

# Apriori Algorithm

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## Theme

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## Data

```
In[13]:= (* Data definition *)
x1 = {"Beer", "Nappies", "Tomatoes"};
x2 = {"Beer", "Nappies", "Crisps"};
x3 = {"Crisps"};
x4 = {"Beer", "Nappies", "Crisps"};

M = 4;
X = Table[xi, {i, 1, M}]; (* List with all transactions *)
s_min = 0.4;
k_min = 0.8; (* Reduce the rule output *)
```

# Algorithm

## Implementation

```
In[21]:= (* Functions *)
support[Y_] := 
$$\frac{\text{Count}[X, i\_ /; \text{ContainsAll}[i, Y]]}{M}$$
;
(* Count each transaction which covers Y completely *)
confidence[Y_, Z_] := 
$$\frac{\text{support}[Y \cup Z]}{\text{support}[Y]}$$
;

step2CalcSupport[] := (
  (* Each element from  $H_n$  with it's support *)
  Sn = ({#, support[#]}) & /@ Hn // N;
);
step3MinSupport[] := (
  (* Keep only elements from  $H_n$  which fulfill the support condition *)
  In = Cases[Hn, Y_ /; support[Y] ≥ smin];
  Print[ToString[Subscript["I", n], StandardForm] <> " = " <> ToString[In, StandardForm]];
);
step4Merge[] := (
  I = I ∪ In;
  Print["I = " <> ToString[I, StandardForm]];
);
step5SizeIncrease[] := (
  (* Find next elements *)
  Hn+1 = Union[Sort[(* Keep a sorted list without duplicates *)
    Cases[
      Flatten[Outer[(Flatten@{#1 ∪ #2}) &, I1, In, 1], 1],
      (* Cartesian cross product between In and I1 *)
      Y_ /; Length[Y] ≥ n + 1 (* Keep only elements with proper length *)
    ]
  ]];
  Print[ToString[Subscript["H", n + 1], StandardForm] <> " = " <> ToString[Hn+1, StandardForm]];
);
step6Increment[] := (
  ++n;
  Print["n = " <> ToString[n, StandardForm]];
);
```

## Step I

```
In[28]:= n = 1;
I = {};
H1 = ({#}) & /@ Union[Flatten[X, 1]]

Out[30]:= {{Beer}, {Crisps}, {Nappies}, {Tomatoes}}
```

```

In[31]:= While[True,
  step2CalcSupport[];
  step3MinSupport[];
  If[Length[In] == 0,
    Print["Algorithm terminated"];
    Break[]
  ];
  step4Merge[];
  step5SizeIncrease[];
  step6Increment[];
]
I1 = {{Beer}, {Crisps}, {Nappies}}
I = {{Beer}, {Crisps}, {Nappies}}
H2 = {{Beer, Crisps}, {Beer, Nappies}, {Crisps, Nappies}}
n = 2
I2 = {{Beer, Crisps}, {Beer, Nappies}, {Crisps, Nappies}}
I = {{Beer}, {Crisps}, {Nappies}, {Beer, Crisps}, {Beer, Nappies}, {Crisps, Nappies}}
H3 = {{Beer, Crisps, Nappies}}
n = 3
I3 = {{Beer, Crisps, Nappies}}
I = {{Beer}, {Crisps}, {Nappies}, {Beer,
  Crisps}, {Beer, Nappies}, {Crisps, Nappies}, {Beer, Crisps, Nappies}}
H4 = {}
n = 4
I4 = {}
Algorithm terminated

In[32]:= popularSets = (# → support[#] &) /@ I;
SortBy[popularSets, #[[2]] &] // TableForm

```

Out[33]//TableForm=

```

{Beer, Crisps} →  $\frac{1}{2}$ 
{Crisps, Nappies} →  $\frac{1}{2}$ 
{Beer, Crisps, Nappies} →  $\frac{1}{2}$ 
{Beer} →  $\frac{3}{4}$ 
{Crisps} →  $\frac{3}{4}$ 
{Nappies} →  $\frac{3}{4}$ 
{Beer, Nappies} →  $\frac{3}{4}$ 

```

## Step 2

```
In[34]:= rules = Flatten[
  (* Iterate over each element in  $\mathcal{I}$  *)
  Module[{element, singleElements, singleElement, compl, konf, result = {}},
    element = #; (* {"Drucker", "Hut", "Schal"} *)

    Do[
      (* All i-th parts of the current element:
        i=1: {{"Drucker"}, {"Hut"}, {"Schal"}} and
        i=2: {{"Drucker", "Hut"}, {"Drucker", "Schal"}, {"Hut", "Schal"}}
      *)
      singleElements = Subsets[element, {i}];

      (* Iterate over each element in the subset,
        place each element on the right side *)
      singleElement = #; (* {"Drucker"} *)
      compl = Complement[element, singleElement]; (* {"Hut", "Schal"} *)
      konf = confidence[compl, singleElement];
      (* {"Hut", "Schal"} → {"Drucker"} *)
      AppendTo[result, {compl → singleElement, konf}];
    ] & /@ singleElements;

    , {i, 1, Length[element] - 1}];

  result
] & /@ Cases[ $\mathcal{I}$ , Y_ /; Length[Y] ≥ 2], 1] // N;
```

All rules:

```
In[35]:= rules // TableForm

Out[35]//TableForm=
{Crisps} → {Beer}          0.666667
{Beer} → {Crisps}          0.666667
{Nappies} → {Beer}         1.
{Beer} → {Nappies}         1.
{Nappies} → {Crisps}       0.666667
{Crisps} → {Nappies}       0.666667
{Crisps, Nappies} → {Beer} 1.
{Beer, Nappies} → {Crisps} 0.666667
{Beer, Crisps} → {Nappies} 1.
{Nappies} → {Beer, Crisps} 0.666667
{Crisps} → {Beer, Nappies} 0.666667
{Beer} → {Crisps, Nappies} 0.666667
```

Only rules which fulfil the confidence constraint:

```
In[36]:= Cases[
  SortBy[rules, #[[2]] &],
  Y_ /; Y[[2]] ≥ kmin
] // TableForm

Out[36]//TableForm=
{Beer} → {Nappies}          1.
{Nappies} → {Beer}          1.
{Beer, Crisps} → {Nappies}  1.
{Crisps, Nappies} → {Beer}   1.
```

```

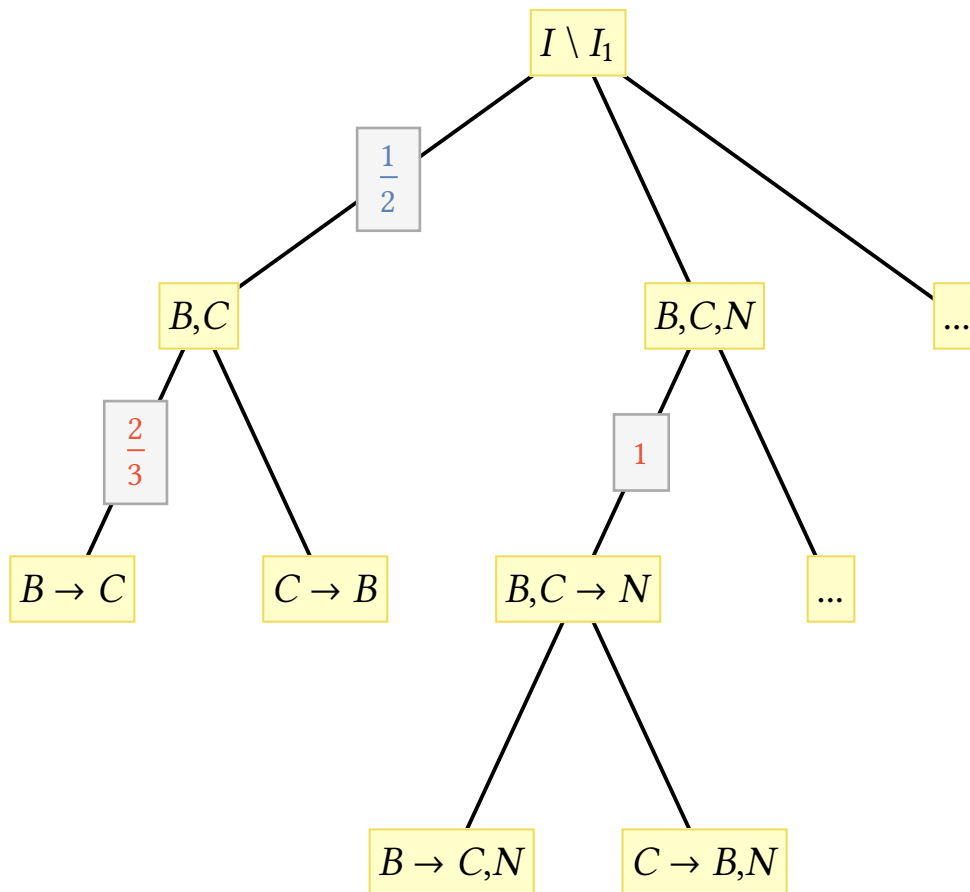
In[37]:= reLabelF[verts_, labels_] [tp_] :=
  tp /. (Framed[#, p__] => Framed[#2, p] &@@@ Transpose[{verts, labels}])

labels = {
  Row[{it["I"], " \\", "I_1"}],
  Row[{it["B"], ",", it["C"]}],
  Row[{it["B"], ",", it["C"], ",", it["N"]}],
  "...",
  Row[{it["B"], " → ", it["C"]}],
  Row[{it["C"], " → ", it["B"]}],
  Row[{it["B"], ",", it["C"], " → ", it["N"]}],
  "...",
  Row[{it["B"], " → ", it["C"], ",", it["N"]}],
  Row[{it["C"], " → ", it["B"], ",", it["N"]}]
};

TreePlot[{
  {1 → 2,  $\frac{1}{2}$ },
  1 → 3,
  1 → 4,
  {2 → 5,  $\frac{2}{3}$ },
  2 → 6,
  {3 → 7, 1},
  3 → 8,
  7 → 9,
  7 → 10
},
VertexLabeling → True,
ImageSize → Large,
EdgeRenderingFunction →
  ( {Thick, Line[#1], If[#3 === None, {}, Text[Panel@StandardForm@Style[#3,
    {
      #3 ==  $\frac{1}{2}$ , FontFamily → "Libertinus Serif", FontSize → 18], Mean@#1]]} &
    {
      True
    }
  )
] // reLabelF[Range[10], Style[#, 22, FontFamily → "Libertinus Serif"] &/@labels]

```

Out[39]=



## Supplementary questions

- We can see from the transaction table that the minimum confidence is  $\frac{2}{3}$  for possible rules of  $I$  (this is also confirmed by the results above). To get a small value for the confidence, we need the numerator to be as small as possible and the denominator to be as large as possible, i.e.

$$\text{conf}(X \rightarrow Y) = \frac{\text{support}(X \cup Y)}{\text{support}(X)} \Rightarrow \frac{\text{as small as possible}}{\text{as large as possible}} \Rightarrow \frac{0.4}{0.6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

- $\text{support}(X \cup Y) = \frac{2}{5}$  because in all combinations of  $\{B, N, C\}$  at least two transactions remain.
- $\text{support}(X) = \frac{3}{5}$  because each item is not bought more than three times ( $X$  must be a single-item set since more items can only decrease the support).
- The rules  $C \rightarrow T$  and  $T \rightarrow C$  have both a confidence value of 0 since the two items do not co-occur.