

	TEXTBOOK EXE	RCISE QUESTIONS		
1.1	Encircle the correct answer from the gi	iven choices		
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i.	The number of base units in SI are:			
3550	(a) 3	(b) 6		
	(c) 7	(d) 9		
ii.	Which one of the following unit is not a derived unit?			
	(a) Pascal	(b) kilogram		
	(c) Newton	(d) watt		
iii.	Amount of a substance in terms of num	100 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	(LHR 2011)	
	(a) Gram	(b) kilogram	(4-1-1-1-1)	
	(c) Newton	(d) mole		
iv.	An interval of 200 µs is equivalent to:	()	(LHR 2015)	
	(a) 0.2 s	<b>(b)</b> 0.02 s		
-	(c) $2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}$	(d) $2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ s}$		
v.	Which one of the following is the small			
	(a) 0.01 g	<b>(b)</b> 2 mg		
	(c) 100 µg	(d) 5000 ng		
vi.	Which instrument is most suitable to measure the internal diameter of a test tube?			
	(a) Meter rule	(b) vernier callipers	Service - Personal service ser	
	(c) measuring tap	(d) screw gauge		
vii.	A student claimed the diameter of a wire as 1.032 cm using vernier callipo			
	what extent do you agree with it?			
	(a) 1 cm	<b>(b)</b> 1.0 cm		
	(c) 1.03 cm	(d) 1.032 cm		
viii.	A measuring cylinder is used to measure:			
	(a) Mass	(b) area		
	(c) volume	(d) level of a liquid		
ix.	A student noted the thickness of a glass sheet using a screw gauge. On the main			
	reads 3 divisions while 8th division on the circular scale coincides with index line. Its			
	thickness is:			
	(a) 3.8 cm	<b>(b)</b> 3.08 cm		
	(c) 3.08 mm	<b>(d)</b> 3.08 m		
х.	Significant figures in an expression are:			
	(a) All the digits			
	(b) All the accurately known digits			
	(c) All the accurately known digits and the first doubtful digit			
	(d) All the accurately known and all the doubtful digits			

a

- Identify the base quantity in the following: xi.
  - (a) Speed

(b) Area

(c) Force

- (d) Distance
- What is the difference between base quantities and derived quantities? Give three 1.2: examples in each case.

Base Quantities	<b>Derived Quantities</b>	
The quantities on the basis of which other	Physical quantities which can be described	
quantities are expressed are known as base	in terms of base quantities are known as	
quantities.	derived quantities.	
Examples	Examples	
Length, time, mass	Force, area, volume	

#### Pick out the base units in the following: 1.3:

Joule, Newton, kilogram, hertz, mole, ampere, meter, Kelvin, coulomb and watt.

### Base units

- Kilogram (unit of mass)
- Mole (unit of quantity of substance)
- Ampere (unit of electric current)
- Metre (unit of length)
- Kelvin (unit of temperature)

#### Find the base quantities involved in each of the following derived quantities: 1.4:

- (a) Speed
- (b) Volume
- (c) Force
- (d) Work

### (a) Speed Ans:

$$Speed = \frac{distance}{time}$$

$$= \frac{Length}{time}$$

So base quantities involved in speed are length and time.

### (b) Volume:

Volume = length 
$$\times$$
 width  $\times$  height  
= length  $\times$  length  $\times$  length

So base quantities involved in volume is length.

# (c) Force:

Force = mass × acceleration
$$= mass \times \frac{\text{Change in velocity}}{\text{time}}$$

$$= mass \times \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time} \times \text{time}}$$

$$= mass \times \frac{\text{Length}}{\text{time} \times \text{time}}$$

So base quantities involved in force are length mass and time.

### (d) Work:

$$= mass \times \frac{Length}{time \times time} \times Length$$

So base quantities involved in work are length, mass and time.

1.5: Estimate your age in seconds.

(LHR 2014, 2015)

Ans: Let present age = 15 years

 $= 15 \times 365 \text{ days}$ 

= 5475 days

 $= 5475 \times 24 \text{ hours}$ 

= 131400 hours

 $= 131400 \times 3600$  second

= 473040000 second

1.6: What role SI units have played in the development of science? (LHR 2013)

Ans: With the development in the field of science and technology, the need for a commonly acceptable system of units was seriously felt all over the world particularly to exchange scientific and technical informations. To fulfil this need a world-wide system of measurements called international system of units was adopted.

1.7: What is meant by vernier constant?

(LHR 2014, 2015)

Ans: "The difference between one small division on main scale and one vernier scale division is called vernier constant. This is the minimum length which can be measured accurately with the help of a vernier callipers. That is why it is also called the least count of vernier callipers".

- 1.8: What do you understand by the zero error of a measuring instrument? (LHR 2014)
- Ans: The error in a measuring instrument due to non-uniform or wrongly marked graduation due to which a measurement may be less or greater than actual measurement is called zero error of the measuring instrument.
- 1.9: Why is the use of zero error necessary in a measuring instrument? (LHR 2013)
- Ans: If a measuring instrument has a zero error, readings taken by it will not be correct. By knowing the zero error first, necessary correction can be made to find the correct measurement. Such a correction is called zero correction.
- 1.10: What is a stopwatch? What is the least count of a mechanical stopwatch you have used in the laboratories?
- Ans: "An instrument used to measure the time interval or specific period of an event is known as stop watch". Least count of mechanical stop watch is 0.1 second.
- 1.11: Why do we need to measure extremely small interval of times?
- **Ans:** We need to measure extremely small interval of times to get accurate and error free results of experiments.
- 1.12: What is meant by significant figures of a measurement? (GRW 2013)
- Ans: In any measurement all the accurately known digits and first doubtful digit is known as significant figure.
- 1.13: How is precision related to the significant figures in a measured quantity?
- Ans: An improvement in the quality of measurement by using better instrument increases the significant figures in the measured result. More singnificant figure means greater precision. e.g. measurement of vernier callipers would be more precise than a metre rule, therefore measurements taken by vernier callipers would have more significant figures than that taken by metre rule.

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