## UNIT-6. UNION JUDICIARY.

\* union Judiciary: Law & order - Resolve the problem. -) under part I. - Levels; Supreme court - ) Apex level - New Delhi (central) High court - state District court - For pistrict ) levels all are for these 3. criminal duil Revenue

## 1 supreme court;

-> Establishment :- 26 Tran, 1950. 28th, stiting for a first case. -) Located - Delhi. [Initially 1774, calcutta]

contrain the constitution

- ) qualifications;

  - -> 10 years as High court judge
- -) Tenure -
  - -) until he attain . 65 years hold office.

- -) He can resign .- ) by 'president'.
- -) Impeachment parliament assent

Powers / Functions: -) original Juridiction: - Dispute Hw states Dispute blu state & union -) Appeallate: constitutional issues, criminal, civil cases which are failed by 19th court Coissatisfaction. -) supervisory + supervisory on High court -) court of Record :- Euidences. - writs : writs are written petitions directly filed in supreme court 1 High court is Judge in œualifications + -) citizen of India -) Experience of loyrs as an Advocate in High coul office within the territory of India for 10 years -) upto 62 years \*\* -) He can resign - president Impeachment - parliament Assert, Misconduct Powers + original juridiction; -) oispute within state. Appeallate + + Enforcement of Fundamental Rights. Criminal & civil cases Coissatisfaction].

Aduisory superisory ;

-) supervisory on local courts.

-) showing & Keeping Buildences.

writs + [ For Both superne & High court].

- -) written petitions directly file a case in either s.c/Hc.
- -) Types;
- 1) Habeas corpus: To show the body of."
  - Then a person was arrested without proper documents/custody.
  - Transity members/ Friends/ Relatives can file a case to show him.
- R) Mandamus;
  - means mandatory
  - on filing a case on popular man.