

Midterm (Solution)

1. (20p) Construct the truth table for the proposition $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg p \rightarrow r)$

Solution :

p	q	r	$\neg p$	$p \rightarrow q$	$\neg p \rightarrow r$	$(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg p \rightarrow r)$
1	1	1	0	1	1	1
1	1	0	0	1	1	1
1	0	1	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	1	1	1	1	1	1
0	1	0	1	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	1	1
0	0	0	1	1	0	0

2. (20p) Prove that if $3n^2 + 2n + 3$ is even integer, then n is odd integer.

Solution :

(Proof by Contrapositive)

$$p \rightarrow q \equiv \neg q \rightarrow \neg p$$

If n is not odd integer, then $3n^2 + 2n + 3$ is not even integer

assume n is not odd integer (even integer),

$$n = 2k, \exists k \in \mathbb{Z}, \text{ then } 3n^2 + 2n + 3 = 12k^2 + 4k + 3$$

$$3n^2 + 2n + 3 = 2(6k^2 + 2k + 1) + 1$$

$$3n^2 + 2n + 3 = 2m + 1, \exists m \in \mathbb{Z},$$

then $3n^2 + 2n + 3$ is not even integer

(Proof by Contradiction)

$$\text{assume } \neg(p \rightarrow q) \equiv \neg(\neg p \vee q) \equiv p \wedge \neg q$$

assume $3n^2 + 2n + 3$ is even integer and n is even integer,

$$n = 2k, \exists k \in \mathbb{Z}, \text{ then } 3n^2 + 2n + 3 = 12k^2 + 4k + 3$$

$$3n^2 + 2n + 3 = 2(6k^2 + 2k + 1) + 1$$

$$3n^2 + 2n + 3 = 2m + 1, \exists m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

then $3n^2 + 2n + 3$ is odd integer ($\neg p$), it is a contradiction. Thus, $(p \rightarrow q)$ must be true.

3. (20p) What value is returned by the following algorithm? What is its basic operation? How many times is the basic operation executed? Give the worst-case running time of the algorithm using Big Oh notation.

Cardano (n)

input : a positive integer n

$r \leftarrow 0$

for $i = 1$ to $2n$

for $j = 1$ to n

for $k = 1$ to $3n$

$r \leftarrow r + 5$

return r

Solution :

basic operation(s) : $r \leftarrow r + 5$ (addition and assignment, can be considered as just 1 operation)

$T(n)$: $\sum_{i=1}^{2n} \sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^{3n} 1 = 6n^3 = O(n^3)$

returned value : $5T(n)$

4. (20p) Given the sets $A = \{a, b, c\}$ and $B = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$,

a) How many one-to-one functions are there from A to B?

a) How many onto functions are there from A to B?

Solution :

a) $P(6, 3) = 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 = 120$

b) since $|A| < |B|$, onto functions cannot be defined

5. (20p) In how many ways can 4 men and 4 women be seated if no two men and no two women sit next to each other? (linear)

Solution :

$M F M F M F M F$ or $F M F M F M F M$ (linear, not circular), $2 \cdot 4! \cdot 4! = 1152$