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UNIT 02

MAKING OF PAKISTAN

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

Q.1 Circle the correct answer:

1. Who presented the Pakistan Resolution? (Board 2013,17)
 - (a) A.K Fazl ul Haq
 - (b) Allama Iqbal
 - (c) Moulana Muhammad Ali Johar
 - (d) Sir Agha Khan
2. When did Sindh Muslim League pass a resolution in favour of partition?
 - (a) 1908
 - (b) 1918
 - (c) 1928
 - (d) 1938
3. A mission of the British Government came to India in 1942 under the headship of: (Board 2013,16)
 - (a) Sir Pethick Lawrence
 - (b) Mr. A.V. Alexander
 - (c) Sir Stafford Cripps
 - (d) Lord Wavell
4. When did Quaid-e-Azam presented his famous fourteen points? (Board 2013,18)
 - (a) 1909
 - (b) 1919
 - (c) 1929
 - (d) 1939
5. Who presided over the session of Provincial as well as Central Legislatures elected on the ticket of Muslim League at Delhi on April 1946?
 - (a) Liaquat Ali Khan
 - (b) Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar
 - (c) Quaid-e-Azam
 - (d) Allama Muhammad Iqbal
6. When was the Lucknow Pact made between Muslim League and Congress? (Board 2015)
 - (a) 1916
 - (b) 1926
 - (c) 1936
 - (d) 1946
7. How many ministers from Muslim League were included in the Interim Government 1946?
 - (a) Two
 - (b) Three
 - (c) Four
 - (d) Five
8. When was The Indian Independence Act approved? (Board 2014,18)
 - (a) 14 August, 1947
 - (b) 18 July, 1947
 - (c) 24 October, 1948
 - (d) 3 June, 1948
9. In which Annual Session of All India Muslim League was 'The Pakistan Resolution' passed? (Board 2015)
 - (a) 1940
 - (b) 1929
 - (c) 1949
 - (d) 1946
10. The year of Delhi-Muslim Proposals is:
 - (a) 1926
 - (b) 1927
 - (c) 1932
 - (d) 1929
11. The World War II broke out in:
 - (a) 1914
 - (b) 1919
 - (c) 1939
 - (d) 1945
12. When was the Battle of Palasi fought? (Board 2013,14)
 - (a) 1557
 - (b) 1657
 - (c) 1757
 - (d) 1857
13. When did Quaid-e-Azam join the Muslim League? (Board 2015,17,18)
 - (a) 1913
 - (b) 1915
 - (c) 1916
 - (d) 1919
14. How many Princely States were there in the sub-continent when the partition of India took place?
 - (a) 605
 - (b) 615
 - (c) 625
 - (d) 635
15. Sultan Fateh Ali Tipu was the ruler of which state? (Board 2016)
 - (a) Mysore
 - (b) Hyderabad
 - (c) Bengal
 - (d) Udh
16. Simla Conference was held in: (Board 2016,17)
 - (a) 1946
 - (b) 1945
 - (c) 1948
 - (d) 1949
17. Sir Sidney passed the "Rowlatt Act" in:
 - (a) 1919
 - (b) 1918
 - (c) 1913
 - (d) 1938

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18. Cripps Mission arrived in India:

- (a) 1940 (b) 1942
(c) 1944 (d) 1946

19. When did Cabinet Mission Plan arrive India?

- (a) 1944 (b) 1945
(c) 1946 (d) 1948

20. Jinnah-Gandhi Talks were held in:

- (a) 1950 (b) 1940
(c) 1942 (d) 1944

21. Who started the Movement of "Quit India" and "Civil Disobedience"?

- (a) Quaid-e-Azam
(b) Allama Iqbal
(c) Kashmiri People
(d) Gandhi

22. How many seats did Muslim League win in the Provincial Elections of 1945-46?

- (a) 421 (b) 422
(c) 428 (d) 430

23. Cabinet Mission Plan comprised of British Ministers:

- (a) 2 (b) 3
(c) 4 (d) 5

24. Who was the Viceroy at the time of partition of sub-continent?

- (a) Lord Mountbatten
(b) Lord Wavell
(c) Lord Chelmsford
(d) Lord Minto

25. Which mission suggested to declare the sub-continent to be a union?

- (a) Cripps Mission
(b) Cabinet Mission
(c) Fort Mission
(d) Simen Mission

26. 16th August 1946 was declared by Muslim League as:

- (a) Direct Action Day
(b) Day of Deliverance
(c) Kashmir Day
(d) Youm-e-Takbeer

27. Who was the Chairman of Boundary Commission at the time of partition of sub-continent?

- (a) Lord Mount Batten
(b) Hokins
(c) Simen
(d) Sir Radcliffe

ADDITIONAL MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

28. In which session of Muslim League Pakistan Resolution was passed?

- (a) 30th (b) 26th
(c) 28th (d) 27th

29. 27th session of Muslim League was held in:

- (a) Rawalpindi Park
(b) Fatima Park
(c) Iqbal Park
(d) Jallo Park

30. Who delivered the presidential address in Pakistan Resolution?

- (a) Allama Iqbal
(b) Ch. Rehmat Ali
(c) Mian Muhammad Shafi
(d) Quaid-e-Azam

31. On 23rd March 1940, A.K. Fazal-ul-Haq presented the Pakistan Resolution, his title was:

- (a) Sher-e-Hind (b) Sher-e-Punjab
(c) Sher-e-Bengal (d) Sher-e-Pakistan

32. According to the Muslims to get rid of Hindus was possible only by:

- (a) Partition of sub-continent
(b) Partition of Bengal
(c) Separate Electorate
(d) Mixed Electorate

33. Hindu Press ridiculously began to write "Lahore Resolution" as:

- (a) Hindu Resolution
(b) Delhi Resolution
(c) Pakistan Resolution
(d) Simla Resolution

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34. Second World War was commenced in 1939 AD and ended in:
(a) 1942 AD (b) 1947 AD
(c) 1945 AD (d) 1946 AD
35. C.R. Formula was presented in:
(a) 1941 (b) 1942
(c) 1943 (d) 1944
36. Who presented C.R. Formula on the advice of Gandhi?
(a) Molana Abu Kalam Azad
(b) Chakravarti Raj Gopal Acharia
(c) Hussain Shaheed Suhrawardi
(d) Pundit Nehru
37. Hindu Leader Chakravarti Raj Gopal Achria belonged to which political party?
(a) Muslim League
(b) Indian National Congress
(c) Ahrar
(d) Unionist Party
38. Raj Gopal Acharia belonged to the city of:
(a) Mumbai (b) Bihar
(c) Madras (d) Urisa
39. Raj Gopal was known in the public as:
(a) Raja Gee
(b) Gandhi Gee
(c) Gull Gee
(d) B.A Mukar Gee
40. C.R formula consisted of ____ points.
(a) 6 (b) 7
(c) 8 (d) 9
41. Wavell Plan was presented in:
(a) 1927 (b) 1940
(c) 1945 (d) 1946
42. Main Points of Wavell Plan were:
(a) 4 (b) 6
(c) 8 (d) 10
43. Number of Muslim members in the Viceroy's Defence Council was:
(a) 7 (b) 5
(c) 8 (d) 11
44. Congress included a Muslim minister in the interim government:
(a) Doctor Zakir
(b) Hakeem Ajmal
(c) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
(d) Maulana Hussain Ahmed Madni
45. In 1945, elections of Central Legislature were held on the basis of:
(a) Mixed Electorate
(b) Separate Electorate
(c) Unitary Method
(d) Democratic Method
46. In the elections of 1945-46, seats for the Muslims in the Central Legislature were:
(a) 80 (b) 60
(c) 40 (d) 30
47. How many seats did Muslim League win in the elections of Central Legislature in December 1945?
(a) 26 (b) 28
(c) 30 (d) 32
48. How many seats were reserved for the Muslims in the Provincial Elections of 1946?
(a) 400 (b) 438
(c) 492 (d) 428
49. General Election of Central Legislature Assembly was held in:
(a) December 1946 (b) January 1946
(c) December 1945 (d) January 1945
50. Muslim League Legislator's Convention 1946 was held in:
(a) Lahore (b) Kashmir
(c) Delhi (d) Karachi
51. Hussain Shaheed Suhrawardi belonged to the province of:
(a) Punjab (b) Sindh
(c) Balochistan (d) Bengal
52. Labour Party came into power in Britain:
(a) 1941 (b) 1942
(c) 1943 (d) 1945
53. Main points of cabinet Mission were:
(a) 8 (b) 6
(c) 4 (d) 2
54. According to the Cabinet Mission Plan, Punjab province was included in:
(a) Group (C) (b) Group (D)
(c) Group (B) (d) Group (A)
55. Quaid-e-Azam declared Direct Action Day on 16th August:
(a) 1946 (b) 1948
(c) 1947 (d) 1949

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56. Jogendra Nath Mandal belonged to the community of:
(a) Muslim
(b) Brehman
(c) Kashtria
(d) Untouchable (Achoot)
57. The British Prime Minister announced the end of the British rule in India in:
(a) June 1948
(b) June 1947
(c) June 1946
(d) June 1949
58. Who was the Chairman of the Boundary Commission for Punjab and Bengal?
(a) Sir Radcliffe
(b) Durand
(c) Sydney Rowaltn
(d) Mount Batten
59. According to the 3rd June Plan, the future status of Sindh province would be decided by:
(a) Jirga
(b) Members of Assembly
(c) People
(d) Quaid-e-Azam
60. The Portuguese navigator Vasco da Gama arrived at eastern coast of Africa by taking a round of Cape of Good Hope in:
(a) 1410
(b) 1420
(c) 1498
(d) 1480
61. British established first outpost in Sub-continent at:
(a) Surat
(b) Chanai
(c) Lalicut
(d) Goa
62. The British East India Company got formed permission for trade in sub-continent from Mughal Emperor:
(a) Jehangir and Humayon
(b) Jehangir and Babar
(c) Jehangir and Shah Jahan
(d) Jehangir and Akbar
63. Which War was fought in 1757?
(a) War of Independence
(b) War of Buxer
(c) Palasi War
(d) War of Mysore
64. Nawab Siraj-ud-Doula was martyred by British in the battle of:
(a) Khyber
(b) Maysore
(c) Palasi
(d) Panipat
65. Battle of Buxar was fought in:
(a) 1764
(b) 1770
(c) 1757
(d) 1857
66. Sultan Tipu was martyred in:
(a) 1745
(b) 1756
(c) 1787
(d) 1799
67. The East India company finally came to an end in:
(a) 1857
(b) 1858
(c) 1859
(d) 1860
68. The Colonial rule of the British Government continued till:
(a) 1867
(b) 1864
(c) 1947
(d) 1940
69. Quaid-e-Azam was born on:
(a) 25 December 1874
(b) 25 December 1876
(c) 25 December 1878
(d) 25 December 1872
70. Quaid-e-Azam was born in:
(a) Lahore
(b) Karachi
(c) Mumbai
(d) Madras
(Board 2014,16,18)
71. Quaid-e-Azam was sent to Sindh's Madrassat-ul-Islam High School Karachi at the age of:
(a) 10-years
(b) 12-years
(c) 14-years
(d) 15-years
72. Quaid-e-Azam passed his matriculation in:
(a) 1890
(b) 1891
(c) 1892
(d) 1893
73. From where did Quaid-e-Azam get the education of Law?
(a) Punjab University
(b) Aligarh College
(c) Quaid-e-Azam University
(d) Lincoln's Inn College
74. Quaid-e-Azam went to England for higher education in:
(a) 1892
(b) 1899
(c) 1890
(d) 1894

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75. Quaid-e-Azam started practicing law at Bombay in:

- (a) 1898 (b) 1896
(c) 1899 (d) 1906

76. Quaid-e-Azam died on:

- (a) 11th September 1948
(b) 11th October 1948
(c) 11th November 1948
(d) 11th December 1948

77. Quaid-e-Azam was buried in:

- (a) Lahore (b) Karachi
(c) Bombay (d) Madras

78. When did Quaid-e-Azam demand new constitutional reform along with Hindu Leader Gokhale?

- (a) 1913 (b) 1916
(c) 1918 (d) 1920

79. Montagu Chelmsford Reforms were presented in:

- (a) 1918 (b) 1919
(c) 1920 (d) 1922

80. Nehru Report was presented in:

- (a) 1928 (b) 1930
(c) 1932 (d) 1934

81. The First Round Table Conference was held in:

- (a) 1928 (b) 1929
(c) 1930 (d) 1931

82. The Second Round Table Conference was held in:

- (a) 1928 (b) 1929
(c) 1930 (d) 1931

83. The Third Round Table Conference was held in:

- (a) 1930 (b) 1931
(c) 1932 (d) 1933

84. Congress Ministries were formed in:

- (a) 1937 (b) 1939
(c) 1940 (d) 1942

85. On account of its majority, congress formed ministries in ___ provinces in 1937.

- (a) 6 (b) 7
(c) 8 (d) 9

86. The Day of Deliverance was observed on:

- (a) 22nd December 1939
(b) 3rd June 1947
(c) 14th August 1947
(d) 22nd June 1940

ANSWER KEY

1	a	2	d	3	c	4	c	5	c	6	a
7	d	8	b	9	a	10	b	11	c	12	c
13	a	14	d	15	a	16	b	17	a	18	b
19	c	20	d	21	d	22	c	23	b	24	a
25	b	26	a	27	d	28	d	29	c	30	d
31	c	32	a	33	c	34	c	35	d	36	b
37	b	38	c	39	a	40	b	41	c	42	a
43	b	44	c	45	b	46	d	47	c	48	c
49	c	50	c	51	d	52	d	53	b	54	c
55	a	56	d	57	a	58	a	59	b	60	c
61	a	62	c	63	c	64	c	65	a	66	d
67	b	68	c	69	b	70	b	71	a	72	c
73	d	74	a	75	b	76	a	77	b	78	a
79	b	80	a	81	c	82	d	83	c	84	a
85	b	86	a								