

Highly Adaptive Cybersecurity Services (HACS) Special Item Number (SIN) 54151HACS Ordering Procedure

Overview

In collaboration with the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), GSA developed the Highly Adaptive Cybersecurity Services (HACS) Special Item Number (SIN) to make it easier for agencies to procure quality cybersecurity services. The HACS SIN is part of the Multiple Award Schedule (MAS) Information Technology (IT) Category and is designed to provide government organizations with access to qualified cybersecurity vendors and to help organizations meet IT security requirements outlined in:

- OMB Memoranda 22-09, "Moving the US Government Toward Zero Trust Cybersecurity Principles"
- OMB Memorandum 19-03, "Strengthening the Cybersecurity of Federal Agencies by enhancing the High Value Asset Program"
- OMB Memorandum 17-12, "Preparing for and Responding to a Breach of Personally Identifiable Information"
- The Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) Handbook, published on <https://www.cio.gov/resources/ciso-handbook/>

The scope of the HACS SIN includes proactive and reactive cybersecurity services. Assessment services needed for systems categorized as High Value Assets (HVA) are also within the scope of this SIN. It includes Risk and Vulnerability Assessments (RVA), Security Architecture Review (SAR), and Systems Security Engineering (SSE). Additionally, the scope of the SIN includes:

- The seven-step Risk Management Framework (RMF) includes preparation; information security categorization; control selection, implementation, and assessment; system and common control authorizations; and continuous monitoring. RMF activities may also include Information Security Continuous Monitoring Assessment (ISCMA), which evaluates organization-wide ISCM implementations, and also Federal Incident Response Evaluations (FIREs), which assess an organization's incident management functions.
- Security Operations Center services such as: 24x7x365 monitoring and analysis, traffic analysis, incident response and coordination, penetration testing, anti-virus management, intrusion detection and prevention, and information sharing.
- A wide-range of customizable cybersecurity services that support the government-wide priority of Zero Trust Architecture (ZTA) are available through the HACS SIN.
- HACS SIN services support an Application Security Testing (AST) program through the entire Software Development Life Cycle.

There are five (5) subcategories under the HACS SIN. Vendors listed within each subcategory in GSA eLibrary have passed a technical evaluation for that specific subcategory:

1. High Value Asset Assessments
2. Risk and Vulnerability Assessment
3. Cyber Hunt
4. Incident Response
5. Penetration Testing

The HACS SIN enables GSA to provide federal, state, local, territorial, and tribal government entities with quick, reliable access to technically evaluated vendors poised to offer key proactive, reactive, and remediation services before, during, and after the realization of cyber threats.

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Subcategory	Description
High Value Asset (HVA) Assessment	<p>HVA Assessments include <u>Risk and Vulnerability Assessment (RVA)</u> which assesses threats and vulnerabilities, determines deviations from acceptable configurations, enterprise or local policy, assesses the level of risk, and develops and/or recommends appropriate mitigation countermeasures in operational and non-operational situations. The services offered in the RVA subcategory include Network Mapping, Vulnerability Scanning, Phishing Assessment, Wireless Assessment, Web Application Assessment, Operating System Security Assessment (OSSA), Database Assessment, and Penetration Testing. <u>Security Architecture Review (SAR)</u> evaluates a subset of the agency's HVA security posture to determine whether the agency has properly architected its cybersecurity solutions and ensures that agency leadership fully understands the risks inherent in the implemented cybersecurity solution. The SAR process utilizes in-person interviews, documentation reviews, and leading practice evaluations of the HVA environment and supporting systems. SAR provides a holistic analysis of how an HVA's individual security components integrate and operate, including how data is protected during operations. The SAR uses the Risk Management Framework (RMF) when designing and implementing the seven (7) tenets of Zero Trust Architecture (ZTA) by describing how the steps in the RMF map to similar steps described in NIST Special Publication (SP) 80-207, Zero Trust Architecture. <u>Systems Security Engineering (SSE)</u> identifies security vulnerabilities and minimizes or contains risks associated with these vulnerabilities spanning the Systems Development Life Cycle. SSE focuses on, but is not limited to, the following security areas: perimeter security, network security, endpoint security, application security, physical security, and data security.</p>
Risk and Vulnerability Assessment (RVA)	<p>RVA assesses threats and vulnerabilities, determines deviations from acceptable configurations, enterprise or local policy, assesses the level of risk, and develops and/or recommends appropriate mitigation countermeasures in operational and non-operational situations. The services offered in the RVA sub-category include Network Mapping, Vulnerability Scanning, Phishing Assessment, Wireless</p>

	Assessment, Web Application Assessment, Operating System Security Assessment (OSSA), Database Assessment, and Penetration Testing.
Cyber Hunt	Cyber Hunt activities respond to crises or urgent situations within the pertinent domain to mitigate immediate and potential threats. Cyber Hunts start with the premise that threat actors known to target some organizations in a specific industry or with specific systems are likely to also target other organizations in the same industry or with the same systems.
Incident Response	Incident Response services help organizations impacted by a cybersecurity compromise determine the extent of the incident, remove the adversary from their systems, and restore their networks to a more secure state.
Penetration Testing	Penetration Testing is security testing in which assessors mimic real-world attacks to identify methods for circumventing the security features of an application, system, or network.

Benefits to Federal Agencies

- The HACS SIN is available through MAS IT Category and is a well-managed Tier 2 Spend Under Management vehicle, the use of which aligns with the President's Management Agenda and OMB Memorandum 19-13 "Category Management: Making Smarter Use of Common Contract Solutions and Practices."
- This SIN allows agencies to easily identify high-quality cybersecurity vendors within various socioeconomic categories.
- The SIN also enables rapid ordering and deployment of services using MAS IT streamlined ordering procedures that reduce procurement lead times.
- Helpful acquisition documents, such as Request for Quote (RFQ) and Statements of Work (SOWs) templates and samples are available on <http://www.gsa.gov/hacs>.
- The HACS Toolkit includes resources such as an Independent Government Cost Estimate (IGCE) Calculation Tool to help plan your HACS acquisition. The IGCE Calculation Tool includes common cybersecurity labor categories and deliverables, and allows agencies to identify any assumptions that may factor into acquisition planning. To access the toolkit go to <https://www.acquisitiongateway.gov/> and search for "HACS."
- Cybersecurity and acquisition subject matter experts (SME) are available to help with HACS procurements. Request SME support by sending an email to ITSecurityCM@gsa.gov.

Ordering Process for the HACS SIN on MAS IT

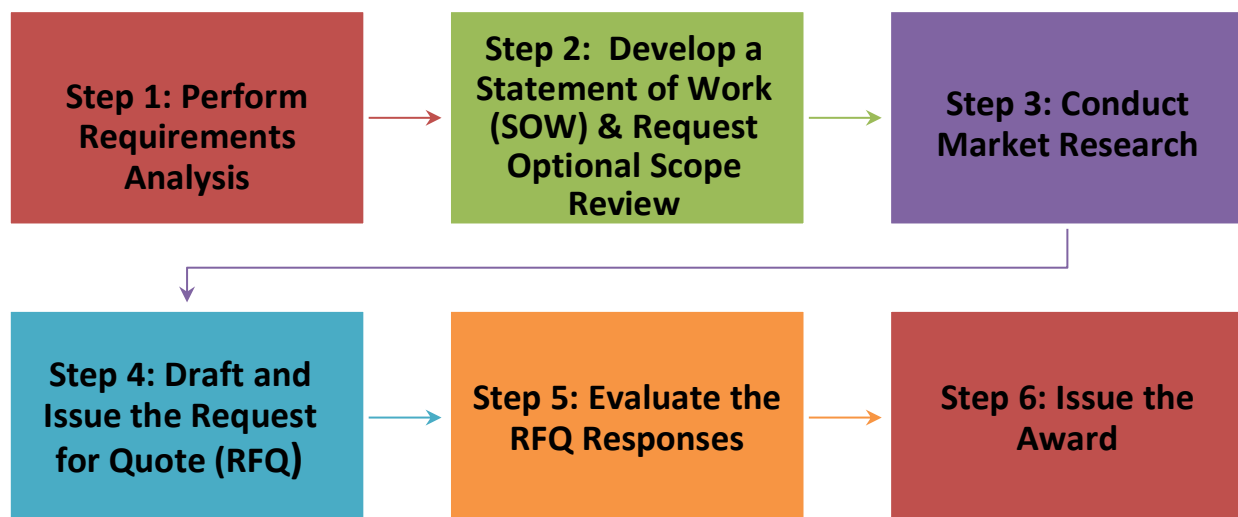
Purchases can be made through GSA Advantage!® [eBuy](#) system, by issuing an RFQ against the HACS SIN and allowing HACS vendors to respond to your requirements. An RFQ may be posted to GSA's eBuy, an electronic RFQ system that is part of the suite of tools which complement GSA Advantage!®. The eBuy system allows ordering activities to post an RFQ, obtain quotes, and issue orders. In general, the process below should be followed to order HACS services.

When multiple requirements are needed, ordering activities should only select the HACS SIN when submitting the RFQ on eBuy, and write within the solicitation document that vendors may utilize other SINS to create a complete solution. This will ensure the responding vendors are limited to those on the HACS SIN and have passed a technical evaluation.

State and local governments may also order from the MAS IT, which has cooperative purchasing (www.gsa.gov/stateandlocal and <https://www.gsa.gov/buy-through-us/purchasing-programs/multiple-award-schedule/schedule-buyers/state-and-local-governments/cooperative-purchasing>). Agencies should also comply with their organization's respective acquisition rules.

The figure and steps below provide details on the HACS ordering process.

Figure 1: HACS Ordering Process

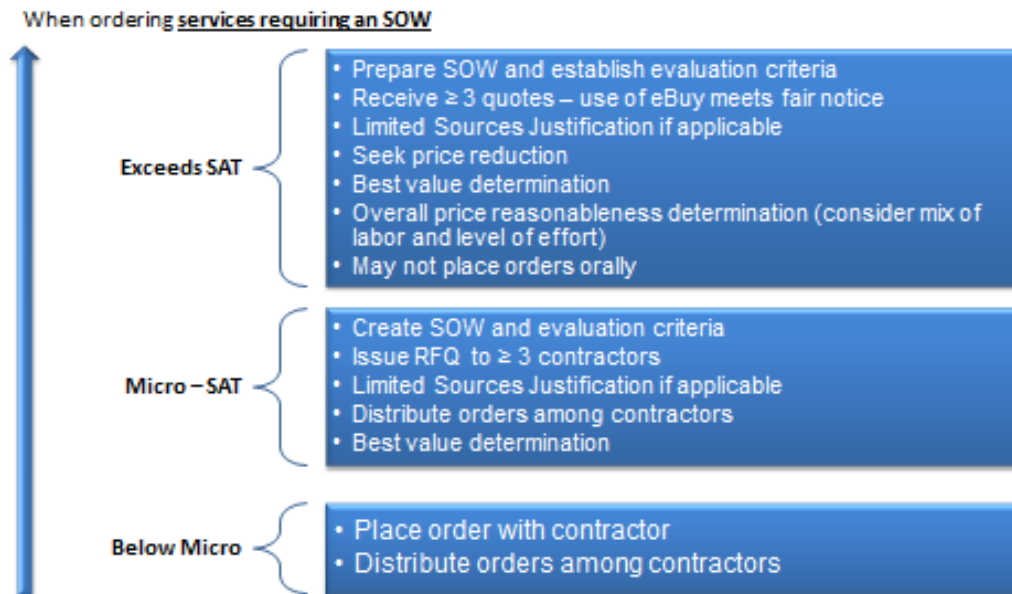


1. Perform a requirements analysis and then follow the ordering process outlined in the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 8.405-2, Ordering Procedures for Services requiring an SOW. As described in the FAR, these procedures pertain to services priced at hourly rates as established by Schedule contracts. Vendors respond to the SOW with a quote.
2. All SOWs shall include:
 - a. A description of work to be performed;
 - b. Location of work;
 - c. Period of performance;
 - d. Deliverable schedule;
 - e. Applicable performance standards; and
 - f. Any special requirements (e.g., security clearances, travel, and special knowledge). To the maximum extent practicable, agency requirements shall be performance-based statements (see [subpart 37.6](#)).
3. Conduct market research using the tools below:
 - a. [GSA Advantage!](#)® can help you find technology products and services. Browse the industry partners catalog and/or their price lists, which will offer details such as delivery area, environmental attributes, and warranties.
 - b. [GSA eLibrary](#) can help you review an industry partner's solicitation, terms and conditions, clauses, and socioeconomic status. It can also help you find a source within a particular geographic location. GSA eLibrary is the official online resource for complete GSA Schedules contract award information.
 - c. GSA Market Research as a Service (MRAS) can help you develop and release a Request for Information (RFI) or Sources Sought notice to learn more about HACS SIN contract holders' offerings.
4. Draft and issue the RFQ (contains the SOW and evaluation criteria). The RFQ shall specify the type of order (Firm Fixed Price [FFP] or Time and Materials [T&M]/Labor Hour) and include any options and any supplemental agency clauses as applicable (e.g., Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement [DFARS] for Department of Defense [DoD]).
 - **Optional:** Request a scope review through ITSecurityCM@gsa.gov. Follow the [eBuy](#) tutorial, which will guide you through issuing an RFI or RFQ. Posting an RFQ on eBuy is one medium for providing fair notice in accordance with FAR 8.405-2 ordering procedures for schedules.
5. Evaluate the responses you receive. For an RFI, evaluate if enough vendors exist for adequate competition of the requirements on the SIN. If so, move forward with an RFQ. For an RFQ, evaluate the quote. Use GSA eLibrary to investigate the industry partners and research their detailed contract information. Use GSA eLibrary to ensure the vendor is listed under the desired HACS SIN subcategory.
6. Make the award through a paperless contracting system, such as the Standard Procurement System (SPS), ConWrite, and other eProcurement tools.

Ordering Process for HACS (FAR 8.405-2)

The figure and steps below provide details on the HACS ordering process related to the Simplified Acquisition Threshold (SAT).

Figure 2: HACS Ordering Process related to the SAT



(See also [GSA Quick Reference MAS Ordering Guide](#))

Support for Your HACS Procurement

- Experts are available to advise federal agencies on procurements.
- The IT Security Division is also available to conduct a scope and SME review.
- SOW and RFQ templates are available at the HACS webpage. Previous SOWs, RFQs, and RFIs released under HACS are available on [GSA eBuy Open](#).
- For more information on how to order on GSA's MAS IT, please visit: <https://www.gsa.gov/buy-through-us/purchasing-programs/multiple-award-schedule/gsa-schedule-offerings/mas-categories/information-technology-category>.
- Contact the IT Security Division Team at ITSecurityCM@gsa.gov or please visit the HACS webpage at <http://www.gsa.gov/hacs> to learn more.