

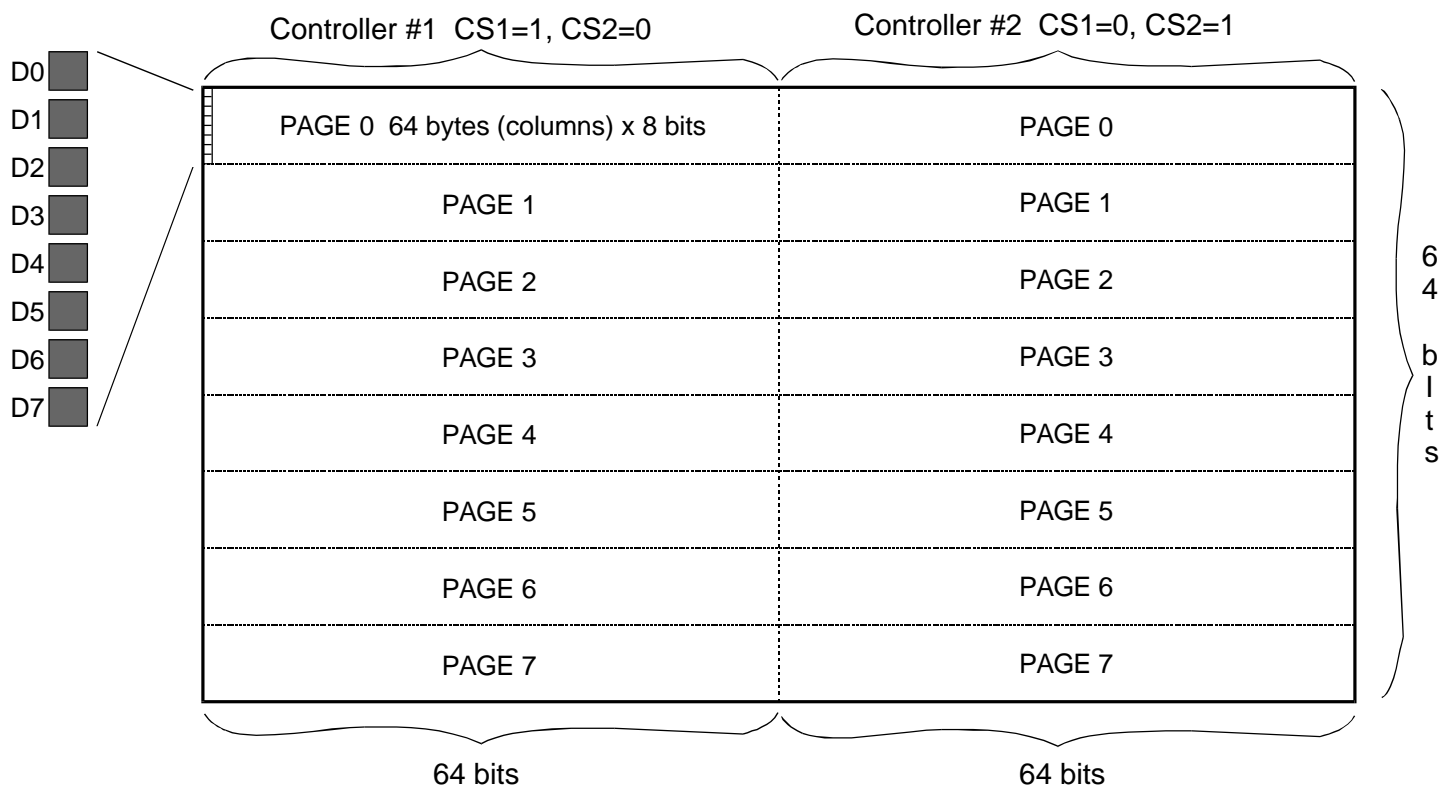
Interfacing a LCD 128x64 Graphic Module to an 8-bit Microcontroller

Introduction:

Due to its thin profile, light weight, low power consumption and easy handling, liquid crystal graphic display modules are used in a wide variety of applications. This note details a simple interface technique between a display graphic and a micro-controller. The display has a built-in Hitachi HD61202, or Samsung KS107, controller which performs all of the refreshing and data storage tasks of the LCD display. This note applies to any display using these controllers. The driving micro-controller is the popular 87C751.

The display is split logically in half. It contains two controllers with controller #1 (Chip select 1) controlling the left half of the display and controller #2 (Chip select 2) controlling the right half. Each controller must be addressed independently.

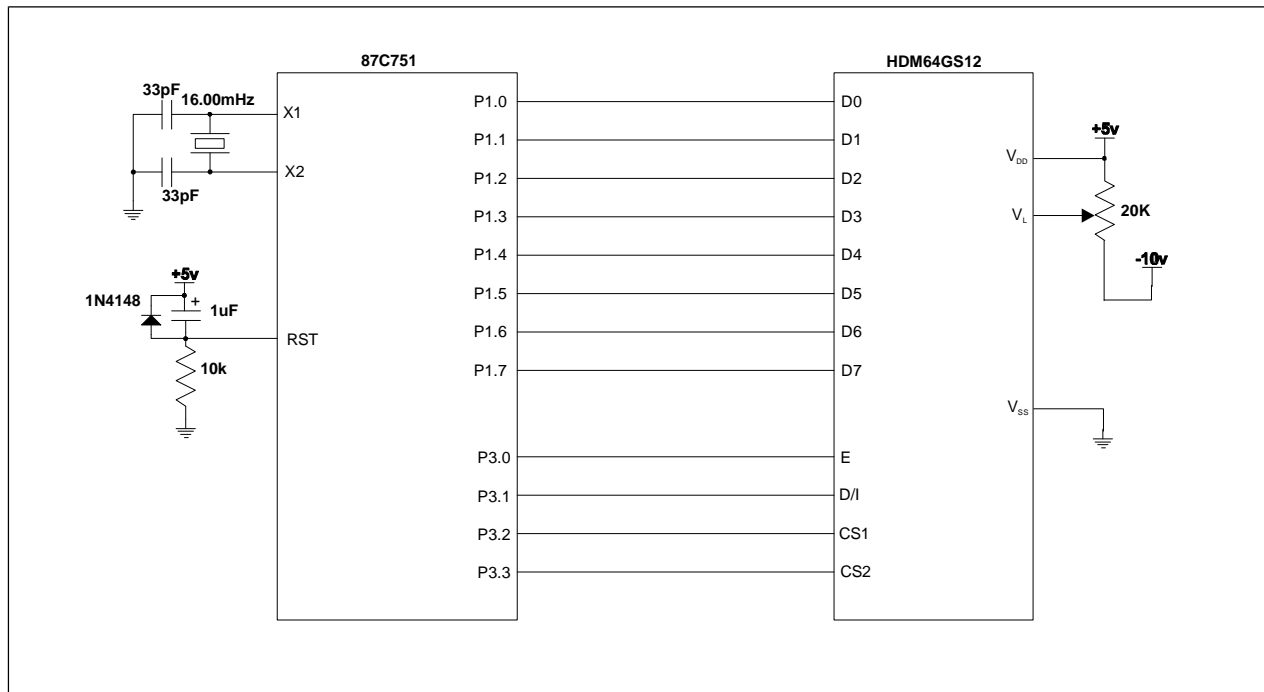
The page addresses, 0-7, specify one of the 8 horizontal pages which are 8 bits (1 byte) high. A drawing of the display and how it is mapped to the refresh memory is shown below.



The schematic on page two is a simple circuit to illustrate one possible interface scheme. This is the circuit that the code example will work with directly.

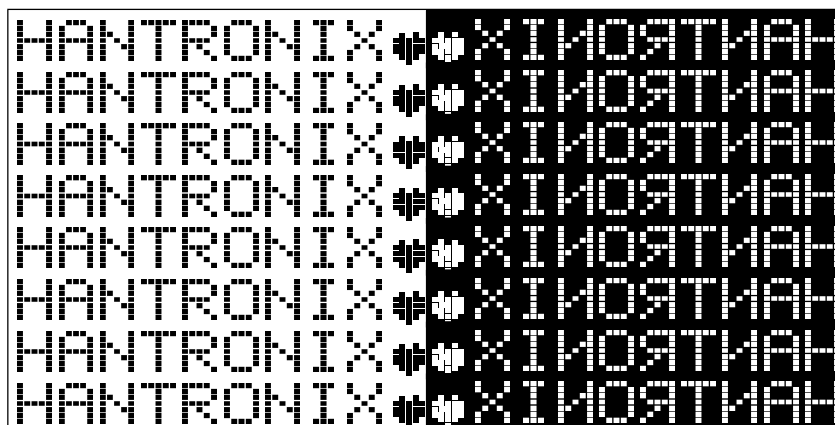
Application Note

Schematic Diagram:



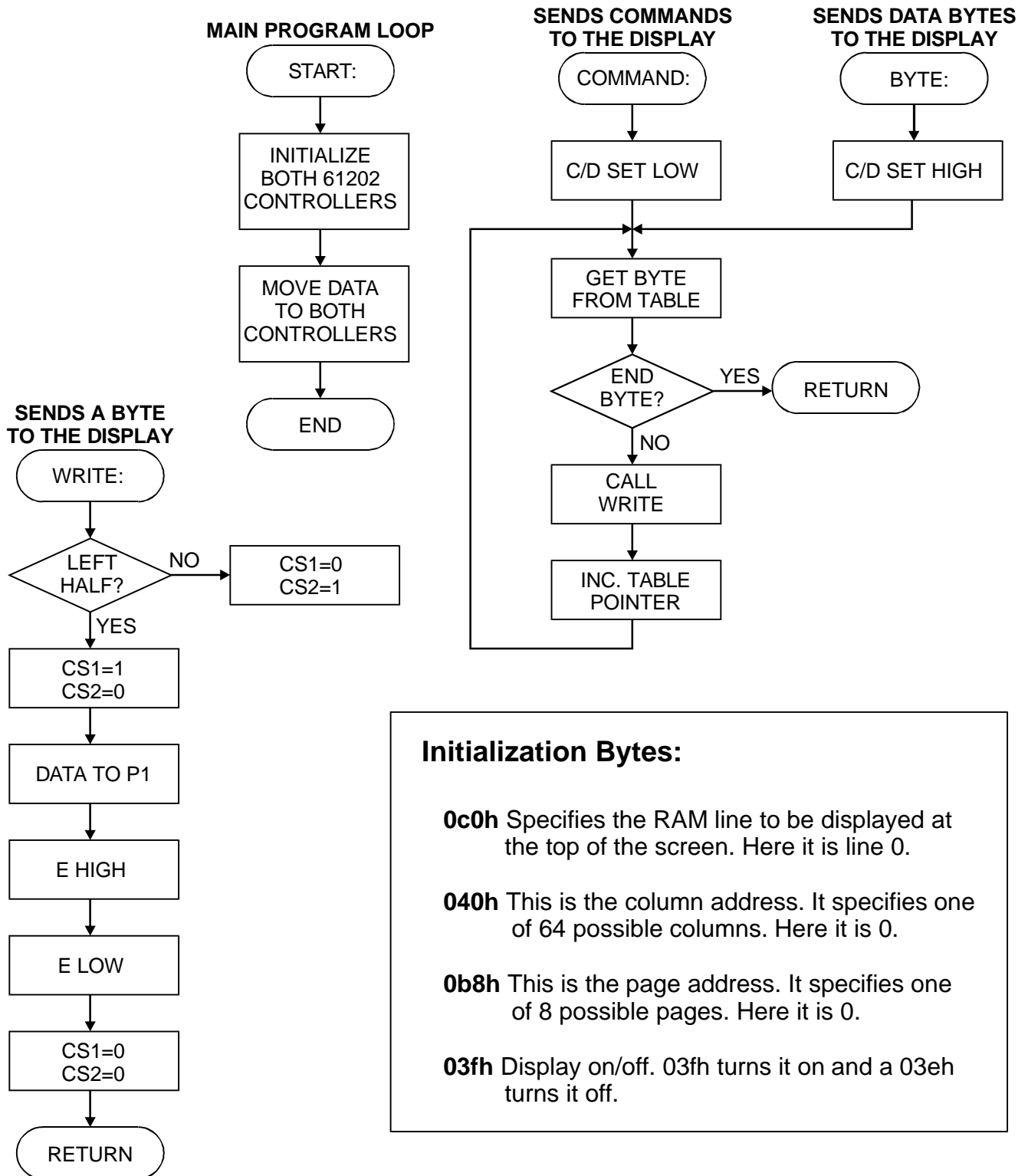
The following software is in 8051 assembly language and will run as-is on the hardware shown above. The busy status flag is not tested in this software. It is usually not necessary to do so when the display module is connected to the processor via I/O lines. When the module is connected to the processor's data bus and mapped into its memory area the status should be tested to guarantee reliable service.

Displayed Pattern:



Application Note

Software Flowchart:



Application Note

Software Source Code:

\$MOD751

```
; *****
; *
; *      HD61202 Application Note V1.0      *
; *
; *****
```

```
; The processor clock speed is 16MHz.
; Cycle time is .750ms.
; HD61202 demo software to display
; the Hantronix logo on a 128 x 64 LCD.
```

```
org    00h
ljmp   start
```

```
org    100h
```

```
; Initialize the 64gs12
```

```
Start:
```

```
mov     p3,#00
mov     r0,#00h      ;set 64gs12 left
mov     dptr,#msg11  ;initialization bytes
lcall   command
mov     r0,#01h      ;set 64gs12 right
mov     dptr,#msg11  ;initialization bytes
lcall   command
```

```
; Display pattern
```

```
mov     r4,#0b8h      ;page command
mov     r5,#08h;      ;page count
```

```
Loop1:
```

```
mov     r0,#00h      ;set 64gs12 left
mov     dptr,#msg11
lcall   byte
clr     p3.1          ;set command
inc     r4             ;bump page add
mov     a,r4
mov     r1,a
lcall   write
djnz    r5,loop1      ;repeat 8 times
mov     r4,#0b8h      ;page add. Command
mov     r5,#8h        ;page count
```

```
Loop2:
```

```
mov     r0,#01h      ;set 64gs12 right
mov     dptr,#msg1r
lcall   byte
clr     p3.1          ;set command
inc     r4             ;bump page add
mov     a,r4
mov     r1,a
lcall   write
djnz    r5,loop2      ;repeat 8 times
sjmp    $             ;end
```

```
; *****
; SUBROUTINES
```

```
; COMMAND sends the byte pointed to by
; the DPTR to the graphics module
; as a series of commands.
```

```
Command:
```

```
clr     p3.1          ;set command
```

```
Command2:
```

```
clr     a
movc    a,@dptr        ;get byte
cjne    a,#099h,command1 ;done?
Ret
```

```
Command1:
```

```
mov     r1,a
lcall   write          ;send it
inc     dptr
sjmp    command2
```

```
; BYTE sends the byte pointed to by
; the DPTR to the graphics module
; as a series of data bytes.
```

```
Byte:
```

```
setb    p3.1          ;set data
sjmp    command2
```

```
; WRITE sends the byte in R1 to the
; display.
```

```
Write:
```

```
mov     a,r0           ;CS the display
jnz     writel          ;right half
setb    p3.2           ;left half
```

```
Write2:
```

```
mov     p1,r1          ;get data
setb    p3.0           ;strobe it
Nop
clr     p3.0
clr     p3.2           ;de-select module
clr     p3.3
Ret
```

```
Writel:
```

```
setb    p3.3
sjmp    write2
```

Application Note

```
;*****
; TABLES AND DATA

; Initialization bytes
Msg11:
    db      0c0h,40h,0b8h,3fh,99h

; "Hantronix", left half

Msg11:
    db      0,0feh,10h,10h,10h,0feh,0      ;H
    db      0fch,12h,12h,12h,0fch,0        ;A
    db      0feh,08h,10h,20h,0feh,0        ;N
    db      02h,02h,0feh,02h,02h,0        ;T
    db      0feh,12h,32h,52h,8ch,0         ;R
    db      7ch,82h,82h,82h,7ch,0         ;O
    db      0feh,08h,10h,20h,0feh,0        ;N
    db      0,0,82h,0feh,82h,0            ;I
    db      0,0c6h,28h,10h,28h,0c6h,0      ;X
    db      0,38h,7ch,0f8h,7ch,38h,0      ;heart
    db      0,99h

; "Hantronix", right half (reverse video)

Msg1r:
    db      0ffh,0c7h,83h,07h,83h,0c7h,0ffh ;heart
    db      0ffh,39h,0d7h,0efh,0d7h,39h,0ffh ;X
    db      0ffh,0ffh,7dh,01h,7dh,0ffh      ;I
    db      01h,0dfh,0efh,0f7h,01h,0ffh     ;N
    db      83h,7dh,7dh,7dh,83h,0ffh       ;O
    db      073h,0adh,0cdh,0edh,01h,0ffh    ;R
    db      0fdh,0fdh,01h,0fdh,0fdh,0ffh    ;T
    db      01h,0dfh,0efh,0f7h,01h,0ffh     ;N
    db      03h,0edh,0edh,0edh,03h,0ffh     ;A
    db      0ffh,01h,0efh,0efh,0efh,01h,0ffh ;H
    db      0ffh,99h

end
```