DLX Instruction Set, Description Notation, and DLX Pipeline Structure

DLX Standard Instruction Set

Instruction type/opcode	Instruction meaning
Data transfers	**Move data between registers and memory, or between the integer and FP or special registers; only memory address mode is 16-bit displacement + contents of a GPR**
LB,LBU,SB	Load byte, load byte unsigned, store byte
LH,LHU,SH	Load half word, load half word unsigned, store half word
LW,SW	Load word, store word (to/from integer registers)
LF,LD,SF,SD	Load SP float, load DP float, store SP float, store DP float
MOVI2S, MOVS2I	Move from/to GPR to/from a special register
MOVF, MOVD	Copy one FP register or a DP pair to another register or pair
MOVFP2I,MOVI2FP	Move 32 bits from/to FP registers to/from integer registers
Arithmetic/logical	**Operations on integer or logical data in GPRs; signed arithmetic trap on overflow**
ADD,ADDI,ADDU, ADDUI	Add, add immediate (all immediates are 16 bits); signed and unsigned
SUB,SUBI,SUBU, SUBUI	Subtract, subtract immediate; signed and unsigned
MULT,MULTU,DIV,DIVU	Multiply and divide, signed and unsigned; operands must be FP registers; all operations take and yield 32-bit values
AND,ANDI	And, and immediate
OR,ORI,XOR,XORI	Or, or immediate, exclusive or, exclusive or immediate
LHI	Load high immediate—loads upper half of register with immediate
SLL, SRL, SRA, SLLI, SRLI, SRAI	Shifts: both immediate (S__I) and variable form (S__) ; shifts are shift left logical, right logical, right arithmetic
S__, S__I	Set conditional: "__" may be LT,GT,LE,GE,EQ,NE
Control	**Conditional branches and jumps; PC-relative or through register**
BEQZ,BNEZ	Branch GPR equal/not equal to zero; 16-bit offset from PC+4
BFPT,BFPF	Test comparison bit in the FP status register and branch; 16-bit offset from PC+4
J, JR	Jumps: 26-bit offset from PC+4 (J) or target in register (JR)
JAL, JALR	Jump and link: save PC+4 in R31, target is PC-relative (JAL) or a register (JALR)
TRAP	Transfer to operating system at a vectored address
RFE	Return to user code from an exception; restore user mode
Floating point	**FP operations on DP and SP formats**
ADDD,ADDF	Add DP, SP numbers
SUBD,SUBF	Subtract DP, SP numbers
MULTD,MULTF	Multiply DP, SP floating point
DIVD,DIVF	Divide DP, SP floating point
CVTF2D, CVTF2I, CVTD2F, CTD2I, CVTI2F, CVTI2D	Convert instructions: CVTx2y converts from type x to type y, where x and y are I (integer), D (double precision), or F (single precision). Both operands are FPRs.
__D,__F	DP and SP compares: "__" = LT,GT,LE,GE,EQ,NE; sets bit in FP status register