

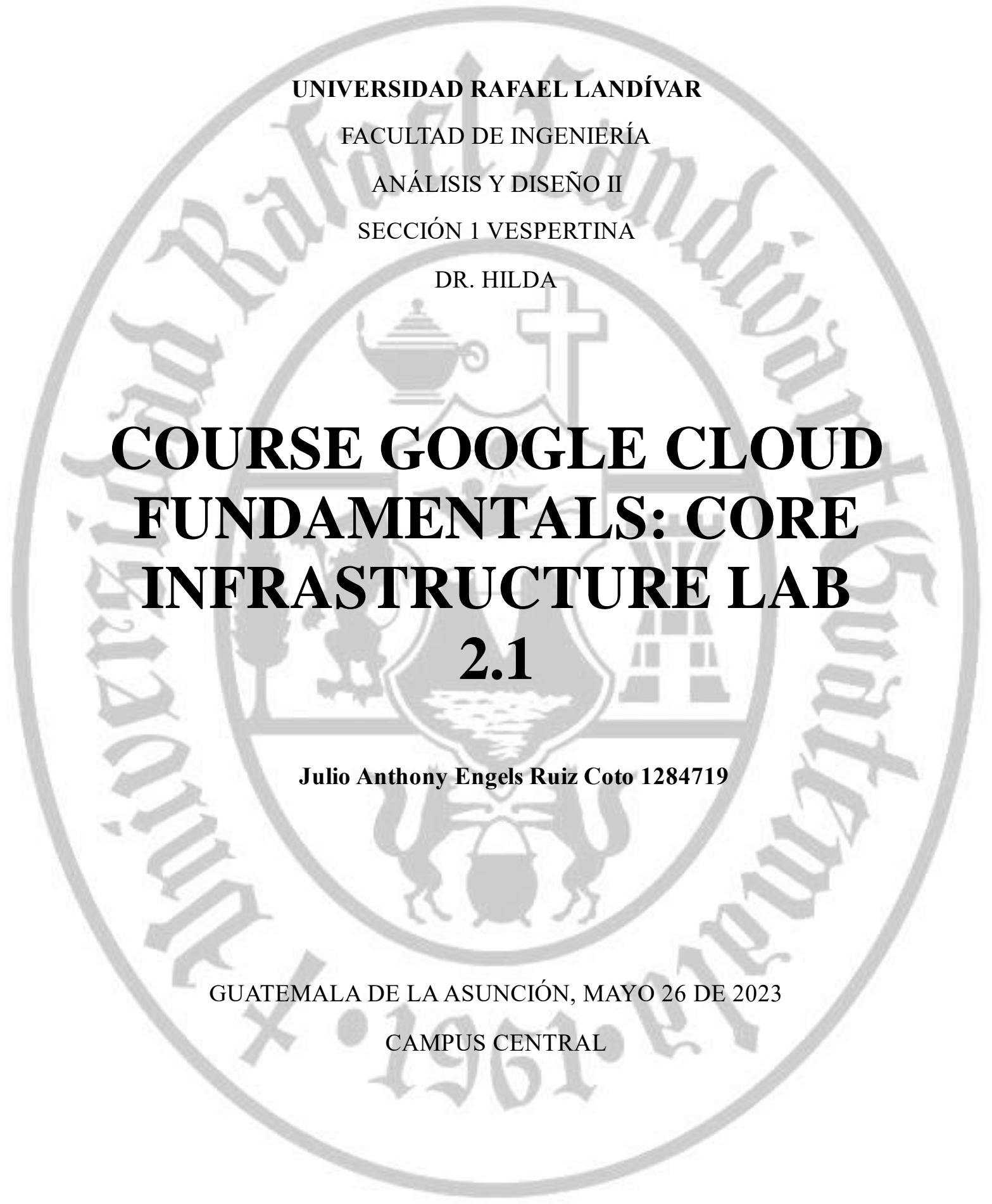
UNIVERSIDAD RAFAEL LANDÍVAR

FACULTAD DE INGENIERÍA

ANÁLISIS Y DISEÑO II

SECCIÓN 1 VESPERTINA

DR. HILDA



COURSE GOOGLE CLOUD FUNDAMENTALS: CORE INFRASTRUCTURE LAB

2.1

Julio Anthony Engels Ruiz Coto 1284719

GUATEMALA DE LA ASUNCIÓN, MAYO 26 DE 2023

CAMPUS CENTRAL

Google Cloud Paths Explore Profile Subscriptions

Google Cloud Skills Boost

Cloud Developer Learning Path Infrastructure

1 day Introductory 30 Credits

Google Cloud Fundamentals: Core Infrastructure introduces important concepts and terminology for working with Google Cloud. Through videos and hands-on labs, this course presents and compares many of Google Cloud's computing and storage services, along with important resource and policy management tools.

Google Cloud Fundamentals: Core Infrastructure

COMPLETION BADGE

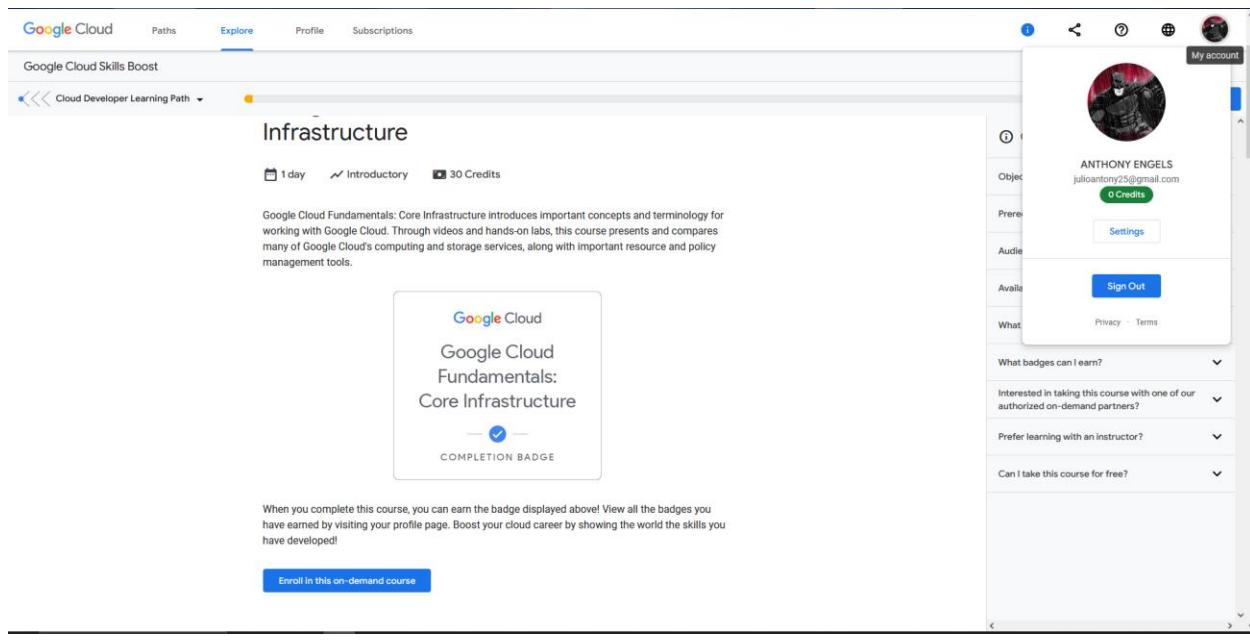
When you complete this course, you can earn the badge displayed above! View all the badges you have earned by visiting your profile page. Boost your cloud career by showing the world the skills you have developed!

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Quiz : Introducing Google Cloud

Quiz : Introducing Google Cloud

Your score: 83% Passing score: 75%

Congratulations! You passed this assessment.

1. Select two fundamental characteristics of cloud computing from this list.

Customers can scale their resource use up and down.

Correct!

Customers are required to commit to multi-year contracts.

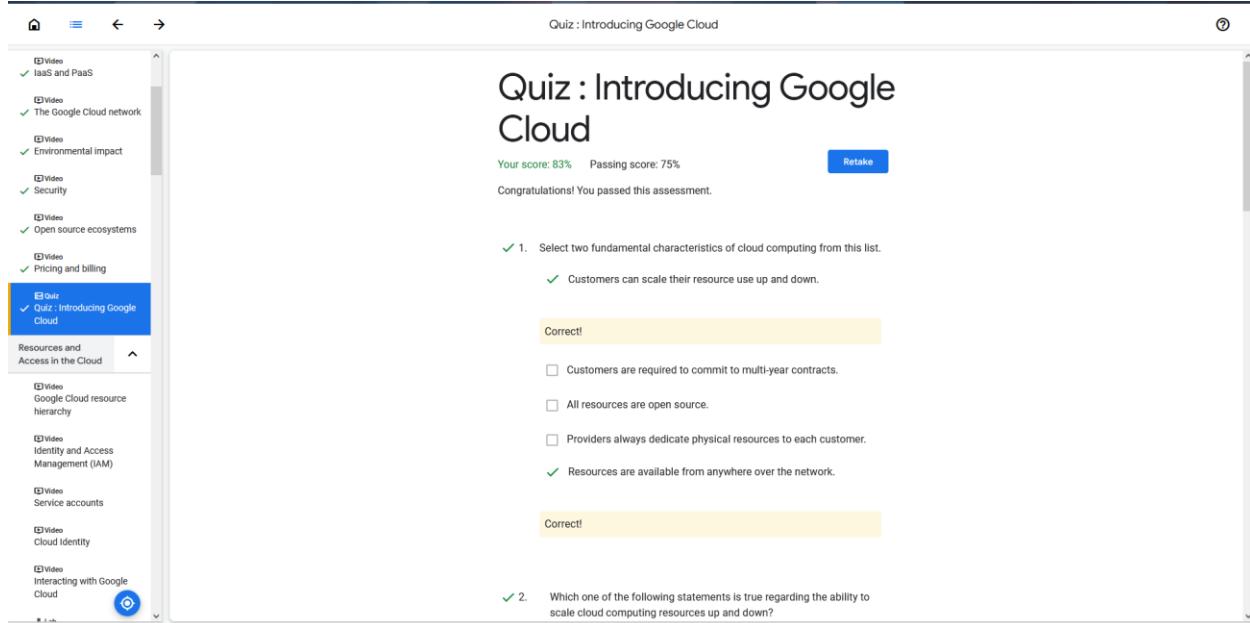
All resources are open source.

Providers always dedicate physical resources to each customer.

Resources are available from anywhere over the network.

2. Which one of the following statements is true regarding the ability to scale cloud computing resources up and down?

Correct!



Quiz : Introducing Google Cloud

Correct!

✓ 2. Which one of the following statements is true regarding the ability to scale cloud computing resources up and down?

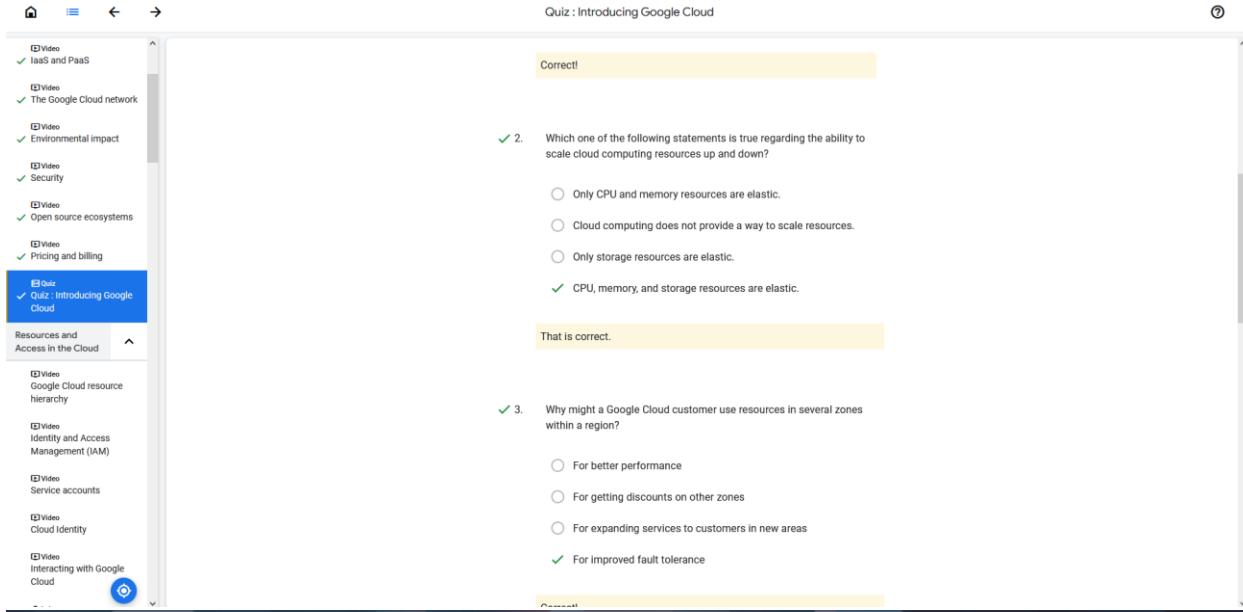
Only CPU and memory resources are elastic.
 Cloud computing does not provide a way to scale resources.
 Only storage resources are elastic.
 CPU, memory, and storage resources are elastic.

That is correct.

✓ 3. Why might a Google Cloud customer use resources in several zones within a region?

For better performance
 For getting discounts on other zones
 For expanding services to customers in new areas
 For improved fault tolerance

Correct!



Quiz : Introducing Google Cloud

Correct!

✓ 4. What cloud computing service provides raw compute, storage, and network resources that are organized similarly to physical data centers?

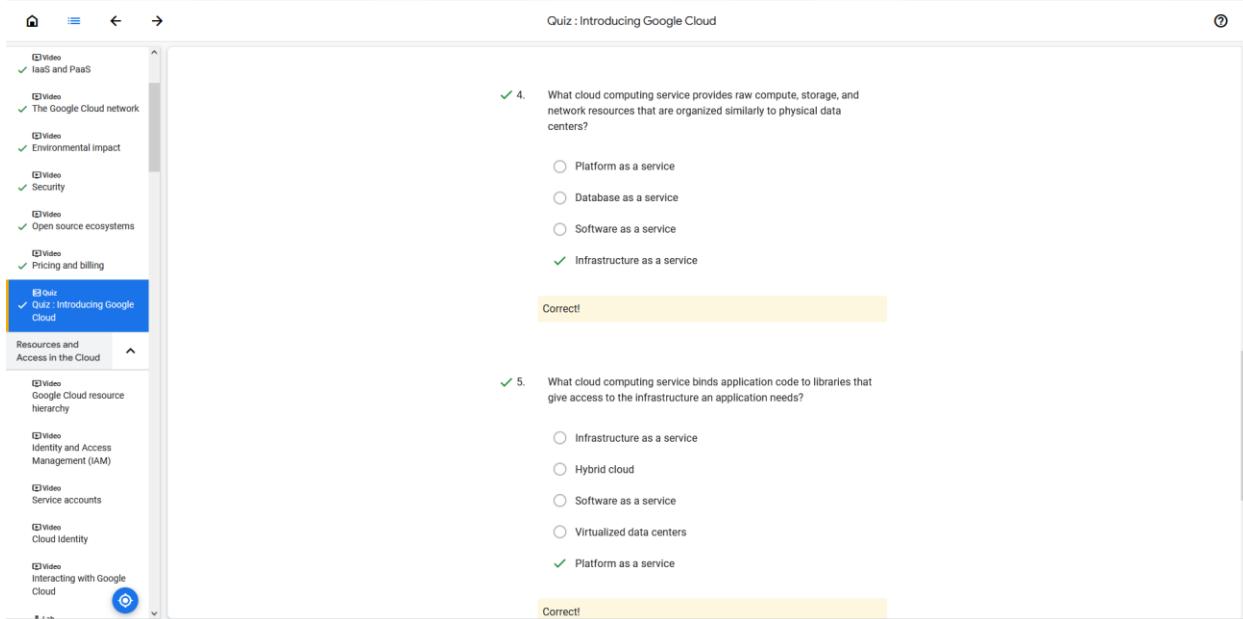
Platform as a service
 Database as a service
 Software as a service
 Infrastructure as a service

Correct!

✓ 5. What cloud computing service binds application code to libraries that give access to the infrastructure an application needs?

Infrastructure as a service
 Hybrid cloud
 Software as a service
 Virtualized data centers
 Platform as a service

Correct!



Quiz : Introducing Google Cloud

Correct!

6. Who benefits the most from billing by the second for cloud resources, such as virtual machines?

Customers who create many virtual machines and leave them running for months

Customers who create virtual machines that run commercially licensed operating systems

Customers who create too few virtual machines to get discounts

Customers who create and run many virtual machines

Review the lecture "Pricing and billing."

Navigation menu: packaged by Bitnami deployment

Deployment name: lampstack-1

Zone: us-west3-a

Machine type: General purpose (Compute optimized)

Machine type: N1

Machine type: f1-micro (1 vCPU, 614 MB memory)

Boot Disk: Standard Persistent Disk (10 GB)

Networking: Network interfaces: default (10.180.0.0/20)

Additional information: LAMP packaged by Bitnami overview

Bitnami LAMP Stack Usage Fee: USD 0.00/mo

Infrastructure fee:

- VM instance: 1 shared vCPU + 0.6 GB memory (f1-micro): USD 6.64/mo
- Standard Persistent Disk: 10GB: USD 0.48/mo
- Sustained use discount: - USD 1.99/mo

Estimated monthly total: USD 5.13/mo

Price estimates based on 30-day, 24hrs per day usage of the listed resources in the selected region. The Estimated Monthly Infrastructure Fee calculation may not reflect all Google Cloud IaaS resources actually created or consumed by this product (or the fees charged for such consumption). Bitnami may be able to provide a more accurate estimate of monthly GCP IaaS consumption.

Operating System: Debian(11)

Software:

- phpMyAdmin(5.2.1)
- PECL APC User Cache(5.1.22)
- PHP-FPM(8.1.19)
- PECL PHP driver for Imagick(3.7.0)
- libmemcached(3.2.0)
- libmaxminddb(1.7.1)
- PECL PHP driver for Xdebug(3.2.1)

Now viewing project "qwiklabs-gcp-01-3fd7bb3e0dd2" in organization "No organization"

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Deployment Manager interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'Deployments' selected. The main area shows a deployment named 'lampstack-1' is being deployed. Below it, there's a link to 'Overview - lampstack-1'. To the right, there's a detailed view of 'Deployment properties' including fields like ID, Created On, Manifest Name, Config, and Imports, which list various Python files and scripts. A status bar at the bottom indicates the URL is https://console.cloud.google.com/dm/deployments/projects/qwiklabs-gcp-01-3fd7bb3e0dd2 and the IP address is 34.106.128.181.

Congratulations!

You are now running **LAMP packaged by Bitnami**.

Useful Links

The following links will help you to understand better how to get started and configure the application you just launched.

[Get Started](#)

[Connect to phpMyAdmin](#)

[Documentation](#)

[Support](#)



Proudly built by Bitnami

PHP Version 8.1.19

System: Linux lampstack-2-vm 5.10.0-22-cloud-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 5.10.179-3 (2023-04-22) x86_64
Build Date: May 12 2023 13:04:56
Build System: Linux 309fc0079ebf4190-19-cloud-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.19.232-1 (2022-03-07) x86_64 GNULinux
Configure Command: ./configure --prefix=/usr --with-config-file-path=/etc/php/8.1 --with-libxml-dir --enable-soap --disable-rpath --enable-zip --enable-sockets --enable-pcntl --enable-exif --enable-bcmath --with-pdo-mysql=mysqlnd --with-mysqli=mysqlnd --with-png-dir=/usr --with-openini --with-ltdl=libltdl-0.4+ --enable-gd --enable-fpm --enable-calendar --with-gettext --with-xmlrpc --with-xml --with-xsl --with-dom --with-intl --with-pspell --with-ctype --with-iconv --with-pdo_pgsql --enable-cgi --enable-discard-path --enable-session --enable-mysqlnd --enable-xml --with-iconv --with-pdo_sqlite --with-curl --with-readline --with-gmp --with-curl --with-pdo_pgsqlshared --with-pgsqlshared --with-cgi --with-zip --with-freetype --with-peg --with-wddx --with-pcre --with-pdo_dblibshared --with-odbc --with-pear --enable-apcushared PKG_CONFIG_PATH=/opt/bilhami/common/lib/pkgconfig

Server API: FPM/FastCGI
Virtual Directory Support: disabled
Configuration File (php.ini) Path: /opt/bilhami/php/lib
Loaded Configuration File: /opt/bilhami/php/etc/php.ini
Scan this dir for additional .ini files: /opt/bilhami/php/etc/conf.d
Additional .ini files parsed: (none)

PHP API: 20210902
PHP Extension: 20210902
Zend Extension: 420210902
Zend Extension Build: AP1420210902.NTS
PHP Extension Build: AP120210902.NTS
Debug Build: no
Thread Safety: disabled
Zend Signal Handling: enabled
Zend Memory Manager: enabled
Zend Multibyte Support: provided by mbstring
Zend Max Execution Timers: disabled
IPv6 Support: enabled
DTrace Support: disabled
Registered PHP Streams: https, ftps, compress.zlib, compress.bzip2, php, file, glob, data, http, ftp, phar, zip
Registered Stream Socket Transports: tcp, udp, unix, udg, ssl, sslv1, sslv1.0, sslv1.1, sslv1.2, sslv1.3
Registered Stream Filters: zlib*, bzip2*, convert.iconv*, string.rot13, string.toupper, string.tolower, convert*, consumed, dechunk

This program makes use of the Zend Scripting Language Engine
Zend Engine v1.19, Copyright (c) Zend Technologies
with Zend OpCache v8.1.19, Copyright (c), by Zend Technologies

zendengine

Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with Cloud Marketplace

Congratulations!

In this lab, you deployed a LAMP stack to a Compute Engine instance.

End Lab 0:10:42

Overview 10/10
Objectives
Task 1. Sign in to the Google Cloud Console
Console
Task 2. Use Cloud Marketplace to deploy a LAMP stack
Task 3. Verify your deployment
Congratulations!
End your lab.

Management (IAM)
Service accounts
Cloud identity
Interacting with Google Cloud

A Lab Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with Cloud Marketplace

End your lab

student-82-149a9b363c1

Open Google Cloud console

Username: student-82-149a9b363c1
Password: Y416X0CIBer3Mk
GCP Project ID: quicklabs-gcp-81-3fd7fb
Region: us-west13
Zone: us-west3-c

Conditions: When you are in the console, do not deviate from the lab instructions. Doing so may cause your account to be blocked. Learn more.

When you have completed your resources you've used and closed this dialog box, you will lose all your work. You may not be able to restart the lab if there is a quota limit. Are you sure you want to end this lab?

The number of stars indicates

- 1 star = Very dissatisfied
- 2 stars = Dissatisfied
- 3 stars = Neutral
- 4 stars = Satisfied
- 5 stars = Very satisfied

Cancel Submit

All done? If you end this lab, you will lose all your work. You may not be able to restart the lab if there is a quota limit. Are you sure you want to end this lab?

You can close the dialog box if you don't want to provide feedback.

For feedback, suggestions, or corrections, please use the Support tab.

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More resources

Quiz: Resources and Access in Google Cloud

Your score: 100% Passing score: 75%

Congratulations! You passed this assessment.

Retake

Google Cloud resource hierarchy

Video Identity and Access Management (IAM)

Video Service accounts

Video Cloud Identity

Video Interacting with Google Cloud

Lab Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with Cloud Marketplace

Quiz Quiz: Resources and Access in Google Cloud

Virtual Machines and Networks in the Cloud

Video Virtual Private Cloud networking

Video Compute Engine

Video Scaling virtual machines

Video Important VPC compatibilities

Correct! Organization nodes let you apply policies centrally.

When you want to create folders

Correct! Folders require an organization node

When you want to organize resources into projects

✓ 1. When would you choose to have an organization node? (Select two)

There's no choice; organization nodes are mandatory.

When you want to centrally apply organization-wide policies

✓ 2. Consider a single hierarchy of Google Cloud resources. Which of these situations is possible? (Choose 3 responses.)

There is an organization node, and there is at least one folder.

Quiz: Resources and Access in Google Cloud

Correct!

✓ 2. Consider a single hierarchy of Google Cloud resources. Which of these situations is possible? (Choose 3 responses.)

There is an organization node, and there is at least one folder.

Correct!

✓ 2. Consider a single hierarchy of Google Cloud resources. Which of these situations is possible? (Choose 3 responses.)

There is an organization node, and there are no folders.

Correct!

✓ 2. Consider a single hierarchy of Google Cloud resources. Which of these situations is possible? (Choose 3 responses.)

There is no organization node, and there are no folders.

Correct!

✓ 3. How does the resource hierarchy control how IAM policies are inherited?

IAM policies are only implemented at the project level; they cannot be amended by lower levels of the resource hierarchy.

IAM policies are only implemented at the project level; they cannot be amended by lower levels of the resource hierarchy.

Quiz: Resources and Access in Google Cloud

Google Cloud resource hierarchy

Identity and Access Management (IAM)

Service accounts

Cloud Identity

Interacting with Google Cloud

Lab: Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with Cloud Marketplace

Quiz: Resources and Access in Google Cloud

Virtual Machines and Networks in the Cloud

Virtual Private Cloud networking

Compute Engine

Scaling virtual machines

Important VPC compatibilities

Correct!

3. How does the resource hierarchy control how IAM policies are inherited?

IAM policies are only implemented at the project level; they cannot be amended by lower levels of the resource hierarchy.

IAM policies that are implemented higher in the resource hierarchy deny access that is granted by lower-level policies.

IAM policies that are implemented by lower-level policies can override the policies defined at a higher level.

Quiz: Resources and Access in Google Cloud

Correct!

4. Select the option that displays IAM roles from general to specific.

Predefined roles, custom roles, basic roles

Basic roles, predefined roles, custom roles

Custom roles, predefined roles, basic roles

Correct!

5. Which way of accessing Google Cloud lets you control services through the code you write?

The Cloud Console mobile app

APIs

The Cloud Console

The Cloud SDK and Cloud Shell

Correct!

6. Your company has two Google Cloud projects and you want them to share policies. What is the least error-prone way to set this up?

Define the new shared policy in the organization node.

Create shared resource policies on the common resources that are used in both projects.

Duplicate all the policies from one project onto the other.

Place both projects into a folder, and define the policies on that folder.

That's correct!

Quiz: Resources and Access in Google Cloud

✓ 7. Which statement best describes how Google Cloud resources are associated within the resource hierarchy?

- Google Cloud resources are not associated with the resource hierarchy.
- All Google Cloud resources are associated with an organization.
- All Google Cloud resources are associated with a project.
- All Google Cloud resources are associated with a folder.

Correct! All Google Cloud resources are associated with a project.

✓ 8. What is the difference between Identity and Access Management (IAM) basic roles and IAM predefined roles?

- Basic roles can only be granted to single users. Predefined roles can be associated with a group.
- Basic roles only apply to the owner of the Google Cloud project. Predefined roles can be associated with any user.
- Basic roles affect all resources in a Google Cloud project. Predefined roles apply to a specific service in a project.
- Basic roles only allow viewing, creating, and deleting resources. Predefined roles allow any modification.

Correct!

Google Cloud

VPC network

Networks in current project

Get real-time analytics with Network Intelligence Center

Visualize your network resources

Diagnose and prevent connectivity issues

View packet loss and latency metrics

Keep your firewall rules strict and efficient

GO TO NETWORK INTELLIGENCE CENTER REMIND ME LATER

SMTP port 25 disallowed in this project. Learn more

VPC networks

Name	Subnets	MTU	Mode	Internal IP ranges	Gateways	Firewall rules	Global dynamic routing
default	25	1460	Auto			4	Off

Google Cloud | Search (/) for resources, docs, products, and more | Search

VPC network | Routes

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EFFECTIVE ROUTES **NEW** ROUTE MANAGEMENT

CREATE ROUTE **REFRESH**

Filter Enter property name or value

Name	Description	Destination IP range	Priority	Instance tags	Next hop	Network
default-route-372e6434617e550f	Default route to the internet.	0.0.0.0/0	1000	None	Default internet gateway	default

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VPC network | Firewall

CREATE FIREWALL POLICY **CREATE FIREWALL RULE**

HIDE INFO PANEL Select a firewall policy

Please select at least one resource.

VPC firewall rules

Firewall rules control incoming or outgoing traffic to an instance. By default, incoming traffic from outside your network is blocked. [Learn more](#)

Note: App Engine firewalls are managed in the [App Engine Firewall rules section](#).

SMTP port 25 disallowed in this project. Learn more

REFRESH **CONFIGURE LOGS** **DELETE**

Filter Enter property name or value

Name	Type	Targets	Filters	Protocols / ports	Action	Priority	Network	Logs	Hit count
default-allow-icmp	Ingress	Apply to all	IP ranges: 0.0.0.0/0	icmp	Allow	65534	default	Off	-
default-allow-internal	Ingress	Apply to all	IP ranges: 10.0.0.0/16	tcp:0-65535 udp:0-65535 icmp	Allow	65534	default	Off	-
default-allow-rdp	Ingress	Apply to all	IP ranges: 0.0.0.0/0	tcp:3389	Allow	65534	default	Off	-
default-allow-ssh	Ingress	Apply to all	IP ranges: 0.0.0.0/0	tcp:22	Allow	65534	default	Off	-

Network firewall policies

REFRESH **DELETE**

Filter Enter property name or value

Policy name	Firewall rules	Description	Deployment scope	Associated with
No rows to display				

Google Cloud Search (qwiklabs-gcp-01-b89121bdec4b) Select a firewall policy

VPC network Firewall CREATE FIREWALL POLICY CREATE FIREWALL RULE HIDE INFO PANEL

Firewall Network firewall policies REFRESH DELETE Filter Enter property name or value Sort Policy name ↑ Firewall rules Description Deployment scope Associated with No rows to display Networking Firewall rules You can selectively allow external network traffic into your Cloud Platform network by setting firewall rules Learn more CREATE FIREWALL RULE

Firewall rules deleted

Google Cloud Search (qwiklabs-gcp-01-b89121bdec4b) Select a subnet

VPC network VPC network details EDIT DELETE VPC NETWORK HELP ASSISTANT HIDE INFO PANEL

default Description Default network for the project Subnet creation mode Auto subnets Dynamic routing mode Regional VPC network ULA internal IPv6 range Disabled DNS server policy None Maximum transmission unit 1460 SUBNETS STATIC INTERNAL IP ADDRESSES ADD SUBNET FLOW LOGS

Delete a network

Deleting a network also deletes its subnetworks, routes and firewall rules. You cannot undo this action.

Are you sure you want to delete network "default"?

CANCEL DELETE

Firewall rules deleted

	Name	Region	Stack Type	Internal IP ranges	External IP ranges	Secondary IPv4 ranges	Gateway	Private Google Access
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	us-central1	IPv4	10.128.0.0/20	None	None	10.128.0.1	Off
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	europe-west1	IPv4	10.132.0.0/20	None	None	10.132.0.1	Off
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	us-west1	IPv4	10.138.0.0/20	None	None	10.138.0.1	Off
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	asia-east1	IPv4	10.140.0.0/20	None	None	10.140.0.1	Off
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	us-east1	IPv4	10.142.0.0/20	None	None	10.142.0.1	Off
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	asia-northeast1	IPv4	10.146.0.0/20	None	None	10.146.0.1	Off
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	asia-southeast1	IPv4	10.148.0.0/20			10.148.0.1	Off

Google Cloud | Search (/) for resources, docs, products, and more | Search | HELP ASSISTANT

VPC network | Routes

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- ✓ Diagnose and prevent connectivity issues
- ✓ View packet loss and latency metrics
- ✓ Keep your firewall rules strict and efficient

GO TO NETWORK INTELLIGENCE CENTER | REMIND ME LATER

EFFECTIVE ROUTES **NEW** ROUTE MANAGEMENT

Select the VPC network and region for which you want to view routes

Network * Region * VIEW REFRESH

Filter Enter property name or value

Name	Type	Destination IP range	Priority	Instance tags	Next hop
No rows to display					

Deleting network... X

Google Cloud | Search (/) for resources, docs, products, and more | Search | HELP ASSISTANT | HIDE INFO PANEL

VPC network | VPC network details | EDIT | DELETE VPC NETWORK

default

Description Default network for the project

Subnet creation mode Auto subnets

Dynamic routing mode Regional

VPC network ULA internal IPv6 range Disabled

DNS server policy None

Maximum transmission unit 1460

SUBNETS STATIC INTERNAL IP ADDRESSES FIREWALLS ROUTES VPC NETWORK PEERING PRIVATE SERVICE CONNECTION

ADD SUBNET FLOW LOGS

Filter Enter property name or value

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Region	Stack Type	Internal IP ranges	External IP ranges	Secondary IPv4 ranges	Gateway	Private Google Access
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	us-central1	IPv4	10.128.0.0/20	None	None	10.128.0.1	Off
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	europe-west1	IPv4	10.132.0.0/20	None	None	10.132.0.1	Off
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	us-west1	IPv4	10.138.0.0/20	None	None	10.138.0.1	Off
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	asia-east1	IPv4	10.140.0.0/20	None	None	10.140.0.1	Off
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	us-east1	IPv4	10.142.0.0/20	None	None	10.142.0.1	Off
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	asia-northeast1	IPv4	10.146.0.0/20	None	None	10.146.0.1	Off
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	asia-southeast1	IPv4	10.148.0.0/20			10.148.0.1	Off

Firewall rules deleted X

Google Cloud Search (qwiklabs-gcp-00-f4b2a3b29b6e) Help Assistant

VPC network Routes

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EFFECTIVE ROUTES NEW ROUTE MANAGEMENT

Select the VPC network and region for which you want to view routes

Network * Region * VIEW REFRESH

Filter Enter property name or value

Name	Type	Destination IP range	Priority	Instance tags	Next hop
No rows to display					

Deleting network... X

Google Cloud Search (qwiklabs-gcp-00-f4b2a3b29b6e) Help Assistant

Create an instance

To create a VM instance, select one of the options:

- New VM Instance Create a single VM instance from scratch
- New VM instance from template Create a single VM instance from an existing template
- New VM instance from machine image Create a single VM instance from an existing machine image
- Marketplace Deploy a ready-to-go solution onto a VM instance

IP forwarding Enable

Network performance configuration

Network interface card

Network bandwidth Enable per VM Tier_1 networking performance Maximum outbound network bandwidth: 2Gbps VM to Public IP: 20Gps

Pricing summary

Monthly estimate \$25.46 That's about \$0.03 hourly Pay for what you use: no upfront costs and per second billing

Item	Monthly estimate
2 vCPU + 4 GB memory	\$24.46
10 GB balanced persistent disk	\$1.00
Total	\$25.46

Compute Engine pricing

Network interfaces

Network interface is permanent

Edit network interface

Network * Subnetwork * You must select a subnetwork To use IPv6, you need an IPv6 subnet range. [LEARN MORE](#)

IP stack type IPv4 (single-stack) IPv4 and IPv6 (dual-stack)

Primary internal IPv4 address Ephemeral (Automatic)

Alias IP ranges

Google Cloud | Search (/) for resources, docs, products, and more | [Search](#)

VPC network | VPC networks | CREATE VPC NETWORK | REFRESH | HELP ASSISTANT

VPC networks | NETWORKS IN CURRENT PROJECT | SUBNETS IN CURRENT PROJECT

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Use Network Intelligence Center for comprehensive monitoring and troubleshooting. [Learn more](#)

- ✓ Visualize your network resources
- ✓ Diagnose and prevent connectivity issues
- ✓ View packet loss and latency metrics
- ✓ Keep your firewall rules strict and efficient

[GO TO NETWORK INTELLIGENCE CENTER](#) [REMIND ME LATER](#)

1 SMTP port 25 disallowed in this project. [Learn more](#)

VPC networks

Name	Subnets	MTU	Mode	Internal IP ranges	Gateways	Firewall rules	Global dynamic routing
mynetwork	24	1450	Auto			4	Off

Google Cloud | Search (/) for resources, docs, products, and more | [Search](#)

Create an instance

To create a VM instance, select one of the options:

- New VM instance
- New VM instance from template
- New VM instance from machine image
- Marketplace

Name * mynet-us-vm

Labels [+ ADD LABELS](#)

Region * us-east1 (Columbus) Zone * us-east1-b

Pricing summary

Monthly estimate \$7.11

That's about \$0.01 hourly.

Pay for what you use: no upfront costs and per second billing

Item	Monthly estimate
2 vCPU + 1 GB memory	\$6.11
10 GB balanced persistent disk	\$1.00
Total	\$7.11

Machine configuration

General purpose Compute optimized Memory optimized GPUs

Machine type

e2-micro (2 vCPU, 1 GB memory)

vCPU 0.25-2 vCPU (1 shared core)

Memory 1 GB

Display device

Enable to use screen capturing and recording tools.

Enable display device

Confidential VM service

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Compute Engine interface for managing Virtual Machines (VMs). The main view displays two VM instances: `mynet-eu-vm` (Status: Running, Zone: europe-west2-c) and `mynet-us-vm` (Status: Running, Zone: us-east4-c). The sidebar on the left provides navigation for Compute Engine resources like VM instances, instance templates, sole-tenant nodes, machine images, TPUs, and storage options (disks, snapshots, images, async replication). A 'Related actions' section offers links to backup, monitor, log exploration, set up firewall rules, and patch management. On the right, a context menu is open over the `mynet-us-vm` entry, listing options such as 'Get started with Compute Engine', 'Create a website or application', 'Create a "hello world" website on IIS', 'Create a "hello world" website on Apache', 'Transfer files to a Windows VM', 'Transfer files to a Linux VM', 'Configure firewall rules', 'Back up and restore VM', and 'Back up a boot or data disk'. The status bar at the bottom indicates the current time as 11:29 AM.

Getting Started with VPC Networking and Google Compute Engine

End Lab 00:46:05

Caution: When you are in the console, do not deviate from the lab instructions. Doing so may cause your account to be blocked. [Learn more](#)

[Open Google Cloud console](#)

Zone	europe-west2-c
Series	E2
Machine type	e2-micro (2 vCPU, 1 GB memory)

3. Click **Create**.

Note: The External IP addresses for both VM instances are ephemeral. If an instance is stopped, any ephemeral external IP addresses assigned to the instance are released back into the general Compute Engine pool and become available for use by other projects.

When a stopped instance is started again, a new ephemeral external IP address is assigned to the instance. Alternatively, you can reserve a static external IP address, which assigns the address to your project indefinitely until you explicitly release it.

Click **Check my progress** to verify the objective.

Create a VPC network and VM instance

[Check my progress](#)

Assessment Completed!

Overview 5/5

Setup and requirements

Task 1. Explore the default network

Task 2. Create a VPC network and VM instances

Task 3. Explore the connectivity for VM instances

Task 4. Review

End your lab

Getting Started with VPC Networking and Google Compute Engine

End Lab 00:40:39

Caution: When you are in the console, do not deviate from the lab instructions. Doing so may cause your account to be blocked. [Learn more](#)

[Open Google Cloud console](#)

Username	student-00-cbbc12d4d3b1
Password	5I1FK3dWTcxB
GCP Project ID	qwiklabs-gcp-00-9f860c
Lab Region	us-east4
Lab Zone	us-east4-c

ping -c 3 <Enter mynet-eu-vm's external IP here>

Which firewall rule allows the ping to mynet-eu-vm's external IP address?

mynetwork-allow-rdp

mynetwork-allow-custom

mynetwork-allow-ssh

mynetwork-allow-icmp

[Submit](#)

Note: You can SSH to mynet-us-vm and ping mynet-eu-vm's internal and external IP address as expected. Alternatively, you can SSH to mynet-eu-vm and ping mynet-us-vm's internal and external IP address, which also works.

Remove the allow-icmp firewall rules

Overview 5/5

Setup and requirements

Task 1. Explore the default network

Task 2. Create a VPC network and VM instances

Task 3. Explore the connectivity for VM instances

Task 4. Review

End your lab

Create an instance

To create a VM instance, select one of the options:

- New VM instance** Create a single VM instance from scratch
- New VM instance from template** Create a single VM instance from an existing template
- New VM instance from machine image** Create a single VM instance from an existing machine image
- Marketplace** Deploy a ready-to-go solution onto a VM instance

Name * bloghost

Labels

Region * us-west4 (Las Vegas) **Zone *** us-west4-a

Pricing summary

Monthly estimate **\$28.65**
That's about \$0.04 hourly
Pay for what you use: no upfront costs and per second billing

Item	Monthly estimate
2 vCPU + 4 GB memory	\$27.55
10 GB balanced persistent disk	\$1.10
Total	\$28.65

Machine configuration

General purpose Compute optimized Memory optimized GPUs

Machine types for common workloads, optimized for cost and flexibility

Series E2

CPU platform selection based on availability

Machine type
Choose a machine type with preset amounts of vCPUs and memory that suit most workloads.
Or, you can create a custom machine for your workload's particular needs. [Learn more](#)

e2-medium (2 vCPU, 4 GB memory)

vCPU	Memory
1-2 vCPU (1 shared core)	4 GB

ADVANCED CONFIGURATIONS

Display device
Enable to use screen capturing and recording tools.

Enable display device

Confidential VM service

Create an instance

To create a VM instance, select one of the options:

- New VM instance** Create a single VM instance from scratch
- New VM instance from template** Create a single VM instance from an existing template
- New VM instance from machine image** Create a single VM instance from an existing machine image
- Marketplace** Deploy a ready-to-go solution onto a VM instance

Deletion protection Enable deletion protection

Reservations
Application policy: Automatically use created reservation

Pricing summary

Monthly estimate **\$28.65**
That's about \$0.04 hourly
Pay for what you use: no upfront costs and per second billing

Item	Monthly estimate
2 vCPU + 4 GB memory	\$27.55
10 GB balanced persistent disk	\$1.10
Total	\$28.65

Automation

```
#!/bin/bash
apt-get update
apt-get install apache2 php php-mysql -y
service apache2 restart
```

You can choose to specify a startup script that will run when your instance boots up or restarts. Startup scripts can be used to install software and updates, and to ensure that services are running within the virtual machine. [Learn more](#)

Metadata
You can set custom metadata for an instance or project outside of the server-defined metadata. This is useful for passing in arbitrary values to your project or instance that can be queried by your code on the instance. [Learn more](#)

Availability policies

VM provisioning model Standard

Choose "Spot" to get a discounted, preemptible VM. Otherwise, stick to "Standard". [Learn more](#)

Set a time limit for the VM

On VM termination
Choose what happens to your VM when it's preempted or reaches its time limit

On host maintenance Migrate VM instance (Recommended)

When Compute Engine performs periodic infrastructure maintenance it can migrate your

Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with Cloud Storage and Cloud SQL

End Lab 00:43:22

Note: Be sure to supply that script as the value of the **Startup script** field. If you accidentally put it into another field, it won't be executed when the VM instance starts.

12. Leave the remaining settings as their defaults, and click **Create**.

Note: Instance can take about two minutes to launch and be fully available for use.

13. On the **VM Instances** page, copy the **bloghost** VM instance's internal and external IP addresses to a text editor for use later in this lab.

Click **Check my progress** to verify the objective.

Deploy a web server VM instance

Assessment Completed!

Overview 0/15

Objectives

Task 1. Sign in to the Google Cloud Console

Task 2. Deploy a web server VM instance

Task 3. Create a Cloud Storage bucket using the gsutil command line

Task 4. Create the Cloud SQL instance

Task 5. Configure an application in a Compute Engine instance to use Cloud Storage object

Congratulations!

End your lab

More resources

Task 3. Create a Cloud Storage bucket using the gsutil command line

Google Cloud

Search (/) for resources, docs, products, and more

VM instances CREATE INSTANCE IMPORT VM REFRESH HELP ASSISTANT LEARN

VM instances

INSTANCES OBSERVABILITY INSTANCE SCHEDULES

VM instances

Related actions

- Explore Backup and DR NEW
- Monitor VMs
- Explore VM logs
- Set up firewall rules
- Patch management
- Load balance between VMs

Get started with Compute Engine

Deploy a website or application, back up and restore VMs and disks, configure secure access, and design for scalability

Create a website or application

- Create a "hello world" website on IIS
- Create an IIS web server VM using Compute Engine
- Create a "hello world" website on Apache
- Create an Apache web server on a Linux VM
- Transfer files to a Windows VM
- Transfer files to a Linux VM
- Configure firewall rules
- Back up and restore a VM
- Back up a boot or data disk

```
Welcome to Cloud Shell! Type 'help' to get started.
You Cloud Platform project in this session is set to qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d332ba6b.
Use "gcloud config set project [PROJECT_ID]" to change to a different project.
student_03_39548d97a3@cloudshell: ~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d332ba6b)$ gcloud config set location us
student_03_39548d97a3@cloudshell: ~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d332ba6b)$ gsutil mb -l $LOCATION gs://$DEVSHELL_PROJECT_ID
Creating gs://qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d332ba6b/...
student_03_39548d97a3@cloudshell: ~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d332ba6b)$ gsutil cp gs://cloud-training/gupfc1/my-excellent-blog.png gs://$DEVSHELL_PROJECT_ID/my-excellent-blog.png
[1 files] [ 8.2 KiB  8.2 KiB]
Operation completed over 1 objects/0.2 KiB.
student_03_39548d97a3@cloudshell: ~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d332ba6b)$ gsutil cp my-excellent-blog.png gs://$DEVSHELL_PROJECT_ID/my-excellent-blog.png
[1 files] [ 8.2 KiB  8.2 KiB]
gs://$DEVSHELL_PROJECT_ID/my-excellent-blog.png [Content-Type:image/png]...
student_03_39548d97a3@cloudshell: ~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d332ba6b)$ gsutil acl ch -u allUsers:R gs://$DEVSHELL_PROJECT_ID/my-excellent-blog.png
Updated ACL on gs://qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d332ba6b/my-excellent-blog.png
student_03_39548d97a3@cloudshell: ~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d332ba6b)$
```

The screenshot shows a web-based learning environment for Google Cloud Fundamentals. The top navigation bar includes icons for home, back, forward, and search. The main title is "Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with Cloud Storage and Cloud SQL". On the left, a sidebar lists various video topics: Cloud Storage, Cloud SQL, Cloud Spanner, Firestore, Cloud Bigtable, Comparing storage options, a Lab titled "Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with Cloud Storage and Cloud SQL", and a Quiz titled "Quiz: Storage in the Cloud". Below these are dropdown menus for "Containers in the Cloud", "Applications in the Cloud", "Developing and Deploying in the Cloud", and "Logging and Monitoring in the Cloud". The main content area displays a lab session titled "End Lab" with a timer showing 00:40:48. A warning message states: "Caution: When you are in the console, do not deviate from the lab instructions. Doing so may cause your account to be blocked." Below this is a "Learn more" link. A "Open Google Cloud console" button is present. The task at hand is to modify the Access Control List (ACL) of a file named "my-excellent-blog.png" located at `gs://$DEVSHELL_PROJECT_ID/my-excellent-blog.png`. The ACL command provided is `gsutil acl ch -u allUsers:R gs://$DEVSHELL_PROJECT_ID/my-excellent-blog.png`. A "Check my progress" button is available. The status message "Assessment Completed!" is displayed. To the right, a vertical sidebar lists navigation links: Overview, Objectives, Task 1. Sign in to the Google Cloud Console, Task 2. Deploy a web server VM instance, Task 3. Create a Cloud Storage bucket using the gsutil command line, Task 4. Create the Cloud SQL instance, Task 5. Configure an application in a Compute Engine instance to use Cloud SQL, Task 6. Configure an application in a Compute Engine instance to use a Cloud Storage object, Congratulations!, End your lab, and More resources. A yellow box in the top right corner indicates "5/15".

Task 4. Create the Cloud SQL instance

1. In the Google Cloud Console, on the **Navigation menu** (≡), click **SQL**.
2. Click **Create instance**.
3. For **Choose a database engine**, select **MySQL**.

Task 4. Create the Cloud SQL instance

Instance info

Instance ID *	blog-db
Use lowercase letters, numbers, and hyphens. Start with a letter.	
Password *	root
<input type="checkbox"/> No password	
PASSWORD POLICY	

CLOUD SHELL

```
Welcome to Cloud Shell! Type "help" to get started.
student_03:395456f97a3$@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d3326ba6b) $ export LOCATION=US
student_03:395456f97a3$@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d3326ba6b) $ gsutil mb -l $LOCATION gs://$DEVSHELL_PROJECT_ID
gs://$DEVSHELL_PROJECT_ID created.
student_03:395456f97a3$@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d3326ba6b) $ gsutil cp gs://cloud-training/gcpfc1/my-excellent-blog.png my-excellent-blog.png
Copying gs://cloud-training/gcpfc1/my-excellent-blog.png...
  / [1 files] [ 6.2 KB,  6.2 KB]
Operation completed over 1 objects/6.2 KB.
student_03:395456f97a3$@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d3326ba6b) $ gsutil cp my-excellent-blog.png gs://$DEVSHELL_PROJECT_ID/my-excellent-blog.png
Copying gs://$DEVSHELL_PROJECT_ID/my-excellent-blog.png...
  / [1 files] [ 6.2 KB,  6.2 KB]
Operation completed over 1 objects/6.2 KB.
student_03:395456f97a3$@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d3326ba6b) $ gsutil acl u allUsers:R gs://$DEVSHELL_PROJECT_ID/my-excellent-blog.png
Updated ACL on gs://qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d3326ba6b/my-excellent-blog.png
student_03:395456f97a3$@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d3326ba6b) $
```

SQL

PRIMARY INSTANCE

- Overview
- Query insights
- Connections
- Users
- Databases
- Backups
- Replicas
- Operations

All instances > blog-db

blog-db

MySQL 8.0

Instance is being created. This may take a few minutes. While this operation is running, you may continue to view information about the instance.

Chart: CPU utilization

No data is available for the selected time frame.

UTC-8 2:00 PM 3:00 PM 4:00 PM 5:00 PM 6:00 PM 7:00 PM 8:00 PM 9:00 PM 10:00 PM 11:00 PM May 25 1:00 AM 2:00 AM 3:00 AM 4:00 AM 5:00 AM 6:00 AM 7:00 AM 8:00 AM 9:00 AM 10:00 AM 11:00 AM 12:00 PM

Go to Query insights for more in-depth info on queries and performance

Connect to this instance

Connection name: qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d3326ba6b:us-central1:blog-db

Need help connecting?

Review the documentation to learn about the many ways to connect to your instance.
[Learn more](#)

To connect using gcloud, learn about connecting with a Compute Engine VM, or START TUTORIAL.

Configuration

vCPUs	4	Memory	26 GB	SSD storage	100 GB
-------	---	--------	-------	-------------	--------

Database version is MySQL 8.0.26
Auto storage increase is enabled
Automated backups are enabled
Point-in-time recovery is enabled

Uploads and qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d3326ba6b... operations
Creating blog-db
0 min 38 sec

Google Cloud | Search (/) for resources, docs, products, and more

All instances > blog-db

blog-db

MySQL 8.0

User accounts enable users and applications to connect to your instance. [Learn more](#)

+ ADD USER ACCOUNT

User name	Host name	Authentication	Password status
root	% (any host)	Built-in	N/A

Add a user account to instance blog-db

Choose how to authenticate
You can manage access to this instance using Cloud IAM or MySQL built-in authentication. [Learn more](#)

Built-in authentication
Creates a new username and password specific to this instance. User account will have cloudsqlsuperuser root access, but you can customize that later as needed. [Learn more](#)

User name *
blogdbuser

Password (Optional)
julio [GENERATE](#)

[PASSWORD POLICY](#)

Host name [?](#)
 Allow any host (%)
 Restrict host by IP address or address range

Users created with built-in authentication have the same privileges as the root user. [Learn more](#)

Cloud IAM
Associate an existing IAM principal with this user account. Must have a role providing instance-level access assigned to connect.

[ADD](#) [CANCEL](#)

Instance is being created

Google Cloud | Search (/) for resources, docs, products, and more

All instances > blog-db

blog-db

MySQL 8.0

User accounts enable users and applications to connect to your instance. [Learn more](#)

+ ADD USER ACCOUNT

User name	Host name	Authentication	Password status
blogdbuser	% (any host)	Built-In	N/A
root	% (any host)	Built-In	N/A

Users

ARY INSTANCE

Overview

Query insights

Connections

Databases

Backups

Replicas

Operations

Help Assistant

User account added

Uploads and qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d3320ba6b operations

Created blog-db 12:22:43 PM GMT-6 12-14 AM

Google Cloud | qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d3320ba6b | Search (/) for resources, docs, products, and more | Search | HELP ASSISTANT

SQL

PRIMARY INSTANCE

- Overview
- Query insights
- Connections**
- Users
- Databases
- Backups
- Replicas
- Operations

Connections

All instances > blog-db

blog-db

MySQL 8.0

SUMMARY NETWORKING SECURITY CONNECTIVITY TESTS

Choose how you want your source to connect to this instance, then define which networks are authorized to connect. [Learn more](#)

You can use the Cloud SQL Proxy for extra security with either option. [Learn more](#)

Instance IP assignment

Private IP: Assigns an internal, Google-hosted VPC IP address. Requires additional APIs and permissions. Can't be disabled once enabled. [Learn more](#)

Public IP: Assigns an external, internet-accessible IP address. Requires using an authorized network or the Cloud SQL Proxy to connect to this instance. [Learn more](#)

Authorized networks

You can specify CIDR ranges to allow IP addresses in those ranges to access your instance. [Learn more](#)

web front end (34.67.246.199/32)

ADD A NETWORK

Google Cloud services authorization

Enable private path: Allows other Google Cloud services like BigQuery to access data and make queries over Private IP. [Learn more](#)

App Engine authorization

All apps in this project are authorized by default. You can use [Cloud IAM](#) to authorize apps in other projects. [Learn more](#)

SAVE DISCARD CHANGES

Uploads and qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d33... operations

- Edited blog-db 12:31:54 PM GMT-6
- Edited blog-db 12:29:08 PM GMT-6
- Edited blog-db 12:26:34 PM GMT-6
- Created blog-db 12:22:43 PM GMT-6

12:31 PM

Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with Cloud Storage and Cloud SQL

End Lab 00:23:54

16. For Network, type the external IP address of your bloghost VM instance, followed by /32

The result will look like this:

35.192.208.2/32

Note: Be sure to use the external IP address of your VM instance followed by /32. Do not use the VM instance's internal IP address. Do not use the sample IP address shown here.

17. Click Done to finish defining the authorized network.

18. Click Save to save the configuration change.

Note: If the message appears like Another operation is in progress, wait for few minutes until you see the green check for blog-db to save the configuration.

Click Check my progress to verify the objective.

Create the Cloud SQL instance

Check my progress

Assessment Completed!

Overview Objectives Task 1. Sign in to the Google Cloud Console Task 2. Deploy a web server VM instance Task 3. Create a Cloud Storage bucket using the gcloud command line Task 4. Create the Cloud SQL instance Task 5. Configure an application in a Compute Engine instance to use Cloud SQL Task 6. Configure an application in a Compute Engine instance to use a Cloud Storage object Congratulations! End your lab More resources

10/15

where on the web server VM instance

Mozilla Firefox

https://ssh.cloud.google.com/v2/ssh/projects/qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d3326ba6b/zones/us-central1-c/instances/blo

SSH-in-browser

UPLOAD FILE DOWNLOAD FILE

```
GNU nano 5.4 index.php
<html>
<head><title>Welcome to my excellent blog</title></head>
<body>
<h1>Welcome to my excellent blog</h1>
<?php
$dbserver = "CLOUDSQLIP";
$dbuser = "blogdbuser";
$dbpassword = "DBPASSWORD";
// In a production blog, we would not store the MySQL
// password in the document root. Instead, we would store it in a
// configuration file elsewhere on the web server VM instance.
$conn = new mysqli($dbserver, $dbuser, $dbpassword);
if (mysqli_connect_error()) {
    echo ("Database connection failed: " . mysqli_connect_error());
} else {
    echo ("Database connection succeeded.");
}
?>
</body></html>
```

E

t

l

[Read 19 lines]

^G Help ^O Write Out ^W Where Is ^K Cut ^T Execute ^C Location M-U Undo
^X Exit ^R Read File ^\ Replace ^U Paste ^J Justify ^L Go To Line M-E Redo

Mozilla Firefox

https://ssh.cloud.google.com/v2/ssh/projects/qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d3326ba6b/zones/us-central1-c/instances/blo

SSH-in-browser

student-03-39545b6f97a3@bloghost:~\$ cd /var/www/html
student-03-39545b6f97a3@bloghost:/var/www/html\$ sudo nano index.php
student-03-39545b6f97a3@bloghost:/var/www/html\$ sudo nano index.php
student-03-39545b6f97a3@bloghost:/var/www/html\$ sudo service apache2 restart
student-03-39545b6f97a3@bloghost:/var/www/html\$ 34.67.246.199/index.php
-bash: 34.67.246.199/index.php: No such file or directory
student-03-39545b6f97a3@bloghost:/var/www/html\$ 10.128.0.2/index.php
-bash: 10.128.0.2/index.php: No such file or directory
student-03-39545b6f97a3@bloghost:/var/www/html\$

34.67.246.199/index.php

Welcome to my excellent blog

Database connection failed: php_network_getaddresses: getaddrinfo failed: Name or service not known

Mozilla Firefox

https://ssh.cloud.google.com/v2/ssh/projects/qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d3326ba6b/zones/us-central1-c/instances/blo

SSH-in-browser

GNU nano 5.4 index.php *

```
<html>
<head><title>Welcome to my excellent blog</title></head>
<body>
<h1>Welcome to my excellent blog</h1>
<?php
$dbserver = "34.66.133.155";
$dbuser = "blogdbuser";
$dbpassword = "julio";
// In a production blog, we would not store the MySQL
// password in the document root. Instead, we would store it in a
// configuration file elsewhere on the web server VM instance.
$conn = new mysqli($dbserver, $dbuser, $dbpassword);
if (mysqli_connect_error()) {
    echo ("Database connection failed: " . mysqli_connect_error());
} else {
    echo ("Database connection succeeded.");
}
?>
</body></html>
```

File Name to Write: index.php

^G Help M-D DOS Format M-A Append M-B Backup File
^C Cancel M-M Mac Format M-P Prepend ^T Browse

← → ⌘ 34.67.246.199/index.php

Welcome to my excellent blog

Database connection succeeded.

Mozilla Firefox

https://ssh.cloud.google.com/v2/ssh/projects/qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d3326ba6b/zones/us-central1-c/instances/blo

SSH-in-browser

GNU nano 5.4 index.php *

```
<html>
<head><title>Welcome to my excellent blog</title></head>
<body>
<h1>Welcome to my excellent blog</h1>

<?php
$dbserver = "34.67.246.199";
$dbuser = "blogdbuser";
$dbpassword = "julio";
// In a production blog, we would not store the MySQL
// password in the document root. Instead, we would store it in a
// configuration file elsewhere on the web server VM instance.
$conn = new mysqli($dbserver, $dbuser, $dbpassword);
if ($conn->connect_error()) {
    echo ("Database connection failed: " . $conn->connect_error());
} else {
    echo ("Database connection succeeded.");
}
?>
</body></html>
```

^G Help ^O Write Out ^W Where Is ^K Cut ^T Execute ^C Location M-U Undo
^X Exit ^R Read File ^\ Replace ^U Paste ^J Justify ^_ Go To Line M-E Redo

34.67.246.199/index.php

Welcome to my excellent blog

My Excellent Blog

Database connection succeeded.

Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with Cloud Storage and Cloud SQL

End Lab 00:08:09

Caution: When you are in the console, do not deviate from the lab instructions. Doing so may cause your account to be blocked. Learn more.

Open Google Cloud console

Username: student-03-39545b6f97a:

Password: 3QGm2XMH4Dd8

GCP Project ID: qwiklabs-gcp-00-185d33:

Region: us-west4

Zone: us-west4-a

End your lab

When you have completed your lab, click **End Lab**. Google Cloud Skills Boost removes the resources you've used and cleans the account for you.

You will be given an opportunity to rate the lab experience. Select the applicable number of stars, type a comment, and then click **Submit**.

The number of stars indicates the following:

- 1 star = Very dissatisfied
- 2 stars = Dissatisfied
- 3 stars = Neutral
- 4 stars = Satisfied
- 5 stars = Very satisfied

You can close the dialog box if you don't want to provide feedback.

For feedback, suggestions, or corrections, please use the **Support** tab.

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Overview 15/15

Objectives

Task 1. Sign in to the Google Cloud Console

Task 2. Deploy a web server VM instance

Task 3. Create a Cloud Storage bucket using the gcloud command line

Task 4. Create the Cloud SQL instance

Task 5. Configure an application in a Compute Engine instance to use Cloud SQL

Task 6. Configure an application in a Compute Engine instance to use a Cloud Storage object

Congratulations!

End your lab

More resources

12:47 PM

Quiz: Virtual Machines and Networks in the Cloud

Quiz: Virtual Machines and Networks in the Cloud

Your score: 83% Passing score: 75%

Congratulations! You passed this assessment.

1. Preemptible VMs can offer advantages over a standard Compute Engine VM. What is a reason customers choose preemptible VMs?

- To improve performance
- To reduce cost on premium operating systems
- To reduce cost
- To use custom machine types

That's correct! The per-hour price of preemptible VMs incorporates a substantial discount.

2. A Google Cloud customer wants to load-balance traffic among the backend VMs that form part of a multi-tier application. Which load-balancing option should this customer choose?

- The regional load balancer
- The global TCP proxy
- The regional internal load balancer
- The global SSL proxy
- The global HTTP(S) load balancer

Review the lecture "Cloud Load Balancing."

3. Which term describes a secure, individual, private cloud-computing model hosted within a public cloud?

- Virtual private cloud (VPC)
- Domain name system (DNS)
- Virtual private network (VPN)
- Content delivery network (CDN)

Correct!

Storage in the Cloud

- Video Google Cloud storage options
- Video Cloud Storage
- Video Cloud Storage: Storage classes and data transfer
- Video Cloud SQL
- Video Cloud Spanner
- Video Firestore
- Video Cloud Bigtable
- Video Comparing storage options

Lab Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with Cloud Storage and Cloud SQL

Quiz Quiz: Storage in the Cloud

Containers in the Cloud

Quiz Quiz: Virtual Machines and Networks in the Cloud

2. A Google Cloud customer wants to load-balance traffic among the backend VMs that form part of a multi-tier application. Which load-balancing option should this customer choose?

- The regional load balancer
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- The global SSL proxy
- The global HTTP(S) load balancer

Review the lecture "Cloud Load Balancing."

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- Virtual private network (VPN)
- Content delivery network (CDN)

Correct!

Storage in the Cloud

- Video Google Cloud storage options
- Video Cloud Storage
- Video Cloud Storage: Storage classes and data transfer
- Video Cloud SQL
- Video Cloud Spanner
- Video Firestore
- Video Cloud Bigtable
- Video Comparing storage options

Lab Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with Cloud Storage and Cloud SQL

Quiz Quiz: Storage in the Cloud

Containers in the Cloud

Quiz: Virtual Machines and Networks in the Cloud

4. Which statement best describes how VPC routers and firewalls work?

They are managed by Google as a built-in feature.
 They are managed by Google in virtual machines and customers cannot modify them.
 Customers provision virtual machines and run their routers and firewalls in them.
 They are managed by Google in virtual machines and customers can tune or deactivate them.

Correct!

5. Select the true statement about Google's VPC networks and subnets.

Networks are global, and subnets are regional.
 Networks are global, and subnets are zonal.
 Both networks and subnets are global.
 Networks are regional, and subnets are zonal.

Correct!

6. Which interconnect option is a service level agreement (SLA) available for?

Dedicated Interconnect
 Carrier Peering
 Standard Network Tier
 Direct Peering

Correct!

Quiz: Virtual Machines and Networks in the Cloud

5. Select the true statement about Google's VPC networks and subnets.

Networks are global, and subnets are regional.
 Networks are global, and subnets are zonal.
 Both networks and subnets are global.
 Networks are regional, and subnets are zonal.

Correct!

6. Which interconnect option is a service level agreement (SLA) available for?

Dedicated Interconnect
 Carrier Peering
 Standard Network Tier
 Direct Peering

Correct!

Quiz: Virtual Machines and Networks in the Cloud

Storage in the Cloud

- Quiz: Virtual Machines and Networks in the Cloud
- Storage in the Cloud
 - Video: Google Cloud storage options
 - Video: Cloud Storage
 - Video: Cloud Storage: Storage classes and data transfer
 - Video: Cloud SQL
 - Video: Cloud Spanner
 - Video: Firestore
 - Video: Cloud Bigtable
 - Video: Comparing storage options
- Lab: Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with Cloud Storage and Cloud SQL
- Quiz: Storage in the Cloud

Containers in the Cloud

Create an instance

To create a VM instance, select one of the options:

- New VM instance** Create a single VM instance from scratch
- New VM instance from template** Create a single VM instance from an existing template
- New VM instance from machine image** Create a single VM instance from an existing machine image
- Marketplace** Deploy a ready-to-go solution onto a VM instance

Name * bloghost **Labels** **+ ADD LABELS**

Region * us-west4 (Las Vegas) **Zone *** us-west4-a

Pricing summary
Monthly estimate **\$28.65**
That's about \$0.04 hourly
Pay for what you use: no upfront costs and per second billing

Item	Monthly estimate
2 vCPU + 4 GB memory	\$27.55
10 GB balanced persistent disk	\$1.10
Total	\$28.65

Machine configuration

General purpose **Compute optimized** **Memory optimized** **GPU**

Machine type
Choose a machine type with preset amounts of vCPUs and memory that suit most workloads. Or, you can create a custom machine for your workload's particular needs. [Learn more](#)

Series e2

CPU platform selection based on availability

e2-medium (2 vCPU, 4 GB memory)

vCPU	Memory
1.2 vCPU (1 shared core)	4 GB

ADVANCED CONFIGURATIONS

Display device
Enable to use screen capturing and recording tools.

Enable display device

Confidential VM service

Pricing summary
Monthly estimate **\$28.65**
That's about \$0.04 hourly
Pay for what you use: no upfront costs and per second billing

Item	Monthly estimate
Use an existing reservation when creating this VM instance	
2 vCPU + 4 GB memory	\$27.55
10 GB balanced persistent disk	\$1.10
Total	\$28.65

Automation

```
Startup script
apt-get update
apt-get install apache2 php php-mysql -y
service apache2 restart
```

You can choose to specify a startup script that will run when your instance boots up or restarts. Startup scripts can be used to install software and updates, and to ensure that services are running within the virtual machine. [Learn more](#)

Metadata
You can set custom metadata for an instance or project outside of the server-defined metadata. This is useful for passing in arbitrary values to your project or instance that can be queried by your code on the instance. [Learn more](#)

+ ADD ITEM

Availability policies

VM provisioning model Standard

Choose "Spot" to get a discounted, preemptible VM. Otherwise, stick to "Standard". [Learn more](#)

Set a time limit for the VM

On VM termination

Choose what happens to your VM when it's preempted or reaches its time limit.

On host maintenance

Migrate VM instance (Recommended)

When Compute Engine performs periodic infrastructure maintenance it can migrate your instance to another host.

Quiz: Storage in the Cloud

Your score: 100% Passing score: 75%

Congratulations! You passed this assessment.

Retake

Quiz: Storage in the Cloud

Storage in the Cloud

- ✓ Quiz: Virtual Machines and Networks in the Cloud
- ✓ Storage in the Cloud
 - ✓ Video Google Cloud storage options
 - ✓ Video Cloud Storage
 - ✓ Video Cloud Storage: Storage classes and data transfer
 - ✓ Video Cloud SQL
 - ✓ Video Cloud Spanner
 - ✓ Video Firestore
 - ✓ Video Cloud Bigtable
 - ✓ Video Comparing storage options
- Lab Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with Cloud Storage and Cloud SQL
- ✓ Quiz: Storage in the Cloud

Containers in the

Correct!

✓ 1. Your application needs to store data with strong transactional consistency, and you want seamless scaling up. Which storage option is the best choice for your application?

Firestore

Cloud SQL

Cloud Spanner

Cloud Storage

✓ 2. Why would a customer consider the Coldline Storage class?

To use the Coldline Storage API

To save money on storing frequently accessed data

To save money on storing infrequently accessed data

Quiz: Storage in the Cloud

Quiz: Storage in the Cloud

Storage in the Cloud

- ✓ Quiz: Virtual Machines and Networks in the Cloud
- ✓ Storage in the Cloud
 - ✓ Video Google Cloud storage options
 - ✓ Video Cloud Storage
 - ✓ Video Cloud Storage: Storage classes and data transfer
 - ✓ Video Cloud SQL
 - ✓ Video Cloud Spanner
 - ✓ Video Firestore
 - ✓ Video Cloud Bigtable
 - ✓ Video Comparing storage options
- Lab Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with Cloud Storage and Cloud SQL
- ✓ Quiz: Storage in the Cloud

Containers in the

Correct!

✓ 3. You manufacture devices with sensors and need to stream huge amounts of data from these devices to a storage option in the cloud. Which storage option is the best choice for your application?

Cloud Spanner

Firestore

Bigtable

BigQuery

✓ 4. How are Firestore and Bigtable alike? (Select two answers.)

They both have a free daily quota.

They are both highly scalable.

Correct!

They are both NoSQL databases.

Correct!

They both offer SQL-like queries.

Quiz: Storage in the Cloud

5. Which SQL database service can scale to petabyte database sizes?

- Firestore
- Cloud Spanner
- Cloud SQL
- Bigtable

Correct!

6. Which statement describes the correct Cloud Storage use case?

- Cloud Storage provides RDBMS (Relational Database Management System) services.
- Cloud Storage provides durable and highly available object storage.
- Cloud Storage provides the root file system of a Linux virtual machine.
- Cloud Storage provides data warehousing services.

Correct!

Product details

The page did not load correctly. Please reload the page or, if the issue persists, try again later [RELOAD](#)

Google Container Registry API

Google Container Registry provides secure, private Docker image storage on Google Cloud Platform. ...

[MANAGE](#) API Enabled

[OVERVIEW](#) [DOCUMENTATION](#) [RELATED PRODUCTS](#)

Overview

Google Container Registry provides secure, private Docker image storage on Google Cloud Platform. Our API follows the Docker Registry API specification, so we are fully compatible with the Docker CLI client, as well as standard tooling using the Docker Registry API.

Additional details

Type: [Saas & APIs](#)
Last updated: 4/29/22
Category: [Developer tools](#), [Google Enterprise APIs](#)
Service name: containerregistry.googleapis.com

Tutorials and documentation

[Learn more](#)

Terms of Service

Container Registry API Highlight All Match Case Match Diacritics Whole Words 1 of 1 match

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Platform interface. At the top, the navigation bar includes the Google Cloud logo, a search bar with the query "qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82", and various status icons. Below the navigation is a banner stating "The page did not load correctly. Please reload the page or, if the issue persists, try again later".

The main content area displays the "Kubernetes Engine API" product page. It features a blue hexagonal icon, the product name, and a brief description: "Builds and manages container-based applications, powered by the open source Kubernetes technology." Below this are three buttons: "MANAGE", "TRY THIS API", and "API Enabled".

Below the product page are tabs for "OVERVIEW", "DOCUMENTATION", and "RELATED PRODUCTS". The "OVERVIEW" tab is selected.

The "Overview" section contains a heading "Additional details" with the following information:

- Type: SaaS & APIs
- Last updated: 7/21/22
- Category: Compute, Google Enterprise APIs
- Service name: container.googleapis.com

The "Tutorials and documentation" section includes a "Learn more" link.

The "Terms of Service" section states: "By using this product you agree to the terms and conditions of the following license: Google Cloud Platform".

On the left side, the sidebar lists pinned products: APIs & Services, Billing, IAM & Admin, Marketplace, Compute Engine, Kubernetes Engine, Cloud Storage, BigQuery, VPC network, Cloud Run, SQL, Security, and Google Maps Plat... A "Cloud overview" section is also present.

The central dashboard area contains several cards:

- Project info**: Shows the project name "qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82", project number "847078472825", and project ID "qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82". It also has a "Go to project settings" button.
- APIs**: A chart titled "Requests (requests/sec)" showing a sharp spike from approximately 0.018 requests per second at 4:15 PM to 0.020 requests per second at 4:16 PM. The Y-axis ranges from 0.010s to 0.020s. A radio button indicates "Requests: 0.006/s".
- Google Cloud Platform status**: Shows the "Assured Workloads" status for the "CreateWorkload API" as experiencing issues beginning at 2023-05-24 (14:31:51). It also mentions "Google Cloud SQL" issues for Cloud SQL MySQL 5.6.33 starting at 2023-05-23 (09:04:47). A "Go to Cloud status dashboard" button is available.
- Billing**: Shows estimated charges of USD \$0.00. A "Go to APIs overview" button is present.

A "Cloud Shell" terminal window is open at the bottom left, showing a welcome message and a command to change the project ID. A blue callout box points to the terminal with the text: "Click here to see details about your Cloud Shell session and usage quota".

Google Cloud | qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82 | Search (/) for resources, docs, products, and more | Q Search | CUSTOMIZE

Cloud overview Products & solutions PINNED API APIs & Services Billing IAM & Admin Marketplace Compute Engine Kubernetes Engine Cloud Storage BigQuery VPC network Cloud Run SQL Security Google Maps Plat... MORE PRODUCTS

DASHBOARD ACTIVITY RECOMMENDATIONS

Project info

Project name: qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82
Project number: 47078472825
Project ID: qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82
OAuth consent screen
Page usage agreements

API APIs

Requests (requests/sec)

Google Cloud Platform status

Assured Workloads Assured Workloads CreateWorkload API is experiencing issues
Begun at 2023-05-24 (14:31:51)
Google Cloud SQL Global: Cloud SQL MySQL 8.0.33 is experiencing some issues with create and upgrade workflow.
Begun at 2023-05-23 (09:04:47)
All times are US/Pacific
Data provided by status.cloud.google.com

Billing Estimated charges USD \$0.00

CLOUD SHELL Terminal (qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82) + -

```
Welcome to Cloud Shell! Type "help" to get started.  
Your Cloud Platform project in this session is set to "qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82".  
Use "gcloud config set project [PROJECT_ID]" to change to a different project.  
Access your project's configuration files with "cd $HOME/.config/gcloud/projects/qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82".  
student_01-c7b725ef053@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82)$ gcloud container clusters create webfrontend --zone us-west3-a  
Default change: VPC-native is the default mode during cluster creation for versions greater than 1.21.0-gke.1500. To create advanced routes besides clusters, please pass the '--no-enable-ip-alias' flag.  
Default change: During creation of nodepools or autoscaling configuration changes for cluster versions greater than 1.24.1-gke.800 a default location policy is applied. For Spot and PVM it defaults to ANY, and for all other VM kinds a BALANCED policy is used. To change the default values use the '--location-policy' flag.  
Note: Your Pod address range ('--cluster-ip-cidr') can accommodate at most 1008 node(s).  
Creating Cluster webfrontend in us-west3-a... Cluster is being deployed...working...[ ]
```

Google Cloud | qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82 | Search (/) for resources, docs, products, and more | Q Search | CUSTOMIZE

Cloud overview Products & solutions PINNED API APIs & Services Billing IAM & Admin Marketplace Compute Engine Kubernetes Engine Cloud Storage BigQuery VPC network Cloud Run SQL Security Google Maps Plat... MORE PRODUCTS

DASHBOARD ACTIVITY RECOMMENDATIONS

Project info

Project name: qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82
Project number: 847078472825
Project ID: qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82
ADD PEOPLE TO THIS PROJECT

API APIs

Requests (requests/sec)

Google Cloud Platform status

Assured Workloads Assured Workloads CreateWorkload API is experiencing issues
Begun at 2023-05-24 (14:31:51)
Google Cloud SQL Global: Cloud SQL MySQL 8.0.33 is experiencing some issues with create and upgrade workflow.
Begun at 2023-05-23 (09:04:47)
All times are US/Pacific
Data provided by status.cloud.google.com

Billing Estimated charges USD \$0.00

CLOUD SHELL Terminal (qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82) + -

```
Creating cluster webfrontend in us-west3-a... Cluster is being health-checked (master is healthy)...working...  
Creating cluster webfrontend in us-west3-a... Cluster is being health-checked (master is healthy)...done  
Create cluster command completed successfully. To inspect the contents of your cluster, go to https://console.cloud.google.com/kuberentes/workloads/_/gcloud/us-west3-a/webfrontend?  
kubectl entry generated for webfrontend.  
NAME: webfrontend  
LOCATION: us-west3-a  
MASTER_IP: 34.106.251.82  
MASTER_VERSION: v1.25.8-gke.500  
NODE_VERSION: v1.25.8-gke.500  
NUM_NODES: 2  
READYING  
student_01-c7b725ef053@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82)$  
student_01-c7b725ef053@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82)$ kubectl version --short --client  
Client Version: version.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"27", GitVersion:"v1.27.1", GitCommit:"4e9411232e10168d7b050c49ab59f6df9d7ea4b", GitTreeState:"clean", BuildDate:"2023-04-14T13:21:19Z", GoVersion:"go1.20.9", Compiler:"gc", Platform:"linux/amd64"}  
Server Version: version.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"25", GitVersion:"v1.25.8-gke.500", GitCommit:"f117e29ccb87cfb7e1de32ab4e16fb0iac5d0af9", GitTreeState:"clean", BuildDate:"2023-03-23T10:22:30Z", GoVersion:"go1.19.17_k8s19954", Compiler:"gc", Platform:"linux/amd64"}  
WARNING: This version information is deprecated and will be replaced with the output from kubectl version --short. Use --output=yaml/json to get the full version.  
Client Version: version.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"27", GitVersion:"v1.27.1", GitCommit:"4e9411232e10168d7b050c49ab59f6df9d7ea4b", GitTreeState:"clean", BuildDate:"2023-04-14T13:21:19Z", GoVersion:"go1.20.9", Compiler:"gc", Platform:"linux/amd64"}  
Server Version: version.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"25", GitVersion:"v1.25.8-gke.500", GitCommit:"f117e29ccb87cfb7e1de32ab4e16fb0iac5d0af9", GitTreeState:"clean", BuildDate:"2023-03-23T10:22:30Z", GoVersion:"go1.19.17_k8s19954", Compiler:"gc", Platform:"linux/amd64"}  
WARNING: version difference between client (v1.27.1) and server (v1.25.8) exceeds the supported minor version skew of +/-1  
student_01-c7b725ef053@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82)$ [ ]
```

Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with GKE

End Lab 00:23:40

Caution: When you are in the console, do not deviate from the lab instructions. Doing so may cause your account to be blocked. [Learn more.](#)

[Open Google Cloud console](#)

Username
student-01-cc7b725ef05:

Password
diH9XP181TV3n

GCP Project ID
qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa721

Region
US-west3

Zone
us-west3-a

It takes several minutes to create a cluster as Kubernetes Engine provisions virtual machines for you.

5. After the cluster is created, check your installed version of Kubernetes using the `kubectl version` command:

```
kubectl version
```

The `gcloud container clusters create` command automatically authenticated `kubectl` for you.

6. View your running nodes in the GCP Console. On the **Navigation menu** (≡), click **Compute Engine > VM Instances**.

Your Kubernetes cluster is now ready for use.

Click *Check my progress* to verify the objective.

Start a Kubernetes Engine cluster **Check my progress**

Task 4. Run and deploy a container

Overview
Objectives
Task 1. Sign in to the Google Cloud
Task 2. Confirm that needed APIs are enabled
Task 3. Start a Kubernetes Engine cluster
Task 4. Run and deploy a container
Congratulations!
End your lab

Task 4. Run and deploy a container

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Platform dashboard. On the left, the navigation pane includes sections like Cloud overview, Products & solutions, APIs & services, Billing, IAM & Admin, Marketplace, Compute Engine, Kubernetes Engine, Cloud Storage, BigQuery, VPC network, Cloud Run, SQL, Security, and Google Maps Plat... The main area has three primary sections: Project info, API APIs, and Google Cloud Platform status.

- Project info:** Shows project details: name (qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82), number (847078472825), ID (qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa72bb2f82). It also has an "ADD PEOPLE TO THIS PROJECT" button and a "Go to project settings" link.
- RPC APIs:** A chart titled "Requests (requests/sec)" showing data over time. The Y-axis ranges from 0.0109 to 0.0250. The X-axis shows time points: 3:30, 3:45, 4 PM, 4:15. A single blue bar at 4:15 reaches approximately 0.0165. Below the chart, it says "Requests: 0.006/s" and "Go to APIs overview".
- Google Cloud Platform status:** A section titled "Assured Workloads" which states: "Assured Workloads CreateWorkload API is experiencing issues. Began at 2023-05-24 (14:03:51)." It also includes a "Google Cloud SQL" status message: "Global: Cloud SQL MySQL 8.0.33 is experiencing some issues with creating new database workflow. Began at 2023-05-23 (09:04:47)." At the bottom, it says "All times are US/Pacific" and "Data provided by status.cloud.google.com". A "Go to Cloud status dashboard" link is present.



Welcome to nginx!

If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and working. Further configuration is required.

For online documentation and support please refer to nginx.org.

Commercial support is available at nginx.com.

Thank you for using nginx.

Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with GKE

End Lab 00:19:06

8. Confirm that your external IP address has not changed:

Caution: When you are in the console, do not deviate from the lab instructions. Doing so may cause your account to be blocked.
Learn more.

Open Google Cloud console

Username: student-81-cc7b725ef05

Password: dh9XP181TV3n

GCP Project ID: qwiklabs-gcp-00-b7fa721

Region: us-west3

Zone: us-west3-a

9. Return to the web browser tab in which you viewed your cluster's external IP address. Refresh the page to confirm that the nginx web server is still responding.

Click *Check my progress* to verify the objective.

Run and deploy a container

Check my progress

Congratulations!

In this lab, you configured a Kubernetes cluster in Kubernetes Engine. You populated the cluster with several pods containing an application, exposed the application, and scaled the application.

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Platform dashboard for project "qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469". The left sidebar includes pinned items like APIs & Services, Billing, IAM & Admin, Marketplace, Compute Engine, Kubernetes Engine, Cloud Storage, BigQuery, VPC network, Cloud Run, SQL, Security, and Google Maps Platform. The main area displays "Project info" (Project name: qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469, Project number: 812879929258, Project ID: qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469), "APIs" (Requests (requests/sec) chart from 3:45 to 4:30), and "Google Cloud Platform status" (Global Cloud SQL MySQL 8.0.33 is experiencing some issues with create and upgrade workflow, began at 2023-05-23 (09:04:47)). A terminal window in the bottom right shows a Cloud Shell session with the command "gcloud auth list" output.

This screenshot is identical to the one above, showing the Google Cloud Platform dashboard for the same project. The left sidebar and main dashboard components are the same, including the "Cloud Shell" terminal window which now shows the output of the "gcloud auth list" command, listing an active account: "ACTIVE * ACCOUNT: student-00-39eb49e1666@qwiklabs.net".

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Platform dashboard for the project "qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469". The left sidebar lists various services like Compute Engine, Kubernetes Engine, and Cloud Storage. The main area displays "Project info" (Project name: qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469, Project number: 812878929258, Project ID: qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469) and "RPI APIs" (Requests (requests/sec) chart). A terminal window in the bottom right shows the following command execution:

```
student_00_39eb49e15663@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469)$ gcloud config list project
[core]
project = qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469
Your active configuration is: [cloudshell-14369]
student_00_39eb49e15663@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469)$
```

This screenshot is identical to the one above, showing the Google Cloud Platform dashboard for the same project. The terminal window shows the user has run the command to list their active configurations, which is currently set to the default configuration.

```
student_00_39eb49e15663@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469)$ gcloud config list project
[core]
project = qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469
Your active configuration is: [cloudshell-14369]
student_00_39eb49e15663@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469)$ gcloud services enable run.googleapis.com
Operation "operations/acf-p-012078929255-b0b10c2d-93cc-4473-8cae-17324e6512a0" finished successfully.
student_00_39eb49e15663@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469)$ gcloud config set compute/region us-central
Operation "operations/acf-p-012078929255-b0b10c2d-93cc-4473-8cae-17324e6512a0" finished successfully.
student_00_39eb49e15663@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469)$ LOCATION="us-central"
student_00_39eb49e15663@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469)$
```

Google Cloud Dashboard (Project: qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576fb9469)

Project info

- Project name: qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576fb9469
- Project number: 812879929258
- Project ID: qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576fb9469

RPC APIs

Requests (requests/sec)

Time	Requests/sec
3:45	1.0
4 PM	0.8
4:15	0.6
4:30	0.4
4:45	0.2

No data is available for the selected time frame.

Google Cloud Platform status

Global Cloud SQL MySQL 8.0.33 is experiencing some issues with create and upgrade workflow. Began at 2023-05-23 (09:04:47). All times are US/Pacific. Data provided by status.cloud.google.com.

[Go to Cloud status dashboard](#)

Billing

Estimated charges: USD \$0.00

[Take a tour of billing](#)

[View detailed charges](#)

Monitoring

Create my dashboard

CLOUD SHELL

Terminal (qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576fb9469) package.json

```
"name": "helloworld",
"description": "A simple hello world sample in Node",
"version": "1.0.0",
"main": "index.js",
"scripts": {
  "start": "node index.js"
},
"author": "Google LLC",
"license": "Apache-2.0",
"save modified buffer?"
```

Yes No Cancel

Google Cloud Dashboard (Project: qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576fb9469)

Project info

- Project name: qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576fb9469
- Project number: 812879929258
- Project ID: qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576fb9469

RPC APIs

Requests (requests/sec)

Time	Requests/sec
3:45	1.0
4 PM	0.8
4:15	0.6
4:30	0.4
4:45	0.2

No data is available for the selected time frame.

Google Cloud Platform status

Global Cloud SQL MySQL 8.0.33 is experiencing some issues with create and upgrade workflow. Began at 2023-05-23 (09:04:47). All times are US/Pacific. Data provided by status.cloud.google.com.

[Go to Cloud status dashboard](#)

Billing

Estimated charges: USD \$0.00

[Take a tour of billing](#)

[View detailed charges](#)

Monitoring

Create my dashboard

CLOUD SHELL

Terminal (qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576fb9469) index.js

```
const express = require('express');
const app = express();
const port = process.env.PORT || 8080;
app.get('/', (req, res) => {
  const name = process.env.NAME || 'World';
  res.send(`Hello ${name}!`);
});
app.listen(port, () => {
  console.log(`HelloWorld: listening on port ${port}`);
});
Save modified buffer?
```

Yes No Cancel

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Platform dashboard for a project named 'wikilabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469'. The left sidebar lists various services like Compute Engine, Kubernetes Engine, and BigQuery. The main area displays 'Project info' with details such as Project name, Project number, and Project ID. It also shows 'APIs & Services' with an 'Enabled APIs & services' section listing 'request number' and 'Library'. Below this is a 'Resources' section with links to BigQuery, SQL, Compute Engine, and Storage. A 'Cloud Shell' terminal window is open, showing a Dockerfile and some command-line output related to a 'helloworld' application. To the right, there are sections for 'Google Cloud Platform status', 'Billing' (with estimated charges of USD 0.00), and 'Monitoring'.

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Platform interface for Cloud Run. The top navigation bar includes the 'Google Cloud' logo, a dropdown menu for 'qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469', a search bar, and various navigation icons. Below the navigation bar, the main header has tabs for 'Cloud Run', 'Services', 'CREATE SERVICE', 'CREATE JOB', 'MANAGE CUSTOM DOMAINS', 'COPY', 'DELETE', and 'TAGS'. There are also links for 'HIDE INFO PANEL' and 'RELEASE NOTES'. The left sidebar has 'SERVICES' selected, with a 'JOBS' tab and a 'Filter' button. A table lists services, with one row for 'helloworld' selected. The right side shows a message 'No services selected' and tabs for 'PERMISSIONS' and 'LABELS'. A note at the bottom says 'Please select at least one resource.'

Name	Req/sec	Region	Authentication	Ingress	Recommendation	Last deployed	Deployed by
helloworld	0	us-central1	Allow unauthenticated	All		Just now	student-0-39e6b49e15663@qwiklabs.net

```
CLOUD SHELL Terminal (qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469) x + Open Editor
Digest: sha256:4bcecd53cb1eb0bf1a2f02a1e66dddfda2a91c4m07e6ccba2c046d13
Status: Downloaded newer image for gcr.io/qwiklabs-helloworld:03-81b576f89469
student_00_396b49e1563@cloudshell:~/HelloWorld (qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469)$ gcloud run deploy --image gcr.io/$GOOGLE_CLOUD_PROJECT/helloworld --allow-unauthenticated --region=$LOCATION
Service name: helloworld!
URL: https://hello-world-qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469.REGION.cloud.google.com
OK Deploying new service... Done.
OK Creating Env... Creating Service...
OK Setting Env... Setting Service...
OK Setting IAM Policy...
Done.

Service (helloworld) revision (HelloWorld-00001-hof) has been deployed and is serving 100 percent of traffic.
Service URL: https://hello-world-qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469.REGION.cloud.google.com
student_00_396b49e1563@cloudshell:~/HelloWorld (qwiklabs-gcp-03-81b576f89469)$ [
```

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Platform Cloud Run interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'Google Cloud' and a dropdown menu. A search bar is followed by a 'Search' button. The main header includes 'Cloud Run', 'Services', and links for 'CREATE SERVICE', 'CREATE JOB', 'MANAGE CUSTOM DOMAINS', 'COPY', 'DELETE', and 'TAGS'. Below this, a secondary navigation bar has 'SERVICES' selected and 'JOBS' as an option. A 'Filter services' dropdown is also present. The main content area displays a table with one row for the service 'helloworld'. The columns in the table are: Name, Req/sec, Region, Authentication, Ingress, Recommendation, Last deployed, and Deployed by. The 'helloworld' entry shows 0 req/sec, us-central1 region, Allow unauthenticated authentication, All ingress, recommendation, deployed just now by student-00-396b49e15663@qwiklabs.net. To the right of the table, a message says 'No services selected'. Below the table, there are sections for 'PERMISSIONS' and 'LABELS'. At the bottom, a note says 'Please select at least one resource.'

	Name	Req/sec	Region	Authentication	Ingress	Recommendation	Last deployed	Deployed by
<input type="checkbox"/>	helloworld	0	us-central1	Allow unauthenticated	All		Just now	student-00-396b49e15663@qwiklabs.net

No services selected

PERMISSIONS LABELS

Please select at least one resource.

Quiz: Containers in the Cloud

Your score: 100% Passing score: 75%

Congratulations! You passed this assessment.

Retake

✓ 1. Where do the resources used to build Google Kubernetes Engine clusters come from?

Cloud Storage
 Bare metal servers
 Compute Engine
 App Engine

Correct!

✓ 2. How do containers access an operating system?

Containers use a shared base operating system stored in a shared runtime layer.
 Containers use a shared base operating system stored in a Cloud Storage bucket.
 Each container has its own instance of an operating system.
 Containers use a shared base operating system stored in a shared kernel layer.

Correct!

https://www.cloudskillsboost.google/course_sessions/3074717/video/37944

Quiz: Containers in the Cloud

Started with Cloud Storage and Cloud SQL

Quiz: Storage in the Cloud

Containers in the Cloud

✓ 3. Select two reasons for using containers to deploy applications. (Choose 2 responses.)

Migrating workloads is simpler.

Correct!

Allocating resources in which to run containers is not necessary.
 It creates consistency across development, testing, and production environments.
 It provides tight coupling between applications and operating systems.

✓ 4. What is a Kubernetes cluster?

A group of pods that manage the administration of a Kubernetes application.
 A group of machines where Kubernetes can schedule workloads.
 A group of containers that provide high availability for applications.

Correct!

Quiz: Containers in the Cloud

Started with Cloud Storage and Cloud SQL

EBiz Quiz: Storage in the Cloud

Containers in the Cloud

- EBVideo Introduction to containers
- EBVideo Kubernetes
- EBVideo Google Kubernetes Engine
- EBVideo Hybrid and multi-cloud
- EBVideo Anthos
- Lab Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with GKE

EBBiz Quiz: Containers in the Cloud

Applications in the Cloud

- EBVideo App Engine
- EBVideo App Engine environments
- EBVideo Google Cloud API

Quiz: Containers in the Cloud

Started with Cloud Storage and Cloud SQL

EBiz Quiz: Storage in the Cloud

Containers in the Cloud

- EBVideo Introduction to containers
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- EBVideo Google Kubernetes Engine
- EBVideo Hybrid and multi-cloud
- EBVideo Anthos
- Lab Google Cloud Fundamentals: Getting Started with GKE

EBBiz Quiz: Containers in the Cloud

Applications in the Cloud

- EBVideo App Engine
- EBVideo App Engine environments
- EBVideo Google Cloud API

5. Anthos provides a rich set of tools for monitoring and maintaining the consistency of your applications across which of the following locations?

Applications hosted on-premises, in the cloud, or in multiple clouds.

Applications hosted with multiple cloud providers only.

Applications hosted on-premises only.

Applications hosted with one cloud provider only.

Correct!

6. What is a Kubernetes pod?

A group of VMs

A group of nodes

A group of containers

A group of clusters

Correct!

6. What is a Kubernetes pod?

A group of VMs

A group of nodes

A group of containers

A group of clusters

Correct!

7. How do you keep your Kubernetes version updated in Google Kubernetes Engine?

You cannot update a running cluster. You need to create a copy of the cluster with the updated Kubernetes version.

You need to stop your cluster and manually update the Kubernetes version in your cluster.

The Google Kubernetes Engine team periodically performs automatic upgrades of your cluster to newer stable versions.

You are required to set up a cron job to periodically check the Kubernetes version in your cluster.

Correct!

Quiz: Applications in the Cloud

Your score: 100% Passing score: 75%

Congratulations! You passed this assessment.

Retake

✓ 1. Which statements are true about App Engine? (Select 2).

App Engine requires you to supply or code your own application load balancing and logging services.

Developers who write for App Engine do not need to code their applications in any particular way to use the service.

App Engine charges you based on the resources you preallocate instead of the resources you use.

The daily billing for an App Engine application can drop to zero.

Correct!

✓ App Engine manages the hardware and networking infrastructure required to run your code.

Correct!

This screenshot shows a quiz interface titled "Quiz: Applications in the Cloud". The sidebar on the left lists various Google Cloud services and topics, with "Quiz: Applications in the Cloud" selected. The main area displays the quiz results: a score of 100%, a passing score of 75%, and a message saying "Congratulations! You passed this assessment." Below this, there are three questions. The first question asks about App Engine, listing four statements. The correct answer is the fourth one: "The daily billing for an App Engine application can drop to zero." A "Correct!" message is shown next to it. The second question asks which Google Cloud service should be chosen for business analytics and billing on a customer-facing API. The correct answer is "Apigee API Management", indicated by a checkmark and a "Correct!" message. The third question asks to select the managed compute platform for running stateless containers through web requests or Pub/Sub events. The correct answer is "Cloud Run", also marked with a checkmark and a "Correct!" message.

Quiz: Applications in the Cloud

Correct!

✓ 2. Which Google Cloud service should you choose to perform business analytics and billing on a customer-facing API?

Compute Engine API

Cloud Run API

Cloud Endpoints

Apigee API Management

Correct!

✓ 3. Select the managed compute platform that lets you run stateless containers through web requests or Pub/Sub events.

Cloud Endpoints

Cloud Source Repositories

Apigee API Management

Cloud Run

Correct!

This screenshot shows a continuation of the quiz interface. It displays two more questions. The second question asks which Google Cloud service to choose for business analytics and billing on a customer-facing API, with "Apigee API Management" as the correct answer. The third question asks to select the managed compute platform for running stateless containers through web requests or Pub/Sub events, with "Cloud Run" as the correct answer. Each correct answer is followed by a "Correct!" message.

Quiz: Applications in the Cloud

✓ 4. What are the advantages of using App Engine's flexible environment instead of its standard environment? (Select 3).

✓ You can install third-party binaries across all languages.

Correct!

Your application can execute code in background threads.

Google provides automatic in-place security patches.

✓ Your application can write to the local disk.

Correct!

✓ You can use SSH to connect to the virtual machines on which your application runs.

Correct!

✓ 5. App Engine is best suited to the development and hosting of which type of application?

Applications that require full control of the hardware they are running on

Applications that require at least one instance running at all times.

✓ A web application

Correct!

✓ 6. Cloud Run can only pull images from:

Self-hosted registries

GitHub

Docker Hub

✓ Artifact Registry

Correct!

The screenshot shows a user interface for a learning platform. On the left, there is a sidebar with a tree view of course content. The 'Applications in the Cloud' section is expanded, showing 'Quiz: Applications in the Cloud' as the selected item. The main content area displays a quiz titled 'Quiz: Applications in the Cloud'. The quiz contains six questions. Questions 4, 5, and 6 are marked as correct, while questions 1, 2, and 3 are marked as incorrect. The user has selected the correct answers for questions 4, 5, and 6. The interface includes a header with a back arrow, forward arrow, and search icon, and a footer with a 'Logout' button.

Project info

- Project name: qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a
- Project number: 356110291038
- Project ID: qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a

API APIs

Requests (requests/sec)

No data is available for the selected time frame.

Google Cloud Platform status

Global: Cloud SQL MySQL 8.0.33 is experiencing some issues with create and upgrade workflow.
Began at 2023-05-23 (09:04:47)
All times are US/Pacific
Data provided by status.cloud.google.com

Billing

Estimated charges: USD \$0.00
For the billing period May 1 – 24, 2023
Take a tour of billing
View detailed charges

Monitoring

Create my dashboard

CLOUD SHELL

```
Welcome to Cloud Shell! Type "help" to get started.
This is a temporary project created for you within your GCP project.
Use "gcloud config set project [PROJECT_ID]" to change to a different project.
student_00_39eb49e15663@cloudshell: ~$ zerafcm --version
```

Cloud Shell Editor

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

READER README-cloudshell.txt

2 Welcome to Google Cloud Shell, a tool for managing resources hosted on Google Cloud Platform!

3 The machine comes pre-installed with the Google Cloud SDK and other popular developer tools.

4

5 Your \$HOME home directory will persist across sessions, but the VM is ephemeral and will be reset

6 approximately 20 minutes after your session ends. No system-wide change will persist beyond that.

7

8 Type "gcloud help" to get help on using Cloud SDK. For more examples, visit

9 <https://cloud.google.com/shell/docs/quickstart> and <https://cloud.google.com/shell/docs/examples>

10

11 Type "cloudshell help" to get help on using the "cloudshell" utility. Common functionality is

12 aliased to short commands in your shell, for example, you can type "dl <filename>" at Bash prompt to

13 download a file. Type "cloudshell aliases" to see these commands.

14

15 Type "help" to see this message any time. Type "builtin help" to see Bash Interpreter help.

16

17

You are viewing Cloud Shell in full view. Click here to restore Cloud Shell.

Got it!

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Shell interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'Google Cloud' and a dropdown menu for the project 'qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a'. Below it is a search bar with the query 'type:folder tfinfra'. The main area has two tabs: 'CLOUD SHELL' and 'Editor'. The 'CLOUD SHELL' tab is active, showing a terminal window with the following content:

```
Welcome to Cloud Shell! Type 'help' to get started.  
Your Cloud Platform project in this session is set to qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a.  
Use "gcloud config set project [PROJECT_ID]" to change to a different project.  
student_00_396b49e15663@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$ terraform --version  
Terraform v0.14.6  
on linux_amd64  
student_00_396b49e15663@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$ mkdir tfinfra  
student_00_396b49e15663@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$ provider "google"  
- bash: provider: command not found  
student_00_396b49e15663@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$ mkdir tfinfra  
student_00_396b49e15663@cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$ cd tfinfra  
student_00_396b49e15663@cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$ terraform init  
Initializing the backend...  
Initializing provider plugins...  
- Finding latest version of hashicorp/google...  
- Installing hashicorp/google v4.66.0...  
- Installed hashicorp/google v4.66.0 (signed by HashiCorp)  
Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider  
selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository  
so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when  
you run "terraform init" in the future.  
Terraform has been successfully initialized!  
You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see  
any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands  
should now work.  
If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform,  
remember to update your .terraform.lock.hcl file. If you forget, other  
commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.  
student_00_396b49e15663@cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$
```

A blue tooltip at the top right says: 'You are viewing Cloud Shell in full view. Click here to restore Cloud Shell.' A 'Got it!' button is below it. The bottom right corner shows the time as 7:13 PM.

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Shell Editor interface. The left sidebar displays the file structure: `README-cloudshell.txt`, `.provider.tf`, and `mynetwork.tf`. The `mynetwork.tf` file is open in the main editor area, showing the following Terraform code:

```
resource "google_compute_network" "mynetwork" {
  name = "mynetwork"
  # RESOURCE properties go here
  auto_create_subnetworks = "true"
}
```

A blue callout box in the top right corner says: "You are viewing Cloud Shell in full view. Click here to restore Cloud Shell." with a "Got it!" button.

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Shell interface with the following details:

- Header:** "Cloud Code" and "Connect to Google Cloud".
- Top Bar:** "type:folder tfinfra" and "Search" button.
- Left Sidebar (EXPLORER):**
 - "CLOUD SHELL" and "Editor" buttons.
 - "File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help" menu.
 - "OPEN EDITORS" section.
 - "STUDENT_00_396849E15683" folder expanded, showing "tfinfra" and "provider.tf".
 - "README-cloudshell.txt" file listed.
- Middle Area:** A code editor window titled "README-cloudshell.txt" containing Terraform code. The code defines a provider and a network resource "mynetwork".

```
provider "google" {
```

```
resource "google_compute_network" "mynetwork" {
```

```
  name = "mynetwork"
```

```
  # RESOURCE properties go here
```

```
  auto_create_subnetworks = "true"
```

```
}
```

```
# Add a firewall rule to allow HTTP, SSH, RDP and ICMP traffic on mynetwork
```

```
resource "google_compute_firewall" "mynetwork-allow-http-ssh-rdp-icmp" {
```

```
  name = "mynetwork-allow-http-ssh-rdp-icmp"
```

```
  # RESOURCE properties go here
```

```
  network = google_compute_network.mynetwork.self_link
```

```
  allow {
```

```
    protocol = "tcp"
```

```
    ports    = ["22", "80", "3389"]
```

```
  }
```

```
  allow {
```

```
    protocol = "icmp"
```

```
  }
```

```
  source_ranges = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
```

```
}
```
- Right Side:** A blue callout box with the text "You are viewing Cloud Shell in full view. Click here to restore Cloud Shell." and a "Got It!" button.
- Bottom Status Bar:** "Ln 8, Col 1 LF UTF-8 Spaces: 4 (. Terraform)" and "Ln 21, Col 30 LF UTF-8 Spaces: 4 (. Terraform)".

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Shell interface with three tabs open:

- main.tf**:

```
resource "google_compute_instance" "vm_instance" {  
  name = "${var.instance_name}"  
  zone = "${var.instance_zone}"  
  machine_type = "${var.instance_type}"  
  boot_disk {  
    initialize_params {  
      image = "debian-cloud/debian-11"  
    }  
  }  
  network_interface {  
    network = "${var.instance_network}"  
    access_config {  
      # Allocate a one-to-one NAT IP to the instance  
    }  
  }  
}
```
- variables.tf**:

```
variable "instance_name" {}  
variable "instance_zone" {}  
variable "instance_type" {  
  default = "e2-micro"  
}  
variable "instance_network" {}
```
- README.cloudshell.txt**:

```
Cloud Shell in full view. Click here to restore Cloud Shell.  
Got It!
```

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Shell interface with three tabs open:

- main.tf**:

```
resource "google_compute_instance" "vm_instance" {  
  name = "${var.instance_name}"  
  zone = "${var.instance_zone}"  
  machine_type = "${var.instance_type}"  
  boot_disk {  
    initialize_params {  
      image = "debian-cloud/debian-11"  
    }  
  }  
  network_interface {  
    network = "${var.instance_network}"  
    access_config {  
      # Allocate a one-to-one NAT IP to the instance  
    }  
  }  
}
```
- variables.tf**:

```
variable "instance_name" {}  
variable "instance_zone" {}  
variable "instance_type" {  
  default = "e2-micro"  
}  
variable "instance_network" {}
```
- README.cloudshell.txt**:

```
Cloud Shell in full view. Click here to restore Cloud Shell.  
Got It!
```

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Shell interface with three tabs open:

- main.tf**:

```
resource "google_compute_instance" "vm_instance" {  
  name = "${var.instance_name}"  
  zone = "${var.instance_zone}"  
  machine_type = "${var.instance_type}"  
  boot_disk {  
    initialize_params {  
      image = "debian-cloud/debian-11"  
    }  
  }  
  network_interface {  
    network = "${var.instance_network}"  
    access_config {  
      # Allocate a one-to-one NAT IP to the instance  
    }  
  }  
}
```
- variables.tf**:

```
variable "instance_name" {}  
variable "instance_zone" {}  
variable "instance_type" {  
  default = "e2-micro"  
}  
variable "instance_network" {}
```
- README.cloudshell.txt**:

```
Cloud Shell in full view. Click here to restore Cloud Shell.  
Got It!
```

Google Cloud | qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a | type.folder tfinfra | Search | Open Terminal | Help

CLOUD SHELL Editor

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

OPEN EDITORS

STUDENT_00_396b49e156639cloudshell

- variables.tf
- main.tf
- mynetwork.tf
- provider.tf
- README-cloudshell.txt

```

    > mynetwork > provider.tf > mynetwork.tf > main.tf > variables.tf
    fileinfra > _ mynetwork_if > ...
    7
    8 # Add a firewall rule to allow HTTP, SSH, RDP and ICMP traffic on mynetwork
    9 resource "google_compute_firewall" "mynetwork-allow-http-ssh-rdp-icmp" {
    10   name = "mynetwork-allow-http-ssh-rdp-icmp"
    11   # RESOURCE properties go here
    12   network = google_compute_network.mynetwork.self_link
    13
    14   allow {
    15     protocol = "tcp"
    16     ports   = ["22", "80", "3389"]
    17   }
    18   allow {
    19     protocol = "icmp"
    20   }
    21   source_ranges = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
    22
    23 }
    24
    25
    26 # Create the mynet-us-vm instance
    27 module "mynet-us-vm" {
    28   source      = "./instance"
    29   instance_name = "mynet-us-vm"
    30   instance_zone = "us-east4-b"
    31   instance_network = google_compute_network.mynetwork.self_link
    32 }
    33 # Create the mynet-eu-vm instance
    34 module "mynet-eu-vm" {
    35   source      = "./instance"
    36   instance_name = "mynet-eu-vm"
    37   instance_zone = "europe-west1-d"
    38   instance_network = google_compute_network.mynetwork.self_link
    39 }
```

You are viewing Cloud Shell in full view. Click here to restore Cloud Shell.

Get it!

Cloud Code | Connect to Google Cloud | In 25, Col 1 LF UTF-8 Spaces 4 | Terraform | 7:56 PM

CLOUD SHELL Terminal (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a) + +

Welcome to Cloud Shell! Type "help" to get started.
Your Cloud Platform project in this session is set to `qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a`.
Use "gcloud config set project [PROJECT_ID]" to change to a different project.
student_00_396b49e156639cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)\$ terraform --version
Terraform v1.4.0 on linux_amd64
student_00_396b49e156639cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)\$ mkdir tfinfra
student_00_396b49e156639cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)\$ provider "google" {}
-bash: provider: command not found
student_00_396b49e156639cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)\$ mkdir tfinfra
student_00_396b49e156639cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)\$ File exists
student_00_396b49e156639cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)\$ cd tfinfra
student_00_396b49e156639cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)\$ terraform init
Initializing the backend...
Initializing provider plugins...
- Finding latest version of hashicorp/google...
- Installing hashicorp/google v4.66.0...
- Installed hashicorp/google v4.66.0 (signed by HashiCorp)
Terraform has created a lock file `.terraform.lock.hcl` to record the provider
selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository
so others can easily verify the same selections by default when
you run "terraform init" in the future.
Terraform has been successfully initialized!
You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see
any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands
should now work.
If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform,
terraform will need to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other
commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.
student_00_396b49e156639cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)\$ terraform fmt
main.tf
mynetwork.tf
student_00_396b49e156639cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)\$ terraform fmt
mynetwork.tf
student_00_396b49e156639cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)\$ []

You are viewing Cloud Shell in full view. Click here to restore Cloud Shell.

Get it!

Google Cloud | type:folder tfinfra | Search | Open Editor | Cloud Shell

```

CLOUD SHELL Terminal (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a) + +
student_00_39eb49e156639cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$ mkdir tfinfra
student_00_39eb49e156639cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$ provider "google"
-bash: provider: command not found
student_00_39eb49e156639cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$ mkdir tfinfra
student_00_39eb49e156639cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$ terraform init
student_00_39eb49e156639cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$ cd tfinfra
student_00_39eb49e156639cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$ terraform init
Initializing the backend...
Initializing provider plugins...
- Finding latest version of hashicorp/google...
- Installing hashicorp/google v4.66.0...
- Installed hashicorp/google v4.66.0 (signed by HashiCorp)
Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository so others can easily reproduce the same selections by default when you run "terraform init" in the future.
Terraform has been successfully initialized!
You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands should now work.
If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform, run this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.
student_00_39eb49e156639cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$ terraform fmt
student_00_39eb49e156639cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$ terraform init
Initializing the backend...
Initializing modules...
- mynet-eu-vm in instance
- mynet-us-vm in instance
Initializing provider plugins...
- Reusing previous version of hashicorp/google from the dependency lock file
- Using previously-installed hashicorp/google v4.66.0
Terraform has been successfully initialized!
You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands should now work.
If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform, run this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.
student_00_39eb49e156639cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-02-87549f51127a)$

```

2:38 PM

Google Cloud | type:folder tfinfra | Search | Open Editor | Cloud Shell

```

CLOUD SHELL Terminal (qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4) + +
student_00_10f6d49704b479cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4)$
student_00_10f6d49704b479cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4)$ terraform init
student_00_10f6d49704b479cloudshell:~ (qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4)$ terraform init
Initializing the backend...
Initializing modules...
- mynet-eu-vm in instance
- mynet-us-vm in instance
Initializing provider plugins...
- Reusing previous version of hashicorp/google from the dependency lock file
- Using previously-installed hashicorp/google v4.66.0
Terraform has been successfully initialized!
You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands should now work.
If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform, run this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other student_00_10f6d49704b479cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4)$ terraform plan
student_00_10f6d49704b479cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4)$ terraform plan
Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
+ create
Terraform will perform the following actions:
# google_compute_firewall_mynetwork_allow_http_ssh_rdp_icmp will be created
+ resource "google_compute_firewall" "mynetwork-allow-http-ssh-rdp-icmp" {
    creation_timestamp = (known after apply)
    description_ranges = []
    direction = (known after apply)
    enable_logging = (known after apply)
    name = "mynetwork-allow-http-ssh-rdp-icmp"
    network = (known after apply)
    priority = 1000
    source_ranges = []
    self_link = (known after apply)
    source_ranges = [
        "+0.0.0.0/*",
    ]
    allow {
        ports = [
            "+22",
            "+80",
            "+3389",
        ]
        protocol = "tcp"
    }
    allow {
        ports = []
        protocol = "icmp"
    }
}

```

8:08 PM

```
  + initialize_params {
      + image = "debian-cloud/debian-11"
      + labels = (known after apply)
      + size = (known after apply)
      + type = (known after apply)
    }
  + network_interface {
      + ipv4_address_type = (known after apply)
      + name = (known after apply)
      + network = (known after apply)
      + secondary_ip_type = (known after apply)
      + stack_type = (known after apply)
      + subnetwork = (known after apply)
      + subnetnetwork_project = (known after apply)
    }
    + access_config {
      + nat_ip = (known after apply)
      + network_tier = (known after apply)
    }
  }
}

Plan: 4 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.

Notes: You didn't use the -out option to save this plan, so Terraform can't
guarantee to take exactly these actions if you run "terraform apply now".
student_00_10f6f1704b478@cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4)$
```

```
  Google Cloud  qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4  Search (i) for resources, docs, products, and more  Search  Open Editor  Cloud Shell Terminal (qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4) + *  mode          = "READ_WRITE"  source         = (known after apply)  initialize_params {  label           = "debian-cloud/debian-11"  labels          = (known after apply)  size            = (known after apply)  type             = (known after apply) }  network_interface {  ipv6_access_type = (known after apply)  name             = (known after apply)  network          = (known after apply)  network_ip       = (known after apply)  stack_type       = (known after apply)  subnetnetwork    = (known after apply)  subnetwork_project = (known after apply)  access_config {  nat_ip          = (known after apply)  network_tier     = (known after apply) } }  Plan: 4 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.  Do you want to perform these actions?  Terraform will perform the actions described above.  Only 'yes' will be accepted to approve.  Enter a value: yes  google_compute_network.mynetwork: Creating...  google_compute_network.mynetwork: Still creating... [10s elapsed]  google_compute_network.mynetwork: Still creating... [20s elapsed]  google_compute_network.mynetwork: Still creating... [30s elapsed]
```

Automating the Deployment of Infrastructure Using Terraform

End Lab 00:44:03

Caution: When you are in the console, do not deviate from the lab instructions. Doing so may cause your account to be blocked. [Learn more.](#)

GCP Username: student-00-10f6f1704b4:
GCP Password: ga8ftzJsb7ii

terraform apply

5. To confirm the planned actions, type: **yes**

The output should look like this:

```
...
Apply complete! Resources: 4 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.
```

Click **Check my progress** to verify the objective.

Create mynetwork and its resources **Check my progress**

Assessment Completed!

Note: If you get an error during the execution, revisit the previous steps to ensure that you have the correct folder/file structure. If you cannot troubleshoot the issue of your configuration, refer to the finished configurations linked above. When you have corrected the issue, re-run the previous command.

Google Cloud

VPC network

NETWORKS IN CURRENT PROJECT SUBNETS IN CURRENT PROJECT

SMTP port 25 disallowed in this project. [Learn more](#)

VPC networks

Name	Subnets	MTU	Mode	Internal IP ranges	Gateways	Firewall rules	Global dynamic routing
default	25	1460	Auto			4	Off
mynetwork	24	1460	Auto			1	Off

CLOUD SHELL Terminal (qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4) +

```

    + network_tier = (known after apply)
)
)

Plan: 4 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.

Do you want to perform these actions?
Terraform will perform the actions described above.
Only 'yes' will be accepted to approve.

Enter a value: yes

google_compute_network.mynetwork: Creating...
google_compute_network.mynetwork: Still creating... [1s elapsed]
google_compute_network.mynetwork: Still creating... [20s elapsed]
google_compute_network.mynetwork: Still creating... [30s elapsed]
google_compute_network.mynetwork: Still creating... [40s elapsed]
google_compute_network.mynetwork: Still creating... [40s elapsed]
google_compute_network.mynetwork: Creation complete after 52s [id=projects/qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4/global/networks/mynetwork]
google_compute_firewall.mynetwork_allow_http_ssh_rdp_icmp: Creating...
module.mynet-us-vm.google_compute_instance.vm: Creating...
module.mynet-eu-vm.google_compute_instance.vm: Creating...
module.mynet-us-vm.google_compute_instance.vm: Still creating... [10s elapsed]
google_compute_firewall.mynetwork_allow_http_ssh_rdp_icmp: Still creating... [10s elapsed]
module.mynet-eu-vm.google_compute_instance.vm: Still creating... [10s elapsed]
google_compute_firewall.mynetwork_allow_http_ssh_rdp_icmp: Creation complete after 11s [id=projects/qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4/global/firewalls/mynetwork-allow-http-ssh-rdp-icmp]
module.mynet-us-vm.google_compute_instance.vm: Creation complete after 11s [id=projects/qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4/zones/us-central1-a/instances/mynet-us-vm]
module.mynet-eu-vm.google_compute_instance.vm: Creation complete after 11s [id=projects/qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4/zones/europe-west1-d/instances/mynet-eu-vm]

Apply complete! Resources: 4 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.
student_00-10f6f1704b4@cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4)$

```

Google Cloud Firewall

qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4

Search (/) for resources, docs, products, and more

Firewall

SMIP port 25 disallowed in this project. Learn more [i]

REFRESH **CONFIGURE LOGS** **DELETE**

Filter Enter property name or value

Name	Type	Targets	Filters	Protocols / ports	Action	Priority	Network	Logs	Hit count
default-allow-icmp	Ingress	Apply to all	IP ranges: 0.0.0.0/0	icmp	Allow	65534	default	Off	-
default-allow-internal	Ingress	Apply to all	IP ranges: 10.0.0.0/8	tcp:65535, udp:65535, icmp	Allow	65534	default	Off	-
default-allow-rdp	Ingress	Apply to all	IP ranges: 0.0.0.0/0	tcp:3389	Allow	65534	default	Off	-
default-allow-ssh	Ingress	Apply to all	IP ranges: 0.0.0.0/0	tcp:22	Allow	65534	default	Off	-
mynetwork-allow-ssh-rdp-icmp	Ingress	Apply to all	IP ranges: 0.0.0.0/0	tcp:22, 80, 3389, icmp	Allow	1000	mynetwork	Off	-

Select a firewall policy

Please select at least one resource.

Cloud Shell

Terminal (qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4) +

```
student_00_10f6f170b47@cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4) $
```

Google Cloud Compute Engine

qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4

Search (/) for resources, docs, products, and more

Compute Engine

VM instances

INSTANCES **OBSERVABILITY** **INSTANCE SCHEDULES**

Virtual machines

VM instances

Instance templates

- Sole-tenant node
- Machine images
- TPUs
- Committed use discounts
- Reservations
- Migrate to Virtual Machine

Storage

Instance groups

VM Manager

Marketplace

Release Notes

CLOUD SHELL

Terminal (qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4) +

```
student_00_10f6f170b47@cloudshell:~/tfinfra (qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4) $
```

Google Cloud | qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4 | Search (/) for resources, docs, products, and more | Search

Compute Engine VM instances CREATE INSTANCE IMPORT VM REFRESH

Virtual machines VM instances

VM instances

INSTANCES OBSERVABILITY INSTANCE SCHEDULES

Filter Enter property name or value

Status	Name	Zone	Recommendations	In use by	Internal IP
Green	mynet-eu-vm	europe-west1-d			10.132.0.2 (nic0)
Green	mynet-us-vm	us-central1-a			10.128.0.2 (nic0)

Related actions

- Explore Backup and DR NEW
- Monitor VMs
- Explore VM
- Load balance between VMs

CLOUD SHELL Terminal (qwiklabs-gcp-03-d5ed02e229c4) + ×

```
student_00_10f6f1704b47@mynet-en-vm:~$ ping -c 3 10.132.0.2
PING 10.132.0.2 (10.132.0.2) 56(84) bytes from 10.132.0.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.031 ms
64 bytes from 10.132.0.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.033 ms
64 bytes from 10.132.0.2: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.078 ms
--- 10.132.0.2 ping statistics ---
3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 2037ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.031/0.052/0.074/0.017 ms
student_00_10f6f1704b47@mynet-eu-vm:~$
```

SSH-in-browser

UPLOAD FILE DOWNLOAD FILE

```
student_00_10f6f1704b47@mynet-en-vm:~$ ping -c 3 10.132.0.2
PING 10.132.0.2 (10.132.0.2) 56(84) bytes from 10.132.0.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.031 ms
64 bytes from 10.132.0.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.033 ms
64 bytes from 10.132.0.2: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.078 ms
--- 10.132.0.2 ping statistics ---
3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 2037ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.031/0.052/0.074/0.017 ms
student_00_10f6f1704b47@mynet-eu-vm:~$
```

8:27 PM

Quiz: Developing and Deploying in the Cloud

Quiz: Developing and Deploying in the Cloud

Your score: 100% Passing score: 75%

Congratulations! You passed this assessment.

Retake

✓ 1. Why might a Google Cloud customer choose to use Cloud Functions?

- Their application contains event-driven code that they don't want to provision compute resources for.
- Their application has a legacy monolithic structure that they want to separate into microservices.
- Cloud Functions is the primary way to run Node.js applications in Google Cloud.
- Cloud Functions is a free service for hosting compute operations.

Correct!

✓ 2. Why would a developer choose to store source code in Cloud Source Repositories? (Select 2)

- To reduce work

Correct!

✓ 2. Why would a developer choose to store source code in Cloud Source Repositories? (Select 2)

- To reduce work

Correct!

✓ 3. Select the advantage of putting the event-driven components of your application into Cloud Functions.

- Cloud Functions handles scaling these components seamlessly.
- Cloud Functions eliminates the need to use a separate service to trigger application events.
- In Cloud Functions, processing is always free of charge.
- In Cloud Functions, code can be written in C# or C++.

Correct!

0:48 AM

Quiz: Developing and Deploying in the Cloud

application into Cloud Functions.

✓ Quiz: Applications in the Cloud

✓ Quiz: Deployment: Infrastructure as Code

✓ Quiz: Automating the Deployment of Infrastructure Using Terraform

✓ Quiz: Developing and Deploying In the Cloud

✓ Video: The Importance of monitoring

✓ Video: Measuring performance and reliability

✓ Video: Understanding SLIs, SLOs, and SLAs

✓ Video: Integrated observability tools

✓ Video: Monitoring tools

✓ Video: Logging tools

✓ Video: Error reporting and debugging tools

✓ Quiz: Logging and Monitoring in the Cloud

Course Summary

Course Resources

Correct!

✓ 4. Why might a Google Cloud customer choose to use Terraform?

- Terraform can be used as an infrastructure management system for Google Cloud resources.
- Terraform can be used to enforce maximum resource utilization and spending limits on your Google Cloud resources.
- Terraform can be used as a version-control system for your Google Cloud infrastructure layout.
- Terraform can be used as an infrastructure management system for Kubernetes pods.

Correct!

Quiz: Logging and Monitoring in the Cloud

Your score: 80% Passing score: 75%

Congratulations! You passed this assessment.

Retake

✓ 1. You want to create alerts on your Google Cloud resources, such as when health checks fail. Which is the best Google Cloud product to use?

- Cloud Functions
- Cloud Trace
- Error Reporting
- Cloud Monitoring

Correct!

✓ 2. Select the two correct statements about Cloud Logging.

- Cloud Logging lets you define uptime checks.
- Cloud Logging requires the use of a third-party monitoring agent.

Quiz: Logging and Monitoring in the Cloud

Deploying in the Cloud

Logging and Monitoring in the Cloud

- ✓ Video The importance of monitoring
- ✓ Video Measuring performance and reliability
- ✓ Video Understanding SLIs, SLOs, and SLAs
- ✓ Video Integrated observability tools
- ✓ Video Monitoring tools
- ✓ Video Logging tools
- ✓ Video Error reporting and debugging tools

Quiz: Logging and Monitoring in the Cloud

✓ 2. Select the two correct statements about Cloud Logging.

Cloud Logging lets you define uptime checks.

Cloud Logging requires the use of a third-party monitoring agent.

Cloud Logging requires you to store your logs in BigQuery or Cloud Storage.

Cloud Logging lets you define metrics based on your logs.

Correct!

Cloud Logging lets you view logs from your applications and filter and search on them.

Correct!

✗ 3. Which definition best describes a service level indicator (SLI)?

A key performance indicator; for example, clicks per session or customer signups

A contract with your customers regarding service performance

A percentage goal of a measure you intend your service to achieve

Quiz: Logging and Monitoring in the Cloud

Deploying in the Cloud

Logging and Monitoring in the Cloud

- ✓ Video The importance of monitoring
- ✓ Video Measuring performance and reliability
- ✓ Video Understanding SLIs, SLOs, and SLAs
- ✓ Video Integrated observability tools
- ✓ Video Monitoring tools
- ✓ Video Logging tools
- ✓ Video Error reporting and debugging tools

Quiz: Logging and Monitoring in the Cloud

✓ 4. There are "Four Golden Signals" that measure a system's performance and reliability. What are they?

KPIs, SLIs, SLOs, SLAs

Get, post, put, delete

Latency, traffic, saturation, errors

Availability, durability, scalability, resiliency

Correct!

✓ 5. Which option describes a commitment made to your customers that your systems and applications will have only a certain amount of "downtime"?

Key performance indicator

Service level objective

Service level indicator

Service level agreement

Correct!

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the "Course Resources" page for the "Google Cloud Fundamentals: Core Infrastructure" course. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with sections like "Course Run", "Developing and Deploying in the Cloud", "Logging and Monitoring in the Cloud", and "Course Summary". The main content area features the Google Cloud logo and the title "Google Cloud Fundamentals: Core Infrastructure". Below the title is a section titled "Course Resources" which includes a note about PDF documents and links to "Module 0: Course Introduction" through "Module 8: Logging and Monitoring in the Cloud".

Course Resources

Google Cloud

Google Cloud Fundamentals: Core Infrastructure

Course Resources

Access the following PDF documents to view the lecture content for this course. Note that documentation and resource links referenced in the videos can be accessed in these documents.

[Module 0: Course Introduction](#)

[Module 1: Introducing Google Cloud](#)

[Module 2: Resources and Access in the Cloud](#)

[Module 3: Virtual Machines and Networks in the Cloud](#)

[Module 4: Storage in the Cloud](#)

[Module 5: Containers in the Cloud](#)

[Module 6: Applications in the Cloud](#)

[Module 7: Developing and Deploying in the Cloud](#)

[Module 8: Logging and Monitoring in the Cloud](#)