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|---------------|------------------------|
| Topic | ORACLE Analytic SQL |
| Document Name | AnalyticSQL01-EX-01-05 |
| | Enes Tahtaci |

Exercise EX -01:

Definiton : 1-List employees' first name and last name in same department in one row.

Firstname Lastname; Firstname Lastname ;

| |
|---|
| DEP/ SONUC |
| 10 Jennifer Whalen; |
| 20 Michael Hartstein;Pat Fay; |
| 30 Alexander Khoo;Den Raphaely;Guy Himuro;Karen Colmenares;Shelli Baida;Sigal Tobias; |
| 40 Susan Mavris; |
| 50 Adam Fripp;Alana Walsh;Alexis Bull;Anthony Cabrio;Britney Everett;Curtis Davies;Donald OConnell;Douglas Grant;Girard Geoni;Hazel Philtar; |
| 60 Alexander Hunold;Bruce Ernst;David Austin;Diana Lorentz;Valli Pataballa; |
| 70 Hermann Baer; |
| 80 Alberto Errazuriz;Allan McEwen;Alyssa Hutton;Amit Banda;Charles Johnson;Christopher Olsen;Clara Vishney;Danielle Greene;David Bernstein;David Lee;Eleni Zlotkey;Elizabeth Bates;Ellen Abel;Gerald Cambrault;Harrison Bloom;Jack Livingston;Janette King;John Russell;Jonathon Taylor;Karen Partners; |
| 90 Lex De Haan;Neena Kochhar;Steven King; |
| 100 Daniel Faviet;Ismael Sciarra;John Chen;Jose Manuel Urman;Luis Popp;Nancy Greenberg; |
| 110 Shelley Higgins;William Gietz; |
| Kimberely Grant; |

Screenshot:

| Worksheet | Query Builder |
|--|--|
| <pre>-- AnalyticSQL01-EX-01; SELECT department_id, LISTAGG(CONCAT(first_name ' ' last_name, ';')) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY first_name) AS newList FROM employees GROUP BY department_id;</pre> | |
| Query Result x Query Result 1 x Query Result 2 x Query Result 3 x Query Result 4 x | |
| SQL All Rows Fetched: 12 in 0.003 seconds | |
| DEPARTMENT_ID | NEWLIST |
| 1 | 10 Jennifer Whalen; |
| 2 | 20 Michael Hartstein;Pat Fay; |
| 3 | 30 Alexander Khoo;Den Raphaely;Guy Himuro;Karen Colmenares;Shelli Baida;Sigal Tobias; |
| 4 | 40 Susan Mavris; |
| 5 | 50 Adam Fripp;Alana Walsh;Alexis Bull;Anthony Cabrio;Britney Everett;Curtis Davies;Donald OConnell;Douglas Grant;Girard Geoni;Hazel Philtar; |
| 6 | 60 Alexander Hunold;Bruce Ernst;David Austin;Diana Lorentz;Valli Pataballa; |
| 7 | 70 Hermann Baer; |
| 8 | 80 Alberto Errazuriz;Allan McEwen;Alyssa Hutton;Amit Banda;Charles Johnson;Christopher Olsen;Clara Vishney;Danielle Greene;David Bernstein; |
| 9 | 90 Lex De Haan;Neena Kochhar;Steven King; |
| 10 | 100 Daniel Faviet;Ismael Sciarra;John Chen;Jose Manuel Urman;Luis Popp;Nancy Greenberg; |
| 11 | 110 Shelley Higgins;William Gietz; |
| 12 | (null) Kimberely Grant; |

Exercise EX -02:

Definiton : Write a SQL statement that shows employees' preceeding 1 and following 1 salary totals in same job_id and ordered by hiredate.

Screenshot:

Worksheet

Query Builder

```
-- AnalyticsSQL01-EX-02;
SELECT employee_id, job_id, hire_date, salary,
       LAG(salary, 1, 0) OVER (PARTITION BY job_id ORDER BY hire_date) AS preceding_salary,
       LEAD(salary, 1, 0) OVER (PARTITION BY job_id ORDER BY hire_date) AS following_salary,
       (salary +
        LAG(salary, 1, 0) OVER (PARTITION BY job_id ORDER BY hire_date) +
        LEAD(salary, 1, 0) OVER (PARTITION BY job_id ORDER BY hire_date)) AS total_salary
FROM employees
ORDER BY job_id, hire_date;
```

Query Result x | Query Result 1 x | Query Result 2 x | Query Result 3 x | Query Result 4 x

SQL | Fetched 50 rows in 0.005 seconds

| | EMPLOYEE_ID | JOB_ID | HIRE_DATE | SALARY | PRECEDING_SALARY | FOLLOWING_SALARY | TOTAL_SALARY |
|----|-------------|------------|-----------|--------|------------------|------------------|--------------|
| 1 | 206 | AC_ACCOUNT | 07-JUN-02 | 8300 | 0 | 0 | 8300 |
| 2 | 205 | AC_MGR | 07-JUN-02 | 12008 | 0 | 0 | 12008 |
| 3 | 200 | AD_ASST | 17-SEP-03 | 4400 | 0 | 0 | 4400 |
| 4 | 100 | AD_PRES | 17-JUN-03 | 24000 | 0 | 0 | 24000 |
| 5 | 102 | AD_VP | 13-JAN-01 | 17000 | 0 | 17000 | 34000 |
| 6 | 101 | AD_VP | 21-SEP-05 | 17000 | 17000 | 0 | 34000 |
| 7 | 109 | FI_ACCOUNT | 16-AUG-02 | 9000 | 0 | 8200 | 17200 |
| 8 | 110 | FI_ACCOUNT | 28-SEP-05 | 8200 | 9000 | 7700 | 24900 |
| 9 | 111 | FI_ACCOUNT | 30-SEP-05 | 7700 | 8200 | 7800 | 23700 |
| 10 | 112 | FI_ACCOUNT | 07-MAR-06 | 7800 | 7700 | 6900 | 22400 |
| 11 | 113 | FI_ACCOUNT | 07-DEC-07 | 6900 | 7800 | 0 | 14700 |
| 12 | 108 | FI_MGR | 17-AUG-02 | 12008 | 0 | 0 | 12008 |
| 13 | 203 | HR_REP | 07-JUN-02 | 6500 | 0 | 0 | 6500 |
| 14 | 105 | IT_PROG | 25-JUN-05 | 4800 | 0 | 9000 | 13800 |
| 15 | 103 | IT_PROG | 03-JAN-06 | 9000 | 4800 | 4800 | 18600 |
| 16 | 106 | IT_PROG | 05-FEB-06 | 4800 | 9000 | 4200 | 18000 |
| 17 | 107 | IT_PROG | 07-FEB-07 | 4200 | 4800 | 6000 | 15000 |
| 18 | 104 | IT_PROG | 21-MAY-07 | 6000 | 4200 | 0 | 10200 |
| 19 | 201 | MK_MAN | 17-FEB-04 | 13000 | 0 | 0 | 13000 |
| 20 | 202 | MK_REP | 17-AUG-05 | 6000 | 0 | 0 | 6000 |
| 21 | 204 | PR_REP | 07-JUN-02 | 10000 | 0 | 0 | 10000 |
| 22 | 115 | PU_CLERK | 18-MAY-03 | 3100 | 0 | 2800 | 5900 |
| 23 | 117 | PU_CLERK | 24-JUL-05 | 2800 | 3100 | 2900 | 8800 |

Exercise EX -03:

Definiton : List employees' salary orders in their department and exclude highest salaried employee.

(Hint: ROW_NUMBER)

Screenshot:

Worksheet

Query Builder

-- AnalyticSQL01-EX-03;
WITH RankedSalaries AS (
 SELECT employee_id, department_id, salary,
 ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY department_id ORDER BY salary DESC) AS salary_rank
 FROM employees
)
SELECT employee_id, department_id, salary, salary_rank
FROM RankedSalaries
WHERE salary_rank > 1
ORDER BY department_id, salary_rank;

Query Result x | Query Result 1 x | Query Result 2 x | Query Result 3 x | Query Result 4 x

SQL | Fetched 50 rows in 0.002 seconds

| | EMPLOYEE_ID | DEPARTMENT_ID | SALARY | SALARY_RANK |
|----|-------------|---------------|--------|-------------|
| 1 | 202 | 20 | 6000 | 2 |
| 2 | 115 | 30 | 3100 | 2 |
| 3 | 116 | 30 | 2900 | 3 |
| 4 | 117 | 30 | 2800 | 4 |
| 5 | 118 | 30 | 2600 | 5 |
| 6 | 119 | 30 | 2500 | 6 |
| 7 | 120 | 50 | 8000 | 2 |
| 8 | 122 | 50 | 7900 | 3 |
| 9 | 123 | 50 | 6500 | 4 |
| 10 | 124 | 50 | 5800 | 5 |
| 11 | 184 | 50 | 4200 | 6 |
| 12 | 185 | 50 | 4100 | 7 |
| 13 | 192 | 50 | 4000 | 8 |
| 14 | 193 | 50 | 3900 | 9 |
| 15 | 188 | 50 | 3800 | 10 |
| 16 | 189 | 50 | 3600 | 11 |
| 17 | 137 | 50 | 3600 | 12 |

Exercise EX -04:

Definiton : List employees' hire order according to hiredate year value.

Screenshot:

The screenshot displays a database query builder interface. The top section, labeled 'Query Builder', contains a SQL query. The query is as follows:

```
-- AnalyticSQL01-EX-04;  
SELECT employee_id, hire_date,  
       EXTRACT(YEAR FROM hire_date) AS hire_year,  
       ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY EXTRACT(YEAR FROM hire_date) ORDER BY hire_date) AS hire_order  
FROM employees  
ORDER BY hire_year, hire_order;
```

Below the query editor, there are tabs for 'Query Result 1', 'Query Result 2', and 'Query Result 3'. The 'Query Result 1' tab is active, showing a table with 50 rows. The table has four columns: EMPLOYEE_ID, HIRE_DATE, HIRE_YEAR, and HIRE_ORDER. The first 16 rows are displayed in the screenshot.

| EMPLOYEE_ID | HIRE_DATE | HIRE_YEAR | HIRE_ORDER |
|-------------|---------------|-----------|------------|
| 1 | 102 13-JAN-01 | 2001 | 1 |
| 2 | 206 07-JUN-02 | 2002 | 1 |
| 3 | 204 07-JUN-02 | 2002 | 2 |
| 4 | 203 07-JUN-02 | 2002 | 3 |
| 5 | 205 07-JUN-02 | 2002 | 4 |
| 6 | 109 16-AUG-02 | 2002 | 5 |
| 7 | 108 17-AUG-02 | 2002 | 6 |
| 8 | 114 07-DEC-02 | 2002 | 7 |
| 9 | 122 01-MAY-03 | 2003 | 1 |
| 10 | 115 18-MAY-03 | 2003 | 2 |
| 11 | 100 17-JUN-03 | 2003 | 3 |
| 12 | 137 14-JUL-03 | 2003 | 4 |
| 13 | 200 17-SEP-03 | 2003 | 5 |
| 14 | 141 17-OCT-03 | 2003 | 6 |
| 15 | 184 27-JAN-04 | 2004 | 1 |
| 16 | 156 30-JAN-04 | 2004 | 2 |

Exercise EX -05:

Definiton : List employees' firstname, lastname, salary and salaries of employees' hired before and after this employee according to hiredate.

Screenshot:

Worksheet

Query Builder

-- AnalyticSQL01-EX-05;

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