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14. Women day, is celebrated in Pakistan on:  
 (a) 10<sup>th</sup> February (b) 12<sup>th</sup> February  
 (c) 14<sup>th</sup> February (d) 16<sup>th</sup> February
15. For the completion of Hajj the running between Saffa and Marwa is the copy of the act of:  
 (a) Hazrat Khadija (R.A)  
 (b) Hazrat Hajra (R.A)  
 (c) Hazrat Maryam (R.A)  
 (d) Hazrat Fatima (R.A)
16. The first wife of Holy Prophet (S.A.W):  
 (a) Hazrat Khadija (R.A)  
 (b) Hazrat Ayesha (R.A)  
 (c) Hazrat Ruqaya (R.A)  
 (d) Hazrat Um-e-Salma (R.A)
17. The trade caravans of Hazrat Khadija (R.A) used to go with other Quresh traders to:  
 (a) Turkey and Egypt  
 (b) Qatar and Bahrain  
 (c) Iraq and Syria  
 (d) Syria and Yemen
18. The Provincial Assembly of Punjab amend-ment the Marriage Act:  
 (a) 2010 (b) 2013  
 (c) 2015 (d) 2018
19. Whom to be punished in marrying off girls before they turn 16 and boys before they are 18 years?  
 (a) Parents  
 (b) Nikkah Registrar  
 (c) Union Council Officials  
 (d) All of these

20. The violators of Punjab Assembly amendm-ent in the Marriage Act 2015 will be punished with:  
 (a) Hanged only  
 (b) Fine only  
 (c) Life Imprisonment  
 (d) Heavy fine and Imprisonment
21. For security purpose the committees at District level called:  
 (a) DWPC (b) DPWC  
 (c) DCWP (d) DWCP
22. The Head of the Rescue Team is called:  
 (a) DWPO (b) DWPC  
 (c) DOPW (d) DWOP
23. The rescue teams can enter the \_\_\_\_\_ to rescue the women.  
 (a) In Office (b) In Park  
 (c) In House (d) Anywhere
24. Every woman who is a victim of violence can call from her mobile phone or landline number to:  
 (a) To help line operator  
 (b) To family members  
 (c) To the Representative of Union Council  
 (d) Dar-ul-Aman
25. Victims of violence can contact with police through sms number:  
 (a) 7878 (b) 8787  
 (c) 7788 (d) 8877

### ANSWER KEY

|    |   |    |   |    |   |    |   |    |   |
|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|
| 1  | c | 2  | b | 3  | d | 4  | a | 5  | d |
| 6  | d | 7  | b | 8  | c | 9  | b | 10 | a |
| 11 | d | 12 | d | 13 | a | 14 | b | 15 | b |
| 16 | a | 17 | d | 18 | c | 19 | d | 20 | d |
| 21 | a | 22 | a | 23 | d | 24 | a | 25 | b |

### SHORT QUESTION ANSWERS

Q2. Give Short Answers:

Q1. Define the terms of "Violence" and "Violence against Women (VAW)".

Ans. Violence:

Violence, according to the World Health Organization, is defined as the "intentional use of physical force or power

which either results in or may result in some injury, death, psychological harm or deprivation."

Violence against Women:

Violence Against Women (VAW) is a form of gender based violence. It has adverse effects on women's physical, mental and



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reproductive health.

**Q2. What is wrong with the argument that Violence against Women is the fault of the victim?**

**Ans.** Some people argue that violence occurs because of the way women dress up, their marital status, their way of living, their mindset etc. This argument is incorrect because it puts blame on the victim rather than the offender. It is important to realize that violence is only the offenders fault and not the victims. Violence is usually perpetrated because alternate ways of dispute resolution are not readily available. As a result, it is important to provide avenues of dispute resolution such as mediation so as to reduce and prevent incidents of violence.

**Q3. Who are the victims and offenders of Violence Against Women?**

**Ans. Victims and Offenders:**

In victims of violence against women include rural, urban, rich, poor, religious and women believing in different faiths.

Similarly, the offenders do not belong to a particular group. Rather these offenders

also include rich, poor, religious, secular, educated and uneducated people. The offenders are the people whom the victim know personally or they are strange people as well.

Similarly sometimes, a woman fell victim of violence by a woman.

**Q4. What are the offences under "Punjab Protection of Women Against Violence Act 2016?"**

**Ans.** This Act provides justice to the victims of violence by securing them from different crimes.

**The Crimes under this Act:**

The crimes under Protection of Women Against Violence Act 2016 include:

- Ill-treatment at homes
- Emotional and Psychological harassment
- Economic Crisis
- Stalking
- Cyber Crimes

## ADDITIONAL SHORT QUESTION ANSWERS

**Q5. What is meant by violence against women according to United Nation?**

**Ans.** According to the United Nations, Violence Against Woman (VAW) is "any act of gender based violence that results in, or is likely to result in, physical, sexual or mental harm or suffering to women, including threats of such acts, coercion or arbitrary deprivation of liberty, whether occurring in public or in private life."

**Q6. In Pakistan women are exposed to which form of violence?**

**Ans.** They are exposed to various forms of violence like murder, molestation, acid attacks, domestic violence and dowry-related violence (by in-laws in case a woman does not bring dowry as per their satisfaction). Violence occurs not just in physical form, but also in other forms like emotional and

financial abuse.

**Q7. Write down the reasons of Violence Against Women. (Board 2018)**

**Ans. Causes of Violence Against Women:**

- The society has usually accepted violence against women as a common phenomena.
- The punishments given to the criminals are not implemented.
- There is gender discrimination in the society.
- Moreover, the common cause of violence against women is ignorance of the rights of the women given by Islam.

**Q8. What is wrong with the argument that violence against women occurs because of their role in the Public sphere.**

**Ans.** In our society, the public sphere is usually unsafe for women. As a result, women are forbidden or discouraged from stepping out into public places. This



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perception is incorrect because violence against women can occur both inside their houses as well as outside. Moreover, everyone has an equal right to access public spheres. Instead of restricting women from public places, emphasis should be placed on making all public spheres available and secure for women.

**Q9. Write down two names of Pakistani Women who works for the rights of women.**

(Board 2018)

**Ans. Names of the Women:**

The names are as under:

- i) Mohtarfa Fatima Jinah
- ii) Begum Rana Liaquat Ali Khan

**Q10. Role of Begum Rana Liaquat Ali Khan for the welfare of Womens.**

**Ans.** Begum Rana Liaquat Ali Khan (wife of the first Prime Minister of Pakistan) was also influential in garnering support for women's rights. She founded the All Pakistan Women's Association (APWA) in 1949 in an attempt to raise the moral, social and economic wellbeing of all Pakistani women.

**Q11. With reference to Quranic verses, is the status of Women and Men equal?**

**Ans.** The following Quranic verses interprets the status of woman:

"We do not waste the action of any doer, whether man and woman." (Al-Imran-195)  
"Any person who does good deeds, whether man or woman, and will be a Momin, we shall provide pious and prosperous life (of this world) and shall give them very good reward of his actions on the day of judgment." (Al-Nahl:97)

**Q12. Show the importance of Women in the light of event of Hazrat Hajra.**

**Ans. Events of Hazrat Hajra:**

The incident of Hazrat Hajra (A.S) is a prominent example depicting the status of women in front of Allah. Her act of running between Mount Safa and Mount Marwa to ask for Allah's help to provide food and water for her baby, Hazrat Ismail (A.S) pleased Allah so much that He immortalized it by declaring running between Mount Safa

and Marwa as one of the essential components of Hajj and Umrah. All Muslim men and women are required to perform this act in order complete their Hajj and Umrah.

**Q13. How Hazrat Khadija (R.A) was the most successful trader?/ Write down the introduction of Hazrat Khadija (R.A) the First Wife of Holy Prophet Hazrat Muhammad (S.A.W). (Board 2018)**

**Ans. Hazrat Khadija (R.A), the most successful trader:**

The first wife of the Holy Prophet (S.A.W) Hazrat Khadija (R.A) was a wealthy and distinguished lady of Arabia. She (R.A) had a trade centre in Makkah. She used to look after the centre herself. She used to trade to the markets of far off countries like Syria. She hired paid merchants. They used to take commercial goods outside the city and bought their commercial goods and sold it in Makkah. We can judge the success of business of Hazrat Khadija (R.A) by the enormous size of her caravan which of all the caravans of Quraish that used to go to the Syria during summers and to Yemen during winter.

**Q14. Write down any two measures taken by Government of Punjab for the eradication of Violence against Women.**

(Board 2018)

**Ans. Measures by Government of Punjab:**

- i. In 2015, the Provincial Assembly of Punjab passed the Punjab Marriage Restraint Amendment Act, which raised the penalties for contracting a child marriage.
- ii. To provide protection to women, the Punjab Government passed the Punjab Protection of Women Against Violence Act on 24<sup>th</sup> February 2016. It provides justice, protection and relief to all women who have been subjected to violence.

**Q15. Which type of facilities is available in Violence against Women centers (VAWCs) of district level?**

**Ans. Facilities available in Anti Violence Centres:**

- i. Women who are victims of violence shall have an access to Police.



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- ii. The dependents of the victims of violence shall be provided medical, legal and psychological help.
- iii. If they face any difficulty in the centre, they can contact the Rescue teams.
- iv. The Rescue Teams shall be headed by
  - a) (DWPOS) District Women Protection Officer

- b) (DWPC) District Women Protection Committee, which can visit any place in order to protect Women from violence