Bank Consumer Complaint Classification

A Natural Language Processing (NLP) Capstone Project

Authors: Phase5_Group6: Mary Musyoka, Julian Kilyungi, Tabitha Kariuki, John Kul, Norah Oluoch and Joseph Ngige.

November 2024

Executive Summary

Project Goal: Use NLP to simplify and accelerate customer complaint classification, reducing submission time and complexity with an intuitive interface.

Model Selection: BERT chosen after evaluating models like Multinomial Naive Bayes, SVM, Logistic Regression, Random Forest, and ExtraTrees. BERT achieved a *Macro F1-score of 0.85*, *Weighted F1-score of 0.89*, and 89% accuracy, providing balanced and reliable classifications.

Deployment: Deployed on Hugging Face with a Streamlit interface, allowing customers to input complaints. Classified results are sent via Africastalking's SMS API to both customers and relevant support teams for quick response.

Future Improvements: Implement feedback loops for retraining, optimize complaint-specific categories, and expand notification channels to enhance accuracy and adaptability.

Outline

- Project Overview
- Business Understanding
- Data Understanding & Preparation
- Modeling & Evaluation
- Deployment & Application
- Conclusion & Recommendations

Project Overview

Goal: Simplify and streamline customer complaint classification using NLP to minimize survey questions and enhance the submission process.

Objectives:

- 1. Train an NLP model for accurate complaint categorization.
- 2. Reduce complaint logging time and improve user experience.
- 3. Enhance bank responsiveness with faster, precise complaint handling.

Approach: *Data preparation*: handling missing values, duplicates, and applying TF-IDF and scaling; *Model training*: Multinomial Naive Bayes, SVM, Logistic Regression, Random Forest, ExtraTrees, and BERT; BERT with **Macro F1-score**: **0.85**, **Weighted F1-score**: **0.89**, **Accuracy**: **89%** selected.

Deployment and Application: Deployed on Hugging Face with a Streamlit interface; Complaints are classified in real-time and routed via SMS to the appropriate support team and the customer.

Business Understanding

• Problem Statement:

Financial institution customers face frustration due to complex complaint submission processes, including redundant chatbot questions and lengthy navigation. A streamlined system is needed to reduce steps and improve efficiency.

Root Causes:

- Complex navigation and cumbersome menus.
- o Inefficient chatbots with redundant questions.
- Lack of personalized pathways for different complaint types.
- Limited use of data to streamline the process, leading to repetitive requests.

• Key Stakeholders:

- Customers: Need a quick, simple way to submit complaints.
- Customer Support Teams: Require efficient categorization tools to resolve issues promptly.

Dataset Source: Consumer Complaints Dataset from the US Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB), sourced from <u>Kaggle</u>.

Complaint Categories:

- 1. Credit Reporting
- 2. Debt Collection
- 3. Mortgages and Loans
- 4. Credit Cards
- 5. Retail Banking

Key Details:

- ~162,400 records with varying narrative lengths.
- Imbalanced data: 56% of complaints focus on credit reporting, requiring tailored strategies for balanced classification.

Exploration Highlights:

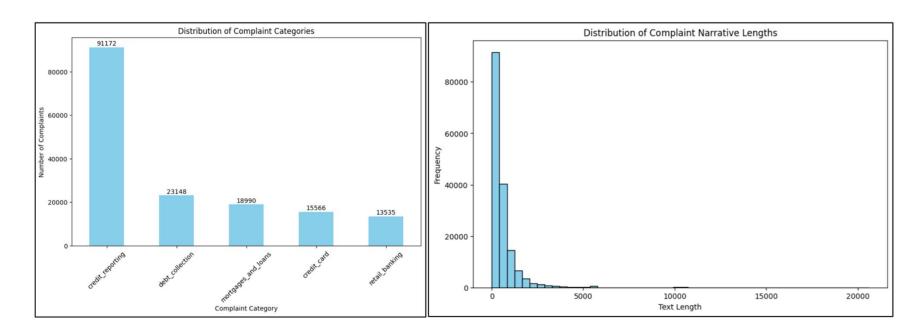
- Removed unnecessary columns and handled missing values.
- Retained 37,735 duplicate entries due to their positive impact on model performance.
- Addressed class imbalance (notably in the credit reporting category) through stratified splits and SMOTE.
- Text length analysis revealed a right-skewed distribution, with most narratives under 1,000 characters.

Preprocessing Steps:

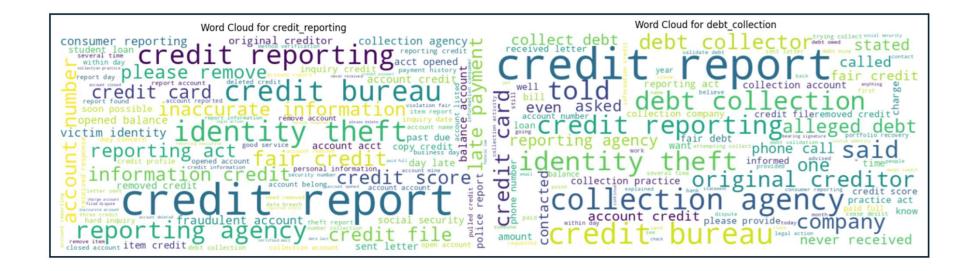
- Standardized text (lowercasing, removing special characters, handling whitespace).
- Tokenization, stop word removal, and lemmatization to clean and normalize text.

Data Transformation:

- Applied TF-IDF for weighted feature representation.
- Used MinMax scaling for feature standardization.
- Created balanced and optimized train-test datasets for modeling.



Left: The distribution of Complaint Categories shows a class imbalance, with the credit_reporting category significantly more represented than others. **Right:** The histogram indicates a right-skewed distribution, with most narratives having fewer than 1,000 characters.



Word cloud highlighting specific terms associated with common issues for each product. Shows that customer complaints are centered around distinct themes based on the product type.

Modeling & Evaluation

Baseline Models Trained: Multinomial Naïve Bayes, SVM, Logistic Regression, and Random Forest.

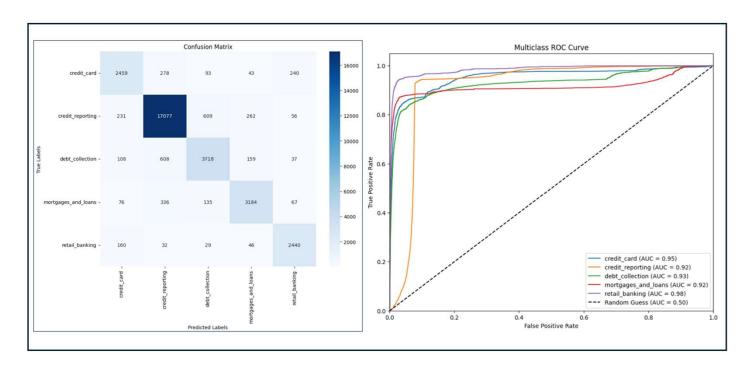
Evaluation Metrics: Focused on **Macro F1-score** (equal weighting across classes) and **Weighted F1-score** (accounts for class imbalance).

Model Improvement:

- Tuned Random Forest for better performance.
- Applied SMOTE to balance data and trained Random Forest and ExtraTrees models.
- Explored **BERT**, which excelled due to its deep language understanding, achieving balanced and robust classification.

Final Selection: **BERT** chosen for deployment for its strong performance and suitability for NLP tasks.

Modeling & Evaluation



Left: The BERT confusion matrix reflects good differentiation across categories, with relatively few off-diagonal errors. **Right:** The AUC-ROC curve for the BERT model demonstrates high discriminative power across all complaint categories, with AUC values ranging from 0.92 to 0.98.

Deployment & Application

Approach:

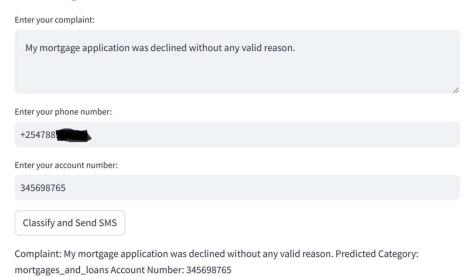
- **User-Friendly Interface**: Built with Streamlit, allowing customers to submit complaints along with their phone and account details.
- Model Integration: BERT classifies complaints in real-time based on input data.
- Automated Notifications: Integrated with Africastalking's SMS API to notify both the support team and the customer of complaint details. SMS was chosen over email for faster delivery.
- Deployment: Deployed on Hugging Face for easy access via a <u>link</u>.
- Future Enhancements: Implement a feedback loop to retrain the model and improve adaptability.

Challenges:

- SMS notifications are limited to Airtel and Telkom due to restrictions on Safaricom.
- Email notifications were slower and replaced with SMS.

Deployment & Application

Complaint Classifier



Snapshot of the system user interface that includes only three fields for complaint, phone number and account number.

Conclusion & Recommendations

Model: BERT chosen for its strong NLP capabilities, achieving a Macro F1-score of 0.85 and Weighted F1-score of 0.89, ensuring reliable and accurate complaint classification.

Deployment: Model integrated with Streamlit and deployed on Hugging Face, providing a seamless complaint submission experience with automated SMS notifications for quick resolution.

Insights and Impact: Streamlined complaint submission process, reduced customer friction, and improved response times by categorizing complaints and routing them to appropriate support teams efficiently.

Limitations and Future Work:

- Accuracy varies across complaint types; further tuning and data augmentation are needed.
- SMS notifications are currently limited to Airtel and Telkom networks.
- Recommendations include implementing a feedback loop for retraining, expanding notification channels, and optimizing model performance for specific categories.

Questions?

DSF-PT7 Phase 5_Group 6 Members Contact:

Mary Musyoka: mary.musyoka@student.moringaschool.com

Julian Kilyungi: julian.kilyungi@student.moringaschool.com

Tabitha Kariuki: tabitha.kariuki1@student.moringaschool.com

John Kul: john.kul@student.moringaschool.com

Norah Oluoch: norah.oluoch@student.moringaschool.com

Joseph Ngige: joseph.ngige@student.moringaschool.com

Thank you.