints[i].ismax = 1;
        printf("%d,%d\n", mypoints[i].x, mypoints[i].y);
    }

    initial.points = mypoints;
145 initial.length = 64;

    maxima = maximaSet(initial);
    printf("\n-----\n\n");
    Point *maximapoints = maxima.points;
150 for (i=0; i < maxima.length; i++) {
        printf("%d,%d\n", (maximapoints[i]).x, (maximapoints[i]).y);
    }

155 if (maxima.length > 1)
```

```
        free(maxima.points);  
  
    return 0;  
}
```