## **Worksheet on Determining Big-O**

## **Hierarchy of orders**

Use this ordering of orders in determining the Big-O of the functions below  $O(1) \subset O(\log(n)) \subset O(n^{1/2}) \subset O(n) \subset O(n\log(n)) \subset O(n^2) \subset O(n^3) \subset ... \subset O(2^n) \subset O(n!)$ 

## **Problems**

For each function f (where n is a positive integer, i.e. n = 0, 1, 2, ...) determine the smallest function g in the order hierarchy such that f is O(g).

1. 
$$f(n)=(2+n)(3+\log(n))$$

2. 
$$f(n) = 12 \log(n) + \frac{n}{2} - 3452$$

3. 
$$f(n)=1+2+3+...+n$$

4. 
$$f(n)=1^2+2^2+3^2+...+n^2$$

5. 
$$f(n)=n(3+n)-7n$$

6. 
$$f(n)=7n+(n+1)\log(n-4)$$

7. 
$$f(n) = \log(n^2) + n$$

8. 
$$f(n) = \frac{(n+1)\log(n+1) - (n+1) + 1}{n}$$

9. 
$$f(n)=n+n/2+n/4+n/8+...$$